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TT.

^{oc}
WALKER'S
PRONOUNCING DICTIONARY,
IN WHICH
THE ACCENTUATION, ORTHOGRAPHY,
AND
PRONUNCIATION
OF
THE ENGLISH LANGUAGE

IS DISTINCTLY SHOWN

ACCORDING TO THE PRESENT PRACTICE OF THE
MOST EMINENT LEXICOGRAPHERS.

^{oc}
BY WILLIAM ENFIELD, M.A.
AUTHOR OF "THE ELEMENTS OF NATURAL PHILOSOPHY,"
ETC. ETC.

NEW EDITION,

TO WHICH IS SUBJOINED

A CHRONOLOGICAL TABLE OF REMARKABLE EVENTS,
AND DIRECTIONS FOR ADDRESSING PERSONS OF RANK,
BY LETTER OR IN CONVERSATION.

LONDON:
G. ROUTLEDGE & CO., FARRINGDON STREET.

1853.

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PREFACE.

— Sermonum stet honores et gratia vivax.
Hor. Art. Poet.

The faculty of speech, or the power of expressing thoughts and of notifying the conceptions of the mind, by the vibrations of appropriate tones addressed to the ear, is at the ornament and exclusive prerogative of Man: it is a faculty which, originating out of the privilege of reason, and which, in him much above the brute creation, generates the bonds of society, and produces all those amiable charities of human life which constitute its principal delight and interest. Therefore, in proportion as man cultivates this high and exalted power, his intercourse with others becomes more dignified, and his means of attaining knowledge for himself, much extended.

Impressed with a conviction of this truth, men have at all times paid attention to this pre-eminent gift of our species, and cultivated the Art of Speaking not only as an ornamental, but as a useful accomplishment. Grammarians existed coeval with the best writers, and Philology has been the object of study of the cleverest men in all ages. The Athenians, for instance, were so strenuously bent upon the improvement of the pronunciation of their vernacular tongue, that at the least expression dropped from the lips of any Greek, who was not an Athenian, they would discover him; and the very flower-girls and market-women, of the city of Minerva, smiled at the improper dialect of any man, who did not address them in the elegant style of Attic nicety. The Romans paid the same respect to their tongue. and a Varro, a Cicero, a Quintillian, and

several others, whose genius could soar far above the mere calculations of letters, and the irksome comparison of sounds, did not disdain to bestow a great deal of their time and knowledge upon this branch of orthology. In our own country, in particular, so many eminent philologists have gone before us in this path, that little remains for the Editor of a Pronouncing Dictionary of the English Language, but to familiarize the mind with a knowledge already extant, with principles thoroughly established, and to endeavour, by a more lucid arrangement of materials, to smoothe the road to the attainable perfection of the science.

Although, at first sight, such a task might be supposed humble, trite, and easy, yet the Editor, by the constant pains he has taken to bring the work to perfection, and the almost interminable difficulties which he met in his way, is well aware that such a performance requires the strictest attention, and the most indefatigable care; and nothing but the success, which his exertions ensured to him, could repay him for the trouble he has taken. As he cannot here boast of originality in his conceptions, he must build his fame upon strictness and exactitude, and sit down content with the conscience of having facilitated the acquisition of a branch of knowledge, worthy of the attention of all classes of society.

The first impression of this work consisted of seven thousand in number—it was sold off in a few months. A second edition was soon prepared, to the number of ten thousand, and has experienced as rapid a sale as the former; and this new one, we feel no hesitation to say, will have the same success: such is the unbounded approbation which the public has given to this useful publication. Besides, the very flattering testimonies, hereunto annexed, of some of our best Critics, have stimulated our exertions to render this new edition still more worthy of public patronage. The singular nature of the accents.

recting to the best approved pronunciation, requiring the most minute attention in every department, has been scrupulously attended to, and its progress through the press has been proportionably regarded.

Every sheet has been critically examined before it was committed to the press, and minutely corrected before its completion. From local circumstances we have been peculiarly enabled to distinguish with precision the southern from the northern expression of the vowels; and the whole has been reduced to the best standard of our language. In this edition we have introduced the apostrophe, where two syllables at the end of words are usually contracted in pronunciation into one, and the pronouncing characters have been equally attended to; and in all those contracted syllables where the common accent, which has been strictly regarded, coincides with the apostrophe, the latter is omitted. Several pages of additional words are introduced in their proper places, precisely defined and marked; a very few anomalous cases excepted, which bid defiance to all general rules, where the nearest approved sounds are sacrificed. With these advantages, we feel confident that our efforts will be properly appreciated.

To this edition are annexed some thoughts on the British empire and constitution, with a list of cities, boroughs, and market towns, and their distances from the respective extremities of London, and some other useful matters; and to the whole are prefixed a concise table of words of similar sound, and of the usual abbreviations occurring in printed books of this nature.

TESTIMONIES

Of Periodical and Critical Publications.

"The obscure sound of the five vowels we consider as a very str improvement. Of this he gives specimens in all the vowels, though it alike in them all; and it may be understood to constitute a new clas of a general principle, hitherto but little adverted to by writers on the of our vernacular tongue. The mode of stating the two sounds of though of Saxon origin, is both ingenious and useful. On the whole, tionary may be justly recommended to all persons desirous of ac knowledge of the principles necessary to form a correct and approved ciation."

Gent. Mag, July

"In a very modest preface, Mr. Enfield observes, 'that the edito a work as this has little to do, but to familiarize the mind to knowledg extant, and to endeavour, by a lucid arrangement of the materials of decessors, to smoothe the path of scieace.' Humble as such pretens the task is one which requires the exercise both of considerable j and of great industry; and it is but common justice to say, that Mr has displayed both in the compilation and arrangement of the useful lume before us."

Anti-Jacobin Review, Aug

"To express by letters the nice distinction between sounds is no e but in the work before us, the author has taken no small pains in cor His scheme of the vowels makes them comprehend twenty-two sou that of the consonants represents their powers to be numerous. We the most part pleased with his mode of pronunciation."

Monthly Rev. Feb

RECOMMENDATIONS.

THIS little Dictionary, which is unequalled for its neatness and has been already adopted by many in t respectable Masters of Se for the Instruction of Youth: and it is with pleasure we add, that its ledged merits have introduced it into various Schools of established re throughout the United Kingdoms. We shall just add the Names of the many Gentlemen, who, apprised of its real value, will, by this mendation, feel happy in promoting its utility amongst the rising gene

The Reverend WILLIAM BURNEY, L.L.D.

Cold Harbour, Gosport.

The Reverend JOHN EVANS, L.L.D.

Pullin's Row, Islington

The Reverend Mr. CUMYNS, Gosport.

Mr. T. ESPIN, Louth Lincolnshire.

Mr. LEVETT, Colchester, Essex.

Mr. OVERETT, Romford, Essex.

Mr. STORR, Grantham, Lincolnshire.

PROSODIAL RULES AND INSTITUTES.

Y consists of two parts: the one teaches the true pronunciation of and the other the laws of versification.

PRONUNCIATION

every letter has its proper sound, and when every syllable has its at.

iples of pronunciation are letters; and the elements or letters into ords of any language may be analysed, form the necessary alphabet uage

English alphabet are twenty-six letters.

b c d e f g h i j k l m n o p q r s t u v w x y z.
etters there are six vowels, which, by themselves, each make, by ing the mouth, a perfect sound. The remaining twenty are called which cannot be sounded without a vowel, and whose pronuncia- s on the particular application and use of every part of the mouth, the lips, the palate, &c.

1 sounds of the English vowels are exhibited in the following scheme:

SCHEME OF THE VOWELS.

A

Nature of Sound.

Examples.

• • • short and acute • • • • •	yt, hăt
• • • long • • • • •	ăle, hâte
• • • broad • • • • •	ăll, hăll
• • • short and obscure • • • • •	liăr, sluggărd

E

• • • short and acute • • • • •	măt, băt
• • • less acute and short • • • • •	dévout, désist
• • • longer than ē • • • • •	scène, mê
• • • short and obscure • • • • •	hér, glimmér

I

• • • short and acute • • • • •	chŷn, gŷve
• • • long • • • • •	chine, wine
• • • slender, equal to ē • • • • •	field, fief
• • • short and obscure • • • • •	first, shirt

O

• • • short and acute • • • • •	shăt, hăt
• • • grave and long • • • • •	vôte, nôte
• • • equal to ū protracted • • • • •	lôse, prôve
• • • short and obscure • • • • •	actôr, majôe

U

• • • short and acute • • • • •	hăt, băt
• • • long • • • • •	păsh, băt
• • • equal to yū • • • • •	mâte, càbe
• • • short and obscure • • • • •	făr, purl

Y

• • • short • • • • •	truly, treaty
• • • long • • • • •	try, rŷe

OI or OY	
Marked	Examples.
öy	böyl, pöynt
öy	böy, jöy
OU or OW	
öu	öut, pöuch
öw	öwl, böwl

W	
Marked	Examples
w	wé, wö
WH	
hw	wharf, whig
h	whö, whole

~~~~~

*Observations on the foregoing Scheme.*

THE reader will notice that the *a* marked short, thus ä, has its utterance lengthened by having the accent placed immediately after it—as in shk'rp, bät' ä'ss, &c. the ä is sensibly longer than in ksh', hüt', glüt', &c. where the accent follows the consonant. The same holds with respect to short ö. This distinction should be particularly noted by the consultor of this work.

In sounding i open your mouth as wide as if you were going to pronounce the broad, obscure, and guttural ä', and meant to sound that vowel; but o the first effort of the voice for that purpose, check its progress by a sudden motion of the under jaw towards the upper, stopping it in that situation: which the slender sound i is formed, and then instantly cutting off all sound. Thus as the sound of ä' is not completed, nor the sound of i continued, the result is from the union of the two a third sound or diphthong which has no resemblance to either, and yet is a compound of both. *Sheridan.*

To form the diphthong ö' or öy', it is necessary to pronounce the full sound of ä', dwelling some time on that vowel before the sound is intercepted by the motion of the under jaw to the position of forming the slender sound i, and then the voice is instantly to cease.—This diphthong ö' or öy', differs from the ö i only in this, that the first vowel ä' is distinctly heard before it unites with the latter vowel i. *Sheridan.*

To produce the diphthong öu' or öw', it is necessary that there should be the greatest aperture of the mouth, as if it were about to form the sound ä'; but before that sound is completed, the organs are to change to the position of pronouncing ö (or ü), by a rapid motion of the under jaw towards the upper, and protruding the lips in the form of sounding ö (or ü), at the same time stopping the voice short; and thus, as in the diphthong öy, by having neither the sound of the former or latter letter completed, there arises, from the coalescence of the two a third sound different from both, which is the diphthong ou' or ow'. *Sheridan.* Here again the absence of the accent shortens the sound a little.

Wh sounds hō or hū before *a, e, i, u, y.*

Wh sounds only like aspirated h before *o* and *oo.*

When a letter is to be silent, the same is left out in the representation of its sounds to be given to each syllable; the silent *e* only is often characterised by being an Italic *e* at the end of a syllable, instead of being a Roman *e*. Iest, whe that silent *e* serves to prolong the syllable, the absence of this final *e* should deceive the eye.

Oftentimes *y* without any mark over it, because its sound gently slides into that of the next vowel, will be found in this dictionary, as in *Sheridan's quart*. From this it will be inferred, that this *y* does not form of itself a syllable: *ſ* instance in *grammariān*, marked grām-mā'ryān, one is given to understand that the sound of the word consists only of three syllables from the *ſ* being changed into a coalescing *y*.—There are, however, many words in which *t* actually forms a syllable of its own before another vowel, though that syllable be a very short one; and it will generally form such a syllable when the *ſ* preceded by *bl, cl, dl, &c.* or by *br, cr, dr, &c.*

in order to render this dictionary more useful to those, who only make occasional reference to works of this nature, as well as to assist the student, the coding scheme is exhibited at the top of each page, which will save the reader trouble and inconvenience of turning to this part of the book, and forms a which may be consulted with facility.

~~~~~  
SCHEME OF THE CONSONANTS.

	Marked.	Examples.
B . . .	. . . . . b . . . . .	. . . . . bét', stib'
C . . .	. . . . . k . . . . .	. . . . . cù're, cò'd
	. . . . . s . . . . .	. . . . . cit'vì
Ch . . .	. . . . . sh . . . . .	. . . . . grà'cious
	. . . . . tsh . . . . .	. . . . . chà't', chès
	. . . . . sh . . . . .	. . . . . chà'gr'n
D . . .	. . . . . k . . . . .	. . . . . chò'r'd
	. . . . . d . . . . .	. . . . . did'
F . . .	. . . . . f . . . . .	. . . . . fìt'
	. . . . . v . . . . .	. . . . . òf'e
G . . .	. . . . . g . . . . .	. . . . . gk'rh, gù'
	. . . . . dzh . . . . .	. . . . . gù'ntic, gès-tàre
Gh . . .	. . . . . f . . . . .	. . . . . là'ugh
	. . . . . g hard . . . . .	. . . . . ghò'st
H . . .	. . . . . h (an aspiration)	. . . . . hà't', hém
J . . .	. . . . . dah . . . . .	. . . . . jèt', jò'ke
K . . .	. . . . . k . . . . .	. . . . . kíng
L . . .	. . . . . l . . . . .	. . . . . lét', fèlt'
M . . .	. . . . . m . . . . .	. . . . . mý'
N . . .	. . . . . n . . . . .	. . . . . nòt'
P . . .	. . . . . p . . . . .	. . . . . páp', páp't'
Ph . . .	. . . . . f . . . . .	. . . . . phílos'ophý
Q . . .	. . . . . k . . . . .	. . . . . quà'r-rél
R . . .	. . . . . r . . . . .	. . . . . rà't', òr
S . . .	. . . . . s . . . . .	. . . . . sò', hýs'
	. . . . . z . . . . .	. . . . . rò'se, à'thè'ism
	. . . . . sh . . . . .	. . . . . sù're
Se . . .	. . . . . sh . . . . .	. . . . . fà'sion
	. . . . . before e & i, s . . . . .	. . . . . scé'ne, scí'ence
Sch . . .	. . . . . sk . . . . .	. . . . . scit'-tér, scéd'
	. . . . . before i, s . . . . .	. . . . . schism'
Sh . . .	. . . . . s, sh . . . . .	. . . . . schéd'ulé
	. . . . . e, sk . . . . .	. . . . . sché'me
	. . . . . sh . . . . .	. . . . . shíll', wísh

Though this will sometimes hold good, it has neither been frequently used these pages, nor do we think that a general use of this hard sound would be a modern English ear. At least it should certainly be received with caution. *Editor.*

This sound of *f* for *gh* is but sparingly used, and should be well attended to before it is admitted. In the word *dough*, for instance, we have the sound, viz. of *w*, and some other anomalous cases, perhaps, may be with. *Editor.*

There has been great diversity of opinion on the proper sound of *schism*. *schedule*, some contending that they ought to be pronounced as in this case, whilst others maintain that the third sound only should be admitted. *Walker* has enumerated them; and seems to conclude for resolving the *ed* into the first sound, though we have kept them distinct. *Editor.*

	Marked.	Examples.
Ss . . . {	. . . . . s	pr <u>es</u> '
	. . . . . sh	miss <u>i</u> on
St . . . {	before ion sht	qu <u>es</u> tion
	. . . . . t	th <u>is</u> , th <u>at</u>
T . . . {	. . . . . sh	ac <u>t</u> ion
	. . . . . s	ac <u>t</u> ivity
Th . . . {	. . . . . th aspirate	th <u>is</u> , br <u>ea</u> th
	. . . . . th vocal	th <u>en</u> , th <u>us</u>
V . . . {	. . . . . v	ex <u>er</u> cise
	. . . . . ks	ex <u>er</u> cise
X . . . {	. . . . . gs	ex <u>er</u> t, exist*
	initial . s	xe <u>n</u> ophon
Xt . . {	before ion kash	mix <u>t</u> ion
	. . . . . s	ra <u>z</u> or
Z . . . {	. . . . . sh	su <u>re</u>

B is silent before *t* or after *m*; as in *debt*, *dumb*.

C is silent before the sound of *k*, and in a few other instances
stock, *sack*, *muscle*.

Ch is sometimes silent, as in *yacht*.

D is sometimes silent, as in *handsome*.

At the end of a syllable in *ff*, one *f* is mute.

G is often silent before *m*, *n*, *h*, as in *phlegm*, *gnat*, *reign*, *sign*, *light*.

Gh is often silent before *t*, and at the end of words or syllables, as in
high, &c.

H is often silent when initial, and when between *g* mute and final *t*
honour, *sight*.

K is silent before *n*, in the same syllable, as in *knave*, *knot*.

L is silent before *n* and *m*, as in *balk*, *balm*.

N is silent after *m* in the same syllable, as in *hymn*, *condemn*.—Th
n, after *e* or *o* contracted, is uttered somewhat through the nose, so
sound becomes obscure, as in *heav'n*, *pers'n*, for *heaven*, *person*.

P is sometimes silent, as in *psalm*.

Ph is sometimes silent, as in *phthisic*.

On the ORGANIC FORMATION of the ENGLISH LANGUAGE

Extracted from Dr. Crombie's Etymology, &c. of the English Language

CONSONANTS are generally divided into mutes and semi-vowels: mutes are those, which entirely, and at once, obstruct the sound of the word and prevent its continuation. These are called perfect mutes. Those, who do not suddenly obstruct it, are called imperfect mutes.

Semi-vowels are those consonants which do not entirely obstruct the sound, but whose sounds may be continued at pleasure, thus partaking of the vowels.

The nature of these consonants I proceed briefly to explain.

A vowel sound may be continued at pleasure, or it may be terminated by discontinuing the vocal effort, in which case it is not articulated by a consonant, as in pronouncing the vowel *o*; or by changing the consonant

* Opinions vary about this sound of *x* in several words, some con- sider the softer sound of *ks*, whilst others, from a provincial partiality to *cases*, at least, espouse the harder sound of *gs*. Some of these have been retained in the present edition, whilst others have been retained; for we can only assign the general reason in our preface. *Etymology*.

, or relative position of the organs of speech, so that the vowel is determined by articulation, as in pronouncing the syllable *or*. It is to be also, that a vowel may be articulated, not only by being terminated abruptly, as in the example now given, but likewise by introducing the same position of the organs, by which it had, in the former case, been terminated, as in pronouncing the syllable *ro*.

In pronouncing the consonants, there are five distinguishable positions of the organs. The first is the application of the lips to each other, so as to close them.

Thus are formed the consonants *p*, *b*, and *m*. In the first position, the upper lip is applied to the fore teeth of the upper jaw; in this manner we pronounce the consonants *f* and *v*.

In the second position, the under lip is applied to the fore teeth; and thus we pronounce *th*.

In the third position we apply the fore part of the tongue to the fore part of the palate; and by this application we pronounce the letters *t*, *d*, *s*, *z*,

and in the fourth position is, when the middle part of the tongue is applied to the hard part of the palate; thus we pronounce *k*, the hard sound of *g*, (as in *ga*) *sh*, *j*.

In the first position we have three letters, of which the most simple, and only articulator, being absolutely mute, is *p*. In the formation of *p*, nothing is required but the sudden closing of the mouth, and stoppable vowel sound; or the sound may be articulated by the sudden opening of the lips, in order to emit the compressed sound of the vowel.

Instead of simply expressing the vowel sound by opening the lips, for example, *pa*, we shall begin to form a guttural sound, the position still preserved; then, on the opening the lips, we shall pronounce *so*. The guttural sound is produced by a compression of the larynx, and is that kind of murmur, as Bishop Wilkins expresses it, heard in the throat, before the breath is emitted with the vocal sound. *re*, though justly considered as a mute, is not a perfect mute.

In the fifth position being kept in the same position, and the breath being emitted through the nostrils, the letter *m* is produced.

In the first position, therefore, we have a perfect mute *p*, having no audibility; a labial and liquid consonant *m*, capable of a continued sound; and between these two extremes, we have the letter *b*, somewhat audible, different from any vocal sound.

There are three things to be distinguished. 1st. The perfect mute, having no sound of any kind. 2dly The perfect consonant, having not only a sound but continued sound: and 3dly, Between these extremes we find *b*, having a proper sound, but so limited, that, in respect to the continuous sound, it may be termed a mute, and in relation to the perfect sound, it is properly termed imperfect.

In the second position we have the letters *f* and *v*, neither of which are perfect.

The letter *f* is formed by having the aspiration not altogether suppressed, but emitted forcibly between the fore teeth and under lip, in simple articulation in this position. If to this we join the guttural sound, we shall have the letter *v*, a letter standing in nearly the same position as *b* and *m*, in the first position, stand to *p*. The only difference between *f* and *v* is, that, in the former, the compression of the teeth and lip is not so strong as in the latter, and that the former is produced by the breath only, and the latter by the voice and breath combined.

The consonant *f*, therefore, though not a mute like *p*, in having the aspiration confined, may notwithstanding be considered as such, contrary to that principle, by which a mute is understood to be an aspirated guttural sound.

As to the distinction already made, *v* may be termed a perfect consonant, and *f* an imperfect one, having no proper sound, though thus we have four distinctions of consonants in our alphabet.

namely, of perfect and imperfect consonants; perfect and imperfect as thus.

p is a perfect mute, having no sound.

b an imperfect mute, having proper sound, but limited.

m a perfect consonant, having sound, and continued.

f an imperfect consonant, having no sound, but audible.

In the third position we have *th* as heard in the words *then* and *th* formed by placing the tip of the tongue between the teeth, and pressing against the upper teeth. The only difference between these articulation that, like *f* and *v*, the one is formed by the breath only, and the other by breath and voice together. The sound of *th*, in thin, is usually marked a stroke through the *h*, like the Saxon, to distinguish it from its other so as in thick.

Here also may be distinguished the perfect and the imperfect consonant for the *th* in thin has no sound, but is audible, whereas the *th* in *this*, *th* has a sound, and that continued.

In the fourth position there are several consonants formed.

1st. If the breath be stopped, by applying the fore part of the tongue for to that part of the palate which is contiguous to the fore teeth, we produce the perfect mute *t*, having neither aspiration or guttural sound. By accompanying this operation of the tongue and palate with the guttural sound shall pronounce the letter *d*, which, like *b* of the first position, may be considered as a mute, though not perfect. For in pronouncing *ed* the tongue first gently touches the gum, and is gradually pressed closer, till the sound is obstructed; whereas in pronouncing *et*, the tongue is at once pressed so that the sound is instantly intercepted.

2dly, If the tip of the tongue be turned up towards the upper gum, so as to touch it, and thus the breath be cut by the sharp point of the tongue passing through the narrow chink left between that and the gum, we pronounce the sibilating sound of *s*. If we accompany this operation with guttural sound, as in *b*, *v*, and *th* in *then*, we shall pronounce the letter *z* the same difference subsisting between *s* and *z* as between *f* and *v*, *p* and *th*.

3dly, If we make the tip of the tongue vibrate rapidly between the upper and lower jaw, so as not to touch the latter, and the former but gently shall pronounce the letter *r*. The more closely and forcibly the tongue vibrates against the upper jaw, the stronger will the sound be rendered. formed about the same distance from the teeth, as the letter *d*, or rather somewhat behind it.

4thly, If the end of the tongue be gently applied to the fore part of the palate, a little behind the seat of the letter *d*, and somewhat before the *r*, and the voice be suffered to glide gently over the sides of the tongue shall pronounce the letter *l*. Here the breadth of the tongue is contracted and a space left for the breath to pass from the upper to the under part of the tongue, in forming this the most vocal of all the consonants.

5thly, If the aspirating passage, in the formation of the preceding consonant, be stopped, by extending the tongue to its natural breadth, so as to intercept the voice, and prevent its exit by the mouth, the breath entering through the nose will give the letter *n*.

In the fifth position, namely, when we apply the middle or back part of the tongue to the palate, we have the consonants *k*, *g*, *sh*, *j*, and *ng*.

If the middle of the tongue be raised, so as to press closely against the roof of the mouth, and intercept the voice at once, we pronounce the letter *k* (*ek*). If the tongue be not so closely applied at first, and the sound allowed to continue a little, we have the letter *g* (*eg*). Thus *ek* and *eg* are the same analogy to each other, as *et* and *ed* of the fourth position. The tongue be protruded towards the teeth, so as not to touch them, and be in a position somewhat flatter than in pronouncing the letter *s*, *z*, *v*, *f*, *th*.

{ *from cloister* }

with passing over it through a wider chink, we shall have the sound of

If we apply the tongue to the palate as in pronouncing *sh*, but a little more fully, and accompanying it with the guttural sound, we shall have the sound of the French *j*. Thus *j* is in this position analogous to the letter *h*, *k* in the first, second, and third positions, and is a simple consonant. *J* in English is a double consonant, compounded of *d* and the French *j*, as in *join*.

If we raise the middle of the tongue to the palate gently, so as to permit the voice to issue through the mouth, forcing the remainder back, through the nose, keeping at the same time the tongue in the same position as in pronouncing *eg*, we shall have the articulating sound of *ing*, for which we have no simple character.

The only remaining letter *h* is the note of aspiration, formed in various positions, according to the vowel with which it is combined.

What effect the compression of the larynx has in articulation, may be seen by comparing these pairs of consonants.

With compression.

B
G
D
Z
Th
V
J

Without compression.

P
K
T
S
Th
F
Sh

OF ACCENT.

Having thus given what we deem the best authorities as to the *sound* of the letters, we shall insert the following short rules for the *accent*, or *quantity of syllables*, by Dr. Johnson; which, though subject to exception, are, perhaps, the best suited to the comprehension of the unformed student of grammar, on a subject so complicated, and where so much, after all the stress that can be given, must depend on the compass and capacity of the voice of the speaker.

Accent is the laying a peculiar stress of the voice on a certain letter or syllable in a word, that it may be better heard than the rest, or distinguished from them; as in the word *presu'me*, the stress of the voice must be on the first *u*, and second syllable *sume*, which takes the accent.

Every word of our language, of more than one syllable, has one of them distinguished from the rest in this manner; and every monosyllable of two or three letters has one of its letters thus distinguished.

As emphasis is a stronger and fuller sound of voice, by which we distinguish some word or words on which we design to lay particular stress, to shew they affect the rest of the sentence, so, where other reasons do not forbid, the accent always dwells with greatest force on that part of the word which, by its importance, the hearer has always the greatest occasion to observe.

OF DISSYLLABLES.

Of Dissyllables, formed by affixing a termination, the former syllable is usually accented, as *childish*, *kingdom*, *ac'ced*, *to'isome*, *lo'vers*, *co'ffer*, *re'fuge*, *fo'remost*, *ze'alous*, *fu'lness*, *go'dly*, *meekly*, *ar'tist*.

Dissyllables formed by prefixing a syllable to the radical word, have commonly the accent on the latter; as, *to be'get*, *to be'see*, *to be'stow*.

Of Dissyllables, which are at once nouns and verbs, the ver-
monly the accent on the latter, and the noun on the former syll-
descent, a *déscant*; *to cement*, a *cément*; *to contract*, a *contráct*, a *contráct*
rule has many exceptions. Though verbs seldom have their acc-
former, yet nouns often have it on the latter syllable; as *delíght*, *pe*
All dissyllables ending in *y*, as *crá'my*; in *our*, as *la'bóur*, *f*
ow, as *wíllow*; *wa'llow*, except *allow*; in *le*, as *báttle*, *béble*; in *ish*,
in, as *ca'mbríck*, *ca'sock*; in *ter*, as *to báttle*; in *age*, as *co*
an, as *fa'cton*; in *et*, as *quíet*, accent the former syllable.

Dissyllable nouns in *er*, as *ca'nker*, *bu'tter*, have the accent on
syllable.

Dissyllable verbs terminating in a consonant and *e* final, as
escape; or having a diphthong in the last syllable, as *appeáse*, *s*
ending in two consonants, as *atténd*; have the accent on the latter s

Dissyllable nouns having a diphthong in the latter syllable,
monly their accent on the latter syllable, as *appláuse*; excep
ain, as *cér'tain*, *móuntain*.

OF TRISSYLLABLES.

Trissyllables formed by adding a termination, or prefixing a sy-
tain the accent of the radical word; as *lo'celiness*, *te'nderness*, *ci*
wa'ggoner, *phýsical*, *bespá'tter*, *commé'nting*, *commé'nding*, *assu'*

Trissyllables ending in *ous*, as *grú'ctous*, *a'rduous*; in *ut*, as *ci*
ion, as *mentíon*, accent the first.

Trissyllables ending in *ce*, *ent*, and *ate*, accent the first s
edú'ntance, *cóntinence*, *a'r'mament*, *ím'minent*, *é'legant*, *pro'f*
cept they be derived from words having the accent on the last, as *co*
acquá'ntance; or the middle syllable hath a vowel between two c
as *promu'lgate*.

Trissyllables ending in *y*, as *é'ntíly*, *spéc'ify*, *lí'berty*, *ví'ctory*
commonly accent the first syllable.

Trissyllables in *le* or *re* accent the first syllable, as *lé'gible*, *th*
cept *dí'sciple*, and words which are long by position, as *exá'mple*, *cj*

Trissyllables in *ude*, commonly accent the first syllable, as *pléní*

Trissyllables ending in *atur*, as *creá'tor*; or having in the midc
a diphthong, as *endeá'vour*; or a vowel before two consonants, as
accent the middle syllable.

Trissyllables that have their accent on the last syllable are
French, as *acqué'sce*, *repá'tée*, *magáz'ine*; or words formed by
one or two syllables to an acute syllable, as *immá'ture*, *overchá'rgé*

OF POLYSYLLABLES.

Polysyllables or words of more than three syllables, follow the
the words from which they are derived, as *á'rrogá'ting*, *cóntinen*
tínently, *commé'ndable*, *commu'nícableness*. We should theret
pu'stable, *índí'sputá'ble*, rather than *dí'sputá'ble*, *índí'sputá'ble*, *s*
tísement, rather than *advér'tísement*.

Words in *ion* have the accent on the antepenult, as *salvá'tí*
ba'tíon, *conco'ctíon*, words in *atur*, or *atur*, on the penult, as *ded*

Words ending in *le* commonly have the accent on the first
u'má'ble, unless the second syllable has a vowel before two con
combú'stí'ble.

Words ending in *ous* have the accents on the antepenult, as
volu'ptuous.

Words ending in *ty* have their accent on the antepenult, as *puv*
ac'tí'vity.

OF VERSIFICATION.

VERSIFICATION is the arrangement of a certain number of syllables according to certain laws established in a language by frequent repetition, the harmony of which consists in a pleasing variety of *accented* and *unaccented* syllables, which, connected, form a foot. They are called feet, because it is by their aid that the voice, as it were, steps along through the verse, in a measured pace; and it is necessary that the syllables, which mark this regular movement of the voice, should, in some manner, be distinguished from the others. This distinction was made among the Greeks and Romans, by dividing their syllables into long and short, and ascertaining their quantity by an exact proportion of time in sounding them; the long being to the short as two to one, and the long syllables, being thus the more important, marked the movement. In English, syllables are divided into accented and unaccented; and the accented syllables, being as strongly distinguished from the unaccented, by the peculiar stress of the voice upon them, are equally capable of marking the movement, and pointing out the regular paces of the voice, as the long syllables were, by their quantity, among the ancients.

All feet used in poetry consist either of two, or of three syllables, and are reducible to eight kinds; four of two syllables, viz. a *Trochee*, an *Iambus*, a *Spondee*; a *Pyrrhic*; and four of three syllables, viz. a *Dactyl*, an *Amphibrach*, an *Anapest*, and a *Tribrach*.

A *Trochee* has the first syllable accented, and the last unaccented; as, "Hätefúl, pétish."

An *Iambus* has the first syllable unaccented, and the last accented; as "Béträy, cönsist."

A *Spondee* has both the words or syllables accented. No word of two syllables is without accent, or with a double one in English; as, "The päle wöon."

A *Pyrrhic* has both the words or syllables unaccented; as, "Ön thë tall trëe."

A *Dactyl* has the first syllable accented, and the two latter unaccented; as, "Läbbürer, pössiblë."

An *Amphibrach* has the first and last syllables unaccented; and the middle one accented; as, "Dëlightfúl, domëstic."

An *Anapest* has the two first syllables unaccented, and the last accented; as, "Cönt'rävenc, acquiescé."

A *Tribrach* has three syllables unaccented; as, "Nümërätkë, cönqueräblë."

Some of these feet may be denominated *principal* feet; as pieces of poetry may be wholly or chiefly formed of any of them. Such are the *Trochee*, *Iambus*, *Dactyl*, and *Anapest*, which we shall endeavour to explain. The others may be termed *secondary* feet; because their chief use is to diversify the numbers, and to improve the verse.

IAMBIC verses may be divided into several species, according to the number of feet or syllables of which they are composed.

The first form of our Iambic which we shall notice is too short to be continued through any great number of lines. It consists of *two* Iambuses.

Whät place is hère !
What scenes appear !
To me the rose
No longer glows.

The second form consists of *three* Iambuses.

In placës fär ör nëar,
Or famous or obscure,
Where wholesome is the air,
Or where the most impure.

The third form is made up of *four* Iambuses.

And may ät läst my weärý äge,
Find out the peaceful hermitage.
The fourth species of English Iambic consists of *five* Iambuses.
Höw löv'd, höw väld önce, këlla
thëe nôt,
To whom relatëd, or by whom begot:
b g

A heap of dust alone remains of thee :
Tis all 'thou art, and all the proud
shall be.

This is called the *Heroic* measure. In its simplest form it consists of five iambs; but by the admission of other feet, as the Trochees, Dactyls, Anapaests, &c. it is capable of many varieties. Indeed, most of the English common measures may be varied in the same way; but it's a sort of licence which good authors have very seldom, if ever, availed themselves of in works of a serious nature.

The sixth form of our Iambic is commonly called the *Alexandrine* measure. It consists of *six* Iambuses.
For thou art but of dust; be humble
and be wise.

In all these measures the accents are to be placed on even syllables; and every line considered by itself is, in general, more melodious, as this rule is more strictly observed.

We must add, that in imitation of the ancients, our best authors have introduced the cæsure in the Heroic and Alexandrine verse; it is a pause or rest which is consistent with the sense of the phrase, and always conducive to its harmony.—In the line of five or ten syllables this rest occurs, generally after the second foot, or fourth syllable, as in the following example:

" Oh! spare my youth] and for the life
I owe
Large gifts of price] my father shall be-
stow;
When fame shall tell] that not in battle
slain
Thy hollow ships] his captive son de-
tain."

Pope's Iliad, B. vi. 57.

But the cæsure changes often its place, and may be found after the third and even the fourth foot, as for instance:
" He said: compassion touch'd] the
Hero's heart.

Loc. cit.

" Scarce had his falchion cut the reins]
and freed
The incumbent'd chariot from the dying
steed."

Pope's Iliad, B. viii.

However, this liberty should not be taken too often, and only when the harmony of the verse requires it.

Besides this, our versification admits of few licences: among which we may rank the following.

The *synalæpha*, or elision of *e* in the before a vowel, as, *th' eternal*; and sometimes but rarely of *o* in *to*, as, *t' accept*.

TRICHIAC verse is of several kinds. The shortest Trochaic verse in our language, consists of one Trochee and a long syllable.

Truest love.
From above,
Being pure,
Will endure.

This measure is defective in dignity, and can seldom be used on serious occasions.

The second English form of the Trochaic consists of two feet; and is likewise so brief, that it is rarely used for any very serious purpose.

On the mountain,
By a fountain.

It sometimes contains two feet or trochees, and an additional long syllable; as,

In the days of old !
Fables plainly told.

The third species consists of three trochees; as,

When our hearts are mourning;
or of three trochees with an additional long syllable; as,
Restless mortals toil for nought;
Bliss in vain from earth is sought;

The fourth Trochaic species consists of four trochees; as,

Round us roars the tempest loudér.
The fifth Trochaic species is uncommon: It is composed of five trochees, all that walk on foot or ride in chariots. All that dwell in palaces or garrets.

The sixth form of the English trochaic consists of six trochees; as,
On the mountain, stretch'd beneath the
hoary willow.

Lay a shepherd swain, and view'd the
rolling billow.

This seems to be the longest trochaic line that our language admits.

In all these trochaic measures, the accent is to be placed on the odd syllables.

The DACTYLIC measure being very uncommon, we shall give only one example of one species of it;

from this low pleasure of this fillen
milk

Rise we to higher, &c.

ANAPÆSTIC verses are divided into several species, the first and simplest of which is made up of two anapæsts; as,

But his courage 'gain fail,

For no arts could avail.

The second species consists of three anapæsts.

By woods, spread y'ur branches' space;

To your deepest recesses I fly;

The preceding are the different kinds of the principal feet, in their most simple forms. They are capable of numerous variations, by the intermixture of those feet with each other, and by the admission of the secondary feet, by which two short vowels coalesce into one syllable, as *question*, *spectal*; or when a word is contracted by the expulsion of a short vowel before a liquid as *ad'vice*, *temprance*.

I would hide with the beasts or the
chace;

I would vanish from every eye.

This is a very pleasing measure, and much used, both in solemn and cheerful subjects.

The third kind of the English anapæstic, consists of four anapæsts.

My I govern my passions with absolute
lute sway,

And grow wiser and better as life
wears away.

OF DERIVATION.

IN order that the English Language may be more easily understood, as well as to give a key by which the student may form any derivative, or class of derivatives, that may be omitted in this Dictionary, we think it necessary to enquire how this description of words are deduced from their primitives, and point out the obvious rules by which they not only are formed, but by which their meanings may easily be discovered, and their true pronunciations acquired.

OF SUBSTANTIVES.

Nouns, or Substantives, are derived from verbs; as, from to love, comes *love*; to fright, a *fright*; to strike, a *stroke*, &c. &c.

Several philologists and grammarians are inclined to think that on the contrary, verbs are derived from substantives, and this seems to be the most plausible opinion—as to *love* is to *do or make love*; to *work*, to *do or make work* &c. besides names for *things* must have been invented before names for *acting*; as they first caught the eye, and called on the mind for a definition.

The more usual sorts of derived substantives, or nouns, are *Diminutive Nouns*, *Abstract Nouns*, *Verbal Substantives* of the *Actor*, *Verbal Substantives* of the *Action*; Nouns that signify *Office*, Nouns that signify *Dominion* or *Rule*, and Nouns that signify *State or Condition*.

Diminutive Nouns express the same as their primitive substantives, with the adjective *little*, and they are formed by adding the terminations *kin*, (*ltn*), *ling* (*ling*, *ock*, (*ök*), *en* (*én*), *el* (*él*), &c. as *lamb*, *lamkin*; *goose*, *gosling*; *duck*, *duckling*; *hill*, *hillock*; *chick*, *chicken*; *cock*, *cockerel*, &c.

Abstract Substantives are regularly formed by adding the termination *ness* (*näs*), (which denotes the *quality or state of what the preceding word expresses*) to the adjective, as *good*, *goodness*; *kind*, *kindness*; and sometimes they end in *th* (*th*), as *length* from *long*; *strength* from *strong*; *wealth* from *well*. Abstract Nouns borrowed from the Latin end variously, as *justice*, *fortitude*, *liberty*, &c.

The Substantives of the *Actor* or *Doer* are derived from verbs, and denote the *use or habit of doing* what the verb from which they are formed expresses. They are generally formed by adding the termination *er* or (*ér*) to the verb, as

teach, *teacher*; play, *player*, &c.; but in words borrowed from the Latin we usually keep the Latin termination *or* (*ór*), as in *doctor*, *governor*, *orator*, &c.

Substantives signifying *action*, as separated from the agent or doer, are regularly formed in English by adding the termination *ing* (*ing*), to the verb, as *preach*, *preaching*; *pray*, *praying*; *sing*, *singing*; *learn*, *learning*; *read*, *reading*, &c. Some end in *ment* (*mènt*), *age* (*édzh*), *ance* (*éns*), *ery*, (*éry*), &c.; as *commandment*, *tillage*, *appearance*, *prudery*, &c.; and many derived from the Latin end in *tion* (*shün*), as *instruction*, *correction*, &c.; and many otherwise, as *lecture*, *reason*, *doctrine*, &c.

Nouns that signify *office*, *state*, *condition*, &c. are usually formed by adding *ship* (*shíp*) to the primitive substantive, as *kingship*, the office of a king; *stewardship*, the office of a steward; *guardianship*, the office of a guardian; or *lordship*, *partnership*, &c. the state or condition of a lord. *partners*, &c. Some substantives in *ship* come from adjectives, as *hard*, *hardship*, &c. denoting the state of what the preceding word signifies. Nouns that signify *state* or *condition* are also formed by adding *head* (*héd*, or *hood* (*hüd*), to the primitive substantive, as the *godhead*, the state or majesty of God; *manhood*, the state or condition of a man; *childhood*, the state or condition of a child; *widowhood*, the state or condition of a widow.

Nouns that signify *dominion*, *rule*, *jurisdiction*, or *state*, are usually formed by adding the terminations *wick* (*wík*), *ric* (*rík*), and *dom*, (*dóm*), as *butliwick*, the jurisdiction of a bailiff; *bishopric*, the dominion of a bishop; *kingdom*, the dominion of a king; *freedom*, the state of being free, &c.

Nouns that signify *profession*, generally are formed by adding the termination *ian* (*án*), as from *physic*, *music*, are formed *physician*, *musician*, &c.

Nouns denoting *character* or *habit* are derived from verbs or adjectives, by adding *ard* (*árd*), as *drunk*, *drunkard*; *dote*, *dotaard*, &c.

Nouns which express particular *belief*, *opinion*, *doctrine*, *heresy*, *sect*, or something which affects in the manner the preceding word expresses, are formed by the termination *ism* (*izm*), added to the substantive or verb, as *puritanism* from *Puritan*; *gentilism* from *Gentile*; *baptism* from *baptise*; *catechism* from *catechise*, &c.

Substantives in *ist* (*íst*), express the *maker* or *writer of*, *follower* or *adocate for*, *a dealer in*, or *one of*, or *curious in*, *a player in*, *one skilled in*, *one affected with*, what the primitive word expresses, as from Latin, *Latinist*; *bigamy*, *bigamist*; *dialogue*, *dialogist*; *panegyric*, *panegyrist*; to baptize, *baptist*; *drug*, *druggist*, &c. &c.

OF ADJECTIVES.

Adjectives are derived from Substantives in the following manner, viz. Adjectives denoting *plenty* or *abundance*, are formed from Substantives, 1st, by adding *y* (*y*), as from *health*, *healthy*; *wealth*, *wealthy*; *might*, *mighty*, &c. 2dly, By adding *ous* (*ús*); as from *malice*, *malicious*, *courage*, *courageous*; *right*, *righteous*; &c. or, 3dly, by adding *ful* (*fúl*), as from *joy*, *joyful*; *sin*, *sinful*; *health*, *healthful*.

Adjectives denoting *plenty*, but with some kind of diminution, are formed from Substantives by the termination *some* (*sóm*), as from *light*, *lightsome*; *trouble*, *troublesome*; *toil*, *toilsome*, &c.

Diminutive Adjectives, or those which denote a *little* or *somewhat* of the nature or quality of what the preceding word expresses, are formed by adding the termination *ish* (*ish*), to a substantive or adjective; as *child*, *childish*, or *somewhat of a child*; *black*, *blackish*, or *a little black*, or *somewhat black*, &c.

Adjectives of *likeness*, or those which denotes likeness to what the preceding word expresses, are usually formed by adding the termination *ly* (*ly*); and sometimes the adjective *like* (*líke*, as *godly*, or *like God*; *manly*, or *like a man*, or *man like*, &c.

Adjectives signifying *capacity*, or denoting a passive quality equal to that *may be*, or *worthy of being*, what the preceding verb or noun expresses, as

formed by adding the final particle *able* (*ébl*); as answer, *answerable*: to move, *moveable*; to abolish, *abolishable*; sometimes by changing *ate* into *able*; as in *abominable*, from *abominate*, &c. &c.

Material Adjectives, or those denoting the matter out of which any thing is made, are usually formed by adding *en* (*n*) to the substantive; as from oak, *oaken*; wood, *wooden*; gold, *golden*, &c.

OF VERBS.

It cannot be doubted that Verbs are sometimes derived from substantives, adjectives, and even from adverbs; as from the substantive salt, comes *to salt*; from the adjective warm, *to warm*; and from the adverb forward, *to forward*. Sometimes they are formed by lengthening the vowel, or softening the consonant; as from grass, *to graze*; glass, *to glaze*; brass, *to brase*, &c. Sometimes by adding the termination *en* (*n*) to the substantive or adjective; as from strength, *to strengthen*; length, *to lengthen*; short, *to shorten*; wide, *to widen*, &c.

OF ADVERBS.

Adverbs of *quality* or *likeness* are usually formed by adding the termination *ly* (*ly*) to the positive adjective; as wise, *wisely*; foolish, *foolishly*; sinful, *sinfully*; base, *basely*; virtuous, *virtuously*, &c. In which case it seems in import equal to *after the manner of* what the preceding word expresses; or in *the manner or force and value of* the preceding word.

Of the INSEPARABLE PARTICLES *un*, *dis*, *mis*, &c.

These inseparable prefixes in composition all include the negative particle *not*, besides their peculiar signification.

The particle *un* (*un*) always signifies *privation*, that is, the absence or want of something that either was or ought to be; as *unmerciful*, *unkind*, *unsteady*, &c.

In words derived from the Latin, the particle *in* (*yn*) is the same as *un*, as *ingratitude*, *inactive*, *incomplete*, &c. And sometimes it is an *intensive* particle, and then it signifies *very*, or *very much*, as *intent*, or *very earnest*, &c. Sometimes, also, in words borrowed from the French, instead of *in* we use the French particle *en* (*en*), when it is not privative, but it intimates that the thing is *inherent in* another, is *caused in it*, or is *tending to a junction*. *En* becomes *et* before *t*, and *em* before *b*, *m*, or *p*, and *er* before *r*. The *n* of *in* is likewise changed into *t*, *m*, and *r*, according to the initial consonant of the word to be annexed; hence *it*, *im*, *tr*, instead of *in*; as in *illegal*, *immodest*, *irregular*, &c.

Note—The particle *un* is always privative, *en* never; *in* sometimes privative and sometimes not; yet in verbs it is seldom ever privative, but often in participles and other words.

The particle *dis* (*dis*), usually signifies some *contrariety*; as honour, *dishonour*; like, *dislike*; grace, *disgrace*, &c.; in which this prefix reverses the meaning of each word annexed to it; or denotes the contrary of what each word primitively implies.

The particle *mis* (*mis*) usually signifies *wrong*, or *error*; as to *mistake*, *to take wrong*, otherwise *than it is*; to *misuse*, or *use ill*, or *otherwise than it ought*, &c.

ABBREVIATIONS EXPLAINED.

a	adjective
ad.	adverb
conj.	conjunction
int.	interjection
part.	participle
part. a.	participle active
part. pass.	participle passive

prep.	preposition
præ.	preterite
pron.	pronoun
s.	substantive
s. pl.	substantive plural
v. a.	verb active
v. n.	verb neuter

A COLLECTION OF WORDS,
Alike in sound, or nearly so,
BUT DIFFERENT IN SIGNIFICATION AND SPELLING.

A'BEL, a man's name
A'ble, capable
Accidence, a book
Accidents, casualties
Acts, deeds
Ax, an instrument
Ail, to be disordered
Ale, a liquor
Hale, healthy
Air, an element
Are, a verb
Hair, of the head
Heir, to an estate
Hare, an animal
All, every one
Awl, an instrument
Hall, a room
All'ow'd, granted
Al'oud, noisy
Alt'ar, for sacrifice
Al'ter, to change
Hal'ter, a rope
An, a particle
Ann, a woman's name
Ant, an insect
Aunt, a relation
Ar'rant, notorious
Err'ant, wandering
Err'and, a message
Arr'as, tapestry
Harr'ass, to tease
Asce'nt, a going up
Assé't, agreement
Assist'ant, help
Assist'ants, helpers
Aug'er, an instrument
Augur, a soothsayer
Bácon, hog's flesh
Béacon, a directing mark
Beck'ón, to make signs
Bail, a surety
Bale, goods packed
Bait, an allurement
Bate, to take less
Baize, a sort of cloth
Bays, a garland
Base, mean
Bass, a part in music
Bald, without hair
Bawl'd, cried out
Ball, a round thing
Bawl, to cry aloud
Bar'bara, a woman's name
Bar'berry, a shrub

Bare, naked
Bear, to support
Bear, a wild beast
Be, the verb to be
Bee, an insect
Bean, pulse
Been, participle of to be
Beat, to strike
Beet, an herb
Beau, a fop
Bo, a word of terror
Bow, an instrument
Beer, malt liquor
Bier, for a corpse
Berry, a small fruit
Bury, to hide
Blew, did blow
Blue, a colour
Boar, a beast
Bore, to make a hole
Bold, daring
Bowl'd, did bowl
Bor'ough, a corporate town
Bur'row, a rabbit hole
Bough, a branch
Bow, to bend
Boy, a young lad
Buoy, to support
Brake, a thicket
Break, to part forcibly
Bread, food
Bred, brought up
Breaches, broken pieces
Breeches, a part of dress
Brews, doth brew
Bruise, to hurt
Bruit, a report
Brute, a beast
Buy, to purchase
By, near
Caléndar, an almanac
Cálender, to smooth linen
Call, to name
Caul, a membrane
Can'nón, a great gun
Can'on, a rule
Cart, a carriage
Chart, a map
Ceiling, of a room
Sealing of a letter, &c.
Cell, a hut
Sell, to dispose of
Cell'ar, of a house
Sell'er, one that sells

r, an incense pan
 r, a magistrate
 re, blame
 n, - giving up
 b, a sitting
 of singers
 of paper
 , rage
 , for the neck
 cle, a register
 cal, long standing
 o summon
 o view
 situation
 , an article
 of a bird, &c.
 to shut up
 s, dress
 , homely
 , order
 part of dress
 fold
 ement, the remainder
 iment, kind words
 , a relation
 , to cheat
 to make a noise
 a small bay
 it, a small fruit
 it, a stream
 t, a young swan
 a seal
 l, a drum
 l, a sign
 , mother
 to condemn
 ostly
 in animal
 moisture
 wing
 ne who stains
 readful
 s verb
 a animal
 , unbaked bread
 a performer
 of an house
 icted
 troublesome creditor
 part of the body
 part of time
 point of the compass
 what works beer
 sheep
 a tree
 ourself
 se, labour
 e, to cast out devils

Eye, the organ of sight
 I, myself
 Faint, weak
 Feint, a pretence
 Fair, beautiful
 Fare, at an entertainment
 Flea, an insect
 Flee, to run away
 Flew, did fly
 Flue, soft down
 Flower, in a garden
 Flour, to make bread
 Forth, abroad
 Fourth, in number
 Foul, nasty
 Fowl, a bird
 Gesture, carriage
 Jester, one who jests
 Gilt, with gold
 Guilt, sin
 Glair, the white of eggs
 Glare, great brightness
 Grate, for burning coals, &c.
 Great, large
 Grater, for nutmegs
 Greater, larger
 Groan, to sigh deeply
 Grown, increased
 Hail, to salute
 Hale, strong
 Ha'llow, to make holy
 Hol'low, empty
 Hart, an animal
 Heart, a part of the body
 Art, verb to be
 Hear, to hearken
 Here, in this place
 Heard, did hear
 Herd, of cattle
 Hew, to cut
 Hue, a colour
 Hie, to make haste
 High, lofty
 Higher, more high
 Hire, wages
 Him, that man
 Hymn, a divine song
 Hoar, white
 Whore, a lewd woman
 Hole, a hollow place
 Whole, perfect
 Hoop, for a barrel
 Whoop, to shout
 Hour, a part of time
 Our, of us
 Idle, lazy
 I'doi, an image
 I'll, I will

Isle, an island	Moor, a black person
Aile, of a church, &c.	Mower, one who mows
In, within	Naught, bad
Inn, for travellers	Nought, nothing
Ingenious, of quick parts	Near, nigh
Ingenious, candid	Ne'er, never
Kill, to murder	Oar, to row with
Kiln, for bricks, &c.	O'er, over
Knave, a rascal	Ore, of metals
Nave, part of a wheel	Of, concerning
Knew, did know	Off, from
New, fresh	Oh! alas!
Knight, a title	Owe, to be indebted
Night, a part of time	One, in number
Knot, to make knots	Won, did win
Not, a negative	Order, method
Know, to understand	Ordure, dung
No, not so	Pail, a wooden vessel
Lain, did lie	Pale, whitish
Lane, a narrow road	Pain, torment
Leak, to let in or out	Pane, a square of glass
Leek, a pot herb	Pair, a couple
Lease of a house, &c.	Pare, to cut off
Leash, three	Pear, a fruit
Less'en, to make less	Pal'ate, taste
Less'on, a task	Pallate, a little bait
Liar, who tells lies	Peal, upon bells
Lier, in wait	Peel, rind
Lyre, an instrument	Peer, a lord
Limb, a member	Pier, of a bridge
Limn, to draw	Place, of abode, &c.
Lo! behold!	Plaice, a fish
Low, humble	Plain, even
Loathe, to dislike	Plane, to make smooth
Loth, unwilling	Plait, a fold
Loose, to slacken	Plate, wrought silver
Lose, to suffer loss	Pole, a long stick
Made, did make	Poll, the head
Maid, a virgin	Pore, of the skin
Mail, armour	Pour, to fall heavily
Male, the he	Practice, use
Main, chief	Practise, to exercise
Mane of a horse	Pray, to beseech
Mare, a female horse	Prey, a booty
Mayor, of a town	Principal, chief
Mean, low	Principle, the first cause
Mien, aspect	Profit, gain
Meat, food	Prop'het, one who foretells
Meet, fit	Rain, water
Mete, to measure	Reign, rule
Mes'sage, an errand	Raise, to lift up
Mes'suage, a house	Rays, of the sun
Metal, gold, &c.	Raze, to destroy
Mettle, spirit	Rais'in, a dried grape
Might, power	Reason, a cause
Mite, an insect	Read, did read
More, in number	Red, a colour

sort of grain
 encrease
 ceremony
 tue
 with a pen
 way
 id ride
 animal
 trees, &c.
 uneven
 ornament
 sight
 hold
 smell
 i send
 ocean
 observe
 a coat
 appear
 at waters
 th see
 lay hold of
 ill
 fruit
 lid soar
 a weapon
 part
 amount
 ale child
 cause of light
 ickly
 o faint
 step
 look stedfastly
 a passage
 inner of writing
 help
 a young twig
 nail nails
 uty
 end
 tory
 ight allowed

Tear, to read
 Team, of horses
 Teem, to abound
 Their, of them
 There, in that place
 Throne, a seat of state
 Thrown, cast
 Thyme, an herb
 Time, an hour, &c.
 Tide, a flux of the sea
 Tied, bound
 To, unto
 Toe, of the foot
 Tow, hemp dressed
 Too, likewise
 Two, a couple
 Told, related
 Trolled, as a bell
 Vain, fruitless
 Vane, a weathercock
 Vein, for the blood
 Vale, a valley
 Vail, to cover
 Vial, or Phial, a bottle
 Viol, an instrument
 Wail, to lament
 Wale, a rising part
 Whale, a fish
 Wain, a waggon
 Wane, a decrease
 Weak, feeble
 Week, seven days
 Ware, merchandise
 Wear, to waste
 Were, plural of was
 Where, in what place
 Whist, a game
 Wist, knew
 Wood, timber
 Wou'd, would
 Yarn, spun wool
 Yearn, to moan
 Earn, to get by labour

AN ALPHABETICAL LIST

of

ABBREVIATIONS OF WORDS

Used for Dispatch in Writing.

B. A. Bachelor of Arts
 bishishop
 the Year of our Lord
 M. A. Master of Arts
 fore Noon
 the Year of the World

A. P. G. Professor of Astronomy in
 Gresham College
 B. D. Bachelor of Divinity
 Bp. Bishop
 B. V. M. Blessed Virgin Mary
 C. stands for One Hundred

Cwt. an Hundred Weight, or 112 Pounds	Jac. Jacob
Capt. Captain	Jan. January
C. C. C. Corpus Christi College	J. D. Doctor of Law
Cent. an Hundred	J. N. R. J. Jesus of Nazareth i the Jews
Cole. Colonel	J. U. D. Doctor of Civil and Law
C. P. S. Keeper of the Privy Seal	Kath. Katharine
C. S. Keeper of the Seals	Knt. Knight
D. in Number 500	L. in Number 50
D. D. Doctor of Divinity	L. or l. a Pound Sterling
Dec. December	lb. a Pound Weight
Dep. Deputy	L. C. J. Lord Chief Justice
Deut. Deuteronomy	Leo. Leonard
Ditto, or Do. the same	Lieut. Lieutenant
Du. Duke	L. J. C. Lord Jesus Christ
Dukm. Dukedom	LL. D. Doctor of Laws
E. East	Loud. London
E. Earl	L. S. the Place of the Seal
E. A. P. Priest of the Church of Eng- land	M. in Number 1000
Edin. Edinburgh	M. A. Master of Arts
Edm. Edmund	Mad. Madam
Edw. Edward	Mat. Matthew
e. g. or ex. gr. for example	Math. Mathematics
Eliz. Elizabeth	M. D. Doctor of Physic
Eng. England	Middx. Middlesex
Engr. Engineer	Mons. Monsieur
Ep. Epistle	Mr. Master
Esq. Esquire	Mrs. Mistress
Ex. Example	M. S. Sacred to the Memory
Exon. Exeter	MS. Manuscript
Expl. Explanation	MSS. Manuscripts
Exec. Executor	N. B. note, or mark well
Feb. February	N. S. New Stile
Fred. Frederick	Nov. November
F. R. S. Fellow of the Royal Society	Oct. Octobe.
F. S. A. Fellow of the Antiq. Society	O. S. Old Stile
Gab. Gabriel	Oxon. Oxford
Gall. Gallon	Ox. Ounce
Gen. General	P. M. Afternoon
Genmo. Generalissimo	P. S. Postscript
Gent. Gentleman	Q. D. as much as to say
Geo. George	Q. E. D. which was to be demon
Gov. Governor	Rev. Reverend
Gr. Grains or Great	S. Saint
Greg. Gregory	S. T. P. Professor of Divinity
Hants. Hampshire	V. the Number 5
Hon. Honourable	W. West
Hond. Honoured	Wp. Worship
I. in Number 1	Wpl. Worshipfu.
Ibid. in the same Place	X. in Number 10
Id. the same	Xt. Christ
i. e. that is	Xtmas, Christmas
J. H. S. Jesus the Saviour of Men	Yd. Yard
Imp. Imperial	Yds. Yards
Inst. Instant	& and
Jo. James	&c. and so forth

GENERAL Pronouncing Dictionary.

A.

āt, hāte, hāl, liār—mēt, dēsist, mē, hēr—chīn, chīne, field, shīrt—

article used before a word
he singular, and beginning
onsonant, is a contraction of
a man, a tree. Sometimes
intraction of *at*, *on*, or *in*, as
a hunting, she is abed, I saw
ard that ship. Sometimes
as proportion, as in, he has
ar, that is 3s. a yard
āk', *ad.* back, behind

ī-y-kūs, *s.* a counting table
īf't, *ad.* from the forepart of
, towards the stern
, ā-bā-sēns, *s.* a congee
, āb īl-i-ēn-ēt, *v. a.* to change

ā-būn' dōn, *v. a.* to desert
d, ā-lūn'-dōnd, *part.* deserted

ed [low
ā'se, *v. a.* to depress, to bring
t, āb-āse-mēnt, *s.* humiliation
pression
āsh', *v. a.* to make ashamed
āte, *v. a.* to lessen.—*v. n.* to
s

yarn on a weaver's warp
āb-bā-sy, *s.* possessions or
s of an abbot, an abbot's re-

hēs, *s.* a superior of a nunnery
-b'y, *s.* a monastery of religi-

ons [men
-bót, *s.* chief of a convent of
s, āb-brē-vyāte, *v. a.* to shorten
on, āb-brē-vā-shūn, *s.* the
shortening [abridges

r, āb-brē-vā-tór, *s.* one who
are, āb brē-vyā-tūre, *s.* mark
āb-dy-kāte, *v. a.* to give up right

ī, āb-dy-kā-shūn, *s.* the act of
ag [or implies an abdication
ī, āb-dy-kā-tiv, *a.* that causes
āb-dō-mēn, *s.* the lower part

ly [the abdomen
āb-dōm'-y-nāl, *a.* relating to

Abduce, āb-dūse, *v. a.* to separate

Abducent, āb-dū-sēnt, *a.* drawing or
pulling back [ing back

Abduction, āb-dūk'-shūn, *s.* act of draw-

Abductor, āb-dūk'-tór, *s.* any muscle

that contracts

Abecedarian, ā-bē-sē-dā'-ryān, *s.* person
that teaches the alphabet

Abecedary, ā-bē-sēd'-ār-y, *a.* relating to
the alphabet

Abed, ā-bēd, *ad.* in bed [the right way

Aberrant, āb-ēr-rēnt, *a.* wandering from

Aberration, āb-ēr-rā'-shūn, *s.* act of de-

viating from the common track

Abet, ā-bēt', *v. a.* to help [another

Abettor, ā-bēt'-tór, *s.* the encourager of

Abeyance, ā-bā-yēns, *s.* expectation of
a reversion

Abhor, āb-hōr', *v. a.* to detest, to loathe

Abhorrent, āb-hōr'-rēnt, *a.* inconsistent
with, detesting

Abide, ā-bī'de, *v. n.* to dwell in a place

Abject, āb'-dzhek't, *a.* mean, servile

Abject, āb-dzhék't, *v. a.* to throw away

Abjection, āb-dzhék'-shūn, *s.* servility
baseness

Ability, ā-bīl'-y-ty, *s.* power, capacity

Abintestate, āb-in-tēs'-tēt, *a.* inheriting
from one dying without a will

Abjuration, āb-dzhā-rā'-shūn, *s.* renoun-

ing with an oath [oath

Abjure, āb'-dzhū're, *v. a.* to retract upon

Ablactate, āb-lāk'-tāte, *v. a.* to wean

Ablactation, āb-lāk tā'-shūn, *s.* the
weaning of a child

Ablaqueation, āb-lā-kwē-ā'-shūn, *s.* the
act of laying bare the roots of trees

Ablation, āb-lā'-shūn, *s.* act of taking away

Ablative, āb-lā-tiv', *a.* that takes away,
the sixth case of the Latin nouns

Able, ā-b'l, *a.* capable to perform

Able-bodied, ābl-bōd'-id, *a.* strong of body

Ablegate, āb'-lē-gāte, *v. a.* to send abroad
upon some employment

Sounds—hăt, hâte, hăl, liăr—mêt, dêsist, mê, hér—chÿn, chine, ffield, shirt—

- Ablegation, ăb-lê-gă'shÿn, *s.* a sending abroad [or body]
- Ableness, ă'bl nês, *s.* strength of mind
- Ablepsy, ă-blêp-sÿ, *s.* want of sight
- Ablorate, ăb-lô kâte, *v. a.* to let out to hire [of cleaning]
- Abluent, ăb-lû-ênt, *a.* having the power
- Ablution, ăb-lû' shÿn, *s.* act of cleansing
- Abnegate, ăb-nê-gă'te, *v. a.* to deny
- Abnegation, ăb-nê-gă'shÿn, *s.* denial
- Aboard, ă-bôrd, *ad.* in a ship
- Abode, ă-bô'dê, *pret.* of abide.—*s.* habitation, dwelling [destroy]
- Abolish, ă-bôl'ish, *v. a.* to annul, to
- Abolition, ăb-ô-lîsh'ÿn, *s.* act of abolishing [able, horrible]
- Abominable, ăb-ô-m'în-ăbl. *a.* detest-
- Abominate, ă-bô-m'în-ă'te, *v. a.* to abhor, detest, hate utterly [pollution]
- Abomination, ă-bô-m'în-ă'shÿn, *s.* hatred,
- Aborigines, ăb-ô-rîdz'în-êz, *s.* original inhabitants of a country
- Abortion, ăb-ô-rî-shÿn, *s.* miscarriage
- Abortive, ăb-ô-rî-tîv, *a.* unsuccessful, untimely
- Above, ă-bôv', *prep.* higher in place, power, or excellence.—*ad.* over head, in the regions of Heaven
- Above-board, ă-bôv'-bôrd, in open sight
- Abound, ă-bô'nd, *v. n.* to have in great plenty [circularly, nearly]
- About, ă-bôût', *prep.* round, near to.—*ad.*
- Abracadabra, ăb-ră-kă-dă-bră, *s.* superstitious charm against agues [degrees]
- Abrade, ăb-ră'dê, *v. a.* to wear away by
- Abrasion, ăb-ră'shÿn, *s.* a rubbing off
- Abreast, ă-brêst', *ad.* side by side
- Abridge, ă-brîdz', *v. a.* to shorten
- Abridgement, ăb-rîdz'î-ment, *s.* a work abridged [run out]
- Abroach, ă-brô'tsh, *ad.* in a posture to
- Abroad, ă-bră'd, *ad.* in another country, without [annul]
- Abrogate, ăb-rô-gă'te, *v. a.* to repeal, to
- Abrogation, ăb-rô-gă'shÿn, *s.* act of repealing
- Abrupt, ăb-rûp't, *a.* hasty, sudden
- Abruption, ăb-rûp'shÿn, *s.* violent and sudden separation [body]
- Abscess, ăb-sês, *s.* morbid cavity in the
- Abscind, ăb-sînd', *v. a.* to cut off
- Abscissa, ăb-sÿs'ă, *s.* part of the diameter of a conic section [off]
- Abscission, ăb-sÿsh'ÿn, *s.* act of cutting
- Abseond, ăb-skônd', *v. a.* to hide one's self [inattentive]
- Absence, ăb-sêns *s.* not being present,
- Absent, ăb-sênt, *a.* not present, inattentive
- Absent, ăb-sênt', *v. a.* to withdraw
- Absentee, ăb-sên-tê', *s.* one who does not appear [pregnated with wormwood]
- Absinthiated, ăb-sîn-thÿă-têd, *part.* im-
- Absist, ăb-sÿst', *v. n.* to leave off, to desist
- Absolve, ăb-zôlv', *v. a.* to pardon, forgive
- Absolute, ăb-sô-lû'te, *a.* arbitrary
- Absolution, ăb-sô-lû'shÿn, *s.* acquittal, forgiveness
- Absolutory, ăb-sôl'ă-tôry, *ad.* that ab-
- Absonant, ăb-sô-nênt, *a.* absurd, contrary to reason
- Absorb, ăb-sôrb, *v. a.* to suck up [up]
- Absorbent, ăb-sôrb-ênt, *s.* that which draws
- Absorpt, ăb-sôrp't, *part.* swallowed up
- Absorption, ăb-sôrp'shÿn, *s.* the act of swallowing up [keep from]
- Abstain, ăb-stă'ne, *v. n.* to forbear, to
- Abstemious, ăb-stê-m'ÿôs, *a.* sober, abstinent [sing off]
- Abstention, ăb-stên'shÿn, *s.* act of holding
- Absterge, ăb-stêr'dzh, *v. a.* to cleanse by wiping [purify]
- Absterse, ăb-stêrs', *v. a.* to cleanse, to
- Absterion, ăb-stêr'shÿn, *s.* act of cleansing [power of cleansing]
- Abstersive, ăb-stêr'sÿv, *a.* having the
- Abstinent, ăb-s-tî-nênt, *a.* temperate
- Abstract, ăb-străkt', *v. a.* to separate, reduce to an epitome [tome]
- Abstract, ăb's-trăkt', *s.* abridgement, epitome
- Abstracted, ăb-străkt-têd, *part.* separated, refined [strating, absence of thought]
- Abstraction, ăb-străkt'shÿn, *s.* act of abstracting
- Abstractive, ăb-străkt'tîv, *a.* having the power of abstracting
- Abstruse, ăb-strûs, *a.* hidden, difficult
- Abstrusity, ăb-strûs'î-tÿ, *s.* abstruseness
- Absume, ăb-sû'mê, *v. a.* to waste gradually
- Absurd, ăb-sûrd', *a.* contrary to reason
- Absurdity, ăb-sûr-dÿ-tÿ, *s.* inconsistency
- Abundance, ăb-înd' êns, *a.* great plenty
- Abundant, ăb-un'dênt, *a.* plentiful, fully stored [with rudeness]
- Abuse, ă-bû'se, *v. a.* to deceive, to treat
- Abuse, ă-bû'se, *s.* ill treatment
- Abusive, ă-bû'sÿv, *a.* containing abuse, deceitful [terminate]
- Abut, ă-bût', *v. n.* to border upon, to
- Abutment, ă-bût-mênt, *s.* which joins to something
- Abyss, ă-bÿs', *s.* great depth, gulph
- Acacia, ă-kă-sh-yă, *s.* an Egyptian drug
- Academian, ă-kă-dê-mÿăn, *s.* a scholar of an academy

shūt, nōte, lōse, actōr—hūt, pūsh, mūte, fur—truly, rje—thus, thick.

Academic, ʔk-kēm'ik, *a.* relating to an university—*s.* student of an university
Academician, ʔk-kē-dēm'ik, *s.* member of an academy

Academy, ʔk-kē-dēm'ik, *s.* a school wherein the liberal arts and sciences are taught [brech]

Acanthus, ʔk-kīn'thūs, *s.* the herb bear's
Accede, ʔk-sē'de, *v. n.* to be added to, to come to

Accelerate, ʔk-sēl'ēr-āte, *v. n.* to hasten
Acceleration, ʔk-sēl'ēr-ā'shūn, *s.* act of quickening motion [fāre]

Accend, ʔk-sēnd', *v. a.* to kindle, set on
Accension, ʔk-sēn'shūn, *s.* act of kindling

Accent, ʔk-sēnt', *s.* a mark upon syllables, modification of the voice
Accent, ʔk-sēnt', *v. a.* to note the accent

Accentuate, ʔk-sēn'tū-āte, *v. a.* to place the accent properly
Accentuation, ʔk-sēn'tū-ā'shūn, *s.* act of placing the accent

Accept, ʔk-sēpt', *v. a.* to take, to receive
Acceptability, ʔk-sēp'tā-bīl'itē, *s.* quality of being acceptable [agreeable]

Acceptable, ʔk-sēp'tā-bīl', *a.* pleasing
Acceptance, ʔk-sēp'tāns', *s.* admission, reception

Acceptation, ʔk-sēp'tā'shūn, *s.* a reception, the meaning of a word

Access, ʔk-sēs', *s.* admittance to a person or place

Accessory, ʔk-sēs-sār'y, *s.* he who is not the chief agent in a crime but contributes to it.—*a.* additional, helping forward [approached]

Accessible, ʔk-sēs-sābl', *a.* that may be
Accession, ʔk-sēs'shūn, *s.* the act of arriving at [adding to]

Accessory, ʔk-sēs-sār'y, *a.* joining or
Accidence, ʔk-sē-dēns, *s.* the first rudiments of grammar

Accident, ʔk-sē-dēnt, *s.* property of a word, what happens unforeseen

Accidental, ʔk-sē-dēntāl, *s.* property nonessential—*a.* nonessential, casual, fortuitous

Accipient, ʔk-sēp'yēnt, *s.* a receiver
Accite, ʔk-sē'te, *v. a.* to call, summons

Acclaim, ʔk-kī-āme, *s.* a shout of praise
Acclamation, ʔk-kī-ā-mē'shūn, *s.* applause

Acclivity, ʔk-kī-v'yē'ty, *s.* ascent of a hill
Acclivous, ʔk-kī-vūs, *a.* rising with a slope

Accloy, ʔk-kī-loy, *v. n.* to satiate [hurry]
Accoil, ʔk-kī-oy, *v. n.* to bustle about, to

Accolent, ʔk-kī-lōnt, *s.* a borderer

Accommodate, ʔk-kōm-mō-dāte, *v. a.* to supply with conveniences of any kind [able, fit]

Accommodate, ʔk-kōm-mō-dē't, *a.* suit
Accommodation, ʔk-kōm-mō-dā'shūn, *s.* provision of convenience, reconciliation, adjustment [musical addition]

Accompaniment, ʔk-kūm-pā-n'y-mēnt, *s.*
Accompany, ʔk-kūm-pā-n'y, *v. a.* to join, or go with

Accomplice, ʔk-kōm-plīs, *s.* an associate
Accomplish, ʔk-kōm-plīsh, *v. a.* to execute fully [completed, elegant]

Accomplished, ʔk-kōm-plīsh-ed, *part.*
Accomplishment, ʔk-kōm-plīsh-mēnt, *s.* completion [skilled in reckoning]

Accomptant, ʔk-kōūn-tēnt, *s.* a person
Accord, ʔk-kōrd, *v. a.* to agree, to adjust—*v. n.* to agree with [pact]

Accord, ʔk-kōrd, *s.* an agreement, com-
Accordance, ʔk-kōr-dēns, *s.* agreement, conformity [good humour]

Accordant, ʔk-kōr-dēnt, *a.* willing, in
According, ʔk-kōr-dīng, *part. a.* in a manner suitable or agreeable to

Accost, ʔk-kōst, *v. a.* to address, salute
Account, ʔk-kōūnt, *s.* a computation of debts, or expenses, a narrative.—*v. a.* to esteem, reckon, compute

Accountable, ʔk-kōūnt-ēbl', *a.* liable to give an account
Accountant, see Accomptant

Accounting, ʔk-kōūnt'ing, *s.* act of making up accounts [together]

Accouple, ʔk-kōpl', *v. a.* to join, to link
Accoutre, ʔk-kō-tēr, *v. a.* to dress, equip

Accoutrement, ʔk-kō-tēr-mēnt, *s.* equipment of soldiers [growing to another]

Accretion, ʔk-kre'shūn, *s.* the act of
Accretive, ʔk-kre-tīv, *a.* growing, that which by growth is added

Accrue, ʔk-kru', *v. n.* to arise from
Accubation, ʔk-kū-bā'shūn, *s.* the ancient posture of leaning at meals

Accumb, ʔk-kūmb', *v. a.* to lean at table
Accumulate, ʔk-kū-mū-lāte, *v. a.* to heap together [of accumulating]

Accumulation, ʔk-kū-mū-lā'shūn, *s.* act
Accumulative, ʔk-kū-mū-lā-tīv, *a.* that which increases [who accumulates]

Accumulator, ʔk-kū-mū-lā-tōr, *s.* he
Accuracy, ʔk-kūr-ā-sy, *s.* exactness, nicety

Accurate, ʔk-kūr-ēt, *a.* exact
Accuse, ʔk-kūr's, *v. a.* to doom to misery

Accuse, ʔk-kūr's, *v. a.* to doom to misery

Accuse, ʔk-kūr's, *v. a.* to doom to misery

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Accuse, ʔk-kūr's, *v. a.* to doom to misery

Accuse, ʔk-kūr's, *v. a.* to doom to misery

Sounds.—hüt, häte, häll, liär—müt, désist, mé, hér—chün, chfne, field, shírt—

Accursed, ʔk-kúr-séd, *part.* doomed to misery, execrable, hateful [charge

Accusation, ʔk-kú zä-shün, *s.* a criminal

Accusative, ʔk-kú-ʔk-tív, *a.* the fourth case of a noun in Latin

Accusatory, ʔk-kú-ʔk-tór-y, *a.* containing an accusation [censure

Accuse, ʔk-kú'se, *v. a.* impeach, blame, Accuser, ʔk-kú-zér, *s.* one who brings a charge against another [tuate

Accustom, ʔk-kús-tóm, *v. a.* to habituate

Accustomary, ʔk-kús-tóm-ár-y, *a.* usual, practised [to custom, frequent, usual

Accustomed, ʔk-kús-tómd, *a.* according

Ace, ʔse, *s.* single point on cards, a small quantity [head

Acephalous, ʔk-séf-ʔl-ús, *a.* without a

Acerb, ʔs-ér-b, *a.* bitter, sour, severe

Acerbity, ʔs-ér-bí-tý, *s.* rough sour taste, sharpness of temper

Acravate, ʔs-ér-väte, *v. a.* to heap up

Acravation, ʔs-ér-vä-shün, *s.* a heaping together [ness

Acrescent, ʔs-sés-sént, *a.* tending to sour-

Acetose, ʔs-é-töse, *a.* having a sour quality

Acetous, ʔk-sé-tús, *s.* sour, acid

Ache, ʔke, *s.* continued pain.—*v. n.* to be in continued pain

Achieve, ʔk-tshí'ye, *v. a.* to perform

Achievement, ʔk-tshí'vé-mént, *a.* performance, an escutcheon

Achor, ʔk-kór, *s.* a species of the herpes

Acid, ʔs'id, *a.* sour, sharp, biting

Acidity, ʔs-id-y-tý, *s.* sharpness, sourness

Acidulae, ʔs-id-ú-lé, *s.* medicinal springs impregnated with sharp particles

Acidulate, ʔs-id-ú-läte, *v. a.* to make sour in a slight degree

Acknowledge, ʔk-nól-édsh, *v. a.* to confess, to be grateful

Acknowledging, ʔk-nól-édzh-ýng, *a.* grateful, confessing [confession

Acknowledgment, ʔk-nól-édzh-mént, *s.*

Acme, ʔk-mé, *s.* height of any thing, crisis

Acolythist, ʔk-kól-y-thíst, *s.* one of the lowest order in the Romish church

Aconite, ʔk-ó-níte, *s.* herb wolf's-bane, poison in general [the oak

Acorn, ʔk-körn, *s.* the seed or fruit of

Acoustics, ʔk-kó's-tíks, *s.* doctrine or theory of sounds, medicines to help the hearing [known, to inform

Acquaint, ʔk-kwá'nt, *v. a.* to make

Acquaintance, ʔk-kwá'n-téns, *s.* familiarity, fellowship, a person with whom we associate

Acquainted, ʔk-kwá'n-téd, *a.* familiar well known

Acquest, ʔk kwést, *s.* a thing gained

Acquiesce, ʔk-kwí-és, *v. n.* to yield, comply

Acquiescence, ʔk-kwí-és-séns, *s.* sub mission, content [labour or power

Acquire, ʔk-kwí're, *v. a.* to gain by one's

Acquisition, ʔk-kwí-zish'-tín, *s.* a thing gained

Acquisitive, ʔk-kwí'z-y-tív, *a.* gained

Acquit, ʔk kwít, *v. a.* to set free or discharge, clear from guilt or obligation

Acquittal, ʔk-kwít-tál, *s.* deliverance from an offence [a receipt for a debt

Acquittance, ʔk-kwít-téns, *s.* a release

Acre, ʔk-kér, a quantity of land forty perches long and four broad, or 484 square yards

Acrid, ʔk-ríd, *a.* of a hot biting taste

Acrimonious, ʔk-rí-mó'-nyús, *a.* sharp corrosive [corrosiveness

Acrimony, ʔk-rí-món-y, *s.* sharpness

Acritude, ʔk-rí-túde, *s.* acrid taste

Acroamatical, ʔk-ró-á-mút-ík-ál, *a.* pertaining to deep learning

Across, ʔk-ró's, *ad.* athwart, crosswise

Acrostic, ʔk-ró's-tík, *s.* poem in which the first letter in every line being taken makes up a name

Act, ʔk't, *v. n.* to be in action, not to rest.—*v. a.* to imitate.—*s.* deed, exploit, uninterrupted part of a play, a decree of Parliament

Action, ʔk'-shün, *s.* thing done, gesticulation, suit at law, a battle [by law

Actionable, ʔk'-shün-ábl, *a.* punishable

Actionary, ʔk'-shün-á-rý, *s.* one who holds public stock

Active, ʔk-tív, *a.* busy, nimble, quick

Activeness, ʔk-tív-nés, *s.* nimbleness, liveliness

Activity, ʔk-tív-y-tý, *s.* nimbleness

Actor, ʔk-tór, *s.* one that performs

Actress, ʔk-trés, *s.* a female actor

Actual, ʔk-tá-ál, *a.* real, certain

Actuary, ʔk-tú-ár-y, *s.* a register or clerk of a court

Actuate, ʔk-tú-äte, *v. n.* to put in action

Acuate, ʔk-ú-äte, *v. a.* to sharpen

Aculeate, ʔk-kú-lyet, *a.* having a sharp point [rattely, quickness of intellect

Acumen, ʔk-kú-mén, *s.* a sharp point, sagacity

Acuminated, ʔk-kú-mín-á-téd, *part.* ending in a point

Acute, ʔk-ú-te, *a.* sharp, keen

Acuteness, ʔk-ú-te-nés, *s.* sagacity, sharpness

shōt, nōte, lōse, actōr—hūt, pūsh, mūte, fūr—trūly, rŷe—thus, thick.

Adacted, ʔ-dǎk'-tǎd, *part.* driven by force

Adage, ʔ-d'ǎzh, *s.* a maxim, a proverb

Adagio, ʔ-dǎ-dzhō, *s.* in music a term for slow time [loadstone

Adamant, ʔ-d'ǎ mǎnt, *s.* the diamond,

Adamantean, ʔ-d'ǎ-mǎn-tǎn, *s.* hard as adamant (or like adamant

Adamantine, ʔ-d'ǎ-mǎn-tǎn, *a.* made of

Adapt, ʔ-dǎp't, *c. a.* to fit, to suit

Adaptation, ʔ-d'ǎp tǎ-shǎn, *s.* the act of fitting

Add, ʔ-d', *v. a.* to join to, to increase

Addecimate, ʔ-d-dǎs'-im ǎt, *v. a.* to take or ascertain tithes [count

Addem, ʔ-d-dǎm, *v. a.* to esteem, ac-

Adder, ʔ-d-dǎr, *s.* a serpent, a viper

Adder's grass, ʔ-d-dǎrz grǎs, *s.* a plant

Adder's tongue, ʔ-d-dǎrz-tōng, *s.* an herb

Adder's wort, ʔ-d-dǎrz-wǔrt, *s.* an herb

Addible, ʔ-d'dǎbl, *a.* that which may be added [dicate

Addict, ʔ-d-dǎkt', *v. a.* to devote, to de-

Additament, ʔ-d-dǎt-tǎ-mǎnt', *s.* addition, the thing added

Addition, ʔ-d dǎsh'-ǎn, *s.* the act of adding one thing to another, thing added

Additional, ʔ-d-dǎsh'-ǎn-ǎl, *a.* that is added

Addle, ʔ-d'l, *a.* barren, empty, originally applied to eggs, and signifying such as produce nothing

Addle-pated, ʔ-d'l-pǎ-tǎd, *a.* empty-headed, weak

Address, ʔ-d drǎs', *v. a.* to prepare one's self to enter upon any action, to apply to another by words.—*s.* a verbal application, courtship, manner of addressing another, skill, dexterity

Adduce, ʔ-d-dǎtse, *v. a.* to bring in, allege

Adducant, ʔ-d-dǎ-sǎnt, *a.* any muscle that contracts

Addulce, ʔ-d-dǎl's, *v. a.* to sweeten

Ademption, ʔ-dǎmp'-shǎn, *s.* a privation

Adenography, ʔ-d-ǎnǒg-grǎf-ŷ, *s.* a treatise of the glands [in his art

Adopt, ʔ-d-ǎp't, *s.* a person well versed

Adequate, ʔ-d-ǎkwǎt, *a.* equal to, proportionate

Adected, ʔ-d-fǎk'-tǎd, *a.* compounded

Adhere, ʔ-d'hǎre, *v. n.* to stick to, to remain fixed to a party or opinion

Adherence, ʔ-d'hǎr-ǎns, *s.* attachment

Adherent, ʔ-d hǎ-rǎnt, *a.* sticking to, united with.—*s.* a follower, a partisan

Adhesion, ʔ-d-hǎ-shǎn, *s.* act or state of sticking to

Adhesive, ʔ-d-hǎ-sǎv, *s.* sticking to, tenacious [make use of

Adhibit, ʔ-d-hǎb'-yt, *v. a.* to apply to, to

Adhibition, ʔ-d-hǎb'-ysh'-ǎn, *s.* application, use

Adjacent, ʔ-d-dzhǎ-sǎnt, *a.* laying close to, bordering upon something.—*s.* that which lies next another

Adiaphorous, ʔ-di-ǎf'-ō-rǎs, *a.* neutral

Adiaphory, ʔ-di-ǎf'-ō-rŷ, *s.* neutrality, indifference [put to

Adject, ʔ-d-dzhǎkt', *v. a.* to add to, to

Adjection, ʔ-d-dzhǎkt'-shǎn, *s.* the act of adding [ed, thrown in

Adjectitious, ʔ-d-dzhǎkt'-tǎsh'us, *a.* add-

Adjective, ʔ-d-dzhǎkt-tǎv, *s.* a word added to a noun to denote its quality, as good, bad, &c.

Adieu, ʔ-dǎ', *ad.* farewell

Adjoin, ʔ-d-dzhǎyn, *v. a.* to join or unite

Adjourn, ʔ-d-dzhǎrn, *v. a.* to put off, to postpone [ting off

Adjournment, ʔ-d-dzhǎrn'-mǎnt, *s.* a put

Adipose, ʔ-d'ŷ-pǎse, *a.* fat, greasy

Adit, ʔ-d'ŷt, *s.* a passage underground

Adjudge, ʔ-d-dzhǎdzh', *v. a.* to sentence to a punishment, to judge, to decree

Adjudicate, ʔ-d-dzhǎd'-dŷk-ǎt, *v. a.* to determine by law

Adjugate, ʔ-d-zhǎ gǎte, *v. a.* to yoke to

Adjunct, ʔ-d-dzhǎngkt, *s.* something adherent to another

Adjunction, ʔ-d-dzhǎngkt'-shǎn, *s.* act of joining, thing joined

Adjuration, ʔ-d-zhǎ-rǎ shǎn, *s.* the tendering or taking of an oath, form of oath proposed

Adjure, ʔ-d-zhǎre, *v. a.* to tender an oath and prescribe the form

Adjust, ʔ-d dǎhtst', *v. a.* to regulate, put in order, settle [an artificial fountain

Adjutage, ʔ-d-ǎd-tǎdzh, *s.* spout fitted to

Adjutant, ʔ-d-zhǎ-tǎnt, *s.* military officer who assists the major

Adjute, ʔ-d-dzhǎt, *v. a.* to help, concur

Adjutor, ʔ-d dzhǎ-tǎr, *s.* a helper [ru

Adjuvant, ʔ-d-dzhǎ-vǎnt, *a.* helpful, use-

Adjuvate, ʔ-d-zhǎ-vǎte, *v. a.* to help, to further [by generals to their armies

Adlocution, ʔ-dlǎ-kǎ-shǎn, *s.* speech made

Admeasure, ʔ-d-mǎzh-ǎr, *v. a.* to measure by rule

Admeasurement, ʔ-d-mǎzh-ǎr'-mǎnt, *s.* measuring by a standard

Admensuration, ʔ-d-mǎn-sǎr-ǎ-shǎn, *s.* the act of measuring to each kin our

Sounds—hăt, hâte, hăl, liăr—măt, dăist, mē, hēr—chŭn, chine, fteid, shirt—

- Administer**, kđ-mŭn'-s-tér, *v. a.* to act as minister or agent, to officiate
Administration, kđ-mŭn'-s-tră-shŭn, *s.* the act of administering
Administrative, kđ-mŭn'-s-tră-tiv, *a.* that which administers
Administrator, kđ-mŭn'-s-tră-tór, *s.* he that administers in consequence of a will, that officiates in divine rites
Administratrix, kđ-mŭn'-s-tră-triks, *s.* a female administrator
Admirable, kđ-mŭr'-shl, *a.* to be admired
Admiral, kđ-mŭr'-shl, *s.* principal sea officer
Admiralty, kđ-mŭr'-shl, *s.* the supreme office for the superintendence of naval affairs
Admiration, kđ mŭ-ră-shŭn, *s.* the act of admire, kđ-mŭr'e, *v. a.* to regard with wonder, to esteem [may be admitted]
Admissible, kđ-mŭs'-shl, *a.* that which
Admission, kđ-mŭs'-shŭn, *s.* the act of admitting, allowance of an argument
Admit, kđ mŭt, *v. a.* to let in, to grant, to allow an argument or position
Admittance, kđ-mŭt'-tens, *s.* a power of entering, act of entering
Admix, kđ-mŭks, *v. a.* to mingle with
Admixtion, kđ-mŭks'-shŭn, *s.* union of one body with another [mixed]
Admixture, kđ-mŭks'-shŭn, *s.* the bodies
Admonish, kđ-mŭn'-sh, *v. a.* to reprove gently, to caution [counsel]
Admonition, kđ-mŭn'-shŭn, *s.* advice
Admonitory, kđ-mŭn'-sh-tór-y, *a.* that admonishes
Adnoun, kđ-nŭn, *s.* an adjective
Ado, kđ-dŭ, *s.* trouble, bustle, tumult
Adolescence, kđ-dŭl'-sh-sens, *s.* the prime of youth
Adopt, kđ-dŭp, *v. a.* to take a child by choice and make it one's own though not so by birth, to embrace any particular method or manner [of adopting]
Adoption, kđ-dŭp'-shŭn, *s.* the act or state
Adorable, kđ-dŭ-ră-bŭl, *a.* worthy of adoration [image paid to the divinity]
Adoration, kđ-dŭ-ră-shŭn, *s.* worship, ho-
Adore, kđ-dŭr'e, *v. a.* to worship
Adorn, kđ-dŭrn, *v. a.* to dress, to decorate
Adorning, kđ-dŭrn'-ting, *s.* ornament, embellishment [the ground]
Adown, kđ-dŭw'n, *prep.* down, towards
Adrift, kđ-drift, *ad.* floating at random
Adroit, kđ-drŭt, *a.* active, skilful
Adry, kđ-dry, *ad.* athirst, thirsty
Adscitious, kđ-sŭ-tshŭs, *a.* borrowed, added
Adstriction, kđ-strŭk'-shŭn, *s.* the act of binding together
Advance, kđ-văns, *v. a.* to bring forward, prefer.—*v. n.* to come forward
Imake improvement—*s.* the act of coming forward, progression, improvement [ment, improvement]
Advancement, kđ-văns'-mënt, *s.* prefer
Advantage, kđ-văn'-tădz, *s.* superiority, opportunity, gain.—*v. a.* to benefit, to promote, to bring forward
Advantageous, kđ-văn'-tă-dzhŭs, *a.* profitable, useful [to]
Advene, kđ-věne, *v. n.* to be superadded
Advenient, kđ-věn'-yěnt, *a.* superadded
Advent, kđ-věnt, *s.* the four weeks before Christmas; it means the coming, that is, the coming of our Saviour
Adventitious, kđ-věn'-tshŭs, *a.* accidental, casual, extrinsically added
Adventual, kđ-věn'-tshŭl, *a.* relating to the season of Advent
Adventure, kđ-věn'-tshŭr, *s.* accident, chance, hazard.—*v. n.* to try the chance, to dare
Adventurer, kđ-věn'-tshŭr-ér, *s.* one who adventures or hazards
Adventurous, kđ-věn'-tshŭr-ús, *a.* daring, courageous, dangerous
Adventuresome, kđ-věn'-tshŭr-sóm, *a.* daring, courageous
Adverb, kđ-věrb, *s.* a word joined to a verb or adjective to denote the manner, time, &c. of an action
Adverbial, kđ-věrb'-yŭl, *a.* having the quality of an adverb
Adversable, kđ-věr'-săbl, *a.* contrary to
Adversaria, kđ-věr'-să-ryŭ, *s.* a common place book [antagonist, enemy]
Adversary, kđ-věr'-să-ry, *s.* an opponent
Adverse, kđ-věr'-să, *a.* contrary, calamitous
Adversity, kđ-věr'-să-tŭ, *s.* calamity, misfortune [regard, to heed]
Advert, kđ-věr', *v. n.* to attend to, to
Advertency, kđ-věr'-tēn-sŭ, *s.* attention, heedfulness [heedful]
Advertent, kđ-věr'-tēnt, *a.* attentive
Advertise, kđ-věr'-tŭz, *v. a.* to inform, to give public notice
Advertisement, kđ-věr'-tŭz'-mënt, *s.* information, notice [notice]
Advertising, kđ-věr'-tŭz'-ting, *a.* giving
Advice, kđ-vŭz, *s.* counsel, instruction, notice [what is best]
Advisable, kđ-vŭz'-shl, *a.* prudent
Advise, kđ-vŭz, *v. a.* to counsel, to inform.—*v. n.* to consult, to consider

shôt, nôte, lôse, actôr—hût, pûsh, mâte, fûr—truly, rye—thus, thick.

- Advised**, ăd-vî-zêd, *part.* acting with deliberation, prudent [compliment
Adulation, ăd-ŭ-lă-shŭn, *s.* flattery, high
Adulator, ăd-ŭ-lă-tôr, *s.* flatterer.
Adulatory, ăd-ŭ-lă-tôr-y, *a.* flattering
Adult, ăd-ŭlt', *a.* grown up, past the age of infancy—*s.* a person above the age of infancy.
Adulterate, ăd-ŭl'-tér-âte, *v. a.* to commit adultery, corruptly foreign admixture
Adulterate, ăd-ŭl'-tér-at, *a.* tainted with the guilt of adultery, corrupted with foreign admixture
Adulteration, ăd-ŭl'-tér-ă-shŭn, *s.* the act of corrupting by mixture
Adulterer, ăd-ŭl'-tér-er, *s.* a man guilty of adultery [guilty of adultery
Adulteress, ăd-ŭl'-tér-ēs, *s.* a woman
Adulterous, ăd-ŭl'-tér-ŭs, *a.* guilty of adultery [lating the marriage bed
Adultery, ăd-ŭl'-tér-y, *s.* the act of violating
Adumbrate, ăd-ŭm-brâte, *v. a.* to shadow out faintly [sketch
Adumbration, ăd-ŭm-bră'-shŭn, *s.* a faint
Adunation, ăd-ŭ-nă-shŭn, *s.* state of being united, union
Advocate, ăd-vô-kâte, *s.* a pleader in a court of judicature, a vindicator
Advocation, ăd-vô-kă'-shŭn, *s.* the act of pleading, plea, apology
Advowson, ăd-vô-wôn, *s.* right to present to a benefice
Adure, ăd-ŭ're, **Adust**, ăd-ŭst, *v. n.* to burn up [ed
Adusted, ăd-ŭstêd, *a.* burnt up, scorched
Adustible, ăd-ŭst'ible, *a.* that may be burnt up [burning or drying
Adustion, ăd-ŭs'-tshŭn, *s.* the act of
Ads, ăds, *s.* a sort of ax
Æra, ě-ră, *s.* a date of time
Ærated, ă-ě-ră-têd, *a.* impregnated with air or aerial acid
Aerial, ă-ě-ră-ył, *a.* belonging to the air
Aerology, ă-ěr-ŭl'-ô-dzhŭ, *s.* doctrine of the air [divining by the air
Aeromancy, ă-ěr-ŭ-măns-y, *s.* the art of
Aerometry, ă-ěr-ŭm'-ě-trŭ, *s.* the art of measuring the air [through the air
Aeronaut, ă-ěr-ŭ-năt, *s.* one who sails
Aerocopy, ă-ěr-ŭs'-kôpy, *s.* the observation of the air [to aerostation
Aerostatic, ă-ěr-ŭ-stăt'-ik, *a.* belonging
Aerostation, ă-ěr-ŭ-stăt'-shŭn, *s.* a passing through the air in balloons
Afar, ă-fă'r, *a.* a great distance
Affability, ăf-fă-bil'-i-tŭ, *s.* easiness of manners
Affable, ăf-fă-bl, *a.* civil, complaisant
Affair, ăf-fă're, *s.* business, thing to be managed or transacted.
Affect, ăf-fekt', *s.* affection, passion—*v. a.* to influence the passions, to assume [appearance
Affectation, ăf-fekt'-tă'-shŭn, *s.* artificial
Affected, ăf-fekt'-têd, *part.* moved, affected
Affection, ăf-fekt'-shŭn, *s.* love, kindness
Affectionate, ăf-fekt'-shôn-ět, *a.* zealous, fond, tender [ed
Affectioned, ăf-fekt'-shôn-ěd, *a.* conceited
Affective, ăf-fekt'-tŭv, *a.* that which affects
Affiance, ăf-fŭ-ăns, *s.* marriage contract, trust, hope—*v. a.* to confide in
Affanced, ăf-fŭ-ăns-ěd, *prep.* betrothed
Affidavit, ăf-fŭ-dŭ-vŭt, *s.* declaration on oath
Affiliation, ăf-fŭ-l-yă'-shŭn, *s.* adoption
Affinage, ăf-fŭ-nědz, *s.* the act of refining metals
Affinity, ăf-fŭ-n'-y-tŭ, *s.* relation by marriage, relation to, connection with
Affirm, ăf-fŭrm', *v. n.* to declare, assert confidently—*v. a.* to ratify or approve
Affirmance, ăf-fŭrměns, *s.* a confirmation
Affirmation, ăf-fŭrm-ă'-shŭn, *s.* confirmation, declaration [or declares
Affirmative, ăf-fŭrm'-ă-tŭv, *a.* that affirms
Affix, ăf-fŭks', *v. a.* to subjoin, fasten to
Affliction, ăf-fŭ-ăshŭn, *s.* the act of breathing upon
Afflict, ăf-fŭkt', *v. n.* to grieve, torment
Afflicted, ăf-fŭkt'-têd, *part.* sorrowful, tormented
Affliction, ăf-fŭkt'-shŭn, *s.* calamity, grief
Afflictive, ăf-fŭkt'-tŭv, *a.* painful, tormenting
Affluence, ăf-fŭ-ăns, *s.* plenty, wealth
Affluent, ăf-fŭ-ănt, *a.* abundant, wealthy
Afflux, ăf-fŭks', **Affluxion**, ăf-fŭk'-shŭn, *s.* the act of flowing, what flows to another place
Afford, ăf-fôrd, *v. a.* to produce, grant, to be able to bear certain expences
Afforest, ăf-fôr-ŭst, *v. a.* to turn ground into forest [free
Affranchise, ăf-frăn'-tchŭz, *v. a.* to make
Affray, ăf-fră', *v. a.* to fright, to terrify—*s.* great tumult, quarrel
Affright, ăf-frŭt', *v. a.* to alarm, to terrify—*s.* terror, fear
Affront, ăf-frŭnt', *v. a.* to provoke, to insult, to offend—*s.* an insult, an act of contempt [the quality of affronting
Affronting, ăf-frŭnt'-ŭng, *part. a.* that he

Sounds—hât, hâte, hâll, liâr—mêt, dâist, mē, hēr—chÿn, chine, feld, shîrt—

- Administer**, ăd-mîn'-s-tér, *v. a.* to act as minister or agen., to officiate
Administration, ăd-mîn'-s-tră-shûn, *s.* the act of administering
Administrative, ăd-mîn'-s-tră-tîv, *a.* that which administers
Administrator, ăd-mîn'-s-tră-tôr, *s.* he that administers in consequence of a will, that officiates in divine rites
Administratrix, ăd-mîn'-s-tră-trîks, *s.* a female administrator
Admirable, ăd-mîr'-ăbl, *a.* to be admired
Admiral, ăd-mî'-răl, *s.* principal sea officer
Admiralty, ăd-mî'-răl-ty, *s.* the supreme office for the superintendence of naval affairs [admiring, wonder
Admiration, ăd mî'-ră-shûn, *s.* the act of
Admire, ăd-mî're, *v. a.* to regard with wonder, to esteem [may be admitted
Admissible, ăd-mîs'-sîbl, *a.* that which
Admission, ăd-mî-shûn, *s.* the act of admitting, allowance of an argument
Admit, ăd mî't, *v. a.* to let in, to grant, to allow an argument or position
Admittance, ăd-mî't-téns, *s.* a power of entering, act of entering
Admix, ăd-mîks', *v. a.* to mingle with
Admixtion, ăd-mîks'-shûn, *s.* union of one body with another [mixed
Admixture, ăd-mîks'-tûre, *s.* the bodies
Admonish, ăd-môn'-îsh, *v. a.* to reprove gently, to caution [counsel
Admonition, ăd-môn'-ny-shûn, *s.* advice,
Admonitory, ăd-môn'-y-tôr-y, *a.* that admonishes
Adnoun, ăd-ădn, *s.* an adjective
Ado, ăd-ô, *s.* trouble, bustle, tumult
Adolescence, ăd-ôl'-s-ens, *s.* the prime of youth
Adopt, ăd-ôpt', *v. a.* to take a child by choice and make it one's own though not so by birth, to embrace any particular method or manner [of adopting
Adoption, ăd-ôpt'-shûn, *s.* the act or state
Adorable, ăd-ô-ră-bl, *a.* worthy of adoration [image paid to the divinity
Adoration, ăd-ô-ră-shûn, *s.* worship, ho-
Adore, ăd-ô're, *v. a.* to worship
Adorn, ăd-ôrn, *v. a.* to dress, to decorate
Adorning, ăd-ôrn'-îng, *s.* ornament, embellishment [the group
Adown, ăd-ôwn, *prep.* down, towards
Adrift, ăd-drîft', *ad.* floating at random
Adroit, ăd-rôyt', *a.* active, skilful
Adry, ăd-ry', *ad.* athirst, thirsty
Adscitious, ăd-sî-tîsh-ús, *a.* borrowed, added
- Adstriction**, ăd-strîk'-shûn, *s.* the act of binding together
Advance, ăd-văns, *v. a.* to bring forward, prefer.—*v. n.* to come forward, make improvement.—*s.* the act of coming forward, progression, improvement [ment, improvement
Advancement, ăd-văns'-mēt, *s.* prefer-
Advantage, ăd-văn'-têdz, *s.* superiority, opportunity, gain.—*v. a.* to benefit, to promote, to bring forward
Advantageous, ăd-văn-tă-dzhús, *a.* profitable, useful [to
Advene, ăd-vēne, *v. n.* to be superadded
Advenient, ăd-vēn'-yēt, *a.* superadded
Advent, ăd-vēnt, *s.* the four weeks before Christmas; it means the coming, that is, the coming of our Saviour
Adventitious, ăd-vēn'-tîsh-ús, *a.* accidental, casual, extrinsically added
Adventual, ăd-vēnt-tô-ăl, *a.* relating to the season of Advent
Adventure, ăd-vēn'-tûre, *s.* accident, chance, hazard.—*v. n.* to try the chance, to dare
Adventurer, ăd-vēn'-tûr-ér, *s.* one who adventures or hazards
Adventurous, ăd-vēn'-tûr-ús, *a.* daring, courageous, dangerous
Adventuresome, ăd-vēn'-tûr-sóm, *a.* daring, courageous
Adverb, ăd-vérb, *s.* a word joined to a verb or adjective to denote the manner, time, &c. of an action
Adverbial, ăd-vér'b-yăl, *a.* having the quality of an adverb
Adversable, ăd-vér'-sêbl, *a.* contrary to
Adversaria, ăd-vér-să-ryă, *s.* a common place book [antagonist, enemy
Adversary, ăd-vér-săr-y, *s.* an opponent
Adverse, ăd-vér-s, *a.* contrary, calamitous
Adversity, ăd-vér'-sî-ty, *s.* calamity, misfortune [regard, to heed
Advert, ăd-vért', *v. n.* to attend to, to
Advertency, ăd-vér-tên-sy, *s.* attention, heedfulness [heedful
Advertent, ăd-vér'-tēt, *a.* attentive,
Advertise, ăd-vér-tîze, *v. a.* to inform, to give public notice
Advertisement, ăd-vér-tîz-mēt, *s.* information, notice [notice
Advertising, ăd-vér-tî-zîng, *a.* giving
Advice, ăd-vîze, *s.* counsel, instruction, notice [what is best
Advisable, ăd-vîz'-ăbl, *a.* prudent,
Advise, ăd-vîze, *v. a.* to counsel, to inform.—*v. n.* to consult, to consider

shôt, nôte, lôse, actôr—hût, pûsh, mâte, fûr—truly, rje—thus, thick.

- Advised, ăd-vî-zêd, *part.* acting with deliberation, prudent [compliment
Adulation, ăd-ŭ-lă-shŭn, *s.* flattery, high
Adulator, ăd-ŭ-lă-tôr, *s.* flatterer.
Adulatory, ăd-ŭ-lă-tôr-y, *a.* flattering
Adult, ă-dŭlt', *a.* grown up, past the age of infancy—*s.* a person above the age of infancy.
Adulterate, ăd-dŭl'-tér-ate, *v. a.* to commit adultery, corrupt by foreign admixture
Adulterate, ă-dŭl'-tér-át, *a.* tainted with the guilt of adultery, corrupted with foreign admixture
Adulteration, ă-dŭl'-tér-ă-shŭn, *s.* the act of corrupting by mixture
Adulterer, ă-dŭl'-tér-er, *s.* a man guilty of adultery [guilty of adultery
Adulteress, ă-dŭl'-tér-ēs, *s.* a woman
Adulterous, ă-dŭl'-tér-ŭs, *a.* guilty of adultery [lating the marriage bed
Adultery, ă-dŭl'-tér-y, *s.* the act of violation
Adumbrate, ăd-ŭm-bră-tē, *v. a.* to shadow out faintly [sketch
Adumbration, ăd-ŭm-bră-shŭn, *s.* a faint
Adunation, ăd-ŭnă-shŭn, *s.* state of being united, union
Advocate, ăd-vô-kâte, *s.* a pleader in a court of judicature, a vindicator
Advocation, ăd-vô-kă-shŭn, *s.* the act of pleading, plea, apology
Advowson, ăd-vôw-zôn, *s.* right to present to a benefice
Adure, ă-dŭ're, Adust, ăd-ŭst, *v. n.* to burn up [ed
Adusted, ăd-ŭs-têd, *a.* burnt up, scorched
Adustible, ăd-ŭst-ŭble, *a.* that may be burnt up [burning or drying
Adustion, ăd-ŭs-tshŭn, *s.* the act of Ads, ăd-s', *s.* a sort of ax
Era, ē-ră, *s.* a date of time
Aerated, ă-er-ă-têd, *a.* impregnated with air or aerial acid
Aerial, ă-er-yăl, *a.* belonging to the air
Aerology, ă-er-ŭl'-ô-dăzh-y, *s.* doctrine of the air [divining by the air
Aeromancy, ă-er-ŭ-măn-s-y, *s.* the art of
Aerometry, ă-er-ŭm'-et-r-y, *s.* the art of measuring the air [through the air
Aeronaut, ă-er-ŭ-năt, *s.* one who sails
Aerocopy, ă-er-ŭs-kôp-y, *s.* the observation of the air [to aerostation
Aerostatic, ă-er-ŭ-s-tăt-ŭk, *a.* belonging
Aerostation, ă-er-ŭ-s-tăt-shŭn, *s.* a passing through the air in balloons
Afar, ă-făr, *a.* a great distance
Affability, ăf-fă-bil'-i-t-y, *s.* easiness of manners

- Affable, ăf-fă-bl, *a.* civil, complaisant
Affair, ăf-fă're, *s.* business, thing to be managed or transacted.
Affect, ăf-fekt', *s.* affection, passion—*v. a.* to influence the passions, to assume [appearance
Affectation, ăf-fek-tă-shŭn, *s.* artificial
Affected, ăf-fek-têd, *part.* moved, affected
Affection, ăf-fek'-shŭn, *s.* love, kindness
Affectionate, ăf-fek'-shôn-ēt, *a.* zealous, fond, tender [ed
Affectioned, ăf-fek'-shôn-ēd, *a.* conceited
Affective, ăf-fek-tiv, *a.* that which affects
Affiance, ăf-făns, *s.* marriage contract, trust, hope—*v. a.* to confide in
Affianced, ăf-făns-ēd, *prep.* betrothed
Affidavit, ăf-fid-ă-vit, *s.* declaration on oath
Affiliation, ăf-fil-yă-shŭn, *s.* adoption
Affinage, ăf-fin-ăzh, *s.* the act of refining metals
Affinity, ăf-fy-n'-i-t-y, *s.* relation by marriage, relation to, connection with
Affirm, ăf-firm', *v. n.* to declare, assert confidently—*v. a.* to ratify or approve
Affirmance, ăf-firm-ens, *s.* a confirmation
Affirmation, ăf-firm-ă-shŭn, *s.* confirmation, declaration [or declares
Affirmative, ăf-firm'-ă-tiv, *a.* that affirms
Affix, ăf-fiks', *v. a.* to subjoin, fasten to
Affixation, ăf-fă-shŭn, *s.* the act of breathing upon
Afflict, ăf-fikt', *v. n.* to grieve, torment
Afflicted, ăf-fikt'-têd, *part.* sorrowful, tormented
Affliction, ăf-fikt'-shŭn, *s.* calamity, grief
Afflictive, ăf-fikt'-tiv, *a.* painful, tormenting
Affluence, ăf-flŭ-ens, *s.* plenty, wealth
Affluent, ăf-flŭ-ent, *a.* abundant, wealthy
Afflux, ăf-flŭks, Affluxion, ăf-flŭk-shŭn, *s.* the act of flowing, what flows to another place
Afford, ăf-fôrd, *v. a.* to produce, grant, to be able to bear certain expences
Afforest, ăf-fôr-ist, *v. a.* to turn ground into forest [free
Affranchise, ăf-frăn'-tchyz, *v. a.* to make
Affray, ăf-fră', *v. a.* to fright, to terrify—*s.* great tumult, quarrel
Affright, ăf-frīt, *v. a.* to alarm, to terrify—*s.* terror, fear
Affront, ăf-front', *v. a.* to provoke, to insult, to offend—*s.* an insult, an act of contempt [the quality of affronting
Affronting, ăf-front'-ing, *part. a.* that has

Sounds.—hât, hâte, hâll, liâr—mêt, dêsiat, mêt, hêr—chîn, chine, fiêd, shîrt—

- Affuse**, ʔf-fû'ze, *v. a.* to pour one thing on another [fusing]
Affusion, ʔf-fû'-shûn, *s.* the act of affusing
Afield, ʔf-fêld, *ad.* to, or in the field, abroad
Afloat, ʔf-fô'te, *ad.* floating
Afoot, ʔf-fû't, *ad.* on foot, in action
Afore, ʔf-fô're, *prep.* before, sooner in time [fitted or prepared]
Aforehand, ʔf-fô're-hând, *ad.* previously
Aforesaid, ʔf-fô're-sâd, *s.* said before
Aforetime, ʔf-fô're-time, *ad.* in time past [terrified]
Afraid, ʔf-frâde, *a.* struck with fear
Afresh, ʔf-frêsh', *ad.* anew, over again
Aft, ʔft', or **Abaft**, ʔf-bâft, *ad.* the hinder part or stern of a ship
After, ʔf-têr, *prep.* behind, *ad.* following another [crop of grass]
Aftermath, ʔf-têr-mâth, *s.* the second
Afternoon, ʔf-têr-nô'n, *s.* the time from noon to evening [birth]
Afterpains, ʔf-têr-pânz, *s.* pains after
Afterpart, ʔf-têr-pârt, *s.* the latter part
Afterthought, ʔf-têr-thât, *s.* a reflection after the act, an expedient formed too late [ing time]
Afterward, ʔf-têr-wârd, *ad.* in succeeding
Aga, ʔgâ, *s.* the title of a Turkish military officer of rank
Again, ʔgên', *ad.* a second time, once more, in return, on the other hand
Against, ʔgênst', *prep.* contrary, opposite [ness]
Agape, ʔgâp', *ad.* staring with eagerness
Agast, ʔgâst', *a.* struck with terror or amazement [the lowest class]
Agate, ʔgâ't, *s.* a precious stone of
Age, ʔdz, *s.* any period of time in which any particular man or race of men lived, space of a hundred years, latter part of life, state of being no longer a minor
Aged, ʔdz'êd, *a.* old, stricken in years [an agent]
Agency, ʔdzh-ên-ây, *s.* business of
Agent, ʔdzhênt, *a.* acting upon, active—*s.* a substitute, a deputy, a factory [cretion of ice]
Agglatation, ʔg-dzhê-lâ-shûn, *s.* a con-
Aggregation, ʔg-dzhê-ér-â-shûn, *s.* the act of growing to another body
Agglomerate, ʔg-glôm'er-âte, *v. a.* to gather up in a ball
Agglutinate, ʔg-glû'tîn-âte, *v. n.* to unite together [union, a cohesion]
Agglutination, ʔg-glû'tîn-â-shûn, *s.* an
- Aggrandize**, ʔg-grân-dâze, *v. a.* to make great, to enlarge, to exalt
Aggravate, ʔg-grâ-vâte, *v. a.* to make worse, to provoke
Aggravation, ʔg-grâ-vâ-shûn, *s.* a provocation, an exciting to anger
Aggregate, ʔg-grê-gê't, *a.* framed by the collection of sundry parts into one mass—*s.* the sum or whole of many particulars [heap together]
Aggregate, ʔg-grê-gâte, *v. a.* to add or
Aggregation, ʔg-grê-gâ-shûn, *s.* the state of being collected
Aggress, ʔg-grês', *v. n.* to assault or injure first
Aggression, ʔg-grêsh'-ûn, *s.* the commencing a quarrel [assaults]
Aggressor, ʔg-grês-sôr', *s.* one who first
Aggrieve, ʔg-grî've, *v. a.* to give sorrow, to vex, to harass [one view]
Aggroup, ʔg-grôp, *v. a.* to bring into
Aghast, ʔg-â'st, *a.* struck with horror
Agile, ʔdzh'îl, *a.* nimble, active
Agility, ʔdzh'îl-î'ty, *s.* nimbleness
Agio, ʔdzh-yô, *s.* the difference of exchange [to feed per week or month]
Agist, ʔdzhîst', *v. a.* to take in cattle
Agistment, ʔdzhîst'mênt, *s.* herbage of cattle, money paid for pasturing
Agitate, ʔdzhî't-âte, *v. a.* to put in motion, to move, to discuss
Agitation, ʔdzhî't-â-shûn, *s.* the act of moving, a discussion, a perturbation of mind [the same father]
Agnation, ʔg-nâ-shûn, *s.* descent by
Agnition, ʔg-nîsh'-ûn, *s.* acknowledgment [own]
Agnize, ʔg-nî'ze, *v. a.* to confess, to
Agnus castus, ʔg-nîs-câs tûs, *s.* the chaste tree
Ago, ʔgô', *ad.* past, long since
Agog, ʔgôg', *ad.* in a state of longing
Agoing, ʔgô-gîng, *a.* in action
Agonistes, ʔg-ô-nîs'tês, *s.* a prize-fighter
Agonize, ʔg-ô-nî'ze, *v. n.* to be in excessive pain
Agony, ʔg-ô-ný, *s.* the pangs of death, a violent pain of body or mind
Agrarian, ʔg-grâ-ryân, *a.* relating to fields or grounds
Agree, ʔgrê', *v. n.* to be in concord, to be of the same opinion—*v. a.* to reconcile [pleasing]
Agreeable, ʔgrê-âb'l, *a.* consistent with,
Agreed, ʔgrê'd, *part.* settled by mutual consent [mony, bargain]
Agreement, ʔg-grê-mênt, *s.* concord, bar

akhōt, nōte, lōse, actor—hāt, pūsh, mātis, fūr—truly, rje—thus, thick.

Agrestic, ā-grēs-tik', *a. rustic, clownish, unpolished* [ing to agriculture]
Agricultural, ā-grī-kūl' tū-rāl, *a. relating to agriculture*
Agriculture, āg'-rī-cūl' tū-re, *s. tillage, husbandry*

Agrimony, āg'-rī-mōn-y, *s. a plant*
Aground, ā-grōū'nd, *ad. stranded*
Ague, ā-gū, *s. an intermitting fever*
Ah, ā', *int. denoting dislike, compassion, or complaint*

Aha, ā-hā', *int. a word intimating triumph and contempt*

Ahead, ā-hēd', *ad. furthest on*

Aid, ā-de, *v. a. to help, to support, to succour—s. help, support, subsidy*

Aidant, ā-dēnt, *s. a helping, assisting*

Aid-de-camp, ā-dē-kōm, *s. a military officer*

Ail, ā-le, *v. a. to pain, to trouble, to affect in any manner—s. a disease*

Ailing, ā-le-ing, *part. a. sickly*

Ailment, ā-le-mēnt, *s. pain, indisposition*

Aim, ā-me, *v. n. to strive to hit, to reach or obtain, to guess—v. a. to direct missile weapons, &c.—s. c. direction, an intention, a design*

Air, ā-re, *s. the element in which we breathe, a musical tune, mien—v. a. to expose to the air, to warm*

Airiness, ā-rē-nes, *s. gaiety, openness*

Airing, ā-rīng, *s. a short jaunt*

Airpump, ā-re-pūmp, *s. a machine to exhaust air out of certain vessels*

Airy, ā-rē, *a. relating to the air, gay*

Aisle, ā-le, *s. a walk in a church*

Ake, āk'e, *v. n. to feel a dull continual pain* [sembling, alike]

Akin, ā-kīn', *a. allied by blood, re.*

Alabaster, āl'-ā-bās-tēr, *s. a kind of soft white marble*

Alack, ā-lāk', *int. expression of sorrow*

Alackaday, ā-lāk'-ā-dā', *int. a word denoting sorrow and melancholy*

Alacrity, ā-lāk'-rī-tē, *s. willingness, a sprightliness*

Alamode, āl'-ā-mō-de, *ad. in the fashion*

Alarm, āl'-ārm, *s. notice of danger, sudden terror—v. a. to call to arms, to surprise, to disturb*

Alarming, āl'-ārm-ing, *part. a. terrifying, giving alarm*

Alarmpost, āl'-ārm-pōst, *s. a post for each body of men to appear at in case of alarm* [or pity]

Alas, ā-lās', *int. expressing lamentation*

Alb, ālb, *s. a surplice* [standing]

Albeit, āl-bē-it, *ad. though, notwith-*

Alcaic, āl-kā-ik', *a. a species or kind of verse*

Alcaid, āl-kā-de, *s. the government of a castle in Spain, the judge of a city*

Alchymical, āl-kīm'-ik-āl, *a. relating to alchymy*

Alchymy, āl'-kīm-y, *s. occult chemistry*

Alcohol, āl'-kō-hōl, *s. an highly rectified spirit of wine*

Alcoran, āl'-kō-rān, *s. the Turkish bible, or book containing the precepts of the Turkish religion* [in]

Alcove, āl-kō-ve, *s. a recess to lie or sit*

Alder, āl-dēr, *s. a sort of tree*

Alderman, āl-dēr-mān, *s. a magistrate*

Ale, ā-le, *s. a liquor made by infusing malt and hops in hot water*

Alconner, āle-kōn-nér, *s. an officer who examines measures of public uses*

Alcost, āle-cōst, *s. an herb*

Algar, āl'-ē-gār, *s. sour ale*

Alchoof, āle-hōf, *s. ground ivy*

Alehouse, āle-hōūs, *s. a tipping house*

Alembic, ālēm'-bīc, *s. a vessel used in distilling*

Alert, ā-lért', *a. watchful, brisk*

Alexandrine, āl-ēks-ān'-drīn, *s. verse of twelve syllables*

Alexipharmic, ā-lēks-sē-far'-mīk, *a. that drives away poison, antidotal*

Algebra, āl'-dzhē-brā, *s. a peculiar kind of arithmetic* [to algebra]

Algebraic, āl-dzhē-bī-ik', *a. relating*

Algid, āl'-dzhīd, *a. cold, chill* [ness]

Algidity, āl-dzhīd'-y-tē, *s. chilliness, cold*

Algorithm, āl'-gō-rīthm, *s. the science of numbers* [or constable in Spain]

Alguazil, āl'-gā-zīl, *s. a sort of bailiff*

Alias, āl'-i-ās, *ad. otherwise*

Alibi, āl'-i-bi, *s. the absence of a person on a particular occasion proved by his having been elsewhere*

Alien, āl'-yēn, *a. foreign—s. a foreigner, a stranger*

Alienate, āl'-yēn āte, *v. n. to transfer, to withdraw the heart or affections—*

a. withdrawn from

Alienation, āl'-yēn-ā-shūn, *s. the act of transferring, change of affection, mental derangement*

Alight, āl'-īte, *v. a. to come down, to descend, to fall upon* [or form]

Alike, āl'-īke, *ad. in the same manner*

Aliment, āl'-i-mēnt, *s. nutriment, food*

Alimental, āl'-i-mēnt-āl, *a. that nourishes, nourishing*

shōt, nōte, lōse, actōr—hūt, pūsh, māte, fūr—trūly, rye—thus, thick.

Aloes, āl'ō-ēs, *s.* a sort of precious wood used in the East for verifames, a medicinal juice extracted from the common aloes tree [aloes]
Aloetic, āl'ō-ēt'ik, *a.* consisting of
Aloft, ā-lōft, *ad.* on high, in the air, above [abscurdity]
Alogy, āl'ō-dzhŷ, *s.* unreasonableness,
Alone, ā-lō'ne, *a.* without company, solitary [onward]
Along, ā-lōng, *ad.* at length, forward,
Aloof, ā-lōf, *ad.* at a distance [noise]
Aloud, ā-lō'ud, *ad.* loudly, with much
Alpha, āl'fā, *s.* A or first letter in the Greek alphabet, therefore used to signify the first [any language]
Alphabet, āl'fā-bēt, *s.* the letters of
Alphabetic, āl'fā-bēt'ik, *a.* arranged according to the order of the alphabet [Alps]
Alpine, āl'pīne, *a.* belonging to the
Alreedy, āl-rēd'ŷ, *ad.* before or at the time present [likewise]
Also, āl'sō, *ad.* in the same manner,
Altar, āl'tār, *s.* the table in Christian churches, where the communion is administered [offerings]
Altarge, āl'tēr-ēdg, *s.* the profit from
Alter, āl'tēr, *v. a.* to change, to vary
Alternat, āl'tēr-ānt, *a.* that has the power of producing changes
Alteration, āl'tēr'ā-shūn, *s.* the act of altering or changing; a change made
Alternative, āl'tēr-ā-tiv, *a.* medicines that gradually gain upon and improve the constitution
Altercation, āl'tēr-ā-shūn, *s.* a debate, controversy, wrangle
Alternate, āl'tēr-nēt, *a.* by turns, reciprocal—*s.* what happens alternately, vicissitude
Alternate, āl'tēr-nāte, *v. a.* to perform alternately, to change one thing for another reciprocally
Alternation, āl'tēr-nā-shūn, *s.* reciprocal succession of things
Alternative, āl'tēr-nā-tiv, *s.* a choice given of two things [ing, however]
Although, āl-thō, *conj.* notwithstanding
Altimetry, āl-tīm'ē-trŷ, *s.* the art of taking or measuring heights
Altrionant, āl-tis'ō-nānt, *a.* high sounding, pompous
Altitude, āl'ti-tūde, *s.* the height of a place, the elevation of any of the heavenly bodies above the horizon

Alto, āl'tō, *s.* & *a.* counter tenour high [pletely, entirely]
Altogether, āl-tō-gēth-er, *ad.* com-
Alum, āl'ūm, *s.* a kind of mineral salt of an acid taste [of alum]
Aluminous, āl'ū-mŷ-nūs, *a.* consisting
Always, āl-wāz, *ad.* perpetually, constantly [of the verb To be]
Am, ām, the first person of the present
Amability, ā-mā-bil'it-ty, *s.* levelness
Amain, ā-mā'ne, *ad.* with vehemence
Amalgam, ā-māl-gām, *s.* a mixture of metals
Amalgamate, ā-māl-gā-māte, *v. n.* to unite metals with quicksilver
Amalgamation, ā-māl-gām-ā-shūn, *s.* the act of amalgamating metals
Amandation, ā-mān-dā-shūn, *s.* the act of sending on a message
Amanuensis, ā-mān-ū-ēn-sŷs, *s.* a person who writes what another dictates
Amaranth, ām'ā-rānth, *s.* a sort of plant; in poetry, an imaginary flower unfading [ing of amarantus]
Amaranthine, ā-mā-rān-thŷn, *a.* consist-
Amartitude, ā-mā-r'it-tūde, *s.* bitterness
Amass, ā-mās', *v. a.* to heap up, to collect together [the fine arts]
Amateur, ām'ā-tūr, *s.* a lover of any of
Amatory, ām'ā-tōr'ŷ, *a.* relating to love
Amaze, ā-mā'ze, *v. a.* to confound, to surprise, to astonish—*s.* astonishment, confusion [ment]
Amazement, ā-mā'ze-mēt, *s.* astonish-
Amazing, ā-māz'ing, *part. a.* wonder-ful, astonishing
Amazon, ām'ā-zōn, *s.* a race of war-like women [tion]
Ambages, ām-bā-dzhēz, *s.* circumlocu-
Ambasade, ām-bās'ādē, *s.* embassy
Ambassador, ām-bās'ā-dōr, *s.* a person sent in a public manner from one power to another
Ambassage, ām-bās'ādsh, *s.* an embassy
Amber, ām'bēr, *s.* a yellow transparent gum—a. consisting of amber
Ambergis, ām'bēr-gris, *s.* a fragrant drug, both a perfume and cordial
Ambidexter, ām-bŷ-dēks'tēr, *s.* a person that can use both hands alike, who is equally ready to act on either side
Ambidextrous, ām-bŷ-dēks'trŷs, *a.* double dealing, practising on both sides [encompassing]
Ambient, ām-by-ēnt, *a.* surrounding

Sounds -hít, háte, háll, liár—mēt, dēaišt, mē, hēr—cū'n, chine, fíeld, shírt

Ambiguity, ʔm-bŷg-ú-ʔ-tŷ, *s.* doubtfulness of meaning, uncertainty of signification

Ambiguous, ʔm-bŷg-ú-ʔ-ús, *a.* doubtful
Ambit, ʔm-bít, *s.* compass or circuit of any thing

Ambition, ʔm-bŷsh'ún, *s.* an earnest desire of preferment or honour, great pride

Ambitious, ʔm-bŷsh'-ús, *a.* aspiring,
Ambler, ʔm-b'l, *v. n.* to pace, to move easily

Ambrosia, ʔm-br'óshyʔ, *s.* the imaginary food of the gods, a sort of plant
Ambrosial, ʔm-br'óshyál, *a.* possessing the qualities of ambrosia, delicious

Ambry, ʔm-brē, *s.* a pantry
Ambulance, ʔm-z'áse, *s.* a double ace

Ambulation, ʔm-bù-lá-shún, *s.* the act of walking

Ambulatory, ʔm'-bù-lá-tòr'ŷ, *a.* that has the power or faculty of walking
Ambuscade, ʔm-bùs-ká'de, *s.* a private post in which men lie in order to surprise

Ambush, ʔm'-bùsh, *s.* place to lie in
Amel, ʔm'-él, *s.* matter used for enamelling

Amen, ʔm'-én, *ad.* so be it, verily
Amenable, ʔm'-é-nébl, *a.* responsible, subject to

Amenance, ʔm'-é-néns, *s.* conduct, behaviour
Amend, ʔm'-énd, *v. a.* to reform, to grow better

Amendment, ʔm'-énd'-mént, *s.* a change
Amends, ʔm'-énd'z, *s.* recompence, compensation

Amenity, ʔm'-én'ŷ-tŷ, *s.* pleasantness
Amerce, ʔm'-ér's, *v. a.* to punish by fine or penalty

Amethyst, ʔm'-é-thŷst, *s.* a precious stone of a violet colour

Amiable, ʔm'-yébl, *a.* lovely, pleasing
Amicable, ʔm'-ŷk-ébl, *a.* friendly, kind

Amidst, ʔm'-mŷst, *prep.* in the midst, among

Amiss, ʔm'-mŷs, *ad.* faultily, wrong, criminal
Amisson, ʔm'-mŷsh'ún, *s.* loss

Amit, ʔm'-mŷt, *v. a.* to lose
Amity, ʔm'-ŷ-tŷ, *s.* friendship

Ammoniac, ʔm'-nō-nyák, *s.* a gum, a salt

Ammunition, ʔm-mū nŷsh'ún, *s.* military
Amnesty, ʔm'-nēs-tŷ, *s.* an act of general pardon

Among, ʔm-mōng, *prep.* mingled with
Amorist, ʔm'-ō-rŷst, *s.* a gallant

Amorous, ʔm'-ór-ús, *a.* enamoured, inclined to love

Amort, ʔm-mórt, *ad.* dull, heavy, spiritless

Amortize, ʔm'-ór-tŷze, *v. a.* to transmute
Amotion, ʔm-mó-shún, *s.* the act of putting away, removal

Amove, ʔm-móve, *v. a.* to remove
Amount, ʔm-móunt, *v. n.* to rise

Amour, ʔm-mórt, *s.* an affair of gallant intrigue

Amphibious, ʔm-fŷb'ŷús, *a.* that can live in either air or water
Amphibology, ʔm-fŷb'ŷ-dzhŷ, *s.* double speech

Amphibolous, ʔm-fŷb'ŷ-lús, *a.* toss
Amphiscii, ʔm-fŷsh'-ŷŷ, *s.* people who inhabit the torrid zone

Amphitheatre, ʔm-fŷ-thé-ŷ-tér, *s.* building in a circular or oval for having its area encompassed with rows of seats one above another

Ample, ʔm-pl, *a.* large, wide, liberal
Ampliate, ʔm-plŷ-áte, *v. a.* to enlarge

Ampliation, ʔm-plŷ-á-shún, *s.* enlargement

Amplificate, ʔm-plŷ-ŷ-káte, *v. a.* to amplify
Amplification, ʔm-plŷ-ŷ-ká-shún, *s.* extension, exaggerated representation

Amplify, ʔm-plŷ-ŷ, *v. a.* to enlarge, exaggerate

Amplitude, ʔm-plŷ-tùde, *s.* largeness
Amplly, ʔm-plŷ, *ad.* liberally, copiously

Amputate, ʔm-pù-táte, *v. a.* to cut off
Amputation, ʔm-pù-tá-shún, *s.* the act of cutting off

Amulet, ʔm-ú-lèt, *s.* charm, thing hung about the neck for preventing or curing a disease

Amuse, ʔm-mŷze, *v. a.* to entertain
Amusement, ʔm-mŷze-mént, *s.* pastime

Amusive, ʔm-mŷ-sŷv, *a.* that has t
Amygdalate, ʔm-mŷg-dá-lèt, *a.* made of almonds

An, ʔn'-ʔ, *ad.* in equal quantity
Anabaptism, ʔn-ʔ-bápt'ŷzm, *s.* a baptism, doctrine of the anabaptist

Anachorite, ʔn-ʔk'ŷ-rŷte, *s.* a hermit
Anachronism, ʔn-ʔk'ŷ-rō-nŷzm, *s.* an error

Anacletics, ʔn-ʔk'ŷ-lèt-ŷks, *s.* the doctrine of refracted light, dioptrics

Anacreontic, ʔn-ʔk'ŷ-rō-nŷ-ŷŷk, *a.* in the manner of Anacreon

shút, nôte, lôse, uctór—hút, púsh, máte, far—truly, rýe—thus, thick.

- Anadiplosis**, ʔn-ʔ-di-plô'-sîs, *s.* reduplication, a figure in rhetoric
- Anagoge**, ʔn-ʔ-gô-dzhê't'-y-çál, *a.* contributing or relating to religious raptures, mysterious
- Anagram**, ʔn-ʔ-grám, *s.* a conceit arising from the letters of a name transposed so as to form some other word or sentence [lected from authors]
- Analekts**, ʔn-ʔ-lêkts, *s.* fragments
- Analemma**, ʔn-ʔ-lêm-mâ, *s.* a projection on the meridian [strengthening]
- Analeptic**, ʔn-ʔ-lêp'-tîk, *a.* restorative
- Analogical**, ʔn-ʔ-lôdzh-y-çál, *a.* referring to something similar
- Analogy**, ʔn-ʔ-lô-dzhîy, *s.* resemblance, proportion, similarity
- Analysis**, ʔn-ʔ-lî'y-sîs, *s.* separation of parts, solution of any thing to its first elements [an analysis]
- Analytic**, ʔn-ʔ-lî't'-yîk, *a.* belonging to
- Analyze**, ʔn-ʔ-lî-ze, *v. a.* to resolve a compound into its first principles
- Anamorphosis**, ʔn-ʔ-môr-fô'-sîs, *s.* perspective projection, so that at one point of view it shall appear deformed, in another an exact representation
- Ananas**, ʔn-ʔ-nâ'-nîs, *s.* the pine apple
- Anaphora**, ʔn-ʔ-âf'-ô-râ, *s.* a figure in rhetoric, when several clauses of a sentence are begun with the same word
- Anarchy**, ʔn-ʔ-â-r-ky, *s.* want of government, disorder, confusion
- Anasarca**, ʔn-ʔ-â-sâr'-kâ, *s.* a sort of dropsy
- Anastrophy**, ʔn-ʔ-â-trô-fê, *s.* a postponing of words [tical curse]
- Anathema**, ʔn-ʔ-â-th'-ê-mâ, *s.* an ecclesiastical
- Anathematize**, ʔn-ʔ-â-th'-ê-mât'-î-ze, *v. a.* to pronounce accursed by ecclesiastical authority [to anatomy]
- Anatomical**, ʔn-ʔ-tôm'-y-kál, *a.* relating
- Anatomist**, ʔn-ʔ-tôm'-y-st, *s.* one who anatomizes
- Anatomize**, ʔn-ʔ-tôm'-y-ze, *v. a.* to dissect
- Anatomy**, ʔn-ʔ-tôm'-y, *s.* the art of dissecting the body [person descends]
- Ancestor**, ʔn-ʔ-sâ-tôr, *s.* one from whom a
- Ancestry**, ʔn-ʔ-sâ-trîy, *s.* pedigree, descent
- Anchor**, ʔng'-ôr, *s.* an iron instrument, which being fixed in the ground, by means of a cable, keeps the ship from driving.—*v. n.* to cast anchor, lie at anchor, stop at, rest on.—*v. a.* to place at anchor, fix on
- Anchorage**, ʔng'-ôr-â-dîh, *s.* ground to cast anchor upon, duty paid for anchoring in a port
- Anchorite**, ʔng'-ô-rite, *s.* a recluse, a hermit
- Anchovy**, ʔn-ʔ-tshô'-vîy, *s.* a little sea fish
- Ancient**, ʔn-ʔ-shênt, *a.* old, aged, long past, former.—*s.* flag or streamer of a ship, the bearer, (now ensign) of a flag
- Ancients**, ʔnsh'-ênts, *s.* who lived in old times
- Ancientry**, ʔn-shênt-rîy, *s.* dignity of birth, high lineage
- And**, ʔnd', *conj.* a particle by which sentences or terms are joined
- Andante**, ʔn-dân'-tê, *ad.* in music, moderately, regular sounds
- Andiron**, ʔnd'-i-rôn, *s.* irons at the end of a fire-grate in which the spit turns
- Androgynal**, ʔn-drôg'-y-nâl, *a.* partaking of both sexes [incident]
- Anecdote**, ʔn-ʔ-k-dôte, *s.* a biographical
- Anemometer**, ʔn-ê-môm'-ê-têr, *s.* an instrument to measure wind
- Anemone**, ʔn-ê-m'-ô-nê, *s.* wind flower
- Anemoscope**, ʔn-ê-mô'-skôpe, *s.* a machine for change of wind [site]
- Anent**, ʔn-ênt, *prep.* over against, opposite
- Aneurism**, ʔn-û-rîsm, *s.* a disease whereby the arteries become excessively dilated
- Anew**, ʔ-nû', *ad.* over again, repeatedly
- Angel**, ʔn-dzhêl, *s.* a messenger, spirit employed by God in human affairs, a beautiful person, a gold coin worth about 10s. [heavenly]
- Angelic**, ʔn-dzhêl'-yîk, *a.* like angels
- Angelica**, ʔn-dzhêl'-y-kâ, *s.* kind of plant
- Anger**, ʔng'-gêr, *s.* resentment, rage, smart of a sore.—*v. a.* to provoke, to enrage [the quinsy]
- Angina**, ʔn-dzhî-nâ, *s.* a disorder called
- Angiography**, ʔng'-ôg'-grâ-fîy, *s.* a description of the vessels in the human body
- Angle**, ʔng'-g'l, *s.* a point where two lines meet, a fishing rod.—*v. a.* to fish with a rod and hook
- Anglicism**, ʔng'-glî-sîzm, *s.* an English idiom [inflamed]
- Angry**, ʔng'-grîy, *a.* provoked, enraged
- Anguish**, ʔng'-gwîsh, *s.* excessive pain of mind or body [or corners]
- Angular**, ʔng'-gô-lâr, *a.* having angles
- Anhelation**, ʔn'-hê-lâ-shûn, *s.* the act of panting [life]
- Animable**, ʔn-yî-mâ-bîl, *a.* capable of
- Animadversion**, ʔn-yî-mâd-vêr-ehshûn, *s.* reproof, severe censure, observation

Sounds—hăt, hâte, hăll, liăr—măt, dăisăt, mē, hēr—shŷn, chine, field, shîrt—

- Animadvert**, ăn-ŷ-măd vért', *v. n.* to examine into, to observe, to censure
Animal, ăn-ŷ-măł, *s.* a living creature.—
a. not spiritual [animal]
Animalcule, ăn-ŷ-măł'-kûle, *s.* a small
Animate, ăn-ŷ-măte, *v. a.* to quicken, make alive, to encourage [life]
Animate, ăn-ŷ-măt, *a.* alive, possessing
Animated, ăn-ŷ-mă-téd, *part.* lively, vigorous
Animation, ăn-ŷ-mă-shŷn, *s.* the act of animating, state of being enlivened
Animative, ăn-ŷ-mă-tiv, *a.* tending to animate, brisk [sionate malignity]
Animosity, ăn-ŷ-môs'-ŷ-tŷ, *s.* hatred, passion
Anise, ăn-ŷs, *s.* a species of parsley
Anker, ăngk'-ér, *s.* a vessel containing ten gallons [foot and leg]
Ankle, ăngk'-él, *s.* the joint between the
Annalist, ăn-nă-list, *s.* a writer of annals [into years]
Annals, ăn-năłs, *s.* histories digested
Annats, ăn-năts, *s.* first fruits
Anneal, ăn-něl, *a.* to temper glass or other things [—s. the thing annexed]
Annex, ăn-něks', *v. a.* to unite, to join
Annihilate, ăn-ni-hi-lâte, *v. a.* to annul, to destroy [of destroying]
Annihilation, ăn-ni-hi-lă'-shŷn, *s.* the act
Anniversary, ăn-ni-vér-săr-ŷ, *s.* an annual or yearly festival.—*s.* annual
Anno Domini, ăn-nô-dôm'-ŷ-ni, in the year of our Lord [cation, a note]
Annotation, ăn-nô-tă-shŷn, *s.* an explanation
Annator, ăn-nô-tă-tôr, *s.* a critic, a commentator [to publish]
Announce, ăn-nô'us, *v. a.* to declare,
Annoy, ăn-nô'ŷ, *v. a.* to injure, to vex —*s.* an injury, molestation
Annoyance, ăn-nô'ŷ-éns, *s.* which annoys
Annual, ăn-nô-él, *a.* that comes yearly
Annuitant, ăn-nô-ŷ-tánt, *s.* one who has an annuity
Annuity, ăn-nô-ŷ-tŷ, *s.* yearly allowance
Annul, ăn-nôł *v. a.* to make void, to abolish [of a ring]
Annular, ăn-nô-lăr, *a.* having the form
Annulet, ăn-nô-lét, *s.* a little ring
Annunerate, ăn-nô-mér-âte, *v. a.* to add to, to include
Annuneration, ăn-nô-mér-ăt-shŷn, *s.* an addition to a number
Annunciate, ăn-nôn'-shŷte, *v. a.* to bring tidings, to relate
Annunciation-day, ăn-nôn-sŷă-shŷn-dă, *s.* a day solemnized on the 25th of March
Anodyne, ăn-ô-dŷne, *a.* that mitigates pain [to consecrate]
Anoint, ă-nô'nt, *v. a.* to rub with oil
Anomalistic, ă-nôm'-ŷ-lŷs-tik, *a.* irregular, out of rule
Anomalous, ă-nôm'-ŷ-lús, *a.* irregular
Anomaly, ă-nôm'-ŷ-lŷ, *s.* an irregularity, a deviation from rule
Anon, ă-nôn', *ad.* quickly, soon, shortly
Anonymous, ă-nôn-ŷ-môs, *u.* without a name [one more]
Another, ăn-ôth'-ér, *ad.* not the same,
Anated, ăn-să't-éd, *p.* having handles
Answer, ăn-sér, *v. n.* to reply to, to be accountable for—*s.* a reply, a solution, a confutation [answer]
Answerable, ăn-sér-éb'l, *a.* bound to
Ant, ănt', *s.* an emmet, a pismire
Antagonize, ăn-tăg'-ô-nize, *v. n.* to contend against another
Antarctic, ăn-tărk-tik, *a.* relating to the southern pole [before]
Ante, ăn-tě, Latin participle signifying
Antecede, ăn-tě-sěde, *v. a.* to precede, to go before
Antecedent, ăn-tě-sě-děnt, *a.* going before, preceding.—*s.* what goes before, the noun to which the relative is subjoined
Antechamber, ăn-tě-tshăm-bér, *s.* a chamber that leads to the chief apartment [for the real time]
Antedate, ăn-tě-dâte, *v. a.* to date before
Antediluvian, ăn-tě-di-lŷ-vŷăn, *a.* before the deluge—*s.* that lived before the flood
Antelope, ăn-tě-lôpe, *s.* a goat with curled or wreathed horns
Antemeridian, ăn-tě-mé-rîd'-ŷăn, *a.* before noon
Antemundane, ăn-tě-mŷn' dăne, *a.* that which was before the creation of the world
Antepast, ăn-tě-păst, *s.* a fore taste
Antepenult, ăn-tě-pě-nŷtŷ, *s.* the last syllable but two in any word
Antepileptic, ănt-ép-ŷ-lép-tik, *a.* good against epilepsy
Anteriority, ăn-tě-ryôr'-ŷ-tŷ, *s.* a priority in time or situation
Anterior, ăn-tě-ryôr, *a.* going before
Anthem, ăn-thēm, *s.* a holy song
Anther, ăn-thér, *s.* that part of a flower which contains the fecundating dust
Anthology, ăn-thôł'-ô-dăłŷ, *s.* a collection of flowers, devotions, or poems

shōt, nōte, lōse, actōr—hūt, pūsh, mātē, fūr—truly, rjō—thus, thick.

Anthropophagi, ʌn-thrō-pŏf-ĭ-dahī, *s.* man eaters, cannibals

Antic, ʌn tĭk', *a.* odd, ridiculously wild—*s.* he that plays antics, a buffoon [christianity]

Antichrist, ʌn-tĭ-krist, *s.* an opposer of

Antichristian, ʌn-tĭ-krist-tjān, *a.* opposite to christianity

Anticipate, ʌn-tis-i-pāte, *v. a.* to foretaste, to prevent

Anticipation, ʌn-tis-y pā-shŭn, *s.* the act of taking up something before its time, prevention

Anticlimax, ʌn-tĭ-klĭ-māks, *s.* a sentence in which the last part is lower than the first

Anticonvulsive, ʌn-tĭ-cōn-vŭl-sĭv, *a.* good against convulsions

Anticourtier, ʌn-tĭ-kōrt-yēr, *a.* one that opposes the court

Antics, ʌn-tĭks, *s.* tricks of a buffoon

Antidotal, ʌn-tĭ-dō-tāl, *a.* that which counteracts poison [expel poison]

Antidote, ʌn-tĭ-dōtē, *s.* medicine to

Antimonarchical, ʌn-tĭ-mō-nār-kĭ-kāl, *a.* against monarchy [antimony]

Antimonial, ʌn-tĭ-mōn-yāl, *a.* made of

Antimony, ʌn-tĭ-mōn-y, *s.* a mineral substance of a metalline nature

Antinomian, ʌn-tĭ-nōm-yān, *s.* one who prefers faith to practice

Antipathetical, ʌn-tĭ-pā-thēt-y-kāl, *a.* having a natural contrariety to any thing [sion]

Antipathy, ʌn-tĭp-ĭ-thĭ, *s.* natural aver-

Antiphrony, ʌn-tĭf-ō-nār-y, *s.* a book containing all that was said or sung in the choir except the responses

Antiphony, ʌn-tĭf-ō-nŷ, *s.* a singing by way of response

Antiphrasis, ʌn-tĭf-rā-sĭs, *s.* the use of words in a sense opposite to their meaning [the antipodes]

Antipodal, ʌn-tĭp-ō-dāl, *a.* relating to

Antipodes, ʌn-tĭp-ōdz, *a.* those people who, living on the other side of the globe, have their feet directly opposite ours [the popedom]

Antipope, ʌn-tĭ pōpe, *s.* one that usurps

Antiquarian, ʌn-tĭ-kwā-ryān, **Antiquary**, ʌn-tĭ-kwār-y, *s.* one who studies antiquity [obsolete]

Antiquate, ʌn-tĭ-kwāte, *v. a.* to make

Antique, ʌn-tĭk, *a.* ancient, old fashioned—*s.* a piece of antiquity, a relic

Antiquity, ʌn-tĭk-kwĭ-tŷ, *s.* old times, the antients, old age

Antiscii, ʌn-tĭsh-y-i, *s.* the inhabitants on opposite sides of the equator

Antiscorbutic, ʌn-tĭ-skōr-bŭ-tĭk, *a.* good against the scurvy

Antiseptic, ʌn-tĭ-sēp-tĭk, *a.* preventive of putrefaction [stanza of an ode]

Antistrophe, ʌn-tĭs-trō-fē, *s.* the second

Antithesis, ʌn-tĭth-ē-sĭs, *s.* opposition, contrast

Antitype, ʌn-tĭ-tŷpe, *s.* that which is resembled or shadowed out by the type, a term of theology

Antitypical, ʌn-tĭ-tŷp-y-kāl, *a.* that explains the type

Antler, ʌnt-lér, *s.* branch of a stag's horn

Antoeci, ʌn-tō-ē-sĭ, *s.* those inhabitants who live under the same meridian at equal distances from the equator

Antonomasia, ʌn-tō-nō-mā-sŷā, *s.* the name of some dignity used for a proper name, as a king is called His Majesty

Antre, ʌn-tér, *s.* a cavern, a den

Anvil, ʌn-vĭl, *s.* an iron block which smiths use

Anxiety, ʌngk-sĭ-ō-tŷ, *s.* trouble of mind about some future event, solicitude, depression of spirits

Anxious, ʌngk-shŭs, *a.* uneasy, careful

Any, ʌn-y, *a.* every, whoever, whatever

Aorist, ā-ō-rĭst, *a.* indefinite as to time

Aorta, ā-ōr-tā, *s.* the great artery which rises immediately out of the left ventricle of the heart [with haste]

Apace, ā-pāse, *ad.* quickly, speedily,

Apart, ā-pār't, *ad.* separately, privately, at a distance [of a house]

Apartment, ā-pār't-mēt, *s.* a room, part

Apathy, ā-pā-thŷ, *s.* exemption from passion

Ape, ā-pe, *s.* a kind of monkey, a mimic—*v. a.* to imitate as an ape

Apeak, āp-ēke, *ad.* piercing, pointedly, a sea term

Aperient, ā-pē-ryēt, *a.* gently purgative

Aperture, āp-ēr-tŭre, *s.* an open place

Apetalous, ā-pēt-ā-lŭs, *a.* without flower leaves

Apex, ā-pēks, *s.* the tip or point

Aphelion, ā-fē-lŷōn, *s.* that part of the orbit of a planet in which it is at the point remotest from the sun

Aphorism, āf-ō-rĭzŭm, *s.* maxim, precept

Apiary, ā-pĭ-ār-y, *s.* a place where bees are kept

Sounds—hăt, hâte, hăll, liăr—mêt, dăisăt, mē, hēr—chŷn, chine, ffield, shirt—

- Apiece**, ă-p'ise, *ad.* to each one share, separately
- Apish**, ă-p'ish, *a.* imitative, foppish, silly, trifling [tion, a vision]
- Apocalypse**, ă-p'ok'-k-l'yps, *s.* a revelation
- Apocryphal**, ă-p'ok'-k-l'yp-t'i-căl, *a.* containing revelation
- Apocope**, ă-p'ok'-ô-pē, *s.* the suppressing of the last letter or syllable
- Apocrypha**, ă-p'ok'-r'y fâ, *s.* books added to the sacred writings (of doubtful authors)
- Apocryphal**, ă-p'ok'-r'y-fâl, *a.* not canonical, of uncertain authority
- Apogee**, ă-p'ô-dzhē, *s.* that point in the heavens in which the sun or a planet is at the greatest distance possible from the earth in its whole revolution [in defence of any thing]
- Apologetic**, ă-p'ol-ô-dzhēt'-yk, *a.* said
- Apologist**, ă-p'ol-ô-dzhist, *s.* one pleading in excuse or defence
- Apologize**, ă-p'ol'-ô-dzhize, *v. a.* to plead in favour [tale]
- Apologue**, ă-p'ô lôge, *s.* a fable, a moral
- Apology**, ă-p'ol'-ô-dzh'y, *s.* a defence, an excuse, a plea [saying]
- Apophthegm**, ă-p'ô-thēm, *s.* a remarkable
- Apoplectic**, ă-p'ô-plēk'-t'ik, *a.* relating to an apoplexy
- Apoplexy**, ă-p'ô-plēk'-s'y, *s.* a sudden deprivation of all sensation by a disease
- Apostasy**, ă-p'ôs-tă-s'y, *s.* departure from what a man has professed (generally applied to religion)
- Apostate**, ă-p'ôs-tēt, *s.* one who renounces his religion
- Apostatize**, ă-p'ôs-tă-tize, *v. n.* to forsake one's religion
- Apostle**, ă-p'ôs'l, *s.* a person sent to preach the Gospel (applied particularly to those dispatched by our Saviour) [of an apostle]
- Apostleship**, ă-p'ôs'l-sh'ip, *s.* the office
- Apostolic**, ă-p'ôs-tôl'-yk, *a.* taught by apostles
- Apostrophe**, ă-p'ôs-trô-fē, *s.* a sudden turn in a discourse, a contraction of a word by (')
- Apostrophize**, ă-p'ôs-trô-fize, *v. a.* to address by apostrophe
- Apothecary**, ă-p'ôth'-ē-kăr-y, *s.* one who prepares and keeps medicines for sale
- Apotheosis**, ă-p'ôthē'-ô-sis, *s.* a deification
- Apozem**, ă-p'ô-zēm, *s.* a decoction
- Appal**, ă-p-pâ', *v. a.* to fright, to daunt
- Appanage**, ăp'-pâ-nédzh, *s.* lands for maintenance of younger children
- Apparatus**, ăp-pâ-râ-t'us, *s.* any tools furniture, or necessary instruments for any trade, &c.
- Apparel**, ăp-pâr-ēl, *s.* dress, cloathing
- Apparent**, ăp-pâ-rēnt, *a.* plain, evident, seeming, discoverable
- Apparition**, ăp-pâ-rish'-ūn, *s.* an appearance, a spectre
- Apparitor**, ăp-par-f-tôr, *s.* a low ecclesiastical officer [censur]
- Appeach**, ăp-pē'tsh, *v. a.* to accuse, to
- Appeal**, ăp-pē'l, *v. n.* to refer to an other as judge—*s.* an application for justice
- Appear**, ăp-pēr, *v. n.* to be in sight, to become visible, to be evident
- Appearance**, ăp-pēr-ēns, *s.* shew, semblance [pacify]
- Appease**, ăp-pēz, *v. a.* to quiet, to
- Appellant**, ăp-pēl-lēnt, *s.* a challenger, he who appeals [a title]
- Appellation**, ăp-pēl-lâ-shūn, *s.* a name,
- Appellative**, ăp-pēl-lâ-t'iv, *s.* names for a whole rank of beings, as, a man, horse, &c.
- Appellatory**, ăp-pēl-lâ-tôr-y, *a.* that contains an appeal [to]
- Append**, ăp-pēnd, *v. a.* to hang or join
- Appendage**, ăp-pēn-dēdzh, *s.* something added
- Appendant**, ăp-pēn-dēnt, *a.* hanging to or annexed—*s.* an adventitious part
- Appendicate**, ăp-pēn-d'î kât, *v. a.* to join to, to annex [a supplement]
- Appendix**, ăp-pēn-d'yks, *s.* an addition,
- Appertain**, ăp-pēr-tâ'ne, *v. n.* to belong to
- Appertinent**, ăp-pēr-t'î-nēnt, *a.* belonging or relating to
- Appetence**, ăp-pē-tēns, *s.* carnal desire
- Appetibility**, ăp-pē-t'î-b'î-l'î-t'y, *s.* the state of being desirable
- Appetible**, ăp-pē-t'î-b'l, *a.* desirable
- Appetite**, ăp-pē-tite, *s.* hunger, violent longing [praise]
- Applaud**, ăp-plâ'd, *v. a.* to commend, to
- Applause**, ăp-plâ's, *s.* approbation, praise [the eye]
- Apple**, ăp'l, *s.* a common fruit, pupil of
- Applicable**, ăp-pl'y-keb'l, *a.* suitable, proper, fit
- Application**, ăp-pl'y-kâ-sh'ūn, *s.* the act of applying, close study, great industry [plus]
- Applicative**, ăp-pl'y-kâ-t'iv, *a.* that uses

shüt, nôte, lôse, actôr—hüt, pûsh, mûte, fûr—trûy, rýe—thus, thick.

Apply, äp-plý, *v. a.* to put one thing to another, to study—*s. n.* to suit, to agree to

Appoint, äp-pôint, *v. n.* to determine, to settle, to equip

Appointment, äp-pôint-mént, *s.* a stipulation, a salary, a post

Apportion, äp-pôr-shûn, *v. a.* to divide into just proportions

Apposite, äp-pô-zit, *a.* suitable, fit

Apposition, äp-pô-zish-ûn, *s.* the addition of new matter

Appraise, äp-prâze, *v. a.* to set a value upon any thing

Appraisement, äp-prâze-mént, *s.* act of valuing [goods]

Appraiser, äp-prâ-ér, *s.* one who values

Appreciate, äp-pré-shyâte, *v. a.* to value, to reckon, to estimate

Apprehend, äp-pré-hënd, *v. a.* to comprehend or understand, to seize or arrest, to fear

Apprehension, äp-pré-hén-shûn, *s.* conception, fear, suspicion, seizure

Apprehensive, äp-pré-hén-siv, *a.* to be fearful, to be sensible

Apprentice, äp-prén-tis, *s.* one bound to a trade—*v. a.* to put out to a master as an apprentice

Apprenticehood, äp-prén-tis-hûd, *s.* the time an apprentice is to serve

Apprize, äp-prize, *v. a.* to inform

Approach, äp-prôsh, *v. n.* to draw or bring near—*v. a.* to bring near to—*s.* the act of drawing near to

Approbation, äp-prô-bâ-shûn, *s.* the act of approving

Appropriate, äp-prô-prî-âte, *v. a.* to assign, to annex, to set apart

Appropriation, äp-prô-prî-â-shûn, *s.* the application of something to a particular purpose or use

Approval, äp-prô-vâl, *s.* approbation

Approve, äp-prôve, *v. a.* to like, to commend, to be pleased with

Approximate, äp-prôks-y-mét, *a.* near to

Approximation, äp-prôk-sý-mâ-shûn, *s.* approach to any thing [against]

Appulse, äp'-pûls, *s.* the act of striking

Appurtenance, äp-pûr-tê-néns, *s.* what belongs to any thing

Apricot, ä-prî-kôt, *s.* a kind of wall fruit

April, ä-prîl, *s.* the fourth month of the year

Apron, ä-prôn, *s.* part of a woman's dress, that which covers the touch-hole of a great gun

Apsis, äp'-sîs, *pl.* Apsides, äp'-sý-déz, *s.* those points in the orbit in which the planet is at the greatest and least distance from the sun or earth

Apt, äpt, *a.* fit, quick, qualified for—*v. a.* to suit, to adapt [disposition]

Aptitude, äp'-ti-tûde, *s.* fitness, tendency

Aqua, ä'-kwâ, *s.* water

Aqua-fortis, ä'-kwâ-fôr-tis, *s.* 'corrosive liquor made of saltpetre and vitriol

Aquarius, ä'-kwâ-rý-us, *s.* one of the signs of the zodiac (water-carrier)

Aquatic, ä'-kwât'-ik, *a.* growing or living in the water

Aqueduct, ä'-kwê-dûkt, *s.* a conveyance made for carrying water

Aqueous, ä'-kwê-ús, *a.* watery, thin

Aquiline, ä'-wý-line, *a.* resembling an eagle, hooked

Arabic, ä'r-ä-bîk, *s.* a kind of gum

Arable, ä'r-éb'l, *a.* fit for tillage

Araneous, ä-râ-nýus, *a.* resembling a cobweb [ing]

Aration, ä-râ-shûn, *s.* the act of plow

Arbalist, ä'r-bâ-lîst, *s.* a cross bow

Arbiter, ä'r-bý-tér, *s.* an umpire to settle a dispute [mination, choice, wit]

Arbitrament, ä'r-být-râ-mént, *s.* a determination

Arbitrary, ä'r bi-trâ-rýus, *a.* arbitrary, depending on the will

Arbitrary, ä'r-bý-trâ-rý, *a.* despotic, absolute, unlimited

Arbitrate, ä'r-bý-trâte, *v. n.* to decide, to determine—*v. n.* to give judgment

Arbitration, ä'r-bý-trâ-shûn, *s.* the determination of an umpire [a determiner]

Arbitrator, ä'r-bý-trâ-tór, *s.* an umpire

Arborist, ä'r-bô-rîst, *s.* a naturalist who makes trees his study [trees]

Arboreal, ä'r-bô-rús, *a.* belonging to

Arbour, ä'r-bór, *s.* a bower

Arbuckle, ä'r-bûs-s'l, *s.* a little shrub

Arbuté, ä'r-bûte, *s.* the strawberry tree

Arc, ärk', *s.* an arch, segment of a circle

Arcade, ä'-ká-de, *s.* a continued arch

Arcanum, ä'r-câ-nûm, *s.* a secret

Arch, ärtsh, or **Arc**, ärk, *s.* part of a circle, the vault of heaven—*v. a.* to build, to cover with arches—*a.* waggish, mirthful [phrase]

Archaism, ä'-ká-yzm, *s.* an ancient

Archangel, ärk-ä-ne-dzhél, *s.* a chief angel, a giant [bishop]

Archbishop, ärtsh-bîsh-öp, *s.* a chief

Archbishopric, ärtsh-bîsh-öp-rík, *s.* jurisdiction of an archbishop


~~~~~ Sounds—hät, häte, häll, liär—mēt, desist, mē, hér—chün, chüne, field, shirt—~~~~~

Archdeacon, ärtsh-dē-kón, *s.* a bishop's deputy

Archdeaconry, ärtsh-dē-kón'-ry, *s.* jurisdiction of an archdeacon

Archduke, ärtsh-dūke, *s.* grand duke

Archduchess, ärtsh-dūtsh'-ēs, *s.* grand duchess

Arched, ärtsh'-ēd, *a.* bent like an arch

Archer, ä'r-tshér, *s.* one who shoots with a bow

Archery, ä'r-tshér-y, *s.* the art of using a bow

Archetypal, ä'r-ké-tý-päl, *a.* original

Archetype, ä'r-ké-type, *s.* the original pattern

[longing to an archdeacon]

Archidiaconal, ä'r-kí-dí-ä'-ö-näl, *a.* be-

Archiepiscopal, ä'r-kí-ē pís'-kópäl, *a.* be-

longing to an archbishop

Archipelago, ä'r-kí-pél-ä'-gò, *s.* any sea

which abounds with small islands

Architect, ä'r-kí-tékt, *s.* a professor of the art of building

[of building]

Architecture, ä'r-kí-tékt-türe, *s.* the science

Architrave, ä'r-kí-träve, *s.* the upper part of a column lying immediately upon the capital

[where records are kept]

Archives, ä'r kívz, *s.* records, places

Arctic, ä'rk-tík, *a.* northern

Arcuate, ä'r kù ét, *a.* bent like an arch

Arcuation, ä'r-kù-ä'-shün, *s.* an arking, an incurvation, a curvity

Ardency, ä'r-dén'-sy, *s.* zeal, eagerness

Ardent, ä'r-dént, *a.* vehement, zealous

Ardour, ä'r-dór, *s.* heat, warmth of affection, as love, desire, courage

Arduous, ä'r-dù-us, *a.* laborious, difficult

Are, ä'r, *plural of the present tense of the verb to be*

Area, ä'-ryä, *s.* the superficial content of any thing, an open space before a building

[growing dry]

Arctiation, ä'r-ē-ä'-shün, *s.* the state of

Arenaceous, ä-rē-nä'-shüs, *a.* sandy

A. gal, ä'r-gäl, *s.* impure tartar adhering to the sides of wine vessels

Argent, ä'r-dzhént, *a.* silver white, bright like silver

[clay]

A. gil, ä'r-dzhíl, *s.* pure clay, potter's

Argillaceous, ä'r-dzhíl-lä'-shüs, *a.* consisting of clay

Argol, ä'rgöl, *s.* tartar from lees of wine

Argue, ä'r-gù, *v. n.* to reason, to dispute—*v. a.* to prove by argument, to debate

[ledged, a subject in debate]

Argument, ä'r-gù-mént, *s.* a reason al-

Argumental, ä'r-gù-mén-täl, *a.* belonging to argument

[the act of reasoning]

Argumentation, ä'r-gù-mén-tä'-shün, *s.*

Argumentative, ä'r-gù-mén-tä'-tív, *a.* disputatious, replete with argument

Argute, ä'r-gù'te, *a.* subtle, witty, sharp, shrill

Arian, ä'ry-än, *s.* a follower of Arianism

Arid, ä'ryd, *a.* dry, parched up

Aridity, ä'ryd'-i-ty, *s.* dryness, insensibility in devotion

[zodiac]

Aries, ä'-ry-éz, *s.* the ram, a sign of the

Aright, ä'-rí'te, *ad.* rightly, without mistake

[rise up]

Arise, ä'-ríze, *v. n.* to mount up, to

Aristocracy, ä'-ris-tók'-rä sí, *s.* a govern-

ment by nobles

[to aristocracy]

Aristocratic, ä'-ris-tó-krát'-ík, *a.* relating

Arithmetic, ä'-ríth'-mé-tík, *s.* the science

of computation

[rules of arithmetic]

Arithmetical, ä'-ríth-mét'-i-käl, *a.* by the

Arithmetician, ä'-ríth-mé-tish'-än, *s.* one

who professes the knowledge of arithmetic

Ark, ä'rk, *s.* the name generally applied to that vessel in which Noah was preserved from the deluge

Arm, ä'rm, *s.* the limb reaching from the hand to the shoulder, a bough of a tree, an inlet of the sea—*v. a.* to furnish with weapons—*v. n.* to take arms

[ship]

Armada, ä'r-mä'-dä, *s.* a large fleet of

Armado, ä'r-mä-dýl'-lò, *s.* a small animal like a hog

[force]

Armament, ä'r-mä-mént, *s.* a naval

Armed, ä'r-méd, *a.* furnished with arms

Armigerous, ä'r-mídzh'-ér-us, *a.* bearing arms

[bracelet]

Armillary, ä'r-mýl-lär-y, *a.* resembling a

Arminian, ä'r-mýn-yän, *s.* a professor of Arminianism

[war]

Armipotent, ä'r-míp-ó-tént, *a.* mighty in

Armistice, ä'r-mý-síts, *s.* a short cessation of arms

Armoniac, ä'r-mò'-ny-ä-k, *s.* a sort of salt

Armorer, ä'r-mór'-ér, *s.* one who makes or sells arms

Armorial, ä'r-mò'-ry-äl, *a.* belonging to the arms or escutcheon of a family

Armory, ä'r-mór-y, *s.* a place in which arms are deposited for use, ensigns

armorial

Armour, ä'r-mór, *s.* defensive arms

Armour-bearer, ä'r-mór-bär'-ér, *s.* one who carries the arms of another

Arms, ä'rmz, *s.* warlike weapons, a state of hostility

[enc]

Army, ä'r-mý, *s.* a large body of armed

Aromatic, ä'-ró-inä'-ik, *a.* odorous, fragrant

t, nôte lôse, actor—hüt, pûsh, mâte, fûr—truly, rye—thus, thick.

ze, ă-rô-mă-tize, v. a. to scent, fume

î-rôze, v. n. from Arise

ă-rôun'd, ad. in a circle, on side—prep. about

ă-rôuse, v. a. to awake from to excite

î-rô, ad. in a row

ise, ă-r-kwê-bûs, s. a hand gun

ă-răk, s. a sort of spirituous [to trial, to accuse

ă-răne, v. a. to indict, to bring

ă-rândzh, v. a. to set in or place [ing in order

ment, ă-rândzh-mënt, s. place

ă-rânt, a. bad in a high degree

ă-răs, s. rich tapestry or hang-

[t. a. to put in order, to deck

ă-ră, s. dress, order of battle—

ă-răr, s. what remains unpaid

ă-răst, s. a legal caption or

of the person—v. a. to seize,

p, to hinder [rior court

ă-răt, s. the decision of a supe-

ă-răr, s. the roar of an army

ă-ră-vă, s. the act of coming to

e [to reach a place or point

ă-răve, v. a. to come to a place,

ice, ă-rô-géns, s. pride, haughty

anor

it, ă-rô-gent, a. haughty, proud

e, ă-rô-găte, v. a. to claim

, to exhibit unjust claims

ă-rô, s. a pointed weapon

is shot from a bow

ă-ră-nă, s. a repository or ma-

s for military stores

ă-ră-nă, s. a poisonous mineral

t, s. science, skill, cunning

ă-ră-ră, s. a canal or tube

conveys the blood from the

to all parts of the body

ă-ră-fă, a. crafty, cunning

c, ă-ră-ră-ră, a. gouty, relating

gout or joints [plant

ke, ă-ră-ră-ră, s. an esculent

ă-ră-ră, s. one of the parts of

h, a condition of a covenant, a

lation—v. n. to stipulate, make

—v. a. to draw up in particular

es, bind by written agreement

ate, ă-ră-ră-ră, a. distinct, plain

ate, ă-ră-ră-ră, v. a. to utter

s distinctly—v. n. to speak dis-

r

tion, ă-ră-ră-ră-ră, s. a joint

: the act of forming words

Artifice, ă-ră-ră-ră, s. trick, fraud, art, trade

Artificer, ă-ră-ră-ră, s. an artist, a ma-

nufacturer [not natural

Artificial, ă-ră-ră-ră, a. made by art,

Artillery, ă-ră-ră-ră, s. weapons of

war, cannon [workman

Artizan, ă-ră-ră-ră, s. an artificer, a

Artist, ă-ră-ră, s. one skilled in an art

Artless, ă-ră-ră, a. without art or fraud

Artuose, ă-ră-ră, a. strong, nervous

Arundinous, ă-ră-ră-ră-ră, a. full of

reeds [cause

As, ăz, conj. in the same manner, be-

Asafetida, ăz-ă-fé-tă-dă, s. a gum of an

offensive smell [of a plant

Asarabacca, ăz-ă-ră-băk-kă, s. the name

Asbestos, ăz-bés-tôs, s. a sort of fossile

which may be split into threads and

filaments, and which remains uncon-

sumed in the fire [in the rectum

Ascarides, ăz-kă-ră-déz, s. small worms

Ascend, ăz-sënd, v. n. to mount, to

rise, advance, stand higher in genea-

logy—v. a. to climb up any thing

Ascendant, ăz-sën-dënt, s. height, influ-

ence—a. superior, predominate

Ascendency, ăz-sën-dën-să, s. an influ-

ence, superiority [cending or rising

Ascension, ăz-sën-shün, s. the act of as-

Ascension-day, ăz-sën-shün dă, s. Holy

Thursday on which the ascension of

our Saviour is commemorated

Ascent, ăz-sënt, s. the rising of a hill,

an eminence [certain, to fix

Ascertain, ăz-sér-tăne, v. a. to make

Ascetic, ăz-sët-ik, a. employed in ex-

ercises of devotion—s. a hermit

Asciticious, ăz-sët-tăsh-ăz, a. supplemen-

tal, additional [impute

Ascribe, ăz-kri-be, v. a. to attribute, to

Ash, ăsh, s. a sort of tree [shame

Ashamed, ă-shămd, a. touched with

Ashes, ăsh-éz, s. remains of any thing

burnt, remains of the body

Ashlar, ăsh-lér, s. stones out of the

quarry unhewn [lann

Ashore, ă-shôre, ad. on shore, on the

Ash-Wednesday, ăsh-wednz-dă, s. the

first day of Lent

Ashy, ăsh-y, a. ash coloured, pale

Aside, ă-side, ad. to one side, apart from

the rest [a. belonging to an as,

Asiary, ăz-y-ăry, or Asiaine, ăz-y-nine

Ask, ăsk, v. a. to petition, to claim, to

require [liquely, awry

Askance, ă-skăns, ad. sideways, of

Askew, ă-ské, ad. aside, contemptuous

*Sounds.*—k'it, h'ate, h'ail, h'ar—m'et, d'eat, m'é, h'ér—ch'ín, ch'ine, f'ield, sh'írt—

- Aslant**, ʔ-s'k'nt, *ad.* obliquely, on one side  
**Asleep**, ʔ-s'p'e, *ad.* sleeping, at rest  
**Alope**, ʔ-s'lo'p'e, *ad.* with declivity, obliquely [tree]  
**Asp**, ʔ'sp, *s.* a very venomous serpent, a  
**Asparagus**, ʔ-s'p'ar-ʔ-g'ús, *s.* an esculent plant [sitio]  
**Aspect**, ʔ-s'p'ekt, *s.* appearance, view, po-  
**Aspen**, ʔ-s'p'en, *s.* a kind of popular tree, the leaves of which always tremble  
**Asperate**, ʔ-s'p'er-ate, *v. a.* to make rough  
**Asperity**, ʔ-s'p'er-ʔ-t'ý, *s.* roughness, harshness [crusure]  
**Asperse**, ʔ-s'p'ers, *v. a.* to slander, to  
**Aspersio**, ʔ-s'p'er-sh'ún, *s.* a sprinkling, calumny, censure [minous]  
**Asphaltic**, ʔ-s'f'it-ʔ'ík, *a.* gummy, bitu-  
**Asphodel**, ʔ-s'f'ó-d'el, *a.* a day-lily  
**Aspick**, ʔ-s'p'ik, *s.* a sort of serpent  
**Aspirate**, ʔ-s'p'ir-ate, *v. a.* to pronounce fully or strong  
**Aspiration**, ʔ-s'p'ir-ʔ-sh'ún, *s.* an ardent wish or desire, the act of pronouncing with full breath [to him at  
**Aspire**, ʔ-s'p'ire, *v. a.* to desire eagerly,  
**Asquint**, ʔ-s'kw'nt, *ad.* obliquely [fellow  
**Ass**, ʔ's, *s.* an animal of burden, a stupid  
**Assail**, ʔ-s'sá'le, *v. a.* to attack, to assail  
**Assailable**, ʔ-s'sá'l-áb'l, *a.* that is liable to be attacked  
**Assailant**, ʔ-s'sá'-lent, *s.* one that attacks  
**Assassin**, ʔ-s'sás-s'ín, *s.* a secret murderer [der, to way-lay  
**Assassinate**, ʔ-s'sás-s'ín-ate, *v. a.* to mur-  
**Assault**, ʔ-s'sá'lt, *s.* invasion, attack, violent injury—*v. a.* to attack, to invade  
**Assay**, ʔ-s'sá'-s, *s.* examination, proof, trial—*v. a.* to make trial of [tion of things  
**Assesblage**, ʔ-s'sém'-blédzh, *s.* a collec-  
**Assemble**, ʔ-s'sém'-b'l, *v. a.* to bring together—*v. n.* to meet together  
**Assembly**, ʔ-s'sém'-blý, *s.* a company assembled  
**Assent**, ʔ-s'sent, *s.* consent—*v. n.* to concede, to yield to [firm, to claim  
**Assert**, ʔ-s'sert, *v. a.* to maintain, to af-  
**Assertion**, ʔ-s'sér-sh'ún, *s.* the act of as-  
**asserting** [certain sum  
**Assess**, ʔ-s'sés', *v. a.* to charge with any  
**Assessment**, ʔ-s'sés'mént, *s.* a parish or other rate of taxation  
**Assessor**, ʔ-s'sés'-ór, *s.* the person making an assessment  
**Assets**, ʔ-s'séts, *s.* effects left by one dead, with which his executor is to pay his debts [lemonly, or make oath  
**asser**, ʔ-s'sév'-ér, *v. a.* to affirm so-  
**Asservation**, ʔ-s'sév'-ér-ʔ-sh'ún, *s.* a solemn affirmation  
**Assiduity**, ʔ-s'swád'ý-ty, *s.* diligence  
**Assiduous**, ʔ-s'sid'-ú-us, *a.* constant in application [slave contract  
**Assiento**, ʔ-s'si-én-tó, *s.* the Spanish  
**Assign**, ʔ-s'sí'ne, *v. a.* to appoint, to give a reason for, to make over a right to another [pointment, a making over  
**Assignment**, ʔ-s'sig-má-sh'ún, *s.* an ap-  
**Assignee**, ʔ-s'si-né, *s.* one appointed to do any thing on behalf of others  
**Assignment**, ʔ-s'sine'mént, *s.* an appointment, conveyance of right  
**Assimilate**, ʔ-s'sim-ʔ-late, *v. a.* to convert to the same nature or use with another  
**Assist**, ʔ-s'síst, *v. a.* to help, to aid  
**Assistance**, ʔ-s'síst'-éns, *s.* help, aid, relief [—s. one who assists  
**Assistant**, ʔ-s'sís-tént, *a.* helping, aiding  
**Assize**, ʔ-s'sí'ze, *s.* a court of justice in counties, a statute to determine weights and measures [join with  
**Associate**, ʔ-s'só-sh'yáte, *v. a.* to unite, to  
**Associate**, ʔ-s'só-sh'et, *a.* confederate—*s.* partner, confederate, companion  
**Association**, ʔ-s'só-sh'yá-sh'ún, *s.* union, confederacy, partnership, connection  
**Assort**, ʔ-s'sórt, *v. a.* to range in order to class [parcel or variety  
**Assortment**, ʔ-s'sórt'mént, *s.* a select  
**Assuage**, ʔ-s'swádzh, *v. a.* to mitigate, appease, ease [tigating  
**Assuasive**, ʔ-s'swá-sív, *a.* softening, mi-  
**Assubjugate**, ʔ-s'súb-dzhú-gate, *v. a.* to subject to  
**Assuetude**, ʔ-s'swé-túde, *s.* custom  
**Assume**, ʔ-s'sú'm'e, *v. a.* to take, to claim, to arrogate [gaít, haughty  
**Assuming**, ʔ-s'sú'm-ýng, *part. a.* arro-  
**Assumption**, ʔ-s'súmp-sh'ún, *s.* the act of taking any thing to one's self, the thing supposed, a postulate  
**Assumptive**, ʔ-s'súmp-tív, *a.* that which is assumed  
**Assurance**, ʔ-s'shú-réns, *s.* confidence, certainty, intrepidity, want of modesty  
**Assure**, ʔ-s'shú're, *v. a.* to assert positively, to secure  
**Asterisk**, ʔ-s'tér-isk, *s.* the mark \*  
**Astern**, ʔ-s'tér'n, *ad.* in the hinder part of or behind the ship [lungs  
**Asthma**, ʔ-s'tná, *s.* a disease of the  
**Asthmatic**, ʔ-s'tmá't-ik, *a.* troubled with an asthma [confound  
**Asterish**, ʔ-s'tón-ish, *v. a.* to amaze, to

shôt, nôto, lôe. actôr—hüt, pûsh, mâte, fûr—trulÿ, rÿe—thus, thick.

**Astonishment**, ʔ-tʃo-ʔsh-mént, *s.* surprise, amazement

**Astragal**, ʔs-trá-gál, *a.* an ornament in architecture

**Astral**, ʔs-trál, *a.* array, relating to the stars

**Astray**, ʔs-trá, *ad.* out of the right way

**Astriction**, ʔs-trík-shün, *s.* the act of contracting parts [open

**Astride**, ʔs-stríde, *ad.* across with legs

**Astringe**, ʔs-trín-dzh, *v. a.* to draw together, to bind [contracting

**Astringent**, ʔs-trín-dzhént, *a.* binding,

**Astrography**, ʔs-tróg-ráf-y, *s.* the art of describing the stars

**Astrolabe**, ʔs-tró-láb, *s.* an instrument to take the altitude of the sun or stars at sea [foretells by stars

**Astrologer**, ʔs-tról-ô-dzhér, *s.* one who

**Astronomical**, ʔs-trólôdzh-y-cál, *a.* relating to astrology

**Astrology**, ʔs-tról-ô-dzhý, *s.* the practice of foretelling events by the stars

**Astronomer**, ʔs-trón-ô-mér, *s.* one who studies the stars [to astronomy

**Astronomic**, ʔs-tró-ném-yk, *a.* belonging

**Astronomy**, ʔs-trón-ô-mý, *s.* a science that teaches the knowledge of the heavenly bodies, magnitudes, motions, distances, periods, eclipses, &c.

**Astro-Theology**, ʔs-tró-thé-ôl-ô-dzhý, *s.* divinity founded on the observation of the celestial bodies [not together

**Asunder**, ʔs-sün-dér, *ad.* apart, separately,

**Asylum**, ʔs-sý-lüm, *s.* a sanctuary, a refuge

**At**, ʔt, *prep.* near or not quite in, in, in a state of, employed about, ready for

**Atheism**, ʔ-t-thé-ism, *s.* disbelief of a God

**Atheist**, ʔ-t-thé-íst, *s.* one who denies a God [ism, impious

**Atheistic**, ʔ-t-thé-ýs-ýk, *a.* given to athe-

**Thirst**, ʔ-t-thírst, *ad.* thirsty, in want of drink [gorous

**Athletic**, ʔth-lét-ýk, *a.* strong, lusty, vi-

**Atwart**, ʔ-t-hárt, *prep.* across, transverse to any thing, through

**Atlantic**, ʔt-lán-tík, *s.* the western sea or ocean

**Atlas**, ʔt-lás, *s.* a collection of maps

**Atmosphere**, ʔt-mô-sfêre, *s.* the air that encompasses the earth on all sides

**Atom**, ʔt-ôm, *s.* an extremely small particle [atoms, minute

**Atomical**, ʔt-ôm-y-kál, *a.* consisting of

**Atone**, ʔt-tône, *v. n.* to agree, stand as an equivalent for, answer for—*v. a.* to expiate

**Attonement**, ʔt-tône-mént, *s.* satisfaction

**Atabularian**, ʔ-t-rá-bý-lá-ryún, *or* **Atabularious**, ʔ-t-rá-bý-lá-ryús, *a.* melancholy

**Atramental**, ʔ-t-rá-mén-tál, *or* **Atramentous**, ʔ-t-rá-mén-tús, *a.* inky, black

**Atrocious**, ʔ-t-ró-shýs, *a.* wicked in high degree, enormous [edness

**Atrocity**, ʔ-t-rós-ý, *s.* horrible wickedness

**Atrophy**, ʔt-t-ró-ý, *s.* a disease in which what is taken for food cannot act as nourishment

**Attach**, ʔt-tásh, *v. a.* to lay hold on, to win or gain over, to fix to one's interest [law, adherence

**Attachment**, ʔt-tásh-mént, *s.* a wit in

**Attack**, ʔt-ták, *v. a.* to assault, to begin—*s.* an assault

**Attain**, ʔt-táne, *v. a.* to gain, to overtake—*v. n.* to come to a certain state, to arrive at [be gained

**Attainable**, ʔt-táne-á-b'l, *a.* which may

**Attainder**, ʔt-táne-dér, *s.* the act of attainting in law, taint

**Attaint**, ʔt-tánt, *v. a.* to taint, to dishonour, to corrupt

**Attempt**, ʔt-tém-pér, *v. a.* to qualify or temper, to abate, to regulate, to mix in just proportions [proportion

**Attemperate**, ʔt-tém-pér-áte, *v. a.* to attempt, ʔt-témp't, *v. a.* to venture upon, to try—*s.* an attack, an essay, an endeavour

**Attend**, ʔt-ténd, *v. a.* to fix the mind upon, to wait on, to accompany—*v. n.* to yield attention, to stay

**Attendance**, ʔt-tén-déns, *s.* the act of waiting on another

**Attendant**, ʔt-tén, *a.* accompany

ing as subordinate—*s.* one who attends another [tending or heeding

**Attention**, ʔt-tén-shün, *s.* the act of attending

**Attentive**, ʔt-tén-tív, *a.* heedful, regardful [or slender

**Attenuate**, ʔt-tén-ú-ént, *a.* making this

**Attenuate**, ʔt-tén-ú-ét, *a.* made thin or slender

**Attenuate**, ʔt-tén-ú-áte, *v. a.* to make slender, to dilute [to invoke

**Attest**, ʔt-tést, *v. a.* to bear witness of, Attestation, ʔt-tés-tá-shün, *s.* evidence

**Attic**, ʔt-tík, *a.* poignant, refined, elevated

**Attire**, ʔt-tíre, *v. a.* to dress, to habit, to array—*s.* apparel, horns of a stag

**Attitude**, ʔt-títúde, *s.* posture, gesture

**Attorney**, ʔt-tór-ny, *s.* one who acts for another, a lawyer

**Attournment**, ʔt-tórny-mént, *s.* a tenant's submission to a new lord

*Sounds.*—hât, hâte, hâll, liâr—mkt, dêsist, me, hér—chîn, chine, field, shîrt—

- Attract**, ât-trâk't, *v. a.* to draw to, to allure, to entice [drawing]
- Attraction**, ât-trâk'-shûn, *s.* the power of
- Attractive**, ât-trâk'-tîv, *a.* alluring, enticing [to impute]
- Attribute**, ât-trîb'-ûte, *v. a.* to ascribe
- Attribute**, ât-trîb'-ûte, *s.* a thing attributed to another, a quality inherent in a person or thing
- Attrition**, ât-trîsh'-ûn, *s.* the act of wearing things by rubbing, imperfect, sorrow for sin [to tune]
- Attune**, ât-tû'ne, *v. a.* to make musical
- Avail**, â-vâ'le, *v. a.* to turn to profit, to promote, to assist—*v. n.* to be of use —*s.* advantage, benefit [fitable]
- Available**, â-vâ'le-âb'l, *a.* of service, pro-  
**Avant-guard**, â-vânt-gârd, *s.* the van
- Avarice**, âv-â-rîs, *s.* covetousness, nig-  
 gardliness [greedy]
- Avaricious**, âv-â-rîsh'-ûs, *a.* covetous
- Avast**, â-vâ'st, *ad.* hold, stop, cease
- Avant**, â-vânt, *interj.* begone, away
- Auburn**, â-bûrn, *a.* brown, of a tan  
 colour [bidder]
- Auction**, âk-shôn, *s.* a sale to the best
- Auctioneer**, âk-shôn-êr, *s.* he that ma-  
 nages an auction [bird-catching]
- Aucupation**, â-kû pâ'-shûn, *s.* fowling
- Audacious**, â-dâ'-shus, *s.* bold, impudent
- Audacity**, â-dîs-î-tî, *s.* spirit, boldness
- Audible**, â-dîbl, *a.* that may be heard,  
 loud
- Audience**, â'd yéns, *s.* the act of hearing,  
 liberty of speaking granted, an as-  
 semblage of persons to hear any thing
- Audit**, â-dît, *s.* a final account—*v. a.*  
 to take an account finally
- Auditor**, â-dî-tôr, *s.* a hearer, an exa-  
 miner of accounts
- Auditory**, â-dî-tôr-î, *s.* a collection of  
 persons assembled to hear, a place  
 where lectures are to be heard
- Avenge**, â-véndzh, *v. a.* to revenge, to  
 punish
- Avenue**, âv-ê-nû, *s.* an entrance to a  
 place, an alley, or walk
- Avér**, â-vér, *v. a.* to declare positively
- Average**, âv-êr-êdzh, *s.* the mean or  
 medium of any given quantities
- Averment**, â-vér-mênt, *s.* an affirmation
- Averse**, â-vêrs, *a.* contrary, not favour-  
 able to
- Aversion**, â-vér'-shûn, *s.* hatred, dislike
- Avert**, â-vért, *v. a.* to turn aside or off
- Augér**, â-gér, *s.* tool to bore holes with
- Aught**, â't, *prep* any thing
- Augment**, âg-mênt', *v. a.* to increase, to  
 make bigger [act of increasing]
- Augmentation**, âg-mên-tâ'-shûn, *s.* the
- Augur**, â-gur, *s.* one who predicts by  
 the flight of birds, &c.—*v. n.* to  
 guess, to conjecture by signs
- Augury**, â-gú-rî, *s.* the act of prognos-  
 ticating by the flight, feeding, &c. of  
 birds, &c.
- August**, â-gúst', *a.* grand, magnificent
- August**, â-gúst, *s.* the eighth month
- Aviary**, âv-yâr-y, *s.* a place for keeping  
 birds in [ness]
- Avidity**, â-vîd'-î-tî, *s.* greediness, eager-
- Aulick**, â-lî'k, *a.* belonging to a court
- Aulin**, â'n, *s.* an ell
- Aunt**, â'nt, *s.* a father or mother's sister
- Avocate**, âv-ô-kâte, *v. a.* to call away
- Avocation**, âv-ô-kâ'-shûn, *s.* the act of  
 calling aside [—*v. n.* to retire]
- Avoid**, â-vô'd, *v. a.* to shun, to escape
- Avoidance**, â-vô'd-êns, *s.* the act of  
 avoiding [ounces weight]
- Avoldupois**, â-vô'd-dû' pôiz, *a.* sixteen
- Avolation**, â-vô-lâ'-shûn, *s.* the act of  
 flying away
- Avouch**, â-vôût'sh, *v. a.* to affirm, to  
 vindicate, to justify—*s.* a declara-  
 tion, evidence [open]
- Avow**, â-vôw, *v. a.* to justify, to declare
- Avowal**, â-vôw'-âl, *s.* a positive or open  
 declaration [distress]
- Avowry**, â-vôw'-rî, *s.* reason of taking
- Aurelia**, â-rê'l-yâ, *s.* the first apparent  
 change of a maggot before it becomes  
 a fly [appendages of the heart]
- Auricle**, â-rîkl, *s.* the external ear, two
- Auricula**, â-rîk-û-lâ, *s.* a flower
- Auricular**, â-rîk-û-lâr, *a.* within hear-  
 ing, told in secret [duces gold]
- Auriferous**, â-rîf-êr-ûs, *a.* that pro-
- Aurora**, â-rô-râ, *s.* a sort of crowfoot,  
 the goddess that opens the gates of  
 day, *poetically* the morning
- Aurora-borealis**, â-rô-râ-bô-rê-â' lîs, *s.* a  
 light streaming in the night from the  
 north [tening to]
- Auscultation**, âs-kûl-tâ'-shûn, *s.* a his
- Auspice**, âs-plis, *s.* an omen, favour, in-  
 fluence [favourable, happy]
- Auspicious**, âs-pîsh'-ûs, *a.* prosperous
- Austere**, âs-tê're, *a.* severe, harsh, rigid,  
 sour [lified life, cruelty]
- Austerity**, âs-têr'-î-tî, *s.* severity, mor-
- Austral**, âs-trâil, *a.* southern
- Authentic**, â-thêu'-ûk, *a.* genuine, ori-  
 ginal

shüt, nöte, löse, acör—hüt, püsh, mäte, für—truly, rye—thus, thick.

**Authenticity**, ä-thén-tiv-y-ty, *s.* authenticity, genuineness

**Author**, ä-thör, *s.* the first beginner or mover of any thing, the writer of any thing [or writer]

**Authoress**, ä-thör-ës, *s.* a female author  
**Authoritative**, ä-thör-y-tä-tiv, *a.* having authority [influence, rule]

**Authority**, ä-thör-y-ty, *s.* legal power, **Authorize**, ä-thö-rize, *v. a.* to empower, to make legal, to justify [ing]

**Autograph**, ä-tö-gräf, *s.* one's own writing  
**Autography**, ä-tö-grä-fy, *s.* an original writing [the power of moving itself]

**Automatic**, ä-tö-mät-y-käl, *a.* having  
**Automaton**, ä-tüm-ä-tön, *s.* a machine that hath the power of motion without itself [itself the power of motion]

**Automatous**, ä-tüm-ä-tüs, *a.* having in  
**Autumn**, ä-tüm, *s.* the season between summer and winter [autumn]

**Autumnal**, ä-tüm-näl, *a.* belonging to  
**Avalaion**, ä-väl'-shün, *s.* the act of pulling one thing from another

**Auxiliar**, äg-zil'-yär, or **Auxiliary**, äg-zil-yar-y, *s.* a helper, an assistant—*a.* helping, assisting [for, to attend]

**Await**, ä-wä-te, *v. a.* to expect, to wait  
**Awake**, ä-wä-ke, *v. a.* to rouse out of sleep or drowsiness—*v. n.* to break from sleep, to cease to sleep—*a.* without sleep, not sleeping

**Award**, ä-wä'rd, *v. a.* to adjudge—*v. n.* to determine—*s.* judgment, determination

**Aware**, ä-wä-re, *a.* vigilant, attentive

**Away**, ä-wä, *ad.* out of the way, not present—*interj.* let us go, begone

**Awe**, ä, *s.* dread, fear, reverence—*v. a.* to strike with reverence or fear

**Awful**, ä-fül, *a.* striking with awe or reverence, terrible

**Awfulness**, ä-fül-nës, *s.* solemnity  
**Awile**, ä-hwile, *ad.* a time

**Awkward**, äk-wä'rd, *a.* inelegant, unhandy, clumsy [holes]

**Awl**, ä'l, *s.* a pointed instrument to bore  
**Awme**, ä'm, *s.* a Dutch measure equal to our tierce

**Awn**, ä'n, *s.* a pike or beard of corn  
**Awning**, ä-ning, *s.* any covering spread over a boat or vessel to keep off the weather

**Awoke**, ä-wö-ke, *irregular pret. of*  
**Awake**

**Awry**, ä-wr'y, *ad.* obliquely, askant, unevenly

**Axe**, äks', *s.* an instrument to cut wood  
**Axiom**, äk'-snóm, *s.* a self-evident proposition

**Axis**, äk'-süs, *s.* a real or imaginary line on which any thing may revolve

**Axle**, äxl', or **Axletree**, äxl'-tré, *s.* a piece of timber on which the wheels of a carriage turn

**Ay**, ä'y, *ad.* yes  
**Aye**, ä, *ad.* always, for ever

**Azimuth**, äz'-y-müth, *s.* an arch between the meridian of the place and a vertical circle passing through the sun or star, an astronomical instrument.

**Azure**, ä-dah-ür, *a.* blue, faint blue

## B

**BAA**, bä, *s.* the cry of sheep—*v. n.* to bleat or cry like a sheep

**Babble**, babl', *v. n.* to prattle, to talk idly, to tell secrets—*s.* idle talk, senseless prattle

**Babe**, bä-be, *s.* an infant  
**Babler**, bäb-lér, *s.* an idle talker

**Baboon**, bä-bö-ne, *s.* a monkey of the largest kind

**Baby**, bä-by, *s.* an infant, a doll  
**Baccated**, bäk-kä-téd, *a.* beset with pearls, having berries [ard]

**Bacchanalian**, bäk-kä-nä'l-yän, *s.* a drunk-  
**Bacchanals**, bäk-kä-näls, *s.* drunken  
feasts

**Bacciferous**, bäk-sif-ér-us, *a.* bearing berries

**Bachelor**, bäth'-élör, *s.* an unmarried man, one who has taken his first degree, a knight of the lowest order

**Back**, bäk', *s.* the hinder part—*v. a.* to mount a horse, to maintain, to justify to support, to second [absent person]

**Backbite**, bäk'-býté, *v. a.* to censure an  
**Backed**, bäkt', *a.* having a back

**Backgammon**, bäk-gäm'-món, *s.* a play or game with dice and tables

**Backside**, bäk'-slide, *v. n.* to fall off  
**Becketays**, bäk'-etäys, *s.* ropes which keep the mast from pitching forward

*Sounds*—hät, häte, häll, liär—mët, dësisit, më, hér—chtn, chine, field, shirt—

- Backsword**, bāk-sā'vī, *s.* a sword with one sharp edge (sluggish)
- Sackward**, bāk-wārd, *a.* unwilling, dull
- Bacon**, bā'kn, *s.* hog's flesh salted and dried [hurtful, sick]
- Bad**, bād', *a.* not good, vicious, unhappy
- Bad**, bād', *Rsde*, bād', *pret.* of Bid
- Badge**, bādzh', *s.* a mark of distinction, a token—*v. a.* to mark [sort of pedlar]
- Badger**, bād'zhēr, *s.* a sort of animal, a
- Badness**, bād'nēs, *s.* want of good qualities [to deceive]
- Baffle**, bāfl', *v. a.* to elude, to confound
- Bag**, bāg', *s.* a sack or pouch
- Baggatelle**, bāg'k-tel', *s.* a trifle
- Baggage**, bāg-gédzh, *s.* the furniture of an army, a worthless woman
- Bagnio**, bān'yō, *s.* a house for bathing or sweating, a brothel [instrument]
- Bagpipe**, bāg-pipe, *s.* a sort of musical
- Bagpiper**, bāg-pi-pēr, *s.* a player on the bagpipes
- Bail**, bā'le, *s.* a surety given for a person's appearance—*v. a.* to give bail, to admit to bail
- Bailiff**, bā'lyf, *s.* an officer who executes or arrests, an under steward of a manor [of a bailiff]
- Bailiwick**, bā'ly-wy'k, *s.* the jurisdiction
- Bait**, bāt, *v. a.* to put meat to tempt animals, to set dogs upon—*v. n.* to stop for refreshment—*s.* meat set to allure, temptation, refreshment
- Bā'ze**, bāze, *s.* a kind of coarse nappy cloth
- Bake**, bāke, *v. a.* to dress victuals in an oven, to harden in the fire—*v. n.* to do the work of baking
- Balance**, bāl'ēns, *s.* a pair of scales, difference of accounts, beating part of a watch, the sign Libra—*v. a.* to weigh, to counterpoize, to regulate an account—*v. n.* to hesitate
- Balcony**, bāl-kō'ný, *s.* a frame of wood or stone before the window of a room
- Bald**, bāld, *a.* without hair, unadorned, inelegant
- Balderdash**, bāl-dér-dāsh, *s.* a rude mixture, illiterate discourse [diack]
- Baldrick**, bāl-drík, *s.* a girdle, the zō-
- Bale**, bāle, *s.* a bundle of goods, misery, calamity
- Baleful**, bā'le-fūl, *a.* pernicious
- Balk**, bāk', *s.* a great beam, a ridge of land unploughed, a disappointment when least expected—*v. a.* to disappoint, to frustrate, to miss
- Ball**, bāl', *s.* any thing round, entertainment of dancing
- Ballad**, bāl'lād, *s.* a sort of song
- Ballast**, bāl'lāst, *s.* something put at the bottom of a ship to keep it steady—*v. n.* to put ballast in a ship
- Ballet**, bāl'lét, *s.* a sort of dance
- Balloon**, bāl-lō'ne, *s.* a round short-necked chemical vessel, a globe filled with light air to carry a weight into the atmosphere
- Ballot**, bāl'lót, *s.* a little ballot or ticket used in giving votes—*v. n.* to choose by ballot
- Balm**, bām', *s.* a sort of sweet plant—*v. a.* to anoint with balm, to soothe to assuage
- Balmy**, bāl'mý, *a.* having the quality of balm, odoriferous, soothing, soft
- Balneary**, bāl-nē-ār-y, *s.* a bathing room
- Balsam**, bāl'sām, *s.* a shrub, an ointment [tigitin]
- Balsamic**, bāl-sām'yk, *a.* unctuous, m
- Baluster**, bāl-ús-tēr, *s.* a small column or pillar [small pillar]
- Balustrade**, bāl-ús-trāde, *s.* a row of
- Bam**, bām, *s.* a cheat, a fraud
- Bamboo**, bām,-bō, *s.* an Indian plant of the reed kind [to tric]
- Bamboozle**, bām'-boz'l, *v. a.* to deceive
- Ban**, bān', *s.* a public notice, a curse, an interdiction—*v. a.* to curse, execrate
- Banana-tree**, bā-nā-nā-trē, *s.* a species of the plantain
- Band**, bānd', *s.* a tie, a baudage, an ornament for the neck, a company
- Bandage**, bān-dédzh, *s.* something bound over another, a fillet or roller
- Bandbox**, bānd'-bōks, *s.* a thin, slight box
- Bandelet**, bān-dél-ét, *s.* a flat mouldin or fillet [plunderer]
- Banditti**, bān-dý'tý, *s.* outlaws, robbers
- Bandoleers**, bān-dō-lēr's, *s.* cases for charges of powder
- Bandy**, bān-dý, *s.* a crooked stick—a crooked—*v. a.* to toss to and fro, to agitate or discuss—*v. n.* to contend
- Bandy-legged**, bān-dý-légd, *a.* having crooked legs
- Bane**, bāne, *s.* poison, mischief, ruin
- Baneful**, bāne-fūl, *a.* poisonous, destructive
- Bang**, bāng', *v. a.* to thump, to handle roughly—*s.* a blow, a thump
- Banish**, bān'ish, *v. a.* to send or drive away, to condemn to leave his own country

shüt, möte, löse, actor—hüt, push, mäte, für—truly, rje—thus, thick.

**Banishment**, bän' 'sh, m'ent, *s.* exiled state

**Bank**, bängk', *s.* earth rising on each side of a river, a shoal of sand, a place where money is kept

**Bank-bill**, bängk'-bíl, *s.* a note for money in a bank

**Banker**, bängk'-ér, *s.* one that keeps a bank

**Bankrupt**, bängk'-rüpt, *s.* one incapable of paying his debts, or against whom a commission of bankruptcy is awarded

**Bankruptcy**, bängk'-rüpt-sv, *s.* the state

**Banner**, bän'-nér, *s.* a military flag or standard

**Banneret**, bän'-nér-ét, *s.* a knight made

**Bannian**, bän'-yän, *s.* a sort of light undress

**Bannock**, bän'-nök, *s.* an oat or pease

**Banns**, bän, *s.* public notice before marriage

**Banquet**, bäng'-kwët, *s.* a feast

**Banstick**, bän'-st'ikl, *s.* a very small prickly fish

**Banter**, bän'-tér, *v. a.* to play upon, to rally—*s.* ridicule, raillery

**Banterer**, bän'-tér-ér, *s.* one who rallies

**Bantling**, bän'-t'ing, *s.* a little child

**Baptismal**, báp'-tiz'-mál, *a.* relating to baptism

**Baptistery**, báp'-tis- tér-ý, *s.* a place for baptize, báp tize, *v. a.* to christen

**Bar**, bär, *s.* a long piece of wood or iron, a shallow bank at the entrance of a harbour, where causes of law are tried, a small room in a tavern, a perpendicular stroke through the lines (in music)—*v. a.* to fasten with a bolt, to hinder or obstruct

**Barb**, bär'b, *s.* a beard, the points that stand backward in an arrow, a Barbary horse—*v. a.* to shave the beard, to furnish a horse with armour, to point an arrow

**Barbarian**, bär-bä'-ryän, *s.* a rude uncivilized person, a man without pity

**Barbarism**, bär-bär'-izam, *s.* an uncouth manner of speaking or writing, ignorance, brutality, cruelty

**Barbarity**, bär-bär'-y-ty, *s.* inhumanity

**Barbarous**, bär-bä'-rüs, *a.* savage, uncivilized, ignorant, inhuman

**Barbecue**, bär'-bë-kë, *v. a.* to dress a whole hog—*s.* a hog dressed whole

**Barbed**, bär'-béd or bär'bd, *part.* furnished with armour, bearded, jagged with hooks

**Barbel**, bär'-b'l, *s.* a kind of eel fish

**Barber**, bär'-bér, *s.* one whose trade is to shave

**Barberry**, bär-bér rý, *s.* a sort of bush

**Barbican**, bär'-bý-kän, *s.* an outward fortification, an opening in the wall for guns

**Bard**, bär'd, *s.* a poet

**Bare**, bär'-re, *a.* naked, uncovered, unadorned, poor

**Rarefaced**, bär'-faste, *a.* shameless, impudent

**Barefoot**, bär'-füt, *a.* without shoes

**Bareheaded**, bär'-re-hé-d, *a.* uncovered, without a hat, &c.

**Bareness**, bär'-né-s, *s.* nakedness, poverty

**Bargain**, bär'-gín, *s.* an agreement for any thing, a thing bought or sold—*v. n.* to make an agreement

**Barge**, bär'dzh, *s.* a large boat for pleasure or burden

**Bargeman**, bär'dzh-män, *s.* the owner or manager of a barge

**Barilla**, bär'-ril'-lá, *s.* potashes used in making glass

**Bark**, bärk, *s.* the rind of a tree, a small ship—*v. a.* to strip off bark—*v. n.* to make a noise like a dog, to clamour at

**Barley**, bär'ly, *s.* the grain of which malt is made

**Barleycorn**, bär'-ly-körn, *s.* the grain of barley, the third part of an inch

**Barm**, qär'm, *s.* yeast for making drink, ferment

**Barn**, bär'n, *s.* a storehouse for corn, &c.

**Barnacle**, bär'-näk'l, *s.* a bird like a goose, a species of shell fish

**Barometer**, bär-röm'-é-tér, *s.* a weather

**Barometrical**, bär-röm'-ét-rik-al, *a.* relating to the barometer

**Baron**, bär'-ón, *s.* a nobleman next below a viscount, two surloins of beef

**Baronage**, bär'-ón-edah, *s.* dignity of a baron

**Baronet**, bär'-ón-ét, *s.* the lowest degree of honour that is hereditary, next in rank to a baron

**Barony**, bär'-ón-ý, *s.* the lordship that gives title to a baron

**Baroscope**, bär'-ös-köpe, *s.* an instrument to shew the weight of the atmosphere

**Barracan**, bär'-rik-an, *s.* a strong thick

**Barrack**, bär'-rik, *s.* a building to lodge soldiers

**Barrator**, bär'-rá-tór, *s.* a wrangler and



*Sounds*—hít, hâte, háll, hiár—mít, ééist, mé, hér—chín, chine, field, shirt—

**Barratry**, bá'r-rí-erý, *s.* a foul practice in law

**Barrel**, bá'r-rél, *s.* a round wooden vessel, the hollow tube of a gun

**Barrel**, bá'r-rél, *v. a.* to put any thing in barrels [*tive*, unmeaning, dull]

**Barren**, bá'r-rén, *s.* sterile, not productive

**Barrenness**, bá'r-rén-nés, *s.* sterility

**Barricade**, bá'r-rí-ká'de, *s.* a fortification, an obstruction—*v. a.* to stop up and fortify

**Barricado**, bá'r-rí-ká'dó, *s.* a fortification, a bar—*v. a.* to fortify, to bar

**Barrier**, bá'r-rý-ér, *s.* a boundary, a defence, a mark for the limits of a place

**Barrister**, bá'r-rís-tér, *s.* an advocate, a pleader

**Barrow**, bá'r-ró, *s.* a small hand carriage, a mound of earth in honour of those who died in battle

**Barter**, bá'r-tér, *v. n.* to traffic by exchange—*v. a.* to give any thing in exchange—*s.* an exchange

**Base**, báse, *a.* worthless, of low station, in music deep or grave—*s.* foundation of any thing, pedestal of a statue

**Baseness**, báse-nés, *s.* meanness, vileness

**Basshaw**, básh-sh, *s.* a viceroy of a Turkish province [*aced*]

**Bashful**, básh-fúl, *a.* modest, shame-

**Bashfulness**, básh-fúl-nés, *s.* rustic shame

**Basil**, bá's-íl, *s.* a plant, the edge of a joiner's tool, skin of a sheep tanned—*v. a.* to slope to an edge

**Basilicon**, bá-síl-ík-ón, *s.* an ointment

**Basilisk**, bá's-íl-Nsk, *s.* a kind of serpent, a species of cannon

**Basin**, bá's-n, *s.* a small vessel to hold water, a pond, a dock for repairing and building ships

**Basis**, bá's-ís, *s.* foundation of any thing, lowest of the three principal parts of a column, the foot or pedestal

**Bask**, bá'sk, *v. a.* to warm by laying in the heat—*v. n.* to lie in the heat of the sun or fire [*twigs* or rushes]

**Basket**, bá's-két, *s.* a vessel made of

**Bason**, see Basin

**Bass**, bá'se, *a.* grave or deep in music

**Bass**, bá's, *s.* a mat used in churches

**Basset**, bá's-sét, *s.* a game at cards

**Bassoon**, bá's-sóne, *s.* a musical wind instrument

**Bass relief**, bá's-ré-lít, *s.* raised work

**Bastard**, bá's-tárd, *s.* a person born out of wedlock, any thing spurious—*s.* begotten out of wedlock, spurious

**Bastardize**, bá's-tás-díse, *v. a.* to declare

**Baste**, bá'ste, *v. a.* to beat with a stick, to pour butter upon meat, to sew slightly

**Bastinado**, bá's-tí-ná'de, *v. a.* to beat with a cudgel

**Bastion**, bá's-týón, *s.* a bulwark, fortress

**Bat**, bá't, *s.* a club to strike a ball with, a small winged animal like a mouse

**Batch**, bá'tsh, *s.* a quantity of bread baked, or made at once

**Bate**, bá'te, *s.* strife, contention—*v. a.* to lessen, to abate in price, to remit

**Bat-fowling**, bá't-fów-ling, *s.* birdcatching in the night-time

**Bath**, bá'th, *s.* a place to bathe in, a measure [*to soften*]

**Bathe**, bá'the, *v. a.* to wash in a bath

**Batoon**, bá-tóne, *s.* a staff or club, a truncheon or marshal's staff

**Battalion**, bá'tál-yón, *s.* a division of an army, a body of foot soldiers, in number from 500 to 600 men

**Batten**, bá'tn *v. a.* to fatten, to fertilize—*v. n.* to grow fast—*s.* a narrow piece of board

**Batter**, bá't-tér, *v. a.* to beat, to beat down—*s.* a mixture of flour, eggs, milk, and salt

**Battery**, bá't-tér-y, *s.* a raised work on which cannons are mounted, in law a violent assault

**Battle**, bá'tl, *s.* a fight, an encounter

**Battle-array**, bá'tl-ár-rá, *s.* order of battle

**Battle-axe**, bá'tl-áks, *s.* a sort of weapon

**Battle-door**, bá'tl-dóre, *s.* an instrument for striking a ball or shuttlecock

**Battlement**, bá'tl-mént, *s.* a wall with open places to look through to annoy an enemy [*penney*]

**Baube**, bá-bé, *s.* in Scotland a hawk

**Bavin**, bá'vín, *s.* a small bundle of wood, a faggot

**Bawble**, bá'bl, *s.* a gaw-gaw, a trinket

**Bawd**, bá'd, *s.* a procurer or procuress

**Bawl**, bá'l, *v. n.* to cry out, to talk loud

**Bay**, bá, *v. a.* to proclaim (as a crier)

**Bay**, bá, *a.* of a colour inclining to chestnut—*s.* a road for ships, a species of laurel tree—*v. n.* to bark as a dog

**Bay**, báse, *s.* a garland, an honorary

shōt, mōte, lōse, actōr—hūt, pūsh, mōte, fūr—truly, rjē—thus, thick.

- Bay salt**, bā'sāl't, *s.* a salt of a brown colour made from sea water
- Bayonet**, bā'ōn-ēt, *s.* a weapon fixed at the end of a musket
- Bellium**, dēl-lyūm, *s.* an aromatic gum
- Be**, bē, *v. n.* to exist, to have existence
- Beach**, bēch, *s.* the shore, the strand
- Beacon**, bē'k'n, *s.* a mark erected to direct navigators
- Bead**, bēde, *s.* a globular body, a small round ball of which necklaces and rosaries are made
- Beadle**, bē'd'l, *s.* a petty officer in parishes, or trading companies
- Beagle**, bē'g'l, *s.* a small hound to hunt hares
- Beak**, bēke, *s.* the bill of a bird, a promontory
- Beaker**, bē-kér, *s.* a cup with a spout in the form of a bird's beak
- Beam**, bēme, *s.* a large piece of timber, a part of a balance, a ray of light—*v. n.* to emit rays
- Bean**, bēne, *s.* a well-known kind of pulse
- Bear**, bāre, *v. a.* to carry a load, to carry in remembrance, to convey, to support, to endure, to produce—*v. n.* to suffer pain, to be patient, to be fruitful—*s.* a rough savage animal, the name of two constellations called the greater and lesser bear
- Beard**, bērd, *s.* hair on the chin, the barb of an arrow, &c.
- Bear-garden**, bāre-gārd'n, *s.* a place in which bears are kept for sport, any place of tumult
- Bearing**, bā-ring, *s.* the situation of any place, both as to distance and direction, gesture, mien, behaviour
- Beast**, bēste, *s.* an irrational animal, a brutish man
- Beat**, bēte, *v. a.* to strike, knock, to conquer—*v. n.* to throb, to fluctuate
- Beatific**, bē-āt-īf-īk, *a.* blissful (used only of heavenly fruition after death)
- Beatification**, bē-āt-īf-ī-kā-shūn, *s.* an acknowledgment made by the pope that the person is in heaven and may be revered as blessed
- Beatify**, bē-āt-ī-fy, *v. a.* to bless with celestial enjoyment
- Beating**, bē-tīng, *s.* correction by blows
- Beatitude**, bē-āt-ī-tūde, *s.* blessedness, happiness
- Beau**, bō, *s.* a man of dress, a coxcomb
- Beaver**, bē'vēr, *s.* an amphibious animal, remarkable for his art in building his habitation, a hat made of its fur, the part of a helmet that covers the face
- Beauteous**, bā'tyūs, *a.* fair, elegant
- Beautiful**, bā-ty-fūl, *a.* fair, handsome
- Beautify**, bā-tī-fy, *v. a.* to adorn, to embellish
- Beauty**, bā-ty, *s.* gracefulness, a fine appearance, a beautiful person
- Becalm**, bē-kā'm, *v. a.* to still, to quiet the wind
- Became**, bē-kā'me, *pret. of* become
- Because**, bē kā'z, *conj.* for this reason, on this account
- Bock**, bēk', *v. n.* to make a sign with the head—*v. a.* to call or guide as by a motion of the head—*s.* a nod
- Beckon**, bēk'n, *v. n.* to make a sign—*v. a.* to make a sign to
- Become**, bē-kóm', *v. n.* to enter into some state or condition—*v. a.* to suit, to befit, to grace
- Becoming**, bē kóm-ing, *part. a.* pleasing, graceful
- Bed**, bēd', *s.* a place to lie on, a lodging, a bank of earth raised in a garden, the channel of a river, a layer, a stratum [besprinkle]
- Bedabble**, bē-dāb'l, *v. a.* to wet, to
- Bedaggle**, bē dāg'l, *v. a.* to bemire
- Bedaub**, bē-dāb, *v. a.* to besmear
- Bedazzle**, bē-dāz'l, *v. a.* to make the sight dim [to sleep in]
- Bedchamber**, bēd-tshāme-bér, *s.* a room
- Bedcloaths**, bēd-olōz, *s.* covering of a bed
- Bedding**, bēd-dīng, *s.* the materials of a bed [adorn]
- Bedeck**, bē-dēk', *v. a.* to deck, to
- Bedew**, bē-dū, *v. a.* to moisten as with dew [the same bed]
- Bedfellow**, bēd-fēl-lō, *s.* one who lies in
- Bedlam**, bēd-lām, *s.* a madhouse
- Bedlamite**, bēd-lā-mite, *s.* a madman
- Bedrid**, bēd-rīd, *a.* confined to bed by age or sickness
- Bedstead**, bēd-stēd, *s.* the frame on which the bed is placed
- Bee**, bē, *s.* an insect that makes honey, an industrious and careful person
- Beech**, bētsh, *s.* a tree
- Beechen**, bētsh'n, *a.* consisting of the wood of the beech
- Beef**, bēfe, *s.* the flesh of ox or cow

~~~~~ Sounds—hät, häte, häll, liär—mät, deaist, më, hér—chün, chine, field, shirt—

Beef-eater, bēf-ē-tēr, *s.* a yeoman of the guard

Beehive, bē-hīve, *s.* a cover for bees

Beer, bēre, *s.* a liquor made of malt and hops

Beet, bē'te, *s.* a sort of plant [mallet]

Beetle, bē'tl, *s.* a sort of insect, a heavy

Beeves, bē'vz, *s.* black cattle, oxen

Befal, bē-fäl, *v. n.* to come to pass, to happen to [able to]

Befit, bē-fit', *v. a.* to suit, to be suit-

Befool, bē-föl, *v. a.* to delude

Before, bē-fōre, *prep.* further onward, not behind in the presence of, prior to, sooner

Beforehand, bē-fō're-händ, *ad.* in a state of anticipation, previously [soil]

Befoul, bē-fōul, *v. a.* to make foul, to

Befriend, bē-frënd, *v. a.* to favour, to be kind to [to ask, to implore]

Beg, bēg', *v. n.* to live upon alms—*v. a.*

Began, bē-gän, *pret. of* begin

Beget, bē-gēt', *v. a.* to generate, to produce [begging]

Beggar, bēg-gär, *s.* one who lives by

Beggarly, bēg-gär-lý, *a.* mean, stingy, indigent—*ad.* meanly, stingily

Beggary, bēg-gär-y, *s.* great want, indigence

Begin, bē-gín', *v. n.* to enter upon, to commence—*v. a.* to do the first act of any thing, to begin with, to enter upon [any thing]

Beginner, bē-gín nér, *s.* one who begins

Beginning, bē-gín-níng, *s.* the original cause, the rudiments or first grounds, the first part

Begird, bē-gírd', or **Begirt**, bē-gírt', *v. a.* to bind with a girdle, to surround

Begone, bē-gön', *inter.* get away! go hence!

Begot, bē-göt', *pret. of* Beget

Begotten, bē-göt'n, *part. of* Beget

Begrime, bē-gríme, *v. a.* to soil, to dirty with soot [ceive]

Beguile, bē-gíle, *v. a.* to delude, to de-

Begun, bē-gín, *part. of* Begin [support]

Behalf, bē-hälf, *s.* favour, vindication,

Behave, bē-hä've, *v. a.* to conduct—*v. n.* to act, to conduct one's self

Behaviour, bē-hä've-yór, *s.* manner of action, conduct, course of life

Behead, bē-héd', *v. a.* to kill by cutting off the head [Behold]

Beheld, bē-héld, *pret. and part. of*

Behemoth, bē-hé-móth, *s.* the hippopotamus or river horse

Behest, bē-hést', *s.* a command or precept

Behind, bē-hínd, *prep.* at the back of, following another, remaining after, inferior to

Behindhand, bē-hínd-hánd, *ad.* late in time, in arrears [—inter. see, lo]

Behold, bē-höld, *v. a.* to view, to see

Beholden, bē-höld'n, *part.* obliged in gratitude

Behoof, bē hō'fe, *s.* profit, advantage

Behoove, bē-hō've, *v. n.* to befit

Being, bē-íng, *s.* existence, a particular state or condition, the person existing [thump]

Belabour, bē-lä'-bór, *v. a.* to beat, to

Belated, bē-lä'-téd, *a.* too late, benighted

Belay, bē-lä', *v. a.* to lay wait for, to fasten a rope [the stomach]

Belch, bēlsh', *v. n.* to eject wind from

Beldam, bēl-dám, *s.* a scolding woman, a hag [to block up]

Beleaguer, bē-lē-gúr, *v. n.* to besiege,

Belfry, bēl'-frý, *s.* a place where the bells hang [guilt]

Belial, bē-lý-al, *s.* the Devil, wickedness,

Belie, bē-líe', *v. a.* to slander, to calumniate [an opinion]

Belief, bē-lí'f, *s.* persuasion, a creed,

Believe, bē-lí'v, *v. a.* to give credit, to put confidence in—*v. n.* to have faith or a firm persuasion of any thing

Believer, bē-lí'v-ér, *s.* one who believes

Belike, bē-lí'ke, *ad.* probably, perhaps, likely

Bell, bēl', *s.* a hollow sounding vessel

Belle, bēl', *s.* a gay young lady [ture]

Belles Lettres, bēl'-lèt'r, *s.* polite literature

Beligerent, bēl-hídzh'-ér-ént, *a.* engaged in war

Bellow, bēl'-lō, *v. n.* to roar like a bull, to vociferate, to roar as the sea, &c.

Bel lows, bēl'-lōs, *s.* an instrument for blowing the fire [body]

Belly, bēl'-lý, *s.* the lower part of th.

Belman, bēl'-mán, *s.* a public crier

Belmetal, bēl'-mēt'l, *s.* a mixture of copper and pewter [victuals]

Belly-timber, bēl'-lý-tím-bér, *s.* food

Belong, bē-lóng, *v. n.* to be the property of, to have relation to

Beloved, bē-lóv'd, *a.* dear to

Below, bē-lō', *ad.* lower in place, inferior

Belt, bēl', *s.* a girdle, a cincture

Bel ether, bēl'-weth-ér, *s.* a sheep which leads the flock with a bell on his neck

shút, nôte, lôee, actôr—hút, pûsh, mâte, fûr—trûy, rjê—hus, thick.

Bemire, bê-mî're, *v. a.* to soil, to daub with mire [bewail]
Bemoan, bê-mône, *v. a.* to lament, to
Bench, bê-nash', *s.* a seat, a seat of justice, the persons sitting upon a bench
Bench, bê-nash', *s.* a senior in the inn of court
Bend, bênd', *v. a.* to make crooked, to subdue—*v. n.* to bow, to crook
Beneath, bê-nêth, *prep.* under, lower in place, unworthy of
Benediction, bê-nê-dik'-shûn, *s.* a blessing, an acknowledgment for blessings received [table gift, a benefit]
Benefaction, bê-nê-fâk'-shûn, *s.* a charity
Benefactor, bê-nê-fâk'-tôr, *s.* he that confers a benefit [confers a benefit]
Benefactress, bê-nê-fâk'-três, *s.* she who
Benefice, bê-nê-fîs, *s.* a benefit, a church living [goodness]
Beneficence, bê-nêf'-y-sens, *s.* active
Beneficent, bê-nêf'-y-sent, *a.* kind, doing good [ous, useful]
Beneficial, bê-nê-fîsh'-âl, *a.* advantage
Beneficiary, bê-nê-fîsh'-âr-y, *s.* one who holds a benefice [tage]
Benefit, bê-nê-fî't, *s.* kindness, advantage
Benevolence, bê-nêv'-ô-lens, *s.* kindness, goodwill
Benevolent, bê-nêv'-ô-lent, *a.* kind, good, affectionate [ton]
Bengal, bê-nâ'l, *s.* a slight indian cot
Benign, bê-nîne, *a.* kind, generous, wholesome [kindness]
Benignity, bê-nîg'-nî-tî, *s.* graciousness
Benison, bê-nîs'-ôn, *s.* a blessing, a benediction
Bennet, bê-nê't, *s.* a sort of herb
Bent, bênt', *s.* a curve, tendency, inclination, declivity, determination
Benumb, bê-nûm', *v. a.* to make torpid, to stupify
Bensoin, bê-n'-sôin, *s.* a medical kind of resin, vulgarly called Benjamin
Bequeath, bê-kwêth, *v. a.* to leave by will [will]
Bequest, bê-kwêst, *s.* something left by
Beleave, bê-rêve, *v. a.* to deprive of, to take away
Bergamot, bêr'-gâ-môt, *s.* a sort of pear, an essence or perfume
Bergamote, bêrg'-môte, *s.* a court for deciding controversies among miners
Berlin, bêr'-lîn, *s.* a coach of a particular form first used at Berlin
Bernardine, bêr'-nâr-dîn, *s.* a monk of the order of St. Bernard

Berry, bêr'-rî, *s.* the fruit of several shrubs and trees
Beryl, bêr'-yî, *s.* a precious stone
Beseech, bê-sê'tch, *v. a.* to intreat, to beg, to implore [bê]
Beseech, bê-sê'me, *v. n.* to become, to
Beset, bê-sê't, *v. a.* to waylay, to harass
Beshrew, bê-shrû', *v. a.* to curse, to happen ill to
Beside, bê-sîde, or **Resides**, bê-sîdr *prep.* near, over and above
Besiege, bê-sîdz, *v. a.* to lay siege to, to beset with armed forces
Besmear, bê-smê're, *v. a.* to bedaub, to soil, to foul [smoke]
Besmoke, bê-smôke, *v. a.* to foul with
Besmut, bê-smut', *v. a.* to blacken with smut
Besom, bêz'-ôm, *s.* an instrument to sweep with [pify with liquor]
Besot, bê-sôt, *v. a.* to infatuate, to stupefy
Besought, bê-sât, *part. of* Beseech
Bespangle, bê-spâng'l, *v. a.* to adorn with spangles [with dirt]
Bespatter, bê-spât'-tér, *v. a.* to splash
Bespeak, bê-spê'ke, *v. a.* to order, to speak to, to betoken
Bespread, bê-spri'd, *v. a.* to spread over
Besprinkle, bê-sprînk'l, *v. a.* to sprinkle over
Best, bêst', *a.* most good, fittest
Bestial, bê's'-tyâl, *a.* like a beast, brutal, carnal [to hasten]
Bestir, bê-tîr', *v. a.* to move quickly
Bestow, bêst'-ô, *v. a.* to confer upon, to apply [scatter about]
Bestrew, bê-strô', *v. a.* to strew or
Bestride, bê-strîde, *v. a.* to stride over, to step over
Bet, bê't, *s.* a wager—*v. a.* to wager
Bestake, bê-tâ'ke, *v. a.* to seize, to have recourse to [reflect]
Bethink, bê-thînk', *v. a.* to recollect, to
Betide, bê-tîde, *v. n.* to happen to, to come to pass [ad. seasonably, early]
Betime, bê-tîme, or **Netimes**, bê-tîmz
Betle, bê'tl, *s.* an Indian plant called water pepper [oreshaw]
Betoken, bê-tô'k'n, *v. a.* to signify, to
Betony, bê't'-ô-nî, *s.* a sort of plant
Betray, bê-trâ', *v. a.* to deliver up treacherously, to divulge, to discover
Betroth, bê-trôth, *v. a.* to give or receive a promise of marriage, to affiancé [or, more good]
Better, bê't'-ér, *v. a.* improved, superior

Sounds—hăt, hâte, hăl, liăr—mêt, dəsist, mē, hēr—chîn, chine, field, shîrt—

- Between**, bē-twēne, *prep.* in the middle
Betwixt, bē-twîkst, *prep.* between
Bevel, bēv'él, *s.* a kind of square rule
Beverage, bēv'ér-édzh, *n.* drink, liquor
 to be drunk
Bevy, bēv'ý, *s.* a flock of birds, a company (ment)
Bewail, bē-wā'le, *v. a.* to bemoan, to lament
Beware, bē-wā're, *v. n.* to be cautious, to take care of
Bewilder, bē-wîl'dér, *v. a.* to mislead, to puzzle
Bewitch, bē-wîts'h, *v. a.* to injure by witchcraft, to charm, to please
Bewray, bē-rá, *v. a.* to betray, to discover
Bey, bā, *s.* a Turkish governor
Beyond, bē-yōnd, *prep.* on the farther side of, above, farther onward than
Ezel or Bazil, bēz'él, *s.* that part of a ring in which the stone is fixed
Bezoar, bē-zō're, *s.* a medicinal stone
Bianguled, bī-āng'ŭ-lā-téd, or **Biangulous**, bī-āng'ŭ-lós, *a.* having two corners or angles
Bias, bi-ás, *s.* a weight lodged on one side of a bowl, bent, inclination—*v. a.* to incline to some side
Bib, bīb', *s.* small piece of linen to pin before a child [to drinking]
Bibacious, bi-bā' shús, *a.* much addicted
Bibber, bīb-bér, *s.* a tippler
Bible, bib'l, *s.* the sacred volume containing the revelations of God [bible]
Biblical, bīb'ly-kál, *a.* relating to the Bible
Bibulous, bīb'ŭ-lús, *a.* spungy, that drinks moisture [painting]
Bice, bise, *s.* a blue colour used in Bicker, bîk-kér, *v. n.* to skirmish, to wrangle [a price]
Bid, bîd', *v. a.* to command, to offer
Bidden, bîd'n, *part. of Bid*, invited, commanded [offer of a price]
Bidding, bîd'-dîng, *s.* a command, order
Bide, bîde, *v. a.* to endure, to suffer—*v. n.* to dwell, to live, to stay
Bidental, bî-dén'tál, *a.* having two teeth [tation]
Biding, bî-dîng, *s.* a residence, a habitation
Biennial, bi-én-nyál, *a.* continuing for two years [upon]
Bier, bère, *s.* a frame, to carry the dead
Biestings, bîs-tîngs, *s.* the first milk after calving
Bifarious, bi-fá'-ryús, *a.* twofold [a year]
Biferous, bîf'ér-ús, *a.* bearing fruit twice
Big, bîg', *a.* great, pregnant, swollen
Bigamy, bîg'-á-mý, *s.* having two wives at once [largest]
Biggest, bîg'-ést, *a.* greatest, tallest,
Biggin, bîg'-gîn, *s.* a child's cap
Bigot, bîg'-ót, *s.* one devoted to a party, a zealot [zeal]
Bigotry, bîg'-ót-rý, *s.* prejudice, blind
Bilander, bîl'-án-dér, *s.* small vessel for the carriage of goods
Bilberry, bîl'-bér-rý, *s.* a whortleberry
Bilbo, bîl'-bō, *s.* a rapier, a sword
Bilboes, bîl'-bōs, *s.* a sort of stocks on board of ship
Bile, bî'le, *s.* thick bitter liquor in the gall-bladder, a sore angry swelling
Bilge, bîldzh, *v. n.* to spring a leak—the breadth of a ship's bottom
Biliary, bîl'-yár-y, *n.* belonging to the bile [foul language]
Billingsgate, bîl'-yîngz-gate, *s.* a scold,
Bilious, bîl'-yús, *a.* consisting of bile
Bilk, bîlk', *v. a.* to cheat, to defraud, to over-reach
Bill, Lîl', *s.* the beak of a fowl, a hatchet, with a hooked point, a charge, an account of money, an act of parliament, an advertisement—*v. n.* to caress as doves—*v. a.* to publish
Billet, bîl'-lét, *s.* a small paper, a note, a small log of wood—*v. a.* to quarter soldiers [letter]
Billet-deux, bîl'-lê-dô, *s.* a short love
Billiards, bîl'yárdz, *s.* a game
Billions, bîl'yóns, *s.* millions of millions
Billow, bîl'-lô, *s.* a swollen wave [&c.]
Bin, bîn', *s.* a repository for corn, wine
Binary, bi-nar-y, *a.* double, two & two
Bind, bînd, *v. a.* to confine with bonds, to gird, to fasten, to restrain, to make costive—*v. n.* to contract, to grow, stiff, to be obligatory—*s.* a species of hops, a quantity
Binder, bind-ér, *s.* one who binds books, a fillet [ing]
Binding, bînd'-dîng, *s.* a bandage, a fastener
Binocle, bîn-ôkl, *s.* a telescope with two tubes, so that an object may be seen with both eyes [eyes]
Binocular, bîn-ôk'ŭ-lár, *a.* having two
Rinomial bi-nô-mý-ál, *a.* having two parts
Biographer, bi-ôg'-ráf-ér, *s.* a writer of lives [writing of lives]
Biography, bi-ôg'-ráf-y, *s.* a history or
Biparous, bîp'ár-ús, *a.* bringing forth two at a birth [in two parts]
Bipartite, bi-pár-tite, *a.* divided or cleft

shōt, nōte, lōse, actōr—hūt, pūsh, mātē, fūr—trulŷ, rŷe—thus, thick.

Dispartition, *bi-pār-tish-ān*, *s.* the act of dividing in two

Biped, *bi-pēd*, *s.* an animal with two feet

Bipedal, *bi-pē-dāl*, *a.* two feet in length

Bipennate, *bi-pēn-nā-tēd*, *a.* having two wings [two flower leaves]

Bipetalous, *bi-pēt-ā-lūs*, *a.* consisting of

Biquadrate, *bik-kwā-drāte*, *s.* the fourth power of numbers

Birch, *birtsh'*, *s.* a sort of tree, a rod

Bird, *bird'*, *s.* a name applied to all fowls

Bird-cage, *bird-kādh*, *s.* a receptacle for birds [of birds]

Bird-catcher, *bird-kitch-ér*, *s.* a catcher

Birdlime, *bird'-lime*, *s.* a glutinous substance used to entangle the feet of small birds

Birt, *birt'*, *s.* a fish of the turbot kind

Birth, *birth'*, *s.* the act of coming into life, extraction, rank inherited by descent [a person's birth]

Birth-day, *birth'-dā*, *s.* anniversary of

Birth-place, *birth-plas*, *s.* the city or place of a person's birth

Birthright, *birth'-rite*, *s.* the rights and privileges to which a person is born

Birthwort, *birth-wort*, *s.* the name of a plant [bread]

Biscuit, *bis-kīt*, *s.* a kind of hard flat

Bisect, *bis-ēkt*, *v. a.* to divide into two equal parts [of the clergy]

Bishop, *bish'-ōp*, *s.* one of the head order

Bishopric, *bish'-ōp-rik*, *s.* the diocese of a bishop [brittle mineral]

Bismuth, *biz-mūth*, *s.* a hard white

Bissextile, *bis-sēks'-tīl*, *s.* leap year

Bisulcous, *bi-sūl'-kūs*, *a.* cloven-footed

Bit, *bīt'*, *s.* the iron mouth-piece of a bridle, a morsel, a silver coin of 74d.

Bitch, *bitch'*, *s.* the female of canine animals

Bite, *bīte*, *v. a.* to crush or pierce with the teeth, to hurt or pain, to cheat—

s. the seizure of any thing by the teeth or mouth, a trick, a sharper

Biter, *bit-ér*, *s.* a sharper, one who tricks another

Bittacle, *bīt-tākl*, *s.* a frame of timber in the steerage where the compass is placed

Bitter, *bīt-tér*, *a.* of an acrid and sharp taste, cruel, severe, satirical

Bittern, *bīt-térn*, *s.* a bird of the heron kind [mēn, *s.* fat unctuous matter]

Bitume, *bi-tā-me*, or **Bitumen**, *bi-tā-bituminous*, *bi-tū-mī-nūs*, *a.* com-

pounded of bitumen

Bivalve, *bi-vālv*, *a.* having two valves or shutters as oysters

Bizantine, *biz-ān-tīn*, *s.* a piece of gold valued fifteen pounds

Blab, *blāb'*, *v. a.* to divulge—*v. n.* to tattle, to tell tales

Black, *blāk'*, *a.* dark, cloudy, sullen, dismal, wicked—*s.* a black colour,

mourning, a blackamoor—*v. a.* to make black, blacken [bird]

Blackbird, *blāk'-bird*, *s.* a well-known

Blacken, *blāk'n*, *v. a.* to make black, to defame—*v. n.* to grow black

Blackguard, *blāk-gārd*, *s.* a dirty fellow

Black-rod, *blāk-rōd'*, *s.* the usher belonging to the order of the garter

Blacksmith, *blāk-smith*, *s.* a smith who works in iron

Bladder, *blād-dér*, *s.* the vessel which contains the urine, a blister

Blade, *blāde*, *s.* the spire of grass, the shoot of corn, the cutting part of a weapon, a brisk man

Blain, *blāne*, *s.* a blister, a pustule

Blame, *blāme*, *v. a.* to censure, to reproach—*s.* the imputation of a fault,

the offence [ble, blameable]

Blameworthy, *blāme-wór-thŷ*, *a.* culpa

Blanch, *blānsh*, *v. a.* to whiten, to skin or peel almonds, to obliterate—

v. n. to evade, to shift

Blind, *blānd'*, *a.* soft, mild, gentle

Blandish, *blān-dish*, *v. a.* to smooth, to wheedle [and pleasing actions]

Blandishment, *blān-dish-mēnt*, *s.* soft

Blank, *blāngk'*, *a.* white, unwritten, confused—*s.* a void space, a disap-

pointment

Blanket, *blāngk'-ēt*, *s.* a woollen cover for a bed, a kind of pear

Blare, *blāre*, *v. a.* to bellow, to roar

Blasphe, *blās-fēm'e*, *v. a.* to speak blasphemy—*v. n.* to speak wickedly

Blasphemous, *blās-fe-mus*, *a.* very profane, very wicked

Blasphemy, *blās-fe-mŷ*, *s.* indignity offered to God

Blast, *blāst*, *s.* a gust of wind, the sound made by a wind instrument of music,

a blight—*v. a.* to wither, to injure, to blight

Blatant, *blā-tēnt*, *a.* bellowing as a calf

Blaze, *blāze*, *s.* a flame, the light of a flame, a publication, a white mark on

a horse—*v. a.* to flame—*v. a.* to publish, to blazon

Sounds—hăt, hâte, hăll, liăr—măt, dəsist, mē, hēr—chŷn, chine, fŷeld, shirt—

- Blazon**, blă'z'n, *v. a.* to explain figures on ensigns armorial, to deck, to embellish, to celebrate—*s.* blazonry
- Blazonry**, blă'z'n-ry, *s.* art of blazoning
- Bleach**, blē'ch, *v. a.* to whiten
- Bleaching**, blē'ch-ing, *s.* the art of making white [river fish]
- Bleak**, blē'ke, *a.* pale, cold, chill—*s.* a
- Blear**, blē're, *a.* dim, watery, obscure
- Bleareyed**, blē'r-ide, *a.* having sore eyes
- Bleat**, blē'te, *v. n.* to cry like a sheep
- Bleed**, blē'de, *v. n.* to lose blood—*v. a.* to let blood
- Blemish**, blēm'ish, *v. a.* to defame, to tarnish—*s.* a spot or stain, a deformity
- Blend**, blēnd', *v. a.* to mix, to confound
- Bless**, blēs', *v. a.* to wish or cause happiness to another
- Blessed**, blēs'-sed, *part.* happy
- Blessing**, blēs'-ing, *s.* a benediction, divine favour
- Blew**, blū', *pret.* of Blow
- Blight**, blī'te, *s.* mildew—*v. a.* to blast, to hinder from fertility
- Blind**, blīnd, *v. a.* to deprive of sight—*a.* dark—*s.* something to hinder the sight, something to mislead
- Blindfold**, blīnd-fold, *a.* having the eyes covered [ignorance]
- Blindness**, blīnd-nēs, *s.* want of sight,
- Blindworm**, blīnd-wōrm, *s.* a small viper not venomous
- Blink**, blīnk', *v. n.* to wink, to see obscurely [weak eyes]
- Blinkard**, blīnk'-ărd, *s.* one that has
- Bliss**, blīs, *s.* complete happiness, felicity
- Blister**, blīs'tér, *s.* a raising in the skin—*v. n.* to rise in blisters—*v. a.* to raise blisters
- Blithe**, blī'the, *a.* gay, airy, merry
- Bloat**, blō'te, *v. a.* to swell—*v. n.* to grow turgid
- Block**, blōk, *s.* a short heavy piece of wood, a rough piece of marble, a blockhead—*v. a.* to shut up, enclose
- Blockade**, blōk-ăde, *s.* a siege carried on by shutting up the place
- Blockhead**, blōk-hēd, *s.* a stupid fellow
- Block-tin**, blōk-tīn', *s.* tin pure or unmixed
- Blood**, blōd', *s.* the fluid that circulates through the body of animals, kindred, lineage
- Bloodhound**, blōd'-hōund, *s.* a hound that follows by the scent of blood
- Bloodshed**, blōd'-shéd, *s.* murder, slaughter
- Bloodshot**, blōd'-shōt, *a.* red, filled with blood
- Bloodsucker**, blōd'-sūk-ér, *s.* a leech, a hanger on for support
- Bloody**, blōd'-y, *a.* stained with blood, sanguinary
- Bloom**, blōme, *s.* a blossom, the prime of life—*v. n.* to produce blossoms
- Bloomy**, blō-my, *a.* youthful, flowery
- Blossom**, blōs'-sóm, *s.* the flower of trees or plants—*v. n.* to put forth blossoms
- Blot**, blōt, *v. a.* to efface, to blur, to stain—*s.* a blur, a spot or stain
- Blotch**, blōtsh', *s.* a spot or pustule on the skin
- Blow**, blō', *s.* a stroke, a sudden event, a fly's eggs in meat—*v. n.* to pant or breathe hard, to play musically by wind, to blossom—*v. a.* to drive by the force of the wind
- Blowz**, blōw'z, *s.* a ruddy, fat-faced wench, a female whose hair is in disorder [faced]
- Blowzy**, blōw'-zy, *a.* sun burnt, ruddy
- Blubber**, blūb'-ber, *s.* the fat of a whale, &c.—*v. n.* to swell the cheeks with weeping [stick]
- Bludgeon**, blūd'-zhón, *s.* a short thick
- Blue**, blū', *a.* sky coloured—*s.* a sky colour
- Bluff**, blūf', *a.* stern, surly, blustering
- Blunder**, blūn'-dér, *v. n.* to mistake grossly, to flounder—*s.* a gross mistake [gun with a wide bore]
- Blunderbuss**, blūn'-dér-būs, *s.* a short
- Blunderer**, blūn'-dér-ér, *s.* one who is prone to mistakes [stupid person]
- Blunderhead**, blūn'-dér-hēd, *s.* a dolt, a
- Blunt**, blūnt', *a.* dull on the edge or point, not sharp, unpolite, abrupt—*v. a.* to dull the edge or point of any thing
- Blur**, blūr, *s.* a blot, a stain [tently]
- Blurt**, blūrt', *v. a.* to speak inadvertently
- Blush**, blūsh, *v. n.* to betray shame or confusion by a red colour in the cheeks, to colour—*s.* a red colour in the cheeks, sudden appearance
- Bluster**, blūs'tér, *v. n.* to roar, to hector
- Blusterer**, blūs'tér-ér, *s.* a bully, a swaggerer [noisy]
- Blustrous**, blūs'trus, *a.* tumultuous,
- Bo**, bō, *inter* a word to frighten children
- Boar**, bō're *s.* a male swine

shút, nôte, lôse, actôr—hüt, pûsh, mâte, fûr—truly, rye—thus, thick.

Beard, bôrd, *s.* a flat piece of wood, a court of jurisdiction—*v. a.* to enter a ship by force, to lay with boards—*v. n.* to live or diet with another
Boarder, bôrd-ér, *s.* one who eats at another person's table
Board-wages, bôrd-wâdzhez, *s.* wages allowed to servants for victuals
Boarish, bôre-ish, *a.* rude, brutal, cruel
Boast, bôst, *v. a.* to display one's own worth or actions—*v. n.* to brag of, to glory in, to exult—*s.* a proud speech, a brag, a bounce
Boaster, bôst-ér, *s.* one who brags
Boat, bôte, *s.* a vessel used in rivers and seas
Boatman, bôte-mán, *s.* a manager of a boat [the care of a ship's riggings, &c.
Boatswain, bôts'n, *s.* an officer who has
Bob, bôb, *v. a.* to dodge, to cheat—*v. n.* to play backward and forward
Bobbin, bôb-bin, *s.* a small wooden instrument with which lace is made
Bobtailed, bôb-tâld, *a.* having the tail cut
Bob-wig, bôb-wig, *s.* a short wig
Bode, bôde, *v. a.* to portend—*v. n.* to be an omen
Bodice, bôd-is, *s.* a sort of women's stays
Bodkin, bod-kîn, *s.* an instrument to bore holes or draw something through a loop
Body, bôd'y, *s.* the material substance of an animal, matter, person, a collective mass, a corporation
Body-clothes, bôd-y-clôz, *s.* clothing for horses
Bog, bôg, *s.* a marsh, a fen, a morass
Boggle, bôg'l, *v. n.* to start, to hesitate, to waver
Boghhouse, bôg-hôhs, *s.* a house of office
Bohea, bô-hé, *s.* a species of tea
Boil, bôyl, *v. n.* to be agitated by heat—*v. a.* to heat or dress in boiling water
Boiler, bôyl-ér, *s.* a vessel for boiling
Boisterous, bôys-tér-ús, *a.* furious, loud, stormy
Bold, bôld, *a.* daring, impudent
Boldness, bôld-nés, *s.* courage, assurance
Bole, bôle, *s.* a kind of earth
Boll, bôle, *s.* a round stalk or stem, a corn measure of four bushels—*v. n.* to rise in a stalk
Bolster, bôl-stér, *s.* a large pillow, a pad—*v. a.* to pad, to support

Bolt, bôlt, *s.* a bar of a door, an arrow—*v. a.* to fasten with a bolt—*v. n.* to spring out suddenly
Bolter, bôl-tér, *s.* a sieve to separate meal from bran [matras
Bolthead, bôlt-héd, *s.* a receiver, a
Bolus, bô-lús, *s.* a large pill
Bomb, bóm, *s.* a kind of ordnance or large shell [with bombs
Bombard, bóm-bârd, *v. a.* to attack
Bombardier, bóm-bârd-ér, *s.* a bomb engineer [silken stuff
Bombasin, bóm-bâ-z'ín, *s.* a slight black
Bombast, bóm-bâst, *s.* fustian, big words—*a.* high sounding
Bombulation, bóm-bû-lâ-shún, *s.* a great sound [captivity—*a.* captive
Bond, bônd, *s.* any written obligation,
Bondage, bôn-dédzh, *s.* captivity, imprisonment [slave
Bondmaid, bônd-mâde, *s.* a woman
Bondman, bônd-mán, *s.* one bound for another, a manslave [the body
Bone, bône, *s.* the most solid part of
Bonelace, bône-lâse, *s.* a flaxen lace
Bonfire, bôn-fire, *s.* a fire made for triumph
Bonnet, bôn-nét, *s.* a hat, a cap
Bonny, bôn-ný, *a.* handsome, beautiful, gay [a great plum
Bonum-magnum, bô-núm-mâg-núm, *s.*
Bony, bô-ný, *a.* strong, stout, full of bones
Booby, bô-bý, *s.* a dull stupid fellow
Book, bûk, *s.* a volume in which we read or write [binds books
Bookbinder, bûk-bin-dér, *s.* one who
Bookish, bûk-ish, *a.* much given to books
Book-keeper, bûk-kép-ér, *s.* one who keeps accounts [keeping accounts
Book-keeping, bûk-kép-ing, *s.* the art of
Bookmate, bûk-mâte, *s.* a school-fellow
Bookseller, bûk-sél-lér, *s.* a vender of books by profession
Bookworm, bûk-wôrm, *s.* a mite that eats holes in books, a close student
Boom, bô-me, *s.* a long pole used to spread out the clue of a sail, a bar laid across a harbour to keep out the enemy [merry
Boon, bône, *s.* a gift, a grant—*a.* gay,
Boor, bôre, *s.* a lout, a clown
Boorish, bôr-ish, *a.* clownish, rustic
Boose, bôze, *s.* a stall for an horse or a cow—*v. n.* to, drink, to guzzle
Boozy, bôzy, *a.* somewhat intoxicated, stupid

Sounds.—hât, hâte, hâll, liâr—mêt, dêsiât, mâ, hér—c. 'n, chine, field, shirt—

- Boot**, bô'te, *v. a.* to superadd, to supply, to substitute—*s.* superaddition, compensation, &c. a covering for the leg, the place under the coach box
- Booth**, bô'th, *s.* a stall or tent erected in a fair [vain]
- Bootless**, bô'tlêss, *a.* useless, unavailing.
- Booty**, bô'ty, *s.* plunder, pillage, spoil
- Borachio**, bô-râ-shô, *s.* a drunkard
- Borax**, bô-râks, *s.* a native neutral salt like alum, used to solder metals
- Border**, bô'r-dêr, *s.* an edging, a hem, a side, a boundary [on the borders]
- Borderer**, bô'r-dêr-êr, *s.* one who dwells
- Bore**, bô're, *v. a.* to pierce—*v. n.* to make a hole—*s.* a hole made by boring, the size of any hole
- Boreal**, bô-ryâl, *a.* northern
- Boreas**, bô-ryâs, *s.* the north wind
- Born**, bô'rn, come into life, *part. of* to Bear, *in the sense of* bringing forth
- Born**, bô'rn, *part. of* to Bear, *in the sense of* carrying, sustaining, &c.
- Borough**, bô'r-ô, *s.* a town with a corporation [loan, to ask as a loan]
- Borrow**, bô'r-rô, *v. n.* to take upon
- Boscage**, bô's-kêdzh, *s.* a wood, woodlands
- Bosky**, bô's-ký, *a.* woody, rough, swelled
- Bosom**, bôz-ôm, *s.* the breast, the heart, an enclosure—*v. a.* to conceal, to enclose in the bosom [knob]
- Boss**, bôs, *s.* a stud, a raised work, a
- Botanic**, bô-tân'ík, *a.* relating to herbs
- Botanist**, bô-tân'ist, *s.* one skilled in plants [course upon plants]
- Botanology**, bô-tân-ôl'ô-dzhý, *s.* a dis-
- Botany**, bô't-â-ný, *s.* the science of plants, that part of natural history which relates to vegetables
- Botch**, bô'sh', *s.* a swelling, a part ill finished or clumsily added—*v. c.* to mend clumsily, to patch
- Botcher**, bô'tsh'êr, *s.* a cobbler, a mender of old cloaths
- Both**, bô'th, *a. two—conj.* as well
- Bottle**, bô't'l, *s.* a glass or earthen vessel to contain liquids
- Bottom**, bô't-tôm, *s.* the lowest or deepest part, the foundation, a valley [a bottom]
- Bottomless**, bô't-tôm'lês, *a.* without
- Bottomry**, bô't-tôm-ry, *s.* money borrowed on a ship's bottom
- Bough**, bôw', *s.* an arm, a branch of a tree
- Bought**, bât, *pret. and part. of* to
- Bounce**, bôû'nc, *v. n.* to leap suddenly to boast, to bully
- Bound**, bôû'nd, *s.* a limit, a leap, a rebound—*v. a.* to limit, to restrain—*v. n.* to jump, to spring, to fly back—*a.* destined for, going to
- Boundary**, bôû'nd-â-ry, *s.* limit, bound
- Boundstone**, bôû'nd-stône, *s.* a stone to play with [rous]
- Bounteous**, bôû'n-týs, *a.* liberal, generous
- Bounty**, bôû'n-tý, *s.* generosity, munificence
- Bourn**, bô'rn, *s.* a bound, a limit, a brook
- Bouse**, bô'ze, *v. n.* to drink to excess
- Bouzy**, bô'sý, *a.* drunken [tempt]
- Bout**, bôû't, *s.* a trial, an essay, an attack
- Bow**, bôw', *v. a.* to bow, to stoop, to crush—*v. n.* to suffer flexure, to make a reverence, to stoop—*s.* the act of reverence or submission
- Bow**, bô', *s.* an instrument of war, the rainbow, the instrument with which string-instruments are played upon, the doubling of a string in a slip knot
- Bowels**, bôw'êlz, *s.* the intestines, compassion, tenderness
- Bower**, bôw'-êr, *s.* an harbour, an archer
- Bowery**, bôw'-êrý, *a.* shady, retired
- Bowl**, bôw'l, *s.* a vessel to hold liquids, the hollow part of any thing, a wooden ball—*v. a.* to play at bowls, to roll any thing as a bowl
- Bow-legged**, bô'lêgd, *a.* having crooked legs
- Bowler**, bôw'l-êr, *s.* one who bowls
- Bowline**, bôw'-lýn, *s.* the name of a ship's rope
- Bowling-green**, bôw'-lýng-grêne, *s.* a level piece of ground for bowlers
- Rowman**, bô'mân, *s.* an archer
- Bowsprit**, bô'sprít, *s.* the mast projecting out at the head of a ship
- Bowstring**, bô's-string, *s.* a string used for a bow [of bows]
- Bowyer**, bô'y-êr, *s.* an archer, a maker
- Box**, bôks', *s.* species of tree, a case of wood, a blow—*v. a.* to enclose in a box, to strike—*v. n.* to fight with the fist.
- Boy**, bôý, *s.* a male child, a youth
- Boyish**, bôý'ýsh, *a.* childish, trifling
- Brabble**, brâb'l, *a.* a clamorous contest—*v. n.* to contest noisily
- Brace**, brâ'se, *v. a.* to bind, to strain up—*s.* a bandage, tightness, a pair or couple [bandage]
- Bracer**, brâs-êr, *s.* that which braces, a

shót, nôte, lôee, actór—hüt, pūsh, mâte, fūr—trulŷ, rŷe—thus, thick.

- Bracelet**, brá's-lét, *s.* an ornament for the wrist [arm]
Brachial, brák'-yál, *a.* belonging to the
Brachygraphy, brá-ky'-gráf-y, *s.* the art or practice of short-hand writing
Breach, brák', *s.* a breach
Bracket, brák'-két, *s.* a piece of wood for a support
Brackish, brák'-ish, *a.* saltish [head
Brad, brád', *s.* a sort of nail without a
Brag, brág', *v. n.* to boast, to display ostentatiously—*s.* a boast, a swaggerer, a game at cards
Braggadocio, brág-gá-dó'-shyó, *s.* a boasting fellow
Braggart, brág'-gárt, *a.* vainly ostentatious—*s.* a vain puffing fellow
Braid, brá'de, *v. a.* to weave together—*s.* a sort of lace, a knot, false hair
Brails, brá'ls, *s.* ropes used to draw up a ship's sails
Brain, brá'ne, *s.* a soft substance within the skull, the understanding—*v. n.* to kill by beating out the brains
Brainpan, brá'ne-pán, *s.* the skull containing the brains [giddy
Brainsick, brá'ne-sík, *a.* addle-headed
Brake, brá'ke, *part. of Break*—*s.* a thicket of brambles, an instrument for dressing flax, a kneading trough
Bramble, brám'-b'l, *s.* a prickly or thorny bush
Bramin, brám'-ín, *s.* a Gentoo priest
Bran, brán', *s.* husks or skin of ground corn
Branch, brák'-sh, *s.* a snoot from a main bough or from a stag's horn, offspring
v. n. to spread in branches—*v. a.* to divide as into branches
Brand, bránd', *s.* a lighted stick, a mark of infamy—*v. a.* to mark with a brand [shake, to flourish
Brandish, brán'-dish, *v. a.* to wave, to
Brandling, bránd'-líng, *s.* a small worm
Bready, brán'-dy, *s.* a strong liquor distilled
Brangle, bráng'-g'l, *s.* a squabble, wrangle
Braak, brá'ngk', *s.* buckwheat
Braany, brán'-ny, *a.* like bran, dry, foul [brass
Brasser, brák'-ah-yér, *s.* a manufacturer in
Brasil, brák'-á'ls, *s.* an American wood
Brass, brás', *s.* yellow metal, impudence [brass, impudent
Brazy, brák'-sy, *a.* of brass, hard as
Ass, brát', a child by way of contempt
Brevado, bré'-vá-dó, *s.* a boast, a brag
- Brave**, brá've, *a.* courageous, gallant, noble—*v. a.* to defy, to challenge, to hector
Bravery, brá'-vér-y, *s.* courage, magnanimity, shew
Bravo, brá'-vó, *s.* one who murders for hire
Brawl, brá'l, *v. n.* to quarrel, to speak loudly—*s.* a quarrel, a noise
Brawler, brál'-ér, *s.* a wrangler, a noisy turbulent fellow
Brawn, brá'n, *s.* the flesh of a boar
Brawny, brá'-ny, *a.* muscular, fleshy, bulky
Bray, brá, *v. a.* to pound or grind small—*v. n.* to cry like an ass—*s.* the noise of an ass, harsh noise
Braze, brá'ze, *v. a.* to solder with brass
Brazen, brá'z'n, *a.* made of brass, impudent—*v. n.* to bully, to be impudent
Brazenface, brá'z'n-fáse, *s.* a bold impudent person [a quarrel
Breach, bré'tsh, *s.* an opening, a gap
Bread, bréd', *s.* food made of ground corn, support
Bread-corn, bréd kór'n, *s.* the corn of which bread is made
Breadth, bréd'th, *s.* the measure from side to side
Break, bré'ke, *v. a.* to open or part by force, to subdue, to crush, to make bankrupt—*v. n.* to part by force, to become bankrupt—*s.* an opening, a failure
Breaker, bré'-kér, *s.* he that breaks any thing, a wave broken by rocks or sand-banks
Breakfast, brék'-fást, *v. n.* to eat the first meal in the day—*s.* the first meal
Bream, bré'me, *s.* a sort of fish
Breast, brést', *s.* that part of the body which contains the heart and lungs, the heart, the conscience
Breasthigh, brést'-hi, *a.* up to the breast
Breast-knot, brést'-knót, *s.* ribbands worn on the breast [the breast
Breastplate, brést'-plát, *s.* armour for
Breastwork, brést'-wórk, *s.* a guard raised breast high
Breath, bréth', *s.* air drawn in and thrown out by the lungs, a breeze
Breathe, bréth', *v. n.* to draw breath, to live, to take breath—*v. a.* to inject by breathing
Breathing, bré'-thíng, *s.* an aspiration, a secret prayer, a vent

Sounds—hät, häte, häll, liär—mēt, dēist, mē, hér—ch'yn, chine, f'feld, shir—

- Breech**, brētsh', *s.* the lower part of the body, the hinder part of a gun
Breeches, brētshéz, *s.* a garment for the lower part of the body
Breed, bréde, *v. a.* to procreate, to give birth to, to produce, to contrive—*v. n.* to bring young, to raise a breed—*s.* a cast, kind, offspring, a hatch [ners, nurture]
Breeding, bréd'ing, *s.* education, man-
Breeze, bréze, *s.* a stinging fly, a gentle gale [gales]
Breezy, bré-zý, *a.* fanned with gentle
Brent, brént, *a.* burnt
Bret, brēt, *s.* a fish of the turbot kind
Brethren, bréth-rén, *s.* the plural of Brother
Breye, bré've, *s.* a note in music
Breviary, brév-yár-y, *s.* a book containing the daily service of the church of Rome
Breviat, brév-yát, *s.* short compendium
Brevier, brév-vere, *s.* small letter or type for printing [ness]
Brevity, brév-y-tý, *s.* conciseness, short-
Brew, brú, *v. a.* to make liquors, to contrive—*v. n.* to perform the office of a brewer [brewing in]
Brewhouse, brú'hóús, *s.* a house for
Brewis, brú'ys, *s.* a piece of bread soaked in boiling fat pottage
Bribe, bríbe, *s.* a present made to pervert the judgment—*v. a.* to give bribes [bribing]
Bribery, brí-bér-y, *s.* the act or crime of
Brick, brík, *s.* a mass of burnt clay, a loaf
Brickbat, brík-bát, *s.* a piece of brick
Brickdust, brík-dúst, *s.* dust made by pounding bricks [bricks in]
Brick-kiln, brík-kíl, *s.* a place to burn
Bricklayer, brík-lá-ér, *s.* a brick-mason
Bridal, bríd-dál, *a.* relating to marriage, nuptial
Bride, bríde, *s.* a woman new married
Bridecake, bríde-káke, *s.* cake distributed at a wedding [ried man]
Bridegroom, bríde-gróm, *s.* a new married
Bridemaids, bríde-mádz, *and* **Bride-men**, bríde-mén, *s.* attendants on the bride and bridegroom
Bridewell, bríde-wél, *s.* a house of correction
Bridge, brídzh', *s.* a building over water for the convenience of passing, the upper part of the nose, supporter of the strings in a violin
Bridle, bríd'l, *s.* the head and reins of a horse, a check—*v. a.* to guide, to restrain, to govern—*v. n.* to hold up the head [which holds the bridle]
Bridlehand, bríd'l-hánd, *s.* the hand
Brief, bríf, *a.* short—*s.* a short extract, an epitome, letters patent for charitable collections
Brier, bríér, *s.* a sort of prickly plant
Briery, brí-ér-y, *a.* rough, full of briars
Brig, bríg, *s.* a ship with two masts
Brigade, brí-gáde, *s.* a division of soldiers
Brigadier-General, bríg-á-díér-džen-ér-ál, *s.* an officer next in order below a major general
Brigand, bríg-ánd, *s.* a robber
Brigantine, bríg-án-tine, *s.* a small vessel, a coat of mail [famous]
Bright, bríte, *a.* shining, clear, witty,
Brighten, brít'n, *v. a.* to make bright, to polish—*v. n.* to grow bright, to clear up [ness]
Brightness, bríte-nés, *s.* lustre, acute-
Brilliancy, bríl-ly-án-sý, *s.* lustre
Brilliant, bríl-yánt, *a.* sparkling—*s.* a fine diamond [bank of a fountain]
Brim, brím, *s.* the edge, the lip, the
Brimmer, brím-mér, *s.* a bowl full to the top
Brimstone, brím-stóne, *s.* sulphur
Brindled, brín'déd, *a.* streaked, tabby
Brindled, brín-léd, *a.* streaked
Brine, bríne, *s.* water impregnated with salt, the sea, tears
Bring, bríng, *v. a.* to fetch, to cause to come, to conduct, to prevail upon
Brinish, brín'ish, *a.* of a briny taste, salt
Brink, bríngk', *s.* the edge of a place, a precipice [bright]
Brisk, brísk', *a.* lively, vivacious, gay,
Brisket, brís-két, *s.* the breast of an animal
Bristle, brís?, *s.* the stiff hair of swine—*v. n.* to stand erect as bristles
Bristly, brís't-ly, *a.* set with bristles
Bristol-stone, brís-tól-stóne, *s.* a kind of soft diamond
Brittle, brít'l, *a.* fragile, apt to break
Broach, bró'tsh, *s.* a spit—*v. a.* to tap a vessel, to give out [fulsome]
Broad, brád, *a.* wide, extended, coarse,
Broad-cloth, brád-clóth, *s.* fine kind of woollen cloth
Broadside, brád-side, *s.* the side of a ship, a volley of shot fired at once from the side of a ship, a sheet of paper printed on one side only

shôt, nôte, lôse, actôr—hût, pûsh, mâte, fûr—truly, rye—thus, thick.

- Broadsword**, brâd-swôrd, *s.* a sword with a broad blade [flowered silk]
- Brocade**, brô-kâ-de, *s.* a kind of fine
- Brocoli**, brôk'-kô ly, *s.* a species of cabbage
- Brock**, brôk', *s.* a badger [years old]
- Brocket**, brôk'-kët, *s.* a red deer two
- Brogue**, brô'ge, *s.* a kind of shoe, corrupt dialect
- Broil**, brô'fl, *s.* a tumult, a quarrel—*v. a.* to roast on the fire—*v. n.* to be hot
- Broken**, brôk'n, *part.* destroyed, shivered, reduced
- Broker**, brô'-kér, *s.* a factor, one who does business for another, or who deals in old household goods
- Brokerage**, brô'-kér-edzh, *s.* the pay or reward of a broker [the throat]
- Bronchial**, brông'-kyâl, *a.* belonging to
- Bronchocele**, brong'-kô-sêle, *s.* tumour in the fore part of the neck
- Bronze**, brôn'z, *s.* brass, a sort of medal
- Brooch**, brô'tsh, *s.* a jewel, an ornament of jewels
- Brood**, brô'dé, *v. n.* to sit on eggs, to hatch, to watch anxiously—*v. a.* to cherish by care, to hatch—*s.* offspring, a hatch, the number hatched at once
- Brook**, brôk, *s.* a little river, a rivulet—*v. a.* to bear, to endure—*v. n.* to endure, to be content
- Brooklime**, brôk'-lime, *s.* an herb, a sort of water speedwell [sweep with]
- Broom**, brô'mé, *s.* a shrub, a besom to broom
- Broomy**, brô'-my, *a.* full of broom
- Broth**, brô'th, *s.* the liquor in which flesh is boiled
- Brothel**, brôth'-él, or Brothelhouse, brôth'-él-hôûs, *s.* a hawdy-house
- Brother**, brôth'-ér, *s.* a male born of the same parents [society]
- Brotherhood**, brôth'-ér hûd, *s.* union
- Brought**, brâ't, *part.* from Bring
- Brow**, brôw', *s.* the forehead, the edge of any high place [with stern looks]
- Browbeat**, brôw'-bête, *v. a.* to depress
- Brown**, brôw'n, *a.* the name of a colour
- Brownish**, brôw'u-ish, *a.* somewhat brown [meditations]
- Brownstudy**, brôw'n-stûd-y, *s.* gloomy
- Browse**, brôw'z, *v. a.* to eat branches or shrubs—*v. n.* to feed—*s.* branches or shrubs fit for the food of animals
- Bruise**, brû'ze, *v. a.* to crush or mangle with a blow—*s.* a hurt from a blow, a spot [report—*v. a.* to noise about]
- Brui**, brû'té, *s.* a rumour, a noise, a
- Brumal**, brû'-mâl, *a.* cold, belonging to winter [ed woman]
- Brunett**, brû'-nêt, *s.* a brown complexion
- Brunt**, brünt', *s.* a shock, a violence, a blow
- Brush**, brûsh', *s.* an instrument for sweeping, a rude assault—*v. a.* to rub with a brush—*v. n.* to skim lightly
- Brushwood**, brûsh'-wûd, *s.* rough shrubby thickets [man]
- Brutal**, brû'-tâl, *a.* savage, cruel, inhuman
- Brutality**, brû'-tâl'-i-té, *s.* savageness, inhumanity
- Brutalize**, brû'tâ lize, *v. n.* to grow brutal or savage—*v. a.* to make brutal
- Brute**, brû'té, *a.* senseless, savage, fierce—*s.* a creature without reason
- Brutish**, brû'-ish, *a.* resembling a beast, unpolite
- Bryony**, brý'-ô-ný, *s.* the name of a plant
- Bub**, bûb', *s.* strong malt liquor
- Bubble**, bûbl', *s.* a water bladder, a person cheated [the groin]
- Bubo**, bú-bô, *s.* a swelling or tumour in
- Bucaniers**, bûk á-ní'rz, *s.* pirates in America
- Buck**, bûk', *s.* the leys in which clothes are washed, the male of the deer, rabbits, and other animals [trefoil]
- Buckbean**, bûk'-bêne, *s.* a plant, marsh
- Bucket**, bûk'-kët, *s.* a vessel to draw or carry water in
- Buckle**, bûk'l, *s.* a fastening—*v. a.* to fasten with a buckle—*v. n.* to tend, to bow [defend, to protect]
- Buckler**, bûk'-lér, *s.* a shield—*v. a.* to
- Buckram**, bûk'-rám, *s.* cloth stiffened with gum
- Buckskin**, bûk'-skín, *s.* leather made of a buck's skin
- Buckthorn**, bûk'-thôrn, *s.* a tree
- Bucolic**, bú kôl'-ik, *a.* pastoral
- Bud**, búd', *s.* the first shoot of a plant, a germ—*v. n.* to put forth buds, to be in the bloom—*v. a.* to inoculate
- Budge**, búdzh', *v. n.* to stir—*a.* stiff, formal
- Budget**, búd'-zhét, *s.* a bag such as may be easily carried, store or stock
- Buff**, búf', *s.* leather made of a buffalo's skin, colour resembling yellow—*v. a.* to strike
- Buffalo**, búf'-fá-lô, *s.* a kind of wild bul
- Buffet**, búf'-fét, *s.* a blow with the fist—*v. a.* to box, to beat—*v. n.* to play a boxing match

Sounds—hăt, hâte, hăl, liăr—mêt, dësist, mē, hēr—chŷn, chine, ffield, shŷrt—

- Buffet, būf-fet', s. a kind of cupboard
 Bufoón, būf-ō'ne, s. a jackpudding, a man who practises scurrilous raillery
 Buffoonery, būf-sū-ēr-ŷ, s. low jests, mimicry
 Bug, būg, s. a sort of stinking insect
 Bugbear, būg-bāre, s. a frightful object, a false terror
 Bugle, būg'l, s. a shining bead of glass, a sort of plant, a bull, a hunting horn
 Buglehorn, būg'l-hōrn, s. a hunting horn [v. n. to depend on]
 Build, būld', v. a. to raise a building—
 Builder, būld-ēr, s. an architect
 Building, būl-dŷng, s. a fabric, an edifice
 Bulb, būlb', s. a round root, such as that of tulips, &c.
 Bulbous, būl'-būs, a. containing bulbs
 Bulfinch, būl'-fŷnsh, s. a song bird
 Bulge, būldzh, v. n. to take in water, to founder, to jut out [a bench]
 Bulk, būlk', s. magnitude, size, the mass, Bulkhead, būlk'-hēd, s. a partition made in a ship [size or stature]
 Bulky, būl'-kŷ, a. lusty, heavy, of great
 Bull, būl', s. the male of black cattle, one of the signs of the zodiac, a mandate published by the pope, a blunder
 Bullbaiting, būl'-bā-tŷng, s. the sport of baiting bulls with dogs
 Bull-dog, būl'-dōg, s. a kind of dog remarkable for his courage [or iron]
 Bullet, būl'-lēt, s. a round ball of lead
 Bullion, būl'-yōn, s. gold or silver in the mass [of boiling]
 Bullition, būl'-ŷsh'-tŷn, s. the act or state
 Bullock, būl'-lōk, s. a young bull or steer, very fat ox, cow, &c.
 Bully, būl'-lŷ, s. a noisy quarrelsome fellow—v. a. to overbear with noise and threats—v. n. to be noisy and quarrelsome [ing by rivers]
 Bulrush, būl'-rūsh, s. a large rush grow-
 Bulwark, būl'-wārk, s. a fortification, a defence [meanest kind]
 Bum-bailiff, būm-bā'-lŷf, s. a bailiff of the
 Bumboat, būm'-bōte, s. a small boat that carries things for sale to ships
 Bump, būmp', s. a swelling, a protuberance, a blow [the brim]
 Bumper, būm-pēr, s. a cup filled to
 Bumpkin, būmp'-kŷn, s. a clown, a lowt, a rustic
 Bun, būn, s. a kind of sweet bread
 Bunch, būnsh, s. a hard lump, cluster
 Bunchy, būn-shŷ, a. growing in or full of bunches
 Bundle, būn'd'l, s. a parcel of things bound together—v. a. to tie in a bundle
 Bung, būng', s. a stopple for a barrel
 Bungle, būng'l, v. n. to perform clumsily—v. a. to botch, manage clumsily—s. a botch, awkwardness
 Bungler, būng-lér, s. a bad workman
 Bunt, būnt', v. a. to swell out
 Bunter, būn-tér, s. a mean, low, vulgar woman [of stuff]
 Bunting, būn-tŷng, s. a bird, a thin sort
 Buoy, būy', s. a piece of cork or wood floating and tied to an anchor—v. a. to keep afloat—v. n. to float
 Buoyant, būy-ént, a. that which will not sink [dock]
 Bur, būr, s. prickly head of the bur-
 Burbot, būr'-bōt, s. a fish full of prickles
 Burden, būrd'n, s. a load, something grievous, birth—v. a. to load, to encumber [troublesome]
 Burdensome, būrd'n sōm, a. grievous
 Burdock, būr'-dōk, s. a broad-leaved plant with prickly balls
 Bureau, bū-rō', s. a chest of drawers with a desk [cities and towns]
 Burgage, būr'-gēdz, s. tenure proper to
 Burgeois, būr'-dzhōis, s. a species of small letter for printing
 Burgess, būr'-dzhēs, s. a citizen, a free man of a city, a representative
 Burgh, būr', s. a corporate town or borough
 Burgher, būr'-gér, s. one who has a right to certain privileges (as, to vote, &c.)
 Burglary, būr'-glār-ŷ, s. house-breaking by night
 Burgomaster, būr'-gō-mās-tér, s. a sort of magistrate in Holland
 Burgrave, būr'-grāve, s. a chief governor of a borough or town [the dead]
 Burial, būr'-ryāl, s. the act of interring
 Burl, būrl, v. a. to dress cloth
 Burlesque, būr-lēsk', a. jocular, merry, droll—s. ludicrous language—v. a. to turn to ridicule [sical farce]
 Burletta, būr-lēt'-lā, a. a ludicrous music
 Burly, būr'-lŷ, a. blustering, swollen, falsely great
 Burn, būrn', v. a. to consume with fire—v. n. to be on fire, to be inflamed—s. a hurt caused by fire
 Burner, būrn-ér, s. one who destroys things by fire
 Burnet, būr'-nēt, s. a sort of plant

shöt, nöte, löse, actor—hüt, päsh, mäte, für,—truly, rye—thus, thick.

- Burning, bür'nüng, *s.* state of inflammation
 Burnish, bür'-nış, *v. a.* to polish, to make bright—*v. n.* to grow bright or glossy
 Burnt, bürnt, *part.* from Burn
 Burr, bür', *s.* the lobe or lap of the ear
 Burrel, bür-rél, *s.* a sort of pear, an insect [to mine or make holes
 Burrow, bür'-rö, *s.* a rabbit hole—*v. n.*
 Bursar, bür-sär, *s.* the treasurer of a college [merchants meet
 Burse, burs', *s.* an exchange where
 Burst, bürst', *v. n.* to break or fly open, to fly asunder—*v. a.* to break suddenly—*s.* a sudden breaking, an eruption [against ruptures
 Burstwort, bürst'-wört, *s.* an herb good
 Butt, hürt', *s.* a flat fish of the turbot kind
 Burthen, bür'd'n, *s.* see Burden
 Bury, bür'-y, *v. a.* to put into a grave, to hide—*s.* a dwelling place
 Bush, büsh', *s.* a thick shrub, a bough
 Bushel, büsh'-él, *s.* a measure containing 8 gallons or 4 pecks [branches
 Bushy, büsh'-y, *a.* thick or full of small
 Busily, biz'-y-ly, *ad.* actively, hastily
 Business, biz'-nēs, *s.* an employment or occupation, affair, trade
 Busk, büsk, *s.* a piece of steel or whalebone to strengthen women's stays
 Buskin, büs'-kyn, *s.* a kind of half boot
 Buss, büs', *s.* a kiss, a boat for fishing
 Bust, büst', *s.* a statue representing a man to his breast
 Bustard, bü'-tård, *s.* the largest of the British land fowls
 Bustle, büs'l, *v. n.* to stir, to be busy—*s.* a tumult, a hurry [dilig
 Busy, biz'-y, *a.* employed, act re, med-
 Busybody, biz'-y-böd'-y, *s.* a meddling officious person
 But, büt', *conj.* except, nevertheless, however—*s.* a boundary
 Butcher, büt'-tshe, *s.* one who kills animals to sell—*v. a.* to kill, to murder [knee holly, a plant
 Butcher's-broom büt'-tshe's bröm, *s.*
- Butchery, büt'-tsher'-y, *s.* cruelty, murder, a place where blood is shed
 Butler, büt'-lér, *s.* a servant employed in furnishing the table [arch
 Butment, büt'-mēt, *s.* the support of an
 Butt, büt', *s.* a point or mark, object of ridicule, a barrel containing 126 gallons—*v. a.* to strike with the head
 Butter, büt'-tér, *s.* an unctuous substance made from cream—*v. a.* to cover with butter
 Butterflower, büt'-tér-flöw-ér, *s.* a sort of yellow flower of May
 Butterfly, büt'-tér-flý, *s.* a beautiful winged insect
 Butterprint, büt'-tér-print, *s.* a piece of wood to mark butter [foretooth
 Butterside, büt'-tér-töth, *s.* a large broad
 Buttery, büt'-tér-y, *a.* having the appearance or qualities of butter—*s.* a place where provision is laid up
 Buttock, büt'-ök, *s.* the thick part of the thigh
 Button, büt'n, *s.* any knob or ball, bud of a plant—*v. a.* to fasten with buttons [fasten a button
 Buttonhole, büt'n-höle, *s.* a hole to
 Butress, büt'-trēs, *s.* a prop, a support—*v. a.* to prop [jolly
 Buxom, бүк'-sóm, *a.* gay, lively, brisk,
 Buy, bý, *v. a.* to purchase, to pay a price for—*v. n.* to treat about a purchase
 Buyer, bý-ér, *s.* the person who purchases
 Buzz, бүз', *v. n.* to hum like bees, to whisper—*v. a.* to whisper, to spread secretly—*s.* a hum, a whisper, low talk
 Buzzard, бүз'-ård, *s.* a hawk, a block-head, a dunce
 By, bý, *prep.* denoting the agent, way, means
 By-law, bý'-lä, *s.* private rules or orders in a society
 By-name, bý'-nämē, *a.* a nick-name
 By-stander, bý'-ständer, *s.* a looker-on, one unconcerned
 By-word, bý'-wórd, *s.* a cant word, a taunt

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*Sounds—hăt, lăte, hăl, liăr—măt, dəsist, mē, hēr—chŷn, chīne, fīeld, shirt—*  
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C

- C**'AB, kăb', *s.* a Hebrew measure of three pints
 Cabal, kă-băl', *s.* a private unto, an intrigue—*v. n.* to form close intrigues
 Cabalistic, kăb-ă-lis'tik, *a.* mysterious, secret
 Cabbage, kăb-bédzh, *s.* a well-known plant—*v. a.* to steal in cutting clothes
 Cabin, kăb-in, *s.* a chamber in a ship, a cottage [a place for counsel]
 Cabinet, kăb-y-nét, *s.* a set of drawers
 Cable, kă-b'l', *s.* a rope to hold a ship at anchor [cho-olate is made]
 Cacao, kô-ô, *s.* the nut from which
 Cachetic, kă-kék'tik, *a.* having a bad habit of body [state letter]
 Cachet, kăt'sh'ët, *s.* a seal, a private
 Cachexy, kă-kék-sy', *s.* a disordered habit of body
 Cackle, kăk'l', *v. n.* to make a noise like a goose or hen, to gingle
 Cacoehymy, kă-kök'y-my', *s.* diseased state of the blood
 Cadaverous, kă-dăv-ér-ús, *a.* relating to dead bodies, stinking
 Caddis, kăd-dís, *s.* a kind of tape, a sort of worm or grub
 Cade, kă-de, *a.* tame, soft
 Cadence, kă-déns, *s.* a fall of the voice, a tone or sound
 Cadent, kă-dént, *a.* falling down
 Cadet, kă-dët', *s.* a younger brother, a volunteer
 Cadi, kă-dí, *s.* a Turkish magistrate
 Caftan, kăf-tăn, *s.* a Persian garment, a kind of kabit
 Cag, kăg', *s.* a small barrel or cask
 Cage, kădzhí, *s.* a place of confinement
 Cajole, kă-dzhô'le, *v. a.* to flatter, to deceive
 Cajolery, kă-dzhô'lér-y', *s.* flattery
 Caisson, kă-sôn, *s.* chest of bombs or powder, a hollow fabric of timber
 Caitiff, kă-tíf, *s.* a mean villain, a despicable knave [—*v. n.* to harden
 Cake, kă'ke, *s.* a kind of delicate bread
 Calabash, kăl-ă-băsh, *s.* an Indian tree for cups
 Calamanco, kăl-ă-mănk-ô, *s.* a kind of woollen stuff
 Calamine, kăl-ă-mīne, *s.* ore of zinc
 Calamitous, kă-lăm'y-tús, *a.* miserable, unfortunate [misery]
 Calamity, kă-lăm'y-tý, *s.* misfortune
 Calamus, kăl'ă-mús, *s.* a kind of sweet-scented wood [pleasure, a head dress]
 Calash, kă-lăsh', *s.* small carriage of
 Calcareous, kăl-kă-rýús, *a.* partaking of the nature of calx or lime
 Calcination, kăl-ă-nă-shún, *s.* pulverization by fire or acid [powder]
 Calcine, kăl-sin'e, *v. a.* to burn to a
 Calculate, kăl-kù-lâte, *v. a.* to compute, to reckon
 Calculation, kăl-kù-lă-shún, *s.* a computation, a reckoning
 Calculator, kăl-kù-lă-tórs, *s.* a computer
 Calculous, kăl-kù-lús, *a.* stony, gritty
 Caldron, kăldrôn, *s.* a boiler, a very large kettle [of Scotland]
 Caledonian, kăl-ă-dô-nyán, *s.* a native
 Calefacotry, kăl-ă-făk-tór-y', *a.* tending to warm, heating
 Calefy, kăl-ă-fy, *v. n.* to grow hot, to be heated—*v. a.* to make hot
 Calendar, kăl-ên-dăr, *s.* a yearly register, an almanack
 Calendar, kăl-ên-dér, *v. a.* to dress cloth—*s.* a hot press, an engine to calender [calenders]
 Calenderer, kăl-ên-drér, *s.* the person who
 Calends, kăl'ênds, *s.* the first day of every month among the Romans
 Calenture, kăl-ên-tûre, *s.* a sun fever frequent at sea
 Calf, kăf', *s.* the young of a cow, the thick part of the leg
 Caliber, kăl'y-bér, *s.* the bore of fire arms
 Calico, kăl'y-kô, *s.* an Indian stuff made of cotton
 Calid, kăl'y-d, *a.* hot, burning [heat]
 Calidity, kă-lid-y-tý, *s.* intense or great
 Caligation, kăl-y-gă-shún, *s.* darkness, cloudiness, obscurity [dim]
 Caliginous, kă-lidzh'y-nús, *a.* obscure
 Calligraphy, kă-lig-ră-fy, *s.* beautiful writing
 Caliph, kăl'if, *s.* a Mahometan title
 Caliver, kăl'y-vér, *s.* a hand-gun, an arquebuse
 Calix, kăl'yks, *s.* a cup [a ship]
 Calk, kăk, *v. a.* to fill up the seams of

shöt, nôte, löse, actör—hüt, püsh, mâte, für—truly, rye—thus, thick.

Calker, käl'k-ér, *s.* one who calks ships
Call, käl', *v. a.* to name, to invite, to summon—*v. n.* to make a short visit
—s. a requisition, a demand, an instrument to call birds

Calling, käl'-ling, *v.* vocation, profession, short visit, station or employment

Callipers, käl'-ly-pérz, *s.* compasses with bowed shanks

Callosity, käl-lüs'-y-tý, *s.* a hard swelling without pain

Callous, käl'-lús, *a.* hardened, insensible [wanting feathers]

Callow, käl'-lú, *a.* unfledged, naked

Calm, käl'm, *a.* quiet, serene, undisturbed, untroubled—*s.* serenity, stillness, quiet, repose—*v. a.* to still, quiet, pacify, appease [mildness]

Calmness, käl'm-nés, *s.* tranquillity

Calomel, käl'-ó-mél, *s.* mercury six times sublimed [ducing heat]

Calorific, käl'-ór-yík, *a.* heating, pro-

Caltrop, käl'-tróp, *s.* an instrument made with three spikes, a sort of plant

Calvary, käl'-vá-rý, *s.* a place of skulls

Calve, käl'v, *v. n.* to bring forth a calf

Calvinism, käl'-vín-yzm, *s.* the doctrines held by Calvin [to Calvinism]

Calvinistic, käl'-vín-y's-tík, *a.* relating

Calumniate, käl-lüm'-ny-áte, *v. a.* to accuse falsely—*v. n.* to slander

Calumniator, käl-lüm'-nyá-tór, *s.* a false accuser, a slanderer

Calumnious, käl-lüm'-nyüs, *a.* slanderous

Calumny, käl'-üm-ný, *s.* slander, false charge

Calx, käl'k's, *s.* chalk, lime, any thing reduced to powder by burning

Calyx, käl'-ýk'l, *s.* a small bud of a plant

Cambering, kám'-bér-ýng, *a.* arched

Cambric, kám-brík, *s.* fine linen from Cambray

Camel, kám'-él, *s.* a beast of burden

Cameo, kám'yó, *s.* a picture of one colour

Camera Obscura, kám'-é-rá-ób-ékú'-rá, *s.* an optical machine used in a darkened chamber, through which the rays of light passing, reflect outward objects inverted

Camlet, kám-lét, *s.* a kind of stuff made with woollen and silk

Camomile, kám'-ó-míle, *s.* a fine physical plant

Camp kámp', *s.* the order of tents for soldiers

Campaign, kám'-páne, *s.* a large open country, the time an army keeps the field in one year [flower]

Campanula, kám'-pán-ú-lá, *s.* a garden

Campestral, kám-pés'-trál, *a.* growing in fields [resin or gum]

Camphire, kám'-fir, *s.* a kind of white

Camphorate, kám'-fó-ráte, *v. a.* to impregnate with camphire—*a.* impregnated with camphire

Campion, kám'-py-ón, *s.* a garden plant

Can, kán', *s.* a cup—*v. n.* to be able, to have power

Canaille, ká-nál', *s.* the lowest of the people [water, a duct]

Canal, ká-nál', *s.* a basin or course of

Canal-coal, kán-ál-kóle, *s.* fine kind of coal [made like a pipe or gutter]

Canaliculated, kán-ál-ýk-ú-lá-týd, *a.*

Canary, ká-ná'-rý, *s.* wine brought from the Canaries—*v. n.* to dance, to frolic [lent singing bird]

Canary-bird, ká-ná'-rý-bírd, *s.* an excellent

Cancel, kán'-sél, *v. a.* to blot out, to efface, to obliterate [barred]

Cancellated, kán'-sél-lá-týd, *a.* cross-

Cancellation, kán-sél-lá-shún, *s.* an expunging or wiping out of an instrument

Cancer, kán'-sér, *s.* a crabfish, sign of the summer solstice, a virulent sore

Cancerate, kán'-sér-áte, *v. n.* to grow cancerous [rulence of a cancer]

Cancerous, kán'-sér-ús, *a.* having the virulence of a cancer

Cancerine, kán'-kríne, *a.* having the qualities of a crab

Candent, kán'-dént, *a.* hot, burning, fiery

Candid, kán'-dýd, *a.* white, fair, open, ingenuous [for a place]

Candidate, kán'-dý-dáte, *s.* one that sues

Candidly, kán'-dýd-ly, *ad.* fairly, uprightly

Candify, kán'-dý-fý, *v. a.* to make white

Candle, kánd'l, *s.* light made of wax or tallow [candle]

Candlelight, kánd'l-líte, *s.* light of a Candlemas, kánd'l-más, *s.* the feast of the purification of the Virgin Mary

Candlestick, kánd'l-stík, *s.* an instrument to hold candles

Candor, kán'-dór, *s.* sweetness of temper, integrity, ingenuousness

Candy, kán'-dý, *v. a.* to conserve with sugar, to congeal—*v. n.* to grow congealed

Sounds.—hăt, hâte, hăll, liár—mêt, dêsist, mê, hér—chŷn, chŷne, field, shírt—

- Cane**, kă'ne, *s.* a reed from which sugar is extracted, a stick to walk with—*v. a.* to beat with a cane
- Canescent**, kă-nés'-sént, *a.* growing white or old, hoary [the dog star]
- Canicular**, kă-nŷk'-û-lăr, *a.* belonging to
- Canine**, kă-nŷne, *a.* having the properties of a dog [box to hold tea]
- Canister**, kă'n-ŷs-tér, *s.* a small basket, a
- Canker**, kăng'-kér, *s.* a worm, what corrupts or consumes, corrosion—*v. n.* to grow corrupt—*v. a.* to corrupt, to corrode, to pollute
- Cannibal**, kă'n-nŷ-băl, *s.* a man-eater
- Cannon**, kă'n-nón, *s.* a great gun for cannonading
- Cannonade**, kă'n-nón-ă'de, *v. n.* to attack or batter with cannon—*v. a.* to fire upon with cannon
- Cannonier**, kă'n-nô-něr, *s.* one who manages the cannon
- Canoe**, kă'n-ô, *s.* a sort of Indian boat
- Canon**, kă'n-ôn, *s.* a rule, a law, a sort of dignity in cathedrals, the book of holy scriptures
- Canonical**, kă'n-ôn-ŷ-kăl, *a.* regular, spiritual, ecclesiastical
- Canonicals**, kă'n-ôn-ŷ-kăl-z, *s.* the dress of the established clergy
- Canonization**, kă'n-ôn-i-ză-shŷn, *s.* the act of making a saint
- Canonize**, kă'n-ôn-ize, *v. a.* to declare any one a saint [cannon]
- Canonry**, kă'n-ôn-rŷ, *s.* benefice of a
- Canopy**, kă'n-ô-pŷ, *s.* a covering spread over the head—*v. a.* to cover with a canopy
- Canorous**, kă'n-ô-rús, *a.* musical, tuneful
- Cant**, kănt, *s.* corrupt dialect, wheeling—*v. n.* to wheedle, to flatter—*v. a.* to toss or fling away
- Cantata**, kă'n-tă-tă, *s.* an air, a grave piece of music [singing]
- Cantation**, kă'n-tă-shŷn, *s.* the act of
- Canter**, kă'n-tér, *s.* an hypocrite, a short gallop [flies for blisters]
- Cantharides**, kă'n-tăr-ŷ-děz, *s.* Spanish
- Canthus**, kă'n-thús, *s.* the corner of the eye [pious song]
- Canticle**, kă'n-tŷk'l, *s.* song of Solomon,
- Cantle**, kănt'l, *s.* a piece with corners—*v. a.* to cut in pieces
- Canto**, kă'n-tô, *s.* a book or section of a poem
- Canton**, kă'n-tón, *s.* the division of a country, a small community or clan—*a.* to divide land
- Canted**, kă'n-trěd, *s.* a division or an hundred in Wales
- Canvas**, kă'n-văs, *s.* a coarse thick cloth, a soliciting—*v. a.* to examine, to debate—*v. n.* to solicit [air]
- Canzonet**, kă'n-zô-nět, *s.* a short song, an
- Cap**, kăp, *s.* a covering for the head, a reverence—*v. a.* to cover the top, to puzzle
- Cap-a-pie**, kă-ă-pé, *a.* from head to foot
- Capability**, kă-pă-bŷl-ŷ-tŷ, *s.* capacity
- Capable**, kă-peb'l, *a.* intelligent, equal to, qualified for [extended]
- Capacious**, kă-pă-shús, *a.* wide, vast,
- Capacitate**, kă-păs-ŷ-tăte, *v. a.* to enable, to qualify [space, state]
- Capacity**, kă-păs-ŷ-tŷ, *s.* ability, sense,
- Caparison**, kă-păr-ŷ-són, *s.* a superb dress for a horse—*v. a.* to dress pompously [piece of a coat]
- Cape**, kă'pe, *s.* a head-land, the neck-
- Caper**, kă-pér, *s.* a leap, a jump, a sort of acid pickle—*v. n.* to skip or dance frolicsomenly
- Caper-bush**, kă-pér-bŷsh, *s.* a sort of plant, the buds of which are pickled for eating
- Capias**, kă-pŷ-ăs, *s.* a writ of execution
- Capillary**, kă-pŷl-lăr-ŷ, *a.* resembling hairs, small, minute
- Capital**, kăp-ŷ-tăl, *a.* criminal in the highest degree, that affects life, chief, principal—*s.* the upper part of a pillar, the chief city of a nation
- Capitation**, kăp-ŷ-tă-shŷn, *s.* numeration of heads [temple]
- Capitol**, kăp-ŷ-töl, *s.* a splendid Roman
- Capitular**, kă-pŷt-û-lăr, *s.* a body of statutes, a member of a chapter
- Capitulate**, kă-pŷt-û-lăte, *v. n.* to yield on certain stipulations
- Capitulation**, kă-pŷt-û-lă-shŷn, *s.* the surrendering the town upon certain terms, stipulations, conditions
- Capon**, kă'p'n, *s.* a castrated cock
- Capot**, kă'pôt, *s.* a term at piquet
- Caprice**, kă-prŷs, *s.* fancy, whim, humour [fanciful, odd]
- Capricious**, kă-prŷsŷl-ús, *a.* whimsical,
- Capricorn**, kăp-rŷ-körn, *s.* one of the signs of the zodiac, the winter solstice
- Capstan**, kăp-stăn, *s.* an engine to draw up great weights, as anchors, &c.
- Capsular**, kăp-sû-lăr, or **Capsularg**, kăp-sû-lăr-ŷ, *a.* hollow like a chest
- Capsulate**, kăp-sû-lăce, or **Capsulated**, kăp-sû-lă-těd, *a.* enclosed in a box.

shôt, nôte, lôse, actôr—hût, pûsh, mûte, fûr—trulÿ, rÿe—thus, thick.

Captain, kâp'-tî'n, *s.* the chief commander, the commander of a company or of a ship

Captation, kâp'-tâ-shûn, *s.* the practice of catching favour

Caption, kâp'-shûn, *s.* the act of taking

Captious, kâp'-shûs, *a.* peevish, insidious [to subdue]

Captivate, kâp'-tî-vâte, *v. a.* to charm,

Captive, kâp'-tîv, *s.* one taken in war, one charmed by beauty

Captivity, kâp'-tîv'-y-tÿ, *s.* bondage, slavery, servitude [soner or a prize]

Captor, kâp'-tôr, *s.* one who takes a prize

Capture, kâp'-tûre, *s.* the act or practice of taking any thing, a prize

Capuchin, kâp'-û-shîn, *s.* a friar, a woman's cloak and hood

Car, kâr, *s.* a cart, a chariot of war

Carac, kâr'-âk, *s.* a large ship, a galleon

Carat, kâr'-ât, *s.* a weight of four grains

Caravan, kâr'-â-vân, *s.* a troop or body of merchants or pilgrims, a large carriage

Caravansary, kâr'-â-vân'-sâr-y, *s.* a house for the reception of eastern travellers

Carayel, kâr'-â-vêl, *s.* a light old-fashioned ship

Caraway, kâr'-â-wâ, *s.* a kind of plant

Carbine, kâr'-bîne, *s.* a small gun

Carbinier, kâr'-bî-nÿr, *s.* a light horseman

Carbuncle, kâr'-bûng'k'l, *s.* a precious stone, a red spot or pimple

Carcass, kâr'-kâs, *s.* a dead body, a kind of bomb

Card, kâr'd, *s.* paper painted to play with, the paper on which the several points of the wind are marked in the mariner's compass, an instrument for combing wool—*v. a.* to comb wool—*v. n.* to game [dicinal seed]

Cardamom, kâr'-dâ-môm, *s.* a sort of me-carder, kâr'd-êr, *s.* one who works wool upon cards [ening]

Cardiac, kâr'-dÿ-âk, *a.* cordial, strength-

Cardinal, kâr'-dÿ-nâl, *a.* principal, chief—*s.* a dignitary of the Romish church, a woman's cloak

Care, kâ're, *s.* solicitude, anxiety, caution, charge—*v. n.* to be anxious, to be affected with [leaks]

Careen, kâ-rê'nc, *v. a.* to talk, to stop

Career, kâ-rê're, *s.* a course, race, swift motion, course of action

Careful, kâ're-fûl, *a.* cautious, diligent

Carefully, kâ're-fûl-ly, *ad.* diligently

Carefulness, kâ're-fûl-nês, *s.* heedfulness

Careless, kâ're-lês, *a.* negligent, heedless

Carelessness, kâ're-lês-nês, *s.* inattention

Caress, kâ-rês, *v. a.* to endear, to fondle—*s.* an act of endearment

Caret, kâr-rêt, *s.* a note denoting that something is wanting [freight]

Cargo, kâr'-gô, *s.* the lading of a ship,

Caricature, kâr'-î-kâ-tûre, *s.* exaggerated resemblance, a droll likeness

Caries, kâr'-rÿês, **Cariosity**, kâ-rÿ-ôs'-y-tÿ, *s.* rottenness of the bones

Carious, kâr'-rÿús, *a.* rotten, decayed

Cark, kâr'rk, *s.* care, anxiety—*v. n.* to be anxious

Carle, kâr'rl, *s.* a mean rude man, a churl

Carlinethistle, kâr'-lîn-thî's'l, *s.* a plant

Carlings, kâr'-lîngz, *s.* timbers lying fore and aft in a ship [carts]

Carman, kâr'-mân, *s.* one who drives

Carmelite, kâr'-mêl-ite, *s.* a pear, a begging friar [dispels wind]

Carminative, kâr'-mÿn'-â-tÿv, *s.* that which

Carmine, kâr'-mîne, *s.* a bright red or crimson colour [devastation]

Carnage, kâr'-nêdzh, *s.* slaughter, havoc,

Carnal, kâr'-nâl, *a.* fleshy, lustful, sensual [grossness of mind]

Carnality, kâr'-nâl'-y-tÿ, *s.* fleshy lust,

Carnation, kâr'-nâ'-shûn, *s.* a flesh colour, a fine flower [cious stone]

Carnelion, kâr'-nê'-lyôn, *s.* a sort of pre-

Carneous, kâr'-nÿús, *a.* fleshy, plump

Carnival, kâr'-nÿ-vâl, *s.* the time of mirth before Lent [ing]

Carnivorous, kâr'-nÿv'-ô-rús, *a.* flesh-eat-

Carnosity, kâr'-nôs'-y-tÿ, *s.* a fleshy ex-crescence

Carnous, kâr'-n-ûs, *a.* fleshy

Caroche, kâr'-ôtsh, *s.* a coach

Carol, kâr'-ôl, *s.* a song of praise and exultation—*v. n.* to sing, to warble—*v. a.* to praise, to celebrate

Carousal, kâ-rôû'-zâl, *s.* a feast, a festival

Carouse, kâ-rôû'z, *s.* a drinking match—*v. n.* to drink hard, to quaff—*v. a.* to drink [to cavil]

Carp, kâr'rp, *s.* a fish—*v. n.* to censure,

Carpenter, kâr'-pên-tér, *s.* an artificer in wood [or table]

Carpet, kâr'-pêt, *s.* a covering for a floor

Carping, kâr'p-îng, *a.* censorious, captious [viour, conduct]

Carriage, kâr'-rîdzh, *s.* a vehicle, beha-

Carrier, kâr'-rÿer, *s.* one who carries goods, &c. a messenger a species pigeon

Sounds—hāt, hāte, hāl, liār—mēt, dēsist, mē, hēr—ch'yn, ch'ine, f'ield, sh'irt—

- Carrion, kār-r'yon, *s.* bad meat
 Carrot, kār-rót, *s.* an esculent root
 Carrotty, kār-rót-y, *a.* red haired, very red
 Carry, kār-r'y, *v. a.* to convey, to bear, to gain, to behave
 Cart, kār't, *s.* a carriage for luggage, &c.—*v. a.* to expose in a cart—*v. n.* to use carts for carriage
 Cart-blanche, kār't-blán'sh, *s.* a blank paper to be filled up with such conditions as the person to whom it is sent thinks proper
 Cartel, kār-tél, *s.* an agreement between nations at war relative to exchange of prisoners
 Carter, kār-tér, *s.* one who drives a cart
 Cart-horse, kār't-hürs, *s.* strong, clumsy horse
 Cartilage, kār-ti-lédzh, *s.* a smooth substance softer than a bone and harder than a ligament
 Cartilaginous, kār-ti-lédzh-y-nús, *a.* consisting of cartilages or gristles
 Cartoon, kār-tón, *s.* a painting upon large paper
 Cartouch, kār-tó'sh, *s.* a case to hold balls [to hold powder
 Cartridge, kār trídzh, *s.* a case of powder
 Cartwright, kār't-rite, *s.* a maker of carts
 Carve, kār'v, *v. a.* to cut wood, stone, or meat—*v. n.* to exercise the trade of a sculptor, to perform at table the office of supplying the company
 Carver, kār'v-ér, *s.* a person who carves
 Carving, kār'v-íng, *s.* sculpture, figures carved [fall
 Cascade, kās-káde, *s.* a cataract, a water-fall
 Case, ká'se, *s.* a covering, a sheath, the outer part of a house, condition (with regard to outward circumstances of leanness or health,) variation in nouns—*v. a.* to put in a case or cover, to strip off the covering [the outside
 Caseharden, ká'se-lárd'n, *v. a.* to harden
 Case-knife, ká'se-knife, *s.* a large kitchen or table knife
 Casemate, ká'se-máte, *s.* kind of vault or arch of stone [ing upon hinges
 Casement, ká'se-mént, *s.* a window opening
 Cases, ká's-és, *s.* variation of nouns
 Case shot, ká'se-shót, *s.* bullets enclosed in a case
 Caseworm, ká'se-wórm, *s.* a grub that makes itself a case.
 Cash, ká'sh', *s.* money, ready money
 Cashier, ká'sh'í, *s.* a cash-keeper—*v. a.* to discard
 Cash-keeper, ká'sh'-kēp-ér, *s.* one who has the charge of money
 Cask, ká'sk, *s.* a sort of barrel
 Casket, ká's-két, *s.* a small box for jewels
 Casque, ká'sk, *s.* a helmet, armour for the head [tree
 Cashew-nut, ká'sh'-n-út, *s.* fruit of a Cassia, ká's-shyá, *s.* a fragrant sweet spice and tree [garment of a priest
 Cassock, ká's-sók, *s.* the long under
 Cast, ká'st, *v. a.* to throw, to fling away, to drive by violence of weather—*v. n.* to contrive, to turn the thoughts to, to warp—*s.* a throw, a mould, a form, a shade or tendency to any colour
 Castanet, ká's-tá-nét, *s.* small shell of ivory or hard wood rattled by dancers
 Castaway, ká'st-á-wá, *s.* an abandoned or lost person [castle
 Castellain, ká's-tél-lán, *s.* governor of a
 Castellany, ká's-tél-lán-y, *s.* the lordship of a castle [to punish, to beat
 Castigate, ká's-ti-gáte, *v. a.* to chastise, Castigation, ká's-ti-gá-shún, *s.* punishment, correction
 Casting-net, ká's-tíng-nét, *s.* a net thrown by the hand.
 Castle, ká's'l, *s.* a house fortified, a project [the name of a star
 Castor, ká's-tór, *s.* a beaver, a fine hat
 Castrametation, ká's-trá-mé-tá'-shún, *s.* the practice of encamping
 Castrate, ká's-tráte, *v. a.* to geld, to make imperfect [ing
 Castration, ká's-trá'-shún, *s.* act of gelding
 Casual, kázh'-á-l, *a.* accidental, arising from chance
 Casualty, kázh'-á-l-tý, *s.* accident, a thing happening by chance
 Casuist, kázh'-á-l-íst, *s.* one that studies and settles cases of conscience
 Casuistry, kázh'-á-l-ís-trý, *s.* the science of a casuist [of ship
 Cat, kát', *s.* a domestic animal, a sort
 Catachrestical, kát-á-krés'-tí-kál, *a.* forced, far-fetched
 Catacombs, kát-á-kó'mz, *s.* subterraneous cavities for the burial of the dead
 Catacoustic, kát-á-kóús'-tík, *a.* relating to reflected sounds
 Catacoustics, kát-á-kóús'-tíks, *s.* the doctrine of reflected sounds
 Catalan, kát-á-lán, *s.* a mean person
 Catalepsis, kát-á-lēp-sís, *s.* a disease
 Catalogue, kát-á-lóg, *s.* enumeration of particulars, a list

shôt, nôte, lôse, actôr—hût, pûsh, mâte, fûr—trulý, rýe—thus, thick.

Cataplasm, kăt-k-plăzu, *s.* a poultice, a soft plaster

Catapult, kăt-k-pûlt, *s.* an engine used anciently to throw stones

Cataract, kăt-k-răkt, *s.* a water-fall, a cascade, an inspissation of the crystalline humour of the eye

Catarrh, kăt-tă-r, *s.* defluxion of a sharp serum from the glands about the head and throat

Catarrhal, kăt-tă-r-răl, *a.* relating to the catarrh

Catastrophe, kăt-tă-s-trô-fê, *s.* the change or revolution which produces the conclusion or event of a dramatic piece, final event (generally unhappy)

Catcal, kăt-kăl, *s.* a squeaking instrument

Catch, kătsh, *v. a.* to lay hold, to stop, to seize, to ensnare—*s.* seizure, the act of taking quickly, a song in succession, slight contagion, any thing that catches

Catchfly, kătsh-ăy, *s.* a flower

Catching, kătsh-îng, *a.* infectious

Catchpoll, kătsh-pôwl, *s.* a bumbailiff

Catechetical, kăt ê kêt-î-căl, *a.* consisting of questions and answers

Catechise, kăt-ê-kîze, *v. a.* to instruct by asking questions [instruction]

Catechism, kăt-ê-kîzm, *s.* a form of Catechist, kăt-ê-kîst, *s.* one who teaches the catechism

Catechumen, kăt-ê-kăt-mên, *s.* one who is yet in the first rudiments of Christianity

Categorical, kăt ê-gôr-î kăl, *a.* absolute, positive, express [of ideas]

Category, kăt-ê-gôr-î, *s.* a class, an order

Catenarian, kăt-ê-nă-ryăn, *a.* belonging to a chain

Catenation, kăt-ê nă-shûn, *s.* a link, a regular connexion

Cater, kăt-tê, *v. n.* to provide food, to lay in victuals [favourite]

Catercousin, kăt-têr-kûz'n, *s.* a petty

Caterer, kăt-têr-êr, *s.* a purveyor

Caterpillar, kăt-êr-pîl-lăr, *s.* an insect, a grub, a plant

Caterwaul, kăt-êr-wăl, *v. n.* to make a noise like a cat [dainties]

Cates, kăt's, *s.* cakes, viands, nice food,

Catgut, kăt-gût, *s.* fiddle strings, a sort of canvas [cleansing]

Cathartic, kăt-thă-r-tyk, *a.* purgative,

Cathead, kăt-thêd, *s.* the bows of a ship, a fish

Cathedral, kăt-thê-drăl, *a.* episcopal, venerable, antique—*s.* the head church of a diocese

Catheter, kăt-thê-têr, *s.* a hollow probe

Catholic, kăt-thê-lyk, *a.* universal or general—*s.* a papist

Catholicon, kăt-thêl-î-kôn, *s.* an universal medicine

Catoptrical, kăt-ôp-trî-kăl, *a.* relating to reflected vision

Catoptrics, kăt-ôp-trîks, *s.* that part of optics which treats of vision by reflection [mushrooms]

C. tsup, kăt-sh-ûp, *s.* a kind of pickle of Cattle, kăt'l, *s.* beasts of pasture

Cavalcade, kăv-ăl-kăde, *s.* a procession on horseback

Cavalier, kăv-ă-lîr, *s.* a horseman, a knight, a gay sprightly military man, a royalist—*a.* gay, generous, brave, disdainful, proud

Cavalry, kăv-ăl-rî, *s.* horse troops

Caudle, kăd'l, *s.* a sort of beverage for women in childbed

Cave, kăv, *s.* a cavern, a den, a hollow

Caveat, kă-vyăt, *s.* a caution, an admonition [a cave]

Cavern, kăv-êrn, *s.* a hollow place, a den,

Caverned, kăv-êrnd, or **Cavernous**, kăv-êr-nûs, *a.* full of caverns

Caviare, kă-vyăr, *s.* the spawn of a sturgeon salted

Cavil, kăv-îl, *v. a.* to raise objections, to wrangle [tant]

Caviller, kăv-îl-lér, *s.* a captious disputant

Cavillous, kăv-îl-lûs, *a.* full of objections

Cavity, kăv-î-ty, *s.* hollowness, hollow

Cauk, kă'k, *s.* a course kind of mineral

Caul, kăl, *s.* a kind of small net for caps or wigs, &c. the integument inclosing the guts [cabbage]

Cauliflower, kôl-î-flôw-êr, *s.* a species of Causal, kă-zăl, *a.* relating to causes

Cause, kă'z, *s.* that which produces or effects any thing, reason, motive—*v. a.* to effect, to occasion

Causeless, kă'z-lês, *a.* without just motives [raised and paved way]

Causey, or **Causeway**, kă's-wă, *s.* a

Caustic, kă's-tyk, *s.* a burning application [wily]

Cautelous, kă-tê-lûs, *a.* cautious, wary,

Cauterize, kăt-têr-îze, *v. a.* to burn with irons, to sear

Cautery, kăt-têr-î, *s.* the burning by hot iron or with caustic medicines

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 Sounds.—hkt, hāte, hāll, liār—mēt, dēsist, mē, hér—chyū, chine, feld, shrt—  
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- Caution, ká-shūn, *s.* prudence, foresight, wariness, warning—*v. a.* to warn, to give notice, to tell
 Cautionary, ká-shón-ār-y, *a.* given as a pledge or security
 Cautious, ká-shús, *a.* wary, watchful
 Caw, ká', *v. n.* to cry as a rook or crow
 Cearment, *see* Cerement
 Cease, cēse, *v. n.* to leave off, to stop, to give over, to be at an end—*v. a.* to put a stop to [tree]
 Cedar, sū dār, *s.* a sort of evergreen
 Cede, séde, *v. a.* to yield up, to give up to another
 Ceil, séle, *v. a.* to overlay or cover the inner roof of a building
 Ceiling, sé'lyng, *s.* the inner roof
 Celandine, sé-lán-dine, *s.* a plant
 Celebrate, sél-é-brate, *v. a.* to praise, commend, distinguish by solemn rites
 Celebration, sél-é-brā-shūn, *s.* solemn remembrance, praise [fame, renown]
 Celebrity, sé-léb-rí-tý, *s.* celebration
 Celerity, sél-ér-yty, *s.* swiftness, speed, velocity
 Celery, sél-ér-y, *s.* a species of parsley
 Celestial, sé-lés-tyál, *a.* heavenly—*s.* an inhabitant of heaven
 Celibacy, sél-y-bá-sý, or Celibate, sél-y-bét, *s.* a single life
 Cell, sél', *s.* a small cavity or hollow place, a small close apartment in a prison [for stores or liquors]
 Cellar, sél-lār, *s.* a room under ground
 Cellular, sél-lū-lār, *a.* consisting of cells or cavities
 Cement, sé-mént, *s.* that which unites mortar—*v. a.* to join together, to solder [a church-yard]
 Cemetery, sém-é-tér-y, *s.* a burial place
 Cenotaph, sén-ō-tāf, *s.* a monument for one buried elsewhere
 Cense, sén's, *s.* a tax, public rate
 Censer, sén-sér, *s.* a perfuming or incense pan
 Censor, sén-aór, *s.* an officer of Rome who had the power of correcting manners, one who is given to censure
 Censorian, sén-sō-ryān, *a.* belonging to the censor [censure, severe]
 Censorious, sén-sō-ryūs, *a.* addicted to Censurable, sén-shūr-āb'l, *a.* culpable
 Censure, sén-shūr, *s.* blame, reproach, reprimand—*v. a.* to blame, to condemn, to revile
 Cent, sént', *s.* an abbreviation of the Latin word *centum*, an hundred
 Centaur, sén-tār, *s.* a poetical being supposed to be compounded of a man and a horse, the archer in the zodiac [planet]
 Centaury, sén-tār-y, *s.* a medicinal
 Centenary, sén-tē-nār-y, *s.* the number of a hundred
 Centesimal, sén-tēs-y-māl, *s.* hundredth
 Centifolious, sén-tí-fó-lyūs, *a.* having a hundred leaves
 Cento, sén-tō, *s.* a composition formed by joining scraps from different authors [centre]
 Central, sén-trāl, *a.* relating to the Centre, sén-tér, *s.* the middle—*v. a.* to place on a centre, to fix on a centre—*v. n.* to rest on, to be placed in the midst or centre
 Centric, sén-trík, *a.* placed in the centre
 Centrifugal, sén-tríf-ú-gál, *a.* flying from the centre [the centre]
 Centripetal, sén-tríp-é-tál, *a.* tending to Centry, sén-trý, *s.* *see* Centinel
 Centuple, sén-túp'l, *a.* a hundred fold
 Centuriator, sén-tū-ryā-tór, *s.* an historian who distinguishes times by centuries
 Centurion, sén-tū-ryón, *s.* a Roman officer who commanded 100 men
 Century, sén-tū-ry, *s.* a hundred years
 Cephalic, séf-ál-ík, *a.* any thing medicinal for the head [horns]
 Cerastes, sé-rās-tēs, *s.* a serpent with
 Cerate, sé-rét, *s.* a salve made of wax
 Cere, sé're, *v. a.* to cover with wax
 Cerecloth, sé-re-clōth, *s.* a cloth smeared over with glutinous matter
 Cerement, sé-re-mént, *s.* cloth dipped in melted wax to enfold dead bodies with
 Ceremonial, sé're-món-yál, or Ceremonious, sé-ré-món-yūs, *a.* formal
 Ceremony, sér-é-món-y, *s.* outward rite, external form [some]
 Certain, sér-tén, *a.* sure, determined
 Certainty, sér-tén-tý, *s.* fullness of assurance
 Certificate, sé-tíf-y-két, *s.* a testimony in writing [of]
 Certify, sér-tí-y, *v. a.* to give assurance
 Certiorari, sér-chýō-rārí, *s.* a writ from Chancery to call up the records of a cause therein depending
 Certitude, sé-t-y-túde, *s.* certainty, freedom from doubt
 Cerulean, sé-rū-lyān, or Ceruleous, sé-rū-lyūs, *a.* blue, sky-coloured

shòt, nôte, lôse, actôr—hüt, pûsh, mûte, fûr—trulý, rýe—thus, thick.

Cerumen, sé-rû mǎn', *s.* the wax of the ear [to calc]

Ceruse, séi-lús, *s.* white lead reduced

Cesarian, sé-zá-rýán, *a.* the *Cesarian section* is cutting a child out of the womb

Cess, sēs', *s.* a tax or rate—*v. a.* to tax
Cessation, sēs-sǎ-shün, *s.* a stop, a rest, a respite, pause of hostilities

Cessible, sēs-sǎ'l, *a.* liable to give way
Cession, sēs-shün, *s.* retreat, act of giving way

Cestus, sēs-tús, *s.* the girdle of Venus

Cetaceous, sé-tǎ-shús, *a.* of the whale kind

Chad, shǎd', *s.* a sort of fish

Chafe, tshǎ'fe, *v. a.* to warm with rubbing, to make angry—*v. n.* to rage, fret, fume—*s.* heat, violence, rage, fury

Chaff, tshǎ'f, *s.* the husks of corn, a worthless thing [bargain]

Chaffer, tshǎ'f-fer, *v. n.* to haggle, to

Chaffinch, tshǎ'f-fínsh, *s.* a small common bird [chaff]

Chaffy, tshǎ'f-fý, *a.* like chaff, full of

Chafingdish, tshǎ'f-fíng-dísh, *s.* a portable grate for coals

Chagrin, shǎ-grín, *s.* ill humour, vexation—*v. a.* to vex, to hurt, to put out of temper

Chain, tshǎ'ne, *s.* a line of links, a series, a fetter—*v. a.* to fasten with a chain, enslave

Chainshot, tshǎ'ne-shòt, *s.* bullets fastened together by a chain

Chair, tshǎ're, *s.* a moveable seat, a sedan

Chairman, tshǎ're-mán, *s.* the president of any public meeting, one who carries a sedan

Chaise, shǎ'ze, *s.* a kind of light carriage

Chalcography, kǎl-k'ǒ-grǎf-y, *s.* engraving on brass

Chaldron, tshǎ'l-drón, *s.* a measure of coals consisting of thirty-six bushels

Chalice, tshǎ'l-ýs, *s.* a cup, a bowl

Chalk, tshǎ'k, *s.* a sort of white fossil—*v. a.* to rub with chalk, to mark with chalk [digs chalk]

Chalk-cutter, tshǎ'k-küt-tér, *s.* one who

Chalky, tshǎ'k-y, *a.* consisting of chalk

Challenge, tshǎ'l-léndzh, *v. a.* to call to fight, to accuse, to object to the impartiality of any one, to claim as due—*a summons* to combat, a demand

Chalybeate, kǎ-lýb'yét, *a.* impregnated with iron or steel

Chemade, shǎ-mǎ'd, *s.* the beat of the drum which declares a parley

Chamber, tshǎ'm-bér, *s.* an apartment in a house [cauchery]

Chambering, tshǎ'm-bér-ýng, *s.* riot, debauchery

Chamberlain, tshǎ'm-bér-lén, *s.* the sixth officer of the crown, one who takes care of chambers

Chambermaid, tshǎ'm-bér-mǎde, *s.* a maid whose business is to take care of rooms

Chameleon, kǎ-mél-yón, *s.* a kind of lizard said to live on air

Chamfer, tshǎ'm-fér, *s.* the fluting in a column [goat kind]

Chamois, shǎm'y, *s.* an animal of the

Champ, tshǎmp', *v. a.* to bite frequently, to gnaw, to devour

Champaign, shǎm-pǎ'ne, *s.* a kind of wine, a flat open country

Champignon, shǎm-pýn-óng, *s.* a small kind of mushroom [batant, a hero]

Champion, shǎm-pýón, *s.* a single combat

Chance, tshǎ'ns, *s.* fortune, accident, a fortuitous event [church]

Chancel, tshǎ'n-sél, *s.* the east end of a

Chancellor, tshǎ'n-sél-lór, *s.* an officer of the highest power and dignity in the court where he presides

Chancery, tshǎ'n-sér-y, *s.* a court of equity and conscience [sore]

Chancre, shǎngk'ér, *s.* an ulcer, a bad

Chandelier, shǎn-dé-lýr, *s.* a branch for candles [candles, a huckster]

Chandler, tshǎ'nd-lér, *s.* one who makes

Change, tshǎ'ndzh, *v. a.* to alter, to amend, to exchange—*v. n.* to undergo change, to suffer alteration—*s.* alteration, novelty, small money

Changeable, tshǎ'ndzh-kǎ'l, *a.* subject to change, fickle, unsteady

Changeling, tshǎ'ndzh-líng, *s.* a child left or taken in the place of another, an ideot, one apt to change

Channel, tshǎ'n-nél, *s.* a course for waters, a strait, a narrow sea, a gut or furrow of a pillar

Chant, tshǎ'nt, *v. a.* to sing, to celebrate by song—*v. n.* to sing—*s.* song, melody

Chanter, tshǎ'nt-ér, *s.* a singer

Chanticleer, shǎ'n-tí-klére, *s.* the cock

Chantry, tshǎ'n-tý, *s.* church or chapel for priests to sing mass in [confusion]

Chaos, kǎ'ós, *s.* an indigested mass

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*Sounds.*—hăt, hâte, hăl, liăr—mêt, dêsist, mē, hér—chîn, chine, field, shirt—  
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- Chaotic, kă-öt'-yk, *a.* resembling chaos, confused
 Chap, tshăp', *some* tshôp', *v. a.* to divide, to open, to crack—*s.* a cleft, a gap, a chink, the jaw
 Chape, tshă'pe, *s.* a catch of any thing by which it is held in its place, the metal tip of a scabbard
 Chapel, tshăp'-el, *s.* a place of worship
 Chapelry, tshăp'-el-rý, *s.* the bounds of a chapel
 Chapfallen, or Chapfaln, tshăp' fâl'n, *a.* having the mouth shrunk, dispirited
 Chapiter, tshăp'-y-tér, *s.* capital of a column or pillar
 Chaplain, tshăp'-lén, *s.* a clergyman who attends the king or other great persons and performs divine service (a chaplain may also belong to a ship or a regiment) [about the mouth]
 Chapless, tshăp'-lës, *a.* without any flesh
 Chaplet, tshăp'-lêt, *s.* a garland or wreath for the head [goods]
 Chapman, tshăp'-măn, *s.* a dealer in
 Chaps, tshăp's, *s.* the mouth of a beast of prey, entrance into a channel
 Chapter, tshăp'-tér, *s.* a division of a book, an assembly of the clergy
 Char, tshă'r, *s.* a small fish, work done by the day—*v. a.* to burn wood to a black cinder—*v. n.* to work by the day at people's houses
 Character, kăr'-ăk-tér, *s.* a mark, a letter, reputation
 Characteristic, kăr'-ăk-tér-ys'-tík, *a.* peculiar to, distinguishing
 Characterize, kăr'-ăk-tér-ize, *v. a.* to give a character of a person, to imprint, to mark with a stamp
 Charcoal, tshă'r-kôl, *s.* coal made by burning wood under turf
 Charge, tshă'rdzh, *v. a.* to intrust, to impute as a debt, to accuse, to command, to load a gun—*s.* trust, command [putable]
 Chargeable, tshă'rdzh ăb'l, *a.* costly, im-
 Charger, tshă'r dzhr, *s.* a large dish, a war horse [sure, of state]
 Chariot, tshă'r-ŷót, *s.* a carriage of pleasure
 Charioteer, shăr-ŷót-ér, *s.* a chariot driver [volent]
 Charitable, tshă'r-y-ăb'l, *a.* kind, bene-
 -charity, tshă-r-ty, *s.* tenderness, kindness, benevolence, good-will, alms
 Char, tshărk, *v. a.* to burn to a black cinder [mountebank]
 Charlatan, shăr'-ă-tăn, *s.* a quack, a
 Charles's-wain, tshă'rlz-éz-wă'ne, *s.* the northern constellation called the Great Bear [corn with a yellow flower]
 Charlock, tshă'r-lök, *s.* a weed among
 Charm, tshă'rn, *s.* a philtre, a spell or enchantment—*v. a.* to bewitch, to captivate, to delight
 Charmer, tshă'r-mér, *s.* one who charms
 Charming, tshă'r-nng, *a.* very pleasing
 Charnel-house, tshă'r-nél-hôus, *s.* a receptacle for the bones of the dead, a vault for dead bodies [ôcc. a map
 Chart, tshă'rt, *s.* delineation of coasts,
 Charter, tshă'r-tér, *s.* a privilege, immunity, or exemption by royal grant in writing
 Chartered, tshă'r-térd, *a.* privileged
 Charter-party, tshă'r-tér-păr-ty, *s.* a paper relating to a contract of which each party has a copy
 Char-woman, tshă'r-wū-mán, *s.* a woman hired for odd work
 Chary, tshă'-ry, *a.* careful, cautious
 Chase, tshă'se, *v. a.* to hunt, to pursue, to drive—*s.* hunting, game hunted, a piece of ground larger than a park, the bore of a gun
 Chasm, kă'zm, *s.* a cleft, an opening, a vacuity [honest]
 Chaste, tshă'ste, *a.* pure, uncorrupt
 Chasten, tshă'st'n, or Chastise, tshă's-tize, *v. a.* to correct, to punish
 Chastisement, tshă's tize-mént, *s.* correction [body
 Chastity, tshă's-ty-ty, *s.* purity of the
 Chat, tshăt', *v. n.* to prate, to talk idly, to prattle—*s.* idle talk, prate
 Chatellany, shăt'-el-lă-ný, *s.* a district under the dominion of a castle
 Chattel, tshăt'l, *s.* moveable property
 Chatter, tshăt'-tér, *v. n.* to make a noise like birds or with the teeth, to talk idly or carelessly
 Cheap, tshé'pe, *a.* to be had at a low rate—*s.* a bargain
 Cheapen, tshé'p'u, *v. a.* to ask the price of, to lessen the value [mirth
 Cheerful, tshère-fül, *a.* gay, full of
 Cheerfulness, tshère-fül-nës, *s.* alacrity
 Cheat, tshé'te, *v. a.* to defraud, to impose upon, to trick—*s.* fraud, trick, imposture, a receiver
 Check, tsnek', *v. a.* to repress, to chide, to controul—*v. a.* to make a stop, to interfere—*s.* reproof, stop, curb, restraint, a draught on a bank

shôt, nôze, lôae, actor—hüt, pûsh, mâte, für—truly, rye—thus, thick.

Checker, tshék'-ér, *v. a.* to variegate or diversify

Cheek, tshé'ke, *s.* the side of the face below the eye, a name among mechanics for those parts of their machines that are double

Cheek-tooth, tshé'ke-tôth, *s.* a hinder tooth or tusk

Cheer, tshê're, *s.* entertainment, jollity, gaiety—*v. a.* to incite, to encourage, to comfort—*v. u.* to grow gay

Cheese, tshé'ze, *s.* food made from milk curds [of curds, sugar, &c.]

Cheesecake, tshé'ze-ká'ke, *s.* a cake made

Cheesemonger, tshé'ze-móng-ér, *s.* one who deals in cheese

Cheesvat, tshé'ze-vát, *s.* a wooden case for pressing the curds into cheese

Cherish, tshér'-ish, *v. a.* to support, to nurse up [blooming]

Cherry, tshér'-ry, *s.* a fruit—*a.* ruddy, Cherrycheeked, tshér'-ry-tshékt, *a.* having ruddy cheeks

Cherub, tshér'-áb, *s.* a celestial spirit

Cherubic, tshér'-úbik, *a.* angelic

Cherubim, tshér'-úbim, *s. plural of Cherub*

Cherup, tshér'-úp, *v. n.* to chirp, to use a cheerful voice

Chesnut, tshés'-nút, *s.* the fruit of the chesnut tree, name of a brown colour

Chess, tshés', *s.* a kind of game

Chess-board, tshés'-bórd, *s.* a board to play at chess

Chest, tshést', *s.* a box or coffer

Chevalier, shév'-lir, *s.* a knight, a gallant man

Chevaux de frise, shév'-ô-dé-frí'z, *s.* a military fence, timber traversed with wooden spikes pointed with iron for defending a passage or tourniquet

Cheven, tshév'n, *s.* a river fish

Chew, tshô', *v. a.* to grind with the teeth or masticate, to ruminate in the thoughts—*v. n.* to champ upon, to ruminate

Chicane, shí-ká'ne, *s.* artifice in general—*v. n.* to prolong a contest by tricks

Chicanery, shí-ká-nér'-y, *s.* sophistry, wrangling [young of hens]

Chick', tshík, or Chicken, tshík'-én, *s.* the Chicken-hearted, tshík'-én-hár-téd, *a.* cowardly, fearful [creeping plant]

Chickweed, tshík'-wêde, *s.* a small

Chide, tshíde, *v. a.* to reprove, to blame, to reproach [leader]

Chief, tshí'f, *s. principal, eminent—s. a*

Chieftain, tshí'f-tén, *s.* a leader, a commander [frost]

Chilblain, tshí'f-bláne, *s.* a sore made by

Child, tshí'ld, *s.* an infant

Childbearing, tshí'ld-bá'r-ing, *part. the act of bearing children*

Childbed, tshí'ld-béd, *s.* state of a woman bringing a child

Childbirth, tshí'ld-bírh, *s.* labour of a woman bringing forth

Childermas day, tshí'ld-dér-más-dá, *s.* the day on which the feast of the Holy Innocents is solemnized

Childhood, tshí'ld-hú'd, *s.* infancy, the state of a child [trivial]

Childish, tshí'ld-dish, *a.* like a child,

Chiliad, kí'l'-yá'd, *s.* a thousand

Chiliarch, kí'l'-yá'rk, *s.* a commander of a thousand men

Chill, tshí'l', *a.* cold, depressed, discouraged—*s.* chilliness, cold—*v. a.* to make cold, to depress, to blast with cold

Chime, tshí'me, *a.* sound of bells, concord of sound—*v. n.* to sound in harmony, to agree [fancy]

Chimera, kí-mé'-rá, *s.* a vain and wild

Chimerical, kí-mér'-y-kál, *s.* imaginary, fantastic [smoke]

Chimney, tshím'-ny, *s.* a passage for Chimney-piece, tshím'-ny-pis, *s.* an ornamental piece round the fireplace

Chin, tshín', *s.* the lowest part of the human face [laine, a country]

China, tshí'-ná, *s.* China ware or porce-

Chincough, tshín'-kóf, *s.* a violent and convulsive cough

Chine, tshí'ne, *s.* the backbone—*v. a.* to cut into chines

Chink, tshí'ngk', *s.* a small aperture longwise—*v. a.* to jingle like money

Chinky, tshí'ngk'-y, *a.* full of holes, gaping

Chints, tshí'nt's, *s.* Indian printed calico

Chip, tshíp', *v. a.* to cut into small pieces—*s.* a fragment cut off

Chirographer, kí-róg'-ráf-ér, *s.* an officer who engrosses fines in the Common Pleas [writing]

Chirography, kí-róg'-ráf-y, *s.* the act of

Chiromancy, kí-ró-mán-sý, *s.* divination by the hand

Chirp, tshírp, *v. n.* to make a cheerful noise as birds—*s.* the noise of birds or insects

Chirurgéon, tshí-rúr'-dzhón, *s.* a surgeon

Sounds—hăt, lâte, hăl, liăr—măt, dăst, mē, hēr—chŷn, chine, field, shir-

- Chisel, tshŷ'1, *s.* a tool with which wood or stone is pared away [of corn
Chit, tshŷ't, *s.* a child, a baby, a sprout
Chitchat, tshŷ't-tshŷ't, *s.* prattle
Chitterlings, tshŷ't-ter-lingz, *s.* the guts, the bowels [knighthood
Chivalry, shŷ'v-ŷl-rŷ, *s.* military dignity
Chives, shŷ'vz, *s.* the threads or filaments rising in flowers with seeds at the ends, a species of small onions
Chlorosis, klō-rō-sŷs, *s.* the greensickness
Chocolate, tshōk'-ōl-ēt, *s.* the nut of a cacao-tree, the liquor made with it
Choice, tshōŷ's, *s.* election, power of choosing, thing chosen, best part of any thing, variety, plenty—*a.* select, of great value, careful (exact choice
Choicely, tshōŷ's-lŷ, *ad.* curiously, with
Choir, kō'r, *s.* a band of singers, part of the church where the singers are placed
Choke, tshō'ke, *v. a.* to suffocate, to stop or block up, to suppress—*s.* internal part of an artichoke
Choke-pear, tshō'ke-pā're, *s.* a rough and unpalatable pear, any sarcasm that stops the mouth
Choler, kō'l-ēr, *s.* the bile, rage, anger
Choleric, kō'l-ēr-ŷk, *a.* angry, full of choler [out, to elect
Choose, tshōze, *v. a.* to select, to pick
Chop, tshōp', *v. a.* to cut with a blow, to devour eagerly, to mince, to change—*v. n.* to do any thing with a quick motion—*s.* a small piece of meat, a crack, a cleft
Chop-house, tshōp'-hōŷs, *s.* a house where dressed chops are sold
Chopin, tshōp'-ŷn, *s.* a Scotch quart in wine measure [jolly
Chopping, tshōp'-pŷng, *a.* large, healthy
Choppy, tshōp'-pŷ, *a.* full of holes or cracks
Chops, tshōp's, *s.* mouth of a beast
Choral, kō-rāl, *a.* sung by a choir, singing in a choir
Chord, kō'r'd, *s.* the string of a musical instrument—*v. a.* to furnish with strings [theatricals
Chorister, kō'r-ŷs-ter, *s.* a singer in ca-
Chorography, kō-rōg'-rāf-ŷ, *s.* art of describing particular regions, teaching geography [a concert
Chorus, kō-rŷs, *s.* a number of singers,
Chosen, tshō'zŷ, *part. made choice of, selected*
- Chough, tshōŷ', *s.* a kind of bird which frequents the rocks by the sea
Chouse, tshōŷ's, *v. a.* to cheat, to trick—*s.* a bubble, a trick [unction
Chiram, krŷ'm, *s.* an holy unguent or Christen, krŷ'n-ŷ. *a.* to baptize, to name
Christendom, krŷ'n-dōm, *s.* the regions in which the Christian religion is professed
Christening, krŷ-nŷng, *s.* ceremony of baptizing infants
Christian, krŷ't-tyān, *s.* a disciple of Christ—*a.* professing the religion of Christ [given at baptism
Christian-name, krŷ't-tyān-nāme, *s.* name
Christianity, krŷ't-tyān-ŷ-tŷ, *s.* the religion of Christians
Christmas, krŷ'm-ŷs, *s.* the day on which the nativity of our Saviour is celebrated, the 25th of December
Chromatic, krō-măt-ŷk, *a.* relating to colour or music
Chronic, krōn-ŷk, *a.* of long duration
Chronicle, krōn-ŷk'l, *s.* a register of events, history—*v. a.* to record in history
Chronogram, krōn-ō-grām, *s.* inscription including the date of any action
Chronologer, krō-nōl-ō-dzhēr, *s.* an explainer of past time
Chronological, krōn-ō-lōdzŷ-ŷ-kāl, *a.* relating to chronology
Chronology, krōn-ōl-ō-dzhŷ, *s.* science of computing time
Chronometer, krō-nōm'-ē-ter, *s.* an instrument for the mensuration of time
Chrysalis, krŷ's-ŷ-lŷs, *s.* first apparent change of any species of insect
Chrysolite, krŷ's-ō-lŷte, *s.* a precious stone, of a dusky green with a cast of yellow
Chub, tshŷb', *s.* a sort of river fish
Chubbed, tshŷb'-bēd, or tshŷb'd, *a.* big-headed, like a chub, stupid
Chuck, tshŷk, *s.* the voice of the hen, a word of endearment
Chuckle, tshŷk'l, *v. n.* to laugh much—*v. a.* to call as a hen, to fondle
Chuff, tshŷf', *s.* a blunt clownish person
Chum, tshŷm', *s.* a chamber fellow
Chump, tshŷmp', *s.* a thick heavy piece of wood
Church, tshŷr'tsh, *s.* a collective body of Christians, adhering to one particular form of worship, a place of worship *a.* solemnly to return thanks after childbirth, &c.

shôt, môte, lôse, actôr—hüt, pûsh, môte, für,—truly, rye—thus, thick.

Churchman, tshûr'tshmán, *s.* a clergyman, an adherent to the church of England

Church-warden, tshûr'sh-wárdén, *s.* an officer chosen by the minister and parishioners

Churchyard, tshûr'tsh-yárd, *s.* the ground adjoining the church in which the dead are buried

Curl, tshûr'l, *s.* a rustic, a surly ill-bred man, a niggard

Churlish, tshûr'l-l'ish, *a.* rude, harsh, selfish, avaricious

Churn, tshûr'n, *s.* the vessel in which butter is made—*v. a.* to agitate, to make lutter [chyle]

Chylaceous, k'y-lá'-shús, *a.* belonging to chyle, k'y'le, *s.* white juice formed in the stomach by digestion of the aliment

Chymic, kým'-ik, or **Chemical**, kým'-ik'l, *a.* relating to chymistry [mistry]

Chymist, kým'-ist, *s.* a professor of chymistry, kým'-is-try, *s.* art of separating natural bodies by fire

Cicatrize, s'ik'-á-trize, *v. a.* to heal a wound—*v. n.* to skin over

Ciceronian, s'is-ér-ón-yán, *a.* eloquent, pure, elegant

Cicisbeo, tshû-sh'is-bé-ô, *s.* a gallant, an attendant on a married lady

Cider, si-dér, *s.* the juice of apples expressed and fermented [cider]

Ciderkin, si-dér-kín, *s.* inferior kind of Ciliary. s'il-yár-y, *a.* belonging to the eyelids [hairy]

Cilicious, si-l'ish-ús, *a.* made of hair, Cimeter, s'im'-é-tér, *s.* a kind of short and recurved sword

Cincture, s'ing'-tûre, *s.* a belt, sash, girdle, ring

Cinder, s'ín-dér, *s.* a mass of any thing burnt but not reduced to ashes

Cineration, s'ín-ér-á'-shún, *s.* a reduction of any thing by fire to ashes

Cingle, s'ing'l, *s.* a girth used for a horse

Cinnabar, s'ín-ná-bár, *s.* vermilion, red mineral [bark of a tree]

Cinnamon, s'ín-ná-món, *s.* the fragrant Cinque, s'ing'k', *s.* the number five

Cinque-foil, s'ing'-fôyl, *s.* a kind of five-leaved clover

Cinque-pace, s'ing'-páse, *s.* a kind of grave dance

Claque-ports, s'ing'-pôrts, *s.* five particular English havens so called

Clen, s'í-ôe, *s.* a sprout, the shoot of a plant

Cipher, si-fér, *s.* the mark 0, intertexture of letters, secret manner of writing—*v. n.* to practice arithmetic, to write in secret characters

Circle, sir'k'l, *s.* a round body, an orb, a company—*v. a.* to move round, to enclose, to keep together—*v. n.* to move circularly

Circlet, sir'k-lét, *s.* a little circle, orb

Circuit, s'r'-k'ýt, *s.* the act of moving round, space, ring, visitation of the judges for holding assizes—*v. n.* to move circularly

Circuitous, sir-k'ú-tás, *a.* tedious, in a round about way [circle]

Circular, sir-k'ú-lár, *a.* round like a Circular, sir-k'ú-lár-t'y, *s.* a circular form [a circle—*v. a.* to put about]

Circulate, sir-k'ú-láte, *v. n.* to move in Circulation, sir-k'ú-lá'-shún, *s.* a motion in a circle, a return

Circumambient, sir-k'úm-ám-byént, *a.* encompassing

Circumambulate, sir-k'úm-ám'-bù-láte, *v. n.* to pass round about

Circumcise, sir-k'úm-size, *v. a.* to cut off the foreskin

Circumcision, sir-k'úm-s'izh'-shún, *s.* the act of cutting off the foreskin

Circumduct, sir-k'úm-dùkt, *v. a.* to contravene, to nullify

Circumference, sir-k'úm-fér-éns, *s.* a circuit, a circle, space enclosed in a circle

Circumferentor, sir-k'úm-fér-én-tór, *s.* an instrument for measuring angles

Circumflex, sir-k'úm-fléks, *s.* an accent (A) used over a vowel to make it sound long [ing round any thing]

Circumfluent, sir-k'úm-flù-ént, *a.* flow

Circumfluous, sir-k'úm-flù-ús, *a.* environed with waters

Circumfuse, sir-k'úm-fú-zé, *v. a.* to pour round, to diffuse [of pouring round]

Circumfusion, sir-k'úm-fú'-shún, *s.* the act of pouring round

Circumgirate, sir-k'úm-g'í-ráte, *v. n.* to roll round [ing round any thing]

Circumjacent, sir-k'úm-dzhá'-sént, *a.* ly

Circumlocution, sir-k'úm-lô-kù'-shún, *s.* indirect expressions, circuit of words

Circummured, sir-k'úm múrd, *a.* walled round

Circumnavigation, sir-k'úm-náv'-ig-á-shún, *s.* the act of sailing round

Circumnavigator, sir-k'úm-náv'-ig-á-shún, *s.* one who sails round

Sounds.—hât, hâte, hâll, liâr—mêt, désist, mâ, hér—chûn, chine, fêld, shirt—

- Circumrotation, sir-kûm-rô-tâ-shûn, *s.* the act of whirling round
 Circumscribe, sir-kûm-skribe, *v. a.* to enclose, to bound, to limit
 Circumscription, sir-kûm-skrip-shûn, *s.* limitation, confinement
 Circumspect, sir-kûm-spêkt, *a.* cautious, attentive, wary
 Circumspection, sir-kûm-spêk-shûn, *s.* caution, watchfulness
 Circumspective, sir-kûm-spêk-tiv, *a.* attentive, cautious [cautiously]
 Circumspectly, sir-kûm-spêk-tly, *ad.*
 Circumstance, sir-kûm-stân, *s.* an incident, an event
 Circumstantial, sir-kûm-stân-shâl, *a.* accidental, minute, particular
 Circumstantiate, sir-kûm-stân-shyâte, *v. a.* to describe exactly
 Circumvallation, sir-kûm-vâl-lâ-shûn, *s.* a fortification round a place
 Circumvection, sir-kûm-vêk-shûn, *s.* the act of carrying round
 Circumvent, sir-kûm-vênt', *v. a.* to deceive, cheat
 Circumvention, sir-kûm-vên-shûn, *s.* fraud, cheat, prevention
 Circumvest, sir-kûm-vêst', *v. a.* to put or garnish round [round]
 Circumvolve, sir-kûm-vôlv', *v. a.* to roll
 Circumvolution, sir-kûm-vô-lû-shûn, *s.* the act of rolling round
 Circus, sir-kûs, or Cirque, sir-k', *s.* an area for sports with circular seats
 Cistern, sir-térn, *s.* a vessel to hold water, &c. a reservoir
 Cit, sir', *s.* a pert low citizen
 Citadel, sir-tâ-dél, *s.* a sort of fortress
 Cital, sir-tâl, *s.* a reproof, impeachment, summons, a quotation
 Citation, sir-tâ-shûn, *s.* the calling a person before the judge, quotation from an author, words quoted, enumeration [to quote]
 Cite, sir'te, *v. a.* to summon, to enjoin, to thern, sir'th'érn, *s.* a kind of harp
 Citizen, sir-ti-zén, *s.* a freeman of a city, an inhabitant of a city
 Citrine, sir-rin, *a.* lemon-coloured—
s. a species of crystal
 Citron, sir-rôn, *s.* a fruit resembling a lemon
 City, sir'ty, *s.* a town corporate that hath a bishop
 Civet, sir-v'êt, *s.* an animal, the perfume produced by the animal
 Civic, sir-yk, *a.* relating to civil honours
- Civil, sir-v'il, *a.* political, civilized, com-
 plaisant, kind [the civil law]
 Civilian, sir-v'il-yân, *s.* one that professes
 Civility, sir-v'il-y-tý, *s.* freedom, politeness, kindness [polish]
 Civilize, sir-v'il-ize, *v. a.* to reclaim, to
 Clack, klâk', *s.* a continued noise, part
 of a mill—*v. n.* to talk fast, to let the
 tongue run
 Clad, klâd', *pret. and part. of clothe*
 Claim, klâ'mc, *v. a.* to demand of right
 —*s.* demand of any thing due, a title
 Claimant, klâ'mént, *s.* he that demands
 Clamber, klâm-bér, *v. n.* to climb with
 difficulty
 Clamm, klâm', *v. n.* to clog with glu-
 tinous matter
 Clammy, klâm-my, *a.* viscous, glutin-
 ous, ropy
 Clamorous, klâm'-ôr-us, *a.* noisy, loud
 Clamour, klâm'-ôr, *v.* outcry, noise, vo-
 ciferation
 Clamp, klâmp', *s.* a piece of wood joined
 to another
 Clan, klân', *s.* a family, a race, a sect
 Clancular, klâng-kû-lâr, *a.* clandestine
 Clandestine, klân-dês-tîn, *a.* secret,
 hidden, sly
 Clang, klâng', *s.* a sharp shrill noise—
v. n. to clatter, to make a loud shrill
 noise—*v. a.* to strike with a noise
 Clanguor, klâng'-gór, *s.* a loud sharp
 sound
 Clank, klângk', *s.* a loud sharp noise
 Clap, klâp', *v. a.* to strike together, to
 applaud—*v. n.* to strike the hands
 together in applause—*s.* a loud noise,
 an explosion, an act of applause
 Clapper, klâp-pér, *s.* one that claps, the
 tongue of a bell
 Clapperclaw, klâp-pér-klâ', *v. a.* to scold
 Clarenceux, klâr'-ên-sû, *s.* the second
 king at arms, so named from the duc-
 chy of Clarence
 Claret, klâr'-êt, *s.* a sort of French wine
 Clarification, klâr-y-fy-kâ-shûn, *s.* the
 art of making clear
 Clarify, klâr-y fy, *v. a.* to purify or clear
 Clarion, klâr-yôn, *s.* a sort of trumpet
 Clarity, klâr-y-tý, *s.* brightness, clearness
 Clary, klâr-y, *s.* an herb
 Clash, klâsh', *v. n.* to contradict, to op-
 pose—*v. a.* to strike one thing against
 another—*s.* a noisy collision of two
 bodies
 Clasp, klâsp', *s.* a holdfast, a hook—
v. a. to embrace, to hug, to hold fast

shōt, nōte, lōse, actōr—hūt, pūsh, mūte, fūr—trulŷ, rŷe—thus, thīck.

Clasper, klās-pér, *s.* the thread of creeping plants
 Class, klās, *s.* rank, order, a set of beings or things—*v. a.* to range into classes
 Classic, klās-sŷk, *a.* relating to antique authors of the first order or rank—*s.* an author of the first rank
 Clatter, klāt-tér, *v. n.* to make a confused noise—*v. a.* to dispute, jar, clamour—*s.* a rattling or confused noise
 Clause, klā'z, *s.* a sentence, a particular stipulation [cloister]
 Claustral, klās-trál, *a.* relating to a Clausure, klā-züre, *s.* confinement
 Claw, klā, *s.* a foot of a beast, or bird
v. a. to tear with nails, to scold
 Clay, klā, *s.* an unctuous earth
 Clay-cold, klā-kōwld, *a.* cold as earth, lifeless
 Clean, klé'ne, *a.* free from dirt, neat, innocent—*v. a.* to free from dirt
 Cleanliness, klén-lŷ-nés, *s.* neatness, purity [ness]
 Cleanness, kléne-nés', *s.* elegance, neatness
 Cleanse, klénz, *v. a.* to free from filth or dirt, to purify
 Clear, klé're, *a.* bright, serene, evident, manifest, guiltless, unentangled—*ad.* quite, completely—*v. a.* to make bright or plain, justify, cleanse, discharge—*v. n.* to grow bright
 Clearance, klé-réns, *s.* the act of clearing, acquittal
 Clearly, klé're-lŷ, *ad.* brightly, plainly
 Cleanness, klé're-nés, *s.* perspicuity, lustre [judicious]
 Clearsighted, klé're-sŷ-téd, *a.* discerning
 Clearstarch, klé're-stārtsh, *v. a.* to stiffen with starch
 Cleave, klé've, *v. n.* to adhere, to part asunder—*v. a.* to divide with violence, to split [ment]
 Cleaver, klé-vér, *s.* a butcher's instrument
 Clef, kléf', *s.* a mark to shew the key in music
 Cleft, kléft, *part. of* cleave—*s.* a crack
 Clemency, klém-én-cŷ, *s.* mercy, gentleness
 Clement, klém-ént, *a.* mild, gentle, merciful [down]
 Clench, klénsh', *v. a.* to fasten, to pin
 Clepe, klé'pe, *v. a.* to call, to name
 Clepsydra, klép-sŷ-drā, *s.* a machine to measure time by the running of water
 Clergy, klér-dzhŷ, *s.* the whole order or body of divines

Clergyman, klér-dzhŷ-mán, *s.* a man in holy orders [clergy]
 Clerical, klér-ŷk-ál, *a.* relating to the Clerk, klárk, *s.* a clergyman, a man of letters, a man employed as a writer
 Clerkship, klárk-shŷp, *s.* office of a clerk
 Clever, klév'r, *a.* skilful, dexterous
 Clew, klú, *s.* thread wound upon a bottom, guide—*v. a.* to raise sails in order to be furled
 Click, klŷk', *v. n.* to make a sharp noise
 Client, klí-ánt, *s.* an employer of an attorney, &c. [or hill]
 Cliff, klŷf', or Clift, klŷft', *s.* a steep rock
 Climacter, klí-mák-tér, *s.* every seventh or ninth month
 Climacteric, klí-mák-tér-ŷk, *a.* containing a number of years, at the end of which some great change is supposed to befall the body [land]
 Climate, klí-mét, *s.* a region or tract of
 Climax, klí-máks, *s.* gradation, ascent, a rhetorical figure by which the sentence rises gradually
 Climb, klí'me, *v. n.* to ascend up any place—*v. a.* to ascend
 Clime, klí'me, *s.* climate, region
 Clinch, klŷnsh', *v. a.* to hold fast, to contract the fingers—*s.* a pun, ambiguity, part of a cable, a witty saying
 Clincher, klŷnsh-ér, *s.* a cram or hold-fast
 Cling, klŷng', *v. n.* to hang upon by twining round, to dry up [the bedside]
 Clinic, klŷn-ŷk, *a.* keeping the bed, at
 Clink, klŷngk', *v. a.* to sound or jingle like metal—*v. n.* to utter a small interrupted noise [cinders]
 Clinker, klŷngk'-ér, *s.* a paving brick, bad
 Clinguant, klŷngk'-ánt, *a.* shining, glittering
 Clip, klŷp', *v. a.* to embrace, to cut short
 Clipping, klŷp'-pŷng, *s.* the part cut or clipped off
 Cloak, klō'ke, *s.* an outer garment, concealment—*v. a.* to cover with a cloak
 Clock, klōk', *s.* an instrument which tells the hour, a sort of beetle
 Clockwork, klōk-wōrk, *s.* movements by weights or springs
 Clod, klōd', *s.* a lump of earth or clay, a dull fellow
 Clodpate, klōd-pāte, *s.* a stupid fellow
 Clodpole, klōd-pōl, *s.* a thick skull
 Cloff, klōf', *s.* allowance among men
 chants

Sounds.—hât, hâte, hâll, liâr—mêt, dêsist, mê, hér—chin, chine, fîeld, shîrt—

- Clog, klôg', *v. a.* to obstruct—*v. n.* to coalesce, adhere—*s.* hindrance, a sort of wooden shoe
- Cloister, klô's-tér, *s.* a place of religious retirement, piazza—*v. a.* to shut up in a cloister
- Close, klô'se, *a.* to shut, to conclude, to join—*v. n.* to coalesce, agree upon—*s.* a small field enclosed, a pause, conclusion [concise
- Close, klô'se, *a.* shut fast, confined, Close-bodied, klô'se-bôd-id, *a.* sitting close to the body [crecy
- Closeness, klô'se-nês, *s.* narrowness, se-
- Close-stool, klô'se-stôl, *s.* a chamber utensil
- Closet, klô's-èt, *s.* a small private room—*v. a.* to take or put into a closet
- Closure, klô'-zhûre, *s.* an enclosure, conclusion
- Clot, klôt', *s.* a hard lump, a concretion—*v. n.* to form clots, to concrete
- Cloth, klôth, *s.* any thing woven for dress or covering [ments, to dress
- Clothe, klô'the, *v. a.* to cover with gar-
- Clothes, klô'tse, *s.* apparel, covering
- Clothier, klô'-thyer, *s.* a maker of wool-len cloth
- Clothing, klô'-thîng, *s.* dress, garments
- Clotty, klôt-tý, *a.* full of lumps or clots
- Cloud, klôû'd, *s.* a body of vapours in the air—*v. a.* to darken with clouds—*v. n.* to grow cloudy [clouds
- Cloudcapt, klôû'd kâpt, *a.* topped with
- Cloudiness, klôû'-dý-nês, *s.* darkness, dullness
- Cloudy, klôû'-dý, *a.* obscured with clouds, gloomy, dark
- Clove, klô've, *s.* a sort of spice
- Clover, klô'-vér, *s.* species of trefoil
- Cloved, klô'-vérd, *a.* covered with clover
- Clout, klôût', *s.* a cloth for any mean use
- Clouted, klôû'-téd, *part.* congealed, coagulated [bred man
- Clown, klôw'n, *s.* a churl, a coarse ill-
- Clownish, klôw-nýsh, *a.* uncivil, awkward, ill-bred
- Cloy, klôý, *v. a.* to satiate, to surfeit
- Club, klúb', *s.* a heavy stick, the name of a particular card, society—*v. n.* to contribute to common expence—*v. a.* to pay a common reckoning
- C. ublaw, klúb'-lá, s. the law of arms*
- Clubroom, klúb'-rôm, *s.* a room for a club
- luck, klúk', v. n. to call chickens as a*
- Clump, klümp', *s.* a shapeless piece of wood [numbscull
- Clumps, klümp's, *s.* a stupid fellow, a
- Clumsy, klüm-sý, *a.* awkward, heavy
- Clung, klüng', *pret.* and *part.* of cling
- Cluster, klüs'tér, *s.* a bunch, herd, or body of people or animals, &c.
- Clutch, klütsh', *s.* a grasp, hand, paw—*v. a.* to hold fast, to gripe, to clutch
- Clutter, klüt'tér, *s.* noise, bustle hurry
- Clyster, clis'tér, *s.* an injection into the body [together
- Coacervate, kô-â-sér'-vâte, *v. a.* to heap
- Coach, kô'tah, *s.* a carriage of pleasure or state
- Coachman, kô'tsh-mán, *a.* coach driver
- Coaction, kô-âk-shûn, *s.* compulsion
- Coadjutant, kô-âd-zhû-tént, *a.* helping, co-operating
- Coadjutor, kô-âd-zhû-tôr, *s.* a helper, an assistant
- Coagulate, kô-âg-û-lâte, *v. a.* to curdle, to run into clots [cretion
- Coagulation, kô-âg-û-lâ-shûn, *s.* a con-
- Coal, kô'le, *s.* a fossil used for firing
- Coalesce, kô-k-lés', *v. n.* to unite, to grow together, to join
- Coalise, kô-k-liz'e, *v. n.* to join, unite, form a coalition
- Coalition, kô-â lîsh-ûn, *s.* an union in one mass or body [ing ions
- Coalmine, kô'le-mîne, *s.* a mine for dig-
- Coaly, kô'-lý, *a.* containing coal, like coal
- Coaptation, kô-âp-tâ-shûn, *s.* the ad-justment of parts to each other
- Coarse, kô'rse, *a.* gross, not refined, rude, vile
- Coast, kô'st, *s.* the shore, the edge or margin of the land next the sea—*v. a.* by or near [the shore
- Coaster, kô'st-ir, *s.* vessel sailing near
- Coasting, kô'st-ing, *a.* trading along a coast
- Coat, kô'te, *s.* a man's upper garment, a petticoat, a tegument
- Coax, kô'ks, *v. a.* to wheedle, to flatter
- Cobalt, kôb'-âlt, *s.* a mineral for making glass
- Cobble, kôbb'l, *v. a.* to mend coarsely or clumsily
- Cobler, kôb'-lér, *s.* mender of shoes, a botcher [ing swaa
- Cobswan, kôb'-swán, *s.* the head or lead-
- Cobweb, kôb'-web, *s.* a spider's web
- Cochineal, kôsh'-în-âle, *s.* an insect used to dye scarlet

shüt, nöte, löse, actör—hüt, push, mäte, für—truly, rye—thus, thick.

Cock, kōk', *s.* the male of birds, a spout to let out liquids, part of a gun, form of a hat, small heap of hay, needle of a balance—*v. a.* to set erect, to mould the form of the hat, fix the cock of a gun for a discharge

Cockade, kōk-kāde, *s.* a bow of ribband worn on a hat

Cock-a-hoop, kōk'-ā-hōpe, *a.* triumphant, exulting

Cockatrice, kōk'-ā-trīs, *s.* a serpent supposed to rise from a cock's egg

Cocker, kōk'-kér, *s.* one who handles or fights cocks—*v. a.* to fondle, indulge

Cockerel, kōk'-kér-él, *s.* a young cock

Cocket, kōk'-két, *s.* a ticket from the custom-house [triumphant

Cockhorse, kōk'-hōrs, *a.* on horseback

Cockle, kōk'l, *s.* a shell fish, or weed that grows in corn—*v. n.* to contract into wrinkles [spiral stairs

Cocklestairs, kōk'l-stā'rz, *s.* winding or

Cockloft, kōk'-lōft, *s.* the room over the garret [money

Cockmatch, kōk'-mātsh, *s.* a cockfight for

Cockney, kōk'-ny, *s.* a native of London, an effeminate, low citizen

Cockpit, kōk'-pīt, *s.* a place where cocks fight, place in a ship of war

Cockscomb, kōk'-ā-kōm, *s.* a plant

☛ **Cocksure**, kōk'-shüre, *a.* confidently certain, quite sure

Cockswain, kōk'-sēn, *s.* one who has charge of steering a captain's barge, &c. [made from it

Cocoa, kō-kō, *s.* a kind of nut, liquor

Codction, kōk'-shūn, *s.* act of boiling

Cod, kōd', *s.* a sea fish, case or husk of seeds [civil law

Code, kō'dē, *s.* a book, volume of the

Codicil, kōd'-y-sil, *s.* an appendage to a will

Codille, kō-dyīl', *s.* a term at ombre

Codle, kōd'l, *v. a.* to parboil

Codling, kōd'-līng, *s.* a sort of apple

Coefficacy, kō-ēf'-fī-kā-sy, *s.* co-operation, power of acting together

Coemption, kō-ēmp'-shūn, *s.* the act of buying up the whole

Coequal, kō-ē'-kwāl, *a.* equal with

Coerce, kō-ērs, *v. a.* to restrain by force

Coercion, kō-ēr'-shūn, *s.* penal restraint, check

Coercive, kō-ēr'-siv, *a.* that has the power of restraining, forcible

Coessential, kō-ēs-sēn-shāl, *a.* participating in the same essence

Coetaneous, kō-ē-tā'-nyās, *a.* coeval, of the same age [eternal

Coeternal, kō-ē-tér-nāl, *a.* equally

Coeval, kō-ē-vāl, *a.* of the same age—*s.* a contemporary [same time

Coexist, kō-ēg-zist', *v. n.* to exist at the

Coexistent, kō-ēg-zis'-tēnt, *a.* having existence at the same time

Coffee, kōf'-fī, *s.* berry of an Arabian tree, drink made by the infusion

Coffeehouse, kōf'-fī-hōūs, *s.* a house where coffee is made and drunk

Coffer, kōf'-fēr, *s.* a money chest

Cofferer, kōf'-fēr-ēr, *s.* a principal court officer

Coffin, kōf'-fīn, *s.* chest for dead bodies

Cog, kōg', *s.* the tooth of a wheel, a kind of boat—*v. n.* to fix cogs in, to wheedle—*v. n.* to lie

Cogency, kō-dahēn-cy, *s.* strength, force

Cogent, kō-dahēnt, *a.* forcible, irresistible, convincing

Cogitation, kōdzī-y-tā'-shūn, *s.* thought, meditation, care [allied

Cognate, kōg'-nāte, *a.* born together, alike

Cognition, kōg nā'-shūn, *s.* kindred, relationship

Cognisee, kōn'-y-zē', *s.* he to whom a fine in lands or tenements is acknowledged [a fine to another

Cognisor, kōn'-y-zōr, *s.* he that passeth

Cognition, kōg-nīsh'-ūn, *s.* knowledge, conviction [tried or examined

Cognizable, kōn'-y-zē'b'l, *a.* proper to be

Cognizance, kōn'-y-zēns, *s.* judicial notice, a crest [as husband and wife

Cohabit, kō-hāb'-īt, *v. n.* to live together

Cohabitation, kō-hāb'-y-tēnt, *s.* inhabitant of the same place

Coheir, kō-āre, *s.* joint heir

Coheirress, kō-ā-r-īs, *s.* a joint heirress

Conere, kō-hēre, *v. n.* to stick together, agree

Coherence, kō-hēr'-ēns, *s.* consistency

Coherent, kō-hēr'-rēnt, *a.* sticking together, consistent union, connexion

Cohesion, kō-hē'-zhūn, *s.* a state of

Cohesive, kō-hē'-siv, *a.* having the power of sticking together

Cohobate, kō-hō-bāte, *v. n.* to distil second time [peated distillation

Cohobation, kō-hō-bā'-shūn, *s.* a re-

Cohort, kō'-hōrt, *s.* a troop of soldiers in number 500

Coif, kō'if, *s.* head-dress, cap

Sounds—hāt, hāte, hāll, liār—mēt, déast, mē, hēr—ch'yn, chine, feld, shirt—

Coigne, kō'yn, *s.* a corner

Coil, kō'yl, *s.* tumult, bustle, rope wound into a ring—*v. a.* to gather into a narrow compass, to roll up a rope

Coin, kō'yn, *s.* money legally stamped—*v. a.* to make money, to forge

Coinage, kō'yn-dzh, *s.* the practice of coining [agree with

Coincide, kō'yn-sī'de, *v. n.* to concur, to

Coincidence, kō'yn-sī'déns, *s.* concurrence [rent, agreeing with

Coincident, kō'yn-sī'dént, *a.* concurrent

Coiner, kō'ner, *s.* one who makes money [at a mark

Coit, kō'it, *s.* a round flat iron to throw

Coition, kō'ish-ūn, *s.* the act by which two bodies come together

Coke, kō'ke, *s.* a cinder made by burning pit-coal

Colation, kō-lā'shūn, *s.* the act of filtering or straining

Colbertine, kōl-bér-t'yn, *s.* a kind of lace worn by women

Cold, kō'ld, *a.* not hot, not hasty, coy, chaste—*s.* want of heat, chillness, a disorder

Colewort, kōle-wórt, *s.* a sort of cabbage

Colic, kōl'ik, *s.* a disorder affecting the bowels [gether

Collapse, kōl lāp's, *v. n.* to fall close to

Collar, kōl-lár, *s.* something put round the neck, a band—*v. a.* to seize by the collar

Collate, kōl-lā'te, *v. a.* to compare, to examine, to raise to an ecclesiastical benefice [rallel, not direct

Collateral, kōl-lā'tér-āl, *a.* running parallel

Collation, kōl-lā'shūn, *s.* a gift, comparison, repast [presents, &c.

Collator, kōl-lā'tór, *s.* one that compares

Colleague, kōl-lēg, *s.* a partner in office or employment—*v. n.* to unite with

Collect, kōl-lēk't, *v. a.* to gather together, to infer [sivē prayer

Collect, kōl-lēkt, *s.* a short comprehension

Collectaneous, kōl-lēc-tā-n'yūs, *a.* gathered up together

Collection, kōl-lēk'shūn, *s.* things collected, a conclusion [accumulative

Collective, kōl-lēk-tiv, *a.* apt to gather

Collector, kōl-lēk'tór, *s.* a gatherer, a tax-gatherer [of learning

Collego, kōl-lédzh, *s.* a society, a house

Collegian, kōl-lé-dzhān, *s.* a member of a college [college

Collegiate, kōl-lé-dzhét, *a.* having a

Collet, kōl-lét, *s.* something about the neck, the part of a ring in which the stone is set [coal ship

Collier, kōl-yér, *s.* a digger of coals, a Colliery, kōl-yér-y, *s.* a place where coals are dug, coal trade [cabbage

Colliflower, kōl-lī-nōb-ér, *s.* a species of Colligation, kōl-lī-gā'shūn, *s.* the act of binding together

Colligate, kōl-lī-kwāte, *v. a.* to melt, to dissolve—*v. n.* to melt, to be dissolved [dissolvent

Colligative, kōl-lī-kwāt-iv, *a.* melting

Collision, kōl-līzh-ūn, *s.* act of striking together, a clash [station

Collocate, kōl-lē-kāte, *v. a.* to place, to Collocation, kōl-lē-kā'shūn, *s.* the act or state of being placed

Collocation, kōl-lē-kā'shūn, *s.* discourse, conversation

Collop, kōl-lóp, *s.* a small cut or slice of meat [conversation

Colloquial, kōl-lō-kw'āl, *a.* relating to Colloquy, kōl-lō-kw'y, *s.* a conference

Collusion, kōl-lū-zhūn, *s.* a deceitful agreement [deceitful

Collusive, kōl-lū-siv, *a.* fraudulent

Colon, kō-lōn, *s.* the great gut, this point [:] [lars

Colonnade, kōl ōn-ā'de, *s.* range of pil-

Colonel, kōr-nél, *s.* the commander or a regiment

Colonial, kōl-ō-nyál, *a.* belonging to a colony [with inhabitants

Colonise, kōl-ō-nī'ze, *v. a.* to supply Colony, kōl-ōn-y, *s.* a body of people drawn from the mother country, the country planted

Colophony, kōl-ō-fō-n'y, *s.* black resin

Colorate, kōl-ō-rāte, *a.* coloured, died, tinged [to produce colour

Colorific, kōl-ō-r'if 'ik, *a.* that is able Colosse, kō-lōs', or Colossus, kō-lōs-zūs, *s.* statue of enormous size

Colour, kōl-ōr, *s.* a green, red, blue, &c. a pretence—*v. a.* to die, to excuse, to make plausible [specious

Colourable, kōl-ōr-ābl, *a.* plausible

Colouring, kōl-ōr-īng, *s.* an art in painting an excuse [foolish fellow

Coit, kō'it, *s.* a young horse, a young

Coltsfoot, kōlts-fūt, *s.* a plant

Columnary, kōl-tūm-bār-y, *s.* a dovecot, a pigeon house [colour

Columbine, kōl-tūm-bīne, *s.* a plant,

Column, kōl-tūm, *s.* a round pillar, part of a page

shòt, nòte, lòse, actòr—hùt, pùsh, mète, fúr—traly, rye—thus, thick.

- Comate**, kóm-máte, *s.* a companion, an associate
- Comb**, kóme, *s.* an instrument for the hair, the crest of a cock, the cavities in which bees lodge their honey—*v. a.* to divide, clean or adjust the hair
- Combat**, kóm-bát, *v. n.* to fight—*v. a.* to oppose—*s.* a contest, a battle, a duel
- Combatant**, kóm-bá-tént, *s.* he that fights with another, a champion
- Comber**, kóm-ér, *s.* one who smooths wool [promised]
- Combinat**, kóm-bý-nét, *a.* betrothed
- Combination**, kóm-bý-ná-shún, *s.* a conspiracy, an association
- Combine**, kóm-bí-ne, *v. a.* to join, to unite, to accord—*v. n.* to coalesce
- Combustible**, kóm-bús-tí-b'l, *a.* that which easily takes fire
- Combustion**, kóm-bús-tshún, *s.* a conflagration, a burning, a confusion
- Come**, kóm', *v. n.* to draw near, to move towards [comic parts, an actor]
- Comedian**, kóm-é-dyán, *s.* a player of Comedy, kóm-é-dý, *s.* a dramatic representation of the lighter faults of mankind
- Comeliness**, kóm-lý-nés, *s.* grace, beauty
- Comely**, kóm-lý, *a.* graceful, decent—*ad.* handsomely, gracefully
- Comet**, kóm-ét, *s.* a heavenly body which moves round the sun in a very eccentric orbit [meat]
- Comfit**, kóm-fít, *s.* a kind of dry sweet
- Comfort**, kóm-fórt', *v. a.* to enliven, to invigorate, to console—*s.* support, countenance, consolation
- Comfortable**, kóm-fórt-áb'l, *a.* affording relief [consoles another]
- Comforter**, kóm-fórt-ér, *s.* one who comforts, raising mirth [morous]
- Comical**, kóm-y-cál, *a.* diverting, humorous
- Coming**, kóm-yng, *s.* an arrival, a drawing near—*part.* ready to come, forward, future [thus,]
- Comma**, kóm-má, *s.* a point marked
- Command**, kóm-mánd, *v. a.* to govern, order, overlook—*v. n.* to have the supreme authority—*s.* act of commanding, order
- Commander**, kóm-mánd-ér, *s.* a chief
- Commandment**, kóm-mánd-mént, *s.* a precept [to preserve the memory of]
- Commemorate**, kóm-mém-ór-áte, *v. a.*
- Commemoration**, kóm-mém-ór-á-shún, *act of public celebration*
- Commence**, kóm-méus', *v. n.* to begin, to assume—*v. a.* make a beginning of
- Commencement**, kóm-méns-inént, *s.* beginning, date
- Commend**, kóm-ménd', *v. a.* to represent as worthy of notice, praise
- Commendam**, kóm-mén-dám, *s.* a void benefice commended to some person till a pastor is provided
- Commendation**, kóm-mén-dá-shún, *s.* recommendation, praise
- Commendatory**, kóm-mén-dá-tór-y, *a.* containing praise
- Commensurability**, kóm-mén-sú-rá-býl-y-tý, *s.* the capacity of being compared as to measure
- Commensurate**, kóm-mén-sú-ráte, *v. a.* to reduce to some common measure
- Commensurate**, kóm-mén-sú-rét, *a.* proportionable, equal
- Commensuration**, kóm-mén-sú-rá-shún, *s.* a reduction to some common measure [tion]
- Comment**, kóm-mént, *s.* notes, explanation
- Comment**, kóm-mént', *v. n.* to write notes, expound [planation, notes]
- Commentary**, kóm-mén-tár-y, *s.* an explanation
- Commentator**, kóm-mén-tá-tér, *s.* one who explains [vented, imaginary]
- Commentitious**, kóm-mén-tish-ús, *a.* in commerce, kóm-mérs, *s.* trade, traffic—*v. a.* to hold intercourse
- Commercial**, kóm-mér-shyál, *a.* relating to commerce, trading
- Commination**, kóm-mý-ná-shún, *s.* a denunciation of punishment
- Commingle**, kóm-mýng'l, *v. a.* to mix or blend together—*v. n.* to unite
- Comminution**, kóm-mý-ná-shún, *s.* act of grinding into small parts
- Commiserate**, kóm-míz-ér-áte, *v. a.* to pity, to compassionate
- Commiseration**, kóm-míz-ér-á-shún, *s.* compassion, sympathy
- Commissary**, kóm-mýs-sár-y, *s.* a delegate, a deputy
- Commission**, kóm-mýsh-ún, *s.* a trust, warrant office, charge—*v. a.* to empower, to appoint
- Commissioner**, kóm-mýsh-ón-ér, *s.* one empowered to act
- Commit**, kóm-mít, *v. a.* to instruct, to send to prison, to perpetrate
- Commitment**, kóm-mít-mént, *s.* order for committing
- Committee**, kóm-mít-y, *s.* select number appointed to manage any matter

Sounds—hăt, hâte, hăl, hăr—măt, dăst, măt, hăr—chîn, chîne, fîeld, shîr-

- Commix**, kôm-mîk's, *v. a.* to mingle, to blend [pound]
- Commixion**, kôm-mîk'-shûn, *s.* a commode, kôm-mô'de, *s.* a woman's head dress
- Commodious**, kôm-mô'-dyûs, *a.* convenient, suitable, useful
- Commodity**, kôm-môd'-y-tý, *s.* profit, convenience, merchandise
- Commodore**, kôm-mô-dô're, *s.* a captain of a squadron of ships
- Common**, kôm-môn, *a.* equal, vulgar, usual, public—*s.* an open country, public ground
- Commonalty**, kôm-môn-ál-tý, *s.* the common people, the bulk of mankind
- Commoner**, kôm-môn-ér, *s.* a member of the House of Commons, a student of the second rank at the university
- Commonplace**, kôm-môn-plăse, *v. a.* to reduce to general heads
- Commonplace-book**, kôm-môn-plăse-bôk, *s.* book of general heads
- Commons**, kôm-mônz, *s.* the common people, the lower house of parliament, fare
- Commonwealth**, kôm-môn-welth, *s.* a republic, the public [agitation]
- Commotion**, kôm-mô'-shûn, *s.* a tumult
- Commune**, kôm-mûne, *v. n.* to converse, to impart
- Communicant**, kôm-mû'-ný-ként, *s.* one who receives the sacrament of the Lord's supper
- Communicate**, kôm-mû'-ný-kâte, *v. a.* to impart, to reveal—*v. n.* to partake of the blessed sacrament
- Communication**, kôm-mû'-ný-kă'-shûn, *s.* the act of imparting or exchanging, a common inlet, a conversation, a conference
- Communicative**, kôm-mû'-ný-kă'-tív, *a.* liberal of knowledge, free, not selfish
- Communion**, kôm-mû'-nyôn, *s.* intercourse, fellowship, taking the Lord's supper
- Community**, kôm-mû'-ný-tý, *s.* the body politic, the commonwealth, a common possession
- Commutability**, kôm-mû'-tă-bîl'-y-tý, *s.* a being capable of exchange
- Commutation**, kôm-mû'-tă'-shûn, *s.* exchange, ransom
- Commute**, kôm-mûte, *v. a.* to exchange, to buy off—*v. n.* to atone
- Compact**, kôm-păkt, *s.* a contract, a mutual agreement
- Compact**, kôm-păkt', *a.* firm, solid, close, brief
- Companion**, kôm-păn-yôn, *s.* a comrade, a partner, an associate
- Company**, kôm-pă-ný, *s.* an assembly, a fellowship, a body corporate, a small body of armed men
- Comparative**, kôm-păr'-ă-tív, *a.* estimated by comparison
- Compare**, kôm-pă're, *v. a.* to examine or measure one thing by another—comparison, similitude
- Comparison**, kôm-păr'-ă-sôn, *s.* comparative estimate, the act of comparing, likeness, simile
- Compartment**, kôm-păr'-t-mént, *s.* a division of a picture, &c.
- Compass**, kôm-păs, *v. a.* to surround, grasp, obtain—*s.* circle, enclosure, space, power of the voice, instrument for drawing circles, an instrument whereby mariners steer
- Compasses**, kôm-păs-ătz, *s.* a mathematical instrument
- Compassion**, kôm-păsh'-ûn, *s.* pity, commiseration, feeling
- Compassionate**, kôm-păsh'-ôn-ăt, *a.* merciful, tender [to pity]
- Compassionate**, kôm-păsh'-ôn-ăt, *v. a.*
- Compatibility**, kôm-păt'-y-bîl'-y-tý, *s.* consistency, suitableness
- Compatible**, kôm-păt'-y-bîl', *a.* consistent with, agreeable to [same country]
- Compatriot**, kôm-pă-trî-ôt, *s.* one of the Compeer, kôm-pě're, *s.* an equal, a companion, a colleague—*v. n.* to be equal with [strain]
- Compel**, kôm-pěl', *v. a.* to oblige, to compel
- Compellation**, kôm-pěl'-lă'-shûn, *s.* the style of address [brief summary]
- Compendious**, kôm-pěn'-dyûs, *a.* short
- Compendium**, kôm-pěn'-dyûm, *s.* an abridgment, a breviate
- Compensate**, kôm-pěn'-săte, *v. a.* to recompense, to counterbalance
- Compensation**, kôm-pěn'-să-shûn, *s.* an equivalent, a recompense
- Competence**, kôm-pě-těns, *s.* sufficiency, power
- Competent**, kôm-pě-těnt, *a.* suitable, adequate, qualified
- Competible**, kôm-pět'-y-bîl', *a.* suitable to
- Competition**, kôm-pě-tîsh'-ûn, *s.* a contest, rivalry [opponent]
- Competitor**, kôm-pět'-y-tôr, *s.* a rival, an
- Compilation**, kôm-pî-lă-shûn, *s.* a collection, an assemblage

shít, máe, lée, actér—hít, pūsh, máte, fúr,—truly, rye—thus, thick.

Compile, kóm-pí'le, *v. a.* to collect from various authors [civility]
Complacency, kóm-plá'-sén-cý, *s.* joy,
Complacent, kóm-plá'-zént, *a.* civil, affable, mild
Complain, kóm-plá'ne, *v. n.* to murmur, to lament, to inform against
Complainant, kóm-plá'-nént, *s.* one who urges a suit against another
Complaint, kóm-plá'te, *s.* an accusation or impeachment, a lamentation, a disease [politeness]
Complaisance, kóm-plé'-sáns, *s.* civility.
Complaisant, kóm-plé'-zánt, *a.* civil, obliging [number, &c.]
Complement, kóm-plé'-mént, *s.* the full
Complemental, kóm-plé'-mén'-tál, *a.* filling up, completing
Complete, kóm-plé'te, *a.* full, perfect, finished—*v. a.* to perfect, finish
Completion, kóm-plé'-shún, *s.* act of fulfilling, accomplishment
Complex, kóm-pléks, *a.* composed of many parts [of the face, &c.]
Complexion, kóm-pléks'-shún, *s.* colour
Compliance, kóm-plý'-éns, *s.* submission
Compliant, kóm-plý'-ént, *a.* yielding, civil [tangle, to join]
Complicate, kóm-plý'-kát, *v. a.* to entangle
Complicate, kóm-plý'-két, *a.* compounded of many parts
Complicated, kóm-plý'-kát-éd, *part.* intricate, difficult
Complication, kóm-plý'-ká'-shún, *s.* a mixture of many things
Compliment, kóm-plý'-mént, *s.* an act of civility—*v. a.* to flatter—*v. n.* to use compliments [pressive of respect]
Complimental, kóm-plý'-mén'-tál, *a.* ex-
Complot, kóm-plót, *v. a.* to conspire, to unite in [submit, to agree]
Comply, kóm-plý', *v. n.* to yield or
Component, kóm-pó'-nént, *a.* constituting, forming
Comport, kóm-pó'rt, *v. n.* to agree, to suit—*v. a.* to bear, to endure—*s.* behaviour [sistent]
Comportable, kóm-pó'r-tébl', *a.* comfortable
Compose, kóm-pó'ze, *v. a.* to form, write, imagine, calm, settle [rious, sedate]
Composed, kóm-pó'zd, *part.* calm, se-
Composite, kóm-pó'zit, *a.* compounded; in architecture, the last of the five orders of columns
Composition, kóm-pó'zish'-ún, *s.* a mixture, congruity, a written book, an agreement or accommodation

Compositor, kóm-pó'z-í-tór, *s.* one who ranges and adjusts printing types
Compost, kóm-póst, *s.* manure
Composure, kóm-pó'-zhúre, *s.* order, form, calmness [drinking match]
Comotation, kóm-pó-tá'-shún, *s.* a
Compound, kóm-pó'únd, *v. a.* to mix—*v. n.* to come to terms by abating something
Compound, kóm-pó'únd, *a.* formed out of many ingredients—*s.* a mass of ingredients [comprise, to conceive]
Comprehend, kóm-pré'hénd', *v. a.* to
Comprehensible, kóm-pré'hén'-sib'l', *a.* intelligible, conceivable
Comprehension, kóm-pré'hén'-shún, *s.* knowledge, capacity
Comprehensive, kóm-pré'hén'-sív, *a.* having the power to understand, capacious [embrace]
Compress, kóm-prés', *v. a.* to squeeze, to
Compress, kóm-prés', *s.* a bolster of linen rags [ing to pressure]
Compressible, kóm-prés'-sib'l', *a.* yield-
Compression, kóm-prés'-shún, *s.* the act of bringing parts near to each other
Compressure, kóm-prés'-shúre, *s.* the act of pressing against [to include]
Comprise, kóm-prí'ze, *v. a.* to contain,
Compromise, kóm-pró'mí'ze, *s.* a compact or bargain—*v. a.* to adjust by mutual concessions
Comptrol, see Control
Comptroller, see Controller
Compulsatively, kóm-phíl'-sá-tív-lý, *ad.* by constraint [pelling, forcing]
Compulsatory, kóm-phíl'-sá-tór-ý, *a.* com-
Compulsion, kóm-phíl'-shún, *s.* the act of compelling, force
Compulsive, kóm-phíl'-sív, *a.* forcing
Compulsory, kóm-phíl'-sór-ý, *a.* compelling, forcing [trition, repentance]
Compunction, kóm-púngk'-shún, *s.* con-
Compurgation, kóm-púr-gá'-shún, *s.* a vouching for another
Computation, kóm-pá-tá'-shún, *s.* a calculation, an estimate [calculate]
Compute, kóm-pú'te, *v. a.* to reckon, to
Comrade, kóm-rá'de, *s.* an associate, a companion
Con, kón', *v. a.* to study, to think
Concamerate, kón-kám'-ér-áte, *v. a.* to arch over, to vault
Concatenate, kón-kát'-é-náte, *v. a.* to link or join together
Concatenation, kón-kát'-é-ná'-shún, *s.* a series of links

Sounds.—hât, hate, hâll, hiâr—mêt, dêsist, mâ, hér—chîn, chine, field, shîrt—

- Concave**, kôn-kâve, *a.* hollow in the inside as a bowl or cup
- Concavity**, kôn-kâv'-i-tý, *s.* hollowness
- Conceal**, kôn-sê'le, *v. a.* to hide, to keep secret [retreat]
- Concealment**, kôn sê'le-mënt, *s.* secrecy
- Concede**, kôn-sê'de, *v. a.* to admit, grant
- Conceit**, kôn-sê'te, *s.* a conception, an idea, fancy, pride—*v. a.* to imagine, to believe [opinionated]
- Conceited**, kôn-sê'téd, *part. pr.* proud
- Conceive**, kôn-sê've, *v. a.* to form in the mind, to understand, to think—*v. n.* to think, to become pregnant
- Concent**, kôn-sên't, *s.* harmony, consistency
- Concentrate**, kôn-sên'-trâte, *v. a.* to drive into a narrow compass, or towards the centre [to one point]
- Concentre**, kôn-sên'-tér, *v. n.* to bring to
- Concentric**, kôn-sên'-trik, *a.* having one common centre [gible]
- Conceptible**, kôn-sép'-týb'l, *a.* intelligible
- Conception**, kôn-sép'-shûn, *s.* the act of conceiving, a notion, apprehension, idea
- Concern**, kôn-sern', *v. a.* to belong to, to affect, to interest—*s.* an affair, a business, interest [lating to]
- Concerning**, kôn-sér'-ning, *part. a.* re-
- Concert**, kôn-sért, *v. a.* to settle privately, to contrive
- Concert**, kôn-sért, *s.* music in several parts, a symphony [yielded, a grant]
- Concession**, kôn-sés'-shûn, *s.* a thing
- Conch**, kôngk', *s.* the name of a shell
- Conciliate**, kôn-sil'yâte, *v. a.* to gain, to reconcile
- Conciliation**, kôn-sil-yâ'-shûn, *s.* the act of reconciling [maker, a friend]
- Conciliator**, kôn-sil-yâ'-tór, *s.* a peace-
- Conciliatory**, kôn-sil-yâ'-tór-y, *a.* relating to reconciliation
- Concinnity**, kôn-sin'-ny-tý, *s.* decency, fitness
- Concise**, kôn-sî'se, *a.* brief, short
- Conciseness**, kôn-sî'se-nês, *s.* brevity, shortness
- Concision**, kôn-sîzh'-ûn, *s.* a cutting off
- Concitation**, kôn-si tâ'-shûn, *s.* a stirring up, a disturbance [cardinals, &c.]
- Conclave**, kôn-klâve, *s.* an assembly of
- Conclude**, kôn-klû'de, *v. a.* to determine, to finish
- Concludent**, kôn-klû'dént, *a.* decisive
- Conclusion**, kôn-klû'-shûn, *s.* determination, consequence, end
- Conclusive**, kôn-klû'-siv, *a.* decisive, convincing, strong
- Concoct**, kôn-kôkt', *v. a.* to digest by the stomach
- Concoction**, kôn-kôk'-shûn, *s.* digestion in the stomach
- Concomitant**, kôn-kôm'-i-tént, *a.* accompanying, joined to—*s.* a companion, an attendant [harmony]
- Concord**, kôn-kôrd, *s.* agreement, union
- Concordance**, kôn-kôrd'-ens, *s.* index to the Scriptures, agreement
- Concordant**, kôn-kôrd'-ént, *a.* agreeing, suitable, fit [a convention]
- Concordate**, kôn-kôrd'-dét, *s.* a compact
- Concourse**, kôn-kôrs', *s.* a great number of persons assembled together, a meeting
- Concrete**, kôn-krê'te, *v. n.* to coalesce into one mass—*v. a.* to form by concretion
- Concrete**, kôn-krê'te, *a.* composed of different matters, or dissimilar principles [union of parts]
- Concretion**, kôn-krê'-shûn, *s.* a mass, an
- Concubine**, kôn-kù' bine, *s.* a harlot
- Concubinate**, kôn-kù'l'-két, *v. a.* to trample under foot
- Concupiscence**, kôn-kù-pýs'-êns, *s.* lust
- Concupiscent**, kôn-kù'-pis-sént, *a.* libidinous, sensual [opinion]
- Concur**, kôn-kûr, *v. n.* to agree in one
- Concurrence**, kôn-kûr'-ens, *s.* union, help
- Concurrent**, kôn-kûr'-rént, *a.* acting in conjunction—*s.* that which concurs
- Concussion**, kôn kûsh'-ûn, *s.* the act of shaking, agitation
- Condemn**, kôn-dém', *v. a.* to doom to punishment, to blame
- Condemnatory**, kôn-dém-nâ'-shûn, *s.* a sentence of punishment
- Condemnatory**, kôn-dém-nâ' tór-y, *a.* passing a condemnation
- Condensate**, kôn dén'-sâte, *v. a.* to make thicker—*v. n.* to grow thicker
- Condensation**, kôn-dén-sâ'-shûn, *s.* the act of thickening
- Condense**, kôn-déns', *v. a.* to make thick or close—*v. n.* to grow close—*a.* thick
- Condenser**, kôn-dén'-sér, *s.* a vessel used in distillation and pneumatics
- Condensity**, kôn-dén'-sý-tý, *s.* the state of being condensed
- Condescend**, kôn-dênd'-, *v. n.* to stoop, to yield, to bend

shüt, nâte, löse, actor—hüt, push, müte, für,—truly, rje—thus, thick.

- Condescension**, kôn-dě-sên-shün, *s.* submission, courtesy [able, deserved]
- Condign**, kôn-dî-ne, *a.* merited, suit-
- Condiment**, kôn-dî-měnt, *s.* seasoning, sauce [preserve by salts]
- Condite**, kôn-dî-te, *v. a.* to season, to
- Condition**, kôn-dîsh-ün, *s.* quality, temper, state, rank, stipulation
- Conditional**, kôn-dîsh-ôn-al, *a.* by way of stipulation, &c. [ulated]
- Conditionary**, kôn-dîsh-ôn-ár-y, *a.* stipulated
- Condole**, kôn-dô-le, *v. n.* to lament jointly—*v. a.* to bewail jointly
- Condolence**, kôn-dôl-ěns, *s.* sympathizing grief [doning, a forgiving]
- Condonation**, kôn-dô-nâ-shün, *s.* a pardon
- Conduce**, kôn-dû-se, *v. n.* to help, to promote, to contribute to
- Conducible**, kôn-dû-sib'l, *a.* having the power of conducing [helping, &c.]
- Conductive**, kôn-dû-siv, *a.* promoting,
- Conduct**, kôn-dûkt, *s.* economy, behaviour [manage]
- Conduct**, kôn-dûkt', *v. a.* to lead, to
- Conductor**, kôn-dûk-tôr, *s.* a leader, a director, a chief [pipe, a cock]
- Conduit**, kôn-dit, *s.* a canal, a water-
- Cone**, kône, *s.* a solid body in the form of a sugar-loaf [converse, to chat]
- Confabulate**, kôn-fâb-û-lâte, *v. n.* to confabulation, kôn-fâb-û-lâ-shün, *s.* easy conversation
- Confection**, kôn-fek'-shün, *s.* a sweet-meat, a mixture
- Confectionary**, kôn-fek'-shôn-ár-y, *s.* a place where sweetmeats are made
- Confectioner**, kôn-fek'-shün-ér, *s.* the person who makes or sells sweetmeats [league]
- Confederacy**, kôn-fed'-ér-â-sý, *s.* union,
- Confederate**, kôn-fed'-ér-âte, *v. a.* to join, unite, combine—*v. n.* to unite in a league
- Confederate**, kôn-fed'-ér-ăt, *a.* united in a league—*s.* an ally, a companion
- Confederation**, kôn-fed'-ér-â-shün, *s.* close alliance, union
- Confer**, kôn-fér, *v. n.* to discourse with—*v. a.* to give, to bestow
- Conference**, kôn-fér-ěns, *s.* conversation
- Confess**, kôn-fes', *v. a.* to acknowledge, to grant, to own—*v. n.* to make confession [ment, disclosure]
- Confession**, kôn-fesh'-ün, *s.* acknowledgment
- Confessor**, kôn-fes'-sôr, *s.* one who hears confessions
- Confest**, kôn-fesh', *a.* open, known, plain
- Confidant**, kôn-fi-dânt, *s.* a person trusted with a secret, a bosom friend
- Confide**, kôn-fî-de, *v. n.* to trust in
- Confidence**, kôn-fî-děns, *s.* assurance, trust
- Confident**, kôn-fi-děnt, *a.* positive, daring, bold—*s.* one trusted with secrets [worthy of confidence]
- Confidential**, kôn-fi-děn-shâl, *a.* trusty,
- Configuration**, kôn-fîg-û-râ-shün, *s.* form of parts adapted to each other
- Confine**, kôn-fî-ne, *s.* limit, boundary, border
- Confine**, kôn-fî-ne, *v. n.* to border upon—*v. a.* to limit, to imprison, to restrain [sequester, want of liberty]
- Confinement**, kôn-fî-ne-měnt, *s.* imprisonment
- Confines**, kôn-fînz', *s.* bounds, limits, or borders of a country
- Confirm**, kôn-fîrm', *v. a.* to make certain, to establish, to fix, to administer the rite of confirmation
- Confirmation**, kôn-fîr-mâ-shün, *s.* a proof, convincing testimony, ecclesiastical rite [on private property]
- Confiscate**, kôn-fîs-kâte, *v. a.* to seize
- Confiscation**, kôn-fîs-kâ-shün, *s.* the act of transferring the forfeited goods of criminals [vernal fire]
- Conflagration**, kôn-flâ-grâ-shün, *s.* a conflagration, kôn-flâ-shün, *s.* the act of blowing many instruments together, a melting of metal
- Conflict**, kôn-flîkt, *v. a.* to fight, to contest, to struggle—*s.* a contest, a struggle, agony
- Confluence**, kôn-flû-ěns, *s.* conflux, union of two or more rivers, &c.
- Confluent**, kôn-flû-ěnt, *a.* running into one channel [rents, a crowd]
- Conflux**, kôn-flûks, *s.* an union of currents
- Conform**, kôn-fûrm, *a.* assuming the same form—*v. a.* to reduce to the like appearance—*v. n.* to comply with
- Conformable**, kôn-fûr-mâ'b'l, *a.* agreeable
- Conformation**, kôn-fûr-mâ-shün, *s.* a proper disposition of parts as relating to each other [complies]
- Conformist**, kôn-fûrm'-îst, *s.* one who
- Conformity**, kôn-fûr-mî-tý, *s.* similitude, a compliance
- Confound**, kôn-fûl'ud, *v. a.* to mingle, perplex, disturb
- Confounded**, kôn-fûl'ud-děd, *part. hater*
- Confuse**, kôn-fûz', *a.* open, known, plain

Sounds—hăt, hâte, hăli, liăr—măt, dəsist, mē, hēr—ch'yn, ch'ne, feld, shîrt—

Confraternity, kôn-fră-tér-nî-t'y, *s.* a religious brotherhood

Confront, kôn-frôn't, *v. a.* to face, to oppose, to compare

Confronted, kôn-frôn-téd, *part.* opposed, brought face to face

Confuse, kôn-fûze, *v. a.* to disorder, perplex, obscure

Confusion, kôn-fû-zh'yn, *s.* tumult, hurry, astonishment

Confutation, kôn-fû-tă-sh'yn, *s.* act of confuting, disproof

Confute, kôn-fû'te, *v. a.* to convict of error, to disprove

Congee, kôn-dzhê, *s.* act of reverence, Conge-d'aire, kôn-dzhê-dê-l'yr, *s.* the king's permission to choose a bishop

Congel, kôn-dzhê'le, *v. a.* to freeze—*v. n.* to harden, to grow stiff

Congelation, kôn-dzhê-lă-sh'yn, *s.* state of being congealed or made solid

Congenial, kô-dzhê-nyál, *a.* partaking of the same nature

Conger, kôn-g'ér, *s.* the sea-eel

Congeries, kôn-dzhê-ryês, *s.* a mass of small bodies

Congest, kôn-dzhêst, *v. a.* to heap up, Congestion, kôn-dzhêst-tsh'yn, *s.* a collection of humours

Conglaciare, kôn-glă-sh'yâte, *v. n.* to turn Conglobate, kôn-glô-bâte, *v. a.* to gather into a hard ball

Conglobation, kôn-glô-bă-sh'yn, *s.* a round hard body

Conglomerate, kôn-glôm-ér-âte, *a.* to gather into a ball, to make round

Conglutination, kôn-glû-ti-nă-sh'yn, *s.* the act of uniting wounds

Congou, kôn-g'ô, *s.* a finer sort of Bohea tea

Congratulate, kôn-grăt-û-lâte, *v. a.* to compliment upon any happy event—*v. n.* to rejoice in participation

Congratulation, kôn-grăt-û-lă-sh'yn, *s.* a giving joy

Congratulatory, kôn-grăt-û-lă-tôr'y, *a.* Congregate, kôn-grê-găt, *a.* collected, compact

Congregation, kôn-grê-gă-sh'yn, *s.* a collection, an assembly

Congress, kôn-grês, *s.* a meeting, an assembly, a conflict

Congressive, kôn-grês-siv, *a.* meeting, encountering

Congruent, kôn-grû-ênt, *a.* agreeing, suitable

Congruity, kôn-grû-y t'y, *s.* suitability, fitness

Congruous, kôn-grû-ús, *a.* consistent, suitable

Conic, kôn-yk, *a.* having the form of a

Conics, kôn'yks, *s.* the doctrine of conic sections

Conical, kôn-y-kăl, *a.* like a cone

Conjectural, kôn-dzhêk'-tû-răl, *a.* depending on conjecture

Conjecture, kôn-dzhêk'-tûre, *s.* a guess, supposition—*v. a.* to guess, to suppose

Conjoin, kôn-dzhôyn, *v. a.* to unite, connect

Conjoint, kôn-dzhôyn't, *a.* united, connected

Conjugal, kôn'-dzhû-găl, *a.* matrimonial, Conjugate, kôn'-dzhû-gâte, *v. a.* to join to unite, to inflect verbs

Conjugation, kôn-dzhû-gă-sh'yn, *s.* form of inflecting verbs, union, assemblage

Conjunct, kôn-dzhûngkt', *a.* conjoined, united

Conjunction, kôn-dzhûngkt'-sh'yn, *s.* an union, a league, the sixth part of speech

Conjunctive, kôn-dzhûngkt'-t'iv, *a.* closely joined, united together

Conjunctly, kôn-dzhûngkt'-l'y, *ad.* jointly, together

Conjuncture, kôn-dzhûngkt'-tûre, *s.* a critical or peculiar time

Conjuration, kôn-dzhû-ră-sh'yn, *s.* an enchantment, a plot

Conjure, kôn-dzhû're, *v. a.* to enjoin solemnly, to conspire

Conjure, kôn'-dzhûr, *v. n.* to practise charms or enchantments

Conjurer, kôn-dzhûr-ér, *s.* fortune-teller

Connaître, kôn-nă'te, *a.* born with a other

Connatural, kôn-năt-û-răl, *a.* suitable to or connected by nature

Connect, kôn-nêkt', *v. a.* to join, to link, to unite—*v. n.* to cohere

Connected, kôn-nêkt'-téd, *part.* united together, joined

Connex, kôn-nêks', *v. a.* to join or link together

Connexion, kôn-nêkt'-sh'yn, *s.* an union, a relation

Connivance, kôn-niv-êns, *s.* wilful blindness

Connive, kôn-nive, *v. n.* to wink at a fault

Connoisseur, kôn'-is-sûr, *s.* a judge, a connoisseur

Connubial, kôn-nû'-byăl, *a.* relating to marriage

Conoid, kôn'-nôid, *s.* a figure partaking of a cone

Conquer, kôn'-kér, *v. a.* to gain by conquest, to win, to subdue—*v. n.* to get the victory

Conqueror, kôn'-kér-ór, *s.* one who overcomes, a victor

Conquest, kôn'-kwêst, *s.* a thing gained

shòt, nòte, lòse, actór—hùt, pùsh, mâte, fúr—trulý, rýe—tí.ús, thícK.

Consanguineous, kón-sáng-gwín-yùs, *s.* near of kin, related
 Consanguinity, kón-sáng-gwín-y-tý, *s.* a relationship by blood
 Conscience, kón-shéns, *s.* the judgment of the soul on our moral actions, justice, reasonableness
 Conscientious, kón-shyén-shús, *a.* scrupulous, exactly just [able, proper
 Conscionable, kón-shón-é-bí, *a.* reasonable
 Conscious, kón-shús, *a.* privy to, inwardly persuaded [enrolled
 Conscript, kón-skript, *a.* registered
 Conscription, kón-skrip-shùn, *s.* an enrolling [sacred, &c.
 Consecrate, kón-sé-kráte, *v. a.* to make
 Consecrate, kón-sé-krét, *a.* consecrated; sacred [act of making sacred
 Consecration, kón-sé-krá-shùn, *s.* the
 Consecratory, kón-sék-lár-y, *a.* consequent, consequential—*s.* an inference, a corollary
 Consension, kón-sén-shùn, *s.* concord
 Consent, kón-sént, *s.* agreement, correspondence—*v. n.* to agree, to be of one mind
 Consentaneous, kón-sén-tá-nyús, *a.* agreeable to, consistent with
 Consistent, kón-sén-shént, *a.* agreeing, united in opinion [importance
 Consequence, kón-sé-kwéns, *s.* an effect
 Consequent, kón-sé-kwént, *a.* following naturally
 Consequential, kón-sé-kwén-shí, *a.* conclusive, important
 Conservancy, kón-sér-vén-sý, *s.* court held for the preservation of the fishery in the river Thames
 Conservation, kón-sér-vá-shùn, *s.* the act of preserving
 Conservative, kón-sér-vá-tý, *a.* having power to preserve
 Conservatory, kón-sér-vá-tór-y, *s.* a place where any thing is kept, a green house [or candy fruit
 Conserve, kón-sér-v, *v. a.* to preserve
 Conserve, kón-sér-v, *s.* a sweetmeat, preserved fruit
 Consider, kón-síd-ér, *v. a.* to think upon, to examine, to regard—*v. n.* to think maturely, deliberate
 Considerable, kón-síd-ér-áb'l, *a.* important [thoughtful
 Considerate, kón-síd-ér-ét, *a.* prudent
 Consideration, kón-síd-ér-á-shùn, *s.* mature thought, meditation, compensation, reason, notice

Consign, kón-síne, *v. a.* to make over to another
 Consignation, kón-sýng-ná-shùn, *s.* the act of consigning
 Consignment, kón-síne-mént, *s.* transfer of goods to a factor or merchant
 Consimular, kón-sím-y-lár, *a.* having a common resemblance [of, to agree
 Consist, kón-síst, *v. n.* to be composed
 Consistence, kón-síst-éns, *s.* substance, density [able, firm
 Consistent, kón-sís-tént, *a.* conform-
 Consistorial, kón-sýs-tór-yál, *a.* relating to the spiritual court [court
 Consistory, kón-sís-tór-y, *s.* a spiritual
 Consociate, kón-só-shét, *s.* an accomplice, an ally [to join
 Consociate, kón-só-sháte, *v. a.* to unite,
 Consociation, kón-só-shyá-shùn, *s.* alliance, union [tion of misery
 Consolation, kón-só-lá-shùn, *s.* allevia-
 Consolatory, kón-sól-á-tór-y, *a.* tending to give comfort [cheer
 Console, kón-só-le, *v. a.* to comfort, to
 Consolidate, kón-sól-á-dáte, *v. a.* to form into a solid body, harden—*v. n.* to grow hard or solid
 Consolidation, kón-sól-á-dá-shùn, *s.* the act of uniting into one solid mass
 Consonance, kón-só-néns, *s.* harmony, agreement
 Consonant, kón-só-nént, *a.* agreeable, suitable, consistent—*s.* a letter which cannot be sounded by itself
 Consort, kón-sórt, *s.* a wife or husband, a companion
 Consort, kón-sórt, *v. n.* to associate with—*v. a.* to marry, to accompany
 Conspicuity, kón-spí-kú-y-tý, *s.* brightness, clearness
 Conspicuous, kón-spík-kú-ús, *a.* obvious to the sight, eminent
 Conspiracy, kón-spír-kú-sý, *s.* a plot, a lawless combination
 Conspirator, kón-spír-kú-tór, *s.* a plotter
 Conspire, kón-spíre, *v. n.* to concert a crime, to plot, to conduce
 Constable, kón-stéb'l, *s.* a common peace officer [steadiness
 Constancy, kón-stán-sý, *s.* firmness
 Constant, kón-stánt, *a.* firm, unchangeable
 Constellation, kón-stél-lá-shùn, *s.* a cluster of fixed stars
 Consternation, kón-sér-ná-shùn, *s.* astonishment, terror

Sounds.—hăt, hâte, hăl, liăr—mêt, dəsist, mē, hēr—chîn, chîne, fîeld, shîrt—

- Constipate, kôn-sî'pâte, *v. a.* to crowd, to thicken, to stop
 Constipation, kôn-sî'pâ-shûn, *s.* the act of crowding together, costiveness
 Constituent, kôn-sî't-û-ent, *a.* essential, composing—*s.* he that deposes another, an elector
 Constitute, kôn-sî't-ûte, *v. a.* to make, to establish, to depute
 Constitution, kôn-sî't-û-shûn, *s.* the frame of body or mind, law of a country, form of government
 Constitutional, kôn-sî't-û-shûn-âi, *a.* bred in the constitution, radical, consistent with the constitution, legal
 Constrain, kôn-strâ'ne, *v. a.* to compel, to force, to press [confinement]
 Constraint, kôn-strâ'nt, *s.* compulsion
 Constriction, kôn-strîk'-shûn, *s.* contraction, compression, force
 Constringent, kôn-strî'n-dzhênt, *a.* of a binding quality, or compressing
 Construct, kôn-strûkt', *v. a.* to build or form
 Construction, kôn-strûkt'-shûn, *s.* the act of building, meaning, syntax
 Constructive, kôn-strûkt'-tîv, *a.* capable of construction
 Constructure, kôn-strûkt'-tûre, *s.* a pile, an edifice, a fabric [to explain]
 Construe, kôn's-tér, *v. a.* to interrupt
 Constuprate, kôn-stû-prâte, *v. a.* to violate, to debauch
 Consubstantial, kôn-sûb-stân-shăl, *a.* of the same substance
 Consubstantiality, kôn-sûb-stân-shyăl'-y-tî, *s.* existence of more than one in the same substance
 Consubstantiate, kôn-sûb-stân-shyâte, *v. a.* to unite in one common substance or nature
 Consubstantiation, kôn-sûb-stân-shyâ-shûn, *s.* the union of more than one in one substance
 Consul, kôn-sûl, *s.* the chief magistrate in the Roman republic, a chief manager of trade for his nation in foreign parts [a consul]
 Consular, kôn'sû-lâr, *a.* belonging to
 Consulate, kôn'sû-lêt, *s.* office of consul [office]
 Consulship, kôn-sûl'-shîp, *s.* consul's
 Consult, kôn-sûlt', *v. n.* to take counsel together—*v. a.* to ask advice, to debate, to plan
 Consultation, kôn-sûl tâ-shûn, *s.* the act of consulting, deliberation
 Consume, kôn-sû'me, *v. a.* to waste, to destroy—*v. n.* to waste away
 Consummate, kôn-sûm'-mâte, *v. a.* to complete, to perfect
 Consummate, kôn-sûm'-mêt, *a.* complete, perfect
 Consummation, kôn-sûm-mâ-shûn, *s.* completion, perfection, end
 Consumption, kôn-sûmp'-shûn, *s.* the act of consuming, waste, a disease
 Consumptive, kôn-sûmp'-tîv, *a.* destructive, wasting [union]
 Contact, kôn'tâkt, *s.* a touch, close
 Contagion, kôn-tâ-dzhûn, *s.* an infection, pestilence [catching]
 Contagious, kôn-tâ-dzhûs, *a.* infectious
 Contain, kôn-tâ'ne, *v. a.* to hold comprise, restrain
 Contaminate, kôn-tâm'-y-nâte, *v. a.* to defile, to corrupt [luted, defiled]
 Contaminate, kôn-tâm'-t-nêt, *a.* polluted
 Contamination, kôn-tâm'-y-nâ-shûn, *s.* pollution, defilement
 Contemn, kôn-têm', *v. a.* to despise, to scorn, to neglect [derate]
 Contemper, kôn-têm'-pér, *v. a.* to moderate
 Contemperation, kôn-têm'-pér-â-shûn, *s.* the act of tempering, a proportionate mixture of parts
 Contemplate, kôn-têm'-plâte, *v. a.* to study, meditate—*v. n.* to muse
 Contemplation, kôn-têm'-plâ-shûn, *s.* meditation, thought
 Contemplative, kôn-têm'-plâ-tîv, *a.* thoughtful, studious
 Contemplator, kôn-têm'-plâ-tór, *s.* one employed in study
 Contemporary, kôn-têm'-pô-râr-y, *a.* living at the same time—*s.* one living in the same age
 Contemporise, kôn-têm'-pô-rîze, *v. a.* to make contemporary
 Contempt, kôn-têmp', *s.* scorn, disdain, hate, vileness
 Contemptible, kôn-têmp'-tîb'l, *a.* worthy of scorn, vile, mean
 Contemptuous, kôn-têmp'-tû-ús, *a.* scornful, proud
 Contend, kôn-tênd', *v. n.* to strive with, to struggle—*v. a.* to dispute, contest
 Content, kôn-tênt', *a.* satisfied, easy—*v. a.* to satisfy, please, gratify—*s.* moderate happiness, satisfaction extent [ed, not repining]
 Contented, kôn-tên'-têd, *part.* satisfied
 Contention, kôn-tên'-shûn, *s.* strife, debate, contest, zeal

shút, nôte, lôse, actôr—hút, pûsh, mâte, fûr—truly, rýe—thus, thick.

- Contentious, kôn-tên-shús, *a.* quarrelsome, perverse
 Continuous, kô-tér-mý-nús, *a.* bordering upon
 Contest, kôn-tést', *v. a.* to dispute, to wrangle—*v. n.* to strive, contend
 Contest, kôn-tést, *s.* a dispute, a debate, a quarrel [contesting, debate
 Contestation, kôn-tés-tá-shún, *s.* act of
 Context, kôu-tékst, *s.* general series of a discourse
 Context, kôn-tékst', *a.* united, firm
 Contexture, kôn-ték-s-tûre, *s.* an interweaving or joining together, system, disposition
 Contiguity, kôn-tý-gý-tý, *s.* actual contact [so as to touch
 Contiguous, kôn-tý-gý-ús, *a.* meeting
 Continnence, kôn-tý-néns, *s.* restraint, chastity
 Continent, kôn-tý-nént, *a.* chaste, temperate, abstemious—*s.* land not separated by the sea
 Contingence, kôn-týn-dzh-éns, *s.* casualty
 Contingent, kôn-týn-dzhént, *a.* accidental, casual—*s.* chance, proportion
 Continual, kôn-týn-ú-ál, *a.* incessant
 Continuance, kôn-týn-ú-áns, *s.* duration [rupted, unbroken
 Continue, kôn-týn-ú-ét, *a.* uninterrupted
 Continuation, kôn-týn-ú-á-shún, *s.* a constant succession
 Continue, kôn-týn-ú, *v. n.* to remain in the same state, to dwell to persevere—*v. a.* to protract
 Continuity, kôn-týn-ú-tý, *s.* connexion uninterrupted [write
 Contort, kôn-tórt, *v. a.* to twist, to
 Contortion, kôn-tórt-shún, *s.* a twist, a strain, a flexure [figure
 Contour, kôn-tórt, *s.* the outline of a
 Contra, kôn-trá, *ad.* on the other side or part. The Latin *prep.* contra used in composition signifies *against* or *opposite* [illegal
 Contraband, kôn-trá-bánd, *a.* prohibited
 Contract, kôn-trákt', *v. a.* to shorten, to betroth, to get a habit of—*v. n.* to shrink up, to grow short, to bargain—*part.* affianced, contracted
 Contract, kôn-trákt, *s.* a bargain, an agreement [of contraction
 Contractable, kôn-trákt-týb'l, *a.* capable
 Contraction, kôn-trákt-shún, *s.* the act of shortening or abridging, an abbreviation [makes bargain
 Contractor, kôn-trákt-tór, *s.* one who
- Contradict, kôn-trá-dýkt', *v. a.* to oppose verbally, to deny
 Contradiction, kôn-trá-dýk-shún, *s.* opposition, inconsistency
 Contradictory, kôn-trá-dýk-tór-y, *a.* inconsistent with
 Contradistinction, kôn-trá-dís týngk-shún, *s.* distinction by opposite qualities
 Contradistinguish, kôn-trá-dis-týng'wish, *v. a.* to distinguish by opposites [sistent, across
 Contrariant, kôn-trá-rýént, *s.* inconsistent
 Contraries, kôn-trá-rýz, *s.* propositions that oppose
 Contrariety, kôn-trá-rý-étý, *s.* opposition, inconsistency [the contrary
 Contrariwise, kôn-trá-rý-wíze, *ad.* on
 Contrary, kôn-trá-rý, *a.* opposite, disagreeing, adverse
 Contrast, kôn-trást, *s.* opposition
 Contrast, kôn-trást', *v. a.* to place in opposition
 Contravallation, kôn-trá-vál-lá-shún, *s.* a fortification thrown up to prevent sallies from a garrison
 Contravene, kôn-trá-véne, *v. a.* to obstruct, to oppose [position
 Contravention, kôn-trá-vén-shún, *s.* opposition
 Contributory, kôn-trýb-ú-tár-y, *a.* paying tribute to the same sovereign
 Contribute, kôn-trýb-úte, *v. a.* to give—*v. n.* to bear a part
 Contribution, kôn-trý-bú-shún, *s.* the act of contributing, a military exaction, a levy [den
 Contristate, kôn-trýs-táte, *v. a.* to sadden
 Contrite, kôn-tríte, *a.* very sorrowful, truly penitent
 Contrition, kôn-trýsh-ún, *s.* repentance
 Contrivance, kôn-trýv-éns, *s.* scheme, artifice
 Contrive, kôn-trýve, *v. a.* to plan, to invent—*v. n.* to plan, form, or design
 Control, kôn-trólc, *s.* power, restraint, authority—*v. a.* to govern, to restrain, to confute
 Controller, kôn-trólc-ér, *s.* he who has power to control [lating to disputes
 Controversial, kôn-tró-vér-shál, *a.* re-
 Controversy, kôn-tró-vér-sý, *s.* a dispute, quarrel, enmity
 Controvert, kôn-tró-vért, *v. a.* to debate, dispute, quarrel [putable
 Controvertible, kôn-tró-vért-týb'l, *a.* di-


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 Sounds—lǎt, hāte, hǎll, liǎr—mēt, dēsist, mē, hēr—chūn, chine, fīeld, shīrt—  
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- Contumacious, kǒn-tū-mǎ-shǐyūs, *a.* obstinate, perverse, stubborn
 Contumacy, kǒn-tū-mǎ-sǐ, *s.* obstinacy, stubbornness, inflexibility
 Contumelious, kǒn-tū-mē-lǐyūs, *a.* reproachful, abusive, rude
 Contumely, kǒn-tū-mē-lǐ, *s.* contemptuousness, rudeness
 Contuse, kǒn-tū-zē, *v. a.* to beat together, to bruise [bruise]
 Contusion, kǒn-tū-zhūn, *s.* a bruising
 Convalescence, kǒn-vǎ-lǎs-éns, *s.* recovery of health
 Convalescent, kǒn-vǎ-lǎs-sént, *a.* recovering from illness
 Convene, kǒn-vē-ne, *v. n.* to come together, to assemble—*v. a.* to call together [ness]
 Convenience, kǒn-vē-nyéns, *s.* suitable
 Convenient, kǒn-vē-nyént, *a.* fit, suitable, well adapted
 Convent, kǒn-věnt, *s.* a religious house, a nunnery
 Couventicle, kǒn-věnt-tǐk'l, *s.* a meeting-house, a secret assembly
 Convention, kǒn-věnt-shūn, *s.* an assembly, a contract
 Conventional, kǒn-věnt-shūn-ǎl, *a.* stipulated, done by contract
 Conventual, kǒn-věnt-tū-ǎl, *a.* belonging to a convent [one point]
 Converge, kǒn-vér-dzh, *v. n.* to tend to
 Conversable, kǒn-vér-séb'l, *a.* fit for conversation, sociable
 Conversant, kǒn-vér-sént, *a.* acquainted with, skilled in
 Conversation, kǒn-vér-sǎ-shūn, *s.* familiar discourse, chat
 Conversative, kǒn-vér-sǎ-tǐv, *a.* relating to public life
 Converse, kǒn-vér's, *v. n.* to discourse
 Converse, kǒn-vér's, *s.* conversation, acquaintance, cohabitation—*a.* contrary
 Conversion, kǒn-vér-shūn, *s.* change from one state to another
 Convert, kǒn-věrt', *v. a.* to change, turn, appropriate—*v. n.* to undergo a change [his opinion or religion]
 Convert, kǒn-věrt', *s.* one who changes
 Convertible, kǒn-vér-tǐb'l, *a.* susceptible of change
 Convex, kǒn-věks, *a.* rising like the outside of a globe—*s.* a convex or spherical body
 Convexity, kǒn-věks-ŷ-tǐ, *s.* a circular form, rotundity [transfer]
 Convey, kǒn-vǎ, *v. a.* to carry, send, conveyance, kǒn-vǎ-éns, *s.* act or mean of conveying
 Conveyancer, kǒn-vǎ-én-sér, *s.* person used to form deeds, leases, &c.
 Convict, kǒn-vǐkt', *s.* one convicted
 Convict, kǒn-vǐkt', *a.* convicted, detected in guilt—*v. a.* to prove guilty
 Conviction, kǒn-vǐk'-shūn, *s.* a detection of guilt, full proof [convince]
 Convictive, kǒn-vǐk'-tǐv, *a.* tending to convince, kǒn-vǐn's, *v. a.* to prove, to make a person sensible of a thing by full proofs [proving, &c.]
 Convincing, kǒn-vǐn-sǐng, *part. a.*
 Convivial, kǒn-viv-yǎl, *a.* festive, social, jovial [quibble]
 Conundrum, kǒn-tūn-drūm, *s.* a low jest
 Convocate, kǒn-vō-kāte, *v. a.* to call together [clesiastical assembly]
 Convocation, kǒn-vō-kā-shūn, *s.* an ec-
 Convoke, kǒn-vō'ke, *v. a.* to call or summon together
 Convolve, kǒn-vōlv, *v. a.* to roll together, to wind, to turn
 Convolved, kǒn-vō-lū-těd, *part. twist-*
 ed, rolled upon itself
 Convoy, kǒn-vōy', *s.* an attendance for defence [for defence]
 Convoy, kǒn-vōy', *v. a.* to accompany
 Conscience, kǒn-ū-séns, *s.* cognisance, notice [lent motion]
 Convulse, kǒn-vūls, *v. a.* to give a vio-
 convulsion, kǒn-vūl'-shūn, *s.* an involuntary contraction of the fibres and muscles, &c.
 Cony, kǒn-y, *s.* a rabbit
 Coo, kō', *v. n.* to cry as a dove or pigeon
 Cook, kōk', *s.* one who dresses victuals—*v. a.* to prepare victuals for the table
 Cookery, kōk-čr-y, *s.* the art of dressing victuals
 Cool, kō'le, *a.* somewhat cold, indif-
 ferent—*v. a.* to make cool, to quiet—*v. n.* to grow cool, to become quiet
 Cooler, kōl-ér, *s.* any thing which al-
 lays heat, vessel to cool wort in brew-
 ing [tle cold]
 Coolness, kō'le-nēs, *s.* indifference, gen-
 Coom, kō'mc, *s.* soot, dust, grease for
 wheels [bushels]
 Coomb, kō'mc, *s.* a corn measure of four
 Coop, kō'pe, *s.* a wooden cage for
 poultry, a b rrel—*r. a.* to shut up
 to cage
 Coopee, kō-pē, *s.* a motion in dancing
 Cooper, kōp-ér, *s.* one who makes cask.

shút, nôte, lôse, actor—hút, pûsh, mûte, fûr—trulý, rýe—thus, thick.

- Cooperage, kô-pér-édzh, *s.* a cooper's workshop, price for his work
 Co-operate, kô-ôp'-ér-âte, *v. n.* to labour for the same end
 Co-operation, kô ôp ér-â-shûn, *s.* concurring to the same end
 Co-ordinate, kô-ôr-dî-nêr, *a.* holding the same rank
 Coot, kô'te, *s.* a small black water fowl
 Cop, kôp', *s.* the head or top of any thing
 Copal, kô-pál, *s.* a gum so named
 Coparcenary, kô-pár-sê-nár-y, *s.* an equal share in a patrimonial inheritance
 Copartner, kô-párt nér, *s.* a joint partner
 Cope, kô'pe, *s.* a priest's cloak, a concave arch—*v. a.* to contend with, oppose—*v. n.* to contend, to strive
 Coping, kô-pýng, *s.* the covering of a wall [dant]
 Copious, kô-pyús, *a.* plentiful, abundant
 Copped, kôpt, *a.* rising to a top or head
 Coppel, kôp'-pél, *s.* an instrument used in chymistry to purify gold and silver [boiler]
 Copper, kôp'-pér, *s.* a metal, a large copperas, kôp'-pér ás, *s.* vitriol vulgarly so called [per]
 Coppery, kôp'-pér-y, *a.* containing copper
 Copper plate, kôp'-pér-plá'te, *s.* the plate on which pictures are engraven, an impression from such a plate
 Coppersmith, kôp'-pér-smýth, *s.* one that works in copper
 Coppice, kôp'-pís, *s.* a wood of small low trees
 Copse, kôps', *s.* short wood—*v. a.* to preserve underwoods
 Copulate, kôp'-ú-lâte, *v. a.* to unite, conjoin
 Copulation, kôp'-ú-lâ-shûn, *s.* an union
 Copulative, kôp'-ú-lâ-tív, *a.* joining to or mixing together
 Copy, kôp'-ý, *s.* transcript or picture from the original, an imitation, an original, a pattern to write after—*v. a.* to transcribe, to write from or out of, to imitate
 Copy-book, kôp'-ý-bôk, *s.* a book in which copies are written
 Copy hold, kôp'-ý-hôwld, *s.* a tenure under the lord of a manor
 Copyholder, kôp'-ý-hôwld'ér, *s.* possessor of copyhold lands, &c.
- Copyst, kôp'-ý-íst, *s.* an imitator, one who copies or transcribes
 Copy-right, kôp'-ý-rite, *s.* the sole right to print a book
 Coquet, kô-két', *v. a.* to deceive in love, to jilt—*v. n.* to act the lover
 Coquetry, kô-két'-rý, *s.* deceit in love affection [a vain woman]
 Coquette, kô-két', *s.* a jilting airy girl
 Coracle, kôr'-ák'l, *s.* a boat used in Wales by fishermen
 Coral, kôr'-ál, *s.* a child's ornament, testaceous habitation of a marine animal
 Coralline, kôr'-ál-line, *a.* consisting of coral [ries]
 Corb, kôrb', *s.* a basket used in coal
 Corban, kôr'-bân, *s.* an alms-basket, a gift, an alms
 Cord, kôrd, *s.* a sinew, a rope, a measure of wood—*v. a.* to bind with ropes
 Cordage, kôr-dédzh, *s.* a parcel of cords
 Cordelier, kôr-dé-lýr, *s.* a Franciscan friar
 Cordial, kôrd-yál, *s.* a cherishing comforting draught—*a.* reviving, sincere, hearty [affection, esteem]
 Cordiality, kôrd-yál'-ý-tý, *s.* sincerity
 Cordon, kôrd'-ôn, *s.* a row of stone, a chain of forces [maker]
 Cordwainer, kôrd-wá'n-ér, *s.* a shoemaker
 Cord-wood, kôrd-wüd, *s.* wood tied up for firing
 Core, kôre, *s.* the heart or inner part of a thing [or like leather]
 Coriaceous, kô-ryá-shús, *a.* consisting of
 Coriander, kô-ry-ân-dér, *s.* a plant, a hot seed [ly called currant]
 Corinth, kôr'-ýnth, *s.* the fruit common
 Corinthian, kô-rín'-thyán, *s.* the fourth order in architecture
 Cork, kôrk, *s.* a sort of tree, its bark, a bottle stopple—*v. a.* to put corks into bottles [prey, a glutton]
 Cormorant, kôr-mô-rént, *s.* a bird of
 Corn, kôrn, *s.* a grain, a hard lump like horn in the flesh—*v. a.* to salt, to sprinkle with salt
 Cornchandler, kôrn tálhând-lér, *s.* one that retails corn
 Cornel, kôr-nél, *s.* a sort of tree bearing the cornelian cherry
 Cornuous, kôr-nyús, *a.* horny, like horn
 Corner, kôr'nér, *s.* an angle, a secret or remote place, the extremity, a sud

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*Sounds.*—hăt, hâte, hăl, liăr—mêt, dêsisť, mē, hēr—chŭn, chŭne, fiêld, shîrt—  
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- Cornet, kôr-nět, *s.* a musical instrument, the officer that bears the standard
- Cornice, kôr-nŭs, *s.* the highest projection of a wall or column
- Cornigerous, kôr-nŭdzh'ér-ús, *a.* horned, having horns [of plenty]
- Cornucopia, kôr-nŭ-kô-pyâ, *s.* the horn
- Cornuted, kôr-nŭtêd, *a.* grafted with horns, cuckolded
- Cornuto, kôr-nŭ-tô, *s.* a cuckold
- Corollary, kôr-ôl-âr-y, *s.* an inference, deduction, surplus
- Coronal, kôr-ô-nâl, *s.* a chaplet, a garland—*a.* belonging to the top of the head [crown]
- Coronary, kôr-ô-nâr-y, *a.* relating to a
- Coronation, kôr-ô-nâ-shŭn, *s.* the act or solemnity of crowning †
- Coroner, kôr-ô-nér, *s.* a civil officer, who, with a jury, enquires into casual or violent deaths
- Coronet, kôr-ô-nět, *s.* a crown worn by the nobility
- Corporal, kôr-pô-râl, *s.* a kind of low officer—*a.* belonging to the body, material [body]
- Corporate, kôr-pô-rét, *a.* united in a
- Corporation, kôr-pô-râ-shŭn, *s.* a body politic
- Corporeal, kôr-pô-rŭâl, *a.* having a body, not immaterial
- Corps, kôre, (*pl.* kôrz,) *s.* a body of soldiers, a regiment
- Corpse, kôrps, *s.* a carcase, a dead body
- Corpulency, kôr-pŭ-lén-sŭ, *s.* bulkiness of body
- Corpulent, kôr-pŭ-lént, *a.* fleshy, bulky
- Corpuscle, kôr-pŭsk'l, *s.* a small body, an atom [scrape together]
- Corrade, kôr-râde, *v. a.* to rub off, to
- Correct, kôr-rêkt', *v. a.* to punish, chastise, amend—*a.* finished with exactness [amendment]
- Correction, kôr-rêk'-shŭn, *s.* punishment,
- Corrective, kôr-rêk'-tŭv, *a.* having the power of correcting—*s.* what has the power of correcting
- Correctness, kôr-rêkt'-nês, *s.* accuracy
- Corregidor, kôr-rêdzh'-y-dôre, *s.* a chief magistrate in Spain
- Correlate, kôr-rê-lât, *s.* one that stands in the opposite relation
- Correlative, kôr-rêl'-â-tŭv, *a.* having a reciprocal relation
- Corruption, kôr-rŭp'-shŭn, *s.* chiding, rebuke, reproof
- Correspond, kôr-rê-spônd', *v. n.* to suit, to answer, to fit, to keep up a reciprocal intelligence
- Correspondence, kôr-rê-spônd'-éns, *s.* exchange of letters, relation
- Correspondent, kôr-rê-spônd'-dênt, *a.* suitable, answerable—*s.* one with whom intelligence is kept up by letters [amended, punishable]
- Corrigible, kôr-rŭ-dzhŭb'l, *a.* that may be
- Corroborant, kôr-rôb'-ô-rênt, *a.* strengthening, confirming
- Corroborate, kôr-rôb'-ô-râte, *v. a.* to confirm, to establish
- Corroboration, kôr-rôb'-ô-râ-shŭn, *s.* the act of strengthening [by degrees]
- Corrode, kôr-rô-de, *v. a.* to eat away
- Corrosible, kôr-rô-sŭbl, *a.* that which may be consumed by a menstruum
- Corrosion, kôr-rô-zhŭn, *s.* the act of eating away
- Corrosive, kôr-rô-sŭv, *a.* able to corrode or eat away—*s.* what wastes any thing away
- Corrugate, kôr-rŭ-gâte, *v. a.* to wrinkle or purse up
- Corrupt, kôr-rŭpt', *v. a.* to infect, to defile, to bribe—*v. n.* to become putrid, vicious, tainted with wickedness
- Corruptible, kôr-rŭp'-tŭb'l, *a.* that which may be corrupted
- Corruption, kôr-rŭp'-shŭn, *s.* wickedness, matter in a sore
- Corsair, kô'saire, *s.* a pirate
- Corse, kôrse, *s.* a dead body, a carcase
- Corselet, kôrs-let, *s.* a light armor for the fore part of the body
- Cortical, kôr-tŭ-kâl, *a.* barky, belonging to the rind [bark]
- Corticated, kôr-tŭ-kâ-têd, *a.* resembling bark
- Coruscant, kô-rŭs'-kênt, *a.* glittering, flashing [vibration of light]
- Coruscation, kôr-rŭs'-kâ-shŭn, *s.* a quick
- Cosmetic, kôz-mêt'-ŭk, *a.* beautifying—*s.* a wash to improve the skin
- Cosmical, kôz-mŭ-kâl, *a.* relating to the world, rising or setting with the sun
- Cosmographer, (kôz'-môg'-râf-ér, *s.* one who writes a description of the world
- Cosmography, kôz-môg'-râf-y, *s.* the science of the general system of the world or of the universe
- Cosmology, kôz-môf'-ô-dzhŭ, *s.* discourse concerning the world

shôt, nôte, lôse, actôr—hût, pûsh, mâte, fûr—trulÿ, rÿc—thus, thick.

- Cosmopolite, kôz-môp'-ô-lite, *s.* a citizen of the world [by the hand
Cosset, kôs-sêt, *s.* a lamb brought up
Cost, kô'st, *s.* price, charge, expence, loss—*v. n.* to be bought for or to be had at a price
Costai, kôs-tâi, *a.* relating to the ribs
Cottard, kô's-târd, *s.* a head, an apple round and bulky like the head
Costive, kôs-tÿv, *a.* bound in the body
Costly, kô'st-ly, *a.* sumptuous, expensive, dear
Cot, kôt', or Cottage, kôt'-têdzh, *s.* a hut, a mean habitation
Cotemporary, kô-têm'-pô-râr-ÿ, *a.* living at the same time
Cotillon, kô-tÿl'-ÿn, *s.* a French dance
Cottage, kôt'-têdzh, *s.* a small house
Cottager, kôt'-têdzh'-ér, *s.* one who lives in a cottage
Cotton, kôt'n, *s.* down of the cotton tree, cloth or stuff made of cotton
Couch, kôû'tsh, *v. n.* to lie down, to stoop or bend down—*v. a.* to lay down, to hide, to fix—*s.* a seat of repose, a layer
Couchant, kôû'-shênt, *a.* lying down, squatting
Cove, kô've, *s.* a small creek or bay, a shelter
Covenant, kôv'-ê-nênt, *s.* a bargain, a deed, an agreement—*v. n.* to bargain, to agree
Covenous, kôv'-ê-nûs, *a.* fraudulent, treacherous
Cover, kôv'-ér, *v. a.* to overspread, conceal, hide—*s.* concealment, screen, pretence [thing that covers
Covering, kôv'-ér-ÿng, *s.* dress, any
Coverlet, kôv'-ér-lê't, *s.* the outermost of the bedclothes
Covert, kôv'-ért, *s.* a shelter, a thicket, a hiding-place—*a.* sheltered, secret
Coverture, kôv'-ér-tûre, *s.* shelter, state of a married woman
Covet, kôv'-ê't, *v. a.* to desire earnestly—*v. n.* to have a strong desire
Covetous, kôv'-ê-tûs, *a.* avaricious, greedy
Covetousness, kôv'-ê-tûs-nê's, *s.* avarice
Covey, kôv'-ÿ, *s.* a hatch, an old bird with her young ones, a number of birds together
Cough, kô'f, *s.* a convulsion of the lungs
Covin, or Covine, kô'-vÿn, *s.* a deceitful agreement, a collusion
Coulter, kôl'-ter, *s.* a ploughshare
Council, kôû'n sÿl, *s.* an assembly met for consultation
Counsel, kôû'n-sél, *s.* advice, direction, a pleader—*v. a.* to give advice, to direct
Counsellor, kôû'n-sél-lôr, *s.* one that gives advice
Count, kôû'nt, *v. a.* to number, to tell, to reckon—*s.* number, reckoning, a title of nobility, an earl
Countenance, kôû'n-tê-nêns, *s.* form of the face, look, patronage—*v. a.* to support, patronise
Counter, kôû'n-tér, *s.* base money, a shop table—*ad.* contrary to, in a wrong way
Counteract, kôû'n-tér-âkt', *v. a.* to hinder, to act contrary to, to act against
Counterbalance, kôû'n-tér-bâl-êns, *v. a.* to make amends with an opposite interest [opposite weight
Counterbalance, kôû'n-tér-bâl-êns, *s.* an Counterchange, kôû'n-tér-tshândzh, *s.* a mutual exchange
Countercharm, kôû'n-tér-tshâ'rm, *s.* that which dissolves a charm
Countercharm, kôû'n-tér-tshâ'rm, *v. a.* to destroy an enchantment
Countercheck, kôû'n-tér-tshêk', *s.* a stop, a rebuke [opposite evidence
Counterevidence, kôû'n-tér-êv'-ÿ-dêns, *s.* Counterfeit, kôû'n-tér-fÿt, *v. a.* to forge, to imitate [deceitful
Counterfeit, kôû'n-tér-fÿt, *a.* forged, Countermaud, kôû'n-tér-mâ'ud, *v. a.* to contradict an order
Countermarch, kôû'n-tér-mâ'rtsh, *s.* a march backward
Countermine, kôû'n-tér-mÿne, *s.* a well or hole made in the ground to seek out the enemy's mine
Countermine, kôû'n-tér-mÿne, *v. a.* to defeat secretly [a contrary motion
Countermotion, kôû'n-tér-mô-shÿn, *s.* Counterpane, kôû'n-tér-pâ'ne, *s.* the upper covering of a bed
Counterpart, kôû'n-tér-pâ'rt, *s.* a corresponding part [tion in law
Counterplea, kôû'n-tér-plê', *s.* a replica
Counterplead, kôû'n-tér-plê'de, *v. a.* to contradict, to deny
Counterplot, kôû'n-tér-plô't, *v. a.* to oppose one plot by another
Counterplot, kôû'n-tér-plô't, *s.* an artifice opposed to an artifice
Counterpoint, kôû'n-tér-pôint, *s.* a ... verlet woven in squares

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*Sounds*—hăt, hâte, hăl, liăr—mêt, dêsist, mē, hér—chŷn, chŷne, fiēld, shŷrt—  
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- Counterpoise, kôûn-ter-pôŷs, *v. a.* to counterbalance [weight or power]
 Counterpoise, kôûn-ter-pôŷs, *s.* equal
 Counterproject, kôûn-ter-prôdzh'êkt, *s.* an opposite scheme
 Counterscarp, kôûn-ter-skûrp, *s.* a ditch next a camp [undersign, to confirm]
 Countersign, kôûn-ter-sî'ne, *v. a.* to
 Countertenor, kôûn-ter-tên'ôr, *s.* a middle part in music [tide]
 Countertide, kôûn-ter-tîde, *s.* contrary
 Countervail, kôûn-ter-văle, *v. a.* to have equal force or value, to be equivalent to [weight or value]
 Countervail, kôûn-ter-văle, *s.* equal
 Counterview, kôûn-ter-vû, *s.* an opposition, a contrast
 Counterwork, kôûn-ter-wûrk, *v. a.* to counteract, to endeavour to defeat
 Countess, kôûn-tês, *s.* the wife of a count or earl
 Counting-house, kôûn-tŷng-hôûs, *s.* a room where accounts are kept
 Countless, kôûn-tlêss, *a.* innumerable
 Country, kûn-trŷ, *s.* a tract of land, a region, rural parts, the native place —*a.* rustic, rural, unpolite
 Countryman, kûn-trŷ-măn, *s.* one of the same country, husbandman, rustic
 County, kôûn-tŷ, *s.* a shire, an earldom
 Coupee, kô-pê, *s.* a motion in dancing
 Couple, kûp'l, *s.* a man and wife, a pair, a brace—*v. a.* to join together, marry
 Couplet, kûp-lêt, *s.* two verses, a pair
 Courage, kûr'êdz, *s.* bravery, active fortitude [daring, bold]
 Courageous, kûr-ă-dăhûs, *a.* brave,
 Courant, kûr-ănt, *s.* a sprightly dance, &c. [haste]
 Courier, kô-ryér, *s.* a messenger sent in
 Course, kô-rse, *s.* a race, a career, a race-ground, a track in which a ship sails, order of succession, method of life, natural bent, number of dishes set at once upon the table—*v. a.* to hunt, to pursue, to force, to run—*v. n.* to run, to rove about
 Courser, kô-r-sér, *s.* a swift horse, a horse-racer
 Court, kôrt, *s.* the residence of a prince, a hall where justice is administered, a small opening enclosed with houses, persons assembled for the administration of justice—*v. a.* to make love to, to solicit
 Courtelage, kôrt-ŷ-lêdz, *s.* a yard or piece of ground beionging to a house
 Courteous, kôr-tyûs, *a.* elegant, of manners, well-bred
 Courtesan or Courtezan, kôr-tê-xân', *s.* a prostitute
 Courtesy, kûr-tê-sŷ, *s.* elegance of manners, civility
 Courtesy, kûrt-sŷ, *s.* the reverence made by women—*v. n.* to make a reverence
 Courtesan, kôr-tê-xân, *see* Courtesan
 Courtier, kôrt-yér, *s.* one that attends the courts of princes, a lover
 Courtleet, kôrt-lête, *s.* lord of a manor's court
 Courtlike, kôrt-lîkê, *a.* well-bred, polite
 Courtly, kôrt-lŷ, *a.* relating or appertaining to the court, elegant, soft, flattering [a woman]
 Courtship, kôrt-shŷp, *s.* making love to
 Cousin, kûz'n, *s.* any one collaterally related more remotely than a brother or sister [v. a. to depress]
 Cow, kôw', *s.* the female of the bull—
 Coward, kôw-ărd, *s.* a poltroon
 Cowardice, kôw-ărd-îs, *s.* fear, want of courage
 Cowardly, kôw-ărd-lŷ, *a.* like a coward—pusillanimous, fearful
 Cower, kôw'r, *v. n.* to sink by bending the knees [cows]
 Cow-herd, kôw-hêrd, *s.* one who tends
 Cowl, kôw'l, *s.* a monk's hood, a vessel for carrying water [rose]
 Cowslip, kôw-slŷp, *s.* a piece of prim
 Coxcomb, kôks-kômce, *s.* a cock's topping, a beau, a fop
 Coxcomical, kôks-kôm'Yk-ăl, *a.* pert, foppish, conceited [the cockboat]
 Coxswain, kôks-ôn, *s.* commander of
 Coy, kôŷ, *a.* modest, decent, reserved
 Cozen, kôzn, *v. a.* to cheat, to trick, to defraud [cheat]
 Cozenage, kôzn-êdz, *s.* fraud, deceit,
 Crab, krăb', *s.* a fish, a wild apple, a peevish person [difficult]
 Crabbed, krăb'-bêd, *a.* morose, peevish,
 Crack, krăk', *s.* a sudden noise, a chink, a boaster—*v. a.* to break into chinks
 Crack-brained, krăk-brănd, *a.* crazy
 Crackle, krăk'l, *v. n.* to make slight cracks, &c. [cake]
 Cracknel, krăk-nêl, *s.* a hard brittle
 Cradle, krăd'l, *s.* a bed for an infant, a case for a broken bone, a frame of timber for launching a ship
 Craft, krăft, *s.* trade, cunning, small vessel

shút, nôte, lôse, actór—hút, pûsh, mûte, fûr—truly, rýe—thus, thick.

Craftiness, kráf'-tý-nēs, *s.* cunning, stratagem [mechanic
Craftsman, kráf'ts-mán, *s.* an artificer, a
Crafty, kráf'-tý, *a.* cunning, artful
Crag, krág', *s.* a rough steep rock, the
nape of the neck [rocks
Craggy, krág'-gý, *a.* rugged, rough with
Cram, krám, *v. a.* to stuff, to eat
greedily—*v. n.* to eat beyond satiety
Crambo, krám'-bô, *s.* a play in which
one gives a word and another finds
a rhyme [led beyond satiety
Crammed, krám'-méd, *part.* stuffed, fil-
Cramp, krámp', *s.* a contraction of the
limbs, restriction, a bent piece of
iron—*a.* difficult, hard, knotty—*v. a.*
to restrain, to confine, to bind
Crampiron, krámp'-i-rôn, *s.* an iron to
fasten together
Cranch, or Craunch, kránsh', *v. a.* to
crash between the teeth
Crane, krá'ne, *s.* a bird, a machine, a
crooked pipe
Cranium, krá'-nyúm, *s.* the skull
Crank, krángk', *s.* end of an iron axis,
a conceit—*a.* healthy, lusty, easy to
be overset
Crackle, krángk'l, *v. n.* to run in and
out—*v. a.* to break into unequal
surfaces
Crannied, krán'-nyd, *a.* full of chinks
Cranny, krán'-ny, *s.* a chink, a fissure,
a crevice [ing
Crape, krá'pe, *s.* a thin stuff for mourn-
Crash, krásh', *s.* a loud mixed sound—
v. n. to make a loud complicated
noise—*v. a.* to break or bruise
Crisis, krá'-sýs, *s.* constitution, tempe-
rument [coarseness
Crassitude, krásh'-sít-túde, *s.* grossness,
Cratch, krásh', *s.* a frame in which
hay is put for cattle
Crater, krá'-tér, *s.* a cup, a bowl, the
mouth of a volcano
Cravat, krá'-vát, *s.* a neckcloth
Crave, krá'ye, *v. a.* to ask earnestly, to
long for [coward
Craven, krá'-v'n, *s.* a conquered cock, a
Craw, krá', *s.* the crop or stomach of
birds
Crawfish, krá'-fýsh, *s.* the river lobster
Crawl, krá'l, *v. n.* to creep, to move
slowly or as a worm
Crayon, krá'-ôn, *s.* a pencil, a roll of
paste to draw lines with, a picture
Crave, krá'ye, *v. a.* to break or crack
the brain

Crazy, krá'-zý, *a.* decrepit, feeble,
broken witted
Creak, kré'ke, *v. n.* to make a harsh noise
Cream, kré'me, *s.* the oily part of milk
Cream-faced, kré'm-fást, *a.* pale, wan
Crease, kré'se, *s.* a mark made by fold-
ing any thing—*v. a.* to mark by fold-
ing [duce, to cause
Create, kré'-á'te, *v. a.* to form, to pro-
Creation, kré'-á'-shún, *s.* act of creating,
the universe [to create
Creative, kré'-á'-tív, *a.* having the power
Creator, kré'-á'-tór, *s.* the Being that
bestows existence
Creature, kré'-túre, *s.* a being created,
a word of contempt or tenderness, a
dependant [reputation
Credence, kré'-dén's, *s.* belief, credit,
Credenda, kré'-dén'-dú, *s.* articles of faith
Credential, kré'-dén'-shál, *s.* title to cre-
dit [credit, probability
Credibility, kréd'-ý bíl'-ý-tý, *s.* a claim to
Credible, kréd'-ýb'l, *a.* worthy of credit,
likely
Credit, kréd'-ýt, *s.* belief, reputation,
trust reposed—*v. a.* to believe, trust,
confide in [estimable
Creditable, kréd'-ýt-é'b'l, *a.* reputable,
Creditor, kréd'-ýt-ór, *s.* one who trusts
or gives credit [belief
Credulity, kré'-dú'-lý-tý, *s.* easiness of
Credulous, kréd'-ú-lús, *a.* apt to believe,
unsuspecting
Creed, kré'de, *s.* a confession of faith
Creek, kré'ke, *s.* a small bay, a nook
Creep, kré'pe, *v. n.* to move slowly, to
fawn, to bend [on the ground
Creeping, krép'-ýng, *a.* moving slowly
Crenated, kré'-ná-téd, *a.* notched, jag-
ged, rough
Crenelle, kré'-né'l, *a.* embattled
Crepitate, krép'-ý-tá'te, *v. n.* to make a
low crackling noise
Crepuscule, kré'-pús'-kúle, *s.* twilight
Crepusculous, kré'-pús'-kú-lús, *a.* glim-
mering, dim
Crescent, krés'-sént, *a.* increasing, grow-
ing—*s.* an increasing moon
Cress, krés', *s.* a sort of water-herb
Cresset, krés'-sét, *s.* a light on a beacon
Crest, krést', *s.* a plume of feathers, a
tuft or ornament on the head, pride,
spirit, fire [plume or crest
Crested, krés'-téd, *a.* adorned with a
Crest-fallen, krést' fál'n, *a.* dejected
low, spiritless [chal
Cretaceous, kré'-táš-ús, *a.* having ch

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*Sounds.*—hăt, hâte, hăl, liăr—măt, dəsist, mē, hēr—chŭn, chŭne, fŭeld, shŭrt—  
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- Crevise, krĕv'-is, *s.* a crack, a cleft
 Crew, krĕw', *s.* a mean set of people, a ship's company [yarn, &c.]
 Crewel, krĕw'-el, *s.* a ball of worsted
 Crevet, krĕw'-et, *s.* a phial for oil or vinegar
 Crib, krĭb', *s.* a manger, a stall, a cot
 tage—*v. a.* to shut up, to steal privately [game at cards]
 Cribbage, krĭb'-bĕdz, *s.* the name of a game
 Cribble, krĭb'l, *s.* a sieve for clearing corn [stiffness in the neck]
 Crick, krĭk', *s.* the noise of a hinge, a Cricket, krĭk'-kĕt, *s.* a chirping insect, a sort of sport, a low stool [for sale]
 Crier, krĭ-ēr, *s.* one who cries goods
 Crime, krĭ-me, *s.* an offence, wickedness
 Criminal, krĭm'-in-ăl, *s.* a person accused, a felon—*a.* faulty, guilty
 Crimination, krĭm'-in-ă-shŭn, *s.* an accusation, a charge [ing to accuse]
 Criminatory, krĭm'-in-ă-tôr-y, *a.* tend.
 Criminous, krĭm'-in-ăs, *a.* wicked, iniquitous, guilty
 Crimp, krĭmp', *a.* crisp, brittle—*s.* one who kidnaps or inveigles men to enlist
 Crimple, krĭmp'l, *v. a.* to contract, to corrugate [colour]
 Crimson, krĭm'-zôn, *s.* a very deep red
 Crineum, krĭngk'-um, *s.* a cramp, a whimsy
 Cringe, krĭndzh', *s.* servile civility, mean reverence—*v. a.* to contract, to flatter—*v. n.* to bow, to fawn
 Crinkle, krĭngk'l, *v. n.* to run in wrinkles, &c.—*v. a.* to mould into inequalities—*s.* a wrinkle
 Crinose, krĭ-nôse, *a.* hairy, rough
 Cripple, krĭp'l, *s.* a lame person—*v. a.* to lame
 Crisis, krĭ-sŭs, *s.* a critical time or turn
 Crisp, krĭsp', *a.* curled, indented, brittle—*v. a.* to curl, to twist, to indent
 Crispation, krĭs-pă-shŭn, *s.* the act of curling
 Crispy, krĭs'-py, *a.* curled
 Criterion, krĭ-tĕ-ryôn, *s.* a standard whereby any thing is judged of
 Critic, krĭt'-ik, *s.* a person skilled in judging of literature, a censorer, a criticism [accurate]
 Critical, krĭt'-ik-ăl, *a.* nice, judicious,
Criticise, krĭt'-i-sŭze, v. n. to judge, to animadvert upon as faulty—*v. a.* to pass judgment upon
Criticism, krĭt'-i-sŭm, s. animadversion, critical remark
- Critique, krĭt'-ike, *s.* a criticism
 Croak, krôk'e, *s.* the cry of a frog or a raven [saffron]
 Croceous, krô-syús, *a.* yellow, like
 Crock, krôk', *s.* an earthen pot or vessel
 Crockery, krôk'-ēr-y, *s.* earthen ware
 Crocodile, krôk'-ô-dil, *s.* an amphibious voracious animal in shape resembling a lizard
 Crocus, krô-kús, *s.* an early flower
 Croft, krôft, *s.* a small close near a house [ance]
 Crony, krô-nŭ, *s.* an intimate acquaintance
 Crook, krôk', *s.* a crooked or bent stick—*v. a.* to bend, to pervert
 Crooked, krôk'-ed, *a.* bent, curved, perverse
 Crop, krôp', *s.* the claw of a bird, the harvest produce—*v. a.* to lop, to cut short [of a bishop]
 Crosier, krô-zhyér, *s.* the pastoral staff
 Croslet, krôs lét, *s.* a small cross
 Cross, krôs, *s.* a straight body laid at right angles over another, misfortune, vexation—*a.* transverse, perverse, peevish, fretful, contradictory—*v. a.* to lay one body athwart another, to sign with the cross, to mark out or cancel, to pass over, to thwart or vex [v. a.] to cheat
 Crossbite, krôs-bite, *s.* a deception—
 Cross-bow, krôs-bô, *s.* a weapon for shooting
 Crossgrained, krôs-gränd, *a.* having the fibres transverse, troublesome, ill-natured [tree]
 Crotch, krôtsh', *s.* a hook, the fork of a
 Crotchet, krôtsh'-et, *s.* a musical note equal to half a minim, a mark in printing formed thus [], a fancy, whim, conceit [stoop low, to fawn]
 Crouch, krôû'tsh, *v. n.* to crouch, to crouch, krô, *s.* a bird, an iron lever—*v. n.* to make a noise like a cock, to boast, to vapour
 Crowd, krôwd, *s.* a multitude, a mob—*v. a.* to press close together—*v. n.* to swarm
 Crowing, krô-ŭng, *s.* a cock's voice in triumph or defiance—*a.* boasting, challenging
 Crown, krôwn, *s.* a diadem, a garland, the top of the head, a silver coin—*v. a.* to invest with a crown, to adorn, to complete, to terminate
 Crown-glass, krôwn-glă's, *s.* the flues sort of window glass

shôt, nôte, lôse, actôr—hüt, pûsh, mâte, fûr—truly, rye—thus, thick.

Cruciate, krû'-shyâte, *v. a.* to torture, to torment [pot]

Crucible, krû'-sib'l, *s.* an earthen melting [down]

Crucifix, krû'-sif-iks, *s.* the figure of Christ upon the cross

Crucifixion, krû'-sif-ik-shûn, *s.* the act of nailing to a cross [body]

Crucify, krû'-sif-y, *v. a.* to nail or fasten to a cross [undigested]

Crude, krû'-de, *a.* raw, harsh, unripe,

Crudity, krû'-dit-y, *s.* indigestion

Cradle, krûd'l, *v. a.* to coagulate, to curdle [fierce]

Cruel, krû'-el, *a.* inhuman, hardhearted,

Cruelty, krû'-el-ty, *s.* inhumanity, barbarity [or oil]

Cruet, krû'-ët, *s.* a small vial for vinegar

Cruise, krû'-ze, *s.* a small cup, a voyage in search of plunder—*v. n.* to sail in search of an enemy

Cruiser, krû'-zer, *s.* a ship that cruises

Crum or Crumb, krûm', *s.* the soft part of bread, a small piece or fragment of bread

Crumble, krûm'b'l, *v. a.* to break into pieces—*v. n.* to fall into pieces

Crummy, krûm'-my, *a.* soit, full of crumbs

Crumple, krûmp'l, *v. a.* to wrinkle

Crumpling, krûmp'-ling, *s.* a small green cordling [a saddle tight]

Crupper, krûp'-pér, *s.* a leather to keep

Crural, krû'-râl, *a.* belonging to the leg

Crusade, krû'-sâ-de, or Crusado, krû'-sâ-dô, *s.* an expedition against infidels, a Portuguese coin [pot]

Cruset, krû'-sët, *s.* a goldsmith's melting

Crush, krûsh', *v. a.* to squeeze, to subdue, to bruise—*s.* a collision

Crust, krûsh', *s.* any shell or external coat, the case of a pye, outward part of bread [with joints]

Crustaceous, krûs-tâ-shûs, *a.* shelly,

Crusty, krûs'-ty, *a.* covered with a crust, morose, snappish [ples]

Crutch, krûsh', *s.* support used by cripple

Cry, krý, *v. n.* to call, to proclaim, to exclaim, to weep—*v. a.* to proclaim—*s.* a shrieking, a weeping, &c.

Cryptic, krýp'-tik, *a.* hidden, secret

Cryptography, krýp-tôg-râ-fý, *s.* the art of writing secret characters, cyphers

Crystal, krýs'-tâl, *s.* a sort of transparent stone [transparent, clear]

Crystalline, krýs'-tâl-line, *a.* bright,

Crystallize, krýs'-tâl-lize, *v. a.* to congeal or coalesce into crystals

Cub, kûb', *s.* the young of a beast, generally of a bear or fox—*v. a.* to bring forth [down]

Cubation, kû-bâ-shûn, *s.* act of lying

Cubatory, kû-bâ-tôr-y, *a.* recumbent

Cubature, kû'-bâ-tûre, *s.* the solid contents of a body [body]

Cube, kû-be, *s.* a square, a die, a solid

Cubic, kû'-bik, *a.* formed like a cube

Cubit, kû'-bit, *s.* a measure of eighteen inches

Cucking-stool, kûk'-yng-stô'le, *s.* an engine for ducking scolds

Cuckold, kûk'-hóld, *s.* the husband of an adulteress—*v. a.* to commit adultery [being a cuckold]

Cuckoldom, kûk'-ól-dóm, *s.* state of Cuckow, kûk'-kô, *s.* a bird, a word of contempt [its fruit]

Cucumber, kû'-kûm-bér, *s.* a plant and Cucurbite, kû'-kûr-bit, *s.* a chymical vessel

Cud, kûd', *s.* food repositied in the first stomach of an animal in order to be chewed again

Cuddle, kûd'l, *v. a.* to lie close, to hug

Cudgel, kûdz'h'-él, *s.* a fighting stick—*v. a.* to beat with a stick

Cue, kû, *s.* the end of any thing, a hint

Cuff, kûf', *s.* a blow, a box, part of a sleeve—*v. n.* to fight, to scuffle—*v. a.* to strike with the fist

Cuirass, kî'-râs, *s.* a breastplate

Cuirassier, kî'-râs-sîr, *s.* a soldier in armour [kitchen]

Culinary, kû'-ly-nâr-y, *a.* relating to the

Cull, kûl', *v. a.* to select from others

Cullender, kûl'-in-â-r, *s.* kitchen sieve, a strainer

Cully, kûl'-ly, *s.* a man deceived

Culm, kûlm', *s.* small coal

Culminate, kûl'-mîn-âte, *v. n.* to be in the meridian [able]

Culpable, kûl'-péb'l, *a.* criminal, blame-

Culprit, kûl'-prît, *s.* a man arraigned before a judge [nure, improve]

Cultivate, kûl'-tî-vâte, *v. a.* to till, ma-

Cultivation, kûl-tî-vâ-shûn, *s.* the act of improving soils, &c.

Culture, kûl'-tûre, *s.* the act of cultivation—*v. a.* to cultivate, to till

Culver, kûl'-vér, *s.* a pigeon

Culverin, kûl'-vér-in, *s.* a species of ordinance

Cumber, kûm'-bér, *v. a.* to embarrass to entangle

Sounds.—hât, hâte, hâll, hiâr—mêt, dêsist, mê, hér—chîn, chine, field, shift—

- Cumbersome**, kûm-bér-sóm, *a.* burdensome, troublesome, unmanageable
Cumbrous, kûm-brús, *s.* burthensome, troublesome [together
Cumulate, kû-mâ-lâte, *v. a.* to heap
Cuneated, kû-nyâ-têd, *a.* formed like a wedge
Cunning, kûn-nyng, *a.* skilful, subtle, crafty—*s.* artifice, slyness
Cup, kûp, *s.* a drinking vessel, part of a flower—*v. a.* to draw blood by applying cupping-glasses
Cupbearer, kûp-bâ-rér, *s.* an officer of the household [victuals
Cupboard, kûp-bórd, *s.* a repository for
Cupel, kû-pél, *s.* a refining vessel
Cupidity, kû píd'-y-tý, *s.* unlawful desire
Cupola, kû-pô-lâ, *s.* a dome, an arched roof [scarification
Cupping, kûp'-yng, *s.* drawing blood by
Cur, kûr, *s.* a dog, a snappish person
Curacy, kû-râ-sý, *s.* office of a curate
Curate, kû-rét, *s.* a clergyman who officiates for another, a parish priest
Curb, kûrb, *s.* a part of a bridle, restraint—*v. a.* to restrain, to check, to bridle
Curd, kûrd, *s.* the coagulation of milk—*v. a.* to turn to curds
Curdle, kûrdl, *v. n.* to turn into curds
Cure, kûrc, *s.* a remedy, act of healing, employment of a clergyman—*v. a.* to heal, to restore to health, to salt
Curfew, kûr-fû, *s.* the eight o'clock bell, a fire plate [ness, rarity
Curiosity, kû ryôs'-y-tý, *s.* inquisitive-
Curious, kû-ryus, *s.* inquisitive, rare, nice
Curly, kûrl, *s.* a ringlet of hair, a gentle raffling wave—*v. a.* to turn into ringlets, to twist—*v. n.* to twist itself
Curlew, kûr-lâ, *s.* a kind of water-fowl
Curmudgeon, kûr-mud'-zhôn, *s.* an avaricious fellow, a churl, a miser, a niggard [and its fruit
Current, kûr-ránt, *s.* the name of a tree
Curriency, kûr-rén-sý, *s.* circulation of cash or paper, general esteem
Current, kûr-rént, *a.* circulatory, general, popular—*s.* a running stream
Charioteer, kûr-rík', *s.* a two wheel chaise drawn by two horses
Currier, kûr'-yér, *s.* a dresser of leather
Curry, kûr'-ry, *v. a.* to dress leather, to
Currycomb, kûr'-ry-kôme, *s.* an iron comb for horses
Curse, kûr's, *s.* a bad wish, torment, vexation—*v. a.* to wish evil to, to afflict [detestable
Cursed, kûr'-sêd, *part.* under a curse,
Cursor, kûr-sý-tór, *s.* a clerk in chancery [less
Cursory, kûr'-sór-y, *a.* hasty, quick, care-
Curtil, kûr-tâle, *v. a.* to cut off, to shorten
Curtain, kûr'-tîn, *s.* furniture of a bed or window, fortification—*v. a.* to enclose with curtains
Curtation, kûr-tâ-shôn, *s.* a term in astronomy, the distance of a star from the ecliptic [bend
Curvature, kûr'-vâ-tûre, *s.* crookedness,
Curve, kûrv', *a.* crooked, bent—*s.* any thing bent—*v. a.* to bend, to crook
Curvet, kûr-vét', *v. a.* to leap, bound, prance—*s.* a leap, a frolic, a prank
Curvilinear, kûr-vî-lîn-yâr, *a.* having crooked lines [or soft seat
Cushion, kûsh'-tîn, *s.* a kind of pillow
Cusp, kûsp, *s.* the horn of the moon or other luminary, a point [point
Cusped, kûs'-pâ-têd, *a.* ending in a
Custard, kûs'-târd, *s.* a sweet food made by boiling eggs with milk and sugar
Custody, kûs'-tôd-y, *s.* imprisonment, care, security
Custom, kûs'-tóm, *s.* habit, fashion, usage, duty or tax on imports or exports [common
Customary, kûs'-tóm-âr-y, *a.* habitual,
Customer, kûs'-tóm-ér, *s.* one who buys
Customhouse, kûs'-tóm-hôûs, *s.* a house where duties on imports or exports are collected
Cut, kût, *v. a.* to divide, hew, carve—*s.* a cleft or wound made with an edged tool, a printed picture, fashion, form, shape [the skin
Cutaneous, kû-tâ-nyûs, *a.* relating to
Cuticle, kû'-týk'l, *s.* the outermost skin the scarf skin [the skin
Cuticular, kû-týk'-û-lâr, *a.* belonging to
Cutlass, kût'-lâs, *s.* a broad cutting sword, [knives, &c.
Cutler, kût'-lér, *s.* one who makes
Cutter, kût'-tér, *s.* one who cuts, a swift sailing vessel [an assassin
Cut-throat, kût'-thrôte, *s.* a murderer,
Cutting, kût'-tîng, *s.* a piece cut off, a branch
Cuttle, kûtl, *s.* a fish, a foul-mouthed fellow
Cycle, sý'k'l, *s.* a circle, a round of time

shút, móte, lóse, actór—hút, púsh, máte, fúr—truly, sýe —thus, thick.

Cycloid, sý-kí-lí-d, *s.* a figure of the circular triad

Cyclopaedia, sý-kí-lí-pé-dýá, *s.* a circle of knowledge, a course of the sciences

Cygnét, sýg-nét, *s.* a young swan

Cylinder, sýl-in-dér, *s.* a long round body, a roller, &c.

Cylindric, sý-lín-drík, *a.* like a cylinder

Cymbal, sým-bál, *s.* a musical instrument

Cynic, sýn-ík, *a.* churlish, snarling, satirical—*s.* a follower of Diogenes, a snarler

Cynosure, sý-nó-súre, *s.* the north polar star

Cyon, sý-ón, *s.* a young shoot of a tree
Cypress, sý-prés, *s.* a tree, an emblem of mourning

Cyprus, sý-prús, *s.* a thin silk gauze a rush

Cyst, sýst, *s.* a bag containing mortua matter

Czar, zár, *s.* the title of the emperor of Russia

Czarina, zá-rí-ná, *s.* the title of the empress of Russia

D.

DAB, dáb, *v. a.* to strike gently—*s.* a small lump, a gentle blow, an artist, a flat fish

Dabble, dáb'l, *v. a.* to daub, to wet—*v. n.* to play in water or mud, to tamper

Decapo, dé-ká-pó, *ad.* over again

Dace, dáse, *s.* a small fish resembling a roach

Dactyle, dák'týl, *s.* a poetical foot of one long syllable and two short

Dad, dád, ordád-dý, *s.* children's names of father

Dæmon, dé-món, *s.* an evil spirit
Dæmoniac, dé-mó-nyák, *s.* one possessed with a devil

Daffodil, dáf-fó-dýl, or Daffodilly, dáf-tó-dýl-lý, *s.* a kind of lilly

Daft, dáft, *v. n.* to toss aside

Dagger, dág-gér, *s.* a short sword, a poniard [mire or water

Daggle, dág'l, *v. a.* to dip negligently in
Daggletail, dág'l-táile, *n.* bemired—*s.* a slattern

Daily, dá'ly, *a.* happening every day

Dainty, dá'n-tý, *a.* delicate, nice—*s.* a delicacy

Dairy, dá-rý, *s.* a milk farm or house
Dairymaid, dá-rý-máde, *s.* the woman servant who attends the dairy

Daisy, dá'sý, *s.* a common spring flower

Dale, dá'le, *v.* a vale, a valley

Dalliance, dál'lyáns, *s.* fondness, caresses

Dally, dál'ly, *v. n.* to trifle, to fondle—to put off, to delay

Dam, dâm, *s.* the mother of brutes, a mole or bank—*v. a.* to confine, to shut up by males or dams

Damage, dâm-édzh, *s.* mischief, loss hurt—*v. a.* to injure, to impair

Damask, dâm'ísk, *s.* linen or silk woven in flowers—*v. a.* to weave in flowers
Dame, dá'me, *s.* an old title of honour for women, a mistress of a family, women in general

Damn, dâm, *v. a.* to doom to torments in a future state, to curse, to condemn

Damnably, dâm-néb'l, *a.* deserving damnation, odious, detestable

Damnation, dâm-ná-shún, *s.* condemnation to eternal punishment

Damned, dâm'd, *part.* cursed, detestable
Damnify, dâm-ný-fý, *v. a.* to injure, to hurt, to impair

Damp, dämp, *a.* moist, dejected—*s.* fog, moisture, dejection—*v. a.* to wet, to moisten, to depress

Damsel, dâm-zél, *s.* a young maiden, a country-lass

Damson, dâm-z'n, *s.* a small black plum
Dance, dâns, *v. n.* to move in measure—*v. a.* to make to dance—*s.* motion of one or more in concert

Dancing, dâns'ýng, *s.* act or art of moving to music [a plant

Dandelion, dâc-dé-lí-ón, *s.* the name of

Dandle, dánd'l, *v. a.* to fondle, to play

Dandriff, dân-dríf, *s.* scurf, &c. on the head [Dances

Danegelt, dâne-gélt, *s.* tax paid to the

Danewort, dânc-wórt, *s.* a species of elder [v. a. to endanger

Danger, dâ'n-dahér, *s.* risk, hazard—*a.* dangerous, dâ'n-dahér-ós, *a.* dangerous, hazardous, perilous

Sounds—hăt, hâte, hăll, liăr,—măt, dăsiat, măt, hăr,—chîn, chine, field, shăt—

- Dangle**, dăng-g'l, *v. n.* to hang loose, to follow
- Dank**, dănk', *a.* damp, moist
- Dapper**, dăp-për, *a.* little and active, neat, tight
- Dapple**, dăp'l, *a.* of various colours, streaked—*v. a.* to streak, vary
- Dare**, dă're, *v. a.* to challenge, to defy
- Daring**, dă-rîng, *a.* bold, fearless
- Dark**, dărk, *a.* without light, obscure, blind—*s.* darkness, obscurity
- Darken**, dărk'n, *v. a.* to make dark, to cloud, to perplex *v. n.* to grow dark
- Darkish**, dărk-ish, *a.* inclining to darkness [of light]
- Darkness**, dărk-nēs, *s.* obscurity, absence
- Darksome**, dărk-sóm, *a.* gloomy, obscure [a favourite]
- Darling**, dă'r-lîng, *a.* dear, beloved—*s.*
- Darn**, dărn, *v. a.* to mend holes
- Darnel**, dă'r-něl, *s.* a sort of weed
- Dart**, dă'rt, *s.* a weapon thrown by the hand
- Dash**, dăsh', *v. a.* to throw suddenly against, to bespatter, to sketch in haste, to blot out, to make ashamed—*s.* a blow, a mark as—
- Dastard**, dăs-tărd, *s.* a coward, a poltroon [date, to terrify]
- Dastardise**, dăs-tăr-dîze, *v. a.* to intimidate
- Dastardly**, dăs-tărd-lý, *ad.* cowardly, meanly
- Date**, dă'te, *s.* the precise time at which a letter is written or any thing done, the fruit of the Palm tree—*v. a.* to note the precise time [in Latin]
- Dative**, dă'tiv, *a.* third of the six cases
- Daub**, dă'b, *v. a.* to smear, to paint coarsely, to flatter [a woman]
- Daughter**, dă'tér, *s.* a female offspring,
- Daunt**, dă'nt, *v. a.* to discourage, to intimidate
- Daw**, dă', *s.* a sort of bird
- Dawn**, dă'n, *v. n.* to grow light, to glimmer, to open—*s.* the break of day, beginning
- Day**, dă', *s.* the time from the rising to the setting of the sun, light, sunshine
- Daybook**, dă'bók, *s.* a tradesman's journal [pearance of light]
- Daybreak**, dă-brêke, *s.* dawn, first ap-
- Daylight**, dă-lite, *s.* the light of the day
- Daystar**, dă-stăr, *s.* the morning star
- Dazzel**, dăs'l, *v. a.* to overpower with light—*v. n.* to be overpowered with light [the clergy]
- Deacon**, dă'k'n, *s.* one of the lowest of
- Dead**, dăd, *a.* deprived of life, dull, spiritless [vapid or spiritless]
- Deaden**, dăd'n, *v. a.* to weaken, to make
- Deadly**, dăd-ly, *a.* mortal, destructive
- Deaf**, dăf', *a.* wanting the sense of hearing
- Deafen**, dăf'n, *v. a.* to make deaf
- Deafness**, dăf-nēs, *s.* dullness of hearing
- Deaforest**, dă-af-sō-rĕst, *v. n.* to break up a forest
- Deal**, dă'le, *s.* a quantity, fir wood—*v. a.* to distribute, to give each his due—*v. n.* to traffic, to trade [bleaching]
- Dealbation**, dă-l-bă-shŭn, *s.* the act of
- Dealer**, dă-lér, *s.* one who traffics
- Dealing**, dă-lîng, *s.* practice, intercourse, traffic [a diocese]
- Dean**, dă'ne, *s.* the second dignitary of
- Deanery**, dă'n-ér-y, *s.* the office or house of a dean
- Dear**, dă're, *a.* beloved, costly
- Dearness**, dă're-nēs, *s.* scarcity, high price [ness]
- Dearth**, dă'rth', *s.* scarcity, want, barren-
- Dearticulate**, dă-ăr-tĭk'-ă-lăte, *v. a.* to disjoint, to dismember [mortality]
- Death**, dăth', *s.* the extinction of life,
- Deathlike**, dăth'-like, *a.* resembling death, still
- Death-watch**, dăth-wătsh, *s.* a small insect that makes a tinkling noise, superstitiously imagined to prognosticate death [gilding]
- Deauration**, dă-ă-ră-shŭn, *s.* the act of
- Debar**, dă-băr, *v. a.* to exclude, to preclude
- Debark**, dă-băr'k, *v. a.* to disembark
- Debase**, dă-bă'se, *v. a.* to lessen, to adulterate, to degrade
- Debate**, dă-bă'te, *s.* a controversy, a contest, a quarrel—*v. a.* to dispute, to contest—*v. n.* to deliberate, to argue [vitiare, to ruin]
- Debauch**, dă-bă'tsh, *v. a.* to corrupt, to
- Debauchee**, dăb-ă-shé', *s.* a rake, a drunkard [intemperance]
- Debauchery**, dă-bă'tsh-ér-y, *s.* lewdness,
- Debel**, dă-bél', or **Debellate**, dă-bél-lăte, *v. a.* to conquer in war
- Debenture**, dă-bĕn-tŭre, *s.* a writ or note by which a debt is claimed
- Debile**, dăb'-il, *a.* weak, feeble, languid
- Debilitate**, dă-bĭl'-yătē, *v. a.* to weaken
- Debility**, dă-bĭl'-yătē, *s.* weakness, feebleness
- Debonair**, dăb-ō-nă're, *a.* elegant, civil, well bred, obese.

shōt, nōte, lōse, actōr—lūt, pūsh, mūte, fūr—truf, rye—thus, thick.

- Debt**, dēt, *s.* that which one man owes to another [uey, &c.]
- Debtor**, dēt-ōr, *s.* one that owes money
- Decade**, dē-kād, *s.* the sum or number of ten [equal sides]
- Decagon**, dēk'-ā-gōn, *s.* a figure of ten
- Decalogue**, dēk'-ā-lōg, *s.* the ten commandments [camp, to move off]
- Decamp**, dē-kāmp', *v. a.* to shift the
- Decant**, dē-kānt', *v. a.* to pour off gently
- Decanter**, kē-kān-tēr, *s.* a glass vessel for liquor
- Decapitate**, dē-kāp'-y-tāte, *v. a.* to behead
- Decay**, dē-kā', *v. n.* to decline, to rot—*v. a.* to impair, to bring to decay—*s.* a decline, a falling away
- Decase**, dē-sēse, *s.* death, departure from life—*v. n.* to die
- Deceit**, dē-sēte, *s.* fraud, cheat, artifice
- Deceive**, dē-sēve, *v. a.* to mislead, to delude [of the year]
- December**, dē-sēm-bēr, *s.* the last month
- Decemvirate**, dē-sēm-vīr-ēt, *s.* a government by ten rulers
- Decency**, dē-sén-sy, *s.* modesty, propriety of behaviour [years]
- Decennial**, dē-sén-nyal, *a.* space of ten
- Decent**, dē-sént, *a.* becoming, suitable, modest
- Deceptible**, dē-sēp'-tīb'l, *a.* liable to be deceived [fraud, a beguiling]
- Deception**, dē-sēp'-shūn, *s.* a cheat, a
- Deceptive**, dē-sēp'-tīv, *a.* able to deceive
- Decession**, dē-sēs-syōn, *s.* a departure, going away [settle]
- Decide**, dē-sīde, *v. a.* to determine, to
- Deciduous**, dē-sīd'-ūus, *a.* falling off, not perennial
- Decimal**, dēs'-y-māl, *a.* numbered by tens
- Decimation**, dēs'-y-mā'-shūn, *s.* a selection of every tenth [ravel, unfold]
- Decipher**, dē-sī-fēr, *v. a.* to explain, un-
- Decision**, dē-sīzh'-ōn, *s.* the termination of a difference
- Decisive**, dē-sī-siv, *a.* conclusive
- Deck**, dēk', *v. a.* to dress, to adorn, to cover—*s.* the floor of a ship, a pile of cards [to inveigh]
- Declass**, dē-kla'se, *v. n.* to harangue
- Declamation**, dēk'-lā-mā'-shūn, *s.* an harangue [ing to the passions]
- Declamatory**, dē-khām'-ā-tōr-ē, *a.* appeal-
- Declaration**, dēk'-lā-rā'-shūn, *s.* a publication, an affirmation
- Declarative**, dē-khlā-rā-tiv, *a.* explanatory, proclaiming [live, expressive]
- Declaratory**, dē-khlā-rā-tōr-ē, *a.* affirming
- Declare**, dē-klē're, *v. a.* to make known, to proclaim [descent, inflexion]
- Declension**, dē-klēn'-shūn, *s.* declination
- Declination**, dēk'-lī-nā'-shūn, *s.* descent, distance from [ment in dialling]
- Declinator**, dē-kly'-nā'-tōr, *s.* an instru-
- Decline**, dē-kline, *v. n.* to lean, to deviate, to refuse, to decay—*v. a.* to bend downward, to refuse, to modify by various terminations—*s.* a decay
- Declivity**, dē-khv'-y-tē, *s.* gradual descent
- Decoct**, dē-kōk't, *v. a.* to boil, to digest
- Decoction**, dē-kōk'-shūn, *s.* a preparation by boiling [of beheading]
- Decollation**, dē-kōl-lā'-shūn, *s.* the act
- Decompose**, dē-kōm-pōze, *v. a.* to resolve into its component parts
- Decomposition**, dē-kōm-pō-zīsh'-ān, *s.* a chymical resolution of a compound into its component parts
- Decomponent**, dē-kōm-pōūnd, *v. a.* to separate compounds [embellish]
- Decorate**, dēk'-ō-rāt, *v. d.* to adorn, to
- Decoration**, dēk'-ō-rā'-shūn, *s.* an ornament, added beauty [economize]
- Decorous**, dēk'-ō-rūs, *a.* decent, suitable
- Decorum**, dē-kō-rūm, *s.* decency, solemnity
- Decoy**, dē-kōy', *v. a.* to allure, to ensnare—*s.* a place to catch wild fowls
- Decoyduck**, dē-kōy'-dūk, *s.* a duck that lures others
- Decrease**, dē-kre'se, *v. n.* to grow less —*v. a.* to diminish—*s.* diminution, decay
- Decree**, dē-krē', *v. n.* to make an edict —*v. a.* to doom by a decree—*s.* an edict, law, determination
- Decrement**, dēk'-rē-mēnt, *s.* decrease, state of growing less [by age]
- Derrepit**, dē-krēp'-it, *a.* wasted and worn
- Decrepitation**, dē-krēp'-y-tā'-shūn, *s.* a cracking noise [stage of old age]
- Decrepitude**, dē-krēp'-y-tūde, *s.* the last
- Decrecent**, dē-krēs'-sēt, *a.* growing less
- Decretal**, dē-krē'-tāl, *a.* appertaining to a decree—*s.* a book of decrees or edicts [critique]
- Decratory**, dē-krē-tōr-ē, *a.* judicial, legal
- Decry**, dē-krē', *v. a.* to censure, blame
- Decumbence**, dē-kūm'-bens, *s.* the act of lying down
- Decuple**, dēk'-ūp'l, *a.* tenfold [of ten]
- Decurion**, dē-kū-ryōn, *s.* a connection
- Decursion**, dē-kūr'-shūn, *s.* the act of running down

Sounds.—hăt, hâte, hăl, liér—mêt, dêsist, mē, hēr—chŭn, chine, fiêd, shîrt—

- Decussate**, dē-kŭs'-sâte, *v. a.* to intersect at acute angles [grace]
Decorate, dē-dēk'-ô-râte, *v. a.* to dis-
Dedicate, dēd'-y-kâte, *v. a.* to devote or inscribe to
Dedication, dēd'-y-kâ-shŭn, *s.* consecration, address to a patron [from]
Deduce, dē-dŭ'se, *v. a.* to gather or infer
Deducible, dē-dŭ'-sib'l, *a.* that which may be inferred [take away]
Deduct, dē-dŭk't, *v. a.* to subtract, to
Deduction, dē-dŭk'-shŭn, *s.* an abatement, an inference
Deductive, dē-dŭk'-tŭv, *a.* deducible
Deed, dē'de, *s.* an action, an exploit, a fact [clude, to think]
Deem, dē'me, *v. n.* to judge, to con-
Deep, dē'pe, *a.* far to the bottom, sagacious—*s.* the sea, the most still part
Deepen, dēp'-én, *v. a.* to make deeper
Deer, dē're, *s.* a forest animal hunted for venison [to disfigure]
Deface, dē-fâ'se, *v. a.* to destroy, to raze,
Defalcate, dē-fâl'-kâte, *v. a.* to cut or lop off [tion]
Defalcation, dē-fâl'-kâ-shŭn, *s.* diminution
Defamation, dēf-âm'-â-shŭn, *s.* the act of defaming, slander [ous]
Defamatory, dē fâm'-â-tôr-y, *a.* slander-
Defame, dē-fâ'me, *v. a.* to censure falsely [defect]
Default, dē-fâl't, *s.* an omission, failure,
Defiance, dē-fē'-zéns, *s.* act of annulling [may be annulled]
Defeasible, dē-fē'-zib'l, *a.* that which
Defeat, dē-fē't, *s.* an overthrow, a deprivation—*v. u.* to overthrow, to frustrate [cleanse]
Defecate, dēf'-ē-kâte, *v. a.* to purify, to
Defecation, dēf-ē-kâ-shŭn, *s.* purification
Defect, dē-fēk't, *s.* a fault, a blemish
Defectible, dē-fēk'-tŭb'l, *a.* imperfect, deficient [tacy, revolt]
Defection, dē-fēk'-shŭn, *a.* failure, apostasy
Defective, dē-fēk'-tŭv, *a.* full of defects, imperfect [ling]
Defiance, dē-fē'-zéns, *s.* act of annulling
Defence, dē-fēns, *s.* a guard, vindication, resistance [dicate, forbid]
Defend, dē-fēnd, *v. a.* to protect, vin-
Defendant, dē-fēn'-dēt, *s.* the person prosecuted
Defender, dē fēn'-dér, *s.* one who defends another, a champion
Defensible, dē-fēn'-sib'l, *a.* that may be defended, justifiable
Defensive, dē-fēn'-sŭv, *a.* proper for defence—*s.* safeguard, state of defence
Defer, dē-fēr', *v. n.* to put off, to delay—*v. a.* to leave to another's judgment
Deference, dēf'-ēr-éns, *s.* respect, submission [ries or conveys]
Deferent, dēf'-ēr-ént, *s.* that which car-
Defiance, dē-fy'-éns, *s.* a challenge, expression of contempt
Deficient, dē-fŭsh'-ént, *a.* failing, wanting, defective
Defile, dē-fŭle, *v. a.* to make foul, pollute, vitiate—*s.* a narrow passage
Defilement, dē-file-mént, *s.* pollution, impurity
Define, dē-fŭne, *v. a.* to explain, circumscribe—*v. n.* to determine
Definite, dēf-in'-ŭt, *a.* certain, limited, precise—*s.* a thing explained
Definition, dēf-in-shŭn, *s.* a description of any thing by its properties
Definitive, dēf-in'-ŭt-ŭv, *a.* determinate, express, positive
Deflagration, dē-flâ-grâ'-shŭn, *s.* the act of consuming by fire
Deflect, dē-flēk't, *v. n.* to turn aside
Deflection, dē-flēk'-shŭn, *s.* deviation, act of turning aside
Deflexure, dē-flēk'-shŭre, *s.* a bending down, a deflection
Defloration, dē-flô-râ'-shŭn, *s.* the act of deflouring, selection of what is best
Deflour, dē-flô'ŭr, *v. a.* to ravish, to take away the beauty of a thing
Defluous, dēf'-flŭ-ŭs, *a.* that flows down or falls off [humours downwards]
Defluxion, dē-flŭk'-shŭn, *s.* the flow of
Deforcement, dē-fôr'se-mént, *s.* a withholding property by force
Deform, dē-fôr'm, *v. a.* to disfigure, to dishonour [crooked]
Deformed, dē-fôr'm'-éd, *part.* disfigured,
Deformity, dē-fôr'mŭ-tŭ, *s.* ugliness, crookedness
Defraud, dē-frâ'd, *v. a.* to rob by a trick
Defray, dē-frâ', *v. a.* to bear charges of expences
Deft, dēft, *a.* neat, proper, dexterous
Defunct, dē-fŭngk't, *a.* dead, extinct—*s.* a dead person
Defy, dē-fy' *v. a.* to challenge, to slight
Degeneracy, dē-gén'-ér-â-sŭ, *s.* inferior to ancestors, apostasy
Degenerate, dē-dzhén'-ér-âte, *v. n.* to decay in virtue or kind
Degenerate, dē-dzhén-ér-â-sŭ, *a.* unlike his ancestors, unworthy, base.

shòt, nòte, lòse, actòr—hùt, pūsh, mūte, fūr—trulŷ, rŷe—thus, thick.

- Degenerous**, dē-shēn'-ér-ús, *a.* degenerated, vile, base [swallowing]
- Deglutition**, dē-glā-tŷsh'-lín, *s.* the act of
- Degradation**, dē-grā-dā'-shūn, *s.* deprivation of office or dignity, degeneracy
- Degrade**, dē-grā'de, *v. a.* to place lower, to lessen
- Degree**, dē-gré, *s.* quality, station, class, the 360th part of a circle, 60 geographical miles
- Dehort**, dē-hòrt, *v. a.* to dissuade
- Dehortation**, dē-hòr-tā'-shūn, *s.* dissuasion [afflict, grieve]
- Deject**, dē-dzhék't, *v. a.* to cast down,
- Dejection**, dē-dzhék'-shūn, *s.* melancholy, weakness
- Dejecture**, dē-dzhék'-tūre, *s.* excrement
- Deification**, dē-ī-fī-kā'-shūn, *s.* the act of making a god [to adore]
- Deify**, dē-ī-fī-y, *v. a.* to make a god of,
- Deign**, dā'ne, *v. n.* to vouchsafe, to think worthy—*v. a.* to grant
- Deism**, dē-ī-zm, *s.* the opinion of those who acknowledge one God, but deny revealed religion
- Deist**, dē-ī-st, *s.* a professor of deism
- Deistical**, dē-ī-s'tī-kāl, *a.* belonging to deism
- Deity**, dē-ī-tŷ, *s.* Divine Being, God
- Delapsed**, dē-lāp'st, *a.* bearing or falling down
- Delate**, dē-lā'te, *v. a.* to carry, convey
- Delation**, dē-lā'-shūn, *s.* a conveyance, an accusation
- Delay**, dē-lā', *v. a.* to defer, to frustrate—*v. n.* to stop—*s.* procrastination, stay, stop [lightful]
- Delectable**, dē-lék'-téb'l, *a.* pleasing, de-
- Delectation**, dē-lék-tā'-shūn, *s.* pleasure, delight [to intrust]
- Delegate**, dēl'-ē-gāte, *v. a.* to send away,
- Delegate**, dēl'-ē-gēt, *s.* a deputy, a commissioner [tive, deadly]
- Deleterious**, dēl'-ē-tē-ryús, *a.* destructive
- Deletion**, dē-lē'-shūn, *s.* the act of blotting out, destruction [earthen ware]
- Delf**, or **Delfe**, dēl', *s.* a mine, a quarry,
- Deliberate**, dē-līb'-ér-āte, *v. n.* to think, to hesitate, to muse [wary, slow]
- Deliberate**, dē-līb'-ér-ēt, *a.* circumspect,
- Deliberation**, dē-līb'-ér-ā'-shūn, *s.* circumspection, thought
- Delicacy**, dēl'-ī-kā-sŷ, *s.* daintiness, nicety, politeness [lite]
- Delicate**, dēl'-ī-kēt, *a.* nice, dainty, po-
- Delicious**, dē-līsh'-ús, *a.* sweet, grate-ful, pleasant
- Deligation**, dēl'-ī-gā'-shūn, *s.* the act of binding up
- Delight**, dē-lī'te, *s.* joy, satisfaction, pleasure—*v. a.* to please, to satisfy—*v. n.* to have delight or pleasure
- Delineate**, dē-līn'-yāte, *v. a.* to design, sketch, paint
- Delineation**, dē-līn-yā'-shūn, *s.* outlines of a picture, a sketch
- Delinquency**, dēl'-īn-kwēn-sŷ, *s.* a fault, failure in duty [fender]
- Delinquent**, dē-līng'-kwént, *s.* an of-
- Delirious**, dē-līr-yús, *a.* light-headed, raving, doting [mind, dotage]
- Delirium**, dē-līr-yūm, *s.* alienation of
- Deliver**, dē-līv'-ér, *v. a.* to give up, to release, to rescue [childbirth]
- Delivery**, dē-līv'-ér-y, *s.* a release, rescue,
- Dell**, dēl', *s.* a pit, a valley
- Delude**, dē-lū'de, *v. a.* to cheat, to deceive, to debauch
- Delve**, dēlv', *s.* a ditch, a pitfall, a den *v. a.* to dig, to fathom, to sift
- Deluge**, dēl'-ūdzh, *s.* a general inundation—*v. a.* to drown, to overwhelm
- Delusion**, dē-lū'-zhūn, *s.* a cheat, a deception [sór-y, *a.* apt to deceive]
- Delusive**, dē-lū'-siv, or **Delusory**, dē-lū'-
- Demagogue**, dēm'-a-gōg, *s.* the ring leader of a faction
- Demand**, dē-mā'nd, *s.* a claim, a question, a call—*v. a.* to claim with authority [tiff in an action]
- Demandant**, dē-mā'n-dēnt, *s.* the plain-
- Deme**, dē'me, *v. a.* to determine, to judge [lessen, to debase]
- Demean**, dē-mé'ne, *v. a.* to behave, to
- Demcanour**, dē-mé'-nór, *s.* carriage, behaviour [ness, a delirious state]
- Dementation**, dē-mēn-tā'-shūn, *s.* mad-
- Demerit**, dē mēr'īt, *s.* one ill deserving—*v. a.* to deserve punishment
- Demesne**, dē-mā'ne, *s.* a patrimonial estate
- Demi**, dēm'-ī, *a.* half
- Demi-devil**, dēm'-ī-dēv'l, *s.* half a devil
- Demi-god**, dēm'-ī-gōd, *s.* partaking of divine nature, half a god
- Demise**, dē-mī'se, *s.* death, decease—*v. a.* to bequeath at one's death
- Demission**, dē-mīsh'-ūn, *s.* degradation, depression [grade]
- Demit**, dē-mīt, *v. a.* to depress, to de-
- Democracy**, dēm-ōk'rā-sŷ, *s.* popular government
- Democratical**, dēm-ō-krit'ī-kāl, *a.* relating to democracy

Sounds—hât, hâte, hâll, liâr—mêt, dësiat, mē, hēr—chyn, chine, ffield, shîrt.

- Demolish**, dē-mōl'ish, *v. a.* to destroy, to overthrow
- Demolition**, dēm'ō-lîsh'ûn, *s.* the act of demolishing buildings
- Demon**, dē'môn, *s.* an evil spirit, a devil
- Demoniac**, dē-mō'nyâk, *s.* one possessed with a demon
- Demonology**, dē-mō-nōl'ō-dzhî, *s.* discourse on the nature of devils
- Demonstrate**, dē-mōns'trâte, *v. a.* to prove with certainty
- Demonstration**, dēm'ōn-strâ-shûn, *s.* an indubitable proof
- Demonstrative**, dē-mōns'trâ-tîv, *a.* invincibly conclusive
- Demulcent**, dē-mūl'sént, *a.* softening
- Demur**, dē-mūr', *v. n.* to delay, to suspend—*v. a.* to doubt of—*s.* doubt, hesitation [affectedly modest]
- Demure**, dē-mû're, *a.* decent, grave,
- Demurrage**, dē-mūr-rêdz, *s.* allowance for ships kept in a port
- Demurrer**, dē-mūr-rér, *s.* pause on a decided point of law
- Demy**, dē'mý, *a.* a species of printing paper
- Den**, dén', *s.* a cavern, a cave
- Denial**, dē-nî'âl, *s.* a refusal, negation
- Denizen**, dén'î-zén, *s.* a citizen, a free man [give a name to]
- Denominate**, dē-nōm'î-nâte, *v. a.* to denomination, dē-nōm'î-nâ-shûn, *s.* a name given to a thing
- Denominator**, dē-nōm'î-nâ-tór, *s.* parts into which an integer is divided
- Denotation**, dē-nō-tâ-shûn, *s.* the act of denoting [token]
- Denote**, dē-nôte, *v. a.* to mark, to be-
- Denounce**, dē-nōuns, *v. a.* to threaten, to accuse [solid]
- Dense**, dén's, *a.* close, compact, almost
- Density**, dén'stî'tý, *s.* closeness, compactness
- Dent**, dén't, *s.* a notch, a crease
- Dental**, dén'tâl, *a.* relating to the teeth
- Dented**, dén'téd, *a.* edged like teeth
- Dentelli**, dén'tél'î, *s.* modillions in architecture [with small teeth]
- Denticulated**, dén'tîk-û-lâ-téd, *a.* set
- Dentifrice**, dén'tî-frîs, *s.* a powder for the teeth [breeding the teeth]
- Dentition**, dén'tîsh'ûn, *s.* the act of
- Denude**, dē-nû'dâte, *v. a.* to divest, to strip [public menace]
- Denunciation**, dē-nûn-shýk'shûn, *s.* a
- Deny**, dē-ný, *v. a.* to disown, to refuse, to contradict
- Deobstruent**, dé-ôb'strâ-ént, *s.* removing obstructions
- Deodand**, dé-ô dând, *s.* thing forfeited to God [describe]
- Depaint**, dē-pâ'nt, *v. a.* to picture, to
- Depart**, dē-pâ'rt, *v. n.* to go away, to desert, to die—*s.* the act of going away, death [office or duty]
- Department**, dē-pâ'rt-mént, *s.* a separate
- Departure**, dē-pâ'r-tûre, *s.* a going away, death
- Depasture**, dē-pâs'tûre, *v. n.* to consume by feeding on [make poor]
- Depauperate**, dē-pâ-pérâte, *v. a.* to
- Depend**, dē-pënd', *v. a.* to hang from, to rely on [reliance]
- Dependance**, dē-pënd'éns, *s.* connections
- Dependant**, dē-pên-dént, *a.* in the power of another—*s.* one who lives in subjection to another
- Dephlegm**, dē-flém', *v. a.* to clear from phlegm [scribe]
- Depict**, dē-pîkt', *v. a.* to paint, to de-
- Depilous**, dē-pî-lûs, *a.* without hair
- Depletion**, dē-plê-shûn, *s.* the act of emptying [dismal]
- Deplorable**, dē-plôr'âbl', *a.* lamentable,
- Deplore**, dē-plô're, *v. a.* to lament, bewail [the feathers]
- Deplume**, dē-plû'me, *v. a.* to strip
- Deponent**, dē-pō-nént, *s.* a witness upon oath; verbs which have no active voice [people, to lay waste]
- Depopulate**, dē-pōp-û-lâte, *v. a.* to un-
- Depopulation**, dē-pōp-û-lâ-shûn, *s.* havoc, destruction
- Deport**, dé-pôrt, *v. a.* to carry, to demean—*s.* demeanour, behaviour
- Department**, dē-pôrt-mént, *s.* carriage, behaviour, management
- Depose**, dē-pô'ze, *v. a.* to degrade to divest, to attest—*v. n.* to bear witness
- Deposit**, dē-pôz'ýt, *v. a.* to lay up as a pledge—*s.* a pledge, a pawn
- Deposition**, dē-pô-zîsh'ûn, *s.* evidence upon oath, depriving a prince of sovereignty
- Depository**, dē-pôz'ýt-ô-y, *s.* the place where any thing is lodged
- Depravation**, dē-pâ-vâ-shûn, *s.* degeneracy, depravity [to corrupt]
- Deprave**, dē-prâ've, *v. a.* to vitiate
- Depravity**, dē-prâv'î-ty, *s.* a vitiated state
- Deprecate**, dē-prê-kâte, *v. a.* to pray deliverance from, to implore mercy

shôt, nôte, lôse, actôr—hûr, pûsh, mûte, fûr—truly, rye —thus, thick.

- Deprecation**, dēp-rē-kā-shûn, *s.* a prayer against evil [value]
- Depreciate**, dē-prē-shyāte, *v. a.* to undervalue
- Depredate**, dēp-rē-dāte, *v. a.* to rob, to pillage, to spoil [bing or spoiling]
- Depredation**, dēp-rē-dā-shûn, *s.* a robbery
- Depredator**, dēp-rē-dā-tôr, *s.* a robber, a plunderer [humble, to deject]
- Depress**, dē-prēs, *v. a.* to cast down, to
- Depression**, dē-prēsh-ûn, *s.* the act of pressing or humbling, abasement
- Depressor**, dē-prēs-sôr, *s.* he that keeps or presses down [of depriving]
- Deprivation**, dēp-rī-vā-shûn, *s.* the act of depriving
- Deprive**, dē-prīve, *v. a.* to bereave, to take from [abstruseness]
- Depth**, dēp'th, *s.* deepness, the abyss,
- Depurate**, dēp-û-rēt, *a.* cleansed, pure
- Depuration**, dēp-û-rā-shûn, *s.* making pure or clear [deputing, vicegerency]
- Deputation**, dēp-û-tā-shûn, *s.* act of
- Depute**, dē-pûte, *v. a.* to appoint, to empower to act
- Deputy**, dēp-û-tî, *s.* a viceroy, any one that transacts business for another [of order]
- Derange**, dē-rā'ndzh, *v. a.* to put out
- Dereliction**, dē-rē-lyk'-shûn, *s.* an utter forsaking [mock]
- Deride**, dē-rīde, *v. a.* to laugh at, to
- Derision**, dē-rīzh-ûn, *s.* scorn, contempt
- Derivation**, dēr-y-vā-shûn, *s.* the tracing any thing from its source
- Derivative**, dē-rīv'-ā-tīv, *a.* derived from another
- Derive**, dē-rīve, *v. a.* to trace from its original, to deduce—*v. n.* to descend from
- Dernier**, dēr-n'yér, *a.* the last
- Derogate**, dēr-ô-gāte, *v. a.* to disparage, to lessen—*v. n.* to detract
- Derogate**, dēr-ô-gēt, *a.* lessened in value [tion, detraction]
- Derogation**, dēr-ô-gā'-shûn, *s.* defamation
- Derogative**, dē-rôg'-ā-tīv, *a.* detractory
- Derogatory**, dē-rôg'-ā-tôr-y, *a.* that lessens the value
- Dervis**, dēr-vīs, *s.* a Turkish priest
- Descant**, dēs-kānt, *s.* a song, a discourse [large]
- Descant**, dē-skānt, *v. n.* to discourse at
- Descend**, dē-sēnd, *v. n.* to come down, to sink [of an ancestor]
- Descendant**, dē-sēn'-dānt, *s.* the offspring
- Descendent**, dē-sēn'-dēnt, *a.* proceeding from [gradation]
- Desecration**, dē-sēn'-shûn, *s.* desecration, de-
- Descent**, dē-sēnt, *s.* a declivity, invasion, lineage [words, &c.]
- Describe**, dē-skri'be, *v. a.* to represent by
- Description**, dē-skrip'-shûn, *s.* the act of describing, representation
- Descry**, dē-skry, *v. a.* to spy out, to discover
- Desecration**, dēs-ē-kra'-shûn, *s.* pollution of things sacred
- Desert**, dēz'-ért, *s.* a wilderness, a waste country—*a.* wild, waste
- Desert**, dē-zért, *v. a.* to forsake, to quit—*v. n.* to run off or away—*s.* merit, worth, claim to reward
- Deserter**, dē-zért'-ér, *s.* who forsakes a post or regiment
- Desertion**, dē-zér'-shûn, *s.* the act or deserting [of good or evil]
- Deserve**, dē-zérv, *v. n.* to be worthy
- Deserved**, dē-zér'-véd, *part.* merited
- Desiccant**, dēs-syk'-kēnt, *a.* drying—*s.* an application to dry sores
- Desiccate**, dēs-syk-kāte, *v. a.* to dry up
- Desiderate**, dē-sid'-ér-āte, *v. a.* to want, to miss
- Desideratum**, dē-sid'-ér-ā-tûm, *s.* something not yet discovered or settled
- Design**, dē-zīne, *v. a.* to purpose, to project, to plan—*s.* an intention, a scheme, a plan
- Designation**, dēs-yg-nā'-shûn, *s.* appointment, intention
- Designing**, dē-zī-nīng, *part.* a cunning, deceitful
- Desire**, dē-zīre, *s.* a wish, eagerness to enjoy—*v. a.* to wish, to long for, to entreat
- Desirous**, dē-zī-rus, *a.* full of desire, eager [stop]
- Desist**, dē-syst, *v. n.* to leave off, to
- Desk**, dēsk, *s.* an inclining table to write on [waste, solitary]
- Desolate**, dēs-ô-lēt, *a.* uninhabited, laid
- Desolae**, dēs-ô-lāte, *v. a.* to lay waste
- Desolation**, dēs-ô-lā'-shûn, *s.* destruction, gloominess, sadness
- Despair**, dē-spā're, *s.* hopelessness, despondence—*v. n.* to despond
- Despatch**, dīs-pātsh, *v. a.* to send away hastily, to kill—*s.* haste, speed, an express [villain]
- Desperado**, dēs-pér-ā-dō, *s.* an atrocious
- Desperate**, dēs-pé-rēt, *a.* without hope, rash, furious [rashness]
- Desperation**, dēs-pé-rā'-shûn, *s.* despair
- Despicable**, dēs-pī-kébl, *a.* contemptible, worthless

Sounds.—bít, náte, háll, liár—mút, dēisít, mē, hēr—ch'yn, chine, field, shírt—

- Despise, dē-spīze, v. a.** to scorn, to contempt
- Despite or Despight, dē-spīze, s.** malice, defiance—*v. a.* to vex, to affront
- Dispitefully, dē-spīze'fūl-lý, ad.** maliciously, malignantly
- Despoil, dē-spōil, v. a.** to rob, to strip
- Despond, dē-spōnd, v. n.** to despair, to lose hope [desperation]
- Despondence, dē-spōn'-dēns, s.** despair
- Despondent, dē-spōn'-dēnt, a.** despairing, hopeless
- Despot, dēs'-pōt, s.** an absolute prince
- Despotic, dē-spōt'ik, a.** absolute, arbitrary [power]
- Despotism, dēs'-pō-tizm, s.** absolute
- Despumption, dē-spū-mā'shūn, s.** scum, frothiness
- Dessert, dē-zért, s.** the last course of an entertainment
- Destinate, dēs'-tī-nāte, v. a.** to design
- Destination, dēs'-tī-nā'shūn, s.** the purpose intended
- Destine, dēs'-tīn, v. n.** to doom, to appoint, to devote
- Destiny, dēs'-tī ný, s.** fate, doom
- Destitute, dēs'-tī-tūte, a.** forsaken, abandoned, in want of
- Destroy, dē-strōy', v. a.** to put an end to, to lay waste, to kill
- Destructible, dē-strūk'tib'l, a.** liable to destruction
- Destruction, dē-strūk'shūn, s.** the act of destroying, ruin, massacre
- Destructive, dē-strūk'tiv, a.** that which destroys, wasteful [custom]
- Disuétude, dē-sū'-ē-tūde, s.** disuse of
- Desultory, dē-sūl-tōr-y, a.** unconnected, unsettled [any thing]
- Resume, dē-sū'me, v. a.** to take from
- Detach, dē-tāsh, v. a.** to separate, to send off a party
- Detail, dē-tāle, v. a.** to relate particularly—*s.* a minute and particular account [today, to withhold]
- Detain, dē-tāne, v. a.** to keep in custody
- Detainer, dē-tān-ér, s.** a writ to detain in custody [find out]
- Detect, dē-tēkt, v. a.** to discover, to detect
- Detection, dē-tēk'shūn, s.** discovery of guilt or fraud
- Detention, dē-tēn'shūn, s.** the act of detaining, restraint
- Deter, dē-tér, v. a.** to discourage from
- Deterge, dē-tér-dah, v. a.** to cleanse a wound
- Detergent, dē-tér-dahēnt, a.** that cleanses [may be decided]
- Determinable, dē-tér-mī-nēb'l, a.** that
- Determinate, dē-tér-mī-nēt, a.** limited, conclusive, resolute
- Determination, dē-tér-mī-nā'shūn, s.** a decision, a resolution
- Determine, dē-tér-mīn, v. a.** to fix, to resolve, to decide—*v. n.* to come to a decision [power to cleanse]
- Detersive, dē-tér'siv, a.** having the
- Detest, dē-tēst, v. a.** to hate, to abhor [abominable]
- Detestable, dē-tēs-tēb'l, a.** odious
- Detestation, dē-tēs-tā'shūn, s.** hatred, abhorrence [royalty]
- Dethrone, dē-thrōne, v. a.** to divest of
- Detonation, dē-tō nā'shūn, s.** that noise which happens on mixing fluids that ferment with violence
- Retract, dē-trākt', v. a.** to derogate, to defame [tion, calumny]
- Detraction, dē-trāk'shūn, s.** defama-
- Detractory, dē-trāk'tōr-y, a.** defamatory [image, mischief]
- Detriment, dēt'-rī-mēnt, s.** loss, damage
- Detrimental, dēt'-rī-mēn-tāl, a.** hurtful [down]
- Detrude, dē-trūde, v. a.** to thrust
- Detrusion, dē-trū'shūn, s.** the act of thrusting down [disturbing]
- Deturbation, dē-tūr-bā'shūn, s.** act of
- Devastation, dē-vās-tā'shūn, s.** waste, havoc [dice]
- Deuce, dū'se, s.** the two in cards or
- Develope, dē-vēl'óp, v. a.** to unfold, to detect
- Deviate, dē-vyāte, v. n.** to go astray, to err [right way, offence]
- Deviation, dē-vyā'shūn, s.** quitting the
- Device, dē-vī'se, s.** a contrivance, an emblem [person]
- Devil, dēv'l, s.** a fallen angel, a wicked
- Devilish, dēv'l-ish, a.** like a devil, diabolical [track, erring]
- Devious, dē-vyūs, a.** out of the common
- Devise, dē-vīze, v. a.** to contrive, to invent—*v. n.* to consider
- Devisee, dē-vī-sé, s.** he to whom a thing is devised [stitute of]
- Devoid, dē-vōyd, a.** empty, vacant, devoid
- Devoir, dē-vōyr, s.** service, an act of obsequiousness
- Devolve, dē-vōlv, v. a.** to roll down—*v. n.* to fall by succession
- Devote, dē-vōte, v. a.** to consecrate, to resign—a devoted

bôt, nôte, lôse, actôr—hüt, pûsh, mâte, fûr—trûy, rÿe—thus, hick.

ter, dëv-ô-tê, *s.* a superstitious son, a bigot

tion, dë-vô-shûn, *s.* piety, worship, strong affection, power

ur, dë-vôûr, *v. a.* to eat ravenously to consume

ut, dë-vôût, *a.* pious, religious

dû, *s.* a thin cold vapour—*v. a.* moisten [species of bramble]

erry, dû-bër-rÿ, *s.* the fruit of a drop, dû-drôp, *s.* a drop of dew

ap, dû-lâp, *s.* the flesh hanging in the throats of oxen

r, dû-y, *a.* moist with dew

er, dëks-tër, *a.* belonging to the it side [pertness, readiness]

erity, dëks-tër-i-tÿ, *s.* activity, ex-

srous, dëks-tër-ûs, *a.* expert, ac-

s, cunning [side

ral, dëks-trâl, *a.* on the right hand

dâ, *s.* the governor of Algiers

tes, di-â-bë-téz, *s.* an involuntary charge of urine

dic, di-â-bôl-tik, *a.* of or like a

il [of poppies

idium, di-â-kô-dÿm, *s.* the syrup

ustics, di-â-kôû-tiks, *s.* doctrine

unreflected sounds

em, di-â-dém, *s.* a crown, a mark

royalty [syllables

esis, di-é-ré-sÿs, *s.* the division of

ostic, di-âg-nôst-tik, *s.* the symp-

n distinguishing a disease

nal, di-âg-on-âl, *s.* a line drawn

m angle to angle [scheme

am, di-â-grâm, *s.* a mathematical

dî-âl, *s.* a plate where a hand or

dow shews the hour

ct, di-â-lëkt, *s.* subdivision of a

uage, style, manner of expres-

n [mentative

ctie, di-â-lëk-tÿk, *a.* logical, argu-

ing, di-âl-lÿng, *s.* the art of construct-

als

gue, di-â-lûg, *s.* a conference, a

versation between two or more

eter, di-âm-ê-tër, *s.* a line which,

wing through the centre, divides a

cle into equal parts [ing a diameter

etrical, di-â-mët-rîk-âl, *a.* describ-

ion, di-môud, *s.* the most valu-

e of all gems [music

ason, di-â-pâ-zôn, *s.* an octave in

er, di-â-për, *s.* flowered linen

hanous, di-âf-â nûs, *a.* transparent,

ur [perspiration

retic, di-â-fô-rët-tik, *a.* promoting

Diaphragm, di-â-frâm, *s.* the midriff

Diarrhea, di-â-r-hê-â, *s.* a flux of the belly [journal

Diary, di-â-rÿ, *s.* a daily account, a

Diastole, di-âs-tô-lê, *s.* making a short syllable long, dilatation of the heart

Diatonic, di-â-tôn-ÿk, *a.* gradual tones or gamut of music

Dibble, di-b'l, *s.* a planting tool

Dice, di-se, *s. pl.* of Die—*v. n.* to gam with dice

Dictate, di-k-tâte, *v. a.* to tell what to write, to instruct

Dictate, di-k-tët, *s.* a rule or maxim, a precept

Dictator, di-k-tä-tôr, *s.* an absolute magistrate, a ruler [five

Dictatorial, di-k-tä-tôr-rÿâl, *a.* authoritative

Diction, di-k-shûn, *s.* style, language, expression

Dictionary, di-k-sôn-â-rÿ, *s.* a book of words explained, a lexicon

Didactic, di-dak-tik, *a.* preceptive, giving precepts [cold, to quake

Didder, di-d-dér, *v. n.* to shiver with

Die, dÿ, *v. a.* to tinge, to colour—*v. n.* to lose life, to perish—*s.* colour, hue

stain, a stamp used in coinage, a small cube to play

Diet, di-ët, *s.* food, an assembly of princes—*v. a.* to supply with food—*v. n.* to eat by rules

Diet-drink, di-ët-dringk, *s.* medicated liquors [vary, to disagree

Differ, di-f-fër, *v. n.* to be unlike, to

Difference, di-f-fër-êns, *s.* disagreement, dissimilitude [like

Different, di-f-fër-ênt, *a.* distinct, un-

Difficult, di-f-fik-ült, *a.* not easy, trou-

blesome, hard to please

Difficulty, di-f-fÿ-kültÿ, *s.* trouble, perplexity, objection [ity

Diffidence, di-f-fÿ-dêns, *s.* distrust, timid-

Diffident, di-f-fÿ-dênt, *a.* not confident

Diffuent, di-f-fû-ênt, *a.* flowing every way [to spread, to scatter

Diffuse, di-f-fû-ze, *v. a.* to pour out,

Diffuse, di-f-fû-ze, *a.* scattered, copious, not concise

Diffusion, di-f-fû-shûn, *s.* dispersion

Diffusive, di-f-fû-sÿv, *a.* dispersed, scattered [land

Dig, di-g, *v. a.* to turn up and cultivate

Digest, di-dzhêst, *s.* a collection of civil laws

Digest, di-dzhêst, *v. a.* to range me-

thodically, to connect in the system

Sounds.—hăt, hâte, hăl, liăr—măt, dăisist, mē, hēr—chŭn, chŭc, fiēld, shŭrt—

- Digestible**, dī-dzhēs-tŭb'l, *a.* capable of being digested
- Digestion**, dī-dzhēsh-tŭn, *s.* concocting of food in the stomach, preparation by heat, reduction to a plan
- Dight**, dī'te, *v. a.* to deck, to adorn
- Digit**, dīdzh-ŭt, *s.* three fourths of an inch, twelfth part of the diameter of the sun or moon, a number under ten
- Dignify**, dīg-nī-fy, *v. a.* to advance, to exalt, to honour
- Dignitary**, dīg-nī-tŭr-ŭ, *s.* a clergyman advanced to some dignity
- Dignity**, dīg-nī-tŭ, *s.* rank, grandeur, honour
- Digress**, dī-grēs-, *v. n.* to wander from the subject, to expatiate
- Digression**, dī-grēsh-tŭn, *s.* a deviation from the subject
- Dike**, dī'ke, *s.* a ditch, a mound, a bank [to force in two]
- Dilacerate**, dī-lās-ēr-āte, *v. a.* to tear
- Dilapidate**, dī-lāp-ŭ-date, *v. n.* to go to ruin
- Dilapidation**, dī-lāp-ŭ-dā-shŭn, *s.* suffering edifices to go to ruin or decay
- Dilatation**, dī-lā-tā-shŭn, *s.* act or state of extension
- Dilate**, dī-lā'te, *v. a.* to extend, to enlarge—*v. n.* to grow wide, to speak largely
- Dilatory**, dīl-ŭ-tōr-ŭ, *a.* tardy, slow
- Dilemma**, dī-lēm-mā, *s.* vexatious alternative, intricacy
- Diligence**, dīl-ŭ-dzhēns, *s.* industry, assiduity
- Diligent**, dīl-ŭ-dzhēnt, *a.* assiduous, persevering, not idle
- Dilucid**, dī-lū-sŭd, *a.* clear, not opaque
- Dilucidate**, dī-lū-sŭ-date, *v. a.* to explain, to make clear
- Diluent**, dīl-ŭ-ēnt, *a.* making thin, attenuating [weaken]
- Dilute**, dī-lū'te, *v. a.* to make thin, to dilution, dī-lū-shŭn, *s.* the act of diluting [deluge]
- Diluvian**, dī-lū-vyān, *a.* relating to the Dim, dīm-, *a.* not quick in sight or apprehension
- Dimension**, dī-mēn-shŭn, *s.* bulk, extent, capacity
- Diminish**, dīm-ŭn-ŭsh, *v. a.* to lessen, to impair, to degrade—*v. n.* to grow less [of making less, discredit]
- Diminution**, dīm-ŭn-ŭ-shŭn, *s.* the act
- Diminutive**, dīm-ŭn-ŭ-tŭv, *a.* small, little
- Dimissory**, dī-mŭs-sōr-ŭ, *a.* a letter from one bishop to another about conferring holy orders
- Dimity**, dīm-ŭ-tŭ, *s.* a fine kind of fus-tain or cotton cloth
- Dimness**, dīm-nēs-, *s.* dullness of sight
- Dimple**, dīmp'l, *s.* a hollow in the cheek or chin [sound]
- Din**, dīn-, *s.* a loud noise, a continued
- Dine**, dīne, *v. n.* to eat a dinner—*v. a.* to give a dinner
- Ding**, dīng-, *v. a.* to dash with violence—*v. n.* to bluster [hills]
- Dingle**, dīng-g'l, *s.* a hollow between
- Dingy**, dīn-dzhŭ, *a.* dark, foul, sullied
- Dining-room**, dīn-ŭng-rōm, *s.* room to dine in, or entertain company
- Dinner**, dīn-nēr, *s.* the chief meal of the day
- Dint**, dīnt-, *s.* a blow, mark made by a blow—*v. a.* to mark by a blow
- Dinumeration**, dī-nū-mēr-ā-shŭn, *s.* act of numbering one by one
- Diocesan**, dī-ōs-ēr-sān, *s.* a bishop or head of a diocese
- Diocess**, dī-ō-sēs, *s.* the jurisdiction of a bishop
- Dioptrics**, dī-ōp-trŭks, *s.* a part of optics treating of the different refractions of light
- Dip**, dīp-, *v. a.* to immerge, to moisten
- Diphthong**, dīf-thōng, *s.* two vowels joined together [vilege of degree]
- Diploma**, dīp-lō-mā, *s.* a deed or pri-
- Diptote**, dīp-tōte, *s.* a noun of two cases only [ble]
- Dire**, dī're, *a.* dreadful, dismal, horrid
- Direct**, dī-rēkt-, *a.* straight, open, plain, express—*v. a.* to aim, to regulate
- Direction**, dī-rēk-shŭn, *s.* an aim, super-scription
- Director**, dī-rēk-tōr, *s.* a superintendant, an instructor
- Directory**, dī-rēk-tōr-ŭ, *s.* a rule, body or office of directors
- Direful**, dī-rē-fūl, *a.* dismal, dreadful
- Direption**, dī-rē-shŭn, *s.* the act of plundering
- Dirge**, dīrdzh, *s.* a mournful ditty
- Dirk**, dīrk-, *s.* a kind of dagger
- Dirt**, dīrt-, *s.* mud, mire, meanness
- Dirty**, dīrt-ŭ, *a.* foul, mean, sordid—*v. a.* to foul, to soil, to disgrace
- Disable**, dīs-ā'b'l, *v. a.* to render incapable, to impair
- Disabuse**, dīs-ā-bŭze, *v. a.* to set right, to undeceive

shôt, nôte, lôse, actôr—hüt, pûsh, mâte, fûr—truly, rje—thus, thick.

Disadvantage, dîs-âd-vânt'-êdzh, *s.* loss
injury, state of being unprepared
Disaffect, dîs-âf-fek't, *v. a.* to fill with
discontent
Disaffected, dîs-âf-fek'-têd, *part.* not
wishing well to
Disaffection, dîs-âf-fek'-shûn, *s.* want of
loyalty or zeal
Disagreeable, dîs-â-grê-éb'l, *a.* unpleas-
ing, offensive [*ference of opinion*]
Disagreement, dîs-â-grê-mênt, *s.* dif-
ference
Disallow, dîs-â-lôw, *v. n.* to deny any
thing [void, to annul]
Disannul, dîs-ân-nûl', *v. a.* to make
disappear, dîs-âp-pê're, *v. n.* to be lost
to view, to vanish
Disappoint, dîs-âp-pôint, *v. a.* to de-
feat expectation
Disappointment, dîs-âp-pôint'-mênt, *s.*
act of being disappointed
Disapprove, dîs-âp-prôve, *v. a.* to dis-
like, to censure
Disarm, dîs-ârm, *v. a.* to deprive of arms
Disarray, dîs-â-râ, *v. a.* to divest of
clothes—*s.* disorder, confusion, un-
dress [*grief*]
Disaster, dîs-âs-tér, *s.* mishap, calamity
Disastrous, dîs-âs-trûs, *a.* unlucky, ca-
lamitous
Disavow, dîs-â-vôw, *v. a.* to deny
Disband, dîs-bând, *v. a.* to dismiss from
military service—*v. n.* to retire from
military service, to separate [*of belief*]
Disbelief, dîs-bê-lîf', *s.* discredit, refusal
Disburse, dîs-bûrs, *v. a.* to spend or
lay out money [*laid out*]
Disbursement, dîs-bûrs'-mênt, *s.* money
Discard, dîs-kârd, *v. a.* to dismiss from
employment [*to judge, to descry*]
Discern, dîs-zérn', *v. a.* to distinguish
Discernible, dîs-zérn'-b'l, *a.* percep-
tible, distinguishable
Discerning, dîs-zér-nîng, *part. a.* ju-
dicious, knowing
Discernment, dîs-zérn'-mênt, *s.* judg-
ment, faculty of discerning
Discharge, dis-tshârdzh, *v. a.* to re-
lease, to dismiss, to pay—*s.* a dis-
mission, an acquittance
Discind, dîs-sînd', *v. a.* to divide, to
cut in pieces [*lower*]
Disciple, dîs-sîp'l, *s.* a scholar, a fol-
lowner
Disciplinarian, dîs-sîp-li-nâ'-rîân, *s.* strict
observer of rules
Discipline, dîs-sî-plîn, *s.* order, regula-
tion—*v. a.* to regulate, to instruct,
to reform, to chastise

Disclaim, dîs-klâ'm, *v. a.* to disown, to
deny, to renounce
Disclose, dîs-kló'ze, *v. a.* to reveal, to
tell, to discover [*act of revealing*]
Disclosure, dîs-kló'-zhûre, *s.* discovery
Discolour, dîs-kól'-ôr, *v. a.* to stain, to
change colour [*quish, to defeat*]
Discomfit, dîs-kóm'-fît, *v. a.* to van-
quish, to overcome
Discomfiture, dîs-kóm'-fît-ûre, *s.* rout,
overthrow
Discomfort, dîs-kóm'-fôrt, *s.* uneasiness
—*v. a.* to grieve, sadden, deject
Discommend, dîs-kóm-mênd', *v. a.* to
blame, to censure
Discommode, dîs-kóm-mô'de, *v. a.* to
put to inconvenience
Discompose, dîs-kóm-pô'ze, *v. a.* to dis-
order, to ruffle, to vex
Disconcert, dîs-kôn-sért', *v. a.* to un-
settle, to discompose
Disconsolate, dîs-kôn-sô-lét, *a.* sad,
hopeless, sorrowful
Discontent, dis-kôn-tênt', *s.* a want of
content, sorrow
Discontented, dîs-kôn-tên'-têd, *part.*
uneasy, dissatisfied
Discontinuation, dîs-kôn-tîn-û-â'-shûn,
s. a cessation, separation [*off*]
Discontinue, dîs-kôn-tîn-û, *v. a.* to leave
Discord, dîs-kôrd, *s.* disagreement, op-
position
Discordant, dîs-kôr-dênt, *a.* incon-
sistent, disagreeing
Discover, dîs-kôv'-ér, *v. a.* to disclose,
to find out, to espy
Discovery, dîs-kôv'-ér-î, *s.* the act of
finding, invention
Discount, dîs-kôünt, *s.* a drawback, an
allowance [*pay back*]
Discount, dîs-kôünt, *v. a.* to draw or
draw out
Discountenance, dîs-kôünt'-tê-nêns, *v. a.*
to discourage, to abash—*s.* cold treat-
ment [*press, to deter*]
Discourage, dîs-kûr'-êdzh, *v. a.* to de-
courage
Discouragement, dîs-kûr'-êdzh-mênt, *s.*
cause or act of discouraging
Discourse, dîs-kôr'se, *s.* conversation, a
treatise
Discredit, dîs-kred'-ît, *s.* ignominy, re-
proach, disgrace—*v. a.* not to believe
Discreet, dîs-kre'te, *a.* prudent
Discrepant, dîs-kre-pênt, *a.* different
Discretion, dîs-kresh'-ûn, *s.* prudence,
liberty of acting
Discriminate, dîs-krim'-în-âte, *v. a.* to
distinguish, to select, to separate

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*Sounds.*—hāt, hāte, hāh, hār—enēt, déiat, mē, hér—chūn, chine, shōid, chāt—  
 ~~~~~

Discrimination, dīs-krim'-yā-ā-shūn, *s.* distinction, separation, mark

Discriminous, dīs-krim'-yā-ās, *a.* dangerous, hazardous

Discumbency, dīs-kūm'-bēn-sy, *a.* act of leaning at meat

Discursive, dīs-kūr'-siv, *a.* argumentative, progressive

Discursory, dīs-kūs'-sōr-y, *a.* argumental

Discuss, dīs-kūs', *v. a.* to examine, to argue, to disperse

Discussion, dīs-kūs'-shūn, *s.* examination of a question

Discontent, dīs-kū-shēnt, *s.* a repelling medicine

Disdain, dīs-dān'e, *v. a.* to scorn, to reject—*s.* scorn, contempt

Disease, dīs-ēze, *s.* distemper, malady, sickness—*v. a.* to pain, to torment

Diseased, dīs-ē-zēd, *part.* afflicted with a distemper

Disembark, dīs-ēm-bā'rk, *v. a.* to put on shore—*v. n.* to go on shore

Disembitter, dīs-ēm-bit'tér, *v. a.* to free from bitterness

Disembodied, dīs-ēm-bōd'-yēd, *a.* divested of the body, corps dismissed

Disembogue, dīs-ēm-bō'ge, *v. a.* to discharge into the sea—*v. n.* to flow

Disembroil, dīs-ēm-brō'rl, *v. a.* to disentangle, to clear up

Disengage, dīs-ēn-gā'dzh, *v. a.* to separate, to disentangle, to free from—*v. n.* to set ones self free

Disengaged, dīs-ēn-gā'dzhd, *part.* at leisure, clear from

Disesteem, dīs-ēs-tē'me, *s.* slight dislike

Disfavour dīs-fā'-vōr, *s.* discountenance

Disfiguration, dīs-fyg-ū-rā-shūn, *s.* the act of disfiguring, deformity

Disfigure, dīs-fyg'-ūre, *v. a.* to deform, deface, mangle

Disforest, dīs-fōr'-ēst, *v. a.* to turn into common land

Disfranchise, dīs-frān'tsh-ize, *v. a.* to take away privileges

Disgorge, dīs-gōrdzh, *v. a.* to vomit, to pour out with force

Disgrace, dīs-grā'se, *s.* loss of favour, dishonour—*v. a.* to dishonour, to dismiss

Disguise, dīs-gī'ze, *v. a.* to conceal, disfigure, deform—*s.* a dress to deceive, a pretence

Disgust, dīs-gūst', *s.* an aversion, dislike—*v. a.* to offend, to provoke

Dish, dīsh', *s.* a vessel to serve food in—*v. a.* to serve in a dish

Dishabille, dīs-kī-bīl', *s.* an undress, a loose dress

Dishearten, dīs-hērt'ēn, *v. a.* to discourage, to terrify

Disherit, dīs-hēr'-yt, *v. a.* to cut off from inheritance

Dishevel, dīs-ēv'l, *v. a.* to spread the hair disorderly

Dishonest, dīs-hōn'-ēst, *a.* wicked, fraudulent, void of probity

Dishonour, dīs-ōn'-ōr, *s.* reproach, disgrace, censure—*v. a.* to disgrace, to defour

Disinclination, dīs-yān-kīl'-nā-shūn, *s.* want of affection, dislike

Disincline, dīs-yān-kī'ne, *v. a.* to produce dislike to

Disingenuity, dīs-yān-dzhē-nū'yēty, *s.* insincerity, unfairness

Disingenuous, dīs-yān-dzhēn'-ū-ēs, *a.* unfair, meanly artful, illiberal

Disinherit, dīs-yān-hēr'-yt, *v. a.* to cut off from hereditary right

Disinter, dīs-yān-tér, *v. a.* to take out of the grave

Disinterested, dīs-yān-tér-ēs'-tēd, *a.* void of private advantage

Disjoin, dīs-dzhō'yn, *v. a.* to separate, to disunite

Disjoint, dīs-dzhō'nt, *v. a.* to put out of joint, disunite, to make incoherent—*v. n.* to fall in pieces

Disjunct, dīs-dzhūngkt', *a.* disjointed, separate

Disjunction, dīs-dzhūngkt'-shūn, *s.* disunion, separation

Disk, dīsk', *s.* the face of the sun or of a planet

Dislike, dīs-lī'ke, *s.* aversion, disapprobation—*v. a.* to disapprove, to hate

Dislocate, dīs-lō-kā'te, *v. n.* to disjoint, to displace

Dislocation, dīs-lō-kā'-shūn, *s.* the act of displacing, a luxation

Dislodge, dīs-lōdzh', *v. a.* to drive out—*v. n.* to move away

Disloyal, dīs-lōy'-āl, *a.* disaffected to government [dark]

Dismal, dīz-māl, *a.* sorrowful, unhappy

Dismantle, dīs-mānt'l, *v. a.* to disarm, strip, overthrow, destroy

Dismask, dīs-mā'sk, *v. a.* to divest of a mask

Dismast, dīs-māst', *v. a.* to deprive of masts

shët, nôte, lôe, aotô—hât, pûsh; mâte, fûr—trul'y, rÿn—thus, thick.

Dismay, dÿs-mâ', *v. a.* to discourage, fright—*s.* fear, terror
Disme, dÿm, *s.* the tenth part, a tithe
Dismember, dÿs-mêm'-bér, *v. a.* to cut off a limb, &c.
Dismiss, dÿs-mis', *v. a.* to send away
Dismissal, dÿs-mish'-lîn, *s.* deprivation
Dismortgage, dÿs-môr'-gédzh, *v. a.* to redeem from mortgage
Dismount, dÿs-mô'unt, *v. a.* to throw from on horseback—*v. a.* to alight from a horse
Disobedience, dÿs-ô-bé'-dyéns, *s.* breach of duty
Disobey, dÿs-ô-bâ', *v. a.* to transgress a
Disoblige, dÿs-ô-blí'dzh, *v. a.* to offend, to disgust
Disobliging, dÿs-ô-blí'-dzhíng, *part. a.* disgusting, unpleasing
Disorder, dÿs-ô'r-dér, *s.* irregularity, confusion, sickness—*v. a.* to throw into confusion, to make sick
Disordinate, dÿs-ô'r-dín-ét, *a.* vicious, living irregularly
Disown, dÿs-ô'ne, *v. a.* to deny, to renounce [spread abroad]
Dispend, dÿs-pánd', *v. a.* to display, to
Disparage, dÿs-pâr'-édzh, *v. a.* to treat with contempt
Disparity, dÿs-pâr'-y-ty, *s.* inequality, dissimilitude [a park]
Dispark, dÿs-pâr'k, *v. a.* to throw open
Dispassion, dÿs-pâsh'-lîn, *s.* coolness of temper
Dispatch, dÿs-pâtsh', *see* Despatch
Dispel, dÿs-pél, *v. a.* to drive away, to dissipate
Dispend, dÿs-pënd', *v. a.* to spend, to consume
Dispensary, dÿs-pén'-sâr-y, *s.* a place where medicines are dispensed
Dispensation, dÿs-pén-sâ'-shûn, *s.* a distribution, an exemption, permission to hold two livings
Dispensatory, dÿs-pén-sâ'-tôr-y, *s.* a directory for making medicines
Dispense, dÿs-pén's, *v. a.* to distribute—*v. n.* to excuse
Dispeople, dÿs-pép'l, *v. a.* to depopulate
Disperge, dÿs-pérmdzh, *v. a.* to sprinkle
Disperse, dÿs-pér's, *v. a.* to scatter, to drive away
Dispersion, dÿs-pér-shûn, *s.* the act of scattering or spreading abroad
Dispirit, dÿs-pír'-yt, *v. a.* to discourage, damp, oppress

Displace, dÿs-plâ'se, *v. a.* to put out of place
Displacement, dÿs-plâ'se-m-nt, *s.* displacement
Displant, dÿs-plânt', *v. a.* to remove a plant, to drive from a settlement
Display, dÿs-plâ', *v. a.* to spread wide, to exhibit—*s.* exhibition
Displeasant, dÿs-pléa'-ént, *a.* unpleasant, offensive
Displease, dÿs-plé'ze, *v. a.* to offend, provoke—*v. n.* to raise aversion
Displeasure, dÿs-pléah'-úr, *s.* offence, anger, disgrace
Displode, dÿs-plô'de, *v. a.* to vent with violence
Disposion, dÿs-plô'-shûn, *s.* a bursting with noise
Disposal, dÿs-pô'-zál, *s.* management, regulation
Dispose, dÿs-pô'ze, *v. a.* to bestow, to incline, to prepare, to regulate—*v. n.* to dispose of
Disposition, dÿs-pô'-zish-ûn, *s.* order, method, quality, tendency, temper of mind, predominant inclination
Dispossess, dÿs-pôz-zés', *v. a.* to put out of possession, to deprive, to dis seize
Dispossession, dÿs-pôz-zesh'-lîn, *s.* the act of putting out of possession
Disposure, dÿs-pô'-zhûr, *s.* power, state, posture
Dispraise, dÿs-prâ'ze, *s.* blame, censure—*v. a.* to blame, to censure
Disproof, dÿs-prôf', *s.* a refutation, a confutation
Disprofit, dÿs-prôf'-yt, *s.* loss, damage
Disproportion, dÿs-prô-pôr-shûn, *s.* unsuitableness, want of symmetry—*v. a.* to mismatch
Disproportionate, dÿs-prô-pôr-shôn-ét, *a.* unsuitable, unequal
Disprove, dÿs-prô've, *v. a.* to confute, to refute
Dispunishable, dÿs-pûn'-ish-eb'l, *a.* without penal restraint
Disputant, dÿs-pû-tént, *s.* a controversialist, a reasoner
Disputation, dÿs-pû-tâ-shûn, *s.* argumental contest, controversy
Dispute, dÿs-pû'te, *v. n.* to contend, debate—*v. a.* to contend for, to oppose—*s.* a contest, a controversy
Disqualification, dÿs-kwâl'-i-fy-kâ-shûn, *s.* that which disqualifies
Disqualify, dÿs-kwâl'-i-fy, *v. a.* to make unfit, to diminish

Sounds—hât, hâte, hâll, liâr—mêt, dësiat, mē, liér—chîn, chine, ffield, shîrt.

- Disquiet, dîs-kwî-êt, *s.* uneasiness, anxiety—*v. a.* to disturb, to harass
- Disquietude, dîs-kwî-ê-tûde, *s.* uneasiness [ative inquiry
- Disquisition, dîs-kwî-zîsh'-ûn, *s.* a dispute
- Disregard, dîs-rê-gârd, *s.* slight notice, neglect—*v. a.* to slight, to condemn
- Disrelish, dîs-rêl'-îsh, *s.* nauseousness, dislike—*v. a.* to make nauseous, &c.
- Disreputable, dîs-rêp'-û-têb'l, *a.* disgraceful, unbecoming
- Disrepute, dîs-rê-pû'te, *s.* ill character, want of reputation
- Disrespect, dîs-rê-spêkt', *s.* want of reverence, rudeness
- Disrobe, dîs-rôb'é, *v. a.* to undress, to strip [asunder, a rent
- Disruption, dîs-rûp'-shûn, *s.* a breaking
- Dissatisfaction, dîs-sât-is-fâk'-shûn, *s.* discontent
- Dissatisfy, dîs-sât'-îs-fî, *v. a.* to disoblige, to displease
- Dissect, dîs-sêkt', *v. a.* to cut in pieces, to anatomize
- Dissection, dîs-sêk'-shûn, *s.* nice examination, anatomy
- Disseise, dîs-sê'z, *v. a.* to dispossess, to deprive [possession
- Disseisin, dîs-sêz'-în, *s.* unlawful disseisor, dîs-sê-zôr, *s.* he that dispossesses another
- Dissemble, dîs-sêm'b'l, *v. a.* to hide under false appearance—*v. n.* to play the hypocrite
- Disseminate, dîs-sêm'-în-âte, *v. a.* to scatter as seed, to spread
- Dissemination, dîs-sêm'-în-â'-shûn, *s.* the act of scattering
- Dissention, dîs-sên'-shûn, *s.* disagreement, strife, discord
- Dissent, dîs-sênt', *v. n.* to disagree in opinion, to differ
- Dissenter, dîs-sênt'-er, *s.* a separatist from a national church
- Distertation, dîs-sér-tâ'-shûn, *s.* a discourse
- Disserve, dîs-sêrv', *v. a.* to injure
- Disservice, dîs-sêrv'-îs, *s.* injury, mischief [rious, mischievous
- Disserviceable, dîs-sêrv'-îs-êb'l, *a.* injurious
- Dissever, dîs-sêv'-er, *v. a.* to cut in two, to break, to divide
- Dissimilar, dîs-sîm'-î-lâr, *a.* unlike, heterogeneous
- Dissimulation, dîs-sîm'-û-lâ'-shûn, *s.* the act of dissembling, hypocrisy
- Dissipate, dîs-sî-pâte, *v. a.* to disperse to spend extravagantly
- Dissipation, dîs-sî-pâ'-shûn, *s.* extravagant spending, waste
- Dissociate, dîs-sô'-shyâte, *v. a.* to separate, to disunite
- Dissoluble, dîs-sô-lûb'l, *a.* capable of separation
- Dissolve, dîz-ôlv', *v. a.* to disunite, to break up—*v. n.* to fall to nothing, to be melted
- Dissolvent, dîz-ôlv'-ênt, *a.* having the power of melting
- Dissolute, dîs-sô-lûte, *a.* loose, wanton
- Dissolution, dîs-sô-lû'-shûn, *s.* a dissolving, destruction, death, act of breaking up an assembly
- Dissonant, dîs-sô-nênt, *a.* unharmonious, harsh [the contrary
- Dissuade, dîs-swâ'de, *v. a.* to advise to dissuasive, dîs-swâ'-sîv, *a.* tending to persuade against [two syllables
- Dissyllable, dîs-sîl'-lâb'l, *s.* a word of
- Distaff, dîs'-tâf, *s.* a staff used in spinning
- Distance, dîs-têns, *s.* remoteness in place or time, disrespect, distant behaviour—*v. a.* to leave behind in a race [time, reserved
- Distant, dîs-tênt, *a.* remote in place
- Distaste, dîs-tâ'ste, *s.* disgust, dislike
- Distemper, dîs-têmp'-pér, *s.* disease, disorder, uneasiness
- Distemperature, dîs-têmp'-pér-â-tûre, *s.* noise, intemperateness
- Distend, dîs-tênd', *v. a.* to stretch out in breadth [stretching, breadth
- Distention, dîs-tên'-shûn, *s.* the act of distich, dîs'-tik, *s.* a couplet, a couple of verses
- Distil, dîs tîl', *v. n.* to drop, flow gently and silently—*v. a.* to draw by distillation [of distilling
- Distillation, dîs tîl'-lâ'-shûn, *s.* the act
- Distillery, dîs tîl'-er-y, *s.* a place where a distiller carries on his business
- Distinct, dîs-tîngkt', *a.* different, apart, clear
- Distinction, dîs-tîngk'-shûn, *s.* note of difference, quality, separation
- Distinctive, dîs-tîngk'-tîv, *a.* judicious, able to distinguish
- Distinguish, dîs-tîng'-gîsh, *v. a.* to discern, to note, to honour—*v. n.* to make distinction
- Distinguished, dîs-tîng'-gîsh, *part* eminent, transcendent

it, nôte, lôse, actor—hüt, pûsh, mâte, fûr—truly, rje—thus, thick.

, dis-tôrt, *v. a.* to writhe, to
to misrepresent
ion, dis-tôr-shûn, *s.* grimace,
presentation
t, dis-trakt', *v. a.* to divide, to
ex, to make mad [wild
ted, dis-trák-téd, *part.* perplexed,
tion, dis-trák-shûn, *s.* confusion,
less, discord
a, dís-trá'ne, *v. a.* to seize goods
attels [&c.
nt, dís-trá'nt, *s.* a seizure of goods,
s, dís-trés', *s.* a distraining, cala-
misy—*v. a.* to harass, to
miserable
ute, dís-trib'-ûte, *v. a.* to divide
ig many
ution, dís-trib'-bû-shûn, *s.* the act
tributing [vince, a region
t, dís-tríkt, *s.* a circuit, a pro-
t, dís-trúst', *v. a.* not to trust,
sbelieve—*s.* loss of confidence,
cion [to interrupt
, dís-trúb', *v. a.* to perplex,
ance, dís-turb'-éns, *s.* confusion,
ilt [disagreement
on, dís-û'-nyón, *s.* a separation,
te, dis-û'-nî'te, *v. a.* to separate
ds, to divide
ty, dís-û'-nî'tý, *s.* the state of ac-
separation
ch, dís-vou'ish, *v. a.* to destroy
redit of, to contradict
ditsh', *s.* a trench, a moat
dit'-tô, *s.* the aforesaid
dit'-tý, *s.* a musical poem, a
[toman grand council
dî-vân, *some* dîv'-ân, *s.* the Ot-
tation, di-vâr'-î-ká-shûn, *s.* a divi-
of opinions
dîve, *v. n.* to sink involuntarily
r water, to go deep into any
tion or science
e, di-ver'dah, *v. n.* to tend vari-
ways from one point
ent, di-ver'-dzhént, *a.* going far
asunder
, di-verz, *a.* several, sundry
e, di-vers, *a.* different, unlike,
site [variation, change
ification, di-ver-sí-fí-ká-shûn, *s.*
ify, dî-vér'-sí-fý, *v. a.* to distin-
h, to variegate
ion, di-ver-shûn, *s.* the act of
ng any thing from its course,
game [variety
r, dî-vér'-sí-tý, *s.* difference,

Divert, dî-vért', *v. a.* to turn aside, to
entertain [possess
Divest, dî-vést', *v. a.* to strip, to dis-
Divesture, dî-vés'-tûre, *s.* the act of
putting off
Divide, dî-víde, *v. a.* to part, separate,
distribute—*v. n.* to break friendship
Dividend, dîv'-î-dénd, *s.* share, part al-
lotted in division
Dividual, dî-ví'd'-û-ál, *a.* divided, shared
Divination, dîv'-î-ná'-shûn, *s.* a foretel-
ling of future things
Divine, dîv'-î-ne, *a.* godlike, heavenly,
not human—*s.* a minister of the gos-
pel, a clergyman—*v. a.* to foretel, to
foreknow
Diviner, dî-vín'-ér, *s.* a professor of
divination
Divinity, dîv'-ín'-ý-tý, *s.* the Deity, the
Supreme Being, science of divine
things, theology [divided
Divisible, dîv'-íz'-ýb'l, *a.* that may be
Division, dîv'-ýzh'-ûn, *s.* the act of divid-
ing, a partition, part of a discourse,
just time in music [divides
Divisor, dîv'-î-zór, *s.* the number that
Divorce, dîv'-ôr-se, *s.* separation in mar-
riage—*v. a.* to force asunder
Diuretic, dî-û-rét'-ýk, *a.* provoking
urine
Diurnal, di-ûr'-nâl, *a.* performed in a
day, daily—*s.* a journal, a day-book
Diaturnity, di-û-tûr-ný-tý, *s.* length of
duration [lic, to proclaim
Divulge, dîv'-ül'-dzh, *v. a.* to make pub-
Dizen, dí'z'n, *v. a.* to dress, to deck
gaudily
Dizzy, dí'z-ý, *a.* giddy, thoughtless
Do, dô, *v. a.* to act any thing either
good or bad—*v. n.* to act in any
manner either ill or well
Docible, dôs'-ýb'l, or Docile, dôs'-ýl, *a.*
easily taught, tractable
Docility, dô-síl'-ý-tý, *s.* aptness to be
taught
Dock, dôk', *s.* an herb, a place where
ships are built or laid up—*v. a.* to
cut short, to lay in a dock
Docket, dôk'-ét, *s.* a direction tied up-
on goods [val stores, &c.
Dockyard, dôk'-ýrd, *s.* a yard for na-
Doctor, dôk'-tór, *s.* a title in divinity,
law, physie, &c.
Doctrinal, dôk'-trí-nâl, *a.* containing
doctrine. [act of teaching
Doctrine, dôk'-trín, *s.* precept maxim

Sounds—hăt, hâte, hăl, liăr—mêt, desist, mē, liēr—chîn, chîne, field, shîrt—

- Document, dōk'-û-měnt, *s.* a precept, instruction, direction [plant]
- Dodder, dōd'-dér, *s.* a winding weed or
- Dodecagon, dō-dēi'-y-gōn, *s.* a figure of twelve sides
- Dodge, dōd'-zh, *v. n.* to use craft, to follow artfully, to quibble
- Doe, dō', *s.* the female of a buck
- Doff, dōf', *v. a.* to put off dress, to strip, to delay
- Dog, dōg', *s.* a domestic animal—*v. a.* to follow, to watch with an insidious design
- Dogdays, dōg'-dāze, *s.* the days in which the dogstar rises and sets with the sun [of Venice]
- Doge, dōd'zh, *s.* the chief magistrate
- Dogged, dōg'-gēd, *a.* sullen, sour, morose [one mast]
- Dogger, dōg'-gēr, *s.* a small ship with
- Doggerel, dōg'-grēl, *a.* vile, mean—*s.* despicable verses
- Doggish, dōg'-gīsh, *a.* currish, brutal
- Dogma, dōg'-mā, *s.* an established principle, a tenet
- Dogmatic, dōg-māt'-yē, *a.* authoritative
- Dogmatize, dōg'-mā-tīze, *v. n.* to assert positively, to teach magisterially
- Dogs, dōgz, *s.* handirons
- Dogstar, dōg'-stār, *s.* the star which gives name to the dogdays
- Dolily, dōr'-lī, *s.* a small coarse napkin used after dinner [bustle]
- Doings, dō'-yngz, *s.* feats, actions, stir
- Doit, dōīt, *s.* a small piece of money
- Dole, dō'le, *s.* a share, a part, grief, misery—*v. a.* to deal, to distribute
- Doleful, dōl'-ē-fūl, *a.* sorrowful, melancholy, afflicted [gloomy]
- Dolesome, dō'le-sóm, *a.* melancholy
- Doll, dōl', *s.* a little girl's baby
- Dollar, dōl-lār, *s.* a foreign coin
- Dolorific, dōl-ō-yf'-īk, *a.* that causes grief or pain
- Dolorous, dōl'-ō-rōs, *a.* sorrowful, dismal, painful
- Dolphin, dōf' fīn, *s.* a sea fish
- Dolt, dō'wīt, *s.* a heavy stupid fellow, a thickskull [blockish]
- Doltish, dō'wīt-ish, *a.* stupid, mean
- Domain, dō-māne, *s.* a dominion, empire, estate
- Dome, dōme, *s.* an arched roof, a cupola
- Domestic, dō-mēs'-tīk, *a.* belonging to the house, not foreign, private—*s.* a servant, a dependent
- Domesticate, dō-mēs'-tī-kāte, *v. a.* to make domestic
- Dominate, dōm'-y nāte, *v. a.* to predominate, to prevail over
- Domination, dōm'-y nā'-shūn, *s.* domination, tyranny
- Domineer, dōm'-y-nēre, *v. n.* to hector, to rule with insolence, to act without control
- Dominical, dō-mīn'-y-kāl, *a.* that notes the Lord's day
- Dominion, dō-mīn'-yón, *s.* sovereign authority, territory, power
- Domino, dōm'-i nō, *s.* a sort of masquerade dress, a game
- Don, dōn', *s.* a Spanish title for a gentleman
- Donation, dō-nā'-shūn, *s.* a gift, a present, a bounty, a thing given
- Donative, dōn'-ā-tīv, *s.* a gift, a present, a benefice
- Done, dōn', *part. of the verb Do—inter.* a word used to confirm a wager
- Donor, dō-nór, *s.* a giver, a bestower
- Doom, dōme, *v. a.* to sentence, to destine—*s.* a judicial sentence, judgment, condemnation, destiny
- Doomsday, dō'mz-dā, *s.* day of judgment
- Doomsday-book, dō'mz dā-bōk', *s.* a book for registering estates
- Door, dō're, *s.* the gate of a house, a passage [warrant]
- Doquet, dōk'-ēt, *s.* a paper containing a
- Doree, dō're, *s.* a delicate fish
- Doric, dōr'-īk, *s.* the second order in architecture
- Dormant, dōr'-mēnt, *a.* sleeping, private, concealed
- Dormitory, dōr'-mī-tōr-ē, *s.* a room with many beds, a burial place
- Dormouse, dōr'-mōūs, *s.* a small animal which passes the winter in sleep
- Dose, dō'se, *s.* so much of any medicine as is taken at one time
- Dot, dōt', *s.* a small point or spot in writing, &c.
- Dotage, dō-tēdzh, *s.* imbecility of mind, excessive fondness [dowry]
- Dotal, dō-tāl, *a.* relating to portion or
- Dotard, dōt'-ārd, *s.* one whose intellect is impaired, a silly lover
- Dote, dō'te, *v. n.* to love extremely
- Doting, dōt'-ag, *pr.* from dote
- Dotterel, dōt'-trīl, *s.* a bird that mimics gestures

shôt, nôte, lôse, actôr—hüt, pûsh, mûte, fûr,—truly, rye—thus, thick.

Double, dŭb'ol, *a.* twice as much, two-fold—*v. a.* to enlarge by like quantity, to fold, to pass round a head-land—*v. n.* to increas.e to twice the quantity—*s. a* plait or fold, trick, artifice [deceit, dissimulation]

Double dealing, dŭb'l-dē'ling, *s.* cunning, **Double minded**, dŭb'l-mīn-dēd, *a.* deceitful [or a pair]

Doublet, dŭb'-lēt, *s.* a waistcoat, two **Double-tongued**, dŭb'l-tōng'd, *a.* deceitful, false, hollow

Doublon, dŭb'lōne, *s.* a Spanish coin of two pistoles

Doubt, dŭt't, *v. a.* to question, to suspect—*s.* suspicion, difficulty

Dove, dōv', *s.* a sort of wild pigeon

Dovecot, dōv'-kōte, *s.* a pigeon-house

Dovetail, dōv'-tāle, *s.* a term used by joiners

Dough, dō', *s.* unbaked paste

Doughty, dŭt'ty, *a.* brave, illustrious, eminent [pale]

Doughy, dŭm'-y, *a.* soft, not quite baked, **Douse**, dōŭ's, *v. a.* to plunge suddenly in water [a jointure]

Dowager, dōw'-y-dzhēr, *s.* a widow with **Dowdy**, dōw'-dý, *a.* awkward—*s.* an awkward inelegant woman

Dower, dōw'-ēr, *s.* a wife's portion, a widow's jointure, endowment

Dowlas, dōw'-lās, *s.* coarse strong linen

Down, dōw'n, *s.* soft feathers or wool, tender hair, a large open plain—*prep.* along a descent—*ad.* on the ground, into disgrace

Downcast, dōw'n-kāst, *a.* bent down, dejected

Downfall, dōw'n-fāl, *s.* ruin, calamity

Downhill, dōw'n-hīl, *s.* a descent—*a.* descending [dejected]

Downlooking, dōw'n-lōk'-yng, *a.* sullen, **Downlying**, dōw'n-lý'-yng, *a.* near childbirth

Downright, dōw'n-rīte, *ad.* honestly, plainly—*a.* open, undisguised

Downward, dōw'n-wārd, *a.* bending down, dejected

Downwards, dōw'n-wārdz, *ad.* towards the centre, from a higher to a lower situation [or nap, soft]

Downy, dōw'-ny, *a.* covered with down

Dowry, dōw'-ry, *s.* portion, a dower

Doxology, dōks-ol'-ō-dzhý, *s.* a form of giving glory to God

Draz, dōk-sy, *s.* a loose wench, a prostitute

Doze, dō'ze, *v. n.* to slumber—*v. a.* to stupify, to dull

Dozen, dōz'n, *s.* the number of twelve

Dozy, dō-zý, *a.* sleepy, drowsy

Drab, dráb, *s.* a slattern, sort of wool-len cloth

Drachm, drám', *s.* a Roman coin, the eighth part of an ounce [away]

Draff, dráf', *s.* refuse, any thing thrown

Drift, dráft, *s.* a bill drawn on another for money

Drag, drág', *v. a.* to draw by force, to trail—*s.* a sort of net or hook

Draggel, drág'l, *v. a.* to trail in the dirt

Dragon, drág'-ōn, *s.* a winged serpent

Dragonlike, drág'-ōn-like, *a.* furious, fiery

Dragoon, drá-gō'ne, *s.* a horse soldier—*v. a.* to force one against his will

Drain, drā'ne, *v. a.* to draw off gradually, to make quite dry—*s.* a channel to carry off water

Drake, drá'ke, *s.* the male of the duck

Drám, drám', *s.* the eighth part of an ounce, a glass of spirits [a play]

Drama, drá'-mā, *s.* a poem, the action of

Dramatic, drá-mát'-ik, *a.* represented by action

Dramatist, drám-á'-tíst, *s.* author of dramatic compositions

Draper, drá'-pér, *s.* one who sells cloth

Drapery, drá'-pér-y, *s.* cloth-work, the dress of a picture

Draught, dráft, *s.* the act of drinking, quantity drunk or drawn at once, a delineation, a picture, a check or bill of exchange, a detachment

Draw, drá', *v. a.* to pull forcibly, to attract, to describe, to allure—*v. n.* to unsheathe, to write a bill of exchange, to delineate

Drawback, drá'-bák, *s.* money paid back on exports [lift up]

Drawbridge, drá'-brídzh, *s.* bridge to

Drawer, drá'-ér, *s.* one who draws, a sliding box in a case [breches]

Drawers, drá'-érz, *s.* a pair of under

Drawing, drá'-yng, *s.* a delineation

Drawing-room, drá'-yng-rōme, *s.* a room for company [clownishly]

Drawl, drá'l, *v. n.* to speak slowly or

Drawell, drá'-wél, *s.* a deep well

Dray, drá', or Draycart, drá'-kárt, *s.* a car for beer

Dread, dréd', *s.* great fear, terror, awe—*a.* terrible, awful—*v. a.* to fear incessively—*v. n.* to be in fear

Sounds—hăt, hâte, hăl, liăr—mêt, dêsist, mē, hēr—chîn, chine, fîeld, shîrt—

Dreadful drêd'fûl, *a.* terrible, formidable

Dream, drême, *s.* thoughts in sleep, an idle fancy—*v. a.* to have thoughts in sleep, to be sluggish

Dreary, drê-rî, *a.* sorrowful, dismal

Dredge, drêdzh', *s.* a kind of net—*v. a.* to gather or fish with a dredge

Dreggy, drêg-gî, *a.* having dregs, not clear

Dregs, drêg-z, *s.* sediment of liquors, &c.

Drench, drênsh, *v. a.* to soak, to fill with drink—*s.* physic for a brute

Dress, drês, *v. a.* to clothe, to deck, to cover a wound, to cook, to curry a horse—*s.* clothes, ornament

Dresser, drês-sér, *s.* one who dresses, a kitchen table

Dressing-room, drês-sîng-rôm, *s.* a room to dress in

Drib, drîb', *v. a.* to crop, to cut off

Dribble, drîb'l, *v. n.* to drop slowly

Dribblet, drîb-lêt, *s.* a small sum

Drift, drîft, *s.* course, tendency, a heap thrown together by the wind—*v. a.* to drive, to throw on heaps

Drill, drîl', *v. a.* to perforate, to make a hole, to teach recruits—*s.* an instrument for boring, a small furrow

Drink, drîngk', *v. n.* to swallow liquors, to be an habitual drunkard—*v. a.* to swallow, suck up, absorb—*s.* liquor to be swallowed

Drip, drîp', *v. n.* to fall in drops—*n. a.* to let fall in drops—*s.* what falls in drops

Dripping, drîp'pîng, *a.* the fat dropped from roast meat

Drive, drîve, *v. a.* to force along, to urge, to guide—*v. n.* to go as impelled

Drivel, drîv'l, *v. n.* to slaver, to dote

Driven, drîv'n, *part. of Drive*

Drizzle, drîzl, *v. n.* to fall in slow drops

Drizly, drîz-lî, *a.* small rain

Droll, drôle, *s.* an arch fellow, a jester, a farce—*a.* merry, ludicrous—*v. n.* to jest, to play the buffoon

Drollery, drôl-êr-y, *s.* idle jokes, buffoonery [camel

Dromedary drôm-ê-dâr-y, *s.* a kind of

Drone, drôn'e, *s.* a dry bee, a slugard, a slow humming music—*v. n.* to live in idleness

Dronish, drôn-nîsh, *a.* idle, sluggish

Droop, drôp'e, *v. n.* to languish with sorrow, to faint, to pine away

Drop, drôp, *s.* a globule of moisture, a diamond hanging in the ear—*v. n.* to pour in drops, to let fall, to cease, to quit—*v. a.* to sink into silence

Dropping, drôp'pîng, *s.* what falls in drops

Dropsical, drôp-sî-kâl, *a.* diseased with a dropsy [in the body

Dropsy, drôp's-y, *s.* a collection of water

Dross, drôs', *s.* scum of metals

Drossy, drôs-s-y, *a.* full of dross, foul

Drove, drô've, *s.* a herd of cattle, a multitude, a crowd [the

Drover, drô-wér, *s.* one that drives cat-

Drought, drôût, *s.* dry weather, thirst

Droughty, drôû-tî, *a.* wanting rain, thirsty

Drown, drôwn, *v. a.* to suffocate in water, to overflow, to immerge

Drowsy, drôw-z-y, *a.* sleepy, dull, stupid

Drub, drûb', *v. a.* to thresh, to beat, to bang—*s.* a thump, a knock, a blow

Drudge, drûdzh', *v. n.* to labour in mean offices—*s.* one employed in mean labour [labour

Drudgery, drûdzh'-êr-y, *s.* hard mean

Drudgingbox, drôdzh'-îng-bôks, *s.* a box out of which flour is sprinkled

Drug, drûg', *s.* a medicinal simple, any thing without worth or value

Drugget, drûg-gêt, *s.* a slight kind of woollen stuff [the ancient Britons

Druid, drû'id', *s.* a priest and bard of

Drum, drûm', *s.* an instrument of military music, the tympanum of the ear

v. n. to beat or sound a drum

Drum-major, drûm-mâ-dzhôr, *s.* the chief drummer of a regiment

Drunk, drûngk', *a.* intoxicated with liquor [excessive drinking

Drunkard, drûngk'-ârd, *s.* one given to

Dry, drî, *a.* arid, without rain, thirsty, barren—*v. a.* to free from moisture, to drain—*v. n.* to grow dry

Drynurse, drî-nûrs, *s.* a woman who brings up children without the breast

Dual, dû-âl, *a.* expressing the number two [a person

Dub, dûb', *v. a.* to confer knighthood on

Dubious, dû-byûs, *a.* doubtful, uncertain

Ducal, dû-kâl, *a.* appertaining to a duke

Ducat, dûk'-ât, *s.* a foreign coin

Duchess, dûtsh'-ês, *s.* wife of a duke

Duchy, dûtsh-y, *s.* a dukedom

Duck, dûk, *s.* a water fowl, female of the drake—*v. n.* to dive under water—*v. a.* to put under water

Ducking-stool, dûk'-îng-stôol, *s.* a chain in which scolds are ducked

re, nôte, lôse, actôr—hût, pûsh, mûte, fûr—truly, rye—thus, thick.

gged, dūk'-'lég'd, *a.* short legged
 ing, dūk'-'lîng, *s.* a young duck
 lûkt', *s.* a guidance, a passage
 , dūk'-'tîl, *a.* flexible, pliable
 ty, dūk'-'tîl'-'y-tý, *s.* flexibility,
 liance
 m, dūd'-'dzhón, *s.* ill-will
 y' *a.* owed, proper, exact—*s.* a
 right, just, title, tribute
 ã-êl, *s.* a fight between two
 i, dū-ên-nã, *s.* an old governess
 ã-êr, *s.* an air in two parts
 ãg', *s.* the pap or teat
 lû'ke, *s.* one of the highest order
 bility in England
 m, dū'ke-dóm, *s.* the possession
 ality of a duke [monious
 dū'-'sêr, *a.* sweet, luscious, har-
 , dūl'-'st-fý, *v. a.* to sweeten
 er, dūl'-'st-mêr, *s.* a kind of mu-
 instrument
 ãl', *a.* stupid, sluggish, dejected
 r. to stupify, to blunt
 s, dūl'-'nês, *s.* stupidity, heaviness
 dūm', *a.* mute, silent [sadness
 dūmp', *s.* sorrow, melancholy
 ih, dūmp'-'ish, *a.* sad, melancholy
 ng, dūmp'-'lîng, *s.* a small boiled
 ing
 , dūmps, *s.* a melancholy fit
 ãn', *s.* colour between brown
 lack, gloomy—*v. a.* to press for
 t—*s.* a troublesome creditor
 dūn', *s.* a dolt, a thickskull
 dūnsh', *a.* deaf
 lûng', *s.* excrement, soil—*v. a.*
 ten land with dung
 re, dūn'-'dzhón, *s.* a close prison
 ll, dūng'-'hîl, *s.* a mean person, a
 of dung
 imo, dū-ũ-dês'-'y-mô, *s.* a book
 g twelve leaves to a sheet
 lû pe, *s.* a credulous person—
 to trick, to cheat

Duple, dū'-'p'l, *a.* double
 Duplicate, dū-pñ'-'kâte, *v. a.* to double,
 to fold together
 Duplicate, dū-pñ'-'kêt, *s.* an exact copy
 of any thing, of the same kind
 Duplication, dū-pñ'-'kã-shûn, *s.* the act
 of doubling or folding [ing
 Duplicity, dū-pñs'-'y-tý, *s.* double deal-
 Durability, dū-rã-bîl'-'y-tý, *s.* the power
 of lasting [tinuance
 Durance, dū'-'rêns, *s.* imprisonment, con-
 Duration, dū-rã-shûn, *s.* continuance,
 length of time
 Dure, dū're, *v. n.* to last, to continue
 Duress, dū'-'rês, *s.* constraint, imprison-
 ment [continuance
 During, dū'-'rîng, *prep.* for the time of
 Durst, dūrst', *pret. of* Dare
 Dusk, dūsk', *s.* a tendency to darkness
 Dusky, dūsk'-'y, *a.* tending to darkness
 Dust, dūst', *s.* earth dried to powder—
v. a. to free from dust, to sprinkle
 with dust
 Dusty, dūs'-'tý, *a.* clouded with dust
 Dutchy, dūtsi'-'y, *s.* territory which
 gives title to a duke [sive, respectful
 Dutceous, dū'-'tyús, *a.* obedient, submis-
 Duty, dū'-'tý, *s.* natural or legal obliga-
 tion, respect, reverence, a tax [size
 Dwarf, dū'-'rãf, *s.* a man below the usual
 Dwarfish, dū'-'r-fish, *a.* low, little
 Dwell, dwel', *v. n.* to inhabit, to con-
 tinue long [place of residence
 Dwelling, dwel'-'lîng, *s.* habitation, a
 Dwindle, dwîndl', *v. n.* to shrink, to
 grow feeble, to wear away [lour to
 Dye, dy', *v. a.* to lose life, to give a co-
 Dying, dy'-'yng, *part.* expiring, giving
 colour to [vereignty
 Dynasty, dy'-'nãs-tý, *s.* government, so-
 Dysentery, dys'-'ên-têr'-'y, *s.* a looseness
 Dyspepsy, dys'-'pêp-sý, *s.* indigestion
 Dysury, dys'-'û-rý, *s.* a difficulty in mak-
 ing urine

E.

H, ê'tsh, *pron.* either of two,
 try one
 ê'-'gêr, *a.* ardent, zealous
 êss, ê'-'gêr-nês, *s.* keen desire, ve-
 nce
 g'l, *s.* a bird of prey, the Ro-
 anard

Eagle-eyed, ê'g'l'-'ide, *a.* sharp sighted
 Eagle speed, ê'g'l'-'apêde, *s.* swiftness
 like an eagle
 Eaglet, ê'-'glêt, *s.* a young eagle
 Ear, êre, *s.* the organ of hearing.
 power of judging of humours, spikes
 of corn

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 ounds—hát, háte, háll, like—mát, déstet, mē, hér—chin, chine, field, shirt—  
 ~~~~~

- Earl, érl', *s.* the title of nobility next to a marquis [an earl]
 Earldom, érl'-dóm, the seignior of
 Earl-marshal, érl'-má'-shál, *s.* the officer that has the chief care of military solemnities
 Early, ér'-ly, *a.* soon—*adv.* betimes
 Earn, érn', *v. a.* to gain by labour
 Earnest, ér'-nést, *a.* ardent, zealous, intent, eager—*s.* seriousness, money advanced [at the ears]
 Ear-ring, é'r-ríng, *a.* an ornament worn
 Ear-shot, é're-shót, *s.* within hearing
 Earth, érth', *s.* land, mould, the terre-queous globe [clay]
 Earthen, érth'n, *a.* made of earth or
 Earthquake, érth'-kwáke, *s.* a tremor of the earth [mean sordid wretch]
 Earthworm, érth'-wórm, *s.* a worm, a
 Earthy, érth'-y, *a.* consisting of earth, gross, foul
 Ease, é'ze, *s.* quiet, rest after labour, facility—*v. a.* to relieve, assuage
 Easel, é'z'l, *s.* a painter's frame for canvas
 Easement, éze'-mént, *a.* relief, assistance
 East, é'ste, *s.* the quarter where the sun rises
 Easter, é's-tér, *s.* the day on which Christians commemorate our Saviour's resurrection
 Easterly, é's-tér-ly, *a.* coming from the east, towards the east
 Eastern, é's-térn, *a.* belonging to the east, oriental [east]
 Eastward, é'st-wárd, *a.* towards the
 Easy, é'-zy, *a.* not difficult, quiet, credulous [—*v. n.* to take food]
 Eat, é'te, *v. a.* to feed upon, to consume
 Eaten, é't'n, *part.* devoured, consumed
 Eaves, é'vz, *s.* the edges of the roof which overhang the house
 Eavesdrop, é'vz-dróp, *v. a.* to catch what comes from eaves
 Ebb, éb', *s.* to flow back to the sea
 Ebony, éb'-ón, or Ebony, éb'-ón-y, *s.* a hard valuable black wood
 Ebriety, é-brí-e-tý, *s.* drunkenness
 Ebullition, é-bül-lísh'-h'n, *s.* the act of boiling up [the centre, irregular]
 Eccentric, ék-sén'-trík, *a.* deviating from
 Eccentricity, ék-sén'-trís'-y-tý, *s.* deviation from the centre
 Ecclesiastic, ék-klé-zí-ás'-tík, *a.* relating to the church—*s.* a clergyman
 Echo, ék'-kō, *s.* the repercussion of a sound
- Reclaircissement, ék-kláre-sis'-mént, *s.* an explanation
 Eclat, é-klá', *s.* splendour, show, lustre
 Eclectic, ék-ék'-ték, *a.* selecting, choosing at will
 Eclipse, é-klyp's, *s.* obscuration of the sun, moon, &c.—*v. a.* to disgrace
 Ecliptic, é-klyp'-tík, *s.* the apparent orbit of the earth [poem]
 Eclogue, ék'-lóg, *s.* a pastoral or rural
 Economy, é-kōn'-ō-mý, *s.* frugality, disposition of things [saving]
 Economic, é-kō-nóm'-ík, *a.* frugal, thrifty
 Ecstasy, ék'-tá-sý, *s.* excessive joy, rapture, enthusiasm [porting]
 Extatic, éks ták'-ík, *a.* enrapturing, trans-
 Edder, éd'-der, *s.* top of fences
 Eddish, éd'-ish, *s.* latter grass
 Eddy, éd'-dy, *s.* turn of the water or wind, a whirlpool
 Edge, édzh', *s.* the sharp part of an instrument, keenness [border]
 Edging, édzh'-ing, *s.* a narrow lace, a
 Edge-tool, édzh'-tóle, *s.* a tool made sharp to cut
 Edible, éd'-yb'l, *a.* fit to be eaten
 Edict, é-díkt, *s.* a proclamation, a decree [ment, instruction]
 Edification, éf-fí-y-ká'-shún, *s.* improve
 Edifice, éd'-y-fis, *s.* a fabric, a building
 Edify, éd'-y-fý, *v. a.* to instruct, to improve [magistrate]
 Edile, é'-dile, *s.* the title of a Roman
 Edition, é-dish'-h'n, *s.* the impression of a book
 Editor, éd'-y-tór, *s.* one who revises or prepares a work for publication
 Educate, éd'-ú-káte, *v. a.* to bring up, to instruct
 Education, éd-ú-ká'-shún, *s.* the instruction of youth
 Educe, é-dú'se, *v. a.* to bring out, to extract [act of sweetening]
 Edulcoration, é-dúl-kō-rá'-shún, *s.* the
 Eel, é'le, *s.* a serpentine slimy fish
 Effable, éf'-éb'l, *a.* expressive, utterable
 Efface, éf-fá'se, *v. a.* to blot out to destroy
 Effect, éf-fék't, *s.* event produced, issue, reality—*v. a.* to bring to pass, to produce [serviceable]
 Effective, éf-fék'-tív, *a.* operative, active, efficient
 Effectual, éf-fék'-tál, *a.* powerful, effectious [to pass, to fulfil]
 Effectuate, éf-fék'-tú-áte, *v. a.* to bring
 Effeminacy, éf-fém'-y ná-sý, *s.* unmanly
 dcllacy, mean submission

shôt, nôte, lôse, actôr—hüt, pûah, mâts, fûr—truly, rje—thus, thick.

- Effeminate**, êf-fém' l-nét, *a.* womanish, voluptuous, tender
- Effervesce**, êf-fér-vès', *v. n.* to have an intestine motion excited
- Effervescence**, êf-fér-vès-éns, *s.* act of becoming hot by fermentation
- Efficacious**, êf-fí-kâ-shûs, *a.* powerful to produce the consequences intended
- Efficacy**, êf-fí-kâ-sý, *s.* ability or power to effect
- Efficient**, êf-físh'-ént, *s.* the cause which makes effects—*a.* causing effects
- Effigies**, êf-fídzh' í-éz, *s.* an effigy
- Effigy**, êf-fí-dzhý, *s.* a resemblance, an image in painting or sculpture
- Efflorescent**, êf-flo-rés'-sént, *a.* shooting out in the form of flowers
- Effluent**, êf-fú-ént, *a.* flowing from, issuing out of
- Effluvia**, êf-fú-výá, *s.* small particles continually flying off from bodies
- Efflux**, êf-fúks, *s.* the act of flowing out
- Effort**, êf-fórt, *s.* a struggle, laborious endeavour [boldness]
- Effrontery**, êf-frónt'-tér-y, *s.* impudence
- Effulgent**, êf-fú-dzhént, *a.* shining, bright, luminous [ing out, waste]
- Effusion**, êf-fú-shún, *s.* the act of pouring, *eff.* *s.* a newt, an evet
- Egg**, êg', *s.* that which is laid by feathered animals, spawn or sperm—*v. a.* to incite, to instigate
- Eglantine**, êg'-lán-tine, *s.* a species of rose, sweet-brier
- Egotism**, ê-gô-tizm, *s.* talk of one's self
- Egotize**, ê-gô-tize, *v. n.* to talk much of one's self [bad, extraordinary]
- Egregious**, ê-gré-dzhús, *a.* eminently
- Egress**, ê-grés, *s.* departure [out]
- Egression**, ê-grés'h-ün, *s.* act of going
- Ejectile**, ê-dzhák'-ù-lâte, *v. a.* to throw out, to shoot out
- Ejaculation**, ê-dzhák'-ù-lâ-shún, *s.* a short fervent prayer
- Ejaculatory**, ê-dzhák'-ù-lâ-tó-rý, *a.* suddenly darted out, fervent, hasty
- Eject**, ê-dzhékt', *v. a.* to throw out, to cast forth
- Ejection**, ê-dzhék'-shún, *s.* expulsion
- Ejectment**, ê-jékt'-mént, *s.* writ of ordering a person from a house, &c.
- Eight**, éyht, *a.* twice four [united]
- Eighteen**, éy-téne, *a.* ten and eight
- Eightfold**, éyte' fôld, *a.* eight times the number, &c. [twenty]
- Eightscore**, éyte-skôre, *a.* eight times
- Eighty**, éy-ty, *a.* eight times ten
- Either**, ê-ther, *pron.* one or the other
- Eke**, ê'ke, *ad.* also, besides—*v. a.* to increase, to fill up deficiencies
- Elaborate**, ê-lâb'-ô-rét, *a.* finished with great labour [away]
- Eclipse**, ê-lâp's, *v. n.* to pass or glide
- Elastic**, ê-lâs'-tik, *a.* springing back
- Elasticity**, ê-lâs-tis'-i-ty, *s.* force in bodies by which they endeavour to restore themselves
- Elate**, ê-lâte, *a.* flushed with success—*v. a.* to puff up, to exalt
- Elation**, ê-lâ-shún, *s.* haughtiness
- Elbow**, êl'-bô, *s.* the bending of the arm below the shoulder, an angle
- Elbowchair**, êl'-bô-tshâre, *s.* a chair with arms
- Elder**, êl'-dér, *a.* exceeding another in years—*s.* name of a well known tree
- Elders**, êl-dérz, *s.* ancient rulers
- Eldest**, êl-dést, *a.* the oldest, the first born [plaut]
- Elecampane**, êl-ê-kâm-pâ'ne, *s.* a sort of
- Elect**, ê-lékt', *v. a.* to choose, to select—*a.* chosen [of choosing]
- Election**, ê-lék'-shún, *s.* the act or power
- Elective**, ê-lék'-tiv, *a.* exerting the power of choice [in an election]
- Elector**, ê-lék'-tór, *s.* he that has a vote
- Electoral**, ê-lék'-tô-râ, *a.* of or belonging to an elector [of an elector]
- Electorate**, ê-lék'-tô-rét, *s.* the territory
- Electric**, ê-lék'-trik, *a.* belonging to electricity
- Electricity**, ê-lék'-tris'-i-ty, *s.* property in bodies which draws substances, and emits fire by friction
- Electuary**, ê-lék'-tù-âr-y, *s.* a medicine made of conserves and powers
- Eleemosynary**, êl-ê-môz'-y-nâr-y, *a.* living on charity [ing, neat]
- Elegant**, êl'-ê-gánt, *a.* beautiful, pleasant
- Elegiac**, êl-ê-dzhý'-ák, *a.* used in elegies, mournful [poem]
- Elegy**, êl'-ê-dzhý, *s.* a mournful pathetic
- Element**, êl'-ê-mént, *s.* first principle earth, fire, air, or water, proper habitation, &c. of any thing, rudiments of literature or science [elements]
- Elemental**, êl-ê-mén' tál, *a.* produced by
- Elementary**, êl-ê-mén' tár-y, *a.* not compounded, simple [quadrupeds, ivory]
- Elephant**, êl-ê-fánt, *s.* the largest of
- Elephantine**, êl-ê-fân'-tín, *a.* pertaining to the elephant
- Elevate**, êl'-ê-vâte, *v. a.* to raise up, exalt, to make glad

Sounds—hät, häte, häll, liär—mēt, dēsist, mō, hér—chün, chüne, field, sl

Elevate, ēl'ē-vēt, *part. a.* exalted, elated

Elevation, ēl'ē-vā'-shün, *s.* the act of raising aloft, exaltation, height

Eleven, ē-lév'n, *a.* ten and one

Elf, ēlf', *s.* a fairy, a devil

Elicit, ē-lis'it, *v. a.* to strike out, to fetch out by labour—*a.* brought into act

Eligible, ēl'ig-dzib'l, *a.* fit to be chosen

Elision, ē-lizh'ün, *s.* act of cutting off

Elixir, ē-lík'sir, *s.* quintessence of any thing, any cordial

Elk, ēlk', *s.* animal of the stag kind

Ell, ēl', *s.* a measure of a yard and a quarter

Ellipsis, ēl-líp'sis, *s.* something left to be understood, an oval figure

Elliptic, ēl-líp'tik, *a.* formed like an ellipsis

Elm, *s.* a tall timber tree

Elocution, ē-lō-kū'-shün, *s.* fluency of speech or diction, eloquence

Elogy, ēl'ō-dzhi'y, *s.* praise, panegyric

Elongate, ē-lōng'āte, *v. a.* to lengthen, to draw out [lengthening]

Elongation, ē-lōng'ā'-shün, *s.* the act of Elope, ē-lōp'e, *v. n.* to run away, to break lose [restraint]

Elopement, ē-lōp'e-mēnt, *s.* escape from eloquent, ēl'ō-kwēnt, *a.* having the power of oratory [*ad.* otherwise]

Else, ēl's, *pron.* other, one besides—Elsewhere, ēl's-hwā're, *ad.* in another place [to clear up]

Elucidate, ē-lū'si-dāte, *v. a.* to explain, Elude, ē-lū'd'e, *v. a.* to escape by artifice, to shun [in the loins]

Elumbated, ē-lūm'bā-tēd, *a.* weakened

Elusion, ē-lū'-zhün, *s.* escape from inquiry, artifice

Elusive, ē-lū'siv, *a.* tending to elude

Elysian, ē-lizh'yan, *a.* pleasant, exceedingly delightful

Elysium, ē-lizh'yüm, *s.* any place exquisitely pleasant [flesh, to waste]

Emaciate, ē-mā'shiyāte, *v. n.* to lose

Emaculation, ē-māk'ū-lā'-shün, *s.* the act of freeing from spots or foulness

Emanation, ēm'ā-nā'-shün, *s.* the act of issuing or flowing from another substance, that which flows

Emanative, ēm'ā-nā-tiv, *a.* issuing from another

Emancipate, ē-mān'si-pāte, *v. a.* to set free

Emancipation, ē-mān'si-pā'-shün, *s.* a setting free, a deliverance from slavery or servitude

Embalm, ēm-bām, *v. a.* to impregnate with aromatics

Embarcation, ēm-bār-kā'-shün, *s.* going or going on shipboard

Embargo, ēm-bār-gō, *s.* a prohibition

Embark, ēm-bār'k, *v. a.* to put on board, to engage—*v. n.* to go on board [to die]

Embarrass, ēm-bār'rās, *v. a.* to perplex

Embase, ēm-bā'se, *v. a.* to degrade, vilify

Embassy, ēm' bās-sy, *s.* a public minister

Embattle, ēm-bāt'l, *v. a.* to range in order of battle

Embay, ēm-bā, *v. a.* to enclose in

Embellish, ēm-bēl'ish, *v. a.* to adorn

Ember day, ēm-bēr-dā, *s.* a day of fasting and abstinence [ed, hot ci]

Embers, ēm'-bers, *s.* ashes unextinguished

Ember-week, ēm-bēr-wēke, *s.* a week in which an ember day falls

Embezzle, ēm-bēz'l, *v. a.* to steal privately, to waste

Emblaze, ēm-blā'ze, *v. a.* to blaze with paint with ensigns armorial

Emblazon, ēm-blā'zn, *v. a.* to adorn with figures of heraldry, to set pompously, to deck

Emblem, ēm'-blem, *s.* enamel, a representation, an allusive picture

Emblematic, ēm-blē-māt'ik, *a.* allusive, using emblems

Embolden, ēm-bōld'n, *v. a.* to encourage

Emboss, ēm-bōs', *v. a.* to engrave relief or rising work, to enclose hunt hard [the en]

Embowel, ēm-bōw'-el, *v. a.* to take out the bowels

Embrace, ēm-brā'se, *v. a.* to hold in the arms, to encircle, to connect—*v. n.* to join in an embrace

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t, nôte, lôse, actôr—hüt, pûsh, mâte, fûr—truly, rye—thus, thick.

1, êm'-ê-râld, s. a green precious

, ê-mér-dzh', v. n. to rise out
nt, ê-mér'-dzhént, a. rising out
o view or notice, sudden
s, êm'-êr-ôdz, s. painful swell-
of the hæmorrhoidal veins, piles
n, ê-mér'-shûn, s. act of rising
iew again

êm'-êr'-y, s. an iron ore
ê-mér'-yk, a. provoking vomits
it, êm'-y-grât, a. departing from
e, wandering.—s. one who emi-

e, êm'-y-grâte, v. n. to remove
one place to another

ied, êm'-y-nént, a. high, exalted,
[agent

y, êm'-ys sâr y, s. a spy, a secret
n, ê-mîsh'-bn, s. the act of throw-
shooting out [charge

mît', v. a. to send forth, to dis-
êm'-mêt, s. an ant, a pismire
ient, ê-môl'-lyént, a. softening,
ying—s. what softens or relaxes
upplies the solids

, ê-mô'-shûn, s. disturbance of
ind, vehemence of passion

, êm-pâl'e, v. a. to fence with
to enclose, to put to death by
on a stake

iel, êm-pân'-nél, v. a. to swear,
jury

r, êmp'-ér-ôr, s. a monarch su-
to a king

is, êm'-fâ-sÿs, s. a remarkable
laid upon a word or sentence

ic, êm-fâ't'ik, a. forcible
ê-m'-pire, s. imperial power,
and [sician, a quack

, êm-pÿr'-yk, s. a pretended phys-
ism, êm-pÿr'-y-sizm, s. quackery
d, êm-plêde, v. a. to indict, to

a charge against
êm-plô'y, v. a. to keep at work,
—s. business, office or post of

am, êm pō-ryūm, s. a place of
landiaz, a mart, a commercial

[make pool
rish, êm-pōv'-ér-ysh, v. a. to
r, êm pōw-ér, v. a. to authorise

, êm'-prës, s. the wife of an em-
a female with imperial dignity

êm-p'it'y, a. unurnished, not
norant [heavenly

, êm-pÿr'-yâ, a. refined, aet

Empyrean, êm-pÿr'-ê'-ân, s. the highest
.. heaven where the pure element of
fire is supposed to subsist

Empyreum, êm-pÿ-rûn, or Empyreu-
ma, êm-pÿ-rû-mâ, s. the burning of
any matter in boiling or distillation

Emulate, êm-â-lâte, v. a. to rival, to
imitate [sire of superiority

Emulation, êm â-lâ'-shûn, s. rivalry, de-
Emulative, êm-â-lâ-tiv, a. inclined to
emulation [petitor

Emulator, êm-â-lâ-tôr, s. a rival, a com-
Emulge, ê-mûldzh', v. a. to milk out

Emulgent, ê-mûl'-dzhént, a. milking or
draining out [ous to excel

Emulous, êm'-û-lûs, a. rivalling, desir-
Emulsion, ê-mûl'-shûn, s. an oily, lubri-
cating medicine

Enable, ên â'b'l, v. a. to make able
Enact, ên-âkt', v. a. to establish, to de-
cree, to represent by action

Enamel, ên-âm'-él, v. n. to inlay, to
variegate with colours—s. a substance
used in enamelling [love

Enamour, ên-âm'-ûr, v. a. to inspire with
Encamp, ên-kâmp', v. n. to pitch tents
—v. a. to form into a camp

Encampment, ên-kâmp'-mént, s. an army
in camp [a chain, to bind

Enchain, ên-tshâ'ne, v. a. to fasten with
Enchant, ên-tshâ'nt, v. a. to bewitch,
to delight [an ornament

Enchase, ên-tshâ'se, v. n. to adorn by
Encircle, ên-sirk'l, v. a. to environ, to
enclose in a circle

Enclitics, ên-klyt'-yks, s. particles which
throw back the accent upon the fore-
going syllable [surround

Enclose, ên-klô'se, v. a. to fence in, to
Enclosure, ên-klô'-zhûre, s. the act of
enclosing, separation into distinct
possessions [praise

Encœmism, ên-kō'-mytism, s. a panegyric,
Encompas, ên-kōm'-pâs, v. a. to en-
close, to encircle, to go round any
place

Encore, êng-kō're, ad. again, once more
Encounter, ên-kōun'-tér, s. a duel, a
battle, sudden meeting, casual inci-
dent—v. a. to meet in a hostile man-
ner, to attack, to meet by accident

Encourage, ên-kÿr'-êdzh, v. a. to ani-
mate, to embolden

Encroach, ên krō'tah, v. a. to advance by
stealth, to invade [imperie

Encumber, ên-kûm'-bér, s. a to clog, v

Sounds—hăt, hâte, hăl, liăr—măt, dăisăt, măt, hăr—chîn, chîne, fiăld, shîrt.—

- Encumbrance,   n-k  r  br  ns, *s.* a clog, an impediment
- Encyclop  dia,   n-s  k-l  p  d  y  , *s.* a complete circle of sciences
- End,   nd, *s.* extremity, conclusion, design, death [to prejudice]
- Endamage,   n-d  m'  dz, *v. a.* to hurt
- Endanger,   n d  n d  zh  r, *v. a.* to bring into peril, to hazard [or beloved]
- Endear,   n-d  r  , *v. a.* to render dear
- Endeavour,   n d  v'  r, *s.* an effort. a labour—*v. n.* to strive for some end —*v. a.* to attempt, to try
- Endemial,   n-d  m'  y  l, or Endemic,   n-d  m'  k, *a.* peculiar to a country as applied to diseases
- Endict, or Endite,   n-d  t  , *v. a.* to charge by a written accusation, to draw up, to compose—*v. n.* to compose [herb, succory]
- Endive,   n-d  v, *s.* a common sallad
- Endorse,   n-d  rs, *v. a.* to superscribe, to accept a bill
- Endorsement,   n-d  rs'm  nt, *s.* confirmation, writing on the back
- Endow,   n-d  w, *v. a.* to enrich with portion or excellence
- Endowment,   n-d  w'm  nt, *s.* grant of a vicarage, gift of nature
- Endue,   n d  ', *v. a.* to supply with mental excellencies
- Endure,   n-d  r  , *v. a.* to bear, sustain, support—*v. n.* to last, to continue, to brook [an adversary]
- Enemy,   n'  -m  y, *s.* a foe, an opponent
- Energetic,   n-  r-d  zh  t'  k, *a.* forcible, vigorous [vigour]
- Energy,   n'  r-d  zh  , *s.* power, force
- Enervate,   n-  r v  t  , *v. a.* to deprive of force, to crush [enervate]
- Enfeeble,   n-f  '  b  l, *v. a.* to weaken, to enfeeble,   n-f  t'  , *v. a.* to invest with possessions [ters, to confine]
- Enfetter,   n-f  t'  t  r, *v. a.* to bind in fetters
- Enfilade,   n-f  l  d  , *s.* a straight passage—*v. a.* to pierce in a right line
- Enforce,   n-f  r  s  , *v. a.* to strengthen, to urge—*v. n.* to prove
- Enfranchise,   n-fr  n't  sh  z  , *v. a.* to make free, to liberate
- Engage,   n-g  d  zh, *v. a.* to embark in an affair, to bind, to gain attention, to employ, to encounter, to fight
- Engagement,   n-g  d  zh m  nt, *s.* employment, a battle, a motive, an obligation [to produce, to excite]
- Engender,   n-d  zh  n'  d  r, *v. a.* to beget
- Engine,   n'  -d  zh  n, *s.* a machine, an agent
- Engineer,   n-d  zh  n  r  , *s.* one who manages engines, or directs artillery
- English,   ng'  -l  sh, *a.* belonging to England [bruise as with hail]
- Engrail,   n-gr  l  , *v. n.* to batter or
- Engrave,   n-gr  v  , *v. a.* to cut characters or figures on copper, &c.
- Engraving,   n-gr  v'  ng, *s.* a picture engraved
- Engross,   n-gr  s  , *v. a.* to monopolize, to engage deeply, to copy in a large hand [or esteem, to aggravate]
- Enhance,   n-h  ns, *v. a.* to raise in price
- Enigma,   n-  g-m  , *s.* a riddle, an obscure question
- Enigmatical,   n-  g-m  t'  -k  l, *a.* obscure
- Enjoin,   n-d  zh  n, *v. a.* to order, to prescribe
- Enjoy,   n-z  h  y'  , *v. a.* to feel or perceive with pleasure, to possess, to gladden —*v. n.* to live in happiness
- Enkindle,   n-k  n'd  l, *v. a.* to set on fire, to inflame [expatiate]
- Enlarge,   n-l  r  dz, *v. a.* to expand, to enlarge,   n-l  r  dz-m  nt, *s.* augmentation, copious discourse
- Enlighten,   n-l  t'  n, *v. a.* to illuminate, to instruct [make lively]
- Enliven,   n-l  v'  n, *v. a.* to animate, to ennoble,   n-m  t  y, *s.* malevolence, malice [elevate]
- Ennoble,   n-n  b  l, *v. a.* to dignify, to ennoble,   n-n  r-m  t  y, *s.* great wickedness, villainy
- Enormity,   n-n  r-m  t  y, *s.* great wickedness, villainy
- Enormous,   n-n  r-m  s, *a.* irregular, very wicked, very large, out of rule
- Enough,   n  f'  , *a.* sufficient—*s.* a sufficiency—*ad.* sufficiently
- Enow,   n  w'  , *plural of Enough, sufficient number*
- Enquire,   n-kw  r  , *v. n.* to inquire
- Enrage,   n-r  d  zh, *v. a.* to irritate, to provoke [port with pleasure]
- Enrapture,   n r  p't  r  , *v. a.* to trans-
- Enrich,   n-r  t  sh'  , *v. a.* to make rich, to fertilize
- Enripen,   n-r  p'  n, *v. a.* to make ripe, to mature
- Enrobe,   n-r  b  , *v. a.* to dress, to clothe
- Enrol,   n-r  l  , *v. a.* to register, to record, to involve [ter, a record]
- Enrolment,   n-r  w  l'm  nt, *s.* a register
- Ensample,   n-s  m'  p  l, *s.* an example, a pattern, a subject of imitation
- Enshrine,   n-shr  n  , *v. a.* to preserve as a holy relic

shôt, nôte, lôse, actôr—hüt, pûsh, mûte, fûr—truly, rje—thus, thick.

Ensign, ên'-sîne, *s.* a flag or standard, the officer who carries it [liberty]
Enslave, ên-slâ'vê, *v. a.* to deprive of
Ensue, ên-sû', *v. a.* to follow, to pursue—*v. n.* to follow as a consequence
Ensure, ên-shû're, *v. a.* to engage, to indemnify
Entablature, ên-tâb'-lâ-tû're, or **Entablement**, ên-tâb'l-mént, *s.* the architrave, frieze, and cornice of a pillar
Entail, ên-tâ'le, *s.* an estate settled with regard to its descent, the rule of descent settled for any estate—*v. a.* to fix an estate unalienably
Entangle, ên-tâng'l, *v. a.* to ensnare, to twist, to perplex
Enter, ên-tér, *v. a.* to go or come into, to imitate, to set down in writing
Entering, ên-tér-ing, *s.* a passage into a place [undertaking]
Enterprise, ên-tér-prize, *s.* a hazardous
Entertain, ên-tér-tâ'ne, *v. a.* to converse with, to treat at table, to amuse or divert, to foster in the mind
Entertainment, ên-tér-tâ'ne-mént, *s.* hospitable treatment, amusement
Enthral, ên-thrâl, *v. a.* to enslave
Enthrone, ên-thrôn'e, *v. a.* to place on a throne, to exalt [imagination]
Enthusiasm, ên-thû-zyâzm, *s.* heat of
Enthusiast, ên-thû-zyâst, *s.* one of a hot imagination or exalted ideas, a person mad with wild notions
Enthusiastic, ên-thû-zyâs'tik, *a.* overzealous in any thing, superstitious
Eucice, ên-tî'se, *v. a.* to allure, to attract
Entire, ên-tî're, *a.* whole, undivided
Entitle, ên-tî'tl, *v. a.* to give a title or right to [real being]
Entity, ên-tî'ty, *s.* a real existence, a
Entoil, ên-tô'yl, *v. a.* to ensnare, to perplex [tomb, to bury]
Entomb, ên-tô'm'e, *v. a.* to put into a
Entrails, ên-tré'ls, *s.* the bowels, the intestines [ing, an avenue]
Entrance, ên-tré'ns, *s.* the act of entering
Entrance, ên-tré'ns, *v. a.* to put into a trance [take advantage of]
Entrap, ên-trâp', *v. a.* to ensnare, to
Entreat, ên-tré'te, *v. n.* to beg earnestly
Entreaty, ên-tré'ty, *s.* a petition, solicitation [taking possession]
Entry, ên'try, *s.* a passage, the act of
Entwine, ên-twî'ne, *v. a.* to wreath together, to twiss
Envelop, ên-vêl'-êp, *v. a.* to inwrap, to hide, to surround

Envenom, ên-vén-óm, *v. a.* to poison, to enrage
Envious, ên'-vyus, *a.* full of envy
Environs, ên-vî' rón, *v. a.* to surround
Environs, ên-vî' rónz, *s.* neighbouring places [over distinctly]
Enumerate, ê nâ'-mér-â'te, *v. a.* to count
Enumeration, ê'-nû-mér-â'-shûn, *s.* the act of counting over [to proclaim]
Enunciate, ê nûn'-shyâ'te, *v. a.* to declare,
Enunciation, ê'-nûn-shyâ'-shûn, *s.* declaration [rative, expressive]
Enunciative, ê nûn'-shyâ'tiv, *a.* declarative
Envoy, ên'-vô'y, *s.* a public messenger below an ambassador
Enure, ên-û're, *v. a.* to accustom, to bring into use
Envy, ên'-vy, *v. a.* to repine at the happiness of others, to hate because of superiority of success—*s.* vexation at another's good
Epact, ê'-pâkt, *s.* eleven days of the solar above the lunar year, a Hebrew measure [fortification]
Epaulment, ê-pâl mént, *s.* a sidewalk in
Ephemerâ, ê-fém'-é tâ, *s.* a fever that terminates in one day, an insect that lives only one day [in a day]
Ephemeral, ê-fém'-é-râl, *a.* diurnal, done
Ephemeris, ê-fém'-é-râs, *s.* account of the daily motions of the planets
Ephemerist, ê fém'-é-rîst, *s.* one who studies astronomy [Jewish priests]
Ephod, êf'-ôd, *s.* an ornament worn by
Épic, êp'-ik, *a.* containing narrative, heroic [sexes]
Epicene, êp'-y sêne, *a.* common to both
Epicure, êp'-y kû're, *s.* a person given wholly to luxury
Epicurean, êp'-y-kû-ré-ân, *s.* a follower of Epicurus—*a.* luxurious, contributing to luxury [vailling]
Epidemic, êp'-y-dém-ik, *a.* generally pre-
Epigram, êp'-y-grâm, *s.* a short pointed poem [lating to epigrams]
Epigrammatic, êp'-y-grâm-mât-ik, *a.* re-
Epilepsy, êp'-y-lép sý, *s.* a convulsion with loss of sense [an epilepsy]
Epileptic, êp'-y-lép'-tik, *a.* affected with
Epilogue, êp'-y-lôg, *s.* a speech at the end of a play
Epiphany, ê-pî'-y-ný, *s.* the twelfth day after Christmas
Episcopacy, ê-pîs'-kô-pâ-sý, *s.* govern-
ment of bishops [bishop]
Episcopal, ê-pîs'-kô-pâl, *a.* relating to:
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**Sounds**—hät, häte, häll, liär—mēt, desist, mē, hēr—chün, chüne, field, shirt.—  
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- Episcopalian**, ē-pīs-kō-pā'lyān, *a.* having bishops—*s.* an advocate for episcopacy
- Episode**, ēp'ī-sōde, *s.* a digression or incidental narrative [episode]
- Episodic**, ēp'ī-sōd'ik, *a.* contained in an
- Epistle**, ē-pī's'l, *s.* a letter
- Epistolary**, ē-pīs'tō-lār-y, *a.* relating to or transacted by letters [scription]
- Epitaph**, ēp'ī-tāf, *s.* a monumental inscription
- Epithalamium**, ēp'ī-thā-lā'myūm, *s.* a nuptial song [noting a quality]
- Epithet**, ēp'ī-thēt, *s.* an adjective
- Epitome**, ē-pīt'ō-mē, *s.* an abridgment
- Epitomise**, ē-pīt'ō-mīze, *v. a.* to abstract, to abridge
- Epoch**, ēp'ōk, or **Epocha**, ēp'ō-kā, *s.* the time from which dates are numbered
- Epode**, ēp'ōde, *s.* the stanza following the strophe and antistrophe in an ode
- Epopée**, ēp'ō-pē, *s.* an epic or heroic poem [feast]
- Eputation**, ēp'ō-lā-shūn, *s.* a banquet, a
- Equability**, ē-kwā-bīl'ī-tē, *s.* evenness, uniformity
- Equable**, ē-kwēb'l, *a.* equal to itself, even, uniform
- Equal**, ē-kwāl, *a.* adequate, alike, even, uniform—*s.* one of the same age or rank—*v. a.* to make or be equal to
- Equalise**, ē-kwāl-īze, *v. a.* to make equal
- Equality**, ē-kwāl'ī-tē, *s.* likeness, uniformity
- Equanimity**, ē-kwā-nīm'ī-tē, *s.* evenness of mind
- Equation**, ē-kwā-shūn, *s.* the bringing of things to an equality
- Equator**, ē-kwā-tōr, *s.* a great circle which divides the globe into two equal parts, north and south
- Equatorial**, ē-kwā-tō'r-yāl, *a.* pertaining to the equator [horse]
- Equerry**, ē-kwēr'y, *s.* master of the
- Equestrian**, ē-kwēs-trī'ān, *a.* pertaining to a horseman or knight, belonging to the second rank in Rome
- Equidistant**, ē-kwī-dis'tānt, *a.* being at the same distance [form equality]
- Equiformity**, ē-kwī-fō'r-mī tē, *s.* uniformity
- Equilateral**, ē-kwī-lāt'ēr-āl, *a.* having all sides equal
- Equilibrium**, ē-kwī-līb'rī-ūm, *s.* equality of weight, equipoise
- Equinoctial**, ē-kwī-nōk'-shyāl, *s.* an imaginary line in the heavens, which answers to the equator—*a.* pertaining to the equinox
- Equinox**, ē-kwī-nōks, *s.* the time when the day and night are equal
- Equip**, ē-kwīp', *v. a.* to accoutre, to fit, to furnish
- Equipage**, ēk'wī-pédzh, *s.* horses and carriages, retinue, accoutrements
- Equipment**, ē-kwīp-mēnt, *s.* the act of accoutring or equipping
- Equipoise**, ē-kwī-pōiz, *s.* an equality of weight or force
- Equipollent**, ē-kwī-pōl'lēnt, *a.* having equal power or force
- Equiponderant**, ē-kwī-pōn'-dér-ēnt, *a.* of equal weight
- Equiponderate**, ē-kwī-pōn'-dér-āte, *v. n.* to weigh equally
- Equitable**, ēk'wī-tēb'l, *a.* just, candid
- Equity**, ēk'wī-tē, *s.* justice, right, honesty
- Equivalent**, ē-kwīv'āl-ēnt, *a.* equal in value or force—*s.* a thing of the same value [uncertain]
- Equivocal**, ē-kwīv'ō-kāl, *a.* ambiguous
- Equivocate**, ē-kwīv'ō-kāte, *v. n.* to use doubtful expressions
- Equivocation**, ē-kwīv'ō-kā-shūn, *s.* ambiguity of speech [equivocates]
- Equivocator**, ē-kwīv'ō-kā-tōr, *s.* one who
- Era**, ē-rā, *s.* an epoch, a point of time
- Eradication**, ē-rā-dīf'-shūn, *s.* a sending forth brightness
- Eradicate**, ē-rād'ī-kāte, *v. a.* to pull up by the root, to destroy
- Eradication**, ē-rād'ī-kā'-shūn, *s.* the act of rooting up [punge]
- Erase**, ē-rāse, *v. a.* to destroy, to ex-
- Ere**, ē're, *ad.* and *a.* before, sooner
- Erect**, ē-rēkt, *v. a.* to place perpendicularly, to raise, to build—*v. n.* to rise upright—*a.* upright, bold
- Erection**, ē-rēk'-shūn, *s.* a raising up or building
- Eremit**, ēr'ē-mīte, *s.* an hermit
- Eremitical**, ēr'ē-mī't'ī-kāl, *a.* religiously solitary, retired [holly]
- Eringo**, ē-rīng'ō, *s.* a plant called sea-
- Ermine**, ēr'mīn, *s.* a sort of animal, or its fur [mine]
- Ermined**, ēr'mīn'd, *a.* clothed with
- Erod**, ēr'ōde, *v. a.* to canker, to eat away [bestowing]
- Erogation**, ēr'ō-gā'-shūn, *s.* a giving of
- Erozion**, ē-rō-zhūn, *s.* the act of eating away
- Err**, ēr', *v. n.* to stray, to mistake
- Errand**, ēr'-rānd, *s.* a message
- Errant**, ēr'-rēnt, *a.* wandering, vile

shüt, näte, löse, actor—hüt, püsh, müte, für—truly, rje—thus, thick.

- Errantry**, *ēr-rēnt-rý*, *s.* an errant state, employment of a knight errant
Errata, *ēr-rä-tä*, *s.* a notice of faults in printing, &c. [lar
Erratic, *ēr-rät-ik*, *a.* wandering, irregular
Erratum, *ēr-rä-tüm*, *s.* error of the press
Erroneous, *ēr-rō-nyūs*, *a.* subject to or full of errors [irregular course
Error, *ēr-rör*, *s.* a mistake, a blunder, an
Erst, *erst*, *ad.* at first, when time was
Erubescence, *ēr-ä-bēs-sēnt*, *a.* reddish
Eruption, *ēr-rük-tä shün*, *s.* a belch, a sudden burst of wind [knowledge
Erudition, *ēr-ä-dish-ün*, *s.* learning
Eruvinous, *ēr-rü-dzh-nūs*, *a.* coppery, rusty [hostile excursions, pustules
Eruption, *ēr-rüp-shün*, *s.* a bursting forth, eruptive, *ēr-rüp-tiv*, *a.* bursting forth
Erysipelas, *ēr-y-sip-ē-láz*, *s.* a hot and sharp eruptive humour
Escalade, *ēs-kä-läde*, *s.* the act of scaling walls [fish
Escallop, *ēs-käl-öp*, *s.* a sort of shell
Escape, *ēs-käpe*, *v. a.* to avoid—*v. n.* to get out of danger or confinement —*s.* a flight, a getting out of danger, a mistake [healed
Eschar, *ēs-kär*, *s.* a mark upon a wound
Escharotic, *ēs-kä-röt-ik*, *a.* caustic, burning
Escheat, *ēs-tshéte*, *s.* what falls to a lord within his manor by forfeiture, or the death of a person dying without heir [to shun
Eschew, *ēs-tshü*, *v. a.* to flee, to avoid,
Escort, *ēs-kört*, *s.* a convoy, a guard
Escort, *ēs-kört*, *v. a.* to convoy, to guard from place to place
Escrutoir, *ēs-krü-töre*, *s.* a kind of desk upon drawers
Escauge, *ēs-kü-dzh*, *s.* service of the shield, a sort of knight's service
Esculent, *ēs-kü-lēnt*, *a.* good for food
Escutcheon, *ēs-kütsh-ün*, *s.* a shield with arms [planted in rails
Espalier, *ēs-päl-yér*, *s.* dwarf trees
Especial, *ēs-päl-äl*, *a.* principal, chief
Espalade, *ēs-plä-näde*, *s.* void place in front of buildings [pousals
Espousal, *ēs-pöü-zä*, *a.* relating to espousals, *ēs-pöü-zä*, *s.* the act of affiancing a man and a woman to each other [to defend
Espouse, *ēs-pöü-zä*, *v. a.* to marry, to wed,
Espy, *ēs-pý*, *v. a.* to see at a distance, to watch [a knight
Esquire, *ēs-kwíre*, *s.* a title next below
- Essay**, *ēs-sä*, *v. a.* to attempt, to endeavour, to try—*s.* an attempt, an endeavour, experiment
Essence, *ēs-sens*, *s.* the existence, nature, or substance of any thing, chief properties or virtues, a perfume, a scent—*v. a.* to perfume, to scent
Essential, *ēs-sēn-shäl*, *a.* necessary, very important—*s.* existence, a chief point
Essoign, *ēs-söyn*, *s.* an excuse for non-appearance [firmly, to found
Establish, *ēs-täb-lish*, *v. a.* to settle
Estate, *ēs-täte*, *s.* a fortune, rank, condition of life
Esteem, *ēs-téme*, *v. a.* to value, to prize, to regard—*s.* high value in opinion, regard [esteem
Estimable, *ēs-tý-méb'l*, *a.* worthy of
Estimate, *ēs-tý-mäte*, *v. a.* to set a value on, to compute [valuation
Estimate, *ēs-tý-mét*, *s.* a computation, a
Estimation, *ēs-tý-mä-shün*, *s.* value, computation, opinion, regard
Estival, *ēs-tý-väl*, *a.* of or for the summer
Estrange, *ēs-trändzh*, *v. a.* to keep at a distance, to alienate from affection
Estray, *ēs-trä*, *s.* a stray tame beast in a manor
Estuary, *ēs-tü-är-y*, *s.* a frith, an arm of the sea [by means of aqueducts
Etch, *ētsh*, *v. a.* to engrave on copper
Eternal, *ē-tér-näl*, *a.* perpetual, unchangeable—*s.* the Almighty
Eternalize, *ē-tér-näl-ize*, *v. a.* to make eternal [out end
Eternity, *ē-tér-ný-tý*, *s.* duration with
Ether, *ē-thér*, *s.* air refined or sublimed, a pure element [heavenly
Ethereal, *ē-thé-ryäl*, *a.* formed of ether,
Ethic, *ēth-ik*, *a.* moral, relating to morals
Ethics, *ēth-iks*, *s.* doctrine of morality
Ethnic, *ēth-nýk*, *a.* heathen, pagan
Etymological, *ēt-y-mö-lödzh-ý-käl*, *a.* relating to etymology
Etymology, *ēt-y-mö-lödzhý*, *s.* the derivation of words [native word
Etymon, *ēt-y-món*, *s.* the origin, a primitive
Evacuate, *ē-väk-ü-äte*, *v. a.* to empty to make void, to quit [charge
Evacuation, *ē-väk-ü-ä-shün*, *s.* a discharge
Evide, *ē-väde*, *v. a.* to elude, to avoid, to equivocate—*v. n.* to practise evasions
Evanescent, *ē-vä-nēs-sēnt*, *a.* vanishing, imperceptible

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*Sounds*—hăt, hâte, hăl, liăr—mêt, dêsist, mâ, liér—chîn, chine, field, shirt.~  
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- Evangelic, ê-văn-dzhêl'-yk, *a.* agreeable to the gospel [of gospel history]
 Evangelist, ê-văn dzhê-lst, *s.* a writer
 Evangelize, ê-văn dzhê-lize, *v. a.* to preach the gospel
 Evaporate, ê-váp'-ô-râte, *v. n.* to fly away in fumes or vapours—*v. a.* to drive away in fumes
 Evaporation, ê-váp'-ô-râ-shûn, *s.* a flying away in fumes [excuse]
 Evasion, ê-vă'-zhûn, *s.* a subterfuge, an
 Evasive, ê-vă'-siv, *a.* elusive, equivocating [thanks, the Lord's Supper]
 Eucharist, ū'-kă-ris't, *s.* the act of giving
 Eucharistical, ū'-kă-ris'-tî-kăl, *a.* relating to the Lord's Supper
 Eve, ê'v, *s.* close of the day, the day before a festival
 Even, ê'v'n, *a.* level, uniform, calm—*s.* the close of the day [tial, equitable]
 Evenhanded, ê'v'n-hănd-êd, *a.* impar-
 Evening, ê'v-nîng, *s.* the close of the day [worship used in the evening]
 Evensong, ê'v'n-sông, *s.* the form of
 Event, ê-vênt, *s.* an end, incident, consequence, issue [evening]
 Eventide, ê'v'n-tide, *s.* the time of the
 Eventuate, ê-vên'-tî-lâte, *v. a.* to winnow, to sift out, to discuss
 Eventual, ê-vên'-tû-ăl, *a.* consequential, accidental [always]
 Ever, ê'v-ér, *ad.* at any time, for ever
 Evergreen, ê'v-ér-grêne, *s.* a shrub or plant having verdure all the year
 Everlasting, ê'v-ér-lăst'-îng, *s.* eternity, duration—*a.* eternal [eternally]
 Evermore, ê'v-ér-mô're, *ad.* always,
 Eversion, ê-vêr'-shûn, *s.* the act of overthrowing
 Evert, ê-vêrt', *v. a.* to destroy
 Every, ê'v-er-y, *a.* each, one of all
 Everywhere, ê'v-er-y-hwă're, *ad.* in all places [sentence of law]
 Evict, ê-vîkt', *v. a.* to take away by a
 Eviction, ê-vîk'-shûn, *s.* dispossession by law, proof, conviction
 Evidence, ê'v-i-dêns', *s.* state of being clear, testimony, proof [notorious]
 Evident, ê'v-i-dênt, *a.* plain, apparent
 Evil, ê'v'l, *a.* wicked, bad, mischievous —*s.* wickedness, mischief, calamity
 Evince, ê-vîns', *v. a.* to prove, to make plain
 Evincible, ê-vîn'-syb'l, *a.* capable of proof
 Eviscerate, ê-vîs'-sér-âte, *v. a.* to embowel, to search
 Evitate, ê'v-i-tâte, *v. a.* to avoid, to shun

Eulogy, ū'-lô-dzhy, *s.* praise, encomium
 Eunuch, ū'-nuk, *s.* one that is emasculated [or from]
 Evocation, êv-ô kă'-shûn, *s.* a calling out
 Evoke, ê-vô'ke, *v. a.* to call out, to summon
 Evolve, ê-vôlv', *v. a.* to unfold, to disentangle
 Evolution, êv-ô-lô'-shûn, *s.* an unfolding, a motion made by a body of men in changing their posture
 Euphony, ū-f-ô-ný', *s.* an agreeable sound
 Euroclydon, ū-rôk'-y-dûn, *s.* a tempestuous north-east wind [Europe]
 European, ū-ro-pê'-ăn, *a.* belonging to
 Eurus, ū'-rus, *s.* the east wind
 Evulsion, ê-vül'-shûn, *s.* the act of plucking out
 Ewe, ū', *s.* a female sheep
 Ewer, ū-ér, *s.* a vessel in which water is brought for washing the hands
 Exact, êks-ăkt', *a.* nice, methodical, accurate—*v. a.* to force, to extort—*v. n.* to practice extortion
 Exaction, êks-ăk'-shûn, *s.* extortion, severe tribute
 Exaggerate, êks-ădzh-ér-âte, *v. a.* to heighten, to aggravate, to enlarge
 Exaggeration, êks-ădzh-ér-ă-shûn, *s.* the act of exaggerating
 Exagitate, êks-ădz'-y-tâte, *v. a.* to shake, to put in motion
 Exalt, êks-ălt, *v. a.* to raise on high, to lift up, to elevate, to exalt
 Exaltation, êks-ăl-tă-shûn, *s.* the act of exalting
 Examination, êks-ăm-y-nă'-shûn, *s.* critical disquisition, a questioning, a trial or proof [aminer, an inquirer]
 Examiner, êks-ăm-y-nă-tôr, *s.* an examiner
 Examine, êks-ăm-y-n, *v. a.* to ask questions, to consider [del, a precedent]
 Example, êks-ămp'l, *s.* a pattern or model
 Exanimate, êks-ăn'-y-mêt, *a.* dead, spiritless [voke, to enrage, to vex]
 Exasperate, êks-ăs-pér-âte, *v. a.* to provoke
 Exasperation, êks-ăs-pér-ă-shûn, *s.* strong provocation [from flesh]
 Excarnate, êks-ăk'-r-nâte, *v. a.* to clear
 Excavate, êks-ăk'-vâte, *v. a.* to hollow
 Exceed, êk-sê'de, *v. a.* to go beyond, to excel—*v. n.* to go too far
 Exceeding, êk-sê'-ding, *part. a.* great in quantity, &c. [he eminent]
 Excel, êk-sêl', *v. a.* to surpass—*v. n.* to
 Excellence, êks-êl'-lêns, *s.* state of excelling, goodness, rank

shüt, nôte, lôse, actôr—hüt, pûsh, mâte, fûr—truly, rje—thus, thick.

Excellent, êk-sêl-lênt, *a.* of great virtue or worth, eminent

Except, êk-sêpt, *v. a.* to leave out—*v. n.* to make objections [an objection]

Exception, êk-sêp'-shûn, *s.* an exclusion,

Exceptionable, êk-sêp'-shûn-êb'l, *a.* liable to objection

Exceptor, êk-sêp-tôr, *s.* one who objects

Excerpt, êk-sêrpt', *a.* gleaned, picked

Excess, êk-sês', *s.* more than enough, intemperance [bounds]

Excessive, êk-sês'-siv, *a.* beyond due

Exchange, êks-tshâ'ndzh, *v. a.* to give and take reciprocally, to barter—*s.* act of bartering, balance of money of different nations, where merchants meet

Exchequer, êks-tshêk'-ér, *s.* the court to which are brought all the revenues belonging to the crown

Excise, êk-sîze, *s.* a tax levied upon commodities

Exciseman, êk-sîze-mân, *s.* an officer who inspects excisable commodities

Excision, êk-sîzh'-în, *s.* extirpation

Excitation, êk-sî-tâ'-shûn, *s.* the act of exciting or stirring up [courage]

Excite, êk-sîte, *v. a.* to rouse, to en-

Exclaim, êks-klà'me, *v. n.* to cry out

Exclamation, êks-klà-mâ'-shûn, *s.* an outcry, a clamour, a mark after a pathetic sentence, thus!

Exclamatory, êks-klà'm'-â-tôr'-y, *a.* pertaining to exclamation

Exclude, êks-kli'ude, *v. a.* to shut out, to debar, to except

Exclusion, êks-kli'-zhûn, *s.* the act of shutting out, a rejection [cepting]

Exclusive, êks-kli'-siv, *a.* debarring, excluding

Excogitate, êks-kôdzh'-i-tâte, *v. a.* to invent [v. a. to censure, to exclude]

Excommunicate, êks-kôm-mû-nî-kâte,

Excommunication, êks-kôm-mû-nî-kâ-shûn, *s.* an ecclesiastical interdict

Excoriate, êks-kô-ryâte, *v. a.* to strip off the skin [skin, plunder]

Excoriation, êks-kô-ryâ'-shûn, *s.* loss of

Excrement, êks-kre'-mênt, *s.* human soil, dung, &c. [out irregularly]

Excrecent, êks-kre'-sênt, *a.* growing

Excretion, êks-kre'-shûn, *s.* ejection of animal substance [ture, to torment]

Excruciate, êks-kru'-shyâte, *v. a.* to torture

Exculpation, êks-kû-bâ'-shûn, *s.* the act of watching all night

Exculpate, êks-kûf'-pâte, *v. a.* to clear from imputation

Excursion, êks-kûr'-shûn, *s.* a digression, a ramble

Excuse, êks-kûze, *v. a.* to extenuate b apology, to remit, to pardon

Excuse, êks-kûze, *s.* a plea, an apology, a cause for which one is excused

Excuss, êks-kûs', *v. a.* to seize and detain by law [wish ill to]

Execrate, êk-sê-krâte, *v. a.* to curse, to

Execration, êk-sê-krâ'-shûn, *s.* a curse

Execute, êk-sê-kûte, *v. a.* to perform, to put to death

Execution, êk-sê-kû'-shûn, *s.* a performance, a seizure, a death inflicted by forms of law [to ac]

Executive, êks-êk'-û-tiv, *a.* having power

Executor, êks-êk'-û-tôr, *s.* he that is trusted to perform the will of the testator [copy]

Exemplar, êks-ê'm'-plâr, *s.* a pattern, a

Exemplary, êks-ê'm'-plâr'-y, *a.* serving for example, worthy of imitation

Exemplification, êks-ê'm'-plîf'-y-kâ'-shûn, *s.* a copy, a transcript

Exemplify, êks-ê'm'-plîf'-y, *v. a.* to illustrate by example, to copy

Exempt, êks-ê'mpt', *v. a.* to privilege, to free from [immunity]

Exemption, êks-ê'mpt'-shûn, *s.* privilege

Exequies, êks-ê-kwîz, *s.* funeral rites

Exercent, êks-êr'-sênt, *a.* practising, following a calling

Exercise, êks-êr'-size, *s.* labour, practice, performance—*v. a.* to employ, to train by use [cise, practice, use]

Exercitation, êks-êr'-sî-tâ-shûn, *s.* exertion

Exert, êks-êrt', *v. a.* to use with effort, to enforce, to perform

Exertion, êks-êr'-shûn, *s.* the act of exerting, an effort [through]

Exesion, êks-ê'-zhûn, *s.* the act of eating

Exfoliate, êks-fô'-lyâte, *v. n.* to peel off, to pull off [pour]

Exhalation, êks-hâ'-lâ-shûn, *s.* fume, vapour

Exhale, êks-hâ'le, *v. a.* to send or draw out vapours [tally, to waste]

Exhaust, êks-hâ'st, *v. a.* to draw out to

Exhibit, êks-hîb'-it, *v. a.* to produce, to show, to display

Exhibition, êks-hîb'-ish'-tûn, *s.* the act of exhibiting, display, salary

Exhilarate, êks-hîl'-â-râte, *v. a.* to make cheerful [action]

Exhort, êks-hôrt, *v. a.* to incite to an

Exhortation, êks-hôrt-tâ'-shûn, *s.* an exhortation [to ex]

Exhortatory, êks-hôrt-tâ-tô'-y, *a.* exhorting

Sounds.—hät, häte, häll, liär—mēt, dēsist, mē, hēr—chin, chine, fēld, shīrt

- Exigence**, ək-sī-gēns, *s.* pressing necessity, sudden occasion [ness, a writ
Exigent, ək-sī-džēnt, *s.* pressing business
Exiguous, ək-sī-g-u-ús, *s.* small, diminutive
Exile, ək-sī-le, *s.* banishment
Exile, ək-sī-le, *v. a.* to banish, to transport
Exist, ək-sīst, *v. n.* to be, to have a being
Existence, ək-sīst-ēns, *s.* state of being
Existent, ək-sīst-ēnt, *s.* in being, in possession of being
Exit, ək-sīt, *s.* a departure, death
Exodus, ək-sō-dús, *s.* the second of the books of Moses
Exonerate, ək-sōn-ér-áte, *v. a.* to unload, to disburden
Exoneration, ək-sōn-ér-á-shūn, *s.* the act of disburdening
Exorable, ək-sōp-téb'l, *a.* desirable
Exorable, ək-sō-téb'l, *a.* to be moved by intreaty [extravagant
Exorbitant, ək-sōr-bī-tēnt, *a.* excessive
Exorcise, ək-sōr-sīz, *v. a.* to abjure, to cast out evil spirits
Exorcist, ək-sōr-sīst, *s.* an enchanter, a dispeller of evil spirits
Exordium, ək-sōr-dyūm, *s.* an introduction to a discourse
Exotic, ək-sōt-ík, *a.* foreign—*s.* a foreign plant [lay open
Expand, ək-spánd', *v. a.* to spread, to expanse, ək-spāns', *s.* an even body widely expanded
Expansion, ək-spān-shūn, *s.* the act of spreading out, extent [spreading
Expansive, ək-spān-sív, *a.* extensive
Expatiate, ək-spá-shyáte, *v. n.* to range at large, to enlarge on
Expatriate, ək-spá-trí-áte, *v. a.* to banish
Expect, ək-spēkt', *v. a.* to wait or look for
Expectant, ək-spēkt-tēnt, *a.* waiting in expectation—*s.* one who waits or expects [of expecting
Expectation, ək-spēkt-tā-shūn, *s.* the act
Expectorate, ək-spēkt-tō-ráte, *v. a.* to eject from the breast
Expectoration, ək-spēkt-tō-rá-shūn, *s.* a discharge by coughing
Expedient, ək-spēdyēnt, *a.* fit, proper, quick—*s.* means, a way, a device
Expedite, ək-spē-díte, *v. a.* to facilitate, to dispatch—*a.* quick, ready, active [warlike enterprise
Expedition, ək-spē-dyāsh-ūn, *s.* speed, expeditious, ək-spē-dyāsh-ús, *a.* quick, swift, alert
Expel, ək-spél', *v. a.* to drive out, to eject, to banish
Expend, ək-spénd', *v. a.* to lay out, to spend, to consume [ney expended
Expense, ək-spēns', *s.* cost, charges, money
Expensive, ək-spén-sív, *a.* given to expense, costly
Experience, ək-spé-ryēns, *s.* practical knowledge—*v. a.* to try, to know by practice [ful by practice
Experienced, ək-spé-ryēnat, *part.* skil-
Experiment, ək-spér-ý-mēnt, *s.* trial, essay
Experimental, ək-spér-ý-mēn-tál, *a.* known by or founded on experiment
Expert, ək-spért, *a.* skilful, ready, dexterous [crime
Expiate, ək-sí-pí-áte, *v. a.* to atone for
Expiation, ək-sí-pí-á-shūn, *s.* the act of expiating, atonement
Expiatory, ək-sí-pí-á-tór-ý, *a.* having the power of expiation [an end, death
Expiration, ək-sí-pí-rá-shūn, *s.* breathing
Expire, ək-sí-pí-re, *v. a.* to breathe out, to exhale—*v. n.* to die
Explain, ək-splāne, *v. a.* to illustrate, to clear up
Explanation, ək-splā-ná-shūn, *s.* the act of making plain, a note
Explanatory, ək-splān-á-tór-ý, *a.* containing explanation
Expensive, ək-splé-tív, *s.* something used only to take up room
Explicate, ək-splí-káte, *v. a.* to unfold, to explain
Explication, ək-splí-ká-shūn, *s.* act of unfolding or explaining
Explicit, ək-splís-it, *a.* unfolded, clear, plain [scorn and disdain
Explode, ək-splō-de, *v. a.* to treat with exploit, ək-splōt', *s.* an achievement, a great action [to examine
Explore, ək-splō-re, *v. a.* to search into, explosion, ək-splō-zhūn, *s.* a loud report
Explosive, ək-splō-sív, *a.* driving out with noise, &c. [a country
Export, ək-spōrt, *v. a.* to carry out
Export, ək-spōrt, *s.* a commodity sent to a foreign market
Exportation, ək-spōrt-tā-shūn, *s.* the act of carrying out commodities
Expose, ək-spō-ze, *v. a.* to lay open, to make liable, to put in danger, to ensure
Exposition, ək-spō-zísh-ūn, *s.* situation, an explanation
Expositor, ək-spō-zísh-ús, *s.* an explainer

it, nôte, lôse, actôr—hüt, pûsh, mûte; fûr—truly, rýe—thus, thick.

ulate, êks-pôs-tù-lâte, *v. n.* to de-
to argue
ulation, êks-pôs-tù-lâ'-shûn, *s. a*
e without anger
re, êks-pô'-zhûre, *s.* the act of ex-
g, situation as to sun and air
id, êks-pô'ûnd, *v. a.* to explain
s, êks-près', *v. a.* to represent, to
pounce, to denote, to squeeze out
plain, clear, in direct terms—*s. a*
nger, message sent [be uttered
sible, êks-près-sìv'l, *a.* that may
sion, êks-prêsh'-ûn, *s.* a represen-
a, a word or phrase, a mode of
h, the act of squeezing out
sive, êks-près-sìv, *a.* proper to
as, strong
ration, êks-prô-brâ'-shûn, *s.* re-
shful accusation
riate, êks-prô-prî'-âte, *v. a.* to
with, to give [assault
e, êks-pû'ne, *v. a.* to take by
e, êks-pû'l's, *v. a.* to expel, to
out [ling or driving out
ion, êks-pûl'-shûn, *s.* act of expel-
ive, êks-pûl'-sìv, *a.* having power
pel
ze, êks-pûn'dzh, *v. a.* to blot out
ratory, êks-pûr'-gâ-tôr-ý, *a.* em-
ed in purging or purifying
ite, êks-kwîz-ýt, *a.* excellent,
e, consummate
ite, êks-sik'-âte, *v. a.* to dry
ition, êks-sù-dâ'-shûn, *s.* a sweat-
en extillation
, êk-sînt, *a.* standing above the
now in being
; êk-stât'-ík, *a.* rapturous
porary, êks-têm'-pô-râr-ý, *a.* not
edited [premeditation
pore, êks-têm'-pô-rê, *a.* without
porize, êks-têm'-pô-rîze, *v. a.* to
extempore
l, êks-tênd', *v. a.* to stretch out,
large, to diffuse [extended
ible, êks-tên'-sìv'l, *a.* that may be
ion, êks-tên'-shûn, *s.* the act of
ding [diffusive
ive, êks-tên'-sìv, *a.* wide, large,
, êks-tên', *s.* the circumference
y thing, a seizure [to palliate
ate, êks-tên-û'-âte, *v. a.* to lessen,
ation, êks-tên-û'-â'-shûn, *s.* pallia-
mitigation [ternal
r, êks-tê'-ryôr, *a.* outward, ex-
tiate, êks-tê'-mîn-âte, *v. a.* to
ut to drive away

Extermination, êks-tér-mî-nâ'-shûn, *s.*
destruction, excision [ble
External, êks-tér'-nâl, *a.* outward, visi-
Extinct, êk-stíngkt', *a.* extinguished,
dead
Extinction, êk-stíngk'-shûn, *s.* the act or
quenching or extinguishing, destruc-
tion, suppression
Extinguish, êk-stíng-gw'ish, *v. a.* to
quench, suppress, destroy
Extirpate, êk-stír-pâte, *v. a.* to root out,
to destroy
Extirpation, êks-tír-pâ'-shûn, *s.* the act
of rooting out, excision
Extol, êks-tòl', *v. a.* to praise, to mag-
nify, to celebrate
Extort, êks-tòrt', *v. a.* to draw or gain
by force—*v. n.* to practise oppression
or usury
Extortion, êks-tòr'-shûn, *s.* an unlawful
exaction of more than is due, op-
pression
Extortioner, êks-tòr'-shón-ér, *s.* one
who exacts more than his due
Extra, êks-trá, *ad.* without, foreign
Extract, êks-trákt', *v. a.* to draw out of,
to select—*s.* the substance extracted,
the chief heads drawn from a book
Extraction, êks-trák'-shûn, *s.* a drawing
out, lineage
Extrajudicial, êks trá-dzhû-dýsh-yál, *a.*
out of the course of law
Extramundane, êks-trá-mûn'-dâne, *a.*
beyond the limits of the material
world [substance, foreign
Extraneous, êks-trá'-nyûs, *a.* of different
Extraordinary, êks-trá'-dý-nâr-ý, *a.*
eminent, not common
Extraparochial, êks trá-pâr-ò'-kyál, *a.*
out of the parish bounds
Extraregular, êks-trá'-ég-ù-lár, *a.* not
subject to rule
Extravagance, êks-tráv'-á-gens, *s.* waste,
idle expence, outrage
Extravagant, êks-tráv'-á-gént, *a.* wild,
irregular, wasteful
Extravasated, êks-tráv'-á-sá-têd, *a.* forc-
ed out of its proper vessels
Extreme, êks-tré'me, *a.* of the high-
degree, utmost, last, very much—
the utmost point, highest degree, es-
tremity, end
Extremity, êks-trém'-ý-ty, *s.* utmost
point, highest degree, remotest part,
distress
Extricate, êks-tú'-kâte, *v. a.* to dis-
barred; to set free

Sounds.—hăt, hâte, hăl, liăr—mêt, dêsist, mê, hér—chfn, chine, fîeld, shî

Extrication, êks-trî-k'î-shûn, *s.* the act of disentangling

Extriadic, êks-trî-n'îk, *a.* outward, external

Extrude, êks-trû'de, *v. a.* to thrust off

Extrusion, êks-trû-zhûn, *s.* the act of thrusting out or from

Exuberance, êks-û-bér-êns, *s.* overgrowth, luxuriance

Exuberant, êks-û-bér-ênt, *a.* overabundant, luxuriant

Exudation, êk-sû-dâ-shûn, *s.* a sweating, perspiration

Exude, êk-sû-dâ, or *Exude*, êk-sû'de—*v. a.* to sweat out—*v. n.* to issue by sweat

Exulcorate, êks-ûl'sér-âte, *v. a.* to make sore with an ulcer, to corrode

Exult, êks-ûl't, *v. a.* to rejoice, triumph

Exultation, êks-ûl-tâ-shûn, *s.* joy, transport [ablé, vincible]

Exuperable, êk-sû-pér-éb'l, *a.* conquerable

Exuscitate, êk-sûs'sî-tâte, *v. a.* to rouse from sleep

Exustion, êks-ûs'tshûn, *s.* consumption by fire

Exuviae, êks-û-vyê, *s.* whatever is by animals, as skin or shells

Eyas, î-âs, *s.* a young hawk taken the nest

Eye, î, *s.* the organ of sight, aspect—*v. a.* to watch, to keep view

Eyeball, î-bâl, *s.* the pupil or app the eye

Eyebrow, î-brôw, *s.* the hairy arch the eye

Eyelash, î-lâsh, *s.* a line of hair edges the eyelid

Eyelet, î-lêt, *s.* a hole for the light

Eyelid, î-lîd, *s.* the membrane that is over the eye

Eyeshot, î-shôt, *s.* sight, glance, v

Eyesight, î-sîc, *s.* the sight of the

Eyesore, î-sôre, *s.* something offensive to the sight [grit]

Eyetooth, î-tôth, *s.* the tooth next

Eyewitness, î-wî-tnêss, *s.* an oculist

Eyre, â're, *s.* a court of justices [itine]

Eyry, â-rý, *s.* a place where birds build their nests

F

FABACEOUS, fâ-bâ'shyûs, *a.* having the nature of beans

Fable, fâ'b'l, *s.* an instructive fiction, a falsehood—*v. n.* to feign, to tell falsehoods

Fabled, fâ'b'l'd, *a.* told in fables

Fabric, fâ'b'rîk, *s.* a building, an edifice, a system [construct, to forge]

Fabricate, fâ'b'rî-kâte, *v. a.* to build, to

Fabulist, fâ'b-û-lîst, *s.* a writer of fables [fables]

Fabulous, fâb-û-lûs, *a.* feigned, full of

Facade, fâs-â'de, *s.* front of a large building

Face, fâ'se, *s.* the visage, countenance, front, appearance, surface, confidence

—*v. a.* to meet in front, to oppose boldly, to stand opposite to, to cover with an additional superfluous

Facetious, fâs-é-shûs, *a.* gay, lively, cheerful, witty

Facile, fâs'îl, *a.* easy to be done, pliant

Facilitate, fâs'îl-tâte, *v. a.* to make their or, easy

Facility, fâs'îl'y-tý, *s.* easiness,iness, affability [v]

Facing, fâ'sîng, *s.* an ornaments

Fachorous, fâ-sîn-ô-rûs, *a.* wicked, atrocious

Fact, fâkt', *s.* thing done, reality,

Faction, fâk'shûn, *s.* a party or tumult

Factionous, fâk'shûs, *a.* given to fact dissensions

Factitious, fâk'tîsh-ûs, *a.* made by

Factor, fâk'tór, *s.* an agent for an

Factorage, fâk'tór-édzh, *s.* allowance a factor

Factory, fâk'tór-y, *s.* a house or tract inhabited by traders in; tant country, traders embodied one place

Factotum, fâk'tô'tîm, *s.* a servant employed alike in all kinds of business

Faculty, fâk'ûl-tý, *s.* ability, power the mind, dexterity

Facundity, fâk'ûn-dî-tý, *s.* eloquence, readiness of speech

ôt, nôte, lôse, actôr—hüt, pûsh, mûte, fûr—truly, rÿe—thus, thick.

fâ'dl, v. n. to trifle, to toy
fâ'de, v. n. to grow weak, to
er, to die away—v. a. to wear

[agree, succeed
fâ'dzh', v. n. to suit, to fit, to
fâ'sêz, s. excrements, dregs
ig', v. a. to grow weary, to la-

[thing
l, tûg-ênd, s. the worst end of a
fâ'g-ôt, s. a bundle of wood for
ire

il'e, v. n. to be deficient, to be
e bankrupt, to be extinct, to
h, to decay—v. a. to neglect
; fâ'ling, s. a deficiency, imper-

on, lapse
; fâ'lur, s. a deficiency, bank-

cy, omission, slip
âne, a. glad, merry, compelled
l. gladly

fâ'nt, v. n. to sink motionless,
row feeble—a. languid, feeble,
rous

carted, fâ'nt-hârt-êd, a. timorous,
ardly

ig, fâ'nt-Yng, s. temporary loss of
al motion [low

sh, fâ'nt-ish, a. rather faint or
îre, a. beautiful, clear, favoura-
just—ad. gently, civilly, success-

—s. the female sex, a free mar-
[a fair

g, fâ're-ying, s. a present given at
fâ'rÿ, s. an elf, an enchantress—

iven by or belonging to fairies
fâ'th, s. belief, trust in God, fide-

veracity
ul, fâ'th-fûl, a. true, sincere

ess, fâ'th-lês, a. perfidious, want-
faith [like a scythe

ed, fâ'l-kâ-têd, a. hooked, bent
on, fâ'shûn, s. a short crooked

rd [for sport
i, fâ'kôn, s. a small hawk trained

er, fâ'k'n-êr, s. one who trains
ks [cons

ury, fâ'k'n-rÿ, s. fowling with, fal-
fâ'l, v. n. to drop down, to de-

se in value, to happen—s. the
of falling, overthrow, ruin

ious, fâ'l-lâ-shûs, a. deceitful, un-
ain [argument

y, fâ'l-lâ-sÿ, s. sophism, deceitful
fâ'l'n, pr. sunk, tumbled down

lity, fâ'l-lâ-sÿ, s. liableness
deceived.

, fâ'l-lâ-sÿ, a. liable to error, frail

Falling, fâ'l-Yng, s. a sinking, error
Fallingsickness, fâ'l-Yng-sÿk-nês, s. the
epilepsy

Fallow, fâ'l-lô, a. unsowed, uncultiva-
ed, neglected—s. ground lying at
rest [terfeit

False, fâ'ls, a. not true, not real, coun-
Falsehearted, fâ'ls-hâ't-êd, a. treacher-

ous
Falsehood, fâ'ls-hûd, s. a lie, an untruth.

Falsify, fâ'ls-Y-fÿ, v. a. to counterfeit,
to forge—v. n. to tell lies

Falsify, fâ'l-sÿ-tÿ, s. an unfair represen-
tation, a lie [hesitate in speech

Falter, fâ'l-têr, v. n. to stumble, to
Fame, fâ'me, s. celebrity, renown, ru-

mour
Famed, fâ'md, a. renowned, celebrated

Familiar, fâ'mil-yâr, a. domestic, af-
fable, free—s. an intimate, a demon

Familiarity, fâ'mil-yâr-Y-tÿ, s. acquaint-
ance, easy intercourse

Familiarize, fâ'mil-yâr-ize, v. a. to make
easy by habit

Family, fâ'm-Y-lÿ, s. a household, race,
generation

Famine, fâ'm-Yn, s. dearth
Famish, fâ'm-ish, v. a. to kill with

hunger—v. n. to die of hunger
Famous, fâ-mûs, a. renowned

Fan, fâ'n, s. an instrument to move
the air, an utensil to winnow corn—

v. a. to cool with a fan, to winnow
corn

Fanatic, fâ-nâ't-Yk, a. enthusiastic—s.
an enthusiast

Fanaticism, fâ-nâ't-Y-sÿzm, s. enthusi-
asm

Fancy, fân-sÿ, s. a visionary imagina-
tion, inclination, whim, frolic—v. n.

to imagine—v. a. to pourtray in the
mind, to like, to be pleased with

Fane, fâne, s. a temple, a weathercock
Fang, fâng, v. a. to seize, clutch—s. a

long tusk or nail, a talon
Fanged, fâng'd, a. furnished with fangs

Fangled, fânggl'd, a. vainly fond of
novelty

Fantastic, fân-tâ's-tÿk, a. bred only in
the fancy, imaginary, whimsical

Fantasy, fân-tâ'sÿ, s. fancy, imagina-
tion, humour

Fantom, fân-tôm, s. see Phantom
Far, fâ'r, ad. to a great extent—a. dis-

tant, remote
Farce, fâ'ra, s. a mock comedy [farce

Farical, fâ'r-ê-kil, a. besomming

Sounds.—hăt, hâte, hăll, liăr—mêt, dêsist, mē, hēr—chŷn, chŷne, field, shirt—

- Farcy**, făr'sŷ, *s.* the leprosy of horses
Fárdel, făr-dél, *s.* a bundle, a little pack
Fardingale, făr-dŷng'l, *s.* fourth part of an acre
Fare, făr'e, *v. n.* to pass, to travel, to be in a state good or bad, to be entertained—*s.* hire of carriage by land or water, provisions
Farewell, făr-wel' *ad.* adieu—*s.* leave, the parting compliment
Farina, făr-rī-nă, *s.* meal, fine dust in the small flower of plants
Farinaceous, făr-rī-nă-shŷyŷ, *a.* mealy, tasting like meal
Farm, făr'm, *s.* land let to a tenant
Farmer, făr'm-ér, *s.* a cultivator of ground, a renter of land
Farrago, făr-ră-gô, *s.* a medley
Farrier, făr'r-ŷér, *s.* shoer of horses, a horse doctor
Farrow, făr-rô, *s.* litter of pigs—*v. a.* to pig
Farther, făr-thér, *ad.* more remotely—*a.* more remote—*v. a.* to promote, advance
Farthermore, făr-thér-mô're, *ad.* besides
Farthest, făr-thêst, *ad.* most remotely—*a.* most distant, remotest
Farthing, făr-thing, *s.* the fourth part of a penny
Farthingale, făr-thing găl, *s.* a hoop for petticoats
Fasces, făs'sêz, *s.* a bundle of rods anciently carried before the consuls
Fascia, făsh'yă, *s.* a fillet, a plain moulding
Fascinate, făs'sŷ-nâte, *v. a.* to bewitch
Fascination, făs'sŷ-nă-shun, *s.* witchcraft, enchantment
Fascine, făs-sŷn, *s.* a faggot
Fashion, făsh'ŷn, *s.* form, manner, custom, mode—*v. a.* to form, to mould, to fit
Fashionable, făsh'ôn áb'l, *a.* modish, approved by custom
Fast, făt, *v. a.* to abstain from food—*s.* an abstinence from food—*a.* firm, strong, immovable, swift—*ad.* firmly, immovably, closely, nimbly
Fasten, făs'n, *v. a.* to make fast, to cement [handed, niggardly]
Fasthanded, făt-hăud-éd, *a.* close-fisted
Fastidious, făs-tŷd'yŷs, *a.* disdainful, squeamish [fool]
Fasting, făt'ŷng, *pr.* abstaining from
Fat, făt, *a.* plump, fleshy—*s.* the untuous part of animal flesh or oily part of a fish, a vessel in which any thing is put to ferment—*v. a.* to make fat, to fatten—*v. n.* to grow fat
Fatal, făt-tăl, *a.* deadly, mortal, inevitable [a decree of fate]
Fatality, făt-tăl'y-tŷ, *s.* predestination
Fate, făt'e, *s.* destiny, destruction, cause of death
Fated, făt-téd, *a.* decreed by fate
Father, făt-thér, *s.* he by whom a child is begotten—*v. a.* to adopt a child, to ascribe to any one as his offspring
Fatherhood, făt-thér-hŷd, *s.* the character of a father
Father-in-law, făt-thér-ŷn-lă', *s.* the father of one's husband or wife
Fatherless, făt-thér-lês, *s.* children that have no father
Fathom, făt-thóm, *s.* a measure of six feet—*v. a.* to sound, to penetrate into
Fatidical, făt-tŷd'y-kăl, *a.* prophetic
Fatigue, făt-tŷg, *s.* weariness, labour, toil—*v. a.* to tire, to weary
Fatling, făt-lŷng, *s.* a young animal fed for slaughter
Fatness, făt-nês, *s.* plumpness, what causes fertility [grow fat]
Fatten, făt'n, *v. a.* to make fat—*v. n.* to
Fatuity, făt-tŷ-tŷ, *s.* foolishness
Faucet, făt-sŷt, *s.* tube to draw liquid from a vessel
Fault, făt't, *s.* an offence, a slight crime
Faulter, see Falter
Faulty, făt'tŷ, *a.* guilty of a fault, blameable, erroneous
Faunist, făt'n-ŷst, *s.* naturalist whose inquiries relate to woods
Favour, făt-vôr, *v. a.* to support, to assist, to conduce to—*s.* countenance, kindness, lenity, good will, any worn openly as a token
Favoured, făt-vôrd, *part.* regarded with kindness, treated well or ill
Favourite, făt-vôr-ŷt, *s.* person or beloved
Fawn, făt'n, *s.* a young deer—*v.* to flatter, to cringe
Fealty, fê'al-tŷ, *s.* homage, loyalty
Fear, fê're, *s.* dread, terror, anxiety—*v. a.* to terrify—*v. n.* to be anxious
Fearful, fê're-fŷl, *a.* timorous
Feasibility, fê'-ŷt-bŷl'y-tŷ, *s.* practicability of a thing

shôt, nôte, lôse, actôr—hüt, pûsh, mâte, fûr,—truly, rye—thus, thick.

Feasible, fê'zib'l, *a.* practicable

Feast, fê'st, *s.* a sumptuous treat, an anniversary day of rejoicing—*v. a.* to entertain sumptuously, to pamper

Feat, fê'te, *s.* an act, a deed, a trick or slight—*a.* skilful, ingenious, nice

Feather, fêth-ér, *s.* the plume of birds, an ornament—*v. a.* to dress in or fit with feathers

Featherbed, fêth-ér-bêd, *s.* a bed stuffed with feathers

Feathered, fêth-êrd, *a.* clothed with feathers

Feature, fê-túr, *s.* the cast or make of the face, any lineament or single part of the face

Febrifuge, fêb-rî-fûdzh, *s.* a medicine to cure a fever [ing to a fever]

Febrile, fê-brîl, *a.* constituting or relating to

February, fêb-rû-âr-y, *s.* the second month of the year

Feculent, fêk-û-lênt, *a.* foul, dreggy

Fecund, fê-kûnd, *a.* fruitful, prolific

Fecundation, fê-kûn-dâ-shûn, *s.* the act of making fruitful

Fecundity, fê-kûn-dî-tî, *s.* fruitfulness

Fed, fêd, *pret. and part. of Feed*

Federal, fêd-êr-âl, *a.* relating to a league

Federary, fêd-êr-âr-y, *s.* a confederate, an accomplice

Fee, fê, *s.* perpetual right, reward, perquisite, *v. a.* to reward, to pay, to bribe, to keep in hire

Feeble, fê'b'l, *a.* weak, infirm, sickly

Feed, fê-de, *v. a.* to supply with food, to graze, to nourish—*s.* food, pasture

Feel, fê-le, *v. n.* to touch—*v. a.* to perceive by the touch, to try, to sound, to know, to be affected by—*s.* the sense of feeling, the touch

Feeling, fê-lîng, *s.* sense of touch, sensibility, perception

Feet, fê'te, *s. plural of Foot*

Feign, fâ-ne, *v. a.* to invent, dissemble—*v. n.* to relate falsely

Feint, fâ-nt, *s.* a false appearance, a mock assault

Felicitate, fê-lîs-y-tâ-te, *v. a.* to make happy, to congratulate

Felicitation, fê-lîs-y-tâ-shûn, *s.* congratulation

Felicity, fê-lîs-y-tî, *s.* happiness

Feline, fê-lî-ne, *a.* like or pertaining to a cat

Fell, fêl', *a.* cruel, fierce, barbarous—*v. a.* to knock down, to hew or cut down [hides or skins]

Fellmonger, fêl'-mông-ér, *s.* a dealer in felloe, fêl'-lô, *s.* the circumference of a wheel

Fellow, fêl'-lô, *s.* an associate, an equal, a mean person—*v. a.* to suit with, to pair with

Felo-de-se, fêl'-lô-dê-sê', *s.* a self-murderer, a suicide

Felon, fêl'-ôn, *s.* one guilty of felony

Felonious, fê-lô-nîus, *a.* wicked, traitorous, villainous [crime]

Felony, fêl'-ôn-y, *s.* a capital offence or Felt, fêlt', *s.* stuff for making hats, a hide or skin—*v. a.* to unite without weaving [like felt]

Feltre, fêl'-tér, *v. a.* to clot together

Felucca, fê-lûk-kâ, *s.* a small open boat with six oars

Female, fê-mâle, *s.* one of the sex which brings forth young—*a.* not masculine

Feminine, fê-m'-î-n-î-n, *a.* of the sex that brings young, female, soft, tender, effeminate

Femoral, fê-m'-ô-râl, *a.* belonging to the thigh [marsh]

Fen, fê'n, *s.* flat moist land, a moor, a

Fence, fê'n, *s.* a guard, an enclosure, a mound, a hedge—*v. a.* to secure by a fence—*v. n.* to practise manual defence

Fencible, fê'n-sîb'l, *a.* capable of defence [by weapons]

Fencing, fê'n-sîng, *s.* the art of defence

Fend, fênd', *v. a.* to keep off, to shut out—*v. n.* to dispute [the cinders]

Fender, fê'n-dér, *s.* a fence to keep in

Ferestral, fê-nê's-trâl, *a.* belonging to a window

Fennel, fê'n-nêl, *s.* a garden herb

Fenny, fê'n-nî, *a.* marshy, boggy

Feodal, fê-ô-dâl, *a.* held from another

Feodary, fê-ô-dâr-y, *s.* one who holds an estate under tenure of service, &c. to a superior

Feoff, fêf', *v. a.* to put in possession

Feoffee, fêf'-ê, *s.* one put in possession

Feoffment, fêf'-mênt, *s.* act of granting possession [title]

Feracity, fê-râs-y-tî, *s.* fruitfulness, fer-

Feral, fê-râl, *a.* funereal, mournful

Ferial, fê-rî-yâl, *a.* belonging to week days, the sabbath excepted

Sounds.—hât, hâte, hâll, liâr—mêt, désist, mêt, hér—chîn, chine, fîeld, shîrt—

- Ferine, fê'-rine, *a.* wild, savage
 Ferment, fêr-mênt, *v. a.* to exalt or rarify by intestine motion of its parts
 Ferment, fêr-mênt, *s.* intestine motion, tumult
 Fermentation, fêr-mên-tâ'-shûn, *s.* internal heat, commotion
 Fermentative, fêr-mên-tâ'-tîv, *a.* causing fermentation
 Fern, fêrn', *s.* a sort of plant growing on heaths, &c.
 Ferny, fêrn'-y, *c.* overgrown with fern
 Ferocious, fê-rô'-shyûs, *a.* savage, fierce, rapacious
 Ferocity, fê-rô'-tî-tî, *s.* savageness, fierceness, wildness
 Ferret, fêr'-rêt, *s.* a small animal of the weasel kind, a kind of tape—*v. a.* to drive out of lurking places
 Ferruginous, fêr-rû'-dzhiûs, *a.* partaking of iron
 Ferry, fêr'-rî, *v. a.* to carry over in a boat—*s.* a boat for passage, the passage over which the ferryboat passes
 Ferryman, fêr-rî-mân, *s.* one who keeps or rows a ferry
 Fertile, fêr'-tîl, *a.* fruitful, abundant
 Fertility, fêr-tîl'-tî-tî, *s.* abundance, fruitfulness
 Fertilize, fêr-tîl-ize, *v. a.* to make fertile
 Fervent, fêr-vênt, *a.* hot, vehement, ardent, zealous
 Fervid, fêr-vîd, *a.* burning, vehement, zealous
 Ferula, fêr-û-lû, *s.* an instrument to beat
 Ferule, fêr-û-le, *v. a.* to chastise with the ferula
 Ferour, fêr-vôr, *s.* heat of mind, warmth
 Festal, fês-tâl, *a.* belonging to a feast, joyous
 Fester, fês-têr, *v. n.* to rankle, corrupt
 Festival, fês-tî-vâl, *s.* a day of civil or religious joy
 Festive, fês-tîv, *a.* joyous, gay
 Festivity, fês-tîv'-tî-tî, *s.* a festival, a time of rejoicing
 Festoon, fês-tô-ne, *s.* an ornament of twisted flowers
 Fetch, fêsh', *v. a.* to go and bring, to produce—*s.* a stratagem
 Fetid, fêt'-îd, *a.* stinking, rancid
 Fetlock, fêt-lôk, *s.* a tuft of hair behind a horse's pastern joint
 Fetter, fêt'-têr, *v. a.* to bind, to chain
 Fetter, fêt'-têr, *s.* chains for the feet
 Fetus, fê'-tus, *s.* any animal in embryo
 Feud, fê'-de, *s.* a quarrel, contention
 Feudal, fê'-dâl, *a.* held of a superior & pendant
 Feudatory, fê'-dâ-tôr-y, *s.* one who holds of a lord or chief
 Fever, fê'-vêr, *s.* a disease in which the pulse is quickened, and heat and cold prevail by turns
 Feverish, fê'-vêr'-sh, *a.* troubled with a fever, tending to a fever
 Few, fê', *a.* not many, a small number
 Fib, fîb', *s.* a falsehood—*v. n.* to tell lies
 Fibre, fî-bêr, *s.* a small thread or string
 Fibrous, fî-brûs, *a.* composed of fibres
 Fickle, fîk'l, *a.* changeable, unsteady, not fixed
 Fiction, fîk'-shûn, *s.* a story invented
 Fictitious, fîk'-shûs, *a.* fictitious, imaginary
 Fictitious, fîk'-shûs, *a.* not genuine
 Fiddle, fîd'l, *s.* a stringed instrument of music, a violin—*v. n.* to play upon the fiddle, to trifle
 Fiddlefaddle, fîd'l fâd'l, *s.* a trifle, a trifle
 Fiddler, fîd'-lêr, *s.* a player on the violin
 Fidelity, fî-dêl'-tî-tî, *s.* honesty, faithfulness, veracity
 Fidge, fîdzî', or Fidget, fîdzî'-êt, *v. n.* to move nimbly and irregularly
 Fidgety, fîdzî'-tî-tî, *a.* restless, moving from place to place
 Fiducial, fî-dû'-shâl, *a.* confident, doubting
 Fiduciary, fî-dû'-shêr-y, *s.* one who holds in trust
 Fief, fî-êf, *s.* a fee, a manor
 Field, fîld, *s.* ground not inhabited, a cultivated tract of ground, the ground of battle, a wide expanse
 Fieldfare, fêl-fâre, *s.* a bird, kind of thrush
 Fieldpiece, fîld-pls, *s.* a small cannon
 Fiend, fî-nd, *s.* an enemy, an infernal being
 Fierce, fî-êr, *a.* ravenous, savage, furious
 Fiery, fî-ê-rî, *a.* hot like fire, ardent, active, passionate
 Fife, fîfe, *s.* a small pipe blown to the drum
 Fifteen, fîf'-tên, *a.* five and ten
 Fifth, fîfth, *a.* next to the fourth in order of number
 Fifty, fîf'-tî, *a.* five tens
 Fig, fîg, *s.* a tree that bears figs, its fruit
 Figary, fîg-â'-rî, *s.* a random & volat act

shôt, nôte, lôse, actôr—hüt, pûsh, mâte, fûr—truly, rye—thus, thick.

Fight, fîte, *v. n.* to contend in battle
—*v. a.* to combat—*s.* a battle, a combat, a duel

Figment, fig-mënt, *s.* an invention, a fiction

Figurate, fig-û-lët, *a.* made of potters' clay

Figurability, fig-û-rû-bîl-ty, *s.* quality of being capable of a form

Figural, fig-û-rûl, *a.* of a certain form

Figurate, fig-û-rët, *a.* reduced to form

Figurative, fig-û-râ-tîv, *a.* not literal, metaphorical

Figure, fig-û-re, *s.* shape, form, a statue, an image a character denoting a number—*v. a.* to form into any shape

Filaceous, fil-â-shûs, *a.* consisting of filament, fil-â-mënt, *s.* a slender thread, a fibre

Filbert, fil-bért, *s.* a fine hazel nut with

Filch, filsh, *v. n.* to steal, to pilfer

File, fîle, *s.* a steel tool to polish iron, &c. a wire for papers, a line of soldiers—*v. a.* to string upon a thread

or wire, to cut with a file

Filial, fil-yâl, *a.* pertaining to or befitting a son

Filigree, fil-î-grê, *s.* curious work in gold or silver, in manner of threads or grains

[by the file]

Fillings, fil-î-ngz, *s.* particles rubbed off

Fill, fyl, *v. a.* to make full, to satisfy, to surfeit—*v. n.* to grow full—*s.* fullness, satiety, a place between the shafts of a carriage

Fillet, fyl-lët, *s.* a band tied round the head, &c. a joint of veal

Fillip, fyl-lîp, *v. a.* to strike with the nail of the finger by a sudden spring

—*s.* a sudden jerk of the finger

Filly, fyl-ly, *s.* a young mare

Film, fylm, *s.* a thin skin

Filmy, fyl-my, *a.* composed of thin membranes

Filter, fil-ter, *v. a.* to stain, to percolate

Filth, filth, *s.* dirt, nastiness, pollution

Filthy, filth-y, *a.* nasty, foul, gross, obscene

Filtrate, fil-trâte, *v. a.* to strain, to filter

Filtre, fil-tër, *v. a.* to cleanse by strain- ing, to filter

[fringed, edged]

Fimbriated, fîm-brî-ât-ed, *a.* bordered

Fin, fîn, *s.* the wing of a fish

Final, fi-nâl, *a.* last, conclusive, mortal

Finale, fi-nâl-ê, *s.* close of a concert of music

Finally, fi-nâl-ly, *ad.* ultimately, lastly, completely

Finance, fin-âns, *s.* revenue, income, profit

Finances, fin-âns-ês, *s.* public revenues

Financier, fin-âns-êr, *s.* one who schemes or collects the public revenue

Find, fînd, *v. a.* to discover, to detect, to furnish

Fine, fîne, *a.* refined, pure, clear, showy, not coarse—*s.* a mulct, a penalty, a forfeit—*v. a.* to refine, pur-

fy, inflict a penalty [appearan.e]

Finery, fîne-êry, *s.* show, splendor

Finesse, fî-nês, *s.* an artifice, a stratagem

Finger, fîng-ér, *s.* part of the hand—

v. a. to handle, to touch lightly, to pilfer

Finical, fîn-î-kâl, *a.* nice, foppish

Fin'ish, fîn-îsh, *v. a.* to end, to perfect, to complete

Finite, fi-nite, *a.* limited, bounded, terminated

Finny, fîn-ný, *a.* furnished with fins

Fir, fir, *s.* the tree of which deal boards are made

Fire, fire, *s.* the element that burns, what burns, conflagration, heat, passion, eruption—*v. a.* to kindle, to in-

flame—*v. n.* to discharge fire-arms

Firearms, fîre-ârmz, *s.* guns, muskets

Firebrand, fîre-brând, *s.* a piece of wood kindled, an incendiary

Firelock, fîre-lök, *s.* a soldier's gun

Fireman, fîre-mân, *s.* one employed to extinguish fires

Firepan, fîre-pân, *s.* a pan for holding fire

[combustibles]

Fireship, fîre-shîp, *s.* a ship filled with firework, fîre-wôr, *s.* a beautiful display of fire

Firing, fî-rîng, *s.* fuel [lons]

Firkin, fir-kîn, *s.* a vessel of nine gal-

Firm, fîrm, *a.* fast, strong, hard, constant, steady—*s.* name or names under which the business of any trad-

ing house is carried on

Firmament, fîr-mâ-mënt, *s.* the sky, the heavens

Firmamental, fîr-mâ-mën-tâl, *a.* of the upper regions, celestial

Firman, fîr-mân, *s.* passport to trade to certain parts or places

Firmness, fîrm-nês, *s.* steadiness, hard-

ness, resolution

Sounds—hât, hate, hâll, liâr—mêt, dësiat, mē, hér—ch'yn, chine, f'feld, shirt—

First, f'irs', *a.* earliest in time, highest in dignity, chief [of any thing]

First-fruits, f'irs'-frûts, *s.* first produce

Firstling, f'irs'-lîng, *s.* the first produce

Fiscal, f'is-câl, *s.* the exchequer, the revenue

Fish, f'ish', *s.* a water animal—*v. n.* to catch fish, to catch by art, to sift

Fisherman, f'ish'-ér-mân, *s.* one who catches fish [ment of fishing]

Fishery, f'ish'-ér-ÿ, *s.* trade or employ-

Fish-hook, f'ish'-hók, *s.* a hook for catching fish [fish]

Fishmeal, f'ish'-mêle, *s.* a meal made of

Fishmonger, f'ish-móng-ér, *s.* a dealer in fish

Fissure, f'is-ûre, *s.* a cleft, a small chasm

Fist, f'ist', *s.* the hand clenched or closed

Fisticuffs, f'is'-tî-kûfs, *s.* a battle with the fists [lous within]

Fistula, f'is'-tû-lâ, *s.* a sinuous ulcer cal-

Fistulous, f'is'-tû-lûs, *a.* pertaining to a fistula

Fit, f'it, *s.* an hysterical disorder, a convulsion, a touch of a disorder—*a.* qualified, proper, convenient—*v. a.* to suit, to adapt, to accommodate

Fitch, f'itsh', *s.* a small kind of wild pea

Fitch, f'it-nës, *s.* propriety, convenience

Five, f'ive, *a.* four and one

Fives, fivz, *s.* game at ball, a disease of horses

Fix, f'iks', *v. a.* to make fast, to settle—*v. n.* to determine, to rest

Fixation, f'ik-sâ-shûn, *s.* stability, solidity [mined]

Fixed, f'ik-sêd, *part.* appointed, deter-

fixidity, f'ik-sîd'-ÿ-tÿ, or Fixity, f'ik-sî-tÿ, *s.* coherence of parts

Fixture, f'iks'-tûre, *s.* any article fixed to the premises, as fire-grates, dressers, &c. [harpoon]

Fizgig, f'iz'-gîg, *s.* a kind of dart or

Flabby, flâb'-by, *a.* soft, not firm

Flaccid, flâk'-sîd, *a.* weak, limber, not stiff

Flaccidity, flâk-sîd'-ÿ-tÿ, *s.* limberness

Flag, flâg', *v. n.* to grow dejected—*s.* a plant, colours of a ship or land forces, a flat stone

Flagelet, flâdzh'-ê-lêt, *s.* a small flute

Flagellation, flâdzh-êl-lâ'-shûn, *s.* the act of scourging

Flaggy, flâg'-gÿ, *a.* weak, lax, insipid

Flagitious, flâ-dzhish'-ûs, *a.* wicked, atrocious

Flaggon, flâg'-gôn, *s.* a drinking vessel with a narrow mouth

Flag-officer, flâg-ôf'-fiser, *s.* the commander of a squadron [notorious]

Flagrant, flâ-grênt, *a.* glowing, eager

Flag-ship, flâg'-ship, *s.* a ship in which a flag-officer is

Flail, flâ'le, *s.* a threshing instrument

Flake, flâ'ke, *s.* any thing loosely held together, a stratum, a layer, a scale of iron—*v. a.* to form in flakes

Flaky, flâ'-ky, *a.* lying in layers, broken into laminae [prctext]

Flam, flâm', *s.* a falsehood, an illusory

Flambeau, flâm'-bô, *s.* a torch

Flame, flâ'me, *s.* light given by fire, fire, brightness of fancy, the passion of love—*v. a.* to shine as fire, to blaze

Flamen, flâ'-mên, *s.* a Pagan priest in ancient times [ness to take fire]

Flammability, flâm-mâ-bil-ÿ-tÿ, *s.* an pt-

Flamy, flâ'-mÿ, *a.* burning, flaming, like fire

Flank, flângk', *s.* the side, part of a bastion—*v. a.* to attack the side of a battalion or fleet

Flannel, flân'-nél, *s.* soft nappy stuff made of wool

Flap, flâp', *s.* any thing that hangs broad and loose, a blow with the hand, a disease in horses—*v. a.* to beat with a flap—*v. n.* to ply the wings with a noise, to fall with flaps

Flapdragon, flâp'-drâg-ôn, *s.* a game in which they catch raisins out of burning brandy

Flare, flâ're, *v. n.* to flutter with a splendid show, to glitter offensively, to give a glaring light

Flash, flâsh', *s.* a sudden blaze, a sudden burst of wit—*v. n.* to glitter with a quick and transient flame

Flashy, flâsh'-ÿ, *a.* showy, empty, insipid

Flask, flâsk', *s.* a bottle, a powder-horn

Flasket, flâsk'-êt, *s.* a kind of tray

Flat, flât', *a.* even, smooth, insipid, dull, not shrill,—*s.* a level, even ground, a shallow—*v. a.* to level, to make vapid—*v. n.* to grow flat or vapid

Flatness, flât'-nës, *s.* evenness, dullness, dejection

Flatten, flât'n, *v. a.* to make even or level, to make vapid, to deject—*v. n.* to grow even or insipid

shút, nôte, lôse, actôr—lîht, pûsh, mhte, fûr—truly, rye—thus, thick.

Flatter, flăt-tér, *v. a.* to sooth with praises, to praise falsely, to raise false hopes
Flattery, flăt-tér-y, *s.* false praise, fawn-Flattish, flăt-ysh, *a.* somewhat flat
Flatulent, flăt-ù-lèntý *a.* windy, empty, vain
Flaunt, flänt, *v. n.* to make a fluttering show in apparel, to give one's self airs—*s.* any thing loose and airy
Flavour, flä-vór, *s.* taste, sweet smell, relish, odour
Flaw, flä, *s.* a crack, a defect
Flax, fläk's, *s.* a fibrous plant of which the finest thread is made, the fibres of flax cleansed
Flaxdresser, fläk's-drës-sér, *s.* he that prepares flax for the spinner
Flaxen, fläk's'n, *a.* made of flax, fair
Flay, flä, *v. a.* to strip off the skin
Flea, flé, *s.* a troublesome small insect
Fleabitten, flé-bít'n, *a.* stung by fleas, mean, worthless
Fleam, flé-me, *s.* an instrument used to bleed cattle
Fleck, flék, or **Flecker**, flék-ér, *v. a.* to spot, to streak, to dapple
Fledge, flédzh, *v. a.* to furnish with wings or feathers
Flee, flé, *v. n.* to run from danger, or for shelter—*v. a.* to avoid
Fleece, flé-se, *s.* the wool of one sheep—*v. a.* to strip or plunder a person
Fleeced, flést, *a.* stripped, plundered
Fleecy, flé-sý, *a.* covered with wool, woolly
Floor, flé-re, *v. n.* to mock, to leer, to grin with scorn
Fleet, flé-te, *s.* a company of ships, a creek—*a.* swift of pace, nimble, active—*v. n.* to fly swiftly, to vanish
Fleetness, flé-te-nés, *s.* speed, swiftness, quickness
Flesh, flësh, *s.* a part of the animal body—*v. a.* to initiate, to harden, to glut
Fleishy, flësh-flý, *s.* a fly that feeds upon flesh
Fleshmeat, flësh-mé-te, *s.* animal food
Fleshy, flësh-y, *a.* plump, full of flesh
Fletcher, flësh-ér, *s.* a maker of bows and arrows
Flew, flú, *pret. of Fly*—*s.* the large chaps of a deep-mouthed hound
Flowed, flú-de, *a.* chapped, mouthed
Flexibility, fléks-y-bíl-é-sý, *s.* pliancy, ductility, society

Flexible, fléks-y'b'l, or **Flexile**, fléks'y, *a.* pliant, manageable
Flexion, flék-shón, *s.* the act of bending, a joint, a turn
Flexure, flék-shû-re, *s.* the part bent, the joint [the wings]
Flicker, flík-ér, *v. a.* to flutter, to play
Flight, flíte, *s.* the act of flying or running away, a flock of birds flying together, heat of imagination, stairs from one landing-place to another [imagination]
Flighty, flíte-y, *a.* wild, swift, full of
Flimsy, flím-zý, *a.* weak, slight, mean, spiritless [pain, &c.]
Flinch, flínsh, *v. n.* to shrink from
Fling, fling, *v. a.* to throw, to cast with violence—*v. n.* to flounce—*s.* a throw, a sneer
Flint, flint, *s.* a hard kind of stone
Flinty, flint-y, *a.* made of flint, hard-hearted [and sugar]
Flipp, flíp, *s.* beer mixed with spirits
Flippant, flíp-ént, *a.* nimble, pert, talkative
Flirt, flirt, *v. n.* to jeer, to run about idly, &c.—*s.* a sudden trick, a pert hussey
Flirtation, flir-tä-shün, *s.* a quick sprightly motion, coquetry
Flit, flít, *v. n.* to fly away, to flutter
Fritch, flitsh, *s.* a side of bacon
Float, fló-te, *v. n.* to swim on the surface—*v. a.* to cover with water—*s.* the act of flowing, any thing swimming on the water
Flock, flök, *s.* a company of birds or beasts, &c.—*v. n.* to assemble in crowds
Flog, flóg, *v. a.* to lash, to whip
Flood, flúd, *s.* influx of the tide, an overflow, inundation—*v. a.* to cover with waters, to overflow
Floodgate, flúd-gäte, *s.* a gate or stop to let out water
Flook, fló-ke, *s.* the broad part of the anchor which takes hold of the ground [a story]
Floor, fló-re, *s.* the bottom of a room
Flop, flóp, *v. a.* to clap the wings with noise
Floral, fló-räl, *a.* relating to Flora or to flowers [bloomy, rosy]
Florid, flór-id, *a.* flushed with red
Floridity, flór-id-y-ty, *s.* freshness & colour

Sounds.—hüt, häte, häll, jü—mēt, désist, mē, hér—chün, chine, feld, shirt—

Florin, flör'-in, *s.* a foreign coin
Florist, flör'-rist, *s.* one who cultivates flowers

Flota, flö'-tä, *s.* a rich Spanish fleet that sails annually from the West Indies
Flounce, flö'-uns, *v. n.* to move with violence in the water, or passionate agitation—*v. a.* to deck with flounces—*s.* a loose trimming in apparel

Flounder, flö'-n-dér, *s.* a small flat fish—*v. n.* to struggle with violent and irregular motions

Flour, flö'-r, *s.* fine part of ground corn
Flourish, flör'-ish, *v. n.* to be in vigour, to thrive, to boast—*v. a.* to adorn—*s.* embellishment, figures formed by lines curiously drawn, bravery

Flout, flö'-t, *v. a.* to mock, to insult—*v. n.* to practise mockery

Flow, flö', *v. n.* to run as water, to melt, to issue—*v. a.* to overflow—*s.* the rise of water, not the ebb

Flower, flöw'-ér, *s.* a blossom of a plant, the prime—*v. n.* to be in flower, to blossom [flowers]

Flowery, flöw'-ér-y, *a.* adorned with
Flown, flö'ne, *part. of* Fly—*a.* puffed, elate

Fluctuant, flük'-tü-ént, *a.* wavering
Fluctuate, flük'-tü-äte, *v. n.* to be in an uncertain state, to be irresolute

Fluctuation, flük'-tü-ä'-shün, *s.* uncertainty, indetermination

Flue, flü', *s.* a small pipe or chimney, soft down or fur

Fluent, flü'-ént, *a.* eloquent, liquid, flowing

Fluid, flü'-yd, *a.* running as water, not solid—*s.* any animal juice, a liquid

Fluidity, flü'-yd'-i-ty, *s.* the quality in bodies apposite to solidity

Fluke, flü'-ke, *s.* see Flook

Flummery, flüm'-mér-y, *s.* a food made of wheat flour or oatmeal

Flung, flüng, *part. and pret. of* Fling
Fluor, flü'-ör, *s.* a fluid state

Flurry, flür'-ry, *s.* a gust of wind, flutter of the spirits

Flurt, flür'-t, *s.* see Flirt

Flush, flüsh', *v. n.* to flow with violence—*v. a.* to colour, to elate—*s.* violent flow, cards all of a suit

Fluster, flüs'-tér, *v. a.* to put in confusion

Flute, flüt', *s.* a musical pipe, furrow in a pillar—*v. a.* to cut into hollows

Flutter, flüt'-tér, *v. n.* to fly with agitation of the wings—*v. a.* to confuse—*s.* hurry, disorder of the mind, confusion

Flux, flüks', *s.* the tide or flowing of the sea, a dysentery, concourse

Fluxion, flük'-shün, *s.* the act of flowing, matter that flows

Fly, flý, *v. n.* to move through the air with wings, to pass away swiftly, to spring with violence, to shiver—*s.* a small winged insect, a balance of a jack. [gots]

Flyblow, flý'-blö, *v. a.* to fill with inag-
Flyfish, flý'-fish, *v. n.* to angle with a hook baited with a fly

Foal, fö'le, *s.* the offspring of a mare or other beast of burden—*v. a.* to bring forth a foal

Foam, fö'me, *s.* froth, spume—*v. n.* to froth, to be in a rage

Foamy, fö'mý, *a.* covered with foam, frothy

Fob, föb', *s.* a small pocket for a watch, &c.—*v. a.* to trick, to defraud

Focal, fö'-käi, *a.* belonging to a focus

Focus, fö'-küs, *s.* the point where rays meet

Fodder, föd'-dér, *s.* dry food for cattle—*v. a.* to feed with dry food

Foe, fö', *s.* an enemy, a persecutor

Foetus, fö'-tus, *s.* a child in the womb

Fog, fög', *s.* a thick mist, aftergrass

Foggy, fög'-gy, *a.* misty, cloudy, dull

Foible, föib'l, *s.* a weakness, a failing

Foil, föil, *v. a.* to put to the worst, to defeat—*s.* a defeat, a glittering substance, a blunt sword for fencing

Foist, först, *v. a.* to insert by forgery

Fold, föld, *s.* a pen for sheep, a double or plait—*v. a.* to shut sheep in the fold, to double, to shut

Foliage, fö'-lyédzh, *s.* leaves or tufts of leaves

Folio, fö'-lyö, *s.* a book in which a sheet of paper doubled forms four pages

Folk, fö'ke, *s.* people, nations, mankind

Folkland, föük'-lánd, *s.* land which belongs to the common people

Follow, föl'-lö, *v. a.* to go after, to obey, to attend—*v. n.* to come after another

Folly, föl'-ly, *s.* weakness, foolishness, imprudence

Foment, fö-mént', *v. a.* to cherish with heat, to bathe with warm lotions, to encourage, to abet—*v. n.* to boil up as liquor working

shôt, nôte, lôse, actôr—hüt, pûsh, mûte, fûr—truly, rýe—thus, thick.

Fomentation, fô-mén-tâ-shûn, *s.* the act of fomenting, a lotion prepared to foment with

Fond, fônd', *a.* tender, indiscreet, dotting, silly [to be fond of]

Fondle, fônd'l, *v. a.* to caress—*v. n.*

Fondling, fônd'-lîng, *s.* one much caressed or doated on

Font, fônt', *s.* a baptismal vessel

Food, fôde, *s.* victuals, any thing that nourishes

Fool, fôle, *s.* an ideot, a buffoon—*v. n.* to trifle, to play—*v. a.* to disappoint, to cheat

Foolery, fôl'-ér-y, *s.* habitual folly, an act of folly

Foolhardy, fôl-hâ'r-dý, *a.* daring without judgment, madly adventurous

Foolish, fôl'-ish, *a.* weak of intellect, imprudent

Foot, fût, *s.* that on which any animal or thing stands, a measure of twelve inches—*v. n.* to dance, to tread—*v. a.* to spurn

Football, fût-bâll, *s.* a ball driven by the foot [ant in livery]

Footboy, fût-bôý, *s.* a boy or attendant

Footed, fût'-êd, *a.* shaped in the foot, danced

Footing, fût'-îng, *s.* foundation, an entrance, a condition—*p.* walking, tripping [livery, a stand]

Footman, fût-mân, *s.* a male servant in

Footpad, fût-pâd, *s.* one that robs on foot [for passengers]

Footpath, fût-pâth, *s.* a narrow way

Footstep, fût-stêp, *s.* a trace, a track, an impression left by the foot

Footstool, fût-stôle, *s.* a stool for the feet [dress]

Fop, fôp', *s.* a coxcomb, one fond of

Foppery, fôp'-ér-y, *s.* folly, affectation of show

Foppish, fôp'-pish, *a.* affected, foolish, idle, vain

Forage, fôr'-êdz, *v. n.* to wander in search of provisions, to ravage—*v. a.* to plunder, to strip—*s.* a search for provisions, provisions

Forebear, fôr-bâre, *v. n.* to cease from any thing, to abstain—*v. a.* to decline, to spare

Forebearance, fôr-bâr'-êns, *s.* delay of action or vengeance, mildness, leniency

Forbid, fôr-bîd', *s. a.* to prohibit, to oppose

Forbidding, fôr-bîd'-dîng, *part. a.* a raising abhorrence

Force, fôrse, *s.* strength, violence, an armament—*v. a.* to compel, to overpower, to enter by violence, to ravish [ment]

Forceps, fôr-sêps, *s.* a surgical instrument

Forcible, fôr-sîb'l, *a.* strong, violent, efficacious, powerful

Ford, fôrd, *s.* the shallow part of a river, the stream—*v. a.* to pass a river without swimming

Fordable, fôrd-éb'l, *a.* capable of being forded

Fore, fôre, *a.* anterior,—*ad.* before

Forearm, fôre-ârm, *v. a.* to provide for an assault or attack

Forebode, fôre-bôde, *v. n.* to foretel, to prognosticate

Forecast, fôre-kâst, *v. a.* to scheme, to contrive, to foresee—*s.* contrivance beforehand

Forecastle, fôre-kâ's'l, *s.* the forepart of a ship

Forecited, fôre-sî-têd, *part.* quoted before [to preclude]

Foreclose, fôre-kîl'ze, *v. a.* to shut up, to doom, fôre-dô'me, *v. a.* to predetermine, &c.

Forefather, fôre-fâ'thér, *s.* an ancestor

Forefend, fôre-fênd', *v. a.* to prohibit, to avert, to secure

Forego, fôre-gô', *v. a.* to quit, to give up, to go before

Foreground, fôre-grôund, *s.* that part of a picture before the figures

Forehand, fôre-hând, *s.* the part of a horse which is before the rider—*a.* done too soon

Forehead, fôre-hêd, *s.* upper part of the face [not belonging to, extraneous]

Foreign, fôr'-yn, *a.* not domestic, alien

Foreigner, fôr'-în-ér, *s.* one of another country [beforehand]

Forejudge, fôre-dzhûdzh', *v. a.* to judge

Foreknow, fôre-nô', *v. a.* to know previously [science]

Foreknowledge, fôre-nôl'-êdz, *s.* preforeland, fôre-lând, *s.* a promontory, a headland

Forelay, fôre-lâ', *v. a.* to lay wait for, to entrap [forehead]

Forelock, fôre-lôk, *s.* the hair on the forehead

Foreman, fôre-mân, *s.* the first or chief person on a jury, &c.

Foremast, fôre-mîst, *s.* the mast nearest the head of a ship

Sounds.—hät, häte, häll, liär—mēt, désist, më, hér—chün, chüne, field, shirt—

- Forementioned, före-mén'-shönd, *a.* mentioned before [mid-day]
 Forenoon, före-nö'ne, *s.* the time before
 Forensic, fö'ren'-sik, *a.* belonging to courts of judicature
 Foreordain, före-ör-dä'ne, *v. a.* to predestinate, to preordain
 Forepart, fö're pärt, *s.* the anterior part
 Forerank, fö're-rängk, *s.* the first rank, the front
 Forerun, före-rün', *v. a.* to come before, to precede
 Forerunner, före-rün'-nér, *s.* a messenger sent before, a sign, a prognostic
 Foresay, före-sä', *v. a.* to predict
 Foresee, före-sé', *v. a.* to see beforehand
 Foreshow, före shö', *v. a.* to predict, to discover before it happens
 Foresight, före-site, *s.* foreknowledge, provident care of futurity
 Forest, fö'r-ést, *s.* a wild woody tract of ground
 Forestal, före-stäl', *v. a.* to take up beforehand, to prevent, to anticipate
 Forester, fö'r-és-tér, *s.* an officer of the forest
 Foretaste, före-tä'ste, *v. a.* to taste beforehand—*s.* anticipation of
 Foretell, före-tél', *v. a.* to predict—*v. n.* to utter prophecy
 Forethink, före-think', *v. a.* to anticipate in the mind
 Forethought, fö're-thät, *s.* prescience, anticipation, provident care
 Foretoken, före-tök'n, *s.* a sign, prognostic—*v. a.* to foreshow
 Foretold, före töld, *p.* predicted, declared before it happens [wig]
 Foretop, fö're-töp, *s.* the front of a peri
 Forewarn, före-wär'n, *v. a.* to warn beforehand, to caution against
 Forfeit, fö'r-fyt, *s.* a penalty, a fine for an offence
 Forfeiture, fö'r-fyt-üre, *s.* the act of forfeiting, a thing forfeited, a fine
 Forge, fördzh, *s.* a place where iron is beaten into form—*v. a.* to form by the hammer, to counterfeit
 Forgery, fö'r-dzhér-y, *s.* the crime of falsification [of, to neglect]
 Forget, fö'r-gét, *v. a.* to lose memory
 Forgetful, fö'r-gét'-fúl, *a.* inattentive, apt to forget
 Forgive, fö'r-giv, *v. a.* to pardon, to remit
 Forgiven, fö'r-giv'n, *part.* pardoned, abated
 Forgiveness, fö'r-giv'-näs, *s.* willingness to pardon, act of pardon
 Forgotten, fö'r-göt'u, *part.* not remembered
 Fork, förk, *s.* an instrument with two or more prongs—*v. n.* to shoot into blades [more parts]
 Forked, fö'r-kéd, *a.* opening into two or
 Forlorn, fö'r-lörn, *a.* deserted, helpless
 Form, fö'rm, *s.* shape, figure, method, ceremony, a bench—*v. a.* to make, to model, to arrange
 Formal, fö'r-mäl, *a.* ceremonious, affected, regular [preciseness]
 Formality, fö'r-mäl'-ty, *s.* ceremony
 Formation, fö'r-mä'shün, *s.* the act of forming, &c.
 Formative, fö'r-mä-tiv, *a.* having the power of forming
 Formed, fö'r-n-éd, *p.* shaped, modelled, planned, adjusted, arranged
 Former, fö'r-mér, *s.* one who forms—*a.* past, before another in time
 Formerly, fö'r-mér-ly, *ad.* in time past
 Formidable, fö'r-mä-déb'l, *a.* terrible, dreadful, terrific
 Formulary, fö'r-mä-lär-y, *s.* a book containing stated and prescribed models
 Fornicate, fö'r-ul-käte, *v. n.* to commit fornication
 Fornication, fö'r-nü-kä'shün, *s.* concubinage, idolatry
 Fornicator, fö'r-nü-kä-tór, *s.* a man that has commerce with one unmarried
 Forsake, fö'r-sä'ke, *v. a.* to leave, to desert [deserted]
 Forsaken, fö'r-sä'k'n, *part.* neglected
 Forsook, fö'r-shük', *pret.* of Forsake
 Forsooth, fö'r-süth, *ad.* in truth, certainly
 Forswear, fö'r-swä're, *v. a.* to renounce or deny an oath, to perjure—*v. n.* to swear falsely
 Fort, fört, *s.* a fortified house, a castle
 Forth, fö'rth, *ad.* forward, abroad, out of doors [to appear]
 Forthcoming, fö'rth-küm'-ing, *a.* ready
 Forthwith, fö'rth-with', *ad.* immediately, without delay
 Fortieth, fö'r-tith, *a.* the fourth ten
 Fortification, fö'r-ti-fy-kä'shün, *s.* the science of military architecture, a place built for strength
 Fortify, fö'r-ti-fy, *v. a.* to strengthen, to encourage

shôt, nôte, lôse, actôr—hût, pûsh, mâte, fûr—truly, rje—thus, thick.

Fortitude, fôr-tî-tûde, *s.* courage, magnanimity, strength

Fortnight, fôr-t-nite, *s.* a space of two weeks [fortified place

Fortress, fôr-trës, *s.* a strong hold, a Fortuitous, fôr-tû-i-tûs, *a.* accidental, casual [successful

Fortunate, fôr-tâ-nër, *a.* lucky, happy, Fortune, fôr-tûn, *s.* chance, possessions, estate, portion, the good or ill that befalls mankind

Fortunehunter, fôr-tûn-hûn'tër, *s.* a hunter of women of fortune

Forty, fôr-tý, *a.* four times ten

Forum, fôr-um, *s.* court of justice, a public place, a market

Forward, fôr-wârd, *a.* confident, premature—*v. a.* to hasten, to patronize, to advance

Fosse, fôs', *s.* a ditch, a moat

Fossil, fôs-sil, *a.* dug out of the earth —*s.* a mineral or shell

Foster, fôs'tër, *v. a.* to nurse, to bring up, to cherish

Fosterbrother, fôs'tër-brôth-ër, *s.* one bred at the same breast

Fosterchild, fôs'tër-tshild, *s.* a child brought up by those who are not its natural parents

Fother, fôth-ër, *s.* a load, a weight of lead or metal [Fight

Fought, fâ't, *s. pret. and part. of*

Foul, fôul', *a.* not clean, impure, wicked, ugly—*v. a.* to daub, to dirty, to make filthy [face

Foulfaced, fôul'-fast, *a.* having an ugly Foulmouthed, fôul'-môuthd *a.* scurrilous

Found, fôund, *pret. and part. of* Find —*v. a.* to lay the basis of, to establish, to cast metal

Foundation, fôun-dâ-shûn, *s.* the basis the first principles or grounds, establishment

Founder, fôun-dër, *v. n.* to sink to the bottom, to grow lame

Foundery, fôun-drý, *s.* a casting-house

Foundling, fôund-lîng, *s.* a deserted infant

Fount, fôunt, or Fountain, fôun-tân, *s.* a well or spring, a spout of water

Four, fô're, *a.* twice two [many

Fourfold, fô're-fold, *a.* four times as

Fourfooted, fô're-fût-êd, *a.* quadruped

Fourscore, fô're-skô're, *a.* four times twenty

fourteen, fô-re-tene, *a.* four and ten

Fowl, fôwl', *s.* a winged animal, a bird

Fowler, fôwl-ër, *s.* a sportsman who pursues birds

Fowlingpiece, fôwl'-îng-pîs, *s.* a gun for birds [the dog kind, a knave

Fox, fôks', *s.* a wild cunning animal of Foxcase, fôks'-kâse, *s.* the skin of a fox

Foxchase, fôks'-tshâse, *s.* the pursuit of a fox with hounds [hunts foxes

Foxhunter, fôks'-hûnt-ër, *s.* one who Foxtrap, fôks'-trâp, *s.* a snare to catch foxes

Fraction, frâk-shûn, *s.* the act of breaking, the broken part of an integral, dissension, strife

Fractional, frâk-shôn-âl, *a.* belonging to a fraction [some

Fractionous, frâk-shûs, *a.* peevish, quarrel

Fracture, frâk'tû-re, *s.* a breach, separation of parts—*v. a.* to break a bone

Fragile, frâdzh'-il, *a.* brittle, weak, frail

Fragility, frâ-dzhil'-y-ty, *s.* brittleness, weakness, frailty

Fragment, frâg-mënt, *s.* a part, an imperfect piece

Fragmentary, frâg-mën-târ-y, *a.* composed of fragments

Fragrant, fra'-grënt, *a.* sweet smelling

Frail, frâ'le, *s.* a basket made of rushes, a rush—*a.* weak, liable to error

Frailty, frâ'le-ty, *s.* weakness, instability of mind

Frame, frâmc, *v. a.* to form, to make, to regulate, to plan, to invent—*s.* any thing made to enclose or admit something else, order, regularity, construction, shape

Franchise, frân'-tshiz, *s.* an exemption, privilege, immunity, extent of jurisdiction—*v. a.* to make free [the

Frangible, frân'-dzhîbl', *a.* fragile, brittle

Frank, frângk', *a.* liberal, open, ingenuous—*s.* a letter free from postage, a French coin—*v. a.* to exempt from payment [riferous gum

Frankincense, frângk'-în-sens, *s.* an odoriferous gum

Frantic, frân'-tyk, *a.* transported with passion, mad

Fraternal, frâ-tër-nâl, *a.* brotherly

Fraternity, frâ-tër-nî-ty, *s.* a corporation, a society [a brother

Fratricide, frâ-t'rî-side, *s.* the murder of

Fraud, frâd, *s.* deceit, a cheat, a trick

Fraudulent, frâ-dh-lînt, *a.* trickish, deceitful

Fraught, frâ't, *part. laden*

Fray, frâ', *s.* a broil, a battle, a dr

shot, nôte, lôse, actôr—hît, pûsh, mêtto, fûr—truly, rýo—thus, thick.

Frontier, frôn-tîr, *s.* a limit, a boundary [French white wine]
Frontinac, frôn-tîn-yâk', *s.* a sweet
Frontispiece, frôn-tis-pîse, *s.* that part of any thing that directly meets the eye, a picture facing the title page of a book [on the forehead]
Frontlet, frôn-t'let, *s.* a bandage worn
Frost, frô'st, *s.* the power or act of congelation [frost]
Frostbitten, frô'st-bit'n, *a.* nipped by the
Frosted, frô'st-lêd, *a.* made in imitation of frost
Frosty, frô's-tý, *a.* very cold, hoary
Froth, frô'th, *s.* foam, empty show of words, &c.—*v. n.* to foam [trifling]
Frothy, frô'th-y, *a.* full of froth, empty,
Frouzy, frô't-zý, *a.* lepid, strong, musty
Froward, frô-wârd, *a.* peevish, ungovernable, perverse
Frown, frô'w'n, *v. n.* to knit the brows —*s.* a wrinkled look, a look of displeasure
Frozen, frô'z'n, *part. of* Freeze [fruit]
Fructiferous, frúk tîf'er-us, *a.* bearing
Fruitify, frúk-tî-fý, *v. a.* to make fruitful, to fertilize
Fructuous, frúk-tú-ús, *a.* fruitful, fertile
Frugal, frú-gál, *a.* thrifty, sparing
Frugality, frú-gál't-y, *s.* good husbandry, parsimony
Fruit, frú't, *s.* the produce of the earth, trees, &c. the offspring of the womb
Fruitbearing, frú't-bâre-yug, *a.* producing fruit [in fruit]
Fruiterer, frú't-ér-ér, *s.* one who trades
Fruitful, frú't-fúl, *a.* plenteous, producing fruit [session]
Fruition, frú'tsh-ûn, *s.* enjoyment, possession
Fruitless, frú't-lês, *a.* barren, unprofitable, void of fruit [duces fruit]
Fruit-tree, frú't-tré, *s.* a tree that produces fruit
Frumentacious, frú-mên-tá-shús, *a.* made of grain
Frumety, frúm-ê-tý, *s.* food made of wheat boiled in milk and sweetened
Brump, frúmp, *v. a.* to mock, to browbeat—*s.* a foolish old woman
Frustrate, frús-trâte, *v. a.* to defeat, to disappoint
Frustrate, frús-trêt, *a.* vain, useless, void [ment, defeat]
Frustration, frús-trá-shûn, *s.* disappointment
Fry, frý, *s.* a swarm of little fishes, &c.—*v. a.* to dress food in a frying pan
Fryingpan, frý-yng-pân, *s.* a kitchen utensil for frying

Fucus, fû-kús, *s.* a paint, &c. for the face
Fuddle, fúdl, *v. a.* to make drunk—*v. n.* to tiddle [tim]
Fuel, fû-él, *s.* the matter or aliment of
Fugacious, fû-gá-shús, *a.* volatile, flying away
Fugitive, fû-dzhí-týv, *a.* unsteady, volatile—*s.* a runaway, a deserter
Fulcrum, fúl-krúm, *s.* support of a lever, point of suspension
Fulfil, fúl-fíl, *v. a.* to complete, to perform [pietely stored]
Fulfraught, fúl-frá't, *a.* fully or completely
Fulgent, fúl-dzhént, or **Fulgid**, fúl-dzhíd, *a.* shining, glittering [smoky]
Fuliginous, fû-lydzh-in-ús, *a.* sooty
Full, fúl, *a.* replete, filled, crowded, perfect—*s.* complete measure—*v. a.* to clean cloth
Full-blown, fúl-blône, *a.* spread to the utmost extent
Full-bottomed, fúl-bôt-tómd, *a.* having a large bottom [cloth]
Fuller, fúl-lér, *s.* a person who fulls
Fullers-earth, fúl-lérz-erth, *s.* a kind of soft marl or clay used in fulling
Fufty-eyed, fúl-fé, *a.* having large prominent eyes
Full-fed, fúl-féd, *a.* sated, fat
Fully, fúl-lý, *adv.* without vacuity, completely [very loud]
Fulminant, fúl-mý-nént, *a.* thundering,
Fulminate, fúl-mý-nâte, *v. a.* to thunder, to make a loud noise
Fulmination, fúl-mý-ná-shûn, *s.* the act of thundering, a denunciation of censure [plenty, satiety]
Fulness, fúl-nês, *s.* state of being full,
Fulsome, fúl-sóm, *a.* nauseous, offensive, rank [awkwardly]
Fumble, fúm'b'l, *v. n.* to do things
Fume, fû-me, *s.* smoke, vapour, rage, conceit—*v. n.* to smoke, to be in a rage—*v. a.* to dry in the smoke
Fumid, fû-mýd, *a.* smoky, vapourous
Fumigate, fû-mí-gâte, *v. n.* to smoke, to perfume [raised by fire]
Fumigation, fû-mý-gá-shûn, *s.* a scent
Fumous, fû-mús, or **Fumy**, fû-mý, *a.* producing fumes
Fun, fún, *s.* sport, high merriment
Function, fúngk'-shûn, *s.* an employment, an occupation
Fund, fúnd, *s.* stock, capital
Fundamental, fún-dá-mén-tál, *a.* servitor for the foundation, essential, original

Sounds.—hät, häte, häll, liär—mēt, cēsist, mē, hēr—chün, chine, field, shirt—

Funeral, fū-nér-äl, *s.* the solemnization of a burial—*a.* used for burial

Funeral, fū-nér-ryäl, *a.* suiting a funeral, dark, dismal [spongy]

Fungous, füng-güs, *a.* excrescent, fungular, fū-nik-ù-lär, *a.* consisting of small fibres

Funnel, fūn-nél, *s.* an instrument for conveying liquor into vessels, the hollow of a chimney

Funny, fūn'ny, *s.* full of fun, merry

Fur, fūr, *s.* the soft hairy skins of several beasts, a substance sticking to the sides or bottom of a vessel

Furbelow, fūr-bè-lò, *s.* fur or other ornamental trimming on the lower part of a garment [polish]

Furbish, fūr-b'ish, *v. a.* to burnish, to furious, fū-ryüs, *a.* mad, raging

Furl, fūr'l, *v. a.* to draw up, to contract

Furlong, fūr-löng, *s.* the eighth part of a mile [from military service]

Furlough, fūr-lò, *s.* leave of absence

Furmetty, fūr-mè'ty, *s.* wheat boiled in milk [place]

Furnace, fūr-näs, *s.* an enclosed fire-

Furnish, fūr-n'ish, *v. a.* to supply, to fit up, to equip, to adorn

Furniture, fūr-n'f'ure, *s.* goods in a house for use or ornament, appendages, equipage

Furrier, fūr-ryer, *s.* a dealer in furs

Furrow, fūr-ò, *s.* a long trench or hollow

Furry, fūr'ry, *a.* covered with or made of fur

Further, fūr-thér, *ad.* to a greater distance—*v. a.* to forward, to promote

Fury, fū-r'y, *s.* madness, rage, enthusiasm [fuel, gon]

Furze, fūr'z, *s.* a prickly shrub used for

Furzy, fūr-z'y, *a.* overgrown with fur

Fuse, fū'ze, *v. a.* to melt, to dissolve—*v. n.* to be melted

Fusee, fū'zè, *s.* the part round which the chain of a clock or watch

wound, a light musquet, a track for setting on fire a bomb or grenade

Fusible, fū-z'ib'l, *a.* capable of being melted [with a fus]

Fusilier, fū-z'yl'r, *s.* a soldier armed

Fusion, fū-zhün, *s.* the state of being melted

Fuss, f'üs, *s.* a tumult, a bustle

Fustain, f'üs'h-tän, *s.* a kind of linen or cotton cloth, a bombast style—made of fustain, high-swelling

Fusty, f'üs'ty, *a.* smelling mouldy

Futile, fū-t'il, *a.* trifling, worthless, tall

Futility, fū-t'il'y-t'y, *a.* vanity, loquacity

Future, fū'türe, *a.* that which is to come—*s.* the time to come

Futurity, fū-tū'r'it'y, *s.* the time to come

Fuzz, füz', *v. a.* to fly out in small particles

Fy, fy', *interj.* a word of blame or censure

G

GABARDINE, gäb-är-d'ine, *s.* a coarse frock

Gabble, gäb'l, *v. n.* to prate loudly and noisily—*s.* loud talk without meaning

Gabel, gä'b'l, *s.* an excise, a tax

Gabion, gä-byön, *s.* a wicker basket full of earth for fortification [building]

Gable, gä'b'l, *s.* the sloping roof of a

Gad, gäd', *s.* an ingot of steel, a graver—*v. n.* to ramble about

Gadfly, gäd'fl'y, *s.* a fly the sting of which makes cattle gad or run wildly

Gaff, gät', *s.* a harpoon or large hook

Gaffer, gäf'-fer, *s.* an old country word for master

Gaffles, gäf'iz, *s.* artificial spurs upon socks

Gag, gäg', *v. n.* to stop the mouth—something to stop the mouth

Gage, gä'dzh, *s.* a pledge, a pawn, caution—*v. a.* to lay down as a

ger, to pawn, to measure

Gaggle, gäg'l, *v. n.* to make a noise like a goose

Gaiety, gä'-é'ty, *s.* cheerfulness, vivacity

Gain, gä'ne, *s.* profit, advantage—*v. a.* to obtain, to procure—*v. n.* to

croach [profit]

Gainer, gä'n-ér, *s.* person who gains

Gainly, gä'-ne-ly, *ad.* handily, readily

Gainsay, gä'-ne-sä, *v. a.* to contradict, deny [fight]

Gairish, gä'-rish, *a.* gaudy, showy,

Gait, gä'te, *s.* manner and air of walking

shòt, nòtè, lòse, actór—hùt, pùsh, mâte, fúr—trulý, rýe—thus, thick.

Galaxy, gál'-k'-sý, *s.* the milky way

Gambaum, gál'-bá-nún, *s.* a kind of gum

Gale, gá'le, *s.* wind not tempestuous

Galeased, gál'-yá-téd, *a.* covered as with a helmet

Gall, gál', *s.* bile, rancour, anger—*v.* *a.* to hurt by fretting the skin, to fret, to tease, to vex [brave

Gallant, gál'-lánt, *a.* gay, fine, specious,

Gallant, gál'-l'ut, *a.* inclined to court-

ship—*s.* a gay sprightly man, a lover

Gallantry, gál'-lán-trý, *s.* shew, bravery,

generosity, courtship [ship

Galleon, gál'-lyó-ne, *s.* a large Spanish

Gallery, gál'-lér-r, *s.* a passage leading

to several apartments, a balcony

Galley, gál'-lý, *s.* a small vessel both for sails and oars

Galley-slave, gál'-lý-sláve, *s.* any one condemned to row the galleys

Galliard, gál'-lyárd, *s.* a gay brisk man, a sprightly dance

Galicism, gál'-lý-sizm, *s.* a mode of speech peculiar to the French language [open hose

Galligaskins, gál'-lý-gás'-kýns, *s.* large

Gallimaufry, gál'-lý-má'-fry, *s.* a hotch-potch, a medley

Galliot, gál'-lyót, *s.* a small swift galley

Gallipot, gál'-lý-pót, *s.* a pot painted and glazed [four quarts

Gallon, gál'-lún, *s.* a liquid measure of

Galloon, gál'-lón, *s.* narrow-ribbon, a sort of lace

Gallop, gál'-lóp, *v. n.* to move by leaps—*s.* motion of a horse at full speed

Galloway, gál'-lô-wá, *s.* a horse not above fourteen hands high

Gallows, gál'-lós, *s.* a tree for executing malefactors [page

Gally, gál'-lý, *s.* a printer's frame for a

Gambade, gám-bá-de, *or* Gambado, gám-bá-dó, *s.* a kind of large boot fixed to the saddle instead of stirrups

Gambol, gám-ból, *v. a.* to practise the arts of a gambler [gaming

Gambler, gám-blér, *s.* one who follows

Gambol, gám-ból, *v. n.* to dance, to skip, to frisk—*s.* a skip, a frolic, a wild prank

Game, gá'me, *s.* sport of any kind, mockery, a single match at play, animals pursued in the field—*v. n.* to sport, to play extravagantly for money

Gamcock, gá'me-kók, *s.* a cock bred to fight [who looks after game

Gambler, gá'me-kép-ér, *s.* a person

Gamesome, gá'me-sóm, *a.* gay, sportive

Gamester, gá'ms-tér, *s.* one viciously addicted to play

Gammer, gám-mér, *s.* a country appellation for mistress, mother, &c.

Gammon, gám-món, *s.* the buttock of a hog salted and dried [notes

Gamut, gám'-út, *s.* the scale of musical

Gander, gán'-dér, *s.* the male of the goose

Gang, gáng, *s.* a number hanging together, a troop

Gangrene, gán'-gré-ne, *s.* a mortification

Gangrene, gán'-gré-nús, *a.* mortified, putrified [ship

Gangway, gáng'-wá, *s.* the passage in a

Gannet, gán'-nét, *s.* a species of duck

Gantlet, gánt'-lét, *s.* a military punishment of a criminal, running between the ranks

Gaol, dzá'le, *s.* a prison

Gap, gáp, *s.* a breach or opening, a hole

Gape, gápe, *v. n.* to yawn, to stare, to crave [appearance

Garb, gá'rb, *s.* dress, clothes, exterior

Garbage, gá'r-bádz, *s.* offals, the entrails [separate

Garble, gá'r-bl, *v. a.* to sift, to part, to

Garboil, gá'r-bóil, *s.* trouble, disturbance, uproar

Garden, gá'rd'n, *s.* a piece of ground enclosed and planted with herbs or fruits—*v. n.* to cultivate a garden

Gardener, gá'r-dén-ér, *s.* one who lays out gardens

Gardening, gá'rd-nýng, *s.* the act of cultivating or planning gardens

Gargle, gá'rg'l, *v. a.* to wash the mouth and throat, to warble—*s.* a liquor to wash the throat and mouth

Garish, gá'r-ýsh, *a.* shewy, fine, gaudy

Garland, gá'r-lánd, *s.* a wreath of branches or flowers

Garlic, gá'r-lík, *s.* a plant [the body

Garment, gá'r-mént, *s.* any covering for

Garner, gá'r-nér, *s.* a place to store up grain—*v. a.* to store in garners

Garnet, gá'r-nét, *s.* a red gem

Garnish, gá'r-nýsh, *v. a.* to decorate, to set off—*s.* ornament [bellishment

Garniture, gá'r-ní-túre, *s.* ornament, em-

Garret, gá'r-rét, *s.* a room on the highest floor [in a garret

Garreteer, gá'r-rét-é-re, *s.* one that lives

Garrison, gá'r-rí-són, *s.* soldiers in a fortified place—*v. a.* to secure by fortresses

shōt nōte, lōse, actōr—hūt, pūsh, mūte, fūr,—trul'y, rye—thus, thick.

- Gentility, dzhēn-tī'ly, *s.* good extraction, dignity of birth, elegant behaviour, heathenism
- Gentle, dzhēn't, *a.* mild, tame, meek—*s.* the maggot of a flesh fly [birth
- Gentleman, dzhēn't-l-mān, *a.* a man of
- Gentlemanlike, dzhēn't-l-mān-like, *a.* becoming a gentleman
- Gentleness, dzhēn't-l-nēs, *s.* softness, placid temper
- Gentlewoman, dzhēn't-l-wūm-ān, *s.* a woman of good birth
- Gently, dzhēn't-ly, *ad.* meekly, tenderly
- Gentry, dzhēn't-ry, *s.* people above the vulgar [act of kneeling
- Genus, dzhē-nū's, *s.* a class of beings comprehending under it many species
- Geocentric, dzhē-ō-sēn'-trik, *a.* in astronomy, having the earth for its centre [describes the earth
- Geographer, dzhē-ōg'-rā-fēr, *s.* one who
- Geographical, dzhē-ō-grāf'-y-kāl, *a.* relating to geography
- Geography, dzhē-ōg'-rā-fy, *s.* the knowledge of the earth [tune teller
- Geomancer, dzē-ō-mān-sēr, *s.* a fortune teller
- Geomancy, dzhē-ō-mān-sy, *s.* the act of foretelling by figures
- Geomatic, dzhē-ō-mān'-tik, *a.* pertaining to geomancy [in geometry
- Geometer, dzhē-ōm'-ē-tēr, *s.* one skilled
- Geometric, dzhē-ō-mēt'-rīk, *a.* pertaining to geometry
- Geometry, dzhē-ōm'-ē-tr'y, *s.* the science of quantity, extension or magnitude abstractedly considered
- George, dzhō'r-dzh, *s.* the figure of St. George on horseback worn by the knights of the garter, a brown loaf
- Georgic, dzhō'r-dzhik, *s.* a rural poem
- German, dzhēr-mān, *s.* a first cousin—*u.* related
- Germe, dzhēr-m, *s.* a sprout, a shoot
- Germinate, dzhēr-mīn-āte, *v. n.* to shoot, to bud [noun
- Gerund, dzhēr'-tūnd, *s.* a kind of verbal
- Gestation, dzhēs-tā'-shūn, *s.* the act of bearing young
- Gesticulate, dzhēs-tīk-ū-lāte, *v. n.* to play antic tricks, &c.
- Gesticulation, dzhēs-tīk-ū-lā'-shūn, *s.* antic tricks, various postures
- Gesture, dzhēs-tūr, *s.* posture, movement of the body
- Get, gēt, *v. a.* to procure, to obtain, to win, to learn—*v. n.* to be a gainer
- Gewgaw, gū'-gā, *s.* a bauble—a trifling
- Ghastly, gāst'-ly, *a.* frightful, dismal
- Gherkin, gēr'-kīn, *s.* a small cucumber for pickling
- Ghost, gō'st, *s.* the soul, a spirit
- Giant, dzhī'-ānt, *s.* one unnaturally tall and large [vast
- Giantlike, dzhī'-ānt-like, *a.* gigantic,
- Gibberish, gīb'-bēr-īsh, *s.* cant, unintelligible talk
- Gibbet, dzhīb'-bēt, *s.* a gallows—*a.* to hang or expose on a gibbet
- Gibbous, gīb'-būs, *a.* convex, crook-backed
- Gibe, dzhibe, *v. a.* to scoff, to ridicule, to taunt—*s.* a sneer, a scoff
- Giblets, dzhib'-lēts, *s.* parts of a goose or turkey cut off before it is roasted
- Giddy, gid'-dī, *a.* whirling, unsteady, heedless
- Giddybrained, gid'-dī-brān'd, or Giddy-headed, gid'-dī-hēd-ēd, *a.* unsteady, thoughtless, careless [or faculty
- Gift, gīft, *s.* a thing given, a bribe, power
- Gifted, gīft'-tēd, *a.* endowed with extraordinary powers [play
- Gig, gīg, *s.* any thing whirled round in
- Gigantic, dzhi-gān'-tik, *a.* giantlike, big, bulky [titter
- Giggle, gīg'l, *v. n.* to laugh idly, to
- Gild, gid'-d, *v. a.* to wash over with gold, to adorn [nament
- Gilding, gīl'-dīng, *s.* gold laid on for or
- Gill, dzhīl', *s.* the fourth part of a pint, ground ivy [fish's head
- Gill, gīl', *s.* apertures at the side of a
- Gillyflower, dzhīl'-ly-flōw-ēr, *s.* the July flower
- Gilt, gīlt', *pret. and part. of Gild—s.* golden show, gold laid [screws
- Gimlet, gīm'-lēt, *s.* a borer for nails or
- Gimp, gīmp', *s.* a kind of silk twist or lace
- Gin, dzhīn', *s.* a snare, spirits drawn out of juniper berries
- Ginger, dzhīn'-dzhēr, *s.* a warm, spicy Indian root
- Gingerbread, dzhīn'-dzhēr-brēd, *s.* bread made of flower, ginger, treacle, &c.
- Gingle, dzhīn'-g'l, *v. a.* to make a tinkling noise—*s.* a shrill resounding noise
- Gipsy, dzhīp'-y, *s.* a vagabond who pretends to tell fortunes

Sounds.—hât, hâte, hâll, liâr—mât, dêist, mâ, hér—chîn, chîne, field, shirt—

- Garrulity, gâr-râ'-ly-ty, *s.* loquacity.
 Garrulous, gâr'-rû-lus, *a.* talkative
 Garter, gâr'-têr, *s.* to tie up the stocking, badge of the order of the garter
 Garth, gâr'th, *s.* a court yard
 Gas, gâs', *s.* a spirit not capable of being coagulated
 Gasconade, gâs-kô-nâ'de, *s.* a boast, a bravado—*v. n.* to brag
 Gash, gâsh', *s.* a deep cut or wound
 Gaskins, gâs'-kînz, *s.* wide hose or breeches
 Gasp, gâsp', *v. n.* to pant for breath—*s.* a short catch of the breath
 Gate, gâ'te, *s.* a large door, an entrance
 Gateway, gâ'te-wâ, *s.* a way under a building, or through ground inclosed
 Gather, gâth-êr, *v. a.* to collect, to bring together, to pick up, to glean, to pucker needle-work—*v. n.* to assemble, to fester—*s.* a pucker, a cloth drawn in wrinkles
 Gathering, gâth-êr-ing, *s.* a collection
 Gaude, gâ'd, *s.* an ornament, finery—*v. n.* to exult, to rejoice
 Gaudy, gâ'-dy, *a.* showy, splendid, pompous—*s.* a festival in colleges
 Gave, gâ'Ve, *pret. of* Give
 Gavelkind, gâv-êl-kind, *s.* an equal division of lands among all the sons
 Gauge, gâ'dah, *v. a.* to measure the contents of a vessel—*s.* a measure, a standard
 Gaunt, gânt', *a.* thin, slender, lean
 Gauntlet, gânt'-lê't, *s.* an iron glove for defence, &c. [silk, &c.]
 Gauze, gâ'z, *s.* a kind of thin transparent taw, gâ, *a.* cheerful, merry, fine
 Gaiety, gâ'-y-ty, *s.* cheerfulness, airiness, finery [earnestly]
 Gaze, gâ'ze, *v. n.* to look intently or
 Gazette, gâ-zê't, *s.* a paper of public authentic intelligence [zettes, &c.]
 Gazetteer, gâz-ê't-ê're, *s.* a writer of gazettes
 Gazingstock, gâ'-zing-stôk, *s.* a person gazed at with scorn [traces]
 Gear, gê're, *s.* furniture, accoutrements, fesse, gês, *s. plural of* Goose
 Gelatine, dzhê'l-â-tî-n, or Gelatinous dzhê-lî't-în-ûs, *a.* made into a jelly
 Geld, gêld', *v. a.* to castrate
 Gelding, gêl'-ding, *s.* a horse that has been castrated
 Gellid, dzhê'l-îd, *a.* extremely cold
 Gelly, dzhê'l-ly, *s.* a gluey substance, &c.
 Gem, dzhêm', *s.* a jewel or precious stone, the first bud
 Gemination, dzhêm'-în-â-shûn, *s.* repetition, reduplication
 Gemini, dzhêm'-în-y, *s.* twins, a sign in the zodiac
 Geminous, dzhêm'-în-ûs, *a.* double
 Gemmary, dzhêm'-mâr-y, *a.* pertaining to gems or jewels
 Gender, dzhên'-dêr, *s.* a kind, a sort, a sex—*v. a.* to beget, to cause—*v. n.* to breed, produce
 Genealogical, dzhên'-ê-â-lô-dzh'-y-kâl, *a.* pertaining to pedigrees
 Genealogist, dzhên'-ê-â-lô-dzhîst, *s.* one who traces descents
 Genealogy, dzhên'-ê-â-lô-dzhîy, *s.* history of family succession
 General, dzhên'-êr-â-l, *a.* common, usual, extensive—*s.* one that commands an army
 Generalissimo, dzhên'-êr-â-l-îs-Y-mô, *s.* a commander in chief
 Generality, dzhên'-êr-â-l-y-ty, *s.* the bulk, the main part
 Generate, dzhên'-êr-â'te, *v. a.* to beget, to cause, to produce
 Generation, dzhên'-êr-â-shûn, *s.* offspring, progeny, age [prolific]
 Generative, dzhên'-êr-â-tîv, *a.* fruitful
 Generic, dzhên'-êr-â-tyk, *a.* that comprehends or regards the genus
 Generosity, dzhên'-êr-âs'-y-ty, *s.* magnanimity, liberality
 Generous, dzhên'-êr-ûs, *a.* noble, liberal, open hearted
 Genesis, dzhên'-ê-sîs, *s.* the first book of Moses, generation
 Genet, dzhên'-ê't, *s.* a small well-made Spanish horse
 Geneva, dzhên'-ê-vâ, *s.* the spirit of juniper
 Genial, dzhê'-nyâl, *a.* contributing to propagation or natural cheerfulness
 Geniculated, dzhên'-îk'-û-lâ-têd, *a.* knotted, jointed
 Genii, dzhê'-nyî, *s.* spirits or demons supposed to preside over men's actions
 Genetive, dzhên'-y-tyng, *s.* an early apple gathered in June [in Latin]
 Genitive, dzhên'-y-tîv, *a.* the second case
 Genius, dzhê'-nyûs, *s.* a spirit either good or evil, mental power, disposition, nature
 Genteel, dzhên'-tê'e, *a.* polite, civil, graceful, elegant in behaviour
 Gentian, dzhên'-shûn, *s.* a sort of plant
 Gentle, dzhên'-tîle, *s.* a heathen, pagan

Sounds.—hüt, häte, häll, liär—mët, dësist, më, hér—chün, chine, field

- Glrandole**, dzhir'-än-döle, *s.* a branched candlestick
- Gird**, gir'd, *v. a.* to bind round, to invest, to encircle—*v. n.* to gibe, to sneer [a floor]
- Girdler**, gir'-dér, *s.* the largest timber on
- Girdle**, gir'dl, *s.* any thing tied round the waist [woman]
- Girl**, gir'l, *s.* a female child or young
- Girlish**, gir'l-ish, *a.* acting like a girl, youthful [drawn]
- Girt**, girt, *v.* to gird—*s.* a cable tight
- Girth**, girth, *s.* a band for fixing a saddle upon a horse
- Give**, giv', *v. a.* to bestow, to grant, to yield, to allow, to pay
- Gizzard**, gir'-zárd, *s.* the muscular stomach of a fowl
- Glaciation**, glá-shyá'-shün, *s.* the act of freezing, ice formed
- Glacis**, glá-sis, *s.* a sloping bank
- Glad**, glád', *a.* cheerful, gay, pleasing—*v. a.* to make glad, to cheer, to exhilarate
- Gladdden**, glád'n, *v. a.* to make glad
- Glade**, glá'de, *s.* a lawn or opening in a wood [sword-player]
- Gladiator**, glá-dyá'-tór, *s.* a prize fighter
- Gladly**, glád'-ly, *ad.* joyfully, with gladness
- Gladness**, glád'-nës, *s.* cheerfulness, joy
- Gladsome**, glád'-sóm, *a.* pleasing, gay, delighted
- Glaire**, glá're, *s.* the white of an egg, a kind of halbert—*v. a.* to smear with the white of an egg
- Glance**, glá'ns, *s.* a sudden shoot of light or splendour, a stroke or dart of the beam of sight, a quick view—*v. n.* to emit rays of splendour, to censure by oblique hints
- Gland**, glánd, *s.* a smooth fleshy substance serving to the secretion of humours [dent to horses]
- Glanders**, glán'-dérz, *s.* a disease incited
- Glandiferous**, glán-dif'-ér-us, *a.* bearing mast or acorns [to the glands]
- Glandulous**, glán'-dú-lús, *a.* pertaining
- Glare**, glá're, *v. n.* to shine so as to dazzle the eyes—*s.* overpowering lustre, splendour [barefaced]
- Glaring**, glá'-ring, *a.* shining, bright,
- Glass**, glás, *s.* an artificial transparent substance—*a.* vitreous, made of glass—*v. n.* to cover with glass, to glaze
- Glassfurnace**, glás-fúr-näs, *s.* a furnace for making glass in
- Glassgrinder**, glás' grind'-ér, *s.* polishes or grinds glass
- Glasshouse**, glás'-hóús, *s.* a hot glass is made
- Glassman**, glás'-mán, *s.* one
- Glassmetal**, glás'-mët'l, *s.* glass
- Glasswork**, glás'-wórk, *s.* mai of glass
- Glassy**, glás'-sy, *a.* made of or
- Glaucous**, glá' kús, *a.* of a p colour
- Glave**, glá've, *s.* a broad sword,
- Glaze**, glá'ze, *v. a.* to furnish with glass
- Glazier**, glá'-zhér, *s.* one who gl
- Glede**, glède, *s.* a kite, a sort c
- Gleam**, glé'me, *s.* a sudden light, brightness
- Gleamy**, glé'-my, *a.* flashing, dar
- Glean**, glé'ne, *v. a.* to gather : thinly scattered [the thin]
- Gleaning**, glé'n-ing, *s.* the act of
- Glebe**, glé'be, *s.* turf, soil, chur
- Glee**, glé', *s.* joy, merriment, song [fr]
- Gleet**, glé'te, *s.* thin matter
- Glen**, glén', *s.* a valley, a dale
- Glib**, glíb', *a.* smooth, slippery
- Glibly**, glíb'-ly, *ad.* smoothly,
- Glide**, glí'de, *v. n.* to flow ge move smoothly [appea]
- Glimmer**, glím'-mér, *v. n.* to
- Glimpse**, glímp's, *s.* a weak quick flashing light, a short
- Glisten**, glís'n, *v. n.* to shine, t with light
- Glister**, glís-tér, *s.* a clyster-
- Glitter**, glít-tér, *v. n.* to s gleam, to be striking—s brightness
- Gloat**, gló're, *v. a.* to squint, to
- Gloat**, gló'te, *v. n.* to cast side as a timorous lover
- Globated**, gló'-bá-téd, *a.* form
- Globe**, gló'be, *s.* a sphere, the ous ball
- Globose**, gló'-bó'se, or **Globula** lár, or **Globulous**, glób'- round, spherical
- Globosity**, gló'-bó'si-tý, *s.* a be
- Globular**, glób'-á-lár, *a.* roun globe
- Globule**, glób'-úle, *s.* a small
- Glomerate**, glóm'-ér-áte, *v. a.* into a ball
- Gloom**, gló'me, *s.* cloudine it is heaviness of mind.

shōt, nōte, .ōse, actōr—hūt, pūsh, mâte, fūr—truly, ryo—thus, thick.

- Gloomy, glō'm-y, *a.* obscure, sullen, cloudy of look, melancholy
 Gloried, glō'-ryd, *a.* illustrious, honourable [act of giving glory]
 Glorification, glō'-ry-fy-kā'-shūn, *s.* the
 Glorify, glō'-ry-fy, *v. a.* to honour, to extol, to worship [splendid]
 Glorious, glō'-ryūs, *a.* noble, illustrious, glory, glō'-ry, *s.* praise, honour, fame, renown—*v. n.* to boast in or be proud of
 Gloss, glō's, *s.* a comment, a superficial lustre—*v. a.* to explain, to palliate, to adorn [obscure or antiquated words]
 Glossary, glō's-sēr-y, *s.* a dictionary of
 Glossy, glō's-sy, *a.* shining, smoothly polished, bright
 Glove, glō'v, *s.* a cover for the hand
 Glover, glō'v-ér, *s.* a maker or seller of gloves [sullen]
 Glout, glō'ūt, *v. n.* to pout, to look
 Glow, glō', *v. n.* to shine with heat, to feel passion of mind or activity of fancy—*s.* shining heat, brightness of colour [a luminous tail]
 Glow-worm, glō'-wōrm, *s.* an insect with
 Glue, glū, *s.* a cement to join wood, &c.—*v. a.* to join with glue
 Glum, glīm', *a.* sullen, stubbornly grave
 Glut, glūt', *v. a.* to devour, to cloy, to saturate—*s.* great plenty, more than enough [tenacious]
 Glutinous, glū'-tīn-ūs, *a.* gluey, viscous,
 Glutton, glūt'n, *s.* one who eats to excess
 Gluttony, glūt'-ōn-y, *s.* excess of eating
 Gnarl, nār'l, *v. n.* to growl, to snarl
 Gnash, nā'sh, *v. n.* to grind the teeth in a rage [teeth]
 Gnashing, nā'sh-īng, *s.* grinding the
 Gnat, nāt', *s.* a small winged stinging insect [rage, to pick with the teeth]
 Gnaw, nā', *v. a.* to bite in agony or
 Gnomon, nō'-mōn, *s.* the hand or pin of a dial [dialling]
 Gnomonics, nō'-mōn'-yks, *s.* the art of
 Go, gō', *v. n.* to move, to proceed, to travel, to pass
 Goad, gō'dē, *s.* a pointed stick to drive cattle with—*v. a.* to prick or drive with a goad, to stimulate
 Goal, gō'le, *s.* a starting post, final purpose or end
 Goar, gō're, *s.* slanting piece to widen a garment, any edging sewed upon cloth [tween a deer and a sheep]
 Goat, gō'tē, *s.* a ruminating animal
 Goatherd, gō'tē-hērd, *s.* one who tends goats
 Goatish, gō'tē-īsh, *a.* lustful, like a goat
 Gobbet, gōb'-bēt, *s.* a mouthful—*v. a.* to swallow at a mouthful [noise]
 Gobble, gōb'l, *v. n.* to eat hastily with
 Goblet, gōb'-lēt, *s.* a bowl or large cup
 Goblin, gōb'-līn, *s.* an evil spirit, a phantom, a fairy [children to walk]
 Go cart, gō'-kārt, *s.* a machine to teach God, gōd', *s.* the Supreme Being
 Godchild, gōc'-tshild, *s.* a child for whom one became a sponsor at baptism [whom one is a sponsor]
 Goddaughter, gōd'-lā-tēr, *s.* a girl for
 Goddess, gōd'-dēs, *s.* a female divinity
 Goddess-like, gōd'-dēs-like, *a.* resembling a goddess [as in baptism]
 Godfather, gōd'-fā-thēr, *s.* a male sponsor
 Godhead, gōd'-hēd, *s.* divine nature, the Deity [atheistical]
 Godless, gōd'-lē's, *a.* irreligious, wicked,
 Godlike, gōd'-like, *a.* divine, supremely excellent [piety]
 Godliness, gōd'-lī-nēs, *s.* fear of God,
 Godly, gōd'-lī, *a.* pious, religious, righteous
 Godmother, gōd'-mōth ér, *s.* a female who becomes sponsor at baptism
 Godson, gōd'-sōn, *s.* one for whom one has been sponsor
 Goggle, gōg'l, *v. n.* to look askint
 Goggle-eyed, gōg'l-īde, *a.* squint-eyed, having large eyes [departure]
 Going, gō'-īng, *s.* the act of walking,
 Gold, gō'ld, *s.* the heaviest and most precious of all metals, money—*a.* made of gold [beats gold]
 Goldbeater, gō'ld-bē-tēr, *s.* one who
 Golden, gō'ld'n, *a.* made of gold, yellow, valuable, delightful
 Goldfinch, gō'ld-fīnsh, *s.* a small singing bird [manufactures gold]
 Goldsmith, gō'ld-smīth, *s.* one who makes
 Gondola, gōn'-dō-lā, *s.* a boat much used in Venice
 Gondolier, gōn'-dō-lī'r, *s.* a boatman
 Gone, gō'ne, *part. of Go*, past, lost, dead [venereal discharge]
 Gonorrhœa, gōn'-ōr-ē-ā, *s.* a morbid
 Good, gūd', *a.* wholesome, proper, sound, not evil—*s.* the contrary to evil, virtue [gauce]
 Goodness, gūd'-lī-nēs, *s.* grace, elegance
 Goodliness, gūd'-lī-nēs, *s.* favour, benevolence, piety [chandize]
 Goods, gūd'-z, *s.* furniture, wares, mer
 Goody, gūd'-dī, *s.* an old term of civility

Sounds.—hüt, häte, häll, liär—mēt, desist, mé, liér—chín, chine, field, shirt—

- Goose, gô'se, *s.* a large water fowl, a tailor's smoothing iron
 Gooseberry, gô'se-bër-ry, *s.* a small tree and its fruit [lied
 Gorballed, gôr-bél-lyd, *a.* fat, bigbel-
 Gore, gô're, *s.* blood clotted or congealed—*v. a.* to stab, to pierce with horns
 Gorge, gô'rdzh, *s.* the throat, the swallow—*v. a.* to fill up to the throat, to glut, to swallow [splendid
 Gorgeous, gôr-dzhús, *a.* fine, showy,
 Gorget, gôr-dzhët, *s.* a breast-plate worn by military officers
 Gorgon, gôr-gôn, *s.* any thing ugly or horrid [feed ravenously
 Gormandize, gôr-mán-dize, *v. n.* to
 Gorse, gô'rs, *s.* furze, a thick prickly shrub
 Gory, gô'-ry, *a.* covered with congealed blood [large kind
 Goshawk, gô's-hák, *s.* a hawk of a Gosling, gôz'-ling, *s.* a young goose
 Gospel, gô's-pe'l, *s.* God's word, the holy book of the Christian revelation—*v. a.* to instruct in the Christian religion [of plants
 Gossamer, gô's-sá-mér, *s.* the fine down
 Gossip, gô's-síp, *s.* a sponsor in baptism, a tattler—*v. n.* to chat, to be merry
 Get, gôt, *pret. of* Get
 Gothic, gôth'-ic, *a.* after the manner of the Goths, antique
 Gotten, gôt'n, *part. of* Get
 Govern, gôv'-érn, *v. a.* to direct, to regulate, manage
 Governance, gôv'-ér-náns, *s.* rules, management, behaviour
 Governante, gôv'-ér-nánt, *s.* a governess for young ladies
 Governess, gôv'-ér-nès, *s.* a tutoress, a lady having authority
 Government, gôv'-ér-a-mént, *s.* an establishment of legal authority, executive power, management
 Governor, gôv'-ér-nór, *s.* one who rules with authority, a manager, a tutor
 Gouge, gô'dzh, *s.* a chissel with a round edge
 Gourd, gô'rd, *s.* a sort of plant, a bottle
 Gourdy, gô'r-dy, *a.* swelled in the legs, &c.
 Gout, gôút, *s.* a periodical painful disease, a drop [with the gout
 Gouty, gôút'-ty, *a.* afflicted or diseased
 Gown, gôwn, *s.* a long upper garment
 Gownman, gôwn-mán, *s.* a man devoted to the acts of peace
- Grace, grá'se, *s.* kindness, favour, pardon, privilege, beauty, dignity, elegance, a short prayer before and after meat—*v. a.* to adorn, to dignify, to favour
 Grace-cup, grá'se-kúp, *s.* the cup or health drunk after grace
 Graceful, grá'se-fúl, *a.* beautiful, fied [do
 Graceless, grá'se-lès, *a.* wicked, abandoned
 Gracile, grás'-yl, *a.* slender, small, lean [virtuous, good
 Gracious, grá'-shús, *a.* merciful, kind,
 Gradation, grá-dá'-shún, *s.* regular progress or advance [steps
 Gradatory, grád'-á-tór-ý, *s.* a flight of
 Gradiant, grá'-dyént, *a.* walking
 Gradual, grád'-ú-ál, *a.* proceeding by degrees or advancing step by step
 Graduate, grád'-ú-áte, *v. a.* to dignify with a degree, to mark with degrees, to heighten
 Graduate, grád'-ú-ét, *s.* a man dignified with an academical degree
 Graduation, grád'-ú-á-shún, *s.* regular progression, the act of conferring academical degrees
 Graft, grá'f, or Graft, grá'ft, *s.* a young branch—*v. a.* to insert a branch of one tree into the stock of another
 Grain, grá'ne, *s.* all kinds of corn, the seed of any fruit, a minute particle, the smallest weight, the direction of the fibres of wood or other matter, the form of the surface with regard to roughness and smoothness
 Grained, grá'n'd, *a.* rough, made less smooth [brewing
 Grains, grá'nz, *s.* the husks of malt in
 Gramineous, grá-mín'-yus, *a.* grassy
 Grammar, grám'-már, *s.* the science of speaking and writing correctly, a book that treats of the various relations of words to one another
 Grammarian, grám-má'-ryán, *s.* one who teaches grammar
 Grammatical, grám má't'-y-kál, *a.* belonging to grammar
 Grampus, grám'-pús, *s.* a large fish of the whale kind [threshed corn
 Granary, grán'-ár-ý, *s.* a storehouse for
 Granate, grán'-ét, *s.* a kind of fine speckled marble
 Grand, gránd', *a.* illustrious, noble, splendid, high in power
 Granddaughter, grán-dá-tér, *s.* a daughter of a son or daughter

shôt, nôte, lôse, actôr—hût, pûsh, mûte, fûr,—trulý, rýe,—thus, thick.

- Grandchild, gránd'tshild, *s.* the child of a son or daughter [rank or power]
 Grandee, grán-dé, *s.* a man of great Grandeur, grán-dûre, *s.* state, magnificence [ther of a father or mother]
 Grandfather, grán-fá-thér, *s.* the father of a son or daughter
 Grandiloquous, grán-díl'ô-kwûs, *a.* speaking in a lofty style
 Grandmother, grán-môth-ér, *s.* the mother of a son or daughter
 Grandson, gránd-sôn, *s.* the son of a son
 Grange, grándzh, *s.* a farm-house, a lone house
 Granite, grán'ýt, *s.* a stone composed of separate and very large concretions
 Granivorous, grán'iv'ô-rûs, *a.* eating or living upon grain
 Grannam, grán'âm, *s.* a grandmother
 Grant, gránt, *v. a.* to admit, to bestow —*s.* the thing granted, a gift
 Grantee, grán-tê, *s.* he to whom a grant is made [grant is made]
 Grantor, gránt-ór, *s.* he by whom a grant is made
 Granulate, grán'û-lâte, *v. a.* to form into small grains
 Granulation, grán'û-lâ-shûn, *s.* the act of forming small parts like grains
 Granulous, grán'û-lûs, *a.* full of little grains
 Grape, grâpe, *s.* the fruit of the vine
 Graphical, gráf'y-kál, *a.* well delineated
 Grapple, gráp-nél, *s.* a small anchor, an iron hook with which one ship fastens on another
 Grapple, gráp'l, *v. n.* to contend by seizing each other—*v. a.* to fasten, to lay hold of
 Grasp, grâsp, *v. a.* to hold in the hand, to seize—*s.* gripe or seizure of the hands, possession
 Grass, grâs, *s.* the common herbage of fields on which cattle feed
 Grasshopper, grâs-hôp-pér, *s.* a small chirping insect that hops
 Grassy, grâs-sý, *a.* covered with grass
 Grate, grâte, *s.* an enclosure made with bars, a range of bars within which fires are made—*v. a.* to rub or wear away, to offend by harshness
 Grateful, grâte-fûl, *a.* having a due sense of benefits, pleasing, acceptable
 Gratification, grât'fý-kâ-shûn, *s.* the act of pleasing, pleasure, recompence
 Gratify, grât'ý-fý, *v. a.* to indulge, requite
 Grating, grât'ýng, *s.* any thing consisting of bars crossed, &c.—*a.* harsh, rough
 Gratis, grât'is, *ad.* without reward
 Gratitude, grât'ý-tûde, *s.* duty to benefactors, a desire to return benefits
 Gratuitous, grât'ý-tûs, *a.* voluntary, granted without claim or merit, asserted without proof [compence]
 Gratuity, grât'ý-tý, *s.* a free gift, re-
 Gratulate, grât'û-lâte, *v. a.* to salute with declarations of joy, to wish joy to [of gratulating, salutation]
 Gratulation, grât'û-lâ-shûn, *s.* the act
 Gratulatory, grât'û-lâ-tôr'ý, *a.* expressing gratulation
 Grave, grâve, *s.* the place in which the dead are deposited, the name of an accent—*v. a.* to carve or insculp—*v. n.* to delineate on hard substances —*a.* solemn, serious, not showy
 Gravel, gráv-él, *s.* hard sand, sandy matter concreted in the kidneys—*v. a.* to cover with gravel, to puzzle
 Gravelly, gráv-él'ly, *a.* abounding with gravel [cent.y]
 Gravely, grâve-ly, *ad.* seriously, de-
 Gravestone, grâve-stône, *s.* a stone placed over the grave
 Gravid, gráv'ýd, *a.* big, heavy
 Gravitate, gráv'ý-tâte, *v. n.* to tend to the center of attraction
 Gravitation, gráv'ý-tâ-shûn, *s.* the act of tending to the centre [ness]
 Gravity, gráv'ý-tý, *s.* weight, seriousness
 Gravy, grâ-vý, *s.* the juice of roasted meat, &c. [hoary, dark]
 Gray, grâ, *a.* white mixed with black,
 Graze, grâze, *v. n.* to feed on grass, to touch lightly [cattle]
 Grazier, grâ-zhyér, *s.* one who feeds
 Grease, grêse, *s.* the soft part of the fat—*v. a.* to smear with grease, to bribe [with grease]
 Greasy, grê-sý, *a.* oily, fat, smeared
 Great, grête, *a.* large, eminent, illustrious [large belly]
 Greatbellied, grête-bél-lyd, *a.* having a
 Greatness, grête-nês, *s.* grandeur, magnanimity
 Greaves, grêvs, *s.* armour for the legs
 Grecism, grê'sizm, *s.* idiom of the Greek language
 Greedy, grê-dý, *a.* ravenous, eager, covetous
 Green, grêne, *a.* blue mixed with yellow, fresh, unripe, young—*s.* a green colour, grassy plain

Sounds—hüt, häte, läll, liär—müt, döist, më, här—chyn, chine, ffield, shirt.—

- Greencloth**, gré'ne-knô'th, *s.* a court of justice of the king's household
- Greeneyed**, gré'ne-ide, *s.* a having greenish eyes [ing bird, a fish]
- Greenfinch**, gré'ne-fynsh, *s.* a small sing.
- Greengage**, gré'ne-gá'dzh, *s.* a species of plum [tender plants]
- Greenhouse**, gré'ne-hóús, *s.* a house for
- Greenish**, grén'ish, *a.* somewhat green
- Greensickness**, gré'ne-sik-nés, *s.* a disease, so called from the paleness which it produces
- Greensward**, gré'ne-swárd, *s.* a turf on which grass grows
- Greet**, gré'te, *v. a.* to address, to congratulate—*v. n.* to meet and salute
- Greeting**, gré'ting, *s.* a kind salutation at meeting [flocks or herds]
- Gregarious**, gré-gá-rýús, *a.* going in
- Grenade**, gré'náde, *or* Grenado, gré'ná-dó, *s.* a kind of small bomb
- Grenadier**, grén-á-dí'r, *s.* a tall foot soldier [hunting dog]
- Greyhound**, grá'-hóünd, *s.* a tall sleek
- Gridiron**, gríd'-í-rón, *s.* a grate for broiling meat
- Grief**, gríf, *s.* sorrow, trouble, harm
- Grieve**, grí'v, *v. a.* to afflict, to hurt—*v. n.* to be afflicted, to mourn
- Grievous**, grí'v-ús, *a.* afflictive, painful, miserable
- Griffin**, *or* Griffon, gríf'-fón, *s.* a fabled anima. between a lion and an eagle
- Grig**, gríg, *s.* a small eel, a merry creatures
- Grill**, gríl, *v. n.* to broil on a gridiron
- Grim**, grím, *a.* ill-looking, horrible, hideous
- Grinace**, grím-á'se, *s.* a distortion of the countenance from habit, affectation
- Grimalkin**, grím-ál'-kín, *s.* an old cat
- Grime**, grí'ne, *s.* dirt—*v. a.* to sully, to daub
- Grin**, grín, *v. n.* to set the teeth together—*s.* an affected laugh, a snarl
- Grind**, grínd, *v. a.* to reduce to powder, to sharpen, to oppress—*v. n.* to perform the act of grinding
- Grindstone**, grínd-stóne, *s.* a stone for grinding on
- Gripe**, grí'pe, *v. n.* to grasp, to clutch, to pinch, to squeeze, to oppress—*s.* a grasp, oppression
- Gripes**, grí'ps, *s.* the belly-ache, the colic
- Griskin**, grís'-kín, *s.* the back-bone of a hog
- Grizzly**, gríz'-ly, *a.* horrible, hideous
- Grist**, gríst, *s.* corn to be ground, provision
- Gristle**, grís'l, *s.* a cartilage [laginou]
- Gristly**, grís'-ly, *a.* full of gristles, carti-
- Grit**, grít, *s.* the coarse part of meal sand
- Gritty**, grít'-ty, *a.* full of hard particles
- Grizzle**, gríz'l, *s.* a mixture of white and black
- Grizzled**, gríz'l'd, *a.* somewhat gray
- Groan**, gró'ne, *v. n.* to breathe with a hoarse noise—*s.* a deep sigh from sorrow or pain [cats]
- Groat**, grá't, *s.* fourpence—*pl.* hulled
- Grocer**, gró'-sér, *s.* a dealer in tea, sugar, &c.
- Grocery**, gró'-sér-ý, *s.* grocer's ware
- Program**, grög'-rá'm, *s.* a kind of silken stuff
- Groin**, gró'yn, *s.* the part next the thigh
- Groom**, gró'me, *s.* a servant that tends the stable [with a tool]
- Groove**, gró've, *s.* a hollow channel cut
- Grope**, gró'pe, *v. n.* to feel in the dark
- Gross**, gró'se, *a.* thick, fat, stupid, coarse—*s.* malu mass, twelve dozen
- Grot**, grót', *or* Grotto, grót'-tó, *s.* a cave made for coolness [tural]
- Grotesque**, gró-té'ke, *a.* distorted, unnatural
- Grove**, gró've, *s.* a walk shaded by trees
- Grovel**, gró'v'l, *v. n.* to lie or creep on the ground, to be mean
- Ground**, gró'úd, *s.* land, floor, dregs, first principle—*v. a.* to lay on the ground, &c.
- Ground-ivy**, gró'ünd-i-vý, *s.* a plant
- Groundless**, gró'ünd-lés, *a.* void of reason or truth [of the vulgar]
- Groundling**, gró'ünd-lyng, *s.* fish, one
- Ground-plot**, gró'ünd-plót, *s.* the plot of ground on which a building stands
- Ground-rent**, gró'ünd-rént, *s.* the rent paid for the ground on which a house is built, &c. [the ground, a plant]
- Groundsel**, gró'ünd-sél, *s.* timber next
- Groundwork**, gró'ünd-wérk, *s.* the first stratum, the original reason
- Group**, gró'pe, *s.* a crowd, a cluster, a huddle [heathcock]
- Grouse**, gró'ús, *s.* a kind of wild fowl, a
- Grout**, gró'út, *s.* coarse meal, pollard, dregs [crease, to improve]
- Grow**, gró', *v. n.* to vegetate, to in
- Growl**, gró'w'l, *v. n.* to roar, to mellow
- Grown**, gró'ne, *part.* of Grow
- Growth**, gró'th, *s.* vegetation, increase of stature, thing produced

shôt, nôte, lôee, actôr—hüt, pûsh, mâte, tûr—truly, rye—thus, thick.

Grub, grüb', *v. a.* to dig up, to destroy by digging—*s.* a sort of small worm, a dwarf [dark]
 Grubbe, grüb'l, *v. n.* to feel in the
 Grudge, grüdzh, *v. a.* to envy, to give unwillingly—*s.* an old quarrel, ill-will, envy
 Gruel, grü'el, *s.* oatmeal boiled in water
 Gruff, grüf', *a.* sour of aspect, surly
 Grum, grüm', *a.* sour, surly, sullen
 Grumble, grüm'b'l, *v. a.* to growl, to murmur, to snarl
 Grumbling, grüm'-blýng, *s.* a discontented murmuring
 Grumous, grü-mús, *a.* thick, clotted
 Grunt, grünt', *v. n.* to murmur like a hog—*s.* the noise of a hog
 Guarantee, gür-án-tè', *s.* a power who undertakes to see stipulations performed
 Guaranty, gür-án-tè', *v. a.* to undertake to secure the performance of a treaty
 Guard, gä'rd, *v. a.* to protect, to defend—*s.* a state of defence, caution, vigilance
 Guardian, gür-dýkn, *s.* one that has the care of an orphan—*a.* defending or superintending [ment]
 Gubernation, gû-bér-nä'-shün, *s.* government
 Gudgeon, gûd'-zhón, *s.* a small fish, a person easily cheated
 Guess, gës', *v. n.* to conjecture—*v. a.* to hit accidentally upon—*s.* a conjecture [by another]
 Guest, gëst', *s.* one who is entertained
 Guaiacum, gý'-ä-küm, *s.* a physical wood
 Guidance, gý'-däns, *s.* government, direction
 Guide, gíde, *v. n.* to direct, to regulate, to superintend—*s.* one who directs another [a fraternity]
 Guild, gíld', *s.* a society, a corporation
 Guile, gíle', *s.* deceitful cunning, insidious artifices [fault]
 Guilt, gílt', *s.* a crime, an offence, a guilty, gílt'-y, *a.* not innocent, wicked, corrupt [one and twenty shillings]
 Guinea, gín'-é, *s.* gold coin valued at
 Guise, gíze', *s.* manner, habit, practice, dress [instrument]
 Guitar, gít'-r, *s.* a stringed musical
 Gules, gä'ls, *s.* heraldry a red colour
 Gulf, gúlf', *s.* a bay, an abyss, a large whirlpool [pools]
 Gully, gúl'-fy, *a.* full of gulfs or whirl-
 Gull, gúl', *v. a.* to cheat, to defraud—*s.* a sea bird, one easily cheated

Gullet, gúl'-lèt, *s.* the throat
 Gullyhole, gúl'-ly-höle, *s.* the hole where the gutters empty themselves
 Gulosity, glû-lûs'-y-tý, *s.* greediness, gluttony, voracity
 Gulp, gúlp', *v. a.* to swallow eagerly with noise—*s.* as much as is swallowed at once
 Gum, güm', *s.* the viscous juice of trees and plants, the fleshy covering that contains the teeth—*v. a.* to close or smear with gum
 Gumamy, güm-mý, *a.* consisting of gum, productive of gum, clammy
 Gun, gún', *s.* a fire arm
 Gunner, gún'-nér, *s.* a cannonier, he who uses a gun [artillery]
 Gunnery, gún'-nér-y, *s.* the science of
 Gunpowder, gún'-pöw dér, *s.* powder for guns [of a gun]
 Gunshot, gún'-shôt, *s.* the reach or range
 Gunsmith, gún'-smíth, *s.* a maker of guns
 Gunstock, gún'-stök, *s.* the wood to which the barrel of the gun is fixed
 Gunstone, gún'-stóné, *s.* the shot of a cannon
 Gunwale, gún'-nýl, *s.* that piece of timber reaching on either side of the ship from the half-deck to the fore-castle [with noise]
 Gurgle, gúr'gl, *v. n.* to fall or gush
 Gurnard, or Gurnet, gür'-nét, *s.* a kind of sea-fish [with violence]
 Gush, gúsh', *v. n.* to flow or rush out
 Gusset, gús'-sét, *s.* a square piece of cloth to strengthen with
 Gust, gúst', *s.* taste, liking, a sudden violent blast of wind
 Gustation, gús-tä'-shün, *s.* the act of tasting [liking]
 Gusto, gús'-tò, *s.* the relish of any thing
 Gut, gút', *s.* the internal passage for food—*v. a.* to take out the guts, to plunder
 Gutter, gút'-tér, *s.* a passage for water
v. a. to cut in small hollows
 Guttle, gút'l, *v. n.* to eat greedily, to gormandize—*v. a.* to swallow eagerly
 Gutulous, gút'-tû-lús, *a.* in the form of a small drop
 Guttural, gút'-tû-ríl, *a.* pronounced in the throat
 Guzzle, gúz'l, *v. n.* to drink immoderately—*v. a.* to swallow eagerly
 Gymnastic, gým-näs'-tik, *a.* relating to athletic exercises

Sounds.—hât, hâte, hâll, hâr—mât, dâist, mâ, hér—chû, chine, field, shirt—

Gynecocracy, gŷn-ê-kôk'-râ-y, *s.* a petticoat government

Gypsum, gîp'e-sûm, *s.* plaster stone, kind of fossil

Gyration, gŷ-râ-shûn, *s.* the act of turning a thing round

Gyre, gŷ're, *s.* a circle, a ring [leg]

Gyves, gŷ'vz, *s.* fetters, chains for the

H.

HA, hâ, *interj.* an expression of wonder, surprise or sudden exertion, expression of laughter

Habeas Corpus, hâ-bê-as-kô'r-pûs, *s.* a writ which a man imprisoned for some trespass may have for bringing his cause to a hearing

Haberdasher, hâb-êr-dâsh-êr, *s.* a dealer in small wares

Habiliment, hâ-bîl'-î-mënt, *s.* dress, clothes, garment

Habilitate, hâ-bîl'-î-tâte, *v. a.* to qualify, to enable, to fit

Hability, hâ-bîl'-î-tŷ, *s.* faculty, power

Habit, hâb'-ît, *s.* state of any thing, dress, custom—*v. a.* to dress, to accoutre [bited]

Habitable, hâb'-î-têb'l, *a.* fit to be inhabited

Habitant, hâb'-î-tënt, *s.* a dweller, an inhabitant [abode, a dwelling]

Habitation, hâb'-î-tâ-shûn, *s.* a place of

Habitual, hâ-bîl'-û-âl, *a.* customary

Habituate, hâ-bîl'-û-âte, *v. a.* to accustom

Habitude, hâb'-î-tûde, *s.* familiarity, relation, use [chance]

Habnab, hâb'-nâb, *ad.* at random, by

Hack, hâk', *v. a.* to chop, to cut into small pieces

Hackle, hâk'l, *a.* any thing used in common—*v. a.* to dress flax [hireling]

Hackney, hâk'-nŷ, *s.* a hired horse, a

Madstock, hâd'-dôk, *s.* a small sea fish of the cod kind [haft]

Haft, hâft, *s.* a handle—*v. a.* to set in a

Hag, hâg', *s.* a fury, a witch, an old ugly woman

Haggard, hâg'-gârd, *a.* wild, lean, deformed—*s.* any thing wild, a species of hawk [formed, horrid]

Haggish, hâg'-gîsh, *a.* like a hag, de-

Haggle, hâgl, *v. a.* to chop, to mangle—*v. n.* to be tedious or beat down in a bargain [writer]

Hagiographer, hâg'-yôg'-râ-fer, *s.* a holy

Hedge, hâ-hîx', *s.* concealed fence

Hail, hâle, *s.* frozer rain—*v. n.* to pour down hail—*v. a.* to salute, to call to

Hailshot, hâle-shô't, *s.* small shot scattered like hail [single ball of hail]

Hailstone, hâle-stône, *s.* a particle of

Hair, hâ're, *s.* one of the coverings of the body, a single hair [distance]

Hairbreadth, hâ're-brêd'th, *s.* a very small

Haircloth, hâ're-klô'th, *s.* a stuff made of hair [sisting of hair]

Hairy, hâ'ry, *a.* covered with or con-

Hake, hâ'ke, *s.* a fish so called [axe]

Halbert, hâl'-bért, *s.* a soldier's battle

Halcyon, hâl'-shyón, *s.* a sea-bird—a, calm, happy, quiet

Hale, hâ'le, *a.* healthy, robust, hearty—*v. a.* to drag by force [ad. equally]

Half, hâ'f, *s.* a moiety, an equal part—

Half-blooded, hâ'f-blôd-êd, *a.* mean, degenerate [of money]

Halfpenny, hâp'-ên-nŷ, *s.* a copper piece

Half-sighted, hâ'f-sîte-êd, *a.* having a weak discernment

Half-way, hâ'f-wâ, *ad.* in the middle

Half-wit, hâ'f-wît, *s.* a blockhead, a foolish fellow

Halibut, hâl'-y-bût, *s.* a large flat sea fish

Hall, hâl', *s.* a court of justice, a large room [Lord]

Hallelujah, hâl-lê-lû'-yâ, *s.* praise ye the

Halliard, hâl'-yârd, *s.* rope or tackle to hoist or lower a sail [shout]

Halloo, hâl'-lô, *v. a.* to encourage with

Hallow, hâl'-lô, *v. a.* to consecrate, to make holy [blunder, a mistake]

Hallucination, hâl-lû-sŷ-nâ'-shûn, *s.* a

Halm, hâ'm, *s.* straw after corn is threshed [or moon]

Halo, hâ'-lô, *s.* a circle round the sun

Halt, hâl't, *v. n.* to limp, to stop in a march—a, lame, crippled—*s.* the act of limping, a stop in a march

Halter, hâl'tér, *s.* a rope to tie about the neck of a horse or malefactor

Halve, hâ'v, *v. a.* to divide into two parts

Ham, hâ'm, *s.* the thigh, a leg of pork cured

Hamlet, hâm'-lê't, *s.* a small village

shút, nôte, lóse, actór—hút, pash, máte, fúr—truly, rye—thus, thick.

Hammer, hám-mér, *s.* an instrument to drive nails—*v. a.* to beat with a hammer—*v. n.* to labour

Hammock, hám-mók, *s.* a swinging bed in a ship

Hamper, hám-pér, *s.* a large basket for carriage—*v. a.* to entangle, to ensnare, to perplex, to put in a hamper

Hamstring, hám-stríng, *s.* the tendon of the ham—*v. a.* to lame by cutting the tendon of the ham

Hanaper, hán-d-pér, *s.* a treasury, an exchequer

Hand, hánd, *s.* the palm with the fingers, a measure of four inches, cards held at a game—*v. a.* to give or transmit with the hand, to guide or lead by the hand [basket]

Hand-basket, hánd-bás-két, *s.* a portable

Hand-bell, hánd-bél, *s.* a bell rung by the hand

Hand-breadth, hánd-brédt, *s.* a measure of four inches

Handcuff, hánd-kúf, *v. a.* to confine the hands together with iron

Handed, hán-déd, *a.* with hands joined, using hands [can hold]

Handful, hánd-fúl, *s.* what one hand

Hand-gallop, hánd-gál lóp, *s.* a slow easy gallop

Handicraft, hán-dí-kráft, *s.* a manual occupation

Handiwork, hán-dí-wórk, *s.* work done by the hand

Handkerchief, hán-kér-tshíf, *s.* a piece of silk or linen to wipe the face or cover the neck

Handle, hánd'l, *v. a.* to touch, to manage, to treat of—*s.* the part by which a thing is held in the hand

Handmaid, hánd-máde, *s.* a maid that waits at hand

Handmill, hánd-míl, *s.* a small mill moved by the hand

Handsel, hán-sél, *s.* the first act of sale, money taken for the first sale—*v. n.* to use a thing the first time

Handsome, hán-sóm, *a.* beautiful, elegant, liberal

Handwriting, hánd-ri-tíng, *s.* a form of writing peculiar to each hand

Handy, hán-dý, *a.* ready, dexterous, convenient

Handydandy, hán-dý-dán-dý, *s.* a childish play

Hang, háng, *v. a.* to suspend, to choke—*v. n.* to be suspended, to dangle

Hanger, háng-ér, *s.* a short broad sword

Hanger-on, háng-ér-ón, *s.* a dependant Hanging, háng-íng, *s.* drapery hung or fastened against the walls of rooms

Hangman, háng-mán, *s.* the public executioner

Hank, hángk', *s.* a skein of thread, &c.

Hanker, hángk'-ér, *v. n.* to long for

Hap, háp, *s.* chance, casual event—*v. n.* to happen

Hap-hazard, háp-ház-árd, *s.* mere chance, accident

Happen, háp'n, *v. n.* to fall out, to come to pass

Happiness, háp-pý nés, *s.* state of being happy, good fortune

Happy, háp-pý, *a.* felicitous, lucky, addressful

Harangue, há-ráng', *s.* a speech, a popular oration—*v. a.* to address by an oration [to vex]

Harass, há-rás, *v. a.* to weary, to fatigue

Harbinger, há-r-bín-dzhér, *s.* a forerunner, a messenger

Harbour, há-r bór, *s.* a port or haven—*v. a.* to entertain, to shelter, to secure

Hard, hárd, *a.* firm, solid, difficult, severe—*ad.* laboriously, diligently, nimbly

Harden, hárd'n, *v. n.* to grow hard—*v. a.* to make hard, to confirm in vice [of feature]

Hardfavoured, hárd-fá-vórd, *a.* coarse

Hardhearted, hárd-hár-téd, *a.* cruel, inexorable, insensible

Hardiness, há-r-dý-nés, *s.* confidence, stoutness, impudence

Hardmouthed, hárd-móúthd, *a.* disobedient to the rein

Hardness, hárd-nés, *s.* severity, stinginess, obduracy

Hardship, hárd-shíp, *s.* oppression, injury [iron, steel, &c.]

Hardware, hárd-wáre, *s.* ware made of

Hardwareman, hárd-wáre-mán, *s.* a maker of hardware

Hardy, há-r-dý, *a.* bold, brave, firm, strong, daring [animal]

Hare, há're, *s.* a well-known small timid

Harebrained, háre-bránc, *a.* giddy, wild

Harier, há-r-yér, *s.* a small dog for hunting hares

Hark, hárk, *interj.* hear! listen!

Har'equin, há-r-é-kín, *s.* a buffoon, merry-andrew

Bounds—hāt, hate, hāl, liār—mēt, desist, mē, hér—ch'ín, chine, f'ien, shírt.

Harlot, hār-lót, *s.* a strumpet, a prostitute

Harlotry, hār-lót rý, *s.* fornication, the trade of a harlot

Harm, hār'm, *s.* injury, hurt, a crime, mischief, detriment—*v. a.* to hurt, to injure

Harmonic, hār-mōn'ík, *or* *Harmonious*, hār-mōn'yūs, *a.* pertaining to harmony, adapted to each other

Harmonize, hār-mō-nize, *v. a.* to adjust in fit proportions—*v. n.* to agree

Harmony, hār-mōn'y, *s.* just proportion of sound, correspondent sentiment, concord

Harness, hār-nēs, *s.* armour, furniture for horses

Harp, hār'p, *s.* a lyre, a constellation—*v. n.* to play on the harp, to dwell on

Harpooner, hār-pō-né're, *s.* he that throws the harpoon

Harpoon, hār-pōn', *s.* the bearded dart to strike whales

Harpsichord, hār'p-sí-kórd, *s.* a musical instrument with keys

Harpy, hār'pý, *s.* a bird, a ravenous wretch

Harrow, hār'ró, *s.* a frame of timbers crossing each other, and set with iron teeth—*v. a.* to break with the harrow, to tear up, to strip, to invade, to disturb

Harsh, hār'sh, *a.* austere, rough, peevish, rigorous

Hart, hār't, *s.* a stag, the male of the roe

Hartshorn, hār'ts-hörn, *s.* spirit obtained from horn, a sort of herb

Harvest, hār-vést, *s.* the season for reaping, &c. the corn

Harvest-home, hār-vést-hōme, *s.* the feast or song at the end of harvest, time of gathering in harvest

Hash, hāsh', *v. a.* to mince, to chop and mangle—*s.* meat chopped and dressed a second time

Haslet, hās-lét, *s.* the heart, liver, and lights of a pig

Hasp, hās'p, *s.* a fastening, a clasp over a staple—*v. a.* to shut with a clasp

Hassock, hās'sók, *s.* a thick mat to kneel on

Haste, hā'ste, *s.* hurry, speed, passion

Haste, hā'ste, or Hasten, hā'st'u, *v. n.* to be in a hurry—*v. a.* to hurry, to urge on

Hastiness, hās'tí-nēs, *s.* hurry, anger, vehemence [early]

Hastings, hās'tíngz, *s.* peas that come [early]
Hasty, hās'tý, *a.* quick, speedy, passionate, rash, precipitate

Hasty-pudding, hās tý-pūd'fing, *s.* milk and flower boiled

Hat, hăt', *s.* a covering for the head

Hatch, hătsh', *v. a.* to produce young from eggs, to contrive, to plot—*s.* a brood, a disclosure, a half door, a door or opening on a ship's deck

Hatchet, hătsh'-ét, *s.* a small axe

Hatchet-face, hătsh'-ét-fase, *s.* an ugly face [for the dead]

Hatchment, hătsh' mēt, *s.* an escutcheon

Hatchway, hătsh'-wá, *s.* the way over the hatches

Hate, hā'te, *v. a.* to detest, to abhor, to abominate—*s.* malignity, detestation, abhorrence, ill-will

Hatred, hā'tréd, *s.* hate, ill-will, malignity

Hatter, hăt'tér, *s.* a maker of hats

Have, hāv', *v. a.* to possess, to enjoy, to hold [shelter]

Haven, hāv'n, *s.* a port, a harbour, a

Haughty, hā'tý, *a.* proud, lofty, arrogant [violence]

Haul, hāl', *v. a.* to pull, to drag by

Haum, hām, *s.* straw

Haunch, hāntsh, *s.* the thigh, the hind part

Haunt, hā'nt, *v. a.* to frequent, to disturb—*v. n.* to be much about, to appear frequently—*s.* a place of resort

Havoc, hāv'ók, *s.* waste, ruin, spoil—*v. a.* to lay waste

Hautboy, hō'bōý, *s.* a wind instrument, a large strawberry

Haw, hā', *s.* the berry and seed of the hawthorn

Hawk, hāk', *s.* a voracious bird of prey—*v. n.* to fly hawks at fowls, to force up phlegm with a noise, to cry goods [sale]

Hawked, hā'kéd, *a.* carried about for

Hawker, hā'kér, *s.* a pedlar, a news-carrier [cable]

Hawser, hā-zér, *s.* a rope less than a

Hawthorn, hā-thörn, *s.* a thorn that bears haws

Hay, hā', *s.* grass dried in the sun, a kind of dance [in]

Hayloft, hā-lóft, *s.* loft to put hay

Haymaker, hā-mā-kér, *s.* one employed in making hay

shōt, nōte, lōse, actōr—hūt, pūsh, mēte, fūr—truly, rye — thus, thick.

Hayward, hā'-ward, *s.* a keeper of cattle or meadows, &c.

Hazard, hāz'-ard, *s.* chance, danger, a game at dice—*v.* *a.* to expose to chance—*v.* *n.* to try the chance

Hazardous, hāz'-ard-us, *a.* dangerous, exposed to chance

Haze, hāze, *s.* a thick fog, a mist

Hazel, hā'z'l, *s.* the nut-tree—*a.* light brown, like hazel

Hazy, hā'-zy, *a.* foggy, misty

Head, hēd, that part of the body that contains the brain, chief, the top—*a.* chief, principal—*v.* *a.* to lead, to behead

Headache, hēd'-ake, *s.* a pain in the head

Headband, hēd'-bānd, *s.* a fillet for the head, a topknot

Headborough, hēd'-bór-ō, *s.* a subordinate constable

Headress, hēd'-drēs, *a.* the dress or covering of a woman's head

Headland, hēd'-lānd, *s.* a cape, a promontory [thoughtless]

Headlong, hēd'-lōng, *a.* rash, precipitate

Headpiece, hēd'-pls, *s.* armour, force of mind [chief stone]

Headstone, hēd'-stōne, *s.* the first or

Headstrong, hēd'-strōng, *a.* violent, unruly [lent, strong]

Heady, hēd'-y, *a.* rash, precipitate

Heal, hēle, *v.* *a.* to cure a wound, to reconcile—*v.* *n.* to grow well

Healing, hēl'-ing, *part.* *a.* mild, gentle

Health, hēlth, *s.* freedom from pain or sickness

Healthy, hēl'-th-y, *a.* in health, free from sickness

Heap, hēpe, *s.* a pile, a confused jumble, a cluster—*v.* *a.* to pile, to jumble together, to lap up

Hear, hēre, *v.* *a.* to perceive by the ear, to listen to

Hearing, hēr'-ing, *s.* the sense by which sounds are perceived, audience, trial

Hearken, hērk'-n, *v.* *n.* to listen, to attend, to regard

Hearsay, hēi'-sā, *s.* report, rumour

Hearse, hērse, *s.* a carriage for dead persons

Heart, hārt, *s.* the most noble part of the body, mind, conscience

Heart-ache, hārt'-ake, *s.* sorrow, anguish

Heart-burning, hārt'-būr-nīng, *s.* a pain at the stomach

Hearten, hārt'-n, *v.* *a.* to encourage, to animate, to stir up

Heart-felt, hārt'-felt, *a.* felt in the conscience

Hearth, hārt, *s.* the place on which a fire is made [ling with anguish]

Heart-rending, hārt'-rēnd'-ing, *a.* killing

Heart-sick, hārt'-sik, *a.* pained in mind, mortally ill

Heart-string, hārt'-strīng, *s.* the nerve that braces the heart

Heart-whole, hārt'-hōle, *a.* the affections unfixed, vitals unimpaired

Hearty, hārt'-y, *a.* sincere, in full health, vigorous, strong, spirited

Heat, hēte, *s.* the sensation caused by fire, hot weather, warmth, a passion, a race—*v.* *a.* to make hot, to put into a passion—*v.* *n.* to grow hot

Heater, hē-tér, *s.* a kind of iron for smoothing linen [ground]

Heath, hēthe, *s.* a plant, common

Heath-cock, hēth'-kōk, *s.* a large fowl that frequents heaths

Heathen, hēth'-n, *s.* a gentile or pagan —*a.* savage, pagan

Heathenish, hēth'-nīsh, *a.* belonging to the heathens, wild, savage

Heave, hēve, *v.* *a.* to lift—*v.* *n.* to pant, to labour, to swell—*s.* a lift, an effort to vomit

Heaven, hēv'-n, *s.* the regions above, the sky, the habitation of the blessed

Heaven-born, hēv'-n-bōrn, *a.* descended from heaven

Heaviness, hēv'-y-nēs, *s.* depression, dulness, affliction [sluggish]

Heavy, hēv'-y, *a.* weighty, dejected

Hebdomad, hēb'-dō-mād, *s.* a week, a space of seven days

Hebdomadal, hēb'-dōm'-ā-dāl, *or* Hebdomadary, hēb'-dōm'-ā-dār-y, *a.* weekly [ness]

Hebetude, hēb'-ē-tūde, *s.* dulness, bluntness

Hebraism, hē-brā'-yizm, *s.* a Hebrew idiom [in Hebrew]

Hebraist, hē-brā'-yist, *s.* one skilled in Hebrew

Hecatomb, hēk'-ā-tōme, *s.* a sacrifice of a hundred cattle

Hectic, hēk'-tik, *a.* habitual, constitutional, troubled with a morbid heat —*s.* a hectic fever

Hector, hēk'-tór, *s.* a bully, a noisy fellow—*v.* *a.* to threaten, to bully

Hedge, hēdzh', *s.* a fence made of bushes —*v.* *a.* to make a hedge, to enclose [to]

—*v.* *n.* to shift

Hedge-born, hēdzh'-bōrn, *a.* one born in a hedge

Sounds.—hā, hāte, hāl, hār—mēt, dōist, mē, hār—chūn, chine, fied, shīrt—

Hedgehog, hēdzh'-'hōg, *s.* a sort of prickly animal

Hedging-bill, hēdzh'-'ing-bīl, *s.* a hook for trimming hedges

Heed, hē'de, *v. a.* to mind, to regard, to attend to—*s.* care, attention, caution, seriousness

Heel, hē'le, *s.* the hind part of the foot

Heel-piece, hē'le-pīse, *s.* the piece fixed on the hinder part of the shoe—*v. a.* to put leather on a shoe-heel

Heft, hēft', *s.* an effort to heave, a handle

Hegira, hēg'-'ī-rā, *s.* the epoch of the Arabians and Turks

Heifer, hēf'-'ēr, *s.* a young cow

Heigh-ho, hāy'-'hō, *interj.* expression of languor and uneasiness

Height, hī'te, *s.* space upwards, utmost degree, state of excellence

Heighten, hī't'n, *v. a.* to raise, to exalt, to improve [wicked]

Heinous, hā'-'nūs, *a.* atrocious, very

Heir, ā're, *s.* an inheritor—*v. a.* to inherit [with a freehold]

Heirloom, ā're-lōme, *s.* what descends

Held, hēld, *pret. of* Hold

Heliacal, hē-lī'-'kāl, *a.* pertaining to the sun [circumvolutions]

Helical, hēl'-'kāl, *a.* spiral, with many

Heliocentric, hē'-'lyō-sēn'-'trīk, *a.* belonging to the sun

Hell, hēl', *s.* the place of the devil and wicked souls

Hell-doomed, hēl'-'dō'md, *a.* consigned to hell [flower]

Hellebore, hēl'-'lē-bō're, *s.* the Christmas

Hellenism, hēl'-'lē-nīz-m, *s.* an idiom of the Greek [agent of hell]

Hell-hound, hēl'-'hō'und, *s.* a dog or

Hellish, hēl'-'lish, *a.* infernal, wicked, sent from hell

Head, hēlm', *s.* a head-piece, the rud-

der [headpiece]

Helmed, hēl'-'mēd, *a.* furnished with a

Helmet, hēl'-'mēt, *s.* a headpiece

Help, hēlp', *v. a.* to assist, to support, to promote, to cure—*s.* assistance, aid, support, remedy

Helper, hēlp'-'ēr, *s.* an under servant, one who assists

Helter-skelter, hēl'-'tēr-skēl'-'tēr, *a.* in a hurry, without order

Helve, hēlv', *s.* the handle of an axe

Hem, hēm', *s.* the edge of a garment, a sudden noise—*v. a.* to close with a hem, to enclose

Hemisphere, hēm'-'ī-sfē're, *s.* the half of a globe

Hemispheric, hēm'-'ī-sfēr'-'īk, *a.* being half-round

Hemlock, hēm'-'lōk', *s.* a narcotic plant

Hemorrhage, hēm'-'ō-rādh, *s.* a violent flux of blood

Hemorrhoids, hēm'-'ō-rōīdz, *s.* the piles

Hemp, hēmp', *s.* the plant of which coarse linen and robes are made

Hempen, hēmp'n, *a.* made of hemp

Hen, hēn', *s.* the female of any bird

Hence, hēn's, *ad. or interj.* away, for this reason, from this cause or place

Henceforth, hēn's-'fōrth, *ad.* from this time forward

Henceforward, hēn's-'fōr-wārd, *ad.* from this time to futurity

Hen-hearted, hēn'-'h'-'r-tēd, *a.* dastardly, cowardly

Hen-pecked, hēn'-'pēkt, *a.* governed by a wife

Hen-roost, hēn'-'rōst, *s.* a place where poultry rest [liver]

Hepatic, hē pīt'-'yk, *a.* belonging to the

Heptagon, hēp'-'tā gōn, *s.* a figure with seven equal sides [female]

Heptarchy, hēp'-'tār-k'y, *s.* a sevenfold government

Hēr, hēr', *a. and pron.* belonging to a

Herald, hēr'-'āld, *s.* an officer for registering genealogies, and proclaiming war and peace; a messenger, a har-

binger—*v. a.* to introduce a herald does

Heraldry, hēr'-'āld-dry, *s.* art or office of a herald, the science of Heraldry

Herb, hērb', *s.* a plant, chiefly of the esculent kind

Herbaceous, hēr'-'bā-shūs, *a.* belonging to herbs, feeding on vegetables

Herbage, hēr'-'bēdzh, *s.* herbs in general, grass, pasture

Herbal, hēr'-'bāl, *s.* a book of plants, a treatise on herbs [herbs]

Herballist, hēr'-'bāl-īst, *s.* one skilled in

Herculean, hēr'-'kū-lyān, *a.* of great magnitude, requiring great labour

Herd, hērd', *s.* a flock, a drove, a company—*v. n.* to run in herds, to associate—*v. a.* to put into a herd

Herdsmán, hērd'-'mān, *s.* one employed in tending herds

Hère, hē're, *ad.* in this place or there

Hérenabouts, hē'ret'-'bō'ts *ad.* about this place

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from door to door

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High-born, hî-bôrn, *a.* of noble birth

High-flier, hî-hî-ér, *s.* one that carries his opinions to extravagance

High-flown, hî-flône, *a.* elevated, proud, turgid

Highland, hî-lând, *s.* a mountainous region

Highness, hî-nês, *s.* dignity, title

Highwater, hî-wâ-ter, *s.* the utmost flow of the tide

Highway, hî wâ, *s.* a great road, a public path

Highwayman, hî-wâ-mân, *s.* a robber on the highway

Higler, hîg-lér, *s.* a hawkier of provisions by retail

Sounds.—hā, hāte, hāl, hār—mēt, dēist, mē, hēr—chūn, chūne, fēd, shirt—

- Hedgehog**, hēdsh'-hōg, *s.* a sort of prickly animal
Hedging-bill, hēdsh'-yng-bīl, *s.* a hook for trimming hedges
Heed, hē'dē, *v. a.* to mind, to regard, to attend to—*s.* care, attention, caution, seriousness
Heel, hē'le, *s.* the hind part of the foot
Heel-piece, hē'le-pīse, *s.* the piece fixed on the hinder part of the shoe—*v. a.* to put leather on a shoe-heel
Heft, hēft', *s.* an effort to heave, a handle
Hegira, hēg'-i-rā, *s.* the epoch of the Arabians and Turks
Heifer, hēf'-ēr, *s.* a young cow
Heigh-ho, hāy'-hō, *interj.* expression of languor and uneasiness
Height, hī'tē, *s.* space upwards, utmost degree, state of excellence
Heighten, hī't'n, *v. a.* to raise, to exalt, to improve [wicked]
Heinous, hā'-nās, *a.* atrocious, very
Heir, ā're, *s.* an inheritor—*v. a.* to inherit [with a freehold]
Heirloom, ā're-lōme, *s.* what descends
Held, hēld, *pret. of* Hold
Heliacal, hē-lī'-kāl, *a.* pertaining to the sun [circumvolutions]
Helical, hēl'-yē-kāl, *a.* spiral, with many
Heliocentric, hē'-lyō-sēn'-trīk, *a.* belonging to the sun
Hell, hēl', *s.* the place of the devil and wicked souls
Hell-doomed, hēl'-dō'md, *a.* consigned to hell [flower]
Hellebore, hēl'-lē-bōre, *s.* the Christmas
Hellenism, hēl'-lē-nīz-m, *s.* an idiom of the Greek [agent of hell]
Hell hound, hēl'-hōūd, *s.* a dog or
Hellish, hēl'-hīsh, *a.* infernal, wicked, sent from hell
Heam, hēlm', *s.* a head-piece, the rudder [headpiece]
Helmed, hēl'-mēd, *a.* furnished with a
Helmet, hēl'-mēt, *s.* a headpiece
Help, hēlp', *v. a.* to assist, to support, to promote, to cure—*s.* assistance, aid, support, remedy
Helper, hēlp'-ēr, *s.* an under servant, one who assists
Helter-skelter, hēl'-tēr-skēl'-tēr, *a.* in a hurry, without order
Helve, hēlv', *s.* the handle of an axe
Hem, hēm', *s.* the edge of a garment, a sudden noise—*v. a.* to close with a hem, to enclose
Hemisphere, hēm'-i-sfēre, *s.* the half of a globe
Hemispheric, hēm'-i-sfēr'-ik, *a.* being half round
Hemlock, hēm'-lōk', *s.* a narcotic plant
Hemorrhage, hēm'-ō-rādsh, *s.* a violent flux of blood
Hemorrhoids, hēm'-ō-rōydz, *s.* the piles
Hemp, hēmp', *s.* the plant of which coarse linen and robes are made
Hempen, hēmp'n, *a.* made of hemp
Hen, hēn', *s.* the female of any bird
Hence, hēns, *ad. or interj.* away, for this reason, from this cause or place
Henceforth, hēns-fōrth, *ad.* from this time forward
Henceforward, hēns-fōr'-wārd, *ad.* from this time to futurity
Hen-hearted, hēn-hār'-tēd, *a.* dastardly, cowardly
Hen-pecked, hēn'-pēkt, *a.* governed by a wife
Hen-roost, hēn'-rōst, *s.* a place where poultry rest [liver]
Hepatic, hē pāt'-yē, *a.* belonging to the
Heptagon, hēp'-tā gōn, *s.* a figure with seven equal sides
Heptarchy, hēp'-tār-kē, *s.* a sevenfold government [female]
Hēr, hēr', *a.* and *pron.* belonging to a
Herald, hēr'-āld, *s.* an officer for registering genealogies, and proclaiming war and peace; a messenger, a har binger—*v. a.* to introduce a herald does
Heraldry, hēr'-āl-dry, *s.* a: or office of a herald, the science of heraldry
Herb, hēr'b', *s.* a plant, chiefly of the esculent kind
Herbaceous, hēr-bā'-shūs, *a.* belonging to herbs, feeding on vegetables
Herbage, hēr'-bēdz, *s.* herbs in general, grass, pasture
Herbal, hēr'-bāl, *s.* a book of plants, a treatise on herbs [herbs]
Herbalist, hēr'-bāl-ist, *s.* one skilled in
Herculean, hēr-kū'-lyān, *a.* of great magnitude, requiring great labour
Herd, hērd', *s.* a flock, a drove, a company—*v. n.* to run in herds, to associate—*v. a.* to put into a herd
Herdsmán, hērd'z mán, *s.* one employed in tending herds
Here, hē're, *ad.* in this place or state
Hereabouts, hē're-ā-bō'uts, *ad.* about this place

shôt, nôte, lôse, actor—hüt, pûsh, mûte, fûr—truly, rje—thus, thick.

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- Hilarity**, hÿl-âr-it-y, *s.* merriment, gaiety
Hill, hÿl', *s.* elevation of ground, a high land
Hillock, hÿl'-lôk, *s.* a little hill
Hilly, hÿl'-ly, *a.* full of hills
Hilt, hÿl't, *s.* the handle of a sword
Him, hÿm', *pron.* that male, the oblique case of *he*
Hind, hÿnd, *a.* backward—*s.* the female of a stag, an overseer of cattle
Hinder, hÿn-dér, *v. a.* to obstruct, to stop, to prevent—*v. n.* to cause impediment
Hindrance, hÿn-dréns, *s.* obstruction, a stop
Hinge, hÿndzh', *s.* the joints on which a gate or door turns—*v. a.* to furnish with hinges
Hint, hÿnt', *v. a.* to bring to mind, to intimate—*s.* a remote suggestion, an intimation
Hip, hÿp', *s.* the joint of the thigh, lowness of spirits, the fruit of the briar—*v. n.* to dispirit
Hippish, hÿp'-pish, *a.* low in spirits
Hippopotamus, hÿp-pô-pô't-â-mûs, *s.* a river horse
Hire, hÿre, *v. n.* to engage or procure for pay—*s.* the wages paid for service
Hireling, hÿre-ling, *s.* one who serves for wages, a mercenary and unprincipled writer
Hiss, hÿs', *v. n.* to utter a noise like that of a serpent—*v. a.* to condemn by hissing, to explode
Hist, hÿst, *interj.* exclamation commanding silence
Historian, hÿs-tô-ryân, *s.* a writer of facts and events
Historic, hÿs-tôr-ik, *a.* pertaining to history, narrative
History, hÿs-tôr-y, *s.* a narration of events and facts
Histrionic, hÿs-trÿ-ôn-ik, *a.* befitting the stage, suitable to a player
Hit, hÿt', *v. a.* to strike, to reach the point—*v. n.* to clash, to light on, to succeed—*s.* a stroke, a lucky chance
Hitch, hÿtsh', *v. n.* to catch, to move by jerks
Hithe, hÿth, *s.* a landing place for goods, &c. [nearer
Hither, hÿth'-ér, *ad.* to this place,
Hitherto, hÿth-ér-tô, *ad.* to this time, yet, till now
Hive, hÿve, *s.* a basket for bees, com-
- Hoare**, hō're, or **Hoary**, hō'ry, *a.* gray with age, white with frost
Hoar-frost, hō're-frōst', *s.* frozen dew
Hoard, hōrd, *s.* hidden stock, treasure—*v. n.* to lay up store—*v. a.* to lay up privately [voice
Hoarse, hō'rs, *a.* having a rough deep
Hoax, hō'ks, *s.* a trick played upon one—*v. a.* to delude, to deceive
Hobble, hōb'l, *v. n.* to walk lamely, to limp
Hobby, hōb'-bÿ, or **Hobby-horse**, hōb'-by-hō'rs, *s.* a species of hawk, a small horse, a plaything, a stupid fellow
Hobgoblin, hōb-gōb'-lin, *s.* a sprite, a fairy [shoeing horse
Hubnail, hōb'-nâle, *s.* a nail used in
Hubnob, hōb-nōb, *ad.* at once, at random
Hock, hōk', *s.* small end of a gammon of bacon, old strong rhenish wine, lower part of the thigh
Hocus-pocus, hō-kûs-pō-kûs, *s.* a juggle, a cheat
Hod, hōd', *s.* a bricklayer's trough
Hodge-podge, hōdzh'-pōdzh', *s.* a medley, a confused mixture
Hodiernal, hō-dÿér-nâl, *a.* of to-day
Hoe, hō', *s.* a garden tool for weeds &c.—*v. a.* to cut or dig with a hoe
Hog, hōg', *s.* the general name of swine
Hoggerel, hōg-rél, *s.* an ewe of two years old
Hogherd, hōg'hér'd, *s.* a keeper of hogs
Hoggish, hōg'-ish, *a.* greedy, brutish, selfish
Hogshead, hōgz'-êd, *s.* a measure of sixty-three gallons [swine
Hogsty, hōg'-stÿ, *s.* a place for keeping
Hogwash, hōg-wâsh, *s.* drait which is given to swine
Hoiden, hōid'n, *s.* an awkward country girl
Hoist, hōÿst, *v. a.* to raise up on high
Hold, hōld, *v. a.* to grasp, to keep, to retain, to contain—*s.* grasp, support power, custody—*interj.* stop! forbear! bestill
Holdfast, hōld-fâst, *s.* a catch, a hook &c.
Hole, hōle, *s.* a cavity, a hollow place a mean habitation, a subterfuge
Holiness, hō'l-ÿ-nês, *s.* religious goodness [cry out loudly
Holla, hōl'-â, or **Hollo**, hōl'-ô, *v. a.* to
Holland, hōl'-land, *s.* a kind of linen

shôt, nôte, lôse, actôr—hîit, push, mûte, fûr,—truly, rye—thus, thick.

- Hollow, hól'-lô, *a.* having a void within, deceitful—*s.* a hollow place, a hole, an opening or vacuity—*v. a.* to make hollow—*v. n.* to shout, to hoot
- Holly, hól'-ly, *s.* a tree, an evergreen shrub
- Hollyhock, hól'-ly-hôk, *s.* a rose-mallow
- Holme, hól'-m, *s.* a river island, the ever-green oak [*face*]
- Holocaust, hól'-ô-kâst, *s.* a burnt sacrifice
- Holpen, hól'-p'n, *part. of* Help
- Holster, hól'-stér, *s.* a case for a horse-man's pistol
- Holy, hól'-ly, *a.* pious, religious, hallowed, sacred [*feast, a day of joy*]
- Holiday, hól'-y-dâ, *s.* an anniversary
- Homage, hóm'-êdzh, *s.* service to a lord, obeisance
- Home, hóm'e, *s.* one's own house or country, place of constant residence
- Homebred, hóm'-brêd, *a.* bred at home, native, plain, artless
- Homefelt, hóm'-fêlt, *a.* inward, private
- Homely, hóm'-ly, *a.* plain, not elegant
- Homemade, hóm'-mâd, *s.* made at home, plain
- Homer, hóm'-ér, *s.* a measure of about three pints [*home, plain, coarse*]
- Homespun, hóm'-spûn, *a.* made at home
- Homeward, hóm'-wârd, *ad.* towards home
- Homicide, hóm'-y-side, *s.* manslaughter
- Homily, hóm'-y-lî, *s.* a discourse read in churches
- Homogeneous, hóm'-ô-zhê-nýus, *a.* having the same nature or principle
- Homologous, hóm'-lôg-ús, *a.* in the same manner or proportion
- Homotonous, hóm'-ô-nús, *a.* equable, uniform
- Hone, hóm'e, *s.* a whetstone for razors
- Honest, hóm'-êst, *a.* upright, sincere, chaste, just [*purity*]
- Honesty, hóm'-êst-y, *s.* justice, truth
- Honey, hóm'-y, *s.* the sweet substance prepared by bees
- Honey-bag, hóm'-y-bâg, *s.* the stomach of a bee
- Honeycomb, hóm'-y-kóm'e, *s.* a cell of wax for honey
- Honey-dew, hóm'-y-dû, *s.* a sweet dew
- Honey-moon, hóm'-y-mône, *s.* the first month after marriage
- Honey-suckle, hóm'-y-sûk'l, *s.* an odoriferous woodbine
- Honed, hóm'-yd, *a.* covered with
- Honorary, hóm'-ôr-âr-y, *a.* done in honour, conferring honour without gain
- Honour, hóm'-ôr, *s.* dignity, reputation, chastity—*v. a.* to reverence, to dignify
- Honourable, hóm'-ôr-êbl, *a.* noble, illustrious, honest
- Hoof, húd', *s.* an upper covering for the head [*to hide, to deceive*]
- Hoodwink, húd'-wîngk, *v. a.* to blind
- Hoof, hód'fe, *s.* the horny substance of the foot of several animals
- Hook, hók', *s.* a bent piece of iron, wood, &c.—*v. a.* to catch with a hook, to ensnare, to fasten
- Hooked, hók'-êd, *a.* bent, curved
- Hoop, hóp'e, *s.* any thing circular—*v. a.* to bind with hoops—*v. n.* to shout
- Hooping-cough, hóp'-pîng-kóf, *s.* a convulsive cough
- Hoot, hót'fe, *v. n.* to shout in contempt—*v. a.* to drive with shouts
- Hop, hóp', *v. n.* to jump, to leap on one leg, to walk lamely—*s.* a jump, a mean dance, a plant
- Hope, hóp'e, *s.* confidence in a future event—*v. n.* to place confidence in futurity—*v. a.* to expect with desire
- Hopeful, hóp'-fûl, *a.* promising, likely to answer expectation
- Hop-ground, hóp'-grôund, *s.* ground set apart for the culture of hops
- Hopper, hóp'-pér, *s.* wooden frame to contain corn before it is ground
- Horai, hór'-râi, *er* Horary, hór'-râr-y, *a.* relating to an hour, continuing for an hour
- Hord, hórd, *s.* a clan, a migratory crew of people
- Horehound, hór'e-hôund, *s.* an herb so called
- Horison, hór-i-zón, *s.* the line that terminates the view
- Horizontal, hór'-y-zón'-tâl, *a.* near the horizon, level
- Horn, hór'n, *s.* defensive weapon of an ox, a wind instrument
- Hornbook, hór'n-bôk, *s.* the first book for children
- Horned, hór'-nêd, *a.* furnished with horns
- Hornet, hór'-nêt, *s.* a large stinging fly
- Hornpipe, hór'n-pîpe, *s.* a kind of dance
- Horny, hór'-y, *a.* made of or like horn

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*Sounds*—hăt, hâte, hăll, liăr—mêt, dêsist, mē, hēr—chŭn. chine, f.ield, shîrt. —  
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- Horologe, hōr'-ō lōdz, *s.* an instrument that tells the hour
 Horoscope, hōr'-ō-skō'pe, *s.* configuration of planets at a person's birth
 Horrible, hōr'-rīb'l, *a.* dreadful, terrible
 Horrid, hōr'-rīd, *a.* hideous, enormous
 Horrific, hōr'-rīf'-ik, *a.* causing horror
 Horror, hōr'-rōr, *s.* terror mixed with detestation
 Horse, hōrs, *s.* an animal, a wooden machine for drying clothes
 Horseback, hōrs-băk, *s.* the seat or state of riding
 Horsebean, hōrs-bēne, *s.* a small kind of bean for horses
 Horseblock, hōrs-blōk, *s.* a block for climbing to a horse
 Horsebreaker, hōrs-brē-kér, *s.* one who tames horses
 Horsefly, hōrs-flŷ, *s.* a fly that stings horses
 Horselaugh, hōrs-lăf, *s.* a loud laugh
 Horseleech, hōrs-lētsh, *s.* a great leech that bites horses
 Horseman, hōrs-mán, *s.* one skilled in riding
 Horseplay, hōrs-plă, *s.* coarse and rough play, rudeness
 Horsepond, hōrs-pōnd, *s.* a pond for horses
 Horseradish, hōrs-răd'-ish, *s.* a root
 Horseshoe, hōrs-shō, *s.* a shoe for horses, a sort of herb
 Horseway, hōrs-wă, *s.* a broad open way by which horses may travel
 Hortation, hōr-tă-shŭn, *s.* the act of exhorting, advice
 Hortulan, hōr-tŭ-lăn, *a.* belonging to a garden
 Hosanna, hō-zăn-nă, *s.* an exclamation of praise to God
 Hose, hōze, *s.* breeches, stockings
 Hosier, hō'-shŷér, *s.* one who sells stockings, &c.
 Hospitable, hōs-pŷ-téb'l, *a.* kind to strangers, friendly
 Hospital, ō's-pŷ-tăl, *s.* a receptacle for the sick and poor
 Hospitality, hōs-pŷ-tăl'-ŷt-ŷ, *s.* the practice of entertaining strangers
 Host, hōst, *s.* a landlord of an inn an army, a great number
 Hostage, hōs-tēdz, *s.* a person left as a pledge for performance of conditions
 Hostess, hōs't-ēs, *s.* mistress of an inn
 Hostile, hōs'-tīl, *a.* adverse, warlike
- Hostility, hōs-tīl'-ŷ-tŷ, *s.* open war
 Hostler, ōs'-lér, *s.* one who has the care of horses at an inn
 Hot, hōt, *a.* having heat, lewd, eager
 Hotbed, hōt-béd, *s.* a bed of earth made hot by the fermentation of dung
 Hotbrained, hōt-brănd, *a.* violent, furious [childish play
 Hotcockles, hōt-kōkl'z, *s.* a species of
 Hotheaded, hōt-hēd-ēd, *a.* violent, passionate
 Hothouse, hōt-hōūs, *s.* a house for tender plants, and in which fruits are matured early by artificial heat
 Hotspur, hōt-spŭr, *s.* a headstrong and precipitate man, a kind of early pea
 Hovel, hōv'-él, *s.* a mean habitation
 Hover, hōv'-ér, *v. n.* to hang over head, to wander about
 Hough, hōf, *s.* the lower part of the thigh—*v. n.* to hamstring, to cut up
 Hound, hōū'nd, *s.* a dog used in the chase [a day
 Hour, ōūr, *s.* the twenty-fourth part of
 Hourglass, ōūr-glăss, *s.* a glass filled with sand for measuring time
 House, hōū's, *s.* a place of human abode—*v. n.* to harbour, to shelter
 Housebreaker, hōū's-brē-kér, *s.* one who robs houses [bing of houses
 Housebreaking, hōū's-brē-kŭng, *s.* robbery
 Household, hōū's-hōld, *s.* a family
 Householdstuff, hōū's-hōld-stŭf, *s.* furniture, utensils for a family
 Housekeeper, hōū's-kē-pér, *s.* one who possesses or rents a house, one who has the care of a house and family
 Housekeeping, hōū's-kē-pŭng, *s.* domestic management
 Houseleek, hōū's-lēke, *s.* herb growing on houses, &c.
 Housemaid, hōū's-măde, *s.* she who keeps the house clean [apartments
 Houserom, hōū's-rōme, *s.* convenient
 Housewarming, hōū's-wăr-mŭng, *s.* a feast on taking possession of a new house
 Housewife, hŭz'-ŷf', *s.* a mistress of a family, a female economist
 Housewifery, hŭz'-ŷf-rŷ, *s.* female economy [gross
 How, hōw, *ad.* in what manner or degree
 Howbeit, hōw-bē-ŷt, *an.* nevertheless, notwithstanding
 However, hōw-ēv'-ér, *ad.* at least, nevertheless, yet [neither
 Howitz, hō-wŭts, *s.* a small kind of

shùt, nôte, lôse, actôr—hùt, pûsh, mâte, fur—truly, rye—thus, thick.

Howl, hów'l, *v. n.* to utter cries in distress as a dog—*s.* cry of a wolf or dog

Howsoever, hów-sô-êv'-ér, *ad.* in what manner soever

Hox, hòk's, *v. a.* to hamstring, [ship

Hoy, hòy, *s.* a coasting vessel, a small

Hubbub, húb'-búb, *s.* tumult, a riot

Huckaback, hùk'-á-bák, *s.* a kind of figured linen

Hucklebone, hùk'l-bône, *s.* the hipbone

Huckster, hùks'-tér, *s.* a retailer of small wares

Huddle, hùd'l, *v. a.* to perform in a hurry, to throw together in confusion

Hudibrastic, hù-dì-brás-tík, *a.* like

Hudibras, doggerel

Hue, há, *s.* shade of colour, die, clamour, pursuit [and arrogance

Huff, hùf', *v. a.* to treat with insolence

Huffish, hùf'-Ysh, *a.* arrogant, hectoring, petulant

Hug, hùg', *v. a.* to embrace fondly, to hold fast—*s.* a close embrace

Huge, hù'dzh, *a.* vast, immense, enormous

Huggermugger, hùg'-gér-mùg'-gér, *s.* secrecy, a by-place [clown

Hulk, hùlk', *s.* the body of a ship, a

Hull, hùl', *s.* the husk of any thing, the body of a ship

Hum, hùm', *v. a.* to buzz, to pause in speaking, to sing low, to deceive—*s.* a buzzing noise, a deception

Human, hù-mán, *a.* having the qualities of a man

Humane, hù-má'ne, *a.* kind, benevolent, good natured

Humanity, hù-mán'-yē, *s.* the nature of man, kindness, benevolence, compassion

Humanize, hù-mén-ize, *v. a.* to soften, to reduce from savageness

Humankind, hù-mán'-kínd, *s.* the race of man

Humble, hùm'b'l, *a.* modest, submissive—*v. a.* to make humble or submissive

—*v. n.* to become humble

Humbles, hùm'b'ls, *s.* the entrails of a deer [stupid

Humdrum, hùm'-drùm, *a.* dull, dronish,

Humectation, hù-mèk-tá'-shùn, *s.* a wetting or moistening

Humeral, hù-mér-ál, *a.* belonging to the shoulder

Humid, hù-myd, *a.* wet, moist, watery

Humidity, hú-myd'-yē, *s.* moisture, dampness

Humiliation, hù-míl-yá'-shùn, *s.* the act of humility

Humility, hù-míl'-yē, *s.* freedom from pride, modesty

Humourist, hù-mór'-yē, *s.* one who gratifies his humour

Humorous, hù-mór'-ús, *a.* capricious, pleasant, jocular

Humour, hù-mór, *s.* moisture, jocularity, whim—*v. a.* to gratify, to comply with [back

Humpback, hùmp'-bák', *s.* a crooked

Hunch, hùnh', *v. a.* to jostle, to crook the back

Hundred, hùn'-dréd, *s.* ten multiplied by ten, a division of a county

Hung, hùng', *pres. and part. of* Hang

Hunger, hùng'-ér, *s.* a desire of food, violent desire [greedy

Hungry, hùng'-rý, *a.* in want of food,

Hunks, hùngks, *s.* a covetous, sordid wretch

Hunt, hùnt', *v. a.* to chase, to pursue, to search for—*v. n.* to follow the chase—*s.* a pack of hounds, a chase

Hunter, hùnt'-ér, *s.* one who follows the diversion of the chase

Huntsman, hùnts-mán, *s.* one who delights in or manages the chase

Hurdle, hùr-d'l, *s.* a texture of sticks, a grate [flax

Hurds, hùrd's, *s.* the refuse of hemp or

Hurl, hùrl, *v. a.* to throw with violence

Hurlbat, hùrl'-bát, *s.* a whirlbat

Hurly-burly, hùr'-ly-bùr'-ly, *s.* tumult, confusion, bustle

Hurricane, hùr-ri-káne, *s.* a violent storm, a tempest

Hurry, hùr-rý, *v. a.* to hasten—*v. n.* to move with haste—*s.* tumult, precipitation, haste

Hurst, hùrst, *s.* a grove, a small wood

Hurt, hùrt', *v. a.* to injure, to harm, to wound—*s.* harm, mischief, wound, or bruise

Hurtful, hùrt'-fùl, *a.* injurious, pernicious

Husband, hùz'-bánd, *s.* a married man, a frugal and careful man—*v. a.* to till, to manage frugally

Husbandman, hùz'-bánd-mán, *s.* one who works in tillage

Husbandry, hùz'-bánd-ry, *s.* tillage, frugality, care, thrift

Hush, hùsh, *v. a.* to still, to quiet

appease—*v. n.* to be still

shōt, nōte, lōse, actōr—lūz, pūsh, nūte, fū—truly, rye —thus, thick.

- Illusory**, ʼl-lū-zōr-y, *a.* deceiving, fraudulent
- Illustrate**, ʼl-lūs-trāte, *v. a.* to brighten, to elucidate [tion, elucidation]
- Illustration**, ʼl-lūs-trā-shūn, *s.* explanation
- Illustrative**, ʼl-lūs-trā-tiv, *a.* that elucidates
- Illustrious**, ʼl-lūs-trī-ūs, *a.* conspicuous, noble, eminent
- Image**, ʼm-ēdz, *s.* an idol, a likeness, an idea [sensations, show]
- Imagery**, ʼm-ēdz-r-y, *s.* sensible representation
- Imaginary**, ʼm-ēdzh-in-ār-y, *a.* fancied, visionary
- Imagination**, ʼm-ēdzh-ʼn-ā-shūn, *s.* fancy, conception, contrivance
- Imagine**, ʼm-ēdzh-ʼn, *v. a.* to fancy, to scheme, to contrive
- Imbecile**, ʼm-bēs-il, *a.* feeble of mind or body [of mind or body]
- Imbecility**, ʼm-bēs-il-y, *s.* feebleness
- Imbibe**, ʼm-bi-be, *v. a.* to drink in, to admit into
- Imbitter**, ʼm-bīt-tér, *v. a.* to make bitter, to exasperate
- Imbody**, ʼm-bōd-y, *v. a.* to form into a body—*v. n.* to unite into one mass
- Imbolden**, ʼm-bōld-n, *v. a.* to make bold, to encourage
- Imbosom**, ʼm-bōz-óm, *v. a.* to hold in the bosom
- Imbow**, ʼm-bōw, *v. a.* to arch, to vault
- Imbower**, ʼm-bōw-ér, *v. a.* to shelter with trees
- Imbue**, ʼm-brū, *v. a.* to steep, to soak
- Imbrute**, ʼm-brūte, *v. a.* to degrade to brutality [to tinge]
- Imbue**, ʼm-bū, *v. a.* to tincture deep
- Imburse**, ʼm-būr-s, *v. a.* to stock with money
- Imitable**, ʼm-y-tēb'l, *a.* proper for imitation
- Imitate**, ʼm-y-tāte, *v. a.* to copy, to endeavour to resemble, to counterfeit
- Imitation**, ʼm-y-tā-shūn, *s.* the act of copying, an attempt to resemble
- Imitative**, ʼm-y-tā-tiv, *a.* inclined to copy
- Imitator**, ʼm-y-tā-tór, *s.* he who copies or imitates [pure]
- Immaculate**, ʼm-māk-ū-lēt, *a.* spotless
- Immaterial**, ʼm-mā-tē-ryāl, *a.* incorporeal
- Immature**, ʼm-mā-tū-re, *a.* not ripe
- Immaturity**, ʼm-mā-tū-r-yt-y, *s.* unripeness [to be measured]
- Immeasurable**, ʼm-mēzh-ū-rēb'l, *a.* not
- Immediate**, ʼm-mē-dyēt, *a.* instant
- Immemorial**, ʼm-mē-mō-ryāl, *a.* past time of memory
- Immense**, ʼm-mēn's, *a.* unlimited, in finite, huge
- Immensity**, ʼm-mēn'st-y, *s.* unbounded greatness, infinity
- Immerse**, ʼm-mérzh', or **Immerse**, ʼm-mers', *v. a.* to put under water, to cover
- Immerse**, ʼm-mérse, *v. a.* to put under water
- Immersion**, ʼm-mér-shūn, *s.* the act of immersing, dipping under water
- Immethodical**, ʼm-mēth-dē-y-āl, *a.* without method, confused
- Imminent**, ʼm-mī-nēt, *a.* impending, threatening
- Imminution**, ʼm-mī-nū-shūn, *s.* a diminution, a decrease [sive]
- Immoderate**, ʼm-mōd-ér-āte, *a.* excessive
- Immodest**, ʼm-mōd-ēt, *a.* unchaste
- Immodesty**, ʼm-mōd-ēty, *s.* want of modesty [sive]
- Immolate**, ʼm-mō-lāte, *v. a.* to sacrifice
- Immolation**, ʼm-mō-lā-shūn, *s.* the act of sacrificing
- Immoral**, ʼm-mōr-āl, *a.* dishonest
- Immorality**, ʼm-mō-rāl-yty, *s.* want of virtue
- Immortal**, ʼm-mōr-tāl, *a.* exempt from death, never to die
- Immortality**, ʼm-mōr-tāl-yty, *s.* exemption from death
- Immortalize**, ʼm-mōr-tā-lize, *v. a.* to make immortal
- Immoveable**, ʼm-mōv-ēb'l, *a.* firm
- Immunity**, ʼm-mō-n-yty, *s.* privilege
- Immure**, ʼm-mūr, *v. a.* to shut in
- Immusical**, ʼm-mū-zī-kāl, *a.* harsh
- Inamutability**, ʼm-mū-tā-bil-yty, *s.* exemption from change
- Inamutable**, ʼm-mū-tēb'l, *a.* invariable
- Imp**, ʼm-p', *s.* an offspring, a puny devil
- Impact**, ʼm-pākt', *v. a.* to drive close or
- Impaint**, ʼm-pānt, *v. a.* to paint, to adorn, to decorate
- Impair**, ʼm-pā-re, *v. a.* to diminish, to injure—*v. n.* to be lessened or worn out [to communicate]
- Impart**, ʼm-pārt, *v. a.* to bestow, to give
- Impartial**, ʼm-pār-shāl, *a.* equitable
- Impartiality**, ʼm-pār-shāl-yty, *s.* justice
- Impassable**, ʼm-pās-ēb'l, *a.* not to be passed, not admitting passage

snót, nôte, lôse, actôr—hüt, pûsh, mûte, fûr—truly, rje—thus, thick.

I

- I**, *pron. of the first person in the Nominative*, myself
- Jabber**, dzhâb'-bér, *v. n.* to talk idly, to chatter [extended]
- Jacent**, dzhâ'-sënt, *a.* lying at length, **jacinth**, ĩ'-sĭnth, *s.* the hyacinth, a precious stone [young pike]
- Jack**, dzhâk', *s.* John, an engine, a **Jackal**, dzhâk'-âl, *s.* a small dog-like animal
- Jackanapes**, dzhâk'-ân-âps, *s.* a monkey, a coxcomb
- Jackdaw**, dzhâk'-dâ', *s.* a small species of crow
- Jacket**, dzhâk'-ët, *s.* a short coat, a close waistcoat
- Jacobin**, dzhâk'-ô-bĭn, *s.* a species of monk, a species of pigeon, a person disaffected to the state [ing]
- Jactation**, dzhâk tä'-shün, *s.* vain boast
- Jaculation**, dzhâk-ü-lä'-shün, *s.* the act of throwing weapons
- Jade**, dzhâ'de, *s.* a worthless horse, a sorry woman—*v. a.* to tire, to dispirit, to weary
- Jadish**, dzhâ'-dish, *a.* unruly, vicious, **Uchaste**, [culatation]
- Jag**, dzhâg', *v. a.* to notch—*s.* a dented
- Jaggy**, dzhâg'-y, *a.* uneven, ragged, notched
- Jakes**, dzhâk's, *s.* place of receiving filth or excrement
- Jalap**, dzhâł'-âp, *s.* a purgative root
- Jam**, dzhâm', *s.* a conserve of fruit—*v. n.* to wedge in, to confine
- Jamb**, dzhâm', *s.* the upright post of a door
- Jambic**, ĩ'-âm'-bĭk, *s.* verses composed of a long and short syllable alternately
- Jangle**, dzhâng'l, *v. n.* and *a.* to wrangle, to be out of tune
- Janizary**, dzhân'-iz-âr-y, *s.* one of the Turkish guards [tering]
- Janty**, zhân'-ty, *a.* showy, giddy, flut.
- January**, dzhên'-ü-âr-y, *s.* the first month of the year
- Japan**, dzhâ'-pân', *s.* a varnish made to work in colours
- Jar**, dzhâr', *v. n.* to make a disagreeable noise, to clash, to quarrel—*s.* a harsh sound, an earthen vessel
- Jargon**, dzhâr'-gôn, *s.* gabble, gibberish
- Jargonelle**, dzhâr'-gô-nél, *s.* a species of pear [stone]
- Jasper**, dzhâs'-pér, *s.* a green precious
- Javelin**, dzhâv'-lĭn, *s.* a spear or half pike
- Jaundice**, dzhân'-dĭs, *s.* a distemper caused by the obstructions of the glands of the liver
- Jaundiced**, dzhân'-dĭst, *a.* affected with the jaundice
- Jaunt**, dzhânt, *v. a.* to walk or travel about—*s.* a ramble, an excursion
- Jaw**, dzhâ', *s.* bone inclosing the teeth
- Jay**, dzhâ', *s.* a bird with gaudy feathers [sugar]
- Ice**, ĩ'se, *s.* frozen water, concreted
- Ichthyography**, ik-nô'-grâ-fy, *s.* ground-plot
- Ichor**, ĩ'-kôr, *s.* a thin watery humour
- Ichthyology**, ĩk-thy-ôł-ô-dzhĭ, *s.* the doctrine of the nature of fish
- Iceicle**, ĩ'-sĭk'l, *s.* a shoot of ice hanging down [tion]
- Icon**, ĩ'-kôn, *s.* a picture or representation
- Icy**, ĩ'-sĭ, *a.* full of ice, cold
- Idea**, ĩ-dê'-â, *s.* mental imagination, a notion
- Ideal**, ĩ-dê'-âl, *a.* mental, intellectual
- Identify**, ĩ-dên'-tĭ-fy, *v. a.* to prove to be really the same
- Identity**, ĩ-dên'-tĭ-ty, *s.* sameness
- Ides**, ĩds, *s.* a term of time amongst the Romans, the fifteenth day of March, May, July, and October, and the thirteenth of every other month
- Idiocracy**, ĩd-y-ôk'-râ-sy, *s.* peculiar constitution
- Idiom**, ĩd'-yôm, *s.* a particular mode of speech
- Idiot**, ĩd'-yôt, *s.* a fool, a changeling
- Idiotism**, ĩd'-yô-tĭzm, *s.* folly, natural imbecility of mind
- Idle**, ĩd'l, *a.* lazy, unemployed, worthless—*v. n.* to spend time in inactivity
- Idleheaded**, ĩd'l-hêd-êd, *a.* foolish, unreasonable
- Idleness**, ĩd'l-nês, *s.* laziness, sloth
- Idol**, ĩ-dôł, *s.* an image worshipped as God [idol]
- Idolater**, ĩ-dôł'-lâ-têr, *s.* a worshipper

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**Sounds**—hāt, hāte, hāl, liā—mēt, dēist, mē, hēc—chūn, chine, fēld, shārt. —  
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Idolatrōus, i-dōl'x-trūs, *a.* tending or given to idolatry

Idolatry, i-dōl'x-tr'y, *s.* the worship of images

Idolize, i-dō-lize, *v. a.* to love or reverence to adoration

Jealous, dzhēl'ūs, *a.* suspicious, fearful, cautious

Jealousy, dzhēl'ūs-y, *s.* suspicion in love

Jeer, dzhē're, *v. n.* to scoff—*v. a.* to treat with scorn

Jehovah, dzhē-hō-vā, *s.* the appropriate name of God in Hebrew

Jejune, dzhē-dzhō'ne, *a.* hungry, trifling, unaffecting

Jelly, dzhēl'y, *s.* any thing brought to a glutinous state

Jennet, dzhēn'ēt, *s.* a Spanish or Barbary horse

Jenetting, dzhēn'ē-tīng, *s.* species of forward apple

Jeopardy, dzhēp'ār-d'y, *s.* hazard, peril, danger

Jerk, dzhēr'k, *s.* a smart quick lash, a quick jolt

Jerkin, dzhēr'kīn, *s.* a jacket, a kind of hawk

Jersey, dzhēr'z'y, *s.* a fine yarn of wool

Jessamine, dzhēs'ā-mīn, *s.* a fragrant flower

Jost, dzhēst', *v. n.* to be merry by words or actions—*s.* any thing ludicrous, a laughingstock

Jesting, dzhēs'tīng, *s.* talk to raise laughter

Jesuitical, dzhēs'ē-y'x-kāl, *a.* shuffling, artful, sly

Jet, dzhēt', *s.* a curious black fossil, a spout of water—*v. n.* to shoot forward

Jetty, dzhēt'y, *a.* black as jet—*s.* a buttment against water, &c.

Jew, dzhū', *s.* a person who professes the Jewish religion

Jewel, dzhū'ēl, *s.* a precious stone, a gem

Jeweller, dzhū'ēl-ēr, *s.* a dealer in precious stones

Jews-harp, dzhū'z-hārp, *s.* a kind of musical instrument

If, *if. conj.* suppose that, whether or no

Igneous, Yg'nyūs, *a.* containing or emitting fire

Ignis-fatuus, Yg'nis-fāt'ū-ūs, *s.* a kind of fiery vapour, called Will with the wisp

Ignition, Yg'nysh'ūn, *s.* the act of setting on fire

Ignoble, Yg'no'b'l, *a.* mean of birth, worthless

Ignominious, Yg'nō-myn'yūs, *a.* mean, disgraceful, scandalous

Ignominy, Yg'nō-mīn'y, *s.* disgrace, reproach, shame

Ignoramus, ig'nō-rā'mūs, *s.* a vain pretender, a foolish fellow

Ignorance, Yg'nō-rāns, *s.* want of knowledge, unskillfulness

Ignorant, Yg'nō-rént, *a.* illiterate, without knowledge

Jig, dzhīg', *s.* a light careless dance on tune

Jill, dzhij', *s.* quarter of a pint

Jilt, dzhilt', *s.* a deceiving woman—*v. a.* to deceive in love—*v. n.* to play the jilt

Jingle, dzhīng'l, *v. n.* to clink—*s.* any thing sounding, a rattle

Ile, flē, *s.* a walk or alley in a church

Iliac, Yl'yāk, *a.* relating to the lower bowels

Ill, Yl', *a.* sick, disordered—*s.* wickedness, misfortune—*ad.* not well

Illeaqueate, Yl-lā-kwē-āte, *v. a.* to entangle, to ensnare

Illation, Yl-lā-shūn, *s.* an inference, a conclusion

Illative, Yl-lā-tīv, *a.* that may be inferred

Illegal, Yl-lē-gāl, *a.* contrary to law

Illegality, Yl-lē-gāl'y-t'y, *s.* contrariety to law

Illegible, Yl-lēdzh'yb'l, *a.* what cannot be read

Illegitimacy, Yl-lē-dzhit'y-mā-s'y, *s.* state of being illegitimate

Illegitimate, Yl-lē-dzhit'y-mēt, *a.* not begotten in wedlock

Il-favoured, Yl-fā-vórd, *a.* deformed

Il-liberal, Yl-lyb'ér-āl, *a.* not noble

Il-llicit, Yl-lys-yt, *a.* unlawful

Il-literate, Yl-lyt'ér-ēt, *a.* unlettered, untaught, unlearned

Il-lnature, Yl-nā-tūre, *s.* peevishness, habitual, malevolence

Il-lnatured, Yl-nā-tūrd, *a.* peevish, cross

Il-lude, Yl-lū'de, *v. a.* to deceive, to mock

Il-lume, Yl-lū'me, Illumine, Yl-lū'mīn, *v. a.* to enlighten, adorn, illustrate

Il-lumination, Yl-lū-myn'ā-shūn, *s.* the act of giving light, what gives light

Il-lusion, Yl-lū-zhūn, *s.* a deception, a show

Il-lusive, Yl-lū-siv, *a.* deceiving, showing

Sounds—hât, hâte, hâll, liâr—mêt, dêsiêt, mê, hér—chîn, chîne, tîeld, shîrt.

Hushmoney, hûsh-môn-y, *s.* a bribe to induce secrecy

Husk, hûsk, *s.* the outmost tegument of wheat, barley, &c. [dry

Husky, hûs-ký, *a.* abounding in husk, Hussar, hûs-zûr, *s.* a kind of horse soldier

Hussy, hûz-zý, *s.* a sorry bad woman Hustings, hûs-tîngz, *s.* a council, a court held

Hustle, hûs'l, *v. a.* to shake together Huswife, hûz-wîf, *v. a.* to manage with frugality [abode

Hut, hût, *s.* a poor cottage, a mean Hutch, hûts'h, *s.* a corn chest, a rabbit box

Huzza, hûz-zâ, *interj.* a shout of joy —*v. n.* to utter acclamation

Hyacinth, hý-â-sînth, *s.* a flower, a colour [hyacinths

Hyacinthine, hý-â-sîn-thîn, *a.* like Hyades, hý-â-dêz, *s.* a constellation which prognosticates rain

Hybernal, hî-bér-nâl, *a.* belonging to winter [heads

Hydra, hý-drâ, a monster with many Hydragogues, hý-drâ-gôgz, *s.* medicines for the discharge of watery humours [hydraulics

Hydraulic, hý-drâ-yk, *a.* relating to Hydraulics, hý-drâ-yks, *s.* the science of conveying water through pipes or conduits [rupture

Hydrocele, hý-drô-sêle, *s.* a watery Hydrocephalus, hý-drô-sêf-â-lûs, *s.* a dropsy in the head

Hydrographer, hý-drôg-râ-fér, *s.* one who draws maps of the sea

Hydrography, hý-drôg-râ-fý, *s.* the art of measuring and describing the watery part of the terraqueous globe

Hydromancy, hý-drô-mân-sý, *s.* a prediction by water [water

Hydromel, hý-drô-mêl, *s.* honey and Hydrometer, hý-drôm'-ê-tér, *s.* an instrument to measure the extent of water [of water, the canine madness

Hydrophobia, hý-drô-fô-byâ, *s.* dread of Hydroptic, hý-drôp'-yk, *a.* dropsical

Hydrostatical, hý-drô-stât'-y-kâl, *a.* relating to hydrostatics

Hydrostatics, hý-drô-stât'-yks, *s.* science of gravitation or weighing of fluids

Hyena, hý-â-nû, *s.* a fierce animal like a wolf

Hygrometer, hý-grôm'-ê-tér, *s.* an instrument to measure the degrees of moisture

Hygroscope, hý-grô-skôpe, *s.* to shew the moisture and dryness of the air

Hymeneal, hým-ê-nê-âl, *a.* pertaining to marriage

Hymn, hým, *s.* a divine song—*v. a.* to praise in songs of adoration

Hyp, nýp, *v. a.* to make melancholy, to dispirit [of cases, &c.

Hypallage, hý-pâl'-â-dzhe, *s.* a change Hyperbole, hý-pér-bô-lê, *s.* in rhetoric, exaggeration, diminution

Hyperbolic, hý-pér-bôl'-yk, *a.* exaggerating or extenuating beyond fact

Hyperborean, hý-pér-bô-ryân, *a.* northern [reasonable critic

Hypercritical, hý-pér-krit'-yk, *s.* an uncritical beyond use

Hyphen, hý-fén, *s.* a short line thus (-) between words or syllables

Hypochondriac, hýp-ô-kôh-dri'-yk, *s.* melancholy—*s.* one affected with melancholy, or disordered in the imagination [pretence

Hypocrisy, hýp-ôk'-rîs-y, *s.* dissimulation

Hypocrite, hýp-ô-krite, *s.* a dissembler in religion, &c.

Hypocritic, hýp-ô-krit'-yk, *a.* dissembling, insincere

Hypostasis, hý-pôst-âs'-sîs, *s.* a distinct substance, personality

Hypostatical, hý-pô-stât'-y-kâl, *a.* constitutive, distinct

Hypothenuse, hý-pôth-ê-nûse, *s.* longest side of a right angled triangle

Hypothesis, hý-pôth-ê-sîs, *s.* a system formed upon supposition

Hypothetic, hâ-pô-thêt'-yk, *a.* supposed, conditional

Hyson, hî-sôn, *s.* a species of fine tea

Hyssop, hîz-ôp, *s.* a sort of plant

Hysteric, hýs-tér'-yk, *a.* troubled with fits [women

Hysterics, hýs-tér'-yks, *s.* a peculiar state

Sounds.—hăt, hâte, hăll, liăr—mēt, desist, mē, hēr—chŭn, chine, field, shirt--

- Impassioned, ʼm-păsh-ând, *a.* seized with passion
 Impatient, ʼm-pă-shěnt, *a.* eager
 Impeach, ʼm-pě-tsh. *v. a.* to accuse by public authority
 Impeachment, ʼm-pětsh-ăn. *s.* an accusation or public charge
 Impearl, ʼm-pěr'l, *v. a.* to form like or decorate as with pearls
 Impede, ʼm-pě-de, *v. a.* to hinder, to obstruct [drance, obstruction]
 Impediment, ʼm-pěd-ʼy-měnt, *s.* hindrance
 Impel, ʼm-pěl', *v. a.* to urge forward, to press on
 Impellent, ʼm-pěl-lěnt, *s.* a power to drive forward [to be at hand]
 Impend, ʼm-pěnd'. *v. n.* to hang over
 Impendent, ʼm-pěn-děnt, *a.* hanging over or near
 Impenetrable, ʼm-pěn-ě-tréb', *a.* not to be pierced, not to be moved
 Impenitence, ʼm-pěn-ʼy-těns, *s.* obduracy, want of remorse for crimes
 Impenitent, ʼm-pěn-ʼy-těnt, *a.* obdurate
 Imperative, ʼm-pěr-ă-tiv, *a.* commanding
 Imperceptible, ʼm-pěr-sěp-tib'l, *a.* not to be discovered
 Imperfect, ʼm-pěr-fekt, *a.* defective
 Imperfection, ʼm-pěr-fěk-shŭn, *s.* a defect [pierced through]
 Imperforate, ʼm-pěr-fō-rět, *a.* not pierced
 Imperial, ʼm-pěr-ryăl, *a.* royal, belonging to an emperor
 Imperious, ʼm-pěr-ryăs, *a.* haughty, arrogant, lordly
 Imperishable, ʼm-pěr-sh-ěb'l, *a.* not to be destroyed
 Impersonal, ʼm-pěr-sôn-ăl, *a.* not varied according to the persons
 Impersuadable, ʼm-pěr-swă-sib'l, *a.* not to be persuaded
 Impertinence, ʼm-pěr-tŷ-něns, *s.* intrusion, what is foreign to the matter in hand
 Impertinent, ʼm-pěr-tŷ-něnt, *a.* intrusive, meddling
 Impervious, ʼm-pěr-vyŭs, *a.* unpassable
 Impetrate, ʼm-pě-trăte, *v. a.* to obtain by intreaty
 Impetuosity, ʼm-pěr-ă-ŭs-ŷt-ŷ, *s.* violence, fury, vehemence
 Impetuous, ʼm-pěr-ă-ŭs, *a.* violent, fierce, vehement [force]
 Impetus, ʼm-pě-tŷs, *s.* a violent effort
 Impiety, ʼm-pi-ě-tŷ, *s.* irreverence, wickedness
 Impinge, ʼm-pŭndăh', *v. n.* to fall or strike against, to clash
 Impious, ʼm-pyŭs, *a.* irreligious, wicked, profane
 Implacable, ʼm-plă-kéb'l, *a.* not to be pacified, inexorable
 Implant, ʼm-plănt', *v. a.* to infix, to insert, to ingraft
 Implausible, ʼm-plă-zŭb'l, *a.* absurd
 Implead, ʼm-plě-de, *v. a.* to sue, to prosecute [utencil]
 Implement, ʼm-plě-měnt, *s.* a tool, an implement
 Impletion, ʼm-plě-shŭn, *s.* the act of filling up
 Implicate, ʼm-plŷ-kâte, *v. a.* to entangle, to embarrass
 Implication, ʼm-plŷ-kă-shŭn, *s.* involution, a tacit inference
 Implicit, ʼm-plŷ-ŷt, *a.* involved, resting upon another, tacitly understood
 Implore, ʼm-plô-re, *v. a.* to ask, to beseech [prize]
 Imply, ʼm-plŷ', *v. a.* to include, to comprehend
 Impoison, ʼm-pô-zŭn, *v. a.* to corrupt with poison
 Impolitic, ʼm-pô-lŷ-tŷk, *a.* imprudent
 Imponderous, ʼm-pôn-děr-ŭs, *a.* light
 Import, ʼm-pôrt, *v. a.* to bring from abroad, to import
 Import, ʼm-pôrt, *s.* importance, things imported
 Importance, ʼm-pôr-těns, *s.* a matter, subject, consequence
 Important, ʼm-pôr-těnt, *a.* of consequence, momentous
 Importation, ʼm-pôr-tă-shŭn, *s.* the act of bringing from abroad
 Importunate, ʼm-pôr-tă-nět, *a.* incessant in solicitation
 Importune, ʼm-pôr-tă-ne, *v. a.* to tease, to molest—a troublesome
 Importunity, ʼm-pôr-tă-nŷ-tŷ, *s.* incessant solicitation
 Impose, ʼm-pô-ze, *v. a.* to enjoin as a duty, to deceive—*s.* a command, injunction
 Imposition, ʼm-pô-zŷsh-ŷn, *s.* the act of laying any thing on another, an injunction, an oppression, a cheat
 Impossible, ʼm-pô-sŷb'l, *a.* impracticable [practicability]
 Impossibility, ʼm-pô-sŷbŷl-ŷ-tŷ, *s.* impossibility
 Impost, ʼm-pôst, *s.* a tax, a toll
 Imposthumate, ʼm-pôst-tŷ-măte, *v. n.* to form an abscess
 Imposthume, ʼm-pôst-tŷ-măte, *s.* matter gathered in an abscess

shōt, nāte, lōse, actor—hūt, pūsh, mūte, fūr—trul'y, rye —thus, thick.

Impostor, Ym-pōs-tōr, *s.* one who cheats, a false pretender

Imposture, Ym-pōs-tūre, *s.* cheat, fraud

Impotence, Ym-pō-tēns, or Impotency, Ym-pō-tēn-sy, *s.* want of power, inability

Impotent, Ym-pō-tēnt, *a.* weak, feeble

Impoverish, Ym-pōv-ér-ysh, *v. a.* to make poor, to diminish

Impound, Ym-pōūnd, *v. a.* to shut up in a pinfold

Impracticable, Ym-prāk-ti-kēb'l, *a.* impossible [evil, to curse]

Imprecate, Ym-prē-kāte, *v. a.* to wish

Imprecation, Ym-prē-kā-shūn, *s.* an invocation of evil

Imprecatory, Ym-prē-kā-tōr-y, *a.* containing wishes of evil

Impregnability, Ym-prēg-nā-bil'y-ty, *s.* state of being impregnable

Impregnable, Ym-prēg-nēb'l, *a.* not to be taken, unmoved

Impregnate, Ym-prēg-nāte, *v. a.* to fill with young, to make prolific, to saturate

Impregnation, Ym-prēg-nā-shūn, *s.* the act of making prolific

Impress, Ym-prēs, *s.* a stamp or impression—*v. a.* to stamp, to fix deep, to force [be impressed]

Impressible, Ym-prēs-sib'l, *a.* that may impress

Impression, Ym-prēsh'ūn, *s.* the act of pressing one body upon another, a stamp, an edition, number printed, influence made on the mind

Impressive, Ym-prēs-sy, *a.* tending to impress, capable of influencing

Impressure, Ym-prēsh-ūre, *s.* a mark made by pressure [place]

Imprimis, Ym-prī-mīs, *ad.* in the first

Imprint, Ym-prīnt, *v. a.* to stamp or print, to fix on the mind

Imprison, Ym-prīzn, *v. a.* to shut up in a prison

Imprisonment, Ym-prīzn-ōn-mēnt, *s.* confinement, state of being imprisoned

Improbable, Ym-prōb-ēb'l, *a.* unlikely, incredible

Improper, Ym-prōp-ér, *a.* ill adapted, unqualified

Improperiate, Ym-prō-prī-āte, *v. a.* to convert to private use

Improprization, Ym-prō-prī-ā-shūn, *s.* church land in the hands of a layman

Improprator, Ym-prō-prī-ā-tōr, *s.* a layman that has the possession of church lands

Improve, Ym-prōv, *v. a.* to advance nearer to perfection—*n. n.* to grow better

Improvement, Ym-prōv-mēnt, *s.* the act of improving, instruction

Improvident, Ym-prōv-y-dēnt, *a.* wanting thought or care to provide

Imprudence, Ym-prū-dēns, *s.* inattention to interest, indiscretion

Impudence, Ym-pū-dēns, *s.* want of modesty [wanting modesty]

Impudent, Ym-pū-dēnt, *a.* shameless

Impugn, Ym-pūne, *v. a.* to attack, to assault

Impulse, Ym-ptils, *s.* a communicated force, influence, motive, idea

Impulsive, Ym-pūl-sy, *a.* having power to impel

Impunity, Ym-pū-nī-ty, *s.* exemption from punishment [purity]

Impure, Ym-pūre, *a.* drossy, void of

Impurple, Ym-pūrp'l, *v. a.* to colour as with purple

Imputable, Ym-pū-tēb'l, *a.* chargeable

Imputation, Ym-pū-tā-shūn, *s.* an accusation or charge

Imputative, Ym-pū-tā-tīv, *a.* capable of being imputed [to attribute]

Impute, Ym-pūte, *v. a.* to charge upon

In, Yn', *prep.* and *ad.* within, not out, among, &c.

Inability, Yn-y-bil'y-ty, *s.* impotence

Inaccessible, Yn-āk-sēs-sib'l, *a.* not to be approached [exactness]

Inaccuracy, Yn-āk-kū-rā-sy, *s.* want of

Inaccurate, Yn-āk-kū-rēt, *a.* not exact

Inaction, Yn-āk-shūn, *s.* a state of rest, idleness

Inactive, Yn-āk-tīv, *a.* indolent

Inactivity, Yn-āk-tīv-y-ty, *s.* idleness

Inadequate, Yn-ād-y-kwēt, *a.* defective

Inadequately, Yn-ād-y-kwēt-l'y, *ad.* defectively, not completely

Inadvertence, Yn-ād-vēr-tēns, *s.* carelessness, negligence

Inadvertent, Yn-ād-vēr-tēnt, *a.* careless

Inalienable, Yn-āl-yēn-āb'l, *a.* that cannot be alienated

Inamorato, Yn-ām-ō-rā-tō, *s.* a lover

Inane, Yn-āne, *a.* empty void

Inanimate, Yn-ān-y-mēt, *a.* without animation, dead [of body]

Inanition, Yn-ān-ysh'ūn, *s.* an emptiness

Inanity, Yn-ān-y-ty, *s.* emptiness, void [stomach or appetite]

Inappetency, Yn-āp-tēn-sy, *s.* want of

Sounds—hkt, hkte, häll, häll—mkt, döist, mé, hée—chün, chüne, field, shirt. —

- Inapplicable**, Yn-äp'-p'ly-kéb'l, *a.* not to be put to a peculiar use
Inapplication, Yn-äp'-p'ly-kä-shün, *s.* indolence, negligence
Inarticulate, Yn-är-tik'-ä-hkt, *a.* not uttered with distinctness
Inartificial, Yn-är-ti'-f'ah'-y, *a.* contrary to art [negligence, neglect]
Inattention, Yn-ät-tün'-shün, *a.* disregard, inattentive, Yn-ät-tün'-t'v, *a.* careless
Inaudible, Yn-ä'-sh'b'l, *a.* not to be heard
Inaugurate, Yn-ä'-g'-rite, *v. a.* to consecrate, to invest
Inauguration, Yn-ä'-gü'-rä'-shün, *s.* investiture by solemn rites
Inauspicious, Yn-ä'-p'äsh'-üs, *a.* unlucky
Inborn, Yn-b'örn, *a.* innate, implanted by nature
Inbred, Yn-bréd, *a.* bred or hatched within [hot]
Incalescent, Yn-kä-lés'-änt, *a.* growing
Incantation, Yn-kän-tä'-shün, *s.* enchantment
Incantatory, Yn-kän-tä'-tör'-y, *a.* dealing by enchantment
Incapable, Yn-kä'-péb'l, *a.* unable
Incapacious, Yn-kä'-pä'-shüs, *a.* narrow
Incapacitate, Yn-kä'-päs'-y-täte, *v. a.* to disable, to weaken
Incapacity, Yn-kä'-päs'-y-t'y, *s.* inability
Incarcerate, Yn-kä'-sér-äte, *v. a.* to imprison
Incarnate, Yn-kä'-r'n-nét, *a.* clothed or embodied in flesh
Incarnation, Yn-kä'-r'n'-shün, *s.* the act of assuming a body
Incautious, Yn-kä'-shüs, *a.* unwary
Incendiary, Yn-sén'-dyär'-y, *s.* one who sets houses or towns on fire, a sower of strife
Incense, Yn-séns, *s.* a perfume offered to images [earage, to provoke]
Incense, Yn-séns, *v. a.* to enkindle
Incentive, Yn-sént'-y, *s.* an incitement or motive—*a.* inciting
Inceptive, Yn-sép'-t'v, *a.* noting a beginning [continual]
Incessant, Yn-sés'-änt, *a.* unceasing
Incest, Yn-sést, *s.* nearly related in blood, criminal conjunction of persons
Incestuous, Yn-sés'-tù-üs, *a.* guilty of incest [foot]
Inch, Ynsh', *s.* the twelfth part of a
Inchoate, Yn-kö-äte, *v. a.* to begin
Inchoation, Yn-kö-ä'-shün, *s.* a beginning of any work
Incise, Yn-si'de, *v. a.* to cut into
Incidence, Yn-sy-déns, *s.* direction of one body to another
Incident, Yn-sy-dént, *a.* casual, fortuitous, occasional—*s.* a casualty, an event
Incidental, Yn-sy-dén'-täl, *a.* incident, casual [commencing]
Incipient, Yn-sy'-yént, *a.* beginning
Incision, Yn-sizh'-ün, *s.* a cut, a wound made
Incitation, Yn-sy-tä'-shün, *s.* an incitement, motive [on]
Incite, Yn-si'te, *v. a.* to stir up, to urge
Incivility, Yn-siv-il'-y-y, *s.* want of courtesy, rudeness
Inclemency, Yn-klém'-én-sy, *s.* cruelty
Inclement, Yn-klém'-ént, *a.* harsh
Inclinable, Yn-klf'-néb'l, *a.* having a tendency
Inclination, Yn-klf'-nä'-shün, *s.* tendency to a point, propensity of mind
Incline, Yn-kl'inc, *v. n.* to bend, to tend towards any part—*v. a.* to give a tendency or direction to
Incloister, Yn-klö's-tér, *v. a.* to shut up in a cloister
Inclose, Yn-klö'ze, *v. a.* to surround, to shut in [ced in]
Inclosure, Yn-klö'zh-ure, *s.* ground fenced
Include, Yn-klü'de, *v. a.* to enclose, to comprise
Inclusive, Yn-klü'-siv, *a.* comprehending, enclosing
Incog, Yn-kög', *ad.* unknown, in private
Incognito, Yn-kög'-nif-tö, *ad.* in a state of concealment
Incoherence, Yn-kö-hé-réns, *s.* want of connection, incongruity
Incoherent, Yn-kö-hé'-rént, *a.* inconsequent [to be consumed by fire]
Incombustible, Yn-köm-büs'-t'v'l, *a.* not
Income, Yn-köm, *s.* revenue, profit
Incommensurable, Yn-köm-mén-sä-réb'l, *a.* not to be reduced to measure
Incommode, Yn-köm-mö'de, *v. a.* to hinder or embarrass
Incommodious, Yn-köm-mö'dyüs, *a.* inconvenient, vexatious
Incommunicable, Yn-köm-mä'-n'y-kéb'l, *a.* not impartable, not to be told
Incompact, Yn-köm-päkt', *a.* not joined
Incomparable, Yn-köm-pä-réb'l, *a.* excellent above compare
Incompatible, Yn-köm-pä'-t'v'l, *a.* inconsistent with something else
Incompetency, Yn-köm-pä-t'v'l, *s.* inability

shôt, nôte, lâse, actor—hîtt, pash, mâte, fur—truly, rye — thus, thick

- Incompetent, Yn-kôm'-pê-tênt, *a.* not suitable, not adequate
 Incomplete, Yn-kôm-plê'te, *a.* not perfect
 Incompliance, Yn-kôm-plî'-êns, *s.* untractableness, impracticableness
 Incomprehensible, Yn-kôm-prê-hên-sîb'l, *a.* not to be conceived
 Incomprehensibleness, Yn-kôm-prê-hên-sîb'l-nês, *s.* unconceivableness
 Incompressible, Yn-kôm-prês-sîb'l, *a.* not capable of being compressed into less space [be conceived]
 Inconceivable, Yn-kôn-sê'-véb'l, *a.* not to
 Inconclusive, Yn-kôn-klû'-sîv, *a.* not exhibiting cogent evidence
 Inconclusiveness, Yn-kôn-klû'-sîv-nês, *s.* want of rational coereny
 Inconditional, Yn-kôn-dîsh'-ôn-kl, *or* Inconditionate, Yn-kôn-dîsh'-ôn-ê't, *a.* not limited
 Inconformity, Yn-kôn-fôr'-mî-tî, *s.* inconpliance
 Incongruence, Yn-kôn-grû'-êns, *or* Incongruity, Yn-kôn-grû'-î-tî, *s.* inconsistency, absurdity, disagreement
 Incongruous, in-kôn-grû'-ús, *a.* not fitting
 Inconsequence, Yn-kôn-sê'-kwêns, *s.* inconclusiveness, want of just inference [out just conclusion]
 Inconsequent, Yn-kôn-sê'-kwênt, *a.* with-
 Inconsiderable, Yn-kôn-sîd'-êr-êb'l, *a.* unworthy of notice
 Inconsiderableness, Yn-kôn-sîd'-êr-êb'l-nês, *s.* small importance [less]
 Inconsiderate, Yn-kôn-sîd'-êr-ê't, *a.* care-
 Inconsiderateness, Yn-kôn-sîd'-êr-ê't-nês, *or* Inconsideration, Yn-kôn-sîd'-êr-ê'-shûn, *s.* want of thought, inattention
 Inconsistency, Yn-kôn-sîs'-tên-sî, *s.* disagreement, absurdity
 Inconsistent, Yn-kôn-sîs'-tênt, *a.* absurd
 Insoluble, Yn-kôn-sô-lêb'l, *a.* not to be comforted, sorrowful
 Insuperfuous, Yn-kôn-sîp'-û-ús, *a.* indiscernible, no perceptible
 Inconstancy, Yn-kôn'stân-sî, *s.* unsteadiness
 Inconstant, Yn-kôn'stânt, *a.* not firm
 Incontestible, Yn-kôn-tês'-têb'l, *a.* not to be disputed
 Incontiguous, Yn-kôn-tîg'-û-ús, *a.* not touching each other
 Incontinence, Yn-kôn-tî-nêns, *s.* intemperance
 Incontinent, Yn-kôn-tî-nênt, *a.* unchaste
- Incontrovertible, Yn-kôn-trô-rêrt'-îb'l, *a.* indisputable
 Inconvenient, Yn-kôn-vê'-yênt, *a.* unfit
 Inconversible, Yn-kôn-vêr'-sêb'l, *a.* unsocial [transmutable]
 Inconvertible, Yn-kôn-vêr'-tîb'l, *a.* not
 Incorporal, Yn-kôr'-pô-râl, *or* Incorporal, Yn-kôr'-pô-ryâl, *a.* immaterial, distinct from body
 Incorporate, Yn-kôr'-pô-râ'te, *v. a.* to form into one body, to mix, to unite to a society [terial, unbodied]
 Incorporeal, Yn-kôr'-pô-ryâl, *a.* immaterial
 Incorrect, Yn-kôr'-rêkt', *a.* not exact
 Incorrectness, Yn-kôr'-rêkt'-nês, *s.* inaccuracy, want of exactness
 Incorrigible, Yn-kôr'-rî-dahîb'l, *a.* bad beyond correcting, depraved
 Incorrigibleness, Yn-kôr'-rî-dahîb'l-nês, *s.* hopeless depravity
 Incorrupt, Yn-kôr'-rûpt', *a.* honest
 Incorruptible, Yn-kôr'-rûp'-tîb'l, *a.* not capable of corruption
 Incorruption, Yn-kôr'-rûp'-shûn, *s.* incapacity of corruption
 Incrassate, Yn-krâs'-sâ'te, *v. a.* to thicken
 Incrassation, Yn-krâs'-sâ'-shûn, *s.* the act of thickening [augmentation]
 Increase, Yn-kre'-se, *v. n.* to grow—
 Incredibility, Yn-kred'-î-bîl'-î-tî, *s.* the quality of surpassing belief [dited]
 Incredible, Yn-kred'-îb'l, *a.* not to be credited
 Incredulity, Yn-kre'-dû-lî-tî, *s.* hardness of belief
 Incredulous, Yn-kred'-û-lûs, *a.* hard of belief, refusing credit
 Increment, Yn-kre'-mênt, *s.* produce
 Increation, Yn-kre'-pâ'-shûn, *s.* chiding
 Incrust, Yn-krûst', *v. a.* to cover with an additional coat
 Incrustation, Yn-krûs'-tâ'-shûn, *s.* something superinduced
 Incubate, Yn-kû'-bâ'te, *v. n.* to hatch
 Incubation, Yn-kû'-bâ'-shûn, *s.* the act of sitting upon eggs to hatch
 Incubus, Yn-kû'-bûs, *s.* the nightmare
 Inculcate, Yn-kûl' kâ'te, *v. a.* to instruct
 Inculcation, Yn-kûl'-kâ'-shûn, *s.* the act of instructing
 Inculpable, Yn-kûl'-pêb'l, *a.* free from fault or blame
 Incumbent, Yn-kûm'-bênt, *a.* resting upon, imposing as a duty—*s.* the possessor of a benefice
 Incur, Yn-kûr', *v. a.* to become liable
 Incurable, Yn-kû'-rêb'l, *a.* hopeless

Sounds—hät, häto, häll, liär—mēt, dēsist, mē, hēr—chün, chine, ffield, shirt. —

Incurious, *Yn-kū-ryū*, *a. negligent, void of care*

IncurSION, *Yn-kūr-shūn*, *s. an attack*

Incurviate, *Yn-kūr-vāte*, *v. a. to bend*

Incurvity, *Yn-kūr-vi-tŷ*, *s. bending*

Indagate, *Yn-dŷ-gāte*, *v. a. to search, to examine* [to, or in debt

Indebted, *Yn-dēt-ēd*, *part. a. obliged*

Indecency, *Yn-dē-sēn-sŷ*, *a. any thing contrary to good manners*

Indecent, *Yn-dē-sēnt*, *a. obscene*

Indeclinable, *Yn-dē-klŷ-néb'l*, *a. not varied by terminations*

Indecorous, *Yn-dē-kō-rūs*, *a. indecent*

Indecorum, *Yn-dē-kō-rūm*, *s. indecency*

Indeed, *Yn-dē-de*, *adv. in reality*

Indefatigable, *Yn-dē-fāt-ŷ-géb'l*, *a. unwearyed, not tired*

Indefeasible, *Yn-dē-fē-zŷb'l*, *a. not to be cut off, not to be vacated*

Indefensible, *Yn-dē-fēn-sŷb'l*, *a. what cannot be defended*

Indefinite, *Yn-dēf-ŷn-ŷt*, *a. unlimited*

Indeliberate, *Yn-dē-lŷb-ér-ēt*, *a. rash*

Indelible, *Yn-dēl-ŷb'l*, *a. not to be effaced* [proper decency

Indelicacy, *Yn-dēl-ŷ-kā-sŷ*, *s. want of*

Indelicate, *Yn-dēl-ŷ-kēt*, *n. rude, gross*

Indemnify, *Yn-dēm-nŷ-fŷ*, *v. a. to secure against loss or penalty*

Indemnity, *Yn-dēm-nŷ-tŷ*, *s. security from punishment*

Indent, *Yn-dēnt*, *v. a. to scollop*

Indentation, *Yn-dēn-tā-shūn*, *s. indentation, inequality* [or deed

Indenture, *Yn-dēn-tūre*, *s. a covenant*

Independence, *Yn-dē-pēn-dēns*, *or*

Independency, *Yn-dē-pēn-dēn-cŷ*, *s. freedom, exemption from controul*

Independent, *Yn-dē-pēn-dēnt*, *a. free—*

s. one who in religious affairs holds that every congregation is a complete church [to be destroyed

Indestructible, *Yn-dē-strŷk-ŷb'l*, *a. not*

Indeterminable, *Yn-dē-tēr-mŷ-néb'l*, *a. not to be fixed, not to be defined*

Indeterminate, *Yn-dē-tēr-mŷ-nēt*, *a. unfixed*

Indevotion, *Yn-dē-vŷ-shūn*, *s. want of devotion, irreligion*

Indevout, *Yn-dē-vŷūt*, *a. not devout*

Index, *Yn-dēks*, *s. the pointer out, the hand that points to any thing, the table of contents to a book*

Indicant, *Yn-dŷ-kēnt*, *a. showing*

Indicate, *Yn-dŷ-kāte*, *v. a. to show*

Indication, *Yn-dŷ-kā-shŷn*, *s. mark*

Indicative, *Yn-dŷk-ŷ-tŷv*, *a. pointing out, in grammar a modification of a verb expressing affirmation* [charge

Indict, *Yn-dŷte*, *v. a. to accuse, to*

Indictable, *Yn-dŷt-éb'l*, *a. liable to be indicted*

Indiction, *Yn-dŷk-shŷn*, *s. declaration, proclamation, an epocha of the Roman calendar instituted by Constantine the Great*

Indictment, *Yn-dŷte-mēnt*, *s. accusation in a court of justice*

Indifference, *Yn-dŷf-fēr-ēns*, *s. negligence, disinterestedness*

Indifferent, *Yn-dŷf-fēr-ēt*, *a. neutral*

Indigence, *Yn-dŷ-dzhēns*, *s. want*

Indigenous, *Yn-dŷdzh-ē-nūs*, *a. native to a country*

Indigent, *Yn-dŷ-dzhēnt*, *a. poor*

Indigested, *Yn-dŷ-dzhēst-ēd*, *a. not*

formed, not digested

Indigestion, *Yn-dŷ-dzhēsh-tŷn*, *s. want of digestion, the state of meats uncooked*

Indignation, *Yn-dŷ-dah-ŷ-tā-shŷn*, *s. the act of pointing out or showing*

Indignant, *Yn-dŷg-nēnt*, *a. angry*

Indignation, *Yn-dŷg-nā-shŷn*, *s. anger mingled with contempt or disgust*

Indignity, *Yn-dŷg-nŷ-tŷ*, *s. contumely*

Indigo, *Yn-dŷ-gō*, *s. a plant for dying a blue colour*

Indirect, *Yn-dŷ-rēkt*, *a. not straight*

Indiscernible, *Yn-dŷz-ēr-nŷb'l*, *a. not perceptible*

Indiscreet, *Yn-dŷs-krēte*, *a. imprudent*

Indiscretion, *Yn-dŷs-krēsh-tŷn*, *s. imprudence, rashness*

Indiscriminate, *Yn-dŷs-krŷm-ŷn-ēt*, *a. undistinguishable, confused*

Indispensable, *Yn-dŷs-pēn-sēb'l*, *a. not to be spared, necessary*

Indispose, *Yn-dŷs-pōze*, *v. a. to disorder*

Indisposition, *Yn-dŷs-pō-zŷsh-tŷn*, *s. disorder of health*

Indisputable, *Yn-dŷs-pŷ-tēb'l*, *a. uncontroversible, incontestible*

Indissoluble, *Yn-dŷz-zŷl-vēb'l*, *a. indissoluble, not to be broken*

Indissoluble, *Yn-dŷs-sŷ-lŷb'l*, *a. firm*

Indistinct, *Yn-dŷs-tŷngkt*, *a. confused*

Indistinguishable, *Yn-dŷs-tŷng-gŷŷsh-éb'l*, *a. which cannot be distinguished*

Indite, *Yn-dŷte*, *v. u. to compose, to draw up*

Individual, *Yn-dŷ-vŷd-ŷŷl*, *a. not to be divided—s. every single person*

shōt, nōte, lōse, actōr—hūt, pūsh, mâte, fūr—truly, rye—thus, thick.

Indivisible, *Yn-dīv-yz-yb'l*, *a.* what cannot be broken into parts
Indocible, *Yn-dōs-yb'l*, or **Indocil**, *Yn-dōs'yl*, *a.* unteachable
Indocility, *Yn-dō-sil-y-t'y*, *s.* unteachableness, refusal of instruction
Indolence, *Yn-dō-lēns*, *s.* laziness
Indolent, *Yn-dō-lēnt*, *a.* lazy
Indorse, *Yn-dō'rs*, *v. a.* to write on the back
Inedraught, *Yn-drēft*, *s.* an inlet
Indrench, *Yn-drēnsh*, *v. a.* to soak
Indubitable, *Yn-dū-b'tēb'l*, *a.* certain
Induce, *Yn-dū'se*, *v. a.* to persuade
Inducement, *Yn-dū'se-mēnt*, *s.* motive to any thing
Induct, *Yn-dūkt'*, *v. a.* to introduce, to put in possession of a benefice
Induction, *Yn-dūk-shūn*, *s.* a taking possession [gratify
Indulge, *Yn-dūldzh'*, *v. a.* to fondle, to
Indulgence, *Yn-dūl'-dzhēns*, *s.* fondness
Indulgent, *Yn-dūl'-dzhēnt*, *a.* kind
Indurate, *Yn-dū-ā'te*, *v. a.* to harden
Induration, *Yn-dū ā shūn*, *s.* the act of hardening
Industrious, *Yn-dūs-tryūs*, *a.* diligent
Industry, *Yn-dūs-try*, *s.* diligence
Inebriate, *Yn-ē-brī āte*, *v. a.* to intoxicate
Inedited, *Yn-ēd-yt-ēd*, *a.* unpublished
Ineffable, *Yn-ēf'-fēb'l*, *a.* unspeakable
Ineffective, *Yn-ēf-fēk'-tīv*, *a.* that which can produce no effect
Ineffectual, *Yn-ēf-fēk'-tū-āl*, *a.* weak
Inefficacy, *Yn-ēf-f-y-kā-s'y*, *s.* want of power [gance
Inelegance, *Yn-ēl'-ē-gēns*, *s.* want of elegance
Inelegant, *Yn-ēl'-ē-gēnt*, *a.* mean
Ineptitude, *Yn-ēp'-t'y-tūde*, *s.* unfitness
Inequality, *Yn-ē-kwāl'-y-t'y*, *s.* unevenness
Inert, *Yn-ērt'*, *a.* dull, sluggish
Inestimable, *Yn-ēs'-tī-nēb'l*, *a.* invaluable
Inevident, *Yn-ēv'-y-tēnt*, *a.* not plain
Inevitable, *Yn-ēv'-y-tēb'l*, *a.* certain
Inexcusable, *Yn-ēks-kū-sēb'l*, *a.* not to be excused [cannot evaporate
Inexhalable, *Yn-ēks-hā'-lēb'l*, *a.* that which
Inexhaustible, *Yn-ēks-hās'-tīb'l*, *a.* not to be spent [moved by intreaty
Inexorable, *Yn-ēks-ō-rēb'l*, *a.* not to be
Inexpedience, *Yn-ēks-pē-dyēns*, *s.* want of fitness
Inexpedient, *Yn-ēks-pē-dyēnt*, *a.* unfit
Inexperience, *Yn-ēks-pē-ryēns*, *s.* want of experimental knowledge
Inexpert, *Yn-ēks-pērt*, *a.* unskilful

Inexpiable, *Yn-ēks-pī-ēb'l*, *a.* not to be atoned [ble of being explained
Inexplicable, *Yn-ēks-pī-kēb'l*, *a.* incapable
Inexpressible, *Yn-ēks-prēs-syb'l*, *a.* not to be described [ēb'l, *a.* unquenchable
Inextinguishable, *Yn-ēk'-stīng-gw'ish-*
Inextricable, *Yn-ēks-trī-kēb'l*, *a.* not to be disentangled
Infallibility, *Yn-fāl-l'y-bīl'-y-t'y*, *s.* inerrability [mistake
Infallible, *Yn-fāl lyb'l*, *a.* incapable of
Infamous, *Yn-fā-mūs*, *a.* base, vile
Infamy, *Yn-fā-my*, *s.* notoriety of bad character [life
Infancy, *Yn-fēn-s'y*, *s.* the first part of
Infant, *Yn-fēnt*, *s.* a child under seven years of age
Infanta, *Yn-fān'-tā*, *s.* a Spanish princess
Infantile, *Yn-fān-tile*, *a.* pertaining to an infant [of an army
Infantry, *Yn-fān-tr'y*, *s.* the foot soldiers
Infatuate, *Yn-fāt'-ū-āte*, *v. a.* to bewitch
Infatuation, *Yn-fāt-ū-ā-shūn*, *s.* deprivation of reason
Infect, *Yn-fēkt'*, *v. a.* to taint
Infection, *Yn-fēk-shūn*, *s.* contagion
Infectious, *Yn-fēk-shūs*, *a.* contagious
Infelicity, *Yn-fē-lis'-y-y*, *s.* misery, calamity
Infelicitous, *Yn-fēl'-y-y*, *v. a.* to unite to the foe
Infer, *Yn-fēr'*, *v. a.* to induce
Inference, *Yn-fē-rēns*, *s.* conclusion drawn from previous arguments
Inferior, *Yn-fē-ryōr*, *s.* lower in place
Inferiority, *Yn-fē-ryōr'-y-t'y*, *s.* lower state of dignity or value
Infernal, *Yn-fēr'-nāl*, *a.* hellish
Infertile, *Yn-fēr'-tīl*, *a.* unfruitful
Infest, *Yn-fēst'*, *v. a.* to disturb
Infidel, *Yn-fī-dēl*, *s.* an unbeliever
Infidelity, *Yn-fī-dēl'-y-t'y*, *s.* want of faith
Infinite, *Yn-fī-nīt*, *a.* unbounded
Infinitive, *Yn-fīn'-y-t'y*, *s.* a mood in grammar
Infinitude, *Yn-fīn'-y-tūde*, *s.* infinity
Infinity, *Yn-fīn'-y-t'y*, *s.* immensity
Infirm, *Yn-fīrm'*, *a.* weak, feeble
Infirmity, *Yn-fīr'-mā-r'y*, *s.* lodgings for the sick [ing, malady
Infirmity, *Yn-fīr'-mā-r'y*, *s.* weakness, fall-
Inflame, *Yn-flā-me*, *v. a.* to kindle, to set one fire, to provoke
Inflammability, *Yn-flām-mā-bīl'-y-t'y*, *s.* quality of catching fire
Inflammable, *Yn-flām-mēb'l*, *a.* easy to be inflamed

Sounds—hāt, hāte, hāl, liār—met, dést, mé, hér—chín, chine, field, shūt.—

- Inflammation**, Yn-fām-mā-shūn, *s.* the act of inflaming, state of being inflamed
- Inflammatory**, Yn-fām-mā-tōr-y, *a.* having power to inflame
- Inflate**, Yn-fāt, *v. n.* to swell or puff up with wind
- Inflation**, Yn-fāt-shūn, *s.* the state of being swelled with wind, flatulence
- Inflect**, Yn-flek't, *v. a.* to crook, to bend, to turn, to vary [ing]
- Inflection**, Yn-flek'-shūn, *s.* act of inflecting
- Inflective**, Yn-flek'-tīv, *a.* having the power of inflecting [terable]
- Inflexible**, Yn-fleks'-éb'l, *a.* stiff, unal-
- Inflict**, Yn-flikt, *v. a.* to put in act or impose as a punishment
- Infliction**, Yn-flik'-shūn, *s.* the act of inflicting punishment [to inflict]
- Inflictive**, Yn-flik'-tīv, *a.* tending or able
- Influence**, Yn-fli-éns, *s.* an ascendant power, sway, bias—*v. a.* to act upon with impulsive power, to bias
- Influent**, Yn-fli-ént, *a.* flowing into
- Influentia**, Yn-fli-én'-shāl, *a.* exerting influence or power [disease]
- Influenza**, Yn-fli-én'-zá, *s.* an epidemic
- Influx**, Yn-fliks, *s.* the act of flowing in, infusion [leaves]
- Infoliate**, Yn-fō-lyāte, *v. a.* to cover with
- Inform**, Yn-fōrm, *v. a.* to animate, to instruct, to acquaint—*v. n.* to give intelligence [form]
- Informal**, Yn-fōr-māl, *a.* not in due
- Informality**, Yn-fōr-māl'-tīty, *s.* want or due form [forms]
- Informant**, Yn-fōr-in-ént, *s.* one who informs
- Information**, Yn-fōr-mā-shūn, *s.* intelligence, instruction, accusation
- Infract**, Yn-frakt, *v. a.* to break in pieces
- Infraction**, Yn-frakt'-shūn, *s.* the act of breaking, violation
- Infringe**, Yn-frindzh, *v. a.* to violate, to break a contract
- Infuriate**, Yn-fū-ryét, *a.* enraged, raging
- Intuscation**, Yn-fūs-kā-clūn, *s.* the act of making dark
- Infuse**, Yn-fū'se, *v. a.* to pour in, to instil, to steep, to tincture, to inspire with [infused, not fusible]
- Infusible**, Yn-fū-zīb'l, *a.* impossible to be
- Infusion**, Yn-fū-zhūn, *s.* the act of infusing, liquor made by infusion
- Infusive**, Yn-fū-siv, *a.* having the power of infusion, or of being infused
- Ingathering**, Yn-gāth'-er-ing, *s.* the getting in the harvest
- Ingeminate**, Yn-dzēm'-in-āte, *v. a.* to double, to repeat
- Ingenerate**, Yn-dzhén'-ér-ét, or **Ingenerated**, Yn-dzhén'-ér-ā-téd, *a.* unbegotten [tive]
- Ingenuous**, Yn-dzhé'-nyūs, *a.* witty, inventive
- Ingenuity**, Yn-dzhé-nū-y-tī, *s.* invention, genius, subtilty, candour
- Ingenuous**, Yn-dzhén'-ū-ús, *a.* open, fair, generous, noble [the stomach]
- Ingest**, Yn-dzhést, *v. a.* to throw into
- Inglorious**, Yn-glō'-ryūs, *a.* dishonourable, mean
- Ingot**, Yn'-göt, *s.* a wedge of gold or silver, &c.
- Ingraft**, Yn-grāft, *v. a.* to plant the sprig of one tree in the stock of another, to fix deep
- Ingrate**, Yn-grāte, *a.* ungrateful
- Ingratiate**, Yn-grā'-shyāte, *v. a.* to get into favour, &c. [fulness]
- Ingratitude**, Yn-grāt'-y-tūde, *s.* unthank-
- Ingredient**, Yn-gré-dyént, *s.* a component part [entrance]
- Ingress**, Yn'-grés, *s.* entrance, power of
- Ingression**, Yn-grësh-tūn, *s.* the act of entering [a gulf]
- Ingulph**, Yn-gūlf, *v. a.* to swallow up
- Inguinal**, Yn'-gwīn-āl, *a.* belonging to the groin
- Ingulph**, Yn-gūlf, *v. a.* to swallow up in, or cast into a gulph
- Ingurgitate**, Yn-gūr-dzhī-tāte, *v. a.* to swallow greedily
- Inhabit**, Yn-hāb'-it, *v. a.* to dwell in
- Inhabitable**, Yn-hāb'-y-téb'l, *a.* that may be inhabited
- Inhabitant**, Yn-hāb'-y-tént, *s.* a dweller
- Inhale**, Yn-hāl'e, *v. a.* to draw in with air, to inspire [musical]
- Inharmonious**, Yn-hār-mōn'-yūs, *a.* un-
- Inherent**, Yn-hér-ént, *a.* existing in something else, innate, inborn
- Inherit**, Yn-hér'-it, *v. a.* to receive or possess by inheritance
- Inheritance**, Yn-hér'-it-éns, *s.* hereditary possession, patrimony
- Inheritor**, Yn-hér'-it-ór, *s.* an heir
- Inhibit**, Yn-hīb'-it, *v. a.* to restrain
- Inhibition**, Yn-hīb'-ish-tūn, *s.* prohibition
- Inhold**, Yn-hōld, *v. a.* to contain in itself [to strangers]
- Inhospitable**, Yn-hōs'-p'y-téb'l, *a.* unkind
- Inhuman**, Yn-hū-mān, *a.* barbarous
- Inhumanity**, Yn-hū-mān'-y-tī, *s.* cruelty
- Inhumate**, Yn-hū-māte, or **Inhume**, Yn-hūme, *v. a.* to bury, to inter

sh'it, nôte, lôse, actor—hût, pûsh, mûte, fûr,—truly, r'je—thus, thick.

Inject, Yn-dan'êkt', *v. a.* to dart in
Injection, Yn-dzhêkt'-shûn, *s.* the act of casting in [trary, repugnant]
Inimical, Yn-Ym'-y-k'âl, *a.* hostile, incompatible, Yn-Ym'-y-téb'l, *a.* not to be copied
Iniquitous, Yn-Yk'-w'î-tûs, *a.* wicked
Iniquity, Yn-Yk'-w'î-t'y, *s.* injustice, sin
Initial, Yn-Ysh'-yâl, *a.* placed at the beginning [instruct]
Initiate, Yn-Ysh'-yâte, *v. a.* to enter, to adjudicial, Yn-dzhû-dîshl'-âl, *a.* not according to form of law [judgment]
Injudicious, Yn-dzhû-dîsh'-ûs, *s.* void of
Injunction, Yn-dzhûngk'-shûn, *s.* an order
Injure, Yn-dzhûr, *v. a.* to annoy
Injurious, Yn-dzhû-ryûs, *a.* unjust
Injury, Yn-dzhûr-y, *s.* mischief
Injustice, Yn-dzhûs'-t'y, *s.* iniquity
Ink, Yngk', *s.* the black liquor with which we write
Inkhorn, Yngk'-hörn, *s.* a portable case of writing instruments
Inkle, Yngk'l, *s.* a narrow fillet, a tape
Inkling, Yngk'-ling, *s.* a hint, a whisper
Inky, Yngk'-y, *a.* consisting of ink, black
Inlaid, Yn-lâde, *a.* inserted into a different substance, variegated
Inland, Yn-lând, *a.* interior
Inlay, Yn-lâ, *v. a.* to variegat
Inlaw, Yn-lâ, *v. a.* to clear of outlawry
Inlet, Yn-lêt, *s.* place of ingress
Inmate, Yn-mâte, *s.* an in-dweller
Inmost, Yn-môst, *a.* remotest, deepest
Inn, Yn', *s.* house of entertainment for travellers, college for students at law
Innate, Yn-nâte, *a.* inborn
Inner, Yn-nér, *a.* not outward
Innholder, Yn-hôl-dér, *or* Innkeeper, Yn-kê-pér, *s.* one who keeps lodgings and provisions for travellers
Innocence, Yn-nô-sens, *s.* purity
Innocent, Yn-nô-sênt, *a.* pure, harmless
Innocuous, Yn-nôk'-ûs, *a.* harmless in effects
Innovate, Yn-nô-vâte, *v. a.* to introduce novelties
Innovation, Yn-nô-vâ-shûn, *s.* the introduction of novelty
Innovator, Yn-nô-vâ-tôr, *s.* one who introduces novelties
Inuendo, Yn-û-ên-dû, *s.* an oblique hint
Innumerable, Yn-nû-mér-êb'l, *a.* not to be numbered
Inoculate, Yn-ôk'-û-lâte, *v. n.* to insert a bud or matter of infection—*v. a.* to affect by inoculation

Inoculation, Yn-ôk'-û-lâ-shûn, *s.* insertion of matter of infection
Inoffensive, Yn-ôf-fên-siv, *a.* harmless, innocent [sudden]
Inopinate, Yn-ôp'-y-nêt, *a.* not expected
Inordinate, Yn-ôr-dy-nêt, *a.* irregular, disorderly [by contact]
Inosculate, Yn-ôs-kû-lâte, *v. n.* to unite
Inosculat, Yn-ôs-kû-lâ-shûn, *s.* an union, a kiss [a jury]
Inquest, Yn-kwêst, *s.* a judicial inquiry
Inquietude, Yn-kwî-ê-tûde, *s.* want of quiet, uneasiness
Inquire, Yn-kwîr, *v. n.* to ask questions, to make search or examination—*v. a.* to ask, to seek out
Inquiry, Yn-kwîr'-y, *s.* an examination, a search
Inquisition, Yn-kwîr'-sh'-ûn, *s.* judicial inquiry, court to detect heresy
Inquisitive, Yn-kwîr'-y-t-y, *a.* curious
Inquisitor, Yn-kwîr'-y-t-ôr, *s.* a judge in the court of inquisition
Inroad, Yn-rôde, *s.* incursion
Insane, Yn-sâ'ne, *a.* mad, making mad
Insanity, Yn-sân'-y-t'y, *s.* madness
Insatiable, Yn-sâ-shêb'l, *a.* not to be satisfied [fied, greedy]
Insatiate, Yn-sâ-shyâte, *a.* never satisfied
Inscribe, Yn-skribe, *v. a.* to dedicate
Inscription, Yn-skrip'-shûn, *s.* a title, something written or engraved
Inscrutable, Yn-skrit'-téb'l, *a.* unsearchable [flying animal]
Insect, Yn-sêkt, *s.* a small creeping or
Insection, Yn-sêk'-shûn, *s.* a cutting into
Insecure, Yn-sê-kû'c, *a.* not secure
Insecurity, Yn-sê-kû'-r'y-t'y, *s.* danger
Insensate, Yn-sên-sêt, *a.* stupid
Insensibility, Yn-sên-sib'l'-y-t'y, *s.* stupidity
Insensible, Yn-sên-sib'l, *a.* void of sense
Inseparable, Yn-sép'-âr-êb'l, *a.* not to be disjoined [amongst other things]
Insert, Yn-sért', *v. a.* to place in or
Insertion, Yn-sér'-shûn, *s.* the act of inserting, the thing inserted
Inservient, Yn-sér'-vyênt, *a.* conducive
Inshrine, Yn-shrîne, *v. a.* to enclose in a shrine
Inside, Yn-side, *s.* the interior part
Insidious, Yn-sîd'-yûs, *a.* treacherous
Insight, Yn-sîte, *s.* inspection (less)
Insignificant, Yn-sîe-nîf'-y-kênt, *a.* worthless
Insincere, Yn-sîn-sê're, *a.* unfathful
Insincerity, Yn-sîn-sér'-y-t'y, *s.* dissimulation


~~~~~  
*Sounds*—hkt, hâte, hâll, liâr—mêt, mè, hér—chûn, chine, f field, shirt. —  
 ~~~~~

- Insinuant**, Yn-sîn'-û-ént, *a.* able to gain favour
Insinuate, Yn-sîn'-û-âle, *v. a.* to instil, to hint
Insinuation, Yn-sîn'-û-â'-shûn, *s.* the act of pleasing, a stealing upon the affections, a hint
Inspid, Yn-sîp'-îd, *a.* without taste
Inspidity, Yn-sîp'-îd'-î-tý, *a.* want of taste
Inspience, Yn-sîp'-yéns, *s.* folly
Insist, Yn-sîst', *v. n.* to persist in
Insnares, Yn-sná'-re, *v. a.* to intrap
Insociable, Yn-sô'-ahébl', *a.* averse from conversation [to the sun
Insolation, Yn-sô'-lâ'-shûn, *s.* exposition
Insolence, Yn-sô'-lêns, *s.* insulting pride, contempt of others
Insolent, Yn-sô'-lênt, *a.* haughty
Insoluble, Yn-sô'-lêb'l', *a.* that cannot be paid [solved or separated
Insoluble, Yn-sô'-lêb'l', *a.* not to be dissolved
Insolvency, Yn-sô'-lêv'-sý, *s.* inability to pay debts
Insolvent, Yn-sô'-lêv'-ént, *a.* unable to pay
Insomuch, Yn-sô'-insh', *conj.* so that
Inspect, Yn-spêkt', *v. a.* to superintend
Inspection, Yn-spêk'-shûn, *s.* close survey [tendant
Inspector, Yn-spêk'-tór, *s.* a superin-
Inspersion, Yn-spér'-shûn, *s.* a sprinkling
Inspiration, Yn-spi-râ'-shûn, *s.* the act of drawing in the breath, an heavenly impulse or suggestion
Inspire, Yn-spîr'-it, *v. a.* to breathe
Inspire, Yn-spîr'-it, *v. a.* to animate
Inspissate, Yn-spîs'-sâte, *v. a.* to thicken
Inspissation, Yn-spîs'-sâ'-shûn, *s.* the act of making any liquid thick
Instability, Yn-stâ-bîl'-it-y, *s.* inconstancy
Instable, Yn-stâb'l', *a.* inconstant
Install, Yn-stâl', *v. a.* to invest
Installation, Yn-stâl'-lâ'-shûn, *s.* the act of giving visible possession
Installation, Yn-stâl'-mênt, *s.* the act of installing
Instance, Yn-stâns, *s.* importunity, solicitation, motive, influence
Instant, Yn-stânt, *a.* pressing, urgent—
s. the pre-ent month [in an instant
Instantaneous, Yn-stân-tâ'-nyûs, *a.* done instantly
Instantly, Yn-stênt'-ly, *ad.* speedily, immediately
Invest, Yn-stâ'te, *v. a.* to invest
Restoration, Yn-stâ-râ'-shûn, *s.* restoration
Instead, Yn-stêd', *prep.* in room of
- Instep**, Yn-stêp, *s.* the upper part of the foot
Instigate, Yn-stî'-gâte, *v. a.* to urge to ill
Instigation, Yn-stî'-gâ'-shûn, *s.* impulse to ill
Instigator, Yn-stî'-gâ'-tór, *s.* inciter to ill
Instil, Yn-stîl', *v. a.* to infuse by drops
Instillation, Yn-stîl'-lâ'-shûn, *s.* the act of dropping, the act of infusing slowly into the mind [aversion
Instinct, Yn-sîngkt', *s.* natural desire or
Instinctive, Yn-sîngkt'-tiv, *a.* acting without the application or choice of reason [s. established law
Institute, Yn-stî'-tûte, *v. n.* to establish—
Institution, Yn-stî-tû'-shûn, *s.* establishment
Instruct, Yn-strûkt', *v. a.* to teach
Instructor, Yn-strûkt'-tór, *s.* a teacher
Instruction, Yn-strûk'-shûn, *s.* the act of teaching, information, mandate
Instructive, Yn-strûk'-tiv, *a.* conveying knowledge [deed
Instrument, Yn-strû-mênt, *s.* a tool, a
Instrumental, Yn-strû-mên'-tâl, *a.* conducive as means to some end [ble
Insufferable, Yn-sûf'-fêr'-éb'l', *a.* intolerable
Insufficiency, Yn-sûf'-fîsh'-ên-sý, *s.* inability [abilities
Insufficient, Yn-sûf'-fîsh'-ént, *a.* wanting
Insular, Yn-sû-lâr, *a.* belonging to an island [island
Insulate, Yn-sû-lâte, *v. a.* to make an
Insult, Yn-sûlt', *s.* act of insolence
Insult, Yn-sûlt', *v. a.* to treat with insolence
Insurability, Yn-sû-pér'-â-bîl'-î-tý, *s.* the quality of being insurmountable
Insurmountable, Yn-sû-pér'-éb'l', *a.* insurmountable [lerable
Insupportable, Yn-sûp-pôr-téb'l', *a.* into-
Insurance, Yn-shû-rêns, *s.* money paid to ensure from loss
Insurmountable, Yn-sûr-môn'-téb'l', *a.* not to be got over [tious rising
Insurrection, Yn-sûr-rêk'-shûn, *s.* a sedi-
Intaglio, Yn-tâl'-yô, *s.* any thing that has figures engraved on it
Intangible, Yn-tân-dzh'-yûl', *a.* what cannot be touched
Integer, Yn-tê-gêr, *s.* the whole of any thing, one entire number, &c.
Integral, Yn-tê-grâl, *a.* whole
Integrity, Yn-têg'-rî-tý, *s.* honesty, en-
 tireness [ing
Integument, Yn-têg'-û-mênt, *s.* a cover
Intellect, Yn-têl-lêkt, *s.* understanding

shét, nôte, lôse, actôr—hüt, pûsh, mâte, für,—truly, rye—thus, thick.

Intellective, Yn-têl-lêk'-t'iv, *a.* having power to understand

Intellectual, Yn-têl-lêk'-tô-âl, *a.* ideal

Intelligence, Yn-têl'-y-gens, *s.* skill, understanding, information

Intelligent, Yn-têl'-y-dzhent, *a.* knowing

Intelligible, Yn-têl'-ydzha'-yb'l, *a.* easily understood

Intemperament, Yn-têm'-pér-â-mënt, *s.* bad constitution

Intemperance, Yn-têm'-pér-êns, *s.* excess

Intemperate, Yn-têm'-pér-ét, *a.* immoderate [cess of some quality]

Temperature, Yn-têm'-pér-â-tûre, *s.* extent

Intend, Yn-tënd', *v. a.* to mean

Intendant, Yn-tên'-d'ent, *s.* an officer of the highest class [not be held]

Intenable, Yn-tên'-yb'l, *a.* that which cannot

Intense, Yn-têns', *a.* vehement

Intensive, Yn-tên'-s'iv, *a.* strong, unremitting

Intending, Yn-tên'-s'iv, *s.* a design, a drift

Intent, Yn-tênt', *a.* anxiously diligent

Intention, Yn-tên'-shün, *s.* design

Intentional, Yn-tên'-shün-âl, *n.* designed

Inter, Yn-tér, *v. a.* to bury

Intercalary, Yn-tér-ká-lár-y, *s.* inserted out of the common order to preserve the equation of time

Intercalation, Yn-tér-ká-lá-shün, *s.* an insertion of a day

Intercede, Yn-tér-sé'de, *v. n.* to mediate

Intercept, Yn-tér-sépt', *v. a.* to stop

Intercession, Yn-tér-sésh'-ün, *s.* mediation

Intercessor, Yn-tér-sé's-sór, *s.* mediator

Interchange, Yn-tér-tshándzh', *v. a.* to succeed alternately [merce]

Interchange, Yn-tér-tshándzh, *s.* commutative

Intercept, Yn-tér-sépt'-yent, *s.* an intercepting power

Intercommunication, Yn-tér-kô-lüm-nyá'-shün, *s.* space between the pillars

Intercourse, Yn-tér-kó'rse, *s.* commerce

Interdict, Yn-tér-díkt', *v. a.* to forbid

Interdict, Yn-tér-díkt, *s.* a prohibition

Interdiction, Yn-tér-díkt'-shün, *s.* a curse

Interest, Yn-tér-êst, *v. a.* to concern—*s.* concern, advantage

Interfere, Yn-tér-fê're, *v. a.* to interpose

Interfluent, Yn-tér-flü-ënt, *a.* flowing between [between]

Interjacent, Yn-tér-dzhá-sënt, *a.* lying

Interjection, Yn-tér-dzhék'-shün, *s.* a sudden exclamation

Interim, Yn-tér-ím, *s.* meantime

Interjoin, Yn-tér-dzhóyn *v. n.* to intermarry

Interior, Yn-têr-ryô', *n.* internal

Interknowledge, Yn-tér-nôl'-êdzh, *s.* mutual knowledge

Interlace, Yn-tér-lá'se, *v. a.* to intermix

Interlap, Yn-tér-láps, *s.* the flow of time between any two events

Interlard, Yn-tér-lárd, *v. a.* to insert between, to diversify by mixture

Interleave, Yn-tér-lêve, *v. a.* to insert blank leaves between printed ones

Interline, Yn-tér-líne, *v. a.* to write between the lines

Interlineation, Yn-tér-lín-yá-shün, *s.* correction made by writing between the lines [in another]

Interlink, Yn-tér-língk', *v. a.* to join one

Interlocution, Yn-tér-lô-kú-shün, *s.* a dialogue [sisting of dialogue]

Interlocutory, Yn-tér-lô kú-tór-y, *a.* conversational

Interlope, Yn-tér-lôpe, *v. n.* to obtrude into or between [between]

Interlucent, Yn-tér-lú-sënt, *a.* shining

Interlude, Yn-tér-lú'de, *s.* a farce

Intermarriage, Yn-tér-már-rídzha, *s.* marriage between two families, where each takes one and gives another

Intermeddle, Yn-tér-méd'l, *v. n.* to interpose officiously

Intermedial, Yn-tér-mé'-dyál, or Intermediate, Yn-tér-mé'-dyét, *a.* lying between, intervening

Interment, Yn-tér-mënt, *s.* burial

Interminable, Yn-tér-mín-ébl, or Intermediate, Yn-tér-mín-ét, *a.* unbounded

Intermingle, Yn-tér-míng'l, *v. a.* to mingle

Intermission, Yn-tér-mísh'-ün, *s.* pause

Intermissive, Yn-tér-mís'-s'iv, *a.* not continual [between the fits]

Intermit, Yn-tér-mít', *v. n.* to grow mild

Intermittent, Yn-tér-mít'-tént, *a.* coming by fits [together]

Intermix, Yn-tér-mýks', *v. a.* to mingle

Intermixture, Yn-tér-mýks-tûre, *s.* mass formed by mingled bodies

Intermundane, Yn-tér-mún'-dâne, *a.* subsisting between worlds

Intermural, Yn-tér-mû'-rál, *a.* lying between walls [interchanged]

Intermutual, Yn-tér-mû'-tû-ál, *a.* mutual

Internal, Yn-tér-nál, *a.* inward

Internuncio, Yn-tér-nún'-shyô, *s.* a messenger between two parties

Interpellation, Yn-tér-pél-lá-shün, *s.* a summons, a call upon

Interpolate, Yn-tér-pô-lá'te, *v. a.* to insert words improperly [thus inserted]

Interpolation, Yn-tér-pô-lá-shün, *s.* an

—hät, häte, häll, liär—mēt, dēsist, mē, hēr—chfn, chine, field, .

- Interpolator, Yn-tér-pō-lā-tór, *s.* one who foists in counterfeit passages
 Interposál, Yn-tér-pō-zál, *s.* interposition
 Interpose, Yn-tér-pō-se, *v. a.* to mediate
 Interposition, Yn-tér-pō-sh'ün, *s.* agency between parties
 Interpret, Yn-tér-prēt, *v. a.* to explain
 Interpretation, Yn-tér-prēt-tā-shün, *s.* explanation [explains or translates]
 Interpreter, Yn-tér-prō-tér, *s.* one who
 Interregnum, Yn-tér-rég-nóm, *or* Inter-reign, Yn-tér-rā-ne, *s.* space between the loss of one king and the succession of another, vacancy of the throne
 Interrogate, Yn-tér-rō-gāte, *v. a.* to examine
 Interrogation, Yn-tér-rō-gā-shün, *s.* a question put, an inquiry, a note that marks a question, thus ?
 Interrogative, Yn-tér-rō-g'k-t'iv, *s.* a pronoun used in asking questions, as who? what?
 Interrogatory, Yn-tér-rō-g'k-tór-y, *s.* a question
 Interrupt, Yn-tér-rüpt', *v. a.* to hinder
 Interruption, Yn-tér-rüp-shün, *s.* a stop, hindrance
 Intersect, Yn-tér-sékt', *v. a.* to cut
 Intersection, Yn-tér-sékt-shün, *s.* the point where lines cross each other
 Interperse, Yn-tér-spér's, *v. a.* to scatter here and there
 Interstice, Yn-tér-stis, *s.* space between one thing and another
 Intertexture, Yn-tér-téks'türe, *s.* an interwoven state [by twisting]
 Intertwine, Yn-tér-tw'ne, *v. a.* to unite
 Interval, Yn-tér-vál, *s.* space between, time passing between two assignable points [tween]
 Intervene, Yn-tér-vé'ne, *v. n.* to come between
 Intervénient, Yn-tér-vé-nyént, *a.* passing between
 Intervention, Yn-tér-vén-shün, *s.* agency
 Interview, Yn-tér-vü, *s.* mutual sight
 Involve, Yn-tér-völ', *v. a.* to involve one within another
 Interweave, Yn-tér-wé've, *v. a.* to mix one with another in a regular texture
 Intestate, Yn-tés-tāte, *a.* dying without a will
 Intestinal, Yn-tés-tín-äl, *a.* belonging to the guts
 Intestine, Yn-tés-tín, *a.* internal
 Intestines, Yn-tés-tínz, *s. pl.* the bowels
 Luthral, Yn-thrál, *v. a.* to enslave
v. Yn-tí m'á-sy, s. familiarity
 Intimate, Yn-tí-mēt, *a.* familiar, acquainted—*s.* a familiar frier
 Intimate, Yn-tí-māte, *v. a.* to mix
 Intimation, Yn-tí-mā-shün, *s.* a l obscure or indirect declaration
 Intimidate, Yn-tím-y-dāte, *v. n.* hearten
 Intire, Yn-tíre, *a.* whole, unbrol
 Into, Yn-tó, *prep.* noting entran
 Intolerable, Yn-tól-ér-éb'l, *or* Int Yn-tól-ér-ént, *a.* insufferable, be indured [thu
 Intonation, Yn-tó-nā-shün, *s.* th
 Intoxicate, Yn-tóks'-y-kāte, *v. a.* t drunk
 Intoxication, Yn-tóks'-y-kā-shün, [d
 Intractable, Yn-trák'téb'l, *a.* t not to be led or drawn
 Intransmutable, Yn-trāns mūt-tu unchangeable to any other su
 Intreat, Yn-tré'te, *v. a.* to suppli
 Intrench, Yn-trénsh', *v. n.* to e: —*v. a.* to break with hollowa, tify with a trench
 Intrenchment, Yn-trénsh' mēnt, tification by trenches
 Intrepid, Yn-trép'id, *a.* fearless
 Intrepidity, Yn-trép'id-y-tý, *s. c* boldness [d
 Intricacy, Yn-trík'-á-sý, *s.* per
 Intricate, Yn-trí-két, *a.* perple: volved, ob-cure
 Intrigue, Yn-trég, *s.* a plot, a love affair—*v. n.* to form p carry on an affair of love
 Intrinsic, Yn-trín'syk, *a.* inwar
 Introduce, Yn-tró-dū'se, *v. a.* to lead in [ing in, a
 Introduction, Yn-tró-dük'-shün, *s*
 Introductory, Yn-tró-dük'-tív, *a*
 ductory, Yn-tró-dük'-tór-y, *a. p* serving to introduce
 Introspection, Yn-tró-spék'-shün view of the inside
 Intrude, Yn-trú'de, *v. n.* to con- vited, to encroach—*v. a.* t without right [in
 Intrusion, Yn-tró-zhün, *s.* the
 Intrust, Yn-trüst, *v. a.* to charg secret, &c. [kn
 Intuition, Yn-tú Ysh'ün, *s.* int
 Intuitive, Yn-tú-t'iv, *a.* seei mind immediately, without
 tervention of reason
 Intwine, Yn-tw'ne, *v. a.* to wreath together [titeat
 Invade, Yn-vā'de, *v. a.* to me

shöt, nôte, lāse, actör—hät, pūsh, mäte, für—truly, rje—thus, thick.

Invalid, *Yn-väl'-id*, *a.* weak, of no weight or efficacy [sickness]
 Invalid, *Yn-väl'-id'*, *s.* one disabled by Invalidate, *Yn-väl'-y-däte*, *v. a.* to weaken, to deprive of force or efficacy
 Invalidity, *Yn-väl'-id-y-tý*, *s.* weakness, want of efficacy
 Invaluable, *Yn-väl'-ú-éb'l*, *a.* inestimable
 Invariable, *Yn-vä'-rý-éb'l*, *a.* constant
 Invasion, *Yn-vä'-zhün*, *s.* a hostile entrance [tilely]
 Invasive, *Yn-vä'-siv*, *a.* entering hostilely
 Invective, *Yn-vék'-tív*, *s.* railing, an abusive expression [against]
 Inveigh, *Yn-vä'-v. n.* to rail at, to declaim
 Inveigle, *Yn-vé'g'l*, *v. a.* to wheedle, to allure [forge, to feign]
 Invent, *Yn-vént'*, *v. a.* to find out, to Invention, *Yn-vén'-shün*, *s.* a fiction, a discovery [trivance]
 Inventive, *Yn-vén'-tív*, *a.* quick at contriving
 Inventor, *Yn-vén'-tör*, *s.* a contriver, a finder out [of goods, &c.]
 Inventory, *Yn-vén'-tör-y*, *s.* a catalogue
 Inverse, *Yn'-vérs*, *a.* inverted, reciprocal
 Inversion, *Yn-vér'-shün*, *s.* change of order or time
 Invert, *Yn-vért'*, *v. a.* to turn upside down, to place the last first
 Invest, *Yn-vést'*, *v. a.* to dress, to adorn, to confer, to enclose [out]
 Investigate, *Yn-vés'-tý-gäte*, *v. a.* to search
 Investigation, *Yn-vés'-tý-gä'-shün*, *s.* an examination [giving possession]
 Investiture, *Yn-vés'-tý-türe*, *s.* the act of investing
 Investment, *Yn-vést'-mënt*, *s.* dress, habit, advance of money
 Inveterate, *Yn-vét'-ér-ét*, *a.* long established, obstinate
 Invidious, *Yn-víd'-yús*, *a.* envious, malignant [strengthen, to animate]
 Invigorate, *Yn-víg'-ór-äte*, *v. a.* to invigorate
 Invigoration, *Yn-víg'-ór-ä'-shün*, *s.* the act of invigorating
 Invincible, *Yn-vín'-sýb'l*, *a.* unconquerable
 Inviolable, *Yn-ví'-ó-léb'l*, *a.* not to be violated [broken]
 Inviolat, *Yn-ví'-ó-lét*, *a.* unhurt, unvisable, *Yn-víz'-yb'l*, *a.* not to be seen, imperceptible [ing]
 Invitation, *Yn-ví'-tä'-shün*, *s.* act of inviting
 Invite, *Yn-vít'e*, *v. a.* to ask to come, to persuade—*v. n.* to give invitation
 Inumbrate, *Yn-üm'-bräte*, *v. a.* to cover with shade
 Inundation, *Yn-ün'-dä-shün*, *s.* a flood, an overflow of water

Invoke, *Yn-vö'-käte*, *v. a.* to invoke
 Invocation, *Yn-vö'-kä'-shün*, *s.* a calling upon in prayer [freight]
 Invoice, *Yn-vöis*, *s.* a catalogue of a ship's
 Invoke, *Yn-vö'ke*, *v. a.* to call upon, to pray to [ply, to entangle]
 Involve, *Yn-völ'v*, *v. a.* to inwrap, to involuntarily, *Yn-völ'-ün-tár-y*, *a.* not done willingly
 Involution, *Yn-vö-lú'-shün*, *s.* act of involving, complication
 Inure, *Yn-üre*, *v. a.* to accustom
 Inutile, *Yn-ütl*, *a.* useless
 Invulnerable, *Yn-völ'-mér-éb'l*, *a.* that cannot be wounded
 Inward, *Yn'-ward*, *a.* and *s.* internal, intimate—*ad.* within [complicate]
 Inwaved, *Yn-wé've*, *v. a.* to intertwine, to Inwrap, *Yn-ráp*, *v. a.* to cover, to involve, to puzzle
 Inwreath, *Yn-ré'the*, *v. a.* to surround as with a wreath [work]
 Inwrought, *Yn-rä't*, *a.* adorned with Job, *dzhöb*, *s.* a mean lucrative affair, a piece of chance work—*v. a.* to stab—*v. n.* to buy and sell as a broker, to do chance work
 Jockey, *dzhök'-y*, *s.* a rider in the race, a dealer in horses, a cheater—*v. a.* to jostle by riding against one, to cheat, to trick
 Jocose, *dzhö-köse*, or Jocular, *dzhök'-ölär*, *a.* waggish, given to jest [ment]
 Jocularly, *dzhök'-ölär'-y-tý*, *s.* merrily
 Jocund, *dzhök'-ünd*, *a.* merry, gay, blithe
 Jog, *dzhög*, or Joggle, *dzhög'l*, *v. a.* to shake, to push—*v. n.* to move heavily or dully—*s.* a push, a slight shake
 Join, *dzhöyn*, *v. a.* to add, to unite—*v. n.* to grow to, to unite with
 Joinder, *dzhöyn'-der*, *s.* a conjunction, a joining
 Joiner, *dzhöyn'-ér*, *s.* one who makes wood furniture of various pieces
 Joint, *dzhöynt*, *s.* a hinge, the point where bones or pieces meet—*a.* shared among many, combined—*v. a.* to divide a joint, to cut into joints
 Jointed, *dzhöyn'-téd*, *a.* full of joints
 Joiner, *dzhöyn'-tér*, *s.* a sort of plane
 Jointress, *dzhöyn'-trés*, *s.* she who has a jointure [settled on a wife]
 Jointure, *dzhöyn'-türe*, *s.* an income
 Joist, *dzhöyst*, *s.* the secondary beam of a floor
 Joke, *dzhö'ke*, *s.* a jest—*v. n.* to jest, to be merry

Sounds—hüt, häte, häll, liär—mēt, mē, hér—ch'yn, chine, f'feld, sh'irt. —

Jollity, dzhöl'-ly, *s.* gaiety, merriment, festivity

Jolly, dzhöl'-ly, *a.* gay, merry, plump

Jolt, dzhöl't, *v. n.* and *a.* to shake or jostle to and fro—*s.* a shock

Ionian, -ön'-yk, *a.* belonging to the dialect of the Ionians, belonging to the third of the five orders of architecture

Jonquille, dzhóng-k'í, *or* kw'í, *s.* a species of daffodil [pot

Jorden, dzhór'd'n, *s.* a pot, a chamber

Jostle, dzhós'l, *v. a.* to push with the elbows, &c.

Lot, dzhót', *s.* a point, a tittle

Jovial, dzhó'-vyál, *a.* gay, merry, jolly

Journal, dzhór'-näl, *s.* a diary

Journey, dzhór'-ny, *s.* travel by land or by sea—*v. n.* to travel

Journeyman, dzhór'-ny-mán, *s.* a hired workman

Joy, dzhó'y, *s.* gladness, gaiety, happiness—*v. n.* to rejoice, to exult—*v. a.* to congratulate, to gladden, to enjoy

Joyous, dzhó'y'-ús, *a.* glad, merry, giving joy [dian emetic plant

Ipecacuanha, yp-é-kák-ù-kn'-á, *s.* an Irascible, í-rás'-s'ib'l, *a.* disposed to anger

Ire, í-re, *s.* anger, rage, hatred

Irful, í-ré'-ful, *a.* angry, furious

Iris, í-rís, *s.* the rainbow, the flower-de-luce

Irksome, írk'-sóm, *a.* troublesome

Iron, í-rún, *s.* a hard metal—*v. a.* to smoothe with an iron, to shackle with irons [thing and meaning another

Ironical, í-rún'-yk-ál, *a.* expressing one

Ironmonger, í-rún-móng-ér, *s.* a dealer in iron

Irony, í-rón'-y, *s.* a mode of speech in which the meaning is contrary to the words [with light emitted upon it

Irradiate, ír-rá'-dyáte, *v. a.* to adorn

Irradiation, ír-rá'-dyá'-shún, *s.* illumination [son

Irrational, ír-rásh'-ón-ál, *a.* void of reason

Irreclaimable, ír-ré-klá-méb'l, *a.* not to be reclaimed [to be reconciled

Irreconcilable, ír-rék-kón-sí-léb'l, *a.* not irrecoverable, ír-ré-kóv'-ér-éb'l, *a.* not to be regained [reduced

Irreducible, ír-ré-dú'-s'ib'l, *a.* not to be irrefragable, ír-ré-frá-géb'l, *a.* not to be refuted [overthrown by argument

Irrefutable, ír-ré-fú-téb'l, *a.* not to be irregular, ír-rég'-ú-lar, *a.* disorderly

Irrelative, ír-rél'-á-tív, *a.* single, unconnected

Irrelevant, ír-rél'-á-vént, *a.* unassisting

Irreligion, ír-ré-lyázh'-ón, *s.* impiety

Irreligious, ír-ré-lyázh'-ús, *a.* impious

Irremissible, ír-ré-mís'-s'ib'l, *a.* not to be pardoned

Irremovable, ír-ré-móv'-éb'l, *a.* not to be moved, not to be changed

Irreparable, ír-rép'-ár-éb'l, *a.* not to be repaired [from reproach

Irreproachable, ír-ré-prósh'-éb'l, *a.* free

Irreprovable, ír-ré-próv'-éb'l, *a.* not to be blamed [to opposition

Irresistible, ír-ré-á'st'-s'ib'l, *a.* superior

Irresolute, ír-rés'-ó-lúte, *a.* not determined [of firmness of mind

Irresolution, ír-rés'-ó-lú'-shún, *s.* want

Irretrievable, ír-ré-trév'-éb'l, *a.* irreparable [veneration

Irreverence, ír-rév'-ér-éns, *s.* want of reverence

Irreverent, ír-rév'-ér-ént, *a.* not paying due homage or reverence

Irreversible, ír-ré-vér'-s'ib'l, *or* Irrevocable, ír-rév'-ó-kéb'l, *a.* not to be recalled

Irrigate, ír-rí-gáte, *v. a.* to wet

Irrigulous, ír-rí-gú-ús, *a.* watery

Irritate, ír-rí-táte, *v. a.* to provoke

Irritation, ír-rí-tá'-shún, *s.* provocation

Irruption, ír-rúp'-shún, *s.* an invasion

Is, íz, *the third person singular of to be*; I am, thou art, he is; sometimes expressed by *s*, as he's gone out

Isicle, í-sík'l, *s.* a pendant shoot of ice

Isinglass, í-zíng-glás, *s.* a transparent tough jelly [rounded by water

Island, í-lánd, *or* Isle, í-le, *s.* land

Isolate, ís'-ó-láte, *v. a.* to place in a detached situation

Issue, ísh'-ú, *s.* evacuation, discharge, event, conclusion, end, offspring—*v. n.* to come out, to proceed as an offspring—*v. a.* to send forth

Isthmus, íst'-mús, *s.* a neck or jut of land

It, ít', *pron.* the thing

Itch, ítsh', *s.* a disease, a teasing desire

Item, í-tém, *s.* a new article, a hint

Itinerant, í tín'-ér-ént, *a.* wandering, unsettled

Itinerary, í-tín'-ér-á-r-y, *s.* a diary or book of travels

Itself, ít-sélf', *s.* that very thing

Jubilee, dzhú'-yí-lé, *s.* a public festivity

Jucundity, dzhú-kún-dít-y, *s.* pleasantness, agreeableness

Judaical, dzhú-dá'-yk-ál, *a.* pertaining to or in the manner of the Jew

shôt, nôte, lôse, actôr—hüt, pûsh, mâte, fûr—truly, rÿe—thus, thick.

Kadise, dzhâ'k-â'ze, *v. n.* to conform to the Jews
Kudge, dzhûdzh', *s.* an officer appointed to hear causes in a court, one who has authority to decide upon the merit of any thing—*v. n.* to pass sentence, to determine—*v. a.* to examine authoritatively, to condemn
Judgment, dzhûdzh'-mënt, *s.* act or power of judging, opinion, decision
Judicatory, dzhû'-dî-kâ-tô-rÿ, *s.* a court of justice, &c.
Judicature, dzhû'-dî-kâ-tûre, *s.* a power to distribute justice
Judicial, dzhû'-dîsh'-âl, *a.* done in due form of justice, &c. inflicted on as a penalty [judgment upon any thing]
Judiciary, dzhû'-dîsh'-âr-s', *a.* passing
Judicious, dzhû'-dîsh'-ûs, *a.* prudent, wise
Jug, dzhûg', *s.* a large drinking vessel
Juggle, dzhûg'l', *v. n.* to play tricks by slight of hand, to deceive—*s.* a trick, an imposture, a deception
Jugular, dzhû'-gû-lâr, *a.* belonging to the throat [in animals]
Juice, dzhû's, *s.* sap in vegetables, fluid
Juicy, dzhû'-sÿ, *a.* moist, succulent, full of juice [medicine]
Julep, dzhû'-lâp, *s.* a pleasant liquid
July, dzhû'-lÿ', *s.* the seventh month of the year
Jumble, dzhûmb'l', *v. a.* to mix confusedly together—*s.* a confused mixture
Jump, dzhûmp', *v. n.* to leap, to jolt, to tally—*v. a.* to leap over—*s.* a leap, a lucky chance [any delicacy]
Juncate, dzhûng'-kët, *s.* a cheesecake
Junction, dzhûngk'-shûn, *s.* an union
Juncture, dzhûnk'-tûre, *s.* an union, a joint, a critical point [year]
June, dzhû'n, *s.* the sixth month of the year
Junior, dzhû'-nyôr, *a.* younger than another [produces a berry]
Juniper, dzhû'-ny-pér, *s.* a plant which

Junck, dzhûngk', *s.* a small Chinese ship, pieces of old cable
Junket, dzhûng'-kët, *s.* a sweetmeat—*v. n.* to feast secretly
Junto, dzhûn'-tô, *s.* a cabal
Ivory, i'-vôr-y', *s.* the tusk of the elephant—*a.* made of or pertaining to ivory [corporations]
Jurat, dzhû'-rât, *s.* a magistrate in some
Juratory, dzhû'-rât-ôr-y', *a.* giving an oath [distribution of justice]
Juridical, dzhû'-rîd'-ÿk-âl, *a.* used in the
Jurisdiction, dzhû'-ÿs-dÿk'-shûn, *s.* legal authority, extent of power
Jurisprudence, dzhû'-ÿs-prû'-dëns, *s.* the science of the law
Jurist, dzhû'-rîst, *s.* a civil lawyer
Juror, dzhû'-ôr, or **J**uryman, dzhû'-rÿ-mân, *s.* one of a jury
Jury, dzhû'-rÿ, *s.* twenty-four to twelve men sworn to deliver truth upon such evidence as shall be delivered to them
Jurymast, dzhû'-rÿ-mâst, *s.* something set up in the room of a mast lost
Just, dzhûst', *a.* upright, honest, virtuous, regular—*s.* a mock fight
Justice, dzhûs'-ÿs, *s.* equity, right in law, a sort of magistrate
Justiciable, dzhûs'-ÿsh'-ëb'l, *a.* proper to be examined in courts of justice
Justificable, dzhûs'-ÿf'-ëb'l, *a.* that which can be justified
Justification, dzhûs'-ÿf'-kâ'-shûn, *s.* a vindication, a defence
Justificator, dzhûs'-ÿf'-kâ-tôr, *s.* one who justifies [to clear from guilt]
Justify, dzhûs'-ÿf'-ÿ, *v. a.* to vindicate
Justle, dzhûs'l', *v. n.* to encounter, to clash—*v. a.* to push, to rush against
Jut, dzhû't', *v. a.* to come out beyond the line
Juvenile, dzhû'-vé-nÿl, *a.* youthful
Juvenility, dzhû'-vé-nÿl'-ÿtÿ, *s.* youthfulness
Ivy, i'-vÿ, *s.* a common plant

K

KALE, kâl'e, *s.* colewort
Kalendar, kâl'-ëndâr, *s.* an account of time
Kali, kâl'-lÿ, *s.* a sea weed, salt
Kam, kâm' *a.* crooked, thwart
Karl, kâr'l, *s.* a man servant

Kaw, kâ, *v. n.* to cry as a raven—*s.* the cry of a raven or crow
Kerk, kék', *v. n.* to heave the stomach, to nauseate—*s.* a dry stalk or stick, a hollow joined plant [a cable]
Keckle, kék'l' *v. a.* to tie a rope round

Sounds—hât, hâte, hâh, hâe—mât, dâist, mâ, hêr—chîn, chîna, chîd, shêr—

Kedger, kédzh-ér, *s.* a small anchor used in a river

Keel, kéle, *s.* the bottom of a ship, a flat-bottomed vessel used to load the colliers [the keel]

Keelhaul, kéle-hâle, *v. a.* to drag under

Keen, kêne, *s.* sharp, eager, acrimonious

Keep, képe, *v. a.* to detain, to hold, to retain, to preserve, to maintain—*s.* guard, restraint, dungeon

Keeper, ké-pér, *s.* one who has the care or charge of any thing

Keg, kég, *s.* a small barrel

Kell, kél, *s.* the omentum, the cawl

Kelp, kélp, *s.* salt from calcined seaweed

Kén, kén, *v. a.* to see at a distance, to know—*s.* view, the reach of sight

Kennel, kén-nél, *s.* a cot for dogs, a water course

Képt, képt, *pret. and part. of Keep*

Kerchief, kér-tshif, *s.* a kind of dress

Kern, kérn, *s.* an Irish foot soldier, a handmill—*v. n.* to harden as ripened corn, to take the form of grains

Kernel, kér-nél, *s.* the substance within a shell

Kernelled, kér-nél-léd, *s.* having openings as a battlement

Kersey, kér-zé, *s.* a kind of coarse stuff

Kerseymeer, k-zy-mé're, *s.* fine cloth woven as kers

Ketch, kétsh, *s.* heavy ship

Kettle, kétl, *s.* a vessel in which liquor is boiled

Kettledrum, kétl-árim, *s.* a drum with a body of brass

Key, ké, *s.* a thing to open a lock or explain, a sign in musical composition, a wharf

Keyage, ké-édzh, *s.* money paid for lying at the key

Keyhole, ké-hôle, *s.* the hole to put a key in

Keystone, ké-stône, *s.* the middle stone of an arch

Kibe, kîbe, *s.* an ulcerated chilblain

Kick, kîk, *v. a.* to strike with the foot—*s.* a blow with the foot

Kickshaw, kîk-shâ, *s.* a fantastical thing or dish

Kid, kîd, *s.* the young of a goat, a bundle of fur—*v. a.* to bring forth kids

Kidder, kîd-dér, *s.* an engrosser of corn

Kidnap, kîd-nâp, *v. a.* to steal children, &c.

Kidney, kîd-ný, *s.* one of the two glands that separate the urine from the blood [pulse]

Kidneybean, kîd-ný-béne, *s.* a sort of

Kilderkin, kîl-dér-kîn, *s.* a beer measure of 18 gallons

Kill, kîl, *v. a.* to deprive of life

Kiln, kîl'n, *s.* a stove for drying or burning in

Kimbo, kîm-bô, *s.* crooked, arched

Kind, kîn, *s.* kindred, a relation

Kind, kînd, *s.* benevolent, favourable, good—*s.* general class, particular nature, manner, sort

Kindle, kînd'l, *v. a.* to set on fire, to inflame—*v. n.* to catch fire

Kindness, kînd-nê, *s.* tenderness, goodwill, favour

Kindred, kînd-dréd, *s.* relation, affinity—*a.* congenial, related

Kine, kîne, *plur. of Cow*

King, kîng, *s.* a monarch, a chief ruler

Kingcraft, kîng-kraft, *s.* the act or art of governing

Kingdom, kîng-dôm, *s.* the dominion of a king

Kingfisher, kîng-fîsh-ér, *s.* a small bird

Kinglike, kîng-like, *s.* a royal

Kingsevil, kîngz-év'l, *s.* scrofulous distemper

Kinsfolk, kîns-fôk, *s.* relations

Kinsman, kîns-mân, *s.* a man of the same family [relation]

Kinswoman, kîns-wûm-ân, *s.* a female

Kirk, kîrk, *s.* the church of Scotland

Kirtle, kîrt'l, *s.* an upper garment

Kiss, kîs, *v. a.* to touch with the lips—*s.* a salute by joining lips

Kissingcrust, kîs-sîng-krust, *s.* a crust formed in the oven, where one loaf touches another

Kit, kît, *s.* a small fiddle, a vessel

Kitchen, kîtsh-én, *s.* a room for cooking, &c.

Kitchengarden, kîtsh-én-gârd'n, *s.* a garden for esculent plants

Kitchenmaid, kîtsh-én-wâde, *s.* an under cookmaid

Kitchenstuff, kîtsh-én-stîf, *s.* the fat of meat scummed off the pot, &c.

Kite, kîte, *s.* a bird of prey, a fictitious bird made of paper

Kitten, kît'n, *s.* a young cat—*v. n.* to bring forth young cats [paws]

Klick, kîk, *s. n.* to make a small, sharp

shút, nôte, lôse, actôr—hüt, pūsh, mûte, rûr—trulý, rýe—thus, thick.

Knab, knáb, *v. a.* to bite with noise
Knack, knák, *s.* petty contrivance, dexterity, nice trick
Knag, knág, *s.* a hard knot in wood
Knaggy, knág-gý, *a.* knotty
Knap, knáp, *s.* prominence upon cloth, &c.—*v. a.* to bite, to break short
Knap-sack, knáp-sák, *s.* soldier's bag
Knave, knáve, *s.* a petty rascal, a card
Knavery, knáve-ér-y, *s.* dishonesty, craft [gish]
Knavish, knáve-ýsn, *a.* fraudulent, waggish
Knead, knéde, *v. a.* to work dough with the fist
Kneading-trough, kné'd-ýng-trô, *s.* a trough to work together the paste of bread [and thigh]
Knee, kné, *s.* the joint between the leg
Kneedeep, kné-depe, *a.* rising or sunk to the knees
Kneel, knéle, *v. n.* to bend the knee
Kneepan, né-pán, *s.* a convex bone on the articulation of the knee
Knell, knélf, *s.* the sound of a funeral bell
Knew, kná, *pret. of Know*
Knife, knífe, *s.* an instrument to cut with
Knight, kníte, *s.* a title of honour, a pîon—*v. a.* to create a knight
Knight Errant, kníte-ér-rént, *s.* a wandering knight

Knight Errantry, kníte-ér-rént-rý, *s.* the feats, character, or manners of knight errants
Knighthood, kníte-hüd, *s.* the dignity of a knight
Knit, knít, *v. a.* to make or unite by texture without the loom, to join
Knitting-needle, knít-'ýng-néd', *s.* wire used in knitting
Knob, knób, *s.* a protuberance
Knobbed, knób'd, or **Knobby**, knób-by, *a.* full of knobs, hard
Knock, knók', *v. n.* to clash, to strike—*v. a.* to dash together—*s.* a sudden stroke, a blow
Knoll, knóle, *v. a.* to ring a bell—*v. n.* to sound as a bell
Knot, knót', *s.* a part which is tied, a hard place in wood—*v. a.* to make knots, to entangle, to unite
Knotted, knót'téd, or **Knotty**, knót-ty, *a.* full of knots, hard, intricate
Know, knó, *v. a.* to understand, to recognize
Knowing, knó-ýng, *a.* skilful, conscious, intelligent
Knowledge, knóf-edzh, *s.* learning, skill, preception
Knuckle, knúk'l, *s.* a protuberant joint of a finger, knee joint of a calf, joint of a plant—*v. n.* to submit, to bend

L

L *A, lá', interj.* look, see, behold
Labdanum, láb-dá-núm, *s.* a resin of the softer kind
Labefaction, láb-é-fák-shún, *s.* the act of weakening, decay [impair]
Labefy, láb-é-fý, *v. a.* to weaken, to
Label, lá-bél, *s.* a short direction upon any thing
Labent, lá-bént, *a.* gliding, slipping
Labial, lá-byál, *a.* uttered by or relating to the lips
Laboratory, láb-ô-rá-tór-y, *s.* a chymist's workroom [tiresome]
Laborious, lá-bô-ryés, *a.* assiduous
Labour, lá-bór, *s.* work, toil, pain, childbirth—*v. n.* to toil, to work, to take pains, to be in travail
Labourer, lá-bór-er, *s.* one employed in toilsome work

Labyrinth, láb-ir-ýnth, *s.* maze full of windings
Lac, lák', *s.* a kind of gum
Lace, lá'se, *s.* fine thread curiously woven, textures of thread with gold or silver—*v. a.* to fasten with a lace, to adorn [lace]
Laceman, lá'se-mán, *s.* one who deals in
Lacerate, lá's-ér-áte, *v. a.* to tear, to rend [tearing or rending]
Laceration, lá's-ér-á-shún, *s.* the act of
Lachrymal, lák'-rý-mál, *a.* generating tears [vessel to preserve tears]
Lachrymatory, lák'-rý-má-tór-y, *s.* a
Lack, lák'-v. a. to want—*v. n.* to be in want
Lacker, lák'-ér, *s.* a kind of yellow varnish—*a.* to cover with lacquer
P 2


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*Sounds.*—hăt, hâte, hăl, liăr—măt, jăisăt, măt, hăr—chăn, chine, fîeld, shîrt—  
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- Lackey, lăk'-k'y, *s.* a footboy—*v.* *a.* to attend servilely
 Laconically, lă-kōn'-yă-kī-l'y, *ad.* briefly, concisely
 Laconic, lă-kōn'-yă, *a.* short, brief
 Lactation, lăk-tă'-shăn, *s.* the act or time of giving suck
 Lacteal, lăk-tă'-ăl, *a.* conveying chyle—*s.* a vessel that conveys chyle
 Lacteous, lăk-tă'-ăs, *a.* milky, conveying chyle
 Lactific, lăk-tif'-yă, *ad.* producing milk
 Lad, lăd', *s.* a boy, a stripling
 Ladder, lăd'-dér, *s.* a frame with steps for climbing
 Lade, lăde, *v.* *a.* to load, to freight, to throw out [of a ship]
 Lading, lă-d'ing, *s.* a freight, a cargo
 Ladle, lăd'l, *s.* a large spoon, receptacles of a mil. wheel
 Lady, lă-d'y, *s.* a woman of high rank, a word of complaisance used to women
 Lady-bird, lă-d'y-bîrd, or Lady-cow, lă-d'y-kōw, *s.* a small beautiful red insect of the beetle kind
 Lady-Day, lă-d'y-dă, *s.* the 25th of March
 Lady-like, lă-d'y-like, *a.* soft, delicate, elegant
 Lag, lăg', *a.* coming behind, last, sluggish—*v.* *n.* to stay behind, to loiter
 Laical, lă-yă-kăl, *a.* pertaining to the laity
 Laid, lă'dé, *pret. and part. of Lay*
 Lain, lă'ne, *part. of Lie*
 Laird, lă'rd, *s.* a Scotch lord of a manor
 Laity, lă-yă-y, *s.* the people distinguished from the clergy, state of a layman
 Lake, lă'ke, *s.* a large water, a colour
 Lamb, lăm', *s.* the young of a sheep
 Lambative, lăm'-bă-tiv, *a.* taken by licking—*s.* a medicine to be licked
 Lambent, lăm'-bent, *a.* gliding over without harm, vaporous
 Lambkin, lăm'-kîn, *s.* a little lamb
 Lambs-wool, lămz'-wûl, *s.* ale and roasted apples
 Lame, lă'mé, *a.* crippled, hobbling, imperfect—*v.* *a.* to cripple
 Lamellated, lăm'-el-ă-téd, *a.* covered with films or plates
 Lameness, lă'mé-nés, *s.* weakness, imperfection
 Lament, lă-něnt', *v.* *n.* to mourn, to wail—*v.* *a.* to bewail
 Lamentation, lăm-ăn-tă'-shăn, *s.* an expression of sorrow
 Lamina, lămă'-nă, *s.* a thin plate or scale
 Laminated, lăm'-t-ă-néd, *a.* plated
 Lammas, lăm'-măs, *s.* the first of August
 Lamp, lămp', *s.* a light made with oil and a wick
 Lampblack, lăm'-blăk, *s.* a black made by holding a lighted torch under a basin
 Lampon, lăm-pō'ne, *s.* a personal satire, abuse—*v.* *a.* to write or utter lampoons
 Lamprey, lăm'-pr'y, *s.* a fish like an eel
 Lance, lă'ns, *s.* a long spear—*v.* *a.* to pierce with a lancet
 Lancet, lăn'-set, *s.* a small surgical instrument
 Land, lănd', *s.* a country, region, earth, ground, estate—*v.* *a.* to set on shore—*v.* *n.* to come on shore
 Landed, lănd'-éd, *a.* having a fortune in land, set on shore
 Land-fall, lănd'-făl, *s.* sudden translation of property in land by a rich man's death
 Landflood, lănd'-flūd, *s.* inundation by
 Land-forces, lănd'-fôr-séz, *s.* soldiers that serve on land
 Landgrave, lănd'-grăve, *s.* a German title of dominion
 Landholder, lănd'-hō-dér, *s.* one who possesses land
 Landing, lăn'-d'ing, *s.* a place to land at, the top of stairs
 Landjobber, lănd'-dzōb-bér, *s.* one who buys and sells land
 Landlady, lănd'-lă-d'y, *s.* the mistress of an inn, &c. [land]
 Landlocked, lănd'-lōkt, *a.* enclosed with
 Landlord, lănd'-fōrd, *s.* one who owns lands or houses, the master of an inn
 Landmark, lănd'-mărk, *s.* a mark to preserve boundaries
 Landscape, lănd'-skép, *s.* the prospect of a country
 Land-tax, lănd'-tăks, *s.* a tax on land and houses
 Land-waiter, lănd' wă-tér, *s.* an officer of the customs to watch what goods are landed
 Lane, lă'ne, *s.* a narrow alley or street
 Language, lăng-gwědz, *s.* speech in general, tongue of one nation
 Languid, lăng-gwîd, *a.* faint, weak

shòt, nùte, lòse, actór—hüt, püsh, müte, fúr—truly, rje—thus, thick.

Languish, lǎng-gwǐsh, *v. n.* to grow feeble, to pine

Languor, lǎng-gwó, *s.* faintness, want of strength [wool]

Lanigerous, lǎ-nǐdzh'ér-ús, *a.* bearing

Lank, lǎnk', *a.* loose, slender, not fat, faint

Lansquenet, lǎn'-ekh'n-ét, *s.* a foot soldier, a game at cards

Lantern, lǎn'-térn, *s.* a case for a candle

Lax uginous, lǎn-á'-dzh'n-ús, *a.* downy, covered with soft hair

Lap, lǎp', *s.* that part of a person sitting from the waist to the knees—*v. a.* to rap round, to lick up

Lapdog, lǎp-dóg, *s.* a little dog for the lap

Lapidary, lǎp'yd-ár-y', *s.* a polisher of precious stones

Lapidate, lǎp'id-áte, *v. a.* to stone

Lapidist, lǎp'id-íst, *s.* a dealer in stones or gems [the tongue]

Lapper, lǎp'-pér, *s.* one who licks with

Lappet, lǎp'-pét, *s.* a loose part of a headress

Lapse, lǎp's, *s.* a fall, a petty error—*v. n.* to glide, to fall from perfection

Lapwing, lǎp'-wíng, *s.* a swift and noisy bird

Larboard, lǎr-bórd, *s.* the left hand side of a ship

Larceny, lǎr-sny', *s.* petty theft

Larch, lǎrtsh, *s.* a species of fir but not evergreen

Lard, lǎrd, *s.* the fat of swine melted—*v. a.* to stuff with bacon, to fatten

Larder, lǎr-dér, *s.* a room where meat is kept [copious]

Large, lǎrdzh, *a.* big, bulky, wide,

Largeness, lǎrdzh-nés, *s.* greatness, extension, higness

Largess, lǎr-dzhés, *s.* a present, a gift

Lark, lǎrk, *s.* a small singing bird

Larum, lǎr-úm, *s.* an alarm, a machine which alarms

Larynx, lǎ-rýnks, *s.* the wind-pipe

Lascivious, lǎs-síy-yús, *a.* lewd, lustful, wanton

Lash, lǎsh', *s.* a stroke with a whip, a sarcasm—*v. a.* to scourge, to satirize

Lass, lǎs', *s.* a girl, a young woman

Lassitude, lǎs-sí-túde, *s.* fatigue

Lust, lǎst, *a.* latest, hindmost—*v. n.* to endure, to continue—*s.* a mould for shoes, a certain weight or measure

Lastage, lǎs-tédzh, *s.* custom paid for freightage

Lasting, lǎs-tíng, *part. a.* durable, perpetual

Latch, lǎtsh', *s.* catch of a door, &c.

Latchet, lǎtsh'-ét, *s.* who fastens the shoe

Late, lǎ'te, *a.* slow, tardy, deceased—*ad.* not long ago, far in the day or night

Latent, lǎ-tént, *a.* hidden, secret

Lateral, lǎt-ér-ál, *a.* on or near the side, parallel

Lath, lǎ'th, *s.* a thin slip of wood to support tiles or plaster—*v. a.* to fit up with laths

Lathe, lǎ'the, *s.* the tool of a turner

Lather, lǎth'-ér, *s.* the froth of soap and water [guage]

Latin, lǎt'ýn, *s.* the ancient Roman language

Latinize, lǎt'ýn-ize, *v. n.* to use words or phrases borrowed from the Latin—*v. a.* to give words a Latin termination, &c.

Latish, lǎ'te-ish, *a.* somewhat late

Latitant, lǎt-it-ént, *a.* lying hid, concealed

Latitude, lǎt'ý-túde, *s.* breadth, width, extent, freedom from settled rules, distance north or south from the equator

Latitudinarian, lǎt-ýt-ú-dí-ná-ryán, *a.* unlimited, not restrained

Latrant, lǎ-t-rént, *a.* barking

Latten, lǎt-tén, *s.* a plate of brass, iron tinned over

Latter, lǎt-tér, *a.* the last of two, modern

Lattice, lǎt-tís, *s.* window of grate-work

Lavation, lǎ-vá-shún, *s.* the act of washing [ing place]

Lavatory, lǎv'-á-tór-y, *s.* a wash, a bath

Laud, lǎd, *s.* praise—*v. a.* to praise, to extol

Laudable, lǎd-éb'l, *a.* commendable, worthy of praise

Laudanum, lǎd-á-núm, *s.* the tincture of opium

Lave, lǎ've, *v. a.* to wash—*v. n.* to bathe

Lavender, lǎv'-én-dér, *s.* a fragrant herb

Laugh, lǎf, *v. n.* to make that noise which sudden mirth excites—*v. a.* to deride, to scorn

Laughingstock, lǎf'íng-stók, *s.* an object of ridicule [noise]

Laughter, lǎf'tér, *s.* a convulsive merriment

Sounds.—hât, hâte, hâll, liâr—mêt, dêsist, mêt, hêr—ch'yn, ch'üne, field, shirt—

Lavish, lăv'-ish, *a.* prodigal, profuse—
v. a. to scatter with profusion

Launch, lâ'ush, *v. n.* to push to sea—
v. a. to dart from the hand

Laundress, lân'-drês, *s.* a washer woman

Laundry, lân'-dry, *s.* a room to dry

and smooth clothes in

Laureate, lâ'-ryêt, *a.* decked with laurel

Laurel, lôr'-êl, *s.* a sort of evergreen
tree [laurel]

Laureled, lôr'-êld, *a.* crowned with

Law, lâ', *s.* a rule of conduct, an edict,
mode of process, a bill

Lawfulness, lâ'-tûl-nês, *s.* conformity to
the law [laws]

Lawgiver, lâ'-gîv-ér, *s.* one that makes

Lawn, lâ'n, *s.* an open space between
woods, fine linen

Lawsuit, lâ'-sûte, *s.* a process in law

Lawyer, lâ'-yér, *s.* a professor of law, a
pleader

Lax, laks', *a.* loose, vague, slack—*s.* a
looseness

Laxative, laks'-tîv, *a.* having the
power to relieve costiveness

Laxity, îaks'-tî-tî, *s.* looseness, open-
ness

Lay, lâ', *v. a.* to place along, to still, to
wager, to bring forth eggs—*v. n.* to
bring forth eggs, to contrive—*s.* a
row, a stratum, grassy ground, a song
—*a.* not clerical, laical

Layer, lâ'-ér, *s.* a stratum, a sprig of a
plant [image to paint from]

Layman, lâ'-mân, *s.* one of the laity, an

Lazar, lâz'-âr, *s.* one infected with filthy
diseases

Lazaretto, lâz'-âr-êt'-tô, or **Lazar-house**,
lâz'-âr-hôûs, *s.* a sort of hospital

Lazy, lâ'-zy, *a.* idle, sluggish

Lead, léd', *s.* a soft heavy metal

Lead, lé'dé, *v. a.* to guide, to conduct,
to induce—*v. n.* to go first

Leadén, léd'n, *a.* made of lead, heavy,
dull [of a party]

Leader, lè-dér, *s.* a commander, the head

Leading, lè-dýng, *a.* principal

Leaf, lé'fe, *s.* the green part of plants
and flowers, part of a book or table,
one side of a double door

Leafy, lé'f-y, *a.* full of leaves

League, lé'ge, *s.* a confederacy, a mea-
sure of three miles—*v. n.* to unite in
confederacy [to drop]

Leaf, lé'ke, *v. n.* to let water in or out.

Leakage, lék'-kêzh, *s.* a allowance for loss
by leak

Leaky, lé'ky, *a.* letting water in or out

Lean, lé'ne, *v. n.* to incline against or
towards—*a.* meagre, thin—*s.* meat
without fat

Leap, lé'pe, *v. n.* to jump, to bound, to
spring—*v. a.* to pass over by leap-
ing—*s.* a bound, a jump, space pas-
sed by leaping [idea]

Leap-frog, lé'pe-frôg, *s.* a play of chil-

Leap-year, lé'pe-yér, *s.* every fourth
year [gain knowledge]

Learn, lér'n, *v. a.* to teach—*v. n.* to
learn, lér'-néd, *a.* skilled, having
learning [any science]

Learner, lér'-nér, *s.* one who is learning

Learning, lér'-ning, *s.* skill in any thing,
erudition

Lease, lé'se, *s.* contract for a temporary
possession of houses or lands, any
tenure

Lease, lé'se, *v. n.* to glean, to gather up

Leash, lèsh', *s.* a leathern thong, a band
to tie with

Leasing, lè'zing, *s.* lies, falsehood

Least, lè'st, *a.* little beyond others,
smallest—*ad.* in the lowest degree

Leather, lèth'-er, *s.* the dressed hides of
animals, skin [with a tough rind]

Leathercoat, lèth'-ér-kôte, *s.* an apple

Leathern, lèth'-érn, *a.* made of leather

Leave, lé'vc, *s.* permission, a farewell—
v. a. to quit, to forsake, to bequeath
—*v. n.* to cease, to stop

Leaven, or **Leven**, lè'v'n, *s.* a ferment
for making bread light—*v. a.* to fer-
ment by

Leaves, lé'vz, *s. plur. of Leaf*

Leavings, lé'v-ýngz, *s.* a remnant, relics
offals

Leacherous, lè'tsh'-ér-ús, *a.* lewd

Lechery, lè'tsh'-ér-y, *s.* lewdness, lust

Lecture, lèk'-shûn, *s.* a reading, a va-
riety in copies

Lecture, lèk'-tûre, *s.* a discourse on an
subject—*v. a.* to instruct formally
to reprimand—*v. n.* to read lec-
tures

Led, léd', *pret. and part. of Lead*

Lodge, lédzh', *s.* a small moulding on
the edge

Ledger, or **Leger**, lédzh'-ér, *s.* any thing
that lies or remains in a place, a book
of accounts

Lee, lé', *s.* that part of the hemisphere
to which the wind is directed

Leech, lé'tsh, *s.* a small water blood-
sucker

öt, nôte, lôse, actôr—hüt, pûsh, mâte, fûr—truly, rýe—thus, thick.

lâke, *s.* a common pot herb
lêre, *s.* an oblique view, an arch
—*v. n.* to look obliquely
êze *s.* dregs, sediment
lête, *s.* a manor court
rd, lê-wârd, *a.* towards the point
which the wind blows
y, lê-wâ, *s.* ship's deviation from
course by compass
lêit', *pret. and part. of Leave*—
pposite to the right, sinister
anded, lêit'-hân-ded, *a.* using the
hand
êg, *s.* the limb between the knee
foot [will
y, lêg'-â-sý, *s.* a bequest made by
lê'-gâl, *a.* done according to law,

ty, lê-gâl'-y-tý, *s.* lawfulness
ze, lê'-gâl-ize, *v. a.* to authorise,
make lawful [the Pope
e, lêg'-êt, *s.* an ambassador from
ee, lêg'-â-té, *s.* one who has a
cy left him [a legate
ine, lêg'-â-tín, *a.* pertaining to
ign, lê-gâ-shûn, *s.* a commission,
ambassy
d lêdzh-ênd, *s.* a chronicle, a
noria', *a.* a fabulous narrative, an
ription
idary, lêdzh'-ên-dâr-y, *a.* fabulous,
authentic
dmain, lêdzh-ér-dê-mâ'ne, *s.* slight
aud, a juggle
le, lêdzh'-ib'l, *a.* easy to be read,
arent [a vast number
n, lê'-dzhón, *s.* a body of soldiers,
late, lêdzh'-is-lâte, *v. n.* to make
s [of giving laws
lation, lêdzh'-is-lâ-shûn, *s.* the act
lative, lêdzh'-is-lâ-tiv, *a.* giving
s [makes laws
lator, lêdzh'-is-lâ-tór, *s.* one who
lature, lêdzh'-is-lâ-tûre, *s.* the
wer that makes laws
imacy, lê-dzhít'-i-mâ-sý, *s.* lawfulness
of birth
imate, lê dzhít'-i-mët, *a.* lawfully
otten, not spurious
me, lêg'-ûme, or Legumen, lê-
mén, *s.* pulse, large seeds
minous, lê-gû'-mîn-us, *a.* belong-
to pulse
ire, lâ'-zhûr, *s.* freedom from busi-
ness or hurry
ireable, lâ'-zhûr-êb'l, *a.* done at
sure, enjoying leisure

Leman, lêm'-ân, *s.* a sweetheart or gal-
lant [very assiduously assumed
Lemma, lêm'-mâ, *s.* proposition pre-
Lemon, lêm'-ôn, *s.* the name of a tree
or its fruit
Lemonade, lêm'-ôn-â-de, *s.* liquor made
of water with sugar and the juice of
lemons [any thing
Lend, lënd', *v. a.* to grant the use of
Length, lêng'th, *s.* extent from end to
end
Lengthen, lêng'th'n, *v. a.* to draw out,
to protract—*v. n.* to grow longer
Lenient, lâ'-nyënt, *a.* assuasive, laxa-
tive—*s.* an emollient
Lanify, lën'-i-fý, *v. a.* to assuage, to
mitigate [palliative
Lenitive, lën'-it-iv, *a.* assuasive—*s.* a
Lenity, lën'-i-tý, *s.* mildness, mercy
Lens, lén's, *s.* a glass convex on both
sides
Lent, lënt', *pret. and part. of Lend*
—*s.* a quadragesimal fast
Lenten, lënt'n, *a.* used in Lent, spar-
ing [convex, like a lens
Lenticular, lën-tik'-û-lâr, *a.* doubly
Lentil, lën-tíl, *s.* a kind of pulse
Lentor, lën'-tór, *s.* tenacity, delay, the
sly part of the blood
Leonine, lê'-ô-nine, *a.* having the na-
ture or colour of a lion [prey
Leopard, lêp'-árd, *s.* spotted beast of
Leper, lêp'-ér, *s.* one infected with a
leprosy
Leperous, lêp'-ér-ús, or Leprous, lêp'-
rus, *a.* infected with the leprosy
Leprosy, lêp'-rós-y, *s.* a distemper
which covers the body with white
scales
Less, lês', *ad.* in a smaller degree
Lessee, lês'-sê, *s.* a person to whom a
lease is given
Lessen, lês'n, *v. a.* to diminish in bulk
or quality, to degrade—*v. n.* to grow
less [precept
Lesson, lês'n, *s.* task to learn or read, a
Lessor, lês'-sór, *s.* he who grants a
lease
Lest, lêt', *conj.* that not, in case that
Let, lét, *v. a.* to allow, to suffer, to
permit, to put to hire—*s.* an hin-
drance, an obstacle, an impediment
Lethargic, lèth'-âr-dzhík, *a.* sleepy,
drowsy, heavy
Lethargy, lèth'-âr-dzhý, *s.* a morbid
drowsiness [oblivion
Lethie, lê'thê, *s.* oblivion, a dreamy state

Sounds.—hăt, hâte, hăl, liăr—mêt, dêsiăt, mê, hêr—ch'yn, c'hine, f'ield, shîrt—

Lethiferous, lē-thîf'ér-ús, *a.* deadly, fatal
Letter, lēt'ter, *s.* one of the elements of syllables, a written message
Lettered, lēt'tér-d, *a.* marked with letters, learned
Letters, lēt'ters, *s. pl.* learning, erudition [plant]
Lettuce, lēt'tús, *s.* a common salad
Levant, lē-văt, *a.* eastern
Levant, lē-văt, *s.* the eastern coasts of the Mediterranean
Leves, lēv'y, *s.* a crowd of attendants, morning visits
Level, lēv-él, *a.* even, plain—*v. a.* to make even, to lay flat—*v. n.* to take aim—*s.* a plain, state of equality, an instrument used in building
Lever, lē-vér, *s.* a mechanical power used to raise a great weight
Leveret, lēv'ér-ét, *s.* a young hare
Leviathan, lē-vī-ā-thān, *s.* a large water animal
Levigate, lēv'y-gāte, *v. a.* to rub or grind to powder, to smooth
Levite, lē-vīte, *s.* one of the tribe of Levi [the Levites]
Levitical, lē-vī-t'ik-āl, *a.* belonging to
Levity, lēv'y-t'y, *s.* lightness, inconsistency, vanity
Levy, lēv'y, *v. a.* to raise, to collect, to impose—*s.* the act of raising money or men
Lewd, lū-de, *a.* wicked, lustful
Lexicographer, lēks-y-kōg-rāf-ér, *s.* a writer of dictionaries
Lexicon, lēks-y-kōn, *s.* a dictionary
Ley, lā, *s.* a piece of land untilled
Liable, lī-éb'l, *s.* subject to, not exempt
Liar, lī-ār, *s.* one who tells falsehoods
Libation, lī-bā-shūn, *s.* an offering made of wine, wine so poured
Libel, lī-bél, *s.* defamatory writing
Libellous, lī-bél-lus, *a.* defamatory, abusive [generous]
Liberal, līb'ér-āl, *a.* free, bountiful
Liberality, līb-ér-āl-y-t'y, *s.* bounty, generosity [release]
Liberate, līb'ér-āte, *v. a.* to free, to
Liberation, līb-ér-ā-shūn, *s.* the act of freeing
Libertine, līb'ér-t'yn, *s.* a licentious or irreligious person, a rake—*a.* licentious, irreligious [leave]
Liberty, līb'ér-t'y, *s.* freedom, privilege
Libidinous, lī-bīd'īn-ús, *a.* lewd, lustful
Librarian, lī-brā-ryān, *s.* one who has the care of a library

Library, lī-brā-ry, *s.* a collection of books or place where they are kept
Librate, lī-brāte, *v. a.* to poise, to balance [being balanced]
Libration, lī-brā-shūn, *s.* the state of
Lice, līse, *plural of* Louse
Licence, lī-sens, *s.* exorbitant liberty, permission—*v. a.* to set at liberty, to permit by legal grant
Licentiate, lī-sen-shāt, *s.* a man who uses a licence, a degree in Spanish universities [ed, discarded]
Licentious, lī-sen-shús, *a.* unrestrained
Lick, līk, *v. a.* to touch with the tongue, to lap [of food, delicate]
Lickerish, līk'ér-īsh, *a.* nice in choice
Lictor, līk'tór, *s.* a beadle amongst the Romans
Lid, līd, *s.* a cover for a pan or box, &c.
Lie, lī, *s.* water impregnated with alkali, a falsehood, a fiction—*v. n.* to utter falsehood, to rest, to repose
Liege, lī-zh, *a.* subject, trusty—*s.* a sovereign, a superior lord
Lieu, lū, *s.* place, room, stead
Lieutenant, lī-tēn-ānt, *s.* a deputy, a second in rank [sp:rit, love]
Life, līfe, *s.* state of a living creature
Lifeguard, līfe-gārd, *s.* guard of a king's person [līfe]
Lifetime, līfe-time, *s.* the duration of
Lift, līft, *v. a.* to raise up, to elevate, to support—*s.* the act or manner of lifting, a hard struggle
Ligament, līg-ā-mēt, *s.* a substance which unites the bones, a band, a chain
Ligature, līg-ā-tūre, *s.* a bandage, ligation
Light, līte, *s.* that quality or action of the medium of sight by which we see, illumination of the mind, point of view, any thing that gives light—*a.* not heavy, nimble, bright, trifling—*v. a.* to kindle, to illuminate, to ease of a burden—*v. n.* to descend from a horse or carriage
Lighten, līt'n, *v. n.* to flash with lightning—*v. a.* to illuminate, to unload
Lighter, lī-te ér, *s.* a boat for unloading ships [nages a lighter]
Lighterman, līte-ér-mān, *s.* one who manages a lighter
Lightfingered, līte-fīng-ér-d, *a.* thievish, dishonest [ble, active]
Lightfooted, līte-fūt-éd, *a.* swift, nimble
Lightheaded, līte-hēd-éd, *a.* delirious
Lighthearted, līte-hārt-éd, *a.* gay, merry
Lighthorse, līte-hōrs, *s.* cavalry lightly armed

shöt, nôte, löse, actör—hüt, püsh, müte, für—trüf, rje—thus, thick.

Lightning, l'ite-n'ng, *s.* the flash that precedes thunder

Lights, l'its, *s.* the luogs [airy
Lightsome, l'ite söm, *a.* luminous, gay,
Ligneous, lig'-nyüs, *s.* made of or like wood

Like, l'ike, *a.* resembling, equal, probable—*ad.* in the same manner, probably—*v. a.* to choose, to approve

Likelihood, l'ike-ly-hüd, *s.* appearance, probability [compare

Liken, li'k'n, *v. a.* to make like, to Likewise, l'ike-wize, *ad.* in like manner, also [trial, inclination

Liking, li'-k'ng, *s.* plumpness, state of Lilled, li'yd, *a.* embellished with lilies

Lily, li'-y, *s.* a flower

Limb, lim', *a.* member, an edge, a border—*v. a.* to supply with limbs, to tear asunder

Limbec, lim'-bék, *s.* a still [to limbs

Limbed, lim'd, *a.* formed with regard

Limber, lim'-bér, *a.* flexible, easily bent

Limbo, lim'-bö, *s.* figuratively, the borders of hell, a place of restraint

Line, lime, *s.* a stone, a species of lemon—*v. a.* to ensnare

Limekiln, lime-kil, *s.* a kiln where stones are burnt to lime

Limit, lim'-it, *s.* border, utmost reach—*v. a.* to confine within bounds, to restrain [boundaries

Limitary, lim'-y-tár-y, *a.* placed at the

Limitation, lim'-y-tá-shün, *s.* restriction

Limn, lim'n, *v. a.* to draw, to paint

Limous, li'-mús, *a.* muddy, slimy

Limp, limp', *s.* a halt—*v. n.* to walk lamely

Limpet, lim'-pét, *s.* a kind of shell fish

Limpid, lim'-pid, *a.* clear, pure, transparent [an axle-tree

Linchpin, linsh'-pín, *s.* the iron pin of

Linctus, lingk'-tus, *s.* a medicine to be licked up

Linden, lin'-dén, *s.* a lime tree

Line, line, *s.* extension, a string, lineament, limit, the equator, progeny, 10th part of an inch—*v. a.* to cover on the inside, to guard within

Lineage, lin'-édzh, *s.* race, progeny, family [line

Lineal, lin'-yál, *a.* descending in a right

Lineament, lin'-yá-mént, *s.* a feature, a discriminating mark

Linear, lin'-yár, *a.* composed of lines

Lination, lin'-yá-shün, *s.* the draught of a line or lincss

Linen, lin'-én, *s.* cloth made of hemp of flax—*a.* made of or like linen

Linen-drapeer, lin'-én-drá-pér, *a.* one who deals in linen

Ling, ling', *s.* heath, kind of sea fish

Linger, ling'-ér, *v. n.* to remain long to hesitate, to pine

Lingo, ling'-ó, *s.* a language, tongue

Linguist, ling'-gwist, *s.* one skilled in languages [balsam

Liniment, lin'-y-mént, *s.* an ointment, a

Lining, li'-nyng', *s.* that which is within any thing

Link, link', *s.* ring of a chain, torch of pitch—*v. a.* to unite, to connect

Linnet, lin'-nét, *s.* a small singing bird

Linseed, lin'-sède, *s.* the seed of flax

Linsey-woolsey, lin'-sy-wül'-sy, *a.* made of linen and wool

Linstock, lin'-stók, *s.* a staff with a match at the end [on sores

Lint, lint', *s.* flax, linen scraped to lay

Lintel, lin'-tél, *s.* the upper part of a door frame

Lion, li'-ón, *s.* the most magnanimous of four-footed beasts

Lip, lip', *s.* the outer part of the mouth, the edge of any thing

Liquation, li-kwá'-shün, *s.* the act of melting, capacity to be melted

Liquefaction, lik-wé'-fák'-shün, *s.* the state of being melted

Liquefy, lik-wé'-fy, *v. a.* to melt, to dissolve—*v. n.* to grow liquid

Liquescent, li-kwé'-ént, *a.* melting

Liquid, lik'-wid, *a.* fluid, soft, dissolved—*s.* a fluid substance, liquor

Liquidate, lik'-wid-äte, *v. a.* to clear, to lessen debts [quidating

Liquidation, lik-wýd-ä'-shün, *s.* act of li-

Liquor, lik'-ór, *s.* any thin liquid, strong drink [root, or its juice

Liquorice, lik'-ór-ýs, *s.* a long sweet

Lisp, lisp', *v. n.* to clip words in pronunciation

List, list', *s.* a catalogue, a place for fighting, a desire, a strip of cloth, a border—*v. n.* to choose, to desire—*v. a.* to enrol, to enclose for combats, to hearken to [ed

Listed, list'-téd, *a.* striped, parti-colour-

Listen, list'n, *v. n.* to hearken, to give attention [catory prayer

Litany, lit'-án-y, *s.* a form of suppli-

Literai, lit'-ér-ál, *a.* not figurative

Literary, lit'-ér-ár-y, *a.* respecting letters or learning

Sounds.—hât, hâte, hâll, liâr—mât, dâist, mâ, hâr—chîn, chine, field, shirt—

- Literati, lî't-ér-â-tî, *s.* men of learning
 Literature, lî't-ér-â-tûre, *s.* learning, skill in letters
 Litharge, lî'th-ârdzh, *s.* lead vitrified
 Litigant, lî't-y-gênt, *a.* engaged in a suit of law
 Litigate, lî't-y-gâ'te, *v. a.* to contest in law, to debate—*v. n.* to manage a suit [contest, a suit of law]
 Litigation, lî't-y-gâ-shûn, *s.* a judicial
 Litigious, lî't-ydsh-ûs, *a.* inclinable to law-suits, wrangling
 Litter, lî't-tér, *s.* a portable bed, straw under animals, brood of young, birth of animals, things lying disorderly—*v. s.* to bring forth, to scatter about
 Little, lî't'l, *a.* small, diminutive—*s.* a small space, a trifle—*ad.* in a small degree or quantity
 Liturgy, lî't-ûr-dzhî, *s.* a public form of prayer [mation, to be alive]
 Live, lîv', *v. n.* to be in a state of ani-
 Livelihood, lîv'e-lî-hâd, *s.* support, means of living [airy]
 Lively, lîv's-lî, *a.* vigorous, brisk, gay,
 Liver, lîv'-ér, *s.* one who lives, one of the entrails [dark, red]
 Livercolour, lîv'-ér-kôl-ôr, *a.* a very
 Livergreen, lîv'-ér-grûne, *a.* having a great liver
 Livery, lîv'-ér-y, *s.* clothes given to servants, a particular dress
 Liveryman, lîv'-ér-y-mân, *s.* who wears a livery, freeman of a company
 Lives, lîv's, *s. plural of* Life [blow]
 Livid, lîv'-îd, *a.* discoloured as with a
 Lividity, lîv'-îd'-î-t-y, *s.* discoloration as by a blow
 Living, lîv'-îng, *s.* support, livelihood, the benefice of a clergyman
 Livre, lî'-vêr, *a.* a French sum equal to ten pence [salts]
 Lixivial, lîk-sîv'-yâl, *a.* impregnated with
 Lixivate, lîk-sîv'-yêt, *a.* making a lixivium
 Lixivium, lîk-sîv'-yîm, *s.* lie, water impregnated with fixed alkaline salt
 Lizard, lîz'-ârd, *s.* a small creeping animal resembling a serpent
 Lo, lô', *interj.* look, see, behold
 Loach, lô'tsh, *s.* a small river fish
 Load, lô'de, *s.* a burden, a leading vein in amine—*v. a.* to burden, to freight, to charge a gun
 Loadstone, lô'de-stône, *s.* the magnet.
 Loaf, lô'f, *s.* a mass of bread or sugar, &c.
- Loam, lô'ma, *s.* a sort of fat earth
 Loamv, lô'm-y, *a.* consisting of loam
 Loan, lô'ne, *s.* any thing lent
 Loath, lô'the, *v. a.* to hate, to nauseate
 Loathsome, lô'the-sôm, *a.* abhorred, causing dislike
 Loaves, lô'vs, *plural of* Loaf
 Lob, lô'b', *s.* any one heavy or sluggish, a worm, a prison [room]
 Lobby, lô'b'-by, *s.* an opening before a
 Lobe, lô'be, *s.* a division, part of the lungs
 Lobster, lô'b'-stér, *s.* a shell fish
 Local, lô'-kâl, *a.* relating to place
 Locality, lô'-kâl'-î-t-y, *s.* existence in place
 Locatic, lô'-kâl-shûn, *s.* situation with respect to place, the act of placing
 Loch, lô'sh, *s.* a lake, a large collection of waters
 Lock, lôk', *s.* an instrument to fasten doors, &c.—*v. a.* to fasten with a lock, to close fast—*v. n.* to become fast by a lock, to unite by mutual insertion
 Locker, lôk'-ér, *s.* any thing closed with a lock, a drawer
 Locket, lôk'-ét, *s.* a small lock, a catch or spring to fasten a necklace or other ornament [limen]
 Lockram, lôk'-râm, *s.* a sort of coarse
 Locomotive, lô-kô-mô-tîv, *a.* able to change place
 Locust, lô-kûst, *s.* a devouring insect
 Lodge, lôdzh', *v. a.* to place, to settle, to harbour—*v. n.* to reside, to lie flat—*s.* a small house in a park or forest, a porter's room
 Lodging, lôdzh'-îng, *s.* rooms hired, a temporary place of residence
 Loft, lôft, *s.* the highest floor
 Lofty, lôf'-tî, *a.* high, sublime, haughty
 Log, lôg', *s.* a piece of wood, a Hebrew measure
 Logarithms, lôg'-â-rîthms, *s.* index of the ratios of numbers one to another
 Loggerhead, lôg'-gér-hêd, *s.* a dolt, a blockhead
 Logic, lôdzh'-îk, *s.* the art of reasoning
 Logical, lôdzh'-îk-âl, *a.* pertaining to or skilled in logic [logic]
 Logician, lô-dzh'-îsh'-în, *s.* one versed in
 Logwood, lôg'-wûd, *s.* a wood used for dying dark colours
 Loin, lô'n, *s.* the back of an animal, the reins
 Loiter, lô't-ér, *v. n.* to linger, to tarry
 Loll, lô'l, *v. n.* to lean idly, to hang out

shùt, nôte, lôse, actér—hüt, pûsh, mâte, fûr—traly, rye—thus, thick.

- Lone, lô ne, *a.* solitary, single, without company
 Lonesome, lô'ne-sôm, *a.* solitary, dismal
 Long, lông, *a.* not short, dilatory—
v. n. to desire earnestly. [of a ship
 Longboat, lông-bôte, *s.* the largest boat
 Longevity, lôn-dzhêv'-it-y, *s.* great
 length of life [penetrating
 Long-headed, lông-hêd'-êd, *a.* subtle
 Longimetry, lôn-dzhîm'-ê-trý, *s.* the art
 of measuring distances [or desire
 Longing, lông'-yng, *s.* an earnest wish
 Longitude, lôn'-dzhî tûde, *s.* length, dis-
 tance from east to west
 Longitudinal, lôn-dzhî tû-dý-nîl, *a.* run-
 ning in the longest direction
 Longsuffering, lông-shûf'-fêr-yng, *a.* pa-
 tient—*s.* clemency, patience
 Longways, lông'-waze, or Longwise,
 lông'-wize, *ad.* in length
 Longwinded, lông'-wîn-dêd, *a.* long-
 breathed, tedious
 Loo, lô, *s.* the name of a game at cards
 Looby, lô-bý, *s.* a lubber, a clumsy
 elown
 Loof, lôf, *s.* the after part of a ship's
 bow—*v. a.* to bring the ship close to
 a wind
 Look, lôk, *v. n.* to direct the eye to
 any object—*v. a.* to seek for, to turn
 the eye upon, to behold—*s.* the air
 of the face, mien
 Looking glass, lôk'-yng glîs, *s.* a mirror
 Loom, lô me, *s.* a weaver's frame—*v. n.*
 to appear indistinctly at sea
 Loom, lô me, *s.* a mean fellow, a scoundrel
 Loop, lô pe, *s.* a noose for a rope
 Loophole, lô pe-hôle, *s.* a hole for a
 string, an aperture, evasion
 Loose, lô se, *v. a.* to unbind, to set free
 —*a.* unbounded, wanton—*s.* liberty
 Loosen, lô's'n, *v. n.* to part—*v. a.* to re-
 lax, to set free
 Looseness, lô'se-nê's, *s.* a diarrhoea, ir-
 regularity, unchastity
 Lop, lôp, *v. a.* to cut branches, to cut
 short
 Loquacious, lô-kwâ'-shûs, *a.* full of talk
 Loquacity, lô-kwâ'-it-y, *s.* talkativeness
 Lord, lôrd, *s.* a title of honour, a no-
 bleman, a ruler—*v. n.* to domineer,
 to rule despotically
 Lording, lôrd'-yng, or Lordling, lôrd'-
 lîng, *s.* a lord in contempt
 Lordship, lôrd'-ship, *s.* power, domi-
 nion, a mañor, title of a nobleman, &c.
 Lore, lô're, *s.* doctrine, instruction
 Lorimer, lô'r'-mêr, or Loriner, lô'r'-
 nêr, *s.* a bridle-cutter
 Lora, lô'ra, *a.* forsaken, lost
 Lose, lô'ze, *v. a.* to forfeit, not gain—
v. n. to suffer loss, to fail
 Loss, lô's, *s.* forfeiture, damage, puzzle
 Lost, lô'st, *pret. and part. of* Lose
 Lot, lô't, *s.* fortune state assigned, por-
 tion
 Lotion, lô'-shûn, *s.* a medicinal wash
 Lottery, lô't-têr-y, *s.* a distribution of
 prizes by chance
 Loud, lôûd, *a.* noisy, clamorous
 Love, lôv, *v. a.* to regard with affec-
 tion—*s.* passion between the sexes,
 kindness, courtship, friendship, a
 kind of thin silk stuff
 Loveletter, lôv'-lê't-têr, *s.* a letter of
 courtship
 Lovelorn, lôv'-lôr'n, *a.* forsaken by one's
 love [in love
 Lover, lôv'-êr, *s.* a friend, a person
 Lovesick, lôv'-sîk, *a.* languishing through
 love [sing love
 Lovesong, lôv'-sông, *s.* a song expres-
 Lovesuit, lôv'-sûte, *s.* courtship
 Lovetale, lôv'-tâle, *s.* a narrative of love
 Lovetoy, lôv'-tôy, *s.* a small present
 given by a lover [sing love
 Lovetrick, lôv'-trîk, *s.* the art of expres-
 Lough, lôk', *s.* a lake, standing water
 Loving, lôv'-yng, *a.* kind, affectionate
 Lovingkindness, lôv'-yng-kind-nê's, *s.*
 tenderness, mercy
 Louis D'or, lô-y-dô're, *s.* a French gold
 coin of about twenty shillings
 Lounge, lôûndzh, *v. n.* to idle
 Louse, lôû's, *s.* a small animal
 Lousy, lôû'z, *a.* swarming with lice
 mean
 Lout, lôût, *s.* a bumpkin, a clown
 Loutish, lôût'-ish, *a.* clownish
 Low, lô, *a. and ad.* not high, dejected,
 abject, in poor circumstances—*v. n.*
 to bellow as a cow
 Lower, lô'er, *v. a.* to bring low, to
 lessen, to reduce—*v. n.* to grow less,
 to sink
 Lower, lôw'-êr, *v. n.* to appear gloomy,
 to frown—*s.* gloominess, a frown
 Lowland, lô'-lând, *s.* a low country, a
 marsh [of dignity
 Lowly, lô'-ly, *a.* meek, humble, void
 Lowminded, lô-mî'ndêd, *a.* mean,
 groveling
 Lown, lôû'n, *s.* a scoundrel, a mean
 Lowsprited, lô-spîr'-it-êd, *a.* dejected

Sounds.—hlt, hâte, hâll, liâr—mkt, dâist, mâ, hâr—chîn, chine, field, skirt—

Loyal, lÿ'âl, *a.* true to the prince, faithful in love [to his prince]
Loyalist, lÿ'-âl-ist, *s.* a rigid adherent
Loyalty, lÿ'-âl-ty, *s.* fidelity, adherence
Lozeng, lÿ'-ândzh, *s.* medicine made in small pieces to melt gradually in the mouth [a lazy sturdy fellow]
Lubard, lÿ'-bârd, or **Lubbar**, lÿ'-bér,
Lubric, lÿ'-brîk, or **Lubricous**, lÿ'-brî-kûs, *a.* slippery, unsteady
Lubricate, lÿ'-brî-kâte, *v. a.* to make smooth or slippery [lewdness]
Lubricity, lÿ'-brî-ty, *s.* slipperiness,
Luce, lÿ'-se, *s.* a pike full grown
Lucent, lÿ'-sént, *a.* shining, bright
Lucerne, or **Lusern**, lÿ'-sê, *s.* a kind of grass cultivated as clover
Lucid, lÿ'-yid, *a.* glittering, bright, pellucid
Lucidity, lÿ'-sîd-ty, *s.* brightness
Luck, lÿk', *s.* chance, fortune [chance]
Lucky, lÿk'-y, *a.* fortunate, happy by
Lucrative, lÿ'-krî-tiv, *a.* bringing gain, profitable
Lucre, lÿ'-kré, *s.* gain, profit
Luctation, lÿk'-tâ-shûn, *s.* a struggle, a contest [by night]
Lucubrate, lÿ'-kû-brâte, *v. a.* to study
Lucubration, lÿ'-kû-brâ-shûn, *s.* a nightly study or work [laughter]
Ludicrous, lÿ'-dÿ-krûs, *a.* merry, exciting
Luff, lÿf', *v. n.* to keep close to the wind
Lug, lÿg', *v. a.* to drag, to pull with violence—*s.* a kind of small fish, the ear in Scotland [thing]
Luggage, lÿg'-gêdah, *s.* any cumbersome
Lukewarm, lÿk'-wârm, *a.* moderately warm, indifferent [put to rest]
Lull, lÿl', *v. a.* to compose to sleep, to lullaby, lÿl'-lÿ-bÿ, *s.* a song to still babes
Lumbago, lÿm-bâ-gô, *s.* pains about the loins [or cumbersome]
Lumber, lÿm'-bér, *s.* any thing useless
Luminary, lÿ'-mÿn-âr-y, *s.* any body that gives light [bright]
Luminous, lÿ'-mÿn-ús, *a.* enlightened,
Lump, lÿmp', *s.* a shapeless mass, the gross
Lumping, lÿmp'-yng, or **Lumpish**, lÿmp'-ish, *a.* large, heavy, gross, dull
Lumpy, lÿmp'-y, *a.* full of lumps
Lunacy, lÿ'-nâ-sÿ, *s.* madness in general
Lunar, lÿ'-nâr, or **Lunary**, lÿ'-nâr-y, *a.* relating to the moon [man]
Lunatic, lÿ'-nâ-tik, *a.* mad—*s.* a mad
Lunation, lÿ'-nâ-shûn, *s.* a revolution of the moon

Lunch, lÿnsh', or **Luncheon**, lÿn'-shûn, *s.* a handful of food
Lunette, lÿ'-nê't, *s.* a half moon in specification [of respiration]
Lungs, lÿng's, *s.* the lights, the organs
Lupine, lÿ'-pîn, *s.* a kind of pulse
Lurch, lÿrtsh, *s.* a forlorn, or deserv'd state—*v. a.* to shift, to slch, to offer, to lurk [the]
Lure, lÿ're, *s.* enticement—*v. a.* to allure, lÿ'-rîd, *a.* pale, gloomy, dismal
Lurk, lÿrk', *v. n.* to lie in wait, to close
Lurkingplace, lÿrk'-yng-plâse, *s.* a hiding place, secret place [clothing]
Luscious, lÿs'-shûs, *a.* sweet, pleasing
Lush, lÿsh', *a.* of a dark deep colour
Luxurious, lÿ'-sÿ-ryûs, or **Lascory**, lÿ'-sôr-y, *a.* used in play, sportive
Lust, lÿst, *s.* carnal desire—*v. a.* to desire carnally [purify]
Lustrate, lÿs'-trâte, *v. a.* to cleanse, to
Lustration, lÿs'-trâ-shûn, *s.* a purification by water
Lustre, lÿs'-tér, *s.* brightness, a sêdne with lights, renown, a space of five years
Lustrous, lÿs'-trûs, *a.* bright, luminous
Lusty, lÿs'-ty, *a.* stout, healthy, able-bodied
Lute, lÿ'te, *s.* a musical instrument, chymist's clay—*v. a.* to close with chymist's clay [shining silk]
Lutestring, lÿ'te-string, *s.* a kind of
Lutheran, lÿ'-thér-ân, *s.* a follower of Luther [put out of joint]
Lux, lÿk's, or **Luxate**, lÿk'-âte, *v. a.* to luxation, lÿks'-â-shûn, *s.* the act of dis-jointing, thing disjointed
Luxuriant, lÿg'-zâ-ryênt, *a.* exuberant, superfluously plebeous
Luxurious, lÿg'-zâ-ryûs, *a.* voluptuous, delicious, enervating, exuberant
Luxury, lÿk'-sûr-y, *s.* voluptuousness, delicious fare, excess in eating or dress, &c.
Lydian, lÿd'-yân, *a.* effeminate
Lying, lÿ'-yng, *part. a. of* Lie, or *Lye*
Lymph, lÿmf', *s.* a pure fluid, transparent, colourless
Lymphatic, lÿm-fât'-ik, *s.* a vessel conveying the lymph—a. belonging to or conveying the lymph [best]
Lynx, lÿngks', *s.* a sharp-sighted spotted
Lyre, lÿ're, *s.* a musical instrument
Lyric, lÿr'-ik, *a.* pertaining to a lyre or to odes of poetry sung to a lyre

shôt, nôte, lôse, actôr—hüt, pûsh, mâte, fûr—trulý, rýe—thus, thick.

M.

MAC, mäk, *s.* an Irish and Scotch word for son [comb
 Macaroni, mäk-ä-rö-ný, *s.* a fop, a cox-
 Macaronic, mäk-ä-rön'-yk, *s.* a confused mixture [cuit
 Macaroon, mäk-ä-rö-ne, *s.* a sweet bis-
 Macaw, mäk-kä', *s.* a West-Indian bird
 Mace, mä'se, *s.* an ensign of authority, a spice [carries the mace
 Macebearer, mä'se-bäre-ér, *s.* one who
 Macerate, mä's-ér-äte, *v. a.* to make lean, to steep
 Maceration, mä's-ér-ä-shün, *s.* the act of macerating, steeping
 Machinate, mäk'-yn-äte, *v. a.* to plan, to contrive
 Machination, mäk'-yn-ä-shün, *s.* contrivance, a malicious scheme
 Machine, mäk'-shíne, *s.* a complicated piece of workmanship, an engine
 Machinery, mäk'-shín-ér-y, *s.* complicated workmanship
 Mackerel, mäk'-rél, *s.* a small sea fish
 Macrococosm, mäk'-krö-közm, *s.* the whole world or visible system
 Macula, mäk-û-lä, *or* Maculation, mäk-û-lä'-shün, *s.* a spot, a stain
 Maculate, mäk'-û-läte, *v. a.* to stain to spot
 Mad, mäd', *a.* disordered in mind, furious—*v. a.* to make mad, to enrage
 Madam, mäd'-äm, *s.* a term of address to ladies
 Madbrained, mäd' brän'd, *a.* disordered in the mind, hot-headed [fellow
 Madcap, mäd'-káp, *s.* a wild, hot-brained dapper, mäd'-der, *s.* a plant much used in dying
 Made, mä'de, *pret. and part. of* Make
 Madely, mäd'-ä-fý, *v. a.* to make wet
 Madhouse, mäd'-hûs, *s.* a house for madmen [of his understanding
 Madman, mäd'-män, *s.* a man deprived
 Madness, mäd'-nës, *s.* fury, distraction
 Madrigal, mäd'-ri-gäl, *s.* an amatory epigram or song
 Magazine, mäg-ä-zý-ne, *s.* a storehouse, a miscellaneous pamphlet [titute
 Magdalen, mäg-dä-lén, *s.* a penitent prostitute
 Maggot, mäg-gót, *s.* a small grub, a whim [whimsical
 Maggoty, mäg-gót-y, *a.* full of maggots,

Magic, mädsh'-yk, *a.* acting or performed by incantation or secret power—a dealing with spirits, &c.
 Magician, mäk-dzhish'-än, *s.* one skilled in magic [arrogant
 Magisterial, mä-dzhís-tér-ryäl, *a.* lofty
 Magistery, mädzh'-ís-tér-y, *s.* a fine chemical powder [with authority
 Magistrate, mädzh'-ís-trät, *s.* one vested
 Magnanimity, mäg-nä-ním'-y-ty, *s.* greatness of mind
 Magnanimous, mäg-nän'-ím-ús, *a.* great of mind, brave
 Magnesia, mäg-né-shä, *s.* a sort of white absorbent earth [tracts iron
 Magnet, mäg-nét, *s.* a stone that attracts
 Magnetic, mäg-nét'-yk, *a.* attractive
 Magnetism, mäg'-né-tizm, *s.* power of attraction
 Magnific, mäg-níf'-yk, *a.* illustrious
 Magnificent, mäg-níf'-ýs-ént, *a.* grand in appearance, splendid, pompous
 Magnify, mäg-ní-fý, *v. a.* to make great, to extol highly [comparative bulk
 Magnitude, mäg-ný-tüde, *s.* greatness
 Magpie, mäg-pý, *s.* a bird, a loquacious person
 Mahogany, mäk-hög'-än-y, *s.* a valuable brown wood much used for furniture
 Maid, mä'de, *s.* a fish, a female servant, a virgin
 Maiden, mäd'n, *s.* a virgin, a female servant—a consisting of virgins, fresh, unpolluted [uncontaminated state
 Maidenhead, mäd'n-héd, *s.* virginity
 Maid-servant, mäde-sér-vént, *s.* a female servant
 Majestic, mädzh-és'-ýk, *a.* august, grand
 Majesty, mädzh-és'-ý, *s.* grandeur, sovereignty, a title of kings and queens
 Mail, mä'le, *s.* armour, a postman's bag of letters
 Maim, mä'me, *v. a.* to wound, to cripple—*s.* lameness, injury, defect
 Main, mä'ne, *a.* principal, forcible—the gross, the bulk, the ocean
 Mainland, mä'ne-länd, *s.* a continent
 Mainmast, mä'ne mäst, *a.* the chief or middle mast
 Mainprize, mä'ne-prize, *s.* a bail, a pledge or surety

Sounds—hât, hâte, hâll, liâr—mêt, dêsiat, mâ, hêr—chîn, chine, fheid, shirt.—

- Mainsail**, mǎ'ne-sǎle, *s.* the sail of the mainmast
- Maintain**, mên-tǎ'ne, *v. a.* to keep, to support—*v. n.* to support by argument [nance, protection]
- Maintenance**, mǎn-tên-éns, *s.* sustenance
- Maintop**, mǎ'ne-tóp, *s.* the top of the mainmast [mainmast]
- Mainyard**, mǎ'ne-yǎrd, *s.* the yard of the
- Major**, mǎ'-dzhór, *a.* greater, senior, elder—*s.* an officer above the captain, the first proposition of a syllogism
- Majority**, mǎ'-dzhór-ýt-ý, *s.* the greater number, full age, the office of a major
- Maize**, mǎ'ze, *s.* Indian wheat
- Make**, mǎ'ke, *v. a.* to create, to form, to establish in riches or happiness—*s.* form, structure, nature
- Makepeace**, mǎ'ke-pèse, *s.* a peace-maker
- Maker**, mǎ'-ker, *s.* one who makes any thing [temper]
- Malady**, mǎ'l-á-dý, *s.* a disorder, a disease
- Malapert**, mǎ'l-á-pért, *a.* saucy, impudent
- Malcontent**, mǎl kón'tént, *s.* one dissatisfied, disaffected to government
- Male**, mǎ'le, *a.* of the sex that begets young—*s.* the he of any species
- Malediction**, mǎl-é-dýk-shûn, *s.* a curse, an execration [against law]
- Malefactor**, mǎ'l-é-fák-tór, *s.* an offender
- Malefic**, mǎl-é-fík, *a.* mischievous, hurtful
- Malevolent**, mǎ-lév-ó-lént, *a.* ill-natured, malignant [evil intention]
- Malice**, mǎl'ýs, *s.* deliberate mischief
- Malicious**, mǎ-lýsh'ús, *a.* ill-disposed, intending ill [fectionous, fatal]
- Malign**, mǎ-lýne, *a.* unfavourable, inimical
- Malignant**, mǎ-lýg-nánt, *a.* malicious, mischievous
- Malignity**, mǎ-lýg-nýt-ý, *s.* malice, destructive tendency
- Malin**, mǎl-kín, *s.* a dirty wench
- Mall**, mǎ'l, *s.* a beater or hammer—*v. a.* to strike with a mall, to beat
- Mall**, mǎ'l, *s.* a public walk
- Mallard**, mǎ'l-lárd, *s.* the drake of the wild duck
- Malleability**, mǎl-lyk-býl-ýt-ý, *s.* the quality of enduring the hammer
- Malleate**, mǎl-lyáte, *v. a.* to hammer, to spread by beating
- Mallet**, mǎ'l-lét, *s.* a wooden hammer
- Malmsey**, mǎ'm-sý, *s.* a sort of grape, a kind of wine [and dried]
- Malt**, mǎlt, *s.* grain steeped in water
- Maltfloor**, mǎlt-flór, *s.* a floor to dry malt on
- Malthouse**, mǎlt-hóus, *s.* a building in which malt is made
- Maltman**, mǎlt-mán, *or* **Malster**, mǎlt-ter, *s.* one who makes malt
- Maltreated**, mǎl trét-éd, *part.* abused, ill used [dealer in malt]
- Malster**, *or* **Malster**, mǎlt-ster, *s.* a
- Malversation**, mǎl-vér-sá-shûn, *s.* mean artifices or shifts [mother]
- Mamma**, mǎm-má, *s.* a fond word for
- Mammillary**, mǎm-míl-lá-ý, *a.* belonging to the paps
- Mammon**, mǎm-món, *s.* riches
- Man**, mán, *s.* human being, the male of the human species—*v. a.* to furnish with men, &c. [hands, to shackle]
- Manacle**, mán'ák'l, *v. a.* to chain the
- Manacles**, mán'ák'lz, *s.* chains for the hands
- Manage**, mán-édah, *v. a.* to conduct, to govern, to husband—*v. n.* to superintend affairs—*s.* conduct, management of a house
- Management**, mán-édah'mént, *s.* conduct, practice
- Manche**, mánsh, *s.* a sleeve
- Managery**, mán-édzh-ý, *s.* conduct, administration, frugality [fine bread]
- Manchet**, mánsh-ét, *s.* a small loaf of
- Mancipate**, mán-sí-páte, *v. a.* to enslave, to bind [vevor]
- Manciple**, mán-sýp'l, *s.* a steward, a pur-
- Mandamus**, mán-dá-mús, *s.* a writ from the King's Bench
- Mandarin**, mán-dá-rín, *s.* a Chinese nobleman or magistrate
- Mandate**, mán-dét, *s.* a command, a precept
- Mandatory**, mán-dét-ér-ý, *a.* preceptive
- Mandible**, mán-díb'l, *s.* the jaw
- Mandrake**, mán-dráke, *s.* a plant
- Manducate**, mán-dú-káte, *v. a.* to chew, to eat
- Mane**, mǎ'ne, *s.* the long hair on the neck of horses
- Man-eater**, mán-ét-ér, *s.* a cannibal
- Manes**, mǎ-néz, *s.* ghosts, shades
- Manful**, mán-fúi, *a.* bold, stout, daring
- Manganese**, mán-gá-néz, *s.* a kind of poor iron ore used by glassmakers
- Mange**, mán-dzh, *s.* the itch or scab in cattle, dogs, &c.
- Manger**, mán-dzer, *s.* a long wooden trough in which animals are fed with corn

hōt, nōte, lōse, wctor—hut, pūsh, mūte, fūr—truly, rje—thus, thick.

e, mǎng'í, *v. a.* to cut or tear in
es, to smooth linen—*s.* a machine
smoothing linen
, mǎn'gō', *s.* an Indian fruit; or
, mǎndsh-y, *a.* infected with the
ge
od, mǎn' hūd, *s.* virility, courage
c, mǎ'nyāk, *a.* affected with mad-

st, mǎn'Y fēst, *a.* plain, clear,
ent—*s.* a public declaration—*v. a.*
ake appear

station, mǎn'Y-fēs-tā'shūn, *s.* dis-
ry, publication

sto, mǎn'Y-fēs-tō, *s.* a public de-
old, mǎn'Y-fōld, *a.* many in num-
divers

[at ombre or quadrille
e, mǎ'nyí', *s.* the second best card
le, mǎn'yp'í, *s.* handful, a small
l of soldiers

nd, mǎn'kīnd, *s.* the human race
e, mǎn'-like, or Manly, mǎn'-ly,
ting a man, firm, stout, brave

, mǎn'-nā, *s.* a physical drug, &c.
r, mǎn'-nér, *s.* form, custom,
main

[behaved
rily, mǎn'-nér-ly, *a.* civil, well
rs, mǎn'-nér's, *s.* morals, studied
abitual civility

, mǎn'-ór, *s.* a lord's jurisdiction
, mǎn's, *s.* a parsonage-house
on, mǎn'-shūn, *s.* a place of resi-

e, a great house
ughter, mǎn'-slā tér, *s.* murder
out malice

[chimney
l, mǎn'tí, *s.* raised work over a
let, mǎn-té-lét, *s.* a small cloak,
veable penthouse for shelter

, mǎn'tí, *s.* a cloak or garment—
to cloak, to cover—*v. n.* to froth,
rment

a, mǎnt'ā, *s.* a lady's gown
amaker, mǎn'-tā-mā-kér, *s.* one
makes gowns

l, mǎn'-ū-āí, *a.* performed by the
l—*s.* a small book [spoils in war
dial, mǎ-nū-byāí, *a.* taken as
luction, mǎn'-dūk-shūn, *s.* a
ance by the hand

acture, mǎn'-ū-fāk'-tūre, *s.* any
s made by art—*v. a.* to make by

mission, mǎn'-ū-mísh' ūn, *s.* the act
ting free

it, mǎn ū-mít', *v. a.* to release
, mǎ-nū're, *v. n.* to dung, to en-
s. soil to be laid on lands

Manuscript, mǎn'-ū-skrípt, *s.* a book
written

Many, mǎn'y, *a.* numerous, several
Map, mǎp, *s.* a delineation of coun-
tries, &c.

Maple, mǎ'p'í, *s.* a tree [damage
Mar, mǎ'r', *v. a.* to injure, to spoil, to
Maranatha, mǎ-rā-nā-thā, *s.* a Jewish
form of anathemizing

Marasmus, mǎ-rās'-mús, *s.* a consump-
Marauder, mǎ-rá'd-ér, *s.* a plundering
soldier

[search of plunder
Marauding, mǎ-rá'd-íng, *s.* roving in
Marble, mǎrb'l, *s.* a stone of a fine po-
lish, a little ball of marble—*v. a.* to
variegate, to vein like marble

Marblehearted, mǎrb'l hǎrt'-éd, *a.* cruel,
hardhearted

[fossil
Marcasite, mǎr-ká-zíte, *s.* a hard bright
March, mǎr'tah, *s.* the third month of
the year, the movement of soldiers,
a solemn walk or tune—*v. n.* to move
in a military or stately manner—*v. a.*
to put in military movement or regu-
lar procession

[of a marquis
Marchioness, mǎr'-tshón-ēs, *s.* the wife
Mare, mǎ're, *s.* the female of a horse, a
kind of torpor or stagnation called
the night mare

[of an army
Mareschal, mǎr-shál, *s.* a commander
Margarite, mǎr gá-ríte, *s.* an herb, a
pearl

[dzhūn, *s.* a border, an edge
Margent, mǎr-dzhént, or Margin, mǎr-
Marginal, mǎr-dzhín-ál, *a.* placed in
the margin

Margrave, mǎr-gráve, *s.* a title of sove-
reignty in Germany

Margraviate, mǎr-gráv-yét, *s.* the dignity
or territory of a margrave

[flower
Marigold, mǎr-Y góld, *s.* a sort of yellow
Marisole, mǎr'-ín áre, *v. a.* to salt and
preserve fish in oil or vinegar

Marine, mǎ ríne, *a.* belonging to the
sea—*s.* sea affairs, a sea soldier

Mariner, mǎr'-ín-ér, *s.* a seaman, a sailor
Marjoram, mǎr'-dzhór ám, *s.* a fragrant
herb

[husband
Marital, mǎr'-yt-ál, *a.* pertaining to a
Maritime, mǎr'-yt-ím, *a.* performed on
the sea, naval, bordering on the sea

Mark, mǎrk, *s.* a token, an impression,
a character, a proof, evidence, any
thing at which a missile weapon is
directed, a silver coin worth 13s. 4d.

—*v. a.* to impress with a mark, to
note

Sounds—hât, hâte, hâll, liâr—mêt, dêshê, mâ, hêr—chîn, chine, field.

- Market**, mâr-kêt, *s.* a place and time to buy or sell—*v. n.* to deal at a market [to hit a mark]
- Marksman**, mârks-mân, *s.* one skillful
- Marl**, mâr'l, *s.* a kind of fat clay used for manure [pitch]
- Narline**, mâr'-lîn, *s.* hemp dipped in
- Marlpit**, mâr'l-pît, *s.* a pit out of which marl is dug
- Marly**, mâr'-ly, *a.* abounding with marl
- Marmalade**, mâr-mâ-lâde, *s.* the pulp of quinces or of other fruits boiled with sugar [marble]
- Marinorean**, mâr-mô'-ryân, *a.* made of
- Marque**, mâr'k, *s.* a licence for reprisals
- Marque**, mâr-kê', *s.* an officer's field tent [rank to a duke]
- Marquis**, mâr'kwîs, *s.* a title next in
- Marquisate**, mâr'kwîz-êt, *s.* seigniority of a marquis [man and woman]
- Marriage**, mâr'-rydz, *s.* act of uniting a
- Married**, mâr'-ryd, *a.* conjugal, connubial [bones]
- Marrow**, mâr'-rô, *s.* an oily substance in
- Marrowfat**, mâr-rô-fât, *s.* a kind of pea
- Marry**, mâr'-ry, *v. a.* to join a man and a woman, to take for a husband or wife—*v. n.* to enter into the conjugal state
- Marsh**, mâr'sh, *s.* a fen, a bog, a swamp
- Marshal**, mâr-shâl, *s.* the chief officer of arms—*v. a.* to arrange, to rank in order
- Marshalsea**, mâr-shâl-sý, *s.* a prison belonging to the king's marshal
- Marsh mallow**, mârsh mâl-lô, *s.* a plant
- Marsh-marigold**, mârsh-mâr'-i-gôld, *s.* a flower [in marshes]
- Marshy**, mâr'sh-y, *a.* marshy, produced
- Mart**, mâr't, *s.* a place of public traffic, a bargain [swallow]
- Marten**, mâr'tén, *s.* a kind of weasel, a
- Martial**, mâr-shâl, *a.* warlike, brave, valiant [strap for a horse]
- Martingal**, mâr-tîn-gâl, *s.* a leathern
- Martingale**, mâr-tîn-mâs, *s.* the feast of St. Martin, the 11th of November
- Martlet**, mâr'-lêt, *s.* a kind of swallow
- Martyr**, mâr'-tir, *s.* one who dies for the truth [for honour of a martyr]
- Martyrdom**, mâr-tîr-dôm, *s.* the death
- Martyrology**, mâr-tîr-ôl'-o-dzhý, *s.* a register of martyrs
- Marvel**, mâr-vêl, *s.* wonder—*v. n.* to wonder at
- Marvellous**, mâr-vê-lûs, *a.* wonderful, strange
- Masculine**, mäs'-kû-lîn, *a.* mal
- man**, manly
- Mash**, mäs'h, *s.* a mixture for
- v. n.* to beat into a confused
- Mask**, or **Masque**, *s.* a disguis
- tive entertainment [wheat]
- Maalin**, mäs'-lîn, *s.* mixed c
- Mason**, mä'-s'n, *s.* one who w
- stone [of]
- Masonry**, mä's'n-ry, *s.* the craft
- Masquerade**, mäs-kér-ä'de, *s.* a
- assembly [Romish]
- Mass**, mäs', *s.* a lump, service
- Massacre**, mäs'-sä-kér, *s.* butch
- discriminate destruction—*v.*
- butcher indiscriminately
- Massive**, mäs'-siv, or **Massy**, mäs
- weighty, bulky
- Mast**, mäst, *s.* a post raised
- vessel, the fruit of the oak or
- Master**, mä's-ter, *s.* the chief
- place or thing, dignity in the
- sities—*v. a.* to conquer, to ru
- Masterly**, mäs-tér-ly, *a.* skilful,
- suitable to a master
- Masterpiece**, mä's-tér-pîse, *s.* a
- performance, chief excellence
- Masterstroke**, mäs-tér-strôke, *s.*
- tal performance
- Mastery**, mä's-tér-y, *s.* rule, supe
- Masticate**, mäs-tî-käte, *v. a.* to
- Mastication**, mäs-tî-kä-shûn, *s.*
- of chewing
- Mastich**, mä's-tîk, *s.* a kind of
- Mastiff**, mä's-tîf, *s.* a fierce dog
- largest size
- Mat**, mät', *s.* a texture of sedg
- or rushes—*v. a.* to cover with
- Matadore**, mät-ä-dô're, *s.* one
- three principal cards at omb
- quadrille
- Match**, mätsh', *s.* any thing that
- fire, a contest, one equal to a
- marriage—*v. a.* to be equal to,
- to marry—*v. n.* to be married
- Matchless**, mätsh'-lës, *a.* having
- Matchmaker**, mätsh'-mä-kér, *s. c*
- makes matches [subor]
- Mate**, mä'te, *s.* a companion, se
- Material**, mä-tê-ryäl, *a.* consi
- matter, not spiritual, importa
- Materiality**, mä-tê-ryäl-î-t-y, *s. i*
- existence, corporeity
- Materials**, mä-tê-ryälz, *s.* what a
- is made of
- Maternal**, mä-tér-näl, *a.* of a
- mother

shòt, nòt, lóse. actór—hùt, push, màte, fàr—trulý, rýe—thus, thick.

Mathematic, máth-é-mát'ík, *a.* considered according to mathematics

Matematician, máth-é-mát'ish-án, *s.* one versed in the mathematics

Mathematics, máth-é-mát'iks, *s.* the science of number and measure

Mathesis, má-thé-sis, *s.* the doctrine of mathematics

Matin, má't'ín, *a.* used in the morning

Matins, má't'ínz, *s.* morning worship

Matrass, má't'rás, *s.* a chymical vessel

Matrices, má't'ris, *s.* the womb, a mould

Matricide, má't'ri-side, *s.* the murder of a mother

Matriculate, má't'rik-ù-láte, *v. a.* to admit to a membership of an university

Matriculation, má't'rik-ù-lá-shún, *s.* the act of matriculating

Matrimonial, má't'ri-mō-nyál, *a.* pertaining to marriage [wedlock]

Matrimony, má't'ri-món-y, *s.* marriage,

Matrix, má't'riks, *s.* the womb

Matron, má't'rón, *s.* a prudent elderly woman [gunners in artillery]

Matros, má't'rós, *s. a.* so dier under the

Matter, má't'tér, *s.* body or substance, materials, subject, purulent running

Matting, má't'ting, *s.* mats, texture of which mats are made [or hoe]

Mattock, má't'tók, *s.* a kind of pick-ax

Mattress, má't'trés, *s.* a kind of quilt made to lie upon [ripening]

Maturation, má't'ù-rá-shún, *s.* the act of

Maturative, má't'ù-rá-tív, *a.* ripening, conducive to ripeness [digested]

Nature, má't'ù're, *a.* ripe, perfect, well

Maturity, má't'ù'r-ít-y, *s.* ripeness, completion.

Maudin, má'd-lín, *a.* drunk—*s.* a plant

Maugre, má-gér, *ad.* in spite of

Maul, má'l, *v. a.* to bruise or beat soundly—*s.* a wooden hammer

Maud, má'nd, *s.* a hand basket

Maunder, má'n-dér, *v. n.* to grumble, to mutter

Maundy Thursday, má'n-dý-thúrz-dá, *s.* the Thursday before Good-f'riday

Mausoleum, má-sò lé'úm, *s.* a pompous funeral monument [birds]

Maw, má', *s.* the stomach, the craw of

Mawkish, má-k'ish, *a.* apt to cause loathing [stomach]

Maw-worm, má' wórm, *s.* a worm in the

Maxillary, máks-yé-lár-y, *a.* belonging to the jaw bone

Maxim, máks'ím, *s.* an axiom, a general principle

Maximum, máks'í-múm, *s.* the greatest possible quantity

May, má', *s.* the fifth month of the year

May-flower, má-flów'r, *s.* a plant

May-fly, má-flý, *s.* an insect peculiar to May [first of May]

May-game, má-gáme, *s.* diversions on the

May-lily, má-'lil-y, *s.* the lily of the valley

Mayor, má're, *s.* the chief magistrate of a corporation [mayor]

Mayoralty, má're-ál-tý, *s.* the office of a

Mayoress, má-ór-és, *s.* wife of a mayor or representative of one

May-pole, má-pòle, *s.* a pole danced round in May [momile]

May-weed, má-wèd, *s.* a species of ca-

Maze, má'ze, *s.* a labyrinth, confusion of thought

Mazy, má-zý, *a.* perplexed, confused

Mead, mé'de, *s.* a drink made of water and honey, a meadow

Meadow, mé'd-ò, *s.* rich pasture land

Meager, mé-gér, *a.* lean, poor in flesh hungry

Meal, mé'le, *s.* a repast, the flour of corn

Mealman, mé'le-mán, *s.* a dealer in meal

Mealy, mé-ly, *a.* besprinkled with meal, pappy [bashful of speech]

Mealy-mouthed, mé-ly-móuth'd, *a.*

Mean, mé'ne, *a.* low of rank, despicable, base—*s.* mediocrity, measure, revenue—*v. n.* to intend—*v. a.* to purpose

Meander, mé-án-dér, *s.* a maze, a serpentine winding—*v. n.* to run with a serpentine course

Meaning, mé'n-ýng, *s.* intention, sense

Meanness, mén'-nès, *s.* niggardliness, want of dignity [tune]

Means, mé'ns, *s.* income, revenue, for-

Meant, mént', *pret. and part. of Mean*

Mease, mé'ce, *s.* a measure of five hundred herrings

Measles, mé's-lés, *s.* a disease attended with inflammation, eruptions, &c.

Measled, mé'z'l'd, or **Measly**, mé'z-ly, *a.* spotted with measles

Measure, mézh'úr, *s.* proportion, a stated or sufficient quantity, musical time, moderation, limit—*v. a.* to compute, to adjust, to distribute by measure [quantity of measure]

Measurement, mézh-ur-mént, *s.* act or

Meat, mé'te, *s.* flesh, food in general

Meated, mé't-éd, *a.* fed, foddered

Mechanic, mé-kán'ík, *a.* mean, servile, skilled in mechanics—*s.* a manual laborer, a low workman

Sounds—hât, hâte, hâll, liâr—mêt, dêist, mâ, her—chîn, chîne, field, shîr.

Mechanics, mē-kîn-yk, *s.* the geometry of motion [juice of poppies]

Meconium, mē-kō-nyum, *s.* expressed

Medal, mē-dâl, *s.* an ancient coin, a stamped piece of metal

Medallion, mē-dâl-lyon, *s.* a large coin or medal [interpose]

Meddle, mēd'l, *v. n.* to have to do, to meddlesome, mēd'l-sôm, *a.* intermeddling

Medial, mē-dyâl, *a.* middle, mean

Mediate, mē-dyâte, *v. n.* to interpose as a friend—*v. a.* to form by mediation

Mediation, mē-dyâ-shûn, *s.* an interposition

Mediator, mē-dyâ-tôr-y, *s.* one that interposes, an intercessor

Mediatorial, mē-dyâ-tô-ryâl, *or* **Mediatory**, mē-dyâ-tôr-y, *a.* belonging to a mediator [being healed]

Medicable, mēd'y-kéb'l, *a.* capable of

Medical, mēd'y-kâl, *a.* physical, medicinal [used in healing]

Medicament, mēd'y-kâ-mēnt, *s.* any thing

Medicate, mēd'y-kâte, *v. a.* to tincture with medicines

Medicinal, mēd'y-s'nal, *a.* having the power of healing, belonging to physic

Medicine, mēd'y-sîn, *s.* physic

Mediety, mēd'y-ty, *s.* a middle state

Mediocrity, mē-dyôk-r'ity, *s.* a small degree, middle state, moderation

Meditate, mēd'y-tâte, *v. a.* to plan, to think on—*v. n.* to contemplate

Meditation, mēd'y-tâ-shûn, *s.* deep thought, contemplation

Meditative, mēd'y-tâ-tiv, *a.* given to meditation, serious

Mediterranean, mēd'y-tēr-râ-nyân, *or*

Mediterraneous, mēd'y-tēr-râ-nyûs, *a.* incircled with land, inland

Medium, mē-dyûm, *s.* any thing intervening, a middle space or degree

Medlar, mēd'lâr, *s.* a sort of tree or its fruit [mass]

Medley, mēd'ly, *s.* a mixture, a mingled

Medullar, mēd'ul-lâr, *or* **Medullary**, mēd'ul-lâr-y, *a.* pertaining to marrow

Meed, mēde, *s.* a reward, a gift

Meek, mē'ke, *a.* mild, soft, gentle

Meekness, mēk'kēs, *s.* gentleness, softness of temper

Meer, mē're. *See* Mere

Meet, mē'te, *a.* fit, proper—*v. a.* to face, to encounter, to join, to find

Meeting, mē-ting, *s.* an assembly, a convocation

Megrim, mē-grim, *s.* a disorder of the head

Melancholic, mēl-ân-kôl-yk, *a.* disordered with melancholy, fauciful

Melancholy, mēl-ân-kôl-y, *s.* a disease from a redundancy of black bile, discontented temper—*a.* diseased with melancholy, fauciful, dismal

Melliot, mēl-i-lôt, *s.* name of a plant, an unguent [to improve]

Meliorate, mēl-yô-râte, *v. a.* to better

Melioration, mēl-yô-râ-shûn, *s.* the state of being better, improvement

Melliferous, mēl-lif-er-ûs, *a.* producing honey [act of making honey]

Mellification, mēl-lif-i-kâ-shûn, *s.* the

Mellifluent, mēl-lif-lâ-nt, *or* **Mellifluous**, mēl-lif-lâ-ûs, *a.* flowing with honey [ripe, drunk]

Mellow, mēl'lo, *a.* soft in sound, full

Melodious, mē-lô-dyûs, *a.* harmonious, full of melody

Melody, mēl'ô-dy, *s.* harmony of sound

Melon, mēl'ôn, *s.* a plant and its fruit

Melt, mēlt', *v. a.* to dissolve, to make liquid—*v. n.* to become liquid

Member, mēm-bér, *s.* a limb, a part of a discourse, or period, one of a community [fibres]

Membrane, mēm-brâne, *s.* a web of fine

Membranaceous, mēm-brâ-nyûs, *a.* consisting of membranes

Memento, mē-mên-tô, *s.* a hint to awaken the memory [thing]

Memoir, mēm'ôir, *s.* an account of any

Memorable, mēm'ôr-eb'l, *a.* worthy of remembrance

Memorandum, mēm'ô-rin'dûm, *s.* a note to help the memory

Memorial, mē-mô-ryâl, *s.* something to preserve memory, a written act containing a remonstrance or petition

Memorialist, mē-mô-ryâl-ist, *s.* one who presents a memorial

Memory, mēm'ô-ry, *s.* that faculty by which we call to mind any past transaction

Men, mēn', *s.* plural of Man

Menace, mēn'és, *v. a.* to threaten—*c.* a threat [of animals]

Menagery, mē-nâzh-ër-y, *s.* a collection

Mend, mēnd', *v. a.* to repair, to correct, to improve—*v. n.* to grow better

Mendacity, mēn-dâ-s'ity, *s.* lying, falsehood

Mendicant, mēn-dî-kant, *a.* begging—*s.* a beggar

shöt, nôte, löse, actör—hüt, pūsh, mäte, für—truly, rye—thus, thick.

Mendicant, mēn'-dī-kāte, *v. a.* to beg, to ask alms [mestic

Menial, mē'-nyāl, *s.* a servant—*a. do.* Menstrual, mēns'-trū-āl, *a.* monthly, pertaining to a menstruum

Menstruum, mēns'-trū-ūm, *s.* liquor used in infusions

Mensurability, mēn'-sū-rā-bīl'-y-ty, *s.* capacity of being measured [sure

Mensurate, mēn'-sū-rāte, *v. a.* to measure Mensuration, mēn'-sū-rā-shūn, *s.* the act or practice of measuring [in the mind

Mental, mēnt'-āl, *a.* intellectual, existing Mention, mēn'-shūn, *s.* oral or written expression—*v. a.* to express in words, &c.

Meophitic, mē-fyt'-yk, *a.* noxious Merchantile, mēr'-kän-tīle, *a.* trading, commercial [ish—*s.* a hireling

Mercenary, mēr'-sē-nār-y, *a.* venal, self-Mercer, mēr'-sēr, *s.* one who sells silks

Mercery, mēr'-sēr-y, *s.* a dealing in silks Merchandise, mēr'-tshān-dīze, *s.* traffic, commerce, wares—*v. a.* to traffic

Merchant, mēr'-tshént, *s.* a dealer by wholesale [ship of trade

Merchant-man, mēr'-tshént-mān, *s.* a Merciful, mēr'-sī-fūl, *a.* compassionate, tender [quick-silver

Mercurial, mēr'-kū-ryāl, *a.* consisting of Mercury, mēr'-kū-ry, *s.* quicksilver, a planet, a news-carrier

Mercy, mēr'-sý, *s.* tenderness, clemency, compassion, pardon

Meer, mē're, *a.* that or this only, simple—*s.* a pool, a lake, a boundary

Merely, mē're-ly, *ad.* simply, only Meretricious, mēr'-ē-trīsh'-ūs, *a.* whorish, lewd, gaudy

Meridian, mē-rīd'-yān, *s.* mid-day, the line which the sun crosses at noon, the highest point of glory or power

Meridional, mē-rīd'-yō-nāl, *a.* southern Merit, mēr'-yt, *s.* desert, due, reward, claim, right—*v. a.* to deserve, to earn

Meritorious, mēr'-yō-rýs, *a.* deserving of reward

Merlin, mēr'-lín, *s.* a kind of hawk Mermaid, mēr'-māde, *s.* a fabulous sea-woman

Merriment, mēr'-ri-mēnt, *s.* mirth, gaiety Merry, mēr'-ry, *a.* cheerful, causing laughter

Merry Andrew, mēr'-ry-ān'-dré, *s.* a buffoon

Merrythought, mēr'-ry-thāt, *s.* a forked bone in the breast of a fowl

Mersion, mēr'-shūn, *s.* act of dipping or plunging [the mesentery

Mesenteric, mē-sēn-tēr'-yk, *a.* relating to Mesentery, mē-sēn-tēr'-y, *s.* that membraneous part round which the guts are convolved [threads of a net

Mesh, mēsh', *s.* space between

Mess, mēs', *s.* a portion of food, a set of people who eat together—*v. n.* to eat, to feed together

Message, mēs'-sédzh, *s.* an errand Messenger, mēs'-sēn-dzhér, *s.* one who carries a message

Messiah, mēs-si-ā, *s.* the anointed, Christ Messieurs, mēs-sīrz, *s.* sirs, gentlemen

Messmate, mēs'-māte, *s.* one who eats with another [house, a tenement

Messuage, mēs'-sédzh, *s.* a dwelling Met, mēt', *pret.* and *part.* of Meet

Metage, mēte-édzh, *s.* act of measuring Metal, mēt'l, *s.* a hard compact body malleable, and capable of fusion, courage—*a.* made of metal inferior to gold or silver [containing metal

Metallic, mē-tāl'-līk, *a.* partaking of, or Metalline, mēt'-āl-līn, *a.* impregnated with metal [of working metals

Metallurgy, mēt'-āl-lūr-dzhý, *s.* the art Metamorphosis, mēt'-ā-mōr-fō-sis, *s.* a transformation, a change of shape

Metaphor, mēt'-ā fōr, *s.* a change from natural to figurative, a simile comprised in a word [figurative

Metaphoric, mēt'-ā-fōr'-yk, *a.* not literal, Metaphrase, mēt'-ā-frāze, *s.* a verbal translation

Metaphisic, mēt'-ā-fýz'-yk, *a.* versed in or relating to metaphysics

Metaphysics, mēt'-ā-fýz'-yks, *s.* the science which considers beings as abstracted from all matter

Metastasis, mē-tās'-tās-sis, *s.* a translation or removal [sition

Metathesis, mēt'-āth'-ē-sis, *s.* a transposition Mete, mē'te, *v. a.* to measure

Metempsychosis, mē-tēmp-sý-kō-sis, *s.* a transmigration of souls from on body to another

Meteor, mē'-tyór, *s.* a body in the air or sky of a luminous or transitory nature

Meteorological, mē-tē-ē rō-lōdzh'-y-kā, *a.* relating to meteors

Meteorology, mē-tē-ē rō-lōdzh'-y-kā, *s.* the doctrine of meteor

Meter, mēt'-ēr, *s.* a measurer, an inspector of measures

Sounds—hít, hâte, háll, liár—mât, dêist, mâ, hér—chín, chine, flaid, shírt.—

Meta-wand, mé'te-wánd, or *Meta-yard*, mé'te-yárd, *s.* a staff to measure with.

Mechevin, mé-thé-vín, *s.* drink made of honey and water, &c.

Method, méth'-ód, *a.* order, regularity, manner [see order]

Methodical, mé-thód'-y-kál, *a.* ranged in Methodise, méth'-ód-ize, *v. a.* to regulate, to dispose in order

Methodist, méth'-ód-íst, *a.* a person professing the established religion but practising it as the dissenters

Methodistical, méth'-ód-íst-ikál, *a.* belonging to the Methodists

Metonymy, mé'to-ním-y, *s.* a figure in rhetoric when one word is used for another [verse]

Metre, mé'tér, *s.* harmonious measure

Metrical, mé't-rik-ál, *a.* pertaining to metre [city of a country]

Metropolis, mé'tró-pól-ís, *s.* the chief

Metropolitan, mé'tró-pól'-y-tín, *a.* an archbishop—*a.* belonging to a metropolis

Mettle, mé'tl, *s.* spirit, vivacity, courage

Mettleless, mé'tl-lés, *a.* lively, brisk

Mew, mú, *s.* a cage, an enclosure, the cry of a cat, a sea fowl—*v. n.* to shut up, to shed the feathers, to cry as a cat

Mewl, múle, *v. n.* to squall as a child

Messotinto, méz-ó-tín-tó, *s.* a kind of sugar

Mice, míse, *a.* plural of Mouse

Michaelmas, mík'-más, *s.* the feast of St. Michael

Microcosm, mí-kro-kósm, *s.* the little world, man is so called

Microimeter, mí-kro-mé-tér, *s.* an instrument to measure small spaces

Microscope, mí-kro-skópe, *s.* a magnifying optic instrument

Mid, míd, or *Middle*, míd'l, *a.* equally distant from two extremes [way]

Mid-course, míd'-kórs, *s.* middle of the

Mid-day, míd-dá, *s.* noon

Middle-aged, míd'l-ádh'-d, *a.* about the middle of life [moderate]

Middling, míd'-lín, *a.* of middle rank

Midge, mídh', *s.* a gnat [the sky]

Midheaven, míd'-hév'n, *s.* the middle of

Midland, míd'-lánd, *a.* surrounded by land [leg]

Midleg, míd'-lég, *s.* the middle of the

Midnight, míd'-nite, *s.* the middle of night

Midriff, míd'-rif, *s.* the diaphragm

Midshipman, míd-shíp-mán, *s.* a lower officer on board a ship

Midst, mídst, *s.* the middle—*a.* situated in or in the middle

Midstream, míd-trém, *s.* the middle the stream [see note]

Midsummer, míd-súm-mér, *s.* the mid-way, míd-wá, *a.* in the middle of the passage

Midwife, míd-wíf, *s.* a woman who assists women in childbirth

Midwifery, míd-wíf-er-y, *s.* the art of delivering women [see note]

Midwinter, míd-wín-tér, *s.* the winter

Mien, míen, *s.* air, look, manner

Might, míte, *pret. of May* See One—*s.* power, force [great degree]

Mighty, mí-tý, *a.* powerful—*ad.* less

Migrate, mí-gréte, *v. n.* to change place

Migration, mí-gré-shén, *s.* the act of changing place [settled]

Migratory, mí-grí-tór-y, *a.* moving, unsettled

Milch, mílah, *a.* giving or yielding milk

Mild, míld, *a.* kind, tender, indulgent, gentle, not acrid

Mildew, míld-dú, *s.* a disease in plants—*v. a.* to taint with mildew

Mile, míle, *s.* a land measure of 1760 yards [mark the miles]

Milestone, míle-stón, *s.* a stone set to mark the miles

Milfoil, míl'-fóil, *s.* a plant

Miliary, míl'-yár-y, *a.* small, resembling a millet seed [in warlike]

Militant, míl'-y-tént, *a.* fighting, engaged

Military, míl'-yár-y, *a.* suiting a soldier, warlike [see]

Militate, míl'-y-táte, *v. n.* to war, to op-

Militia, míl'-yeh'-yik, *s.* train bands, a national force

Milk, mílk, *s.* liquor from the breast of females—*v. a.* to draw milk from a cow, &c. [played in the dairy]

Milkmaid, mílk-máde, *s.* a woman; one

Milksop, mílk-sóp, *s.* an effeminate feeble-minded man

Milkwhite, mílk'-hwíte, *a.* white as milk

Milky, mílk'-y, *a.* yielding milk, tender, gentle

Milky-way, mílk'-y-wá, *s.* the galaxy, a stream of light in the heavens arising from an innumerable assemblage of small stars

Mill, míl, *s.* an engine to grind, &c.—*v. a.* to grind, to communicate, to stamp letters or other work round the edge of coin

Mill-cog, míl'-kóg, *s.* a tooth of a wheel

shôt, nôte, lôse, actôr—hüt, pûsh, mâte, fûr—truly, rje—thus, thick.

Milled, mîl'd, *a.* worked thick as cloth, stamped [expects the millennium
Millenarian, mîl-lê-nâ-ryân, *s.* one who
Millenary, mîl-lên-â-ry, *a.* consisting of a thousand

Millennium, mîl-lên'-nyûm, *s.* the space of one thousand years, during which some imagine Christ will reign upon the earth after the resurrection

Millepede, mîl'-ê-pêde, *s.* a wood-louse

Miller, mîl'-lér, *s.* one who manages a mill, a sort of moth

Millesimal, mîl-lês'-y-mîl, *s.* a thousandth [fish

Millet, mîl'-lêt, *s.* the name of a plant, a Mill-horse, mîl' hõrs, *s.* a horse that turns a mill

Milliner, mîl'-lî-nér, *s.* one who sells ribbons and dresses for women

Million, mîl'-yôn, *s.* ten hundred thousand

Mill-pond, mîl'-põnd, *s.* a head of water dammed up to drive a mill

Millstone, mîl'-stõne, *s.* a stone for grinding corn [spleen

Milt, mîlt, *s.* the soft roe of fishes, the Milter, mîlt'-ér, *s.* the male of fishes

Mimic, mîm'-ik, *a.* imitative, apish—*s.* a ludicrous imitator, a buffoon—*v. a.* to imitate as a buffoon

Mimickry, mîm'-ik-rý, *s.* a burlesque imitation

Minatory, mî-nâ-tór'-ý, *a.* threatening

Mince, mîns', *v. a.* to cut very small, to palliate

Mind, mînd, *s.* intelligent faculty, opinion—*v. a.* to mark, to attend, to remind [affected

Minded, mînd-êd, *a.* disposed, inclined, Mine, mîne, *a.* belonging to me—*s.* a place in the earth where metals or minerals are dug—*v. n.* to dig mines

—to sap or ruin by mines
Mineral, mîn'-ér-âl, *s.* matter dug out of mines—*a.* consisting of fossil bodies

Mineralogy, mîn'-ér-âl-ô-dzhý, *s.* the doctrine of minerals

Mingle, mîng'-g'l, *v. a.* to mix—*v. n.* to be mixed or united—*s.* a mixture, a confused mass

Miniature, mîn'-yá-tûre, *s.* a representation in a small compass

Minikin, mîn'-y-kîn, *a.* small, diminutive—*s.* a small pin

Minim, mîn'-im, *s.* a note of slow time
Minimum, mîn'-y-mûn, *s.* the least possible

Minion, mîn'-yôn, *s.* a darling, a low dependant

Minish, mîn'-ish, *v. a.* to lessen, to lop
Minister, mîn'-is-tér, *s.* an agent, an officer of state or church—*v. a.* to give, to supply—*v. n.* to serve in any office, to give assistance, to attend on the service of God

Ministerial, mîn'-is-tér-yâl, *a.* acting under authority, pertaining to a minister of a church or state

Ministration, mîn'-is-tri-âshn, *s.* agency, ecclesiastical function

Ministry, mîn'-is-trý, *s.* service, agency, persons employed in state affairs

Minnow, mîn'-nô, *s.* a very small fish

Minor, mî-nór, *a.* less, petty—*s.* one under age; in logic, the second proposition in the syllogism

Minority, mîn-ôr'-y-tý, *s.* the state of being under age, the smaller number

Minotaur, mî-nô-târ, *s.* a monster half man and half bull

Minster, mîns'-tér, *s.* a monastery, a cathedral church

Minstrel, mîns'-trél, *s.* a musician, a player on a musical instrument

Minstrelsey, mîns'-trél-sý, *s.* music, a company of musicians [ing

Mint, mînt', *s.* a plant, a place for coin-

Minuet, mîn'-û-ét, *s.* a stately regular dance

Minute, mî-nû'te, *a.* small, little, slender
Minute, mîn'-u, *s.* the sixtieth part of an hour—*v. a.* to set down in short hints [nice, y

Minutely, mî-nû'te-lý, *ad.* exactly,

Minx, mîngks', *s.* a pert or wanton girl

Miracle, mîr'-ák'l, *s.* something above human power [miracle

Miraculous, mî-rák'-û-lús, *a.* done by Mire, mîre, *s.* mud, an ant—*v. a.* to

whelm in the mud [pattern
Mirror, mîr'-rór, *s.* a looking-glass, a

Mirth, mîrth', *s.* merriment, jollity, gaiety

Miry, mî-rý, *a.* deep in mud, muddy

Misadventure, mis-âd-vên'-tûre, *s.* mischance, bad fortune [mankind

Misanthrope, mîs'-ân-thrópe, *s.* a hater of Misanthropy, mîs'-ân-thró-pý, *s.* hatred of mankind [wrong purposes

Misapply, mîs'-âp-plý, *v. a.* to apply to Misapprehend, mîs'-âp-pi-êh-ênd, *v. a.* not to understand rightly

Misapprehension, mîs'-âp-pi-êh-ên-si-ôn, *s.* wrong apprehension

Sounds—hât, hâta, hâll, hâs—mât, dêst, mât, hâs—shâ, châ, shâ, shât.—

Misbegot, mîs-bê-gôt', or Misbegotten, mîs-bê-gô't', a. unlawfully begotten

Misbehaviour, mîs-bê-hâ'vê-gôr, s. ill conduct

Misbeliever, mîs-bê-lî'vêr, s. one that holds a false religion [party]

Miscal, mîs-kâ, v. a. to name improperly

Miscalculate, mîs-kâl'kâ-lâ'e, v. a. to reckon wrong [happy event, abortion]

Miscarrriage, mîs-kâr'ridah, s. an miscarriage, mîs-kâr'ry, v. a. to fail, to have an abortion

Miscellaneous, mîs-shê-lâ'ayâs, a. composed of various kinds

Miscellany, mîs-shê-lân'y, a. a collection of various kinds [same]

Mischance, mîs-tâ'hâ's, s. ill luck, ill fortune

Mischief, mîs-tâ'hîf, s. harm, ill consequence, injury

Mischiefmaker, mîs-tâ'hîf-mâ-kêr, s. one who causes mischief [noxious]

Mischievous, mîs-tâ'hî'vâs, a. harmful

Miscible, mîs-sîb'l, a. possible to be mingled

Misconception, mîs-kôn-shêp-shîn, s. a false opinion, a false notion

Misconceive, mîs-kôn-sê've, v. a. to misunderstand, to have a false notion of

Misconduct, mîs-kôn-dîkt, s. ill management, ill behaviour

Misconstruction, mîs-kôn-strûk-shîn, s. mistaken interpretation

Misconstrue, mîs-kôn's-trû, or mîs-kôn'têr, v. a. to interpret wrong

Miscount, mîs-kôunt, v. a. to reckon wrong [a vile wretch]

Miscreant, mîs-kre-ânt, s. an unbeliever

Miscreate, mîs-kre-â'te, or Miscreated, mîs-kre-â'têd, a. formed unnaturally

Misdeed, mîs-dê'de, s. an evil action, a crime [of, to mistake]

Misdeem, mîs-dê'me, v. a. to judge ill

Misdemeanor, mîs-dê-mên-ôr, s. an offence, ill behaviour

Misdo, mîs-dô, v. a. to do wrong—v. n. to commit faults

Misdoing, mîs-dô'ing, s. an offence, a deviation from right

Miscout, mîs-dôût, v. a. to suspect—s. suspicion, hesitation

Misemploy, mîs-êm-plô'y, v. a. to use to wrong f'ropose

Misemployment, mîs-êm-plô'y-mênt, s. improper application

Miser, mî-zêr, s. one covetous to excess

Miserrand, mîs-êr-êb'l, a. unhappy, wretched, angry

Misery, mîs-êr'y, s. wretchedness, misery, sorrow

Misesteem, mîs-ê'stê'm, a. disesteem

Misform, mîs-fôr'm, v. a. to form badly

Misfortune, mîs-fôr-tû'ne, s. calamity, ill luck

Misgive, mîs-gîv', v. a. to do with doubt

Misgiving, mîs-gîv'ing, s. doubt, distrust [same]

Misgovern, mîs-gôv'êrn, v. a. to rule badly

Misguide, mîs-gîdê, v. a. to direct ill, to lead wrong

Mishap, mîs-hâ'p, s. a mischance, mishap

Mislead, mîs-lê'd, v. a. to lead into error

Mislead, mîs-lê'd, v. a. to lead into error

Misjudge, mîs-dâ'hî'dâh, v. a. to form false opinions, to judge ill—v. n. to mistake, to judge ill of

Mislay, mîs-lâ, v. a. to lay in a wrong place

Mislike, mîs-lî, v. n. to rain in small drops

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Mislike, mîs-lî, v. n. to rain in small drops

shöt, nôte, lœe, sotôr—hüt, pûsh, mâte, für—truly, rje—thus, thick.

Misrepresent, mîs-rê-prê-sên-t, *v. a.* to represent not as it is, to falsify to disadvantage

Misrule, mîs-rûl', *s.* tumult, revel

Miss, mîs', *s.* a term of honour to a young woman—*v. a.* not to hit, to fail of obtaining, to discover to be wanting, to omit—*v. n.* not to hit

Missal, mîs-sâl', *s.* the Romish mass book

Misshape, mîs-shâ'pe, *v. a.* to shape ill, [to deform]

Missile, mîs-sîl', *a.* thrown by the hand

Mission, mîsh-ân', *s.* a commission, a legation

Missionary, mîsh'-ôn-âr-y', *s.* one sent to propagate religion

Misive, mîs-îv', *a.* that may be sent or flung [ruin, dinness]

Mist, mîst', *s.* a low thin cloud, small

Mistake, mîs-tâ'ke, *v. a.* to take or conceive wrong—*v. n.* to err—*s.* a misconception, an error

Misstate, mîs-stâ'te, *v. a.* to state wrong or falsely [right]

Mistime, mîs-tî'me, *v. a.* not to time

Mistress, mîs'três', *s.* a woman who governs, a title of common respect, a concubine

Mistrust, mîs-trîst', *s.* diffidence, suspicion—*v. a.* to suspect, to regard with diffidence [plain]

Misty, mîs-tî', *a.* clouded, obscure, not

Misunderstanding, mîs-în-dêr-stând-ing, *s.* a misconception, an error

Misusage, mîs-û-'zêdsh, *s.* bad treatment, abuse [improperly]

Misuse, mîs-û'ze, *v. a.* to treat or use

Mite, mîte, *s.* a small insect, a small particle [against poison]

Mithridate, mîth'-rî-dê't, *s.* a medicine

Mitigate, mît-l-gâ'te, *v. a.* to alleviate, to assuage

Mitigation, mît-l-gâ-shûn, *s.* abatement of some punishment

Mitre, mî-têr', *s.* a bishop's cap

Mitred, mî-têrd', *a.* adorned with a mitre [the winter]

Mittens, mît-tênz', *s.* coarse gloves for

Mittent, mît-tênt', *a.* sending forth, emitting [commitment]

Mittimus, mît-tî-mûs, *s.* a warrant of

Mix, mîks, *v. a.* to mingle—*v. n.* to be united into one mass

Mixture, mîks-tûre, *s.* a mass formed by mingled ingredients

Mizen, mî-z', *s.* the aftermost mast of a ship that has three

Moan, mō'ne, *v. a.* to lament, to deplore *v. n.* to grieve—*s.* lamentation

Moat, mō'te, *s.* a canal of water round a castle, &c.

Mob, mōb', *s.* a crowd, a rabble, a female head-dress—*v. a.* to harass, to scold vulgarly

Mebby, mōb'-by, *s.* a drink made of potatoes [ness, the populace]

Mobility, mō-bîl'-y-ty', *s.* activity, fickleness

Mocho-stone, mō-kō-stōne, *s.* a stone of the agate kind

Mock, mōk', *v. a.* to ridicule, to mimic, to tantalize—*v. n.* to scoff, to flee—*a.* false, counterfeit, not real

Mockery, mōk-êr-y', *s.* derision, sportive insult, counterfeit appearance

Modal, mōd'-dāl, *a.* relating to the form or mode [fashion]

Mode, mō'de, *s.* form, state, degree,

Model, mōd'-êl, *s.* a representation, a copy to be imitated, a standard—*v. a.* to shape, to mould, to delineate

Moderate, mōd'-êr-ût, *a.* temperate, mild, gentle

Moderate, mōd'-êr-âte, *v. a.* to regulate, to restrain

Moderation, mōd-êr-â-shûn, *s.* forbearance of extremity, equanimity, frugality [rules or restraints]

Moderator, mōd-êr-â-tôr, *s.* one who

Modern, mōd'-êrn, *a.* recent, vulgar, mean

Modernise, mōd'-êrn-ize, *v. a.* to adapt ancient compositions to modern persons or things

Moderns, mōd'-êrns, *s.* those who have lived lately

Modest, mōd'-êst, *a.* not presumptuous, chaste, discreet

Modesty, mōd-ês-tî', *s.* chastity, decency, purity of manners

Modicum, mōd'-î-kûn, *s.* a small portion, a pittance [be diversified]

Modifiable, mō-dîf'-y-êb'l, *a.* that may

Modification, mōd-yî-ê-shûn, *s.* the act of modifying [of, to shape]

Modify, mōd'-î-f-y', *v. a.* to change the

Modillion, or **Modillon**, mō-dîl'-lyôn, *s.* a sort of bracket [gay]

Modish, mō-dîsh, *a.* fashionable, tasty

Modulate, mōd'-â-lâte, *v. a.* to form sound to a certain key or note

Modulation, mōd-â-lî-shûn, *s.* the act of

modulating, harmony

Modulator, mōd'-â-lî-tôr, *s.* he who

modulates, a tuner

Laurels—bít, háte, háll, liár—môt, dâist, mâ, hér—chín, chine, field, shirt.—

Module, môd'-le, *s.* an empty representation, a model

Medus, mô'-dus, *s.* an equivalent in the lieu of tithes [made of hair]

Mohair, mô'-hâre, *s.* a thread or stuff

Mohawk, mô'-hâk, *s.* a barbarous Indian, a ruffian

Moidered, mô'-dêrd, *a.* crazed, stupefied

Moidore, mô'-dô're, *s.* a Portugal coin of 11. 7s.

Moiety mô'-t-y, *s.* half

Moil, môil, *v. a.* to daub with dirt, to weary—*v. n.* to toil, to drudge

Moist, môist, *a.* wet, damp, juicy

Moisten, môis'ten, *v. a.* to make-moist

Moisture, môis't-êre, *s.* a small quantity of water, &c. [sugar]

Molasses, mô-lâs'-sêz, *s.* treacle, dregs of

Mole, môle, *s.* a natural spot, a mound, a little animal that works under ground [catches moles]

Molecatcher, môle-kâtsh-êr, *s.* one who

Molehill, mô-le-hill, *s.* a hillock made by a mole [trouble, to vex]

Molest, mô-lêst, *v. a.* to disturb, to

Molestation, mô-lês-tâ-shûn, *s.* disturbance, vexation

Molewarp, môle-wârp, *or* Mouldwarp, môld-wârp, *s.* a small animal that throws up the earth

Mollient, môl'-lyént, *a.* softening

Mollification, môl-lî-fîk-â-shûn, *s.* the act of mollifying, mitigation

Mollify, môl-lî-f-y, *v. a.* to soften, to assuage, to appease

Molten, Môl'ten, *part. of* Melt

Moment, mô-mént, *s.* consequence, importance, value, an indivisible part of time

Momentary, mô-mên-târ-y, *a.* instantly, lasting but a short time

Momentuous, mô-mên-tus, *a.* important, weighty

Momentum, mô-mên-tum, *s.* impetus, force, quantity of motion in a moving body [lating to monks]

Monachal, môn'-â-kâl, *a.* monastic, re-

Monarchical, môn'-â-r-kâl, *a.* vested in a single ruler [by one, a kingdom]

Monarchy, môn'-âr-k-y, *s.* a government

Monastery, môn'-âs-ter-y, *s.* a convent

Monastic, mô-nâs'-tik, *a.* pertaining to a convent

Monday, môn'-dâ, *s.* the day after Sunday [public use]

Money, môn'-y, *s.* any metal coined for

Moneyed, môn'-yd, *a.* rich in money

Moneyscrivener, môn'-y-âkriv-nêr, *a.* a raiser of money

Monger, mông'-êr, *s.* a dealer, a seller

Mongrel, mông'-grêl, *s.* an animal of mixed breed [bast]

Monition, mô-nâh'-tûn, *s.* information

Monitor, môn'-tôr, *s.* one who warns of faults or gives useful hints

Monitory, môn'-tôr-y, *a.* giving admonition—*s.* a warning

Monk, môngk', *s.* one who lives in a monastery

Monkery, môngk'-ê-ry, *s.* life of a monk

Monkey, môngk'-y, *s.* an ape, a word of contempt

Monkish, môngk'-yah, *a.* monastic

Monochord, môn'-ô-kôrd, *s.* an instrument of one string

Monocular, mô-nôk'-û-lâr, *or* Monoculous, mô-nôk'-û-lûs, *a.* one-eyed

Monody, môn'-ô-d-y, *s.* a poem sung by one person [riase of one wife]

Monogamy, mô-nôg'-â-m-y, *s.* the marriage of one wife

Monopetalous, môn'-ô-pêt'-âl-ûs, *a.* having but one leaf

Monopolize, mô-nôp'-ô-lize, *v. a.* to engross all of a commodity into a person's own hands

Monopoly, mô-nôp'-ô-l-y, *s.* an exclusive privilege of selling

Monoptote, môn'-ôp-tôte, *s.* a noun used in one case only

Monosyllable, môn'-ô-syl'-lâb'l, *s.* a word of one syllable

Monotony, mô-nô-tô-n-y, *s.* uniformity of sound, want of variety of cadence

Monsoon, môn'-sô-ne, *s.* a shifting trade wind [tural or horrible]

Monster, môn'-stêr, *s.* something unnatural, shocking

Monstrous, môn'-strûs, *a.* wonderful, unnatural, shocking

Month, mônth, *s.* the twelfth part of the year, a space of four weeks

Monument, môn'-û-mênt, *s.* any thing to perpetuate memory, a tomb

Monumental, môn'-û-mên-tâl, *a.* preserving memory

Mood, mô'de, *s.* a peculiar form of the verb, temper of mind [the night]

Moon, mô'ne, *s.* the great luminary of Moon-beam, mô'ne-bême, *s.* a ray of lunar light [light]

Moony-eyed, mô'ne-êd, *a.* dim eyed, per-

shôt, nôte, lêee, actôr—hût, pûsh, mâte, fûr—truly, rje—thus, thick.

- Moonlight**, mô'ne-lîte, *s.* light afforded by the moon [the moon]
Moonshine, mô'ne-shîne, *s.* the lustre of
Moor, mô're, *s.* a marsh, a negro—*v. a.* to fasten by anchors—*v. n.* to be fixed
Moorhen, mô're-hên, *s.* a fowl that feeds in the fens
Mooring, mô'r-îng, *part.* fastening with ropes and anchors—*s.* places for mooring a ship
Moorish, mô'r-îsh, or **Moory**, mô'r-y, *a.* fenny, marshy, of the moors
Moorland, mô're-lând, *s.* a marsh, fen, watery ground
Moose, mô'se, *s.* a large American deer
Moot, mô'te, *v. a.* to plead a mock cause, to argue unsettled and disputable points [root]
Mooted, mô't-ed, *a.* plucked up by the
Moothall, mô't-hâ'l, *s.* place for trying moot causes [floors]
Mop, môp, *s.* an utensil to clean the
Mope, mô'pe, *v. n.* to be spiritless or drowsy [s. a puppet, a doll]
Moppet, môp'-pêt, or **Mopsy**, môp'-sý, *s.* a teaching the rules of virtue or the duties of life, regarding vice and virtue—*s.* the doctrine inculcated by a fiction [inorals]
Moralist, mô'r-âl-îst, *s.* one strict in
Morality, mô'r-âl-î-tý, *s.* the doctrine of the duties of life
Moralize, mô'r-âl-îze, *v. a.* to explain in a moral sense—*v. n.* to speak or write on moral subjects [duties]
Morals, mô'r-âl-z, *s.* the practice of moral
Morass, mô-râs', *s.* a fen, a moor
Morbid, mô'r-bîd, *a.* diseased
Morbific, mô'r-bîf-îk, *a.* causing diseases
Morose, mô'r-bô'se, *a.* proceeding from disease [stare]
Morbidity, mô'r-bô's-î-tý, *s.* a diseased
Mordacious, mô'r-dâ'shus, *a.* biting, apt to bite [number]
More, mô're, *a.* in greater degree or
Morel, mô-rêl', *s.* a plant, a kind of cherry [tract of land]
Moreland, mô're-lând, *s.* a mountainous
Moreover, mô're-ô'-vêr, *ad.* more than yet mentioned
Morn, môrn, or **Morning**, mô'r-nîng, *s.* the first part of the day
Morocco, mô-rôk'-kô, *s.* a fine kind of leather
Morose, mô-rô'se, *a.* peevish, cross, surly [sourness]
Morosity, mô-rô's-î-tý, *s.* a
- Morphew**, mô'r-fû, *s.* a scurf on the face
Morris dance, mô'r-rîs-dâns, *s.* a Moorish dance
Morris-dancer, mô'r-rîs-dân-sér, *s.* one who dances the Moorish dance
Morrow, mô'r-rô, *s.* the day following the present
Morse, mô'rs, *s.* the sea horse
Morsel, mô'r-sél, *s.* a mouthful, a small quantity
Mortal, mô'r-tâl, *a.* subject to death, destructive, violent—*s.* a man, a human being
Mortality, mô'r-tâl-î-tý, *s.* power of destruction, frequency of death, human nature
Mortar, mô'r-târ, *s.* a vessel to pound in, a cannon for bombs, a cement for building [lands, &c.]
Mortgage, mô'r-gédzh, *v. a.* to pledge
Mortgagee, mô'r-gâ-dzhé, *s.* one who takes a mortgage [structure]
Mortiferous, mô'r-tîf-ér-ús, *a.* fatal, de-
Mortification, mô'r-tî-fî-kâ'shûn, *s.* a gangrene, humiliation
Mortify, mô'r-tî-fý, *v. a.* to humble, to vex—*v. n.* to gangrene
Mortise, mô'r-tîs, *s.* a hole cut into wood to admit another piece in—*v. a.* to join with a mortise
Mortmain, mô'rt-mâne, *s.* an unalienable estate [the church]
Mortuary, mô'r-tû-âr-y, *s.* a gift left to
Mosaic, mô-zâ-îk, *a.* kind of painting in pebbles and shells
Moschetto, môs-kê-tô, *s.* a West Indian stinging gnat
Mosque, môsk', *s.* a Mahometan temple
Moss, môs', *s.* a plant growing on trees, &c.
Mossy, môs'-sý, *a.* overgrown with moss
Most, mô'st, *a.* greatest in number or quantity or degree—*s.* the greatest number or value
Mostly, mô'st-îly, *ad.* for the most part
Motable, mô-téb'l, *a.* motable, changing position
Motation, mô-tâ'shûn, *s.* the act of moving
Mote, mô'te, *s.* a small particle of matter, a court of judicature
Moth, mô'th, *s.* a small winged insect
Mother, môth-ér, *s.* a woman that has borne a child, a sort of nourishment in liquors—*a.* had at the birth, native

Sounds.—hit, hite, häll, hër—müt, thüt, hüt, hüt—fin, chine, fänd, öftr—

Mother-of-Pearl, möth-ér-öf-pér, *s.* a kind of coarse pearl, a shell in which pearls are generated [mother]
Motherless, möth-ér-lis, *a.* having no motherly möth-ér-ly, *ad.* friendly, acting as a mother
Mothery, möth-ér-y, *a.* concreted, dreggy, mouldy
Mothy, möth-y, *a.* full of moths
Motion, mö-shün, *s.* the act of moving, action, proposal
Motive, mö-tiv, *a.* causing motion—*s.* the reason of an action [colours]
Motley, möt-ly, *a.* mingled, of various
Motto, möt-tö, *s.* the sentence added to a device or prefixed to any thing written
Move, mö've, *v. a.* to put out of one place into another, to put in another—*v. n.* to go from one place to another [furniture]
Moveables, möv-äbels, *s.* personal goods,
Moving, möv-ying, *part. a.* pathetic, affecting
Mould, möld, *s.* a concretion occasioned by damp, earth, cast, form—*v. a.* to form, to model, to knead
Moulder, möl-dér, *v. n.* to perish—*v. a.* to turn to dust
Moulding, möl-ding, *s.* ornaments of wood, stone, &c. [concretions]
Mouldy, möl-dy, *a.* overgrown with
Moult, mölt, *v. n.* to shed or change feathers
Mound, mönd, *s.* a fence, a rampart
Mount, mönt, *s.* a mountain, a hill—*v. n.* to get on horseback—*v. a.* to ascend, to climb
Mountain, mön-tin, *s.* a large hill—*a.* found in the mountains
Mountaineer, mön-tin-é're, *s.* a rustic, a highlander [a stage doctor]
Mountebank, mön-tē-bängk, *s.* a quack,
Mounting, mön-ting, *s.* ornaments that raise and set off a work
Mourn, mörn, *v. n.* to grieve, to wear the habit of sorrow—*v. a.* to grieve for, to lament
Mourner, mörn-ér, *s.* an attendant on funerals in black
Mournful, mörn-fül, *a.* causing sorrow, sorrowful
Mourning, mör-ning, *s.* lamentation, the dress of sorrow
Mouse, mös, *s.* a small quadruped
Mouse-trap, mös-träp, *s.* a trap to catch mice with

Mouth, möth, *s.* the aperture in the head, where food is received, stop-trance—*s. n.* to vociferate
Mow, möw, *s.* a heap of hay or cut—*v. s.* to cut with a scythe, to cut down with speed [with a scythe]
Mower, möw-ér, *s.* one who cuts down
Much, mötsh, *s.* a great deal—*ad.* greatly, often
Mucilage, mü-st-lädz, *s.* a slimy or viscous body [slimy, viscous, tapy]
Mucilaginous, mü-st-lädz-in-ös, *a.*
Muck, mök, *s.* dung, any thing filthy—*v. a.* to manure with muck [chief]
Muckender, mök-én-dér, *s.* a hawthorn
Muckhill, mök-hil, *s.* a dunghill
Muckworm, mök-worm, *s.* a worm that lives in dung, a miser
Mucky, mök-ky, *a.* nasty, filthy
Mucous, mü-kus, *a.* slimy, viscous
Mucus, mü-küs, *s.* a slimy liquor or moisture
Mud, müd, *s.* wet dirt, filth, or mire
Muddle, müdl, *v. a.* to make foul, to make tipsy
Muddy, müd-dy, *a.* turbid, foul with mud, cloudy—*v. a.* to make muddy
Mudwall, müd-wäl, *s.* a wall built with mud [hands in winter]
Muff, müf, *s.* a soft cover of fur for the
Muffin, müf-fin, *s.* a kind of light spongy cake [fold]
Muffle, müf'l, *v. a.* to wrap up, to blind
Muffler, müf-flér, *s.* a cover for the face
Mufti, müf'ty, *s.* the high priest of the Mahometans
Mug, müg, *s.* a cup to drink out of
Muggy, müg-gy, or Muggish, müg-gsh, *a.* moist, damp, close
Mughouse, müg-hüs, *s.* an alehouse
Mulatto, mü-kü-tö, *s.* one begotten between a white and a black [fruit]
Mulberry, mü-l-bér-ry, *s.* a tree and its
Mulet, mükt, *s.* a fine, a penalty—*s.* to punish with fine or forfeiture
Mule, müle, *s.* an animal generated between an ass and a mare
Muleteer, mü-lét-tér, *s.* a driver of mules [hood, tenderness]
Muliebriety, mü-ly-éb-ry-ty, *s.* woman-
Mull, müf, *v. a.* to warm and sweeten wine or ale
Muller, müf-lär, *s.* a stone for grinding colours
Mullet, müf-lét, *s.* a sea fish
Mulligrubs, müf-lig-rubs, *s.* a twosome of the guts, sullenness

shōt, nōte, lōse, actōr—hūt, pāsh, mēte, fūr—truly, rye—thus, thick.

Multangular, mūl-t'ing-ō-lār, *a.* having many corners

Multifarious, mūl-t'ī-fā-ryūs, *a.* having great multiplicity, &c.

Multiform, mūl-t'ī-fōrm, *a.* having various shapes [with many feet]

Multipede, mūl-t'ī-pēde, *s.* an insect

Multiple, mūl-t'ī-p'l, *s.* a number containing another several times

Multiplicable, mūl-t'ī-pl'ī-kēb'l, *a.* that may be multiplied

Multiplicand, mūl-t'ī-pl'ī-kānd', *s.* the number to be multiplied

Multiplication, mūl-t'ī-pl'ī-kā-shūn, *s.* the act of multiplying

Multiplicator, mūl-t'ī-pl'ī-kā-tōr, *s.* that which multiplies [variety]

Multiplicity, mūl-t'ī-pl'ī-s'ī-t'y, *s.* a great multiplier, mūl-t'ī-pl'ī-ér, *s.* the multiplying number in arithmetic

Multiply, mūl-t'ī-pl'y, *v. a.* to increase in number [ber, many, a crowd]

Multitude, mūl-t'ī-tūde, *s.* a great number

Multitudinous, mūl-t'ī-tū-dyū-s, *a.* manifold [kind of ale]

Mum, mūm', *interj.* silence, hush—*s.* a mumble, mūm'b'l, *v. n.* to speak indistinctly, to grumble, to mutter, to chew [masks, buffoonery]

Mummery, mūm-mēr-y, *s.* frolic in

Mummy, mūm-m'y, *s.* an embalmed corpse, a sort of wax [to beg]

Mump, mūmp', *v. a.* to nibble, to bite,

Mumps, mūmps', *s.* sullenness, a disease

Munch, mūnsh', *v. n.* to chew eagerly

Mundane, mūn-dāne, *a.* belonging to the world [cleansing]

Mundation, mūn-dā-shūn, *s.* the act of

Mundatory, mūn-dā-tōr-y, *a.* having the power to cleanse

Mundic, mūn-d'k, *s.* a kind of marcasite

Mundungus, mūn-dūng-gūs, *s.* a stinking tobacco [nature of a gift]

Munetary, mū-nér-ār-y, *a.* having the

Municipal, mū-n'is-y-pāl, *a.* belonging to a corporation [bountiful]

Munificent, mū-n'f'ī-y-sēnt, *a.* liberal,

Muniment, mū-n'ī-mēnt, *s.* a strong hold, a support [ammunition]

Munition, mū n'ish-ūn, *s.* fortification,

Mural, mū-rāl, *a.* pertaining to a wall

Murder, mūr-dér, *s.* the act of killing unlawfully—*v. a.* to kill unlawfully, to destroy [commits murder]

Murderer, mūr-dér-ér, *s.* one who

Murderous, mūr-dér-us, *a.* bloody, guilty of murder

Mure, mūr'e, *s.* a wall—*v. a.* to enclose in walls [ture of bring]

Muriatic, mūr-t'ī-k'īk, *a.* having the na-

Murky, mūr-k'y, *a.* dark, cloudy

Murmur, mūr-mūr, *s.* a low continued buzzing noise, a complaint—*v. n.* to give a low buzzing sound, to utter secret discontent [cattle]

Murray, mūr-r'y, *a.* darkly red

Muscadel, mūs-kā-dél, or **Muscadine**, mūs-kā-dine, *s.* a kind of sweet grape or wine [fish]

Muscle, mūsel, *s.* a fleshy fibre, a shell

Mucosity, mūs-kōs'ī-t'y, *s.* mossiness

Muscular, mūs-kā-lār, *a.* full of muscles, brawny

Muse, mū'ze, *s.* deep thought, the power of poetry, one of the nine sisters presiding over the liberal arts—*v. n.* to ponder, to think close [curiosities]

Museum, mū-zé-um, *s.* a repository for

Mushroom, mūsh-rōme, *s.* a sort of spongy plant, an upstart

Music, mū-z'k, *s.* harmony, science of

musical sounds

Musical, mū-t'ī-kāl, *a.* harmonious, sweet sounding [music]

Musician, mū-z'īsh-ān, *s.* one skilled in

Musing, mūz-ing, *a.* pausing, closely thinking [flower]

Musk, mūsk', *s.* a sort of perfume, a

Musket, mūs-kēt, *s.* a soldier's handgun, a male hawk

Musketeer, mūs-kē-tā're, *s.* a soldier armed with a musket [buss]

Musketoon, mūs-kē-tōne, *s.* a blunder-

Musky, mūs-k'y, *a.* fragrant, sweet, smelling like musk [cotton]

Muslin, mūz-l'n, *s.* fine stuff made of

Musquito, see **Moschetto**

Mussulman, mūs-shī-mān, *s.* a Mahometan believer

Must, mūst', *v. a.* to make mouldy—*v. n.* to grow mouldy—*s.* new wine, new wort—*v. imperf.* to be obliged

Mustaches, mūs-tā-zhez, *s.* whiskers

Mustard, mūs-tārd, *s.* a plant and its seed

Muster, mūs-tér, *v. n.* to assemble forces—*v. a.* to review, to bring together—*s.* review of a body of forces, register of forces [damp, dull]

Musty, mūs-t'y, *a.* mouldy, spoiled with

Mutability, mū-tā-b'ī-l'ī-t'y, *s.* change, shiftness, inconstancy

Sounds.—hât, hâte, hâll, liâr—mêt, dêist, mē, hér—chîn, chine, fîeld, shîrt—

Mutable, mû-téb'l, *a.* subject to change, inconstant, uncertain

Mutation, mû-tâ-shûn, *s.* the act of changing, alteration

Mute, mû-te, *a.* silent, not vocal, dumb
—*s.* one that has no power of speech
—*v. n.* to dung as birds

Mutilate, mû-tîl-âte, *v. a.* to deprive of some essential part, to maim

Mutilation, mû-tî-lâ-shûn, *s.* deprivation of a limb, &c.

Mutine, mû-tîn, or **Mutineer**, mû-tîn-êre, *s.* a mover of sedition

Mutinous, mû-tîn-ûs, *a.* seditious, turbulent

Mutiny, mû-tî-nî, *v. n.* to rise against authority—*s.* insurrection, sedition

Mutter, mû-tér, *v. n.* to grumble, to murmur—*v. a.* to mutter with imperfect articulation [sheep

Mutton, mû'n, *s.* the flesh of sheep, a Muttonist, mû'n-fîst, *s.* a hand large and red [in return

Mutual, mû-tû-âl, *a.* reciprocal, acting

Mutuality, mû-tû-âl-tî, *s.* reciprocity

Mutually, mû-tû-âl-lî, *ad.* in return, reciprocally

Muzzle, mûz'l, *s.* the mouth of any thing—*v. a.* to bind the mouth

My, mý, *a.* belonging to me

Myography, mý-ôg-gráf-y, *s.* a description of the muscles

Myriad, mîr-yâd, *s.* ten thousand

Myrmidon, mîr-mí-dôn, *s.* any ruffian

Myrrh, mîr', *s.* a precious kind of gum

Myrrhine, mîr-rînc, *a.* belonging to myrrh, made of the myrrhine stone

Myrtle, mîr't'l, *s.* a fragrant kind of shrub

Myself, mý-sêlf, *s.* my very person

Mystagogue, mýs-tâ-gôg, *s.* one who interprets mysteries

Mysterious, mýs-tê-ryûs, *a.* full of mystery, awfully obscure

Mysterize, mýs-tê-rîze, *v. a.* to turn to enigmas [or hidden

Mystery, mýs-tê-rî, *s.* something secret

Mystic, mýs-tîk, *a.* sacredly obscure, secret [lating to fables

Mythological, mý-thô-lôdzh'-îk-âl, *a.* re-

Mythologize, mý-thô-lô-dzhîze, *v. n.* to relate or explain the ancient fables of the heathens [of fables

Mythology, mý-thô-lô-dzhî, *s.* a system

N

NAB, nâl, *v. a.* to catch unexpectedly

Nabob, nâ-bôb', *s.* a governor in the empire of the great mogul, one who has acquired a large fortune in the East Indies

Nadir, nê-dir, *s.* the point under foot directly opposite to the zenith

Nag, nâg, *s.* a small or young horse

Naiad, nâ-yâd, *s.* a nymph supposed to haunt rivers and fountains

Nail, nâle, *s.* a horn on the fingers and toes, a spike of metal, a stud, the sixteenth part of a yard—*v. a.* to fasten or stud with nails

Naked, nâ-kêd, *a.* uncovered, unarmed, evident

Nakedness, nâ-kêd-nêss, *s.* want of covering or concealment, poverty

Name, nâ'me, *s.* an appellation, reputation, renown—*v. a.* to discriminate

by a particular appellation, to mention by name, to specify, to nominate

Namely, 'nâ-mê-lî, *ad.* particularly, specially [same name

Namesake, nâ'me-sâke, *s.* one of the

Nap, nâp', *s.* a short sleep, down on cloths [hind

Nape, nâ'pe, *s.* the joint of the neck between

Napkin, nâp'-kîn, *s.* a cloth to wipe the hands, &c. [having a nap

Nappiness, nâp'-pý-nêss, *s.* the quality of

Nappy, nâp'-pý, *a.* frothy, spumy

Narcissus, nâr-sîs-ûs, *s.* the daffodil

Narcotic, nâr-kôt'-îk, *a.* causing torpor or stupefaction [shrub

Nard, nârd, *s.* spikenard, an odorous

Narrate, nâr-râte, *v. a.* to relate, to tell

Narration, nâr-râ-shûn, or **Narrative**, nâr-râ-tîv, *s.* a relation, a history

Narrator, nâr-râ-tôr, *s.* a teller, a reporter

Narrow, nâr-rô, *a.* near, covetous, not broad or wide

Nasal, nâ'-sâl, *a.* belonging to the nose

shōt, nōte, lōse, sctōr—hūt, pūsh, mūte, fūr—truly, rye—thus, thick.

Nastiness, nās-tī-nēs, *s.* filthiness, obscenity, dirtiness [gross]

Nasty, nās-tī-y, *a.* dirty, filthy, obscene,

Natal, nā-tāl, *a.* native, relating to nativity [ming]

Natation, nā-tā-shūn, *s.* the act of swimming

Nation, nā-shūn, *s.* a people distinct from others

National, nāsh-ōn-āl, *a.* public, general

Native, nā-tiv, *a.* produced by nature, natural, original, pertaining to the place of birth—*s.* one born in any place

Nativity, nā-tiv-y-tī, *s.* birth

Natural, nā-tū-āl, *a.* produced or bestowed by nature, illegitimate, tender, unaffected—*s.* an idiot [physics]

Naturalist, nā-tū-āl-ist, *s.* a student in Naturalization, nā-tū-āl-iz-ā-shūn, *s.* the admission to native privileges

Naturalize, nā-tū-āl-ize, *v. a.* to admit to native privileges, to make easy

Nature, nā-tūre, *s.* the native state of any thing, the constitution of an animated body, disposition of mind, the regular course of things, the compass of natural existence, natural affection, state or operation of the material world, species

Naval, nā-vāl, *a.* consisting of or belonging to ships

Nave, nā've, *s.* part of a wheel, the middle part of a church [middle]

Navel, nā-v'l, *s.* a part of the body, the Naught, nā't, *a.* bad, corrupt—*s.* nothing

Naughty, nā-tī-y, *a.* bad, wicked, corrupt

Navigable, nāv-yēb'l, *a.* capable of being passed in ships or boats

Navigate, nāv-yā-tē, *v. n.* to sail—*v. a.* to pass by ships or boats

Navigation, nāv-yā-shūn, *s.* the act of passing by water, the art of conducting a ship at sea

Navigator, nāv-yā-gā-tōr, *s.* a seaman, a traveller by water [fight]

Naumachy, nā-mā-kī, *s.* a mock sea-

Nausea, nā-shyā, *s.* sickness of the stomach [squeamish—*v. a.* to loath

Nauseate, nā-shāte, *v. n.* to grow

Nauseous, nā-shūs, *a.* loathsome, disgusting

Nautic, nā-tīk, or Nautical, nā-tīk-āl, *a.* pertaining to ships or sailors

Nautilus, nā-tīl-ūs, *s.* a shell-fish having oars and a sail

Navy, nā-vī, *s.* an assembly of ships, a fleet

Nay, nā'. *ad.* no, not only so but more

Neaf, nē'fe, *s.* the fist [heat]

Neal, nē'le, *v. a.* to temper by gradual

Neap, nē'pe, *a.* low, used only of the tide

Near, nē're, *a.* nigh, close, parsimonious—*ad.* at hand, not far, almost

Neat, nē'te, *s.* black cattle, oxen—*a.* elegant but without dignity, spruce, unadulterated [cattle]

Neatherd, nē'te-hērd, *s.* a keeper of black

Neatness, nē't-nēs, *s.* cleanliness, elegance [mouth]

Neb, nēb', *s.* the nose, the beak, the

Nebulous, nēb-ū-lūs, *a.* misty, cloudy

Necessaries, nēs-tēs-sār-yā, *s.* things not only convenient but needful

Necessary, nēs-tēs-sār-yā, *a.* needful, fatal, unavoidable [necessary]

Necessitate, nē-sēs-y-tāte, *v. a.* to make

Necessitated, nē-sēs-y-tā-tēd, *a.* in a state of want

Necessitous, nē-sēs-y-tūs, *a.* pressed with poverty, in want [need]

Necessitude, nē-sēs-y-tūde, *s.* want,

Necessity, nē-sēs-y-tī-y, *s.* need, poverty, compulsion, cogency

Neck, nēk', *s.* the part between the head and body, a long narrow part

Neckcloth, nēk-kloth, *s.* a cloth for men's necks

Necklace, nēk-lāse, *s.* an ornament worn by women on their necks

Necromancer, nēk-rō-mān-sēr, *s.* one who practises necromancy

Necromancy, nēk-rō-mān-sī, *s.* the art of revealing future events by communication with the dead

Necromantic, nēk-rō-mān-tīk, *a.* relating to necromancy [the gods]

Nectar, nēk-tār, *s.* the feigned drink of

Nectareous, nēk-tā-rūs, or Nectarine, nēk-tār-īne, *a.* sweet as nectar

Nectarine, nēk-tār-īn, *s.* a fruit of the plumb kind

Need, nē'de, *s.* exigency, want, distressful poverty—*v. a.* to want, to lack

Needle, nēd'l, *s.* a small steel instrument for sewing, a small steel bar in the marine: *s.* compass

Needlemaker, nēd'l-mā-kér, *s.* one who makes needles [with the needle]

Needlework, nēd'l-wōrk, *s.* work done

Needs, nēd'z, *ad.* necessarily, by compulsion, indispensably

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 Sounds.—hât, hâte, hâll, liâr—mêt, dêsist, mê, hér—chîn, chine, fiêld, shîrt—  
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- Needy, nê-dy, *a.* poor, necessitous
 Nefarious, nê-fâ-ryûs, *a.* wicked, abominable
 Negation, nê-gâ-shûn, *s.* denial
 Negative, nêg-â-tiv, *a.* denying—*s.* a proposition that denies
 Neglect, nêg-lêkt', *v. a.* to omit by carelessness, to slight—*s.* inattention, negligence
 Neglective, nêg-lêk'-tîv, *a.* inattentive to or regardless of
 Negligence, nêg-lî-gên's, *s.* instance of neglect, habit of being negligent
 Negligent, nêg-lî-dzhênt, *a.* careless, habitually inattentive
 Negotiate, nê-gô-shyâ'te, *v. n.* to traffic, to treat with
 Negotiating, nê-gô-shyâ-tîng, *a.* trading, employed in negotiation
 Negotiation, nê-gô-shyâ'-shûn, *s.* treaty of business, &c.
 Negotiator, nê-gô-shyâ'-tôr, *s.* one employed to treat with others
 Negro, nê-grô', *s.* a blackmoor
 Negus, nê-gûs, *s.* a mixture of wine, water, sugar, &c.
 Neigh, nâ', *v. n.* to make a noise like a horse—*s.* the voice of a horse
 Neighbour, nâ-bôr, *s.* one who lives near another
 Neighbourhood, nâ-bôr-hûd, *s.* the place and people adjoining
 Neither, nê-thér, *a.* not either
 Nephew, nêv-û, *s.* the son of a brother or sister
 Nephritic, nê-frî't-Yk, *a.* belonging to the organs of urine, troubled with the stone, good against the stone
 Nerve, nêrv', *s.* an organ of sensation
 Nervous, nêrv'-vûs, *a.* vigorous, relating to the nerves, having weak nerves
 Nescience, nê's-shên's, *s.* the state of not knowing, ignorance
 Nest, nêst', *s.* a bird's bed for incubation, an abode, boxes of drawers—*v. n.* to build nests [nest
 Nestegg, nêst'-êg, *s.* an egg left in the nest
 Nestle, nêtl', *v. n.* to settle, to lie close—*v. a.* to house as in a nest, to cherish [hatched
 Nestling, nê's-lîng, *s.* a bird just
 Net, nê't', *s.* a texture with interstices
 Nether, nêth'-ér, *a.* lower, infernal
 Nettle, nêtl', *s.* a common stinging herb—*v. a.* to sting, to irritate
 Never, nêv'-ér, *ad.* at no time, in no degree
 Nevertheless, nêv'-ér-thê-lê's, *ad.* notwithstanding that
 Neuter, nú-tér, or Neutral, nú-trâl, *a.* of neither party, indifferent
 Neutrality, nú-trâl'-it-y, *s.* the state of being neutral
 New, nú', *a.* fresh, modern, not ancient
 Newfangled, nú-fâng'-gl'd, *a.* foolishly fond of novelty
 Newfashioned, nú-fâsh'-ônd, *a.* just come into fashion [thing
 News, nú'ze, *s.* a fresh account of any
 Newspaper, nú'ze-pâ-pér, *s.* a paper containing the news
 Newt, nú'te, *s.* an eft, a small lizard
 Next, nêkst', *a.* nearest in place or gradation [of a pen
 Nib, nîb', *s.* the bill of a bird, the point
 Nibbed, nîb'd', *a.* having a nib
 Nibble, nîb'l', *v. a.* to eat slowly—*v. n.* to bite at, to carp at [delicate
 Nice, nî'se, *a.* accurate, scrupulous, niceness, nî'se-nês, *s.* delicacy, unnecessary exactness
 Nicety, nî'se-tî, *s.* minute accuracy, delicate management, cautious treatment, a dainty [to stand in
 Niche, nî'tsh', *s.* a hollow for a statue
 Nick, nîk', *s.* exact point of time, notch, a score—*v. a.* to hit, to cut in notches, to cozen
 Nickname, nîk'-nâ'me, *s.* a name given in scoff or contempt—*v. a.* to call by an opprobrious name [pheasants
 Nide, nî'de, *s.* a brood, as a brood of Nidorous, nî-dôr-ûs, *a.* having the smell of roasted or burnt fat
 Niece, nî'se, *s.* the daughter of a brother or sister [nious—*s.* a miss
 Niggard, nîg'-gârd, *a.* sordid, parsimonious
 Nigh, nî', *a.* near, not far
 Night, nî'te, *s.* time of darkness, or from sun-set to sun-rise
 Nightfaring, nî'te-fâ-rîng, *a.* travelling in the night [vapor
 Nightfire, nî'te-fî're, *s.* a will-o'-wisp, a
 Nightingale, nî'te-îng-êl, *s.* a small bird that sings at night
 Nightman, nî'te-mân, *s.* one who empties privies
 Nightmare, nî'te-mâ're, *s.* a morbid oppression during sleep
 Nightpiece, nî'te-pî'se, *s.* a picture so coloured as to be supposed to be seen by candle-light
 Nightrail, nî'te-râil, *s.* a light kind of night dress

shôt, nôte, lôse, actôr—hût, pûsh, mâte, fûr—trulý, rýe—thus, thick.

- Nightwatch, nî'te-wâ'tsh, *s.* a period of the night distinguished by change of the watch [black]
- Nigrescent, nî-grès'sént, *a.* growing Nill, nîl', *v. a.* not to will, to refuse
- Nim, nîm', *v. a.* to steal, to filch
- Nimble, nîm'b'l, *a.* quick, active, ready
- Nimblewitted, nîm'b'l-wî't-têd, *a.* not at a loss for words [trifler]
- Nincompoop, nîn-kôm-pôp, *s.* a fool, a Nine, nî'ne, *s.* one more than eight
- Ninefold, nî'ne-fôld, *s.* nine times repeated [added]
- Nineteen, nî'ne-tê'ne, *a.* nine and ten
- Ninety, nî'ne-tý, *a.* nine times ten
- Ninny, nî'n-ný, or Ninnyhammer, nî'n-ný-hâm-mêr, *s.* a simpleton, a fool
- Ninth, nî'nth, *a.* what precedes the tenth
- Nip, nîp', *v. a.* to pinch, blast, ridicule
- Nippers, nîp-pêr, *s.* small pincers
- Nipple, nîp'l, *s.* a teat, a dug
- Nisi Prius, nî-sî-pri-ús, *s.* a law term for civil causes
- Nit, nî't, *s.* the egg of a louse [nous]
- Nitid, nî't-îd, *a.* bright, shining, lumi-
- Nitre, nî-têr, *s.* saltpetre
- Nitrous, nî-trús, or Nitry, nî-trý, *a.* impregnated with nitre
- Nitty, nî't-ty, *a.* abounding with the eggs of lice [bling snow]
- Niveous, nîv-yús, *a.* snowy, resem-
- No, nô, *a.* not any—*ad.* the word of denial [rank, dignity]
- Nobility, nô-bîl-ty, *s.* persons of high
- Noble, nô'b'l, *a.* illustrious, exalted, generous—*s.* one of high rank, an ancient gold coin valued at six shillings and eightpence
- Nobleman, nô'b'l-mán, *s.* one who is ennobled [collectively]
- Nobless, nô-blê's, *s.* nobility, noblemen
- Nobody, nô-bôdý, *s.* no one, not any one [ous]
- Noceat, nô'sént, *a.* criminal, mischiev-
- Noctidial, nôk-tîd-yál, *a.* comprising a night and a day
- Noctuary, nôk-tûr-ý, *s.* an account of what passes by night
- Nocturnal, nôk-tûr-nál, *a.* nightly—*s.* an instrument
- Nocument, nôk-û-mént, *s.* hurt, damage
- Nocuous, nôk-û-ús, *a.* hurtful
- Not, nôd', *v. n.* to bend the head, to be drowsy
- Noddle, nôd'l, *s.* the head, in derision
- Noddy, nôd-dý, *s.* simpleton, ideot
- Node, nô'de, *s.* a knot, a knob, a swelling on the bone, an intersection
- Nodous, nô'-dús, *a.* knotty, full of knots
- Noggin, nôg-gín, *s.* a small mug or cup, a quarter of a pint [clamour]
- Noise, nôý-z, *s.* any sound or outcry
- Noisome, nôý-sóm, *a.* noxious, offensive, stinking [morous]
- Noisy, nôý-zý, *a.* sounding loud, clamorous
- Nomenclator, nô-mên-kiá-túr, *s.* one who gives names
- Nomenclature, nô'm-ên-klá-tûre, *s.* a naming, a vocabulary [not real]
- Nominal, nô'm-ý-nál, *a.* only in name
- Nominate, nô'm-ý-ná-te, *v. a.* to name, to appoint by name
- Nomination, nô'm-ý-ná'shún, *s.* the power of appointing
- Nominative, nô'm-ý-ná-tív, *s.* the first case in grammar [an office]
- Nonánee, nô'm-ý-n-ê', *s.* one appointed to
- Nonage, nô'n-á-dzh, *s.* minority in years, immaturity
- Non-appearance, nô'n áp-pê'r-êns, *s.* a default in not appearing in a court of judicature
- Nonconformist, nô'n-kôn-fôrm-íst, *s.* a dissenter, one who does not conform to general customs [described]
- Nondescript, nô'n-de-skript, *a.* not yet
- None, nú'n, *a.* not one, not any
- Nonentity, nô'n-ên-títý, *s.* non-existence, an ideal thing
- Nones, nô'ns, *s.* in the Roman calendar the 7th of March, May, July, and October, and 5th of the other months
- Nonesuch, nô'n-sútsh', *s.* an extraordinary person, &c. [tion of being]
- Nonexistence, nô'n-êg-ê's-téns, *s.* nega-
- Nonjuring, nô'n-dzhú-rîng, *a.* refusing to swear allegiance
- Nonjuror, nô'n-dzhú-rór, *s.* one who refuses to swear allegiance to the present king
- Non-naturals, nô'n-nát-û-ráls, *s.* the more immediate causes of diseases as air, meat, drink, sleep, &c.
- Nonpareil, nô'n-pá-rêl, *s.* a kind of apple a small printing letter
- Nonplus, nô'n-plús, *s.* a puzzle—*v. a.* to confound, to puzzle
- Nonresidence, nô'n-rê's-î-déns, *s.* a failure of residence
- Nonresistance, nô'n-rê-sîs-têns, *s.* passive obedience
- Nonsense, nô'n-sêns, *s.* unmeaning, ungrammatical language, trifles

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Sounds.—hât, hâte, hâll, liâr—mêt, desist, mē, hēr—chîn, chîae, fîeld, shîrt—

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- Nonsensical, nōn-sēu'-sî-kāl, *a.* unmeaning, foolish [gal process]
- Nonsuit, nōn'-sûte, *v. a.* to quash a law
- Noodle, nō'd'l, *s.* a silly fellow, a simpleton
- Nook, nōk', *s.* a corner
- Noon, nōne, *s.* the middle of the day
- Noonday, nō'ne-dā, or Noontide, nō'ne-tide, *s.* mid-day—*a.* meridional
- Noose, nō'ze, *s.* a running knot—*v. a.* to tie in a noose
- Nor, nōr', *conj.* a negative particle
- North, nōrth, *s.* opposite the south
- Northerly, nōr-thér-ly, or Northern, nōr-thern, *a.* being in or towards the north
- North-star, nōrth-stā'r, *s.* the polestar
- Northward, nōrth-wārd, *ad.* towards the north
- Nose, nō'ze, *s.* a prominence on the face—*v. a.* to scent, to smell
- Nosegay, nō'ze-gā, *s.* a bunch of flowers
- Noske, nō'sk', *s.* the extremity of any thing [of diseases]
- Nosology, nō-zōl'-ō-dzhŷ, *s.* the doctrine
- Nostril, nōs'-tril, *s.* the cavity in the nose
- Nostrum, nōstrŭm, *s.* a medicine not yet made public [or refusal]
- Not, nōt', *ad.* the particle of negation
- Notable, nōt'-ēb'l, *a.* remarkable, careful, bustling
- Notary, nō-tār-ŷ, *s.* one who protests bills, draws contracts, &c.
- Notation, nō-tā-shŭn, *s.* the act of noting, signification [thing, a nick]
- Notch, nōtsh', *s.* a hollow cut in any
- Note, nō'te, *s.* a mark, a written paper, notice, reputation, sound in music, explanatory annotation—*v. a.* to observe, to attend to, to set down
- Noted, nō-tēd, *a.* remarkable, eminent
- Nothing, nōth-ing, *s.* non-existence, not any thing [mation]
- Notice, nōt'-tis, *s.* a remark, heed, information
- Notification, nō-ti-fŷ-kā-shŭn, *s.* the act of making known [make known]
- Notify, nōt'-ŷ-fŷ, *v. a.* to declare, to
- Notion, nō-shŭn, *s.* thought, sentiment, opinion [ideal, visionary]
- Notional, nō-shōn-āl, *a.* imaginary,
- Notoriety, nō-tō-ŷ-ē-tŷ, *s.* public knowledge or exposure [known, evident]
- Notorious, nō-tō-ryŷ, *a.* publicly
- Notwithstanding, nōt-wŷth-stān-ding, *conj.* nevertheless
- Novation, nō-vā-shŭn, *s.* introduction of something new
- Novel, nōv'el, *a.* new, not ancient, unusual—*s.* a feigned story or tale
- Novellist, nōv'el-ŷt, *s.* writer of novels
- Novelty, nōv'el-tŷ, *s.* a thing unknown to former times [month of the year]
- November, nō-vēm-bér, *s.* the eleventh
- Novelty, nō ver'-kāl, *a.* pertaining to a step-mother [&c.]
- Novice, nōv'-is, *s.* an unskilful person,
- Noviciate, nō-vīsh-yāte, *s.* the state of a novice, the time in which the rudiments are learned
- Nought, nā't, *s.* not any thing
- Noun, nōūn, *s.* a name or substantive in grammar [food, to foment]
- Nourish, nūr'-ŷsh, *v. a.* to support by
- Nourishment, nūr'-ŷsh-mēnt, *s.* food, sustenance [at this time]
- Now, nōw', *s.* the present moment—*a.*
- Nowadays, nōw-ā-dāz, *ad.* in the present age [place]
- Nowhere, nō-hwā're, *ad.* not in any
- Nowise, nō-wīze, *ad.* not in any manner or degree [offensive]
- Noxious, nōk'-shŷs, *a.* hurtful, baneful,
- Nubble, nūb'l, *v. a.* to bruise, to press with the knuckles [clouds]
- Nubiferous, nū-bŷf-ér-ŷs, *a.* bringing
- Nubila:æ, nū-bŷl-āte, *v. a.* to cloud
- Nubilous, nū-bil-ŷs, *a.* cloudy, overcast
- Nuciferous, nū-sŷf-ér-ŷs, *a.* bearing nuts
- Nucleus, nū'-klyŷs, *s.* the kernel, any thing about which matter is gathered
- Nudity, nū-dit ŷ, *s.* nakedness
- Nugacity, nū-gās-ŷt-ŷ, *s.* trifling talk or behaviour
- Nugatory, nū-gā-tór-ŷ, *a.* trifling, futile
- Nuisance, nū-sēns, *s.* something noxious or offensive [meaning]
- Null, nūl', *s.* a thing of no power or no
- Nullify, nūl'-ŷ-fŷ, *v. a.* to annul, to make void [existence]
- Nullity, nūl'-ŷt-ŷ, *s.* want of force or
- Numb, nūm', *a.* torpid, chill, benumbing—*v. a.* to make torpid, to stupefy
- Number, nūm-bér, *v. a.* to count, to reckon—*s.* many, pl. harmony, poetry
- Numberless, nūm-bér-lēs, *a.* more than can be numbered
- Numerable, nū-mér-ēb'l, *a.* capable of being numbered [number]
- Numeral, nū-mér-āl, *a.* relating to
- Numerary, nū-mér-ār-ŷ, *a.* belonging to a number
- Numeration, nū-mér-ā-shŭn, *s.* the act of numbering

shët, nôte, lôse, actôr—hüt, pûsh, mâte, fûr—trulý. rýe—thus, thick.

Numerator, nú-mér-â-tór, *s.* he that numbers, that number which measures others [number, numeral]
 Numerical, nú-mér-ý-kál, *a.* denoting numbers
 Numerist, nú-mér-ýst, *s.* one that deals in numbers [many, harmonious]
 Numerous, nú-mér-ús, *a.* containing Numskull, núm'-skül, *s.* a dunce, a dolt
 Nun, nún, *s.* a religious recluse woman
 Nunchion, nún'-shún, *s.* food eaten between meals [the pope]
 Nuncio, nún'-shyô, *s.* a messenger from
 Nuncupative, nún-kú-pá-tív, *a.* verbally pronounced [nuns]
 Nunnery, nún'-nér-ý, *s.* a convent of
 Nuptial, núp'-shál, *a.* pertaining to marriage
 Nuptials, núp'-shálz, *s.* marriage
 Nurse, núrs', *s.* a woman that takes care of a child or sick person—*v.* *a.* to bring up a child, to feed
 Nursery, núr'-sér-ý, *s.* a plantation of young trees to be transplanted, a place where young children are nursed and brought up [fondling]
 Nursling, núrs'-líng, *s.* one nursed up, a

Nurture, núr'-túre, *s.* food, diet, education—*v.* *a.* to feed, to bring up
 Nustle, nús'l, *v.* *a.* to fondle, to cherish
 Nut, nút', *s.* a fruit of certain trees, part of a wheel
 Nutation, nú-tá'-shún, *s.* a kind of tremulous motion of the earth's axis
 Nutgall, nút'-gál, *s.* the excrescence of the oak [spice]
 Nutmeg, nút'-még, *s.* a warm Indian
 Nutrition, nú-trí-ká'-shún, *s.* the manner of feeding [ment]
 Nutriment, nú-trí-mént, *s.* food, aliment
 Nutritional, nú-trí-mén'-tál, *a.* having the qualities of food [nourishing]
 Nutrition, nú-trísh'-lín, *s.* the quality of
 Nutritious, nú-trísh'-ús, or Nutritive, nú-trí-tív, *a.* nourishing, nutrimental
 Nutshell, nút'-shél, *s.* the hard substance that encloses the kernel of the nut [nuts]
 Nut-tree, nút'-tré, *s.* a tree that bears
 Nuzzle, núz'l, *v.* *a.* to nurse, to foster
 Nymph, ným', *s.* a goddess of the woods or meadows, a country girl, a lady

O

OAF, ôfe, *s.* a changeling, a foolish fellow, an idiot
 Oafish, ôfe'-sh, *a.* stupid, dull, doltish
 Oak, ôke, *s.* a tree or the wood of it
 Oakapple, ôke-âp'l, *s.* a spongy excrescence on oaks [from oak]
 Oaken, ôk'-n, *a.* made of oak, gathered
 Oakum, ôk'-úm, *s.* cords untwisted and reduced to hemp
 Our, ôre, *s.* an instrument to row with—*v.* *n.* to row—*v.* *a.* to impel by rowing [oatmeal]
 Oatcake, ôte-káke, *s.* a cake made of
 Oaten, ô'tn, *a.* made of or bearing oats
 Oath, ô'th, *s.* an attestation, a solemn appeal to heaven
 Oatmalt, ô'te-mált, *s.* malt made of oats
 Oatmeal, ô'te-mêle, *s.* the flour of oats
 Oats, ô'ts, *s.* a grain commonly given to horses
 Obduracy, ôb-dú-rá-sý, *s.* hardness of heart, inflexible wickedness
 Obdurate, ôb-dú-rét, *a.* hard-hearted, impenitent [authority]
 Obedience, ô-bé-dyéns, *s.* submission to

Obedient, ô-bé-dýént, *a.* submissive to authority [taining to obedience]
 Obediential, ô-bé-dýén'-shýál, *a.* pertaining to obedience
 Obeisance, ô-bé-séns, *s.* a bow, an act of reverence [this mark]
 Obelisk, ôb'-él-ýsk, *s.* a sort of pyramid,
 Oberration, ôb-é-rá'-shún, *s.* the act of wandering about [to comply with]
 Obey, ô-há, *v.* *a.* to pay submission to
 Object, ôb'-dzhek't, *s.* that about which we are employed [to oppose]
 Object, ôb-dzhék't, *v.* *a.* to urge against
 Objection, ôb-dzhék'-shún, *s.* a charge, an adverse argument [the object]
 Objective, ôb-dzhék'-tív, *a.* relating to
 Objector, ôb-dzhék'-tór, *s.* one who objects or opposes
 Obit, ô-bit, *s.* funeral obsequies
 Obituary, ô-bit'-ú-ár-ý, *s.* a register of the dead
 Objurgate, ôb-dzhúr-gáte, *v.* *a.* to rebuke, to reprove
 Objurgation, ôb-dzhúr-gá'-shún, *s.* a proof
 Obsolete, ôb-sól'-te, *a.* fallen at the p

Sounds—hât, lâte, hâll, liâr—mât, dôist, mât, hân—shûn, chûn, fîeld, shât—

- Oblation**, ôb-lâ-shûn, *s.* an offering, a sacrifice [recreation]
- Obletation**, ôb-lâ-tâ-shûn, *s.* delight
- Obligation**, ôb-lî-gâ-shûn, *s.* an engagement, favour, bond
- Obligatory**, ôb-lî-gâ-tôr-y, *s.* binding, imposing obligation
- Oblige**, ô-bî-dah, *v. a.* to bind, to compel, to lay obligations of gratitude, to please [contract]
- Obligee**, ôb-lî-dahé, *s.* one bound by
- Obliging**, ô-bî-dahing, *part. a.* civil, complaisant, binding [pendicular]
- Oblique**, ôb-lî-ké, *a.* not direct, not perpendicular
- Obliquity**, ôb-lî-k-wî-y, *s.* deviation from physical or moral rectitude, not direct [to destroy]
- Obliterate**, ôb-lî-ér-âte, *v. a.* to efface
- Obliteration**, ôb-lî-ér-â-shûn, *s.* effacement, extinction
- Oblivion**, ôb-lî-v-yôn, *s.* cessation of remembrance, amnesty [forgetfulness]
- Oblivious**, ôb-lî-v-yûs, *a.* causing forgetfulness
- Oblong**, ôb-lông, *a.* longer than broad
- Obloquy**, ôb-lô-kwý, *s.* blame, slander, disgrace
- Obnoxious**, ôb-nôk-shûs, *a.* subject, liable to punishment, exposed
- Obnubilate**, ôb-nû-bî-lâte, *v. a.* to cloud, to obscure [grains]
- Ole**, ôb-ôle, *s.* in pharmacy twelve
- Olephrept**, ôb-rép-shûn, *s.* the act of creeping on [gusting, offensive]
- Obscene**, ôb-sê-ne, *a.* immodest, dis-
- Obscenity**, ôb-sên-y-tý, *s.* unchastity, lewdness [of darkening]
- Obscuration**, ôb-skû-râ-shûn, *s.* the act
- Obscure**, ôb-skû-re, *a.* dark, gloomy, abstruse—*v. a.* to darken, to perplex
- Obscurity**, ôb-skû-rî-tý, *s.* want of light, an unnoticed state, darkness of meaning [cate earnestly]
- Obscrate**, ôb-sê-krate, *v. a.* to supplicate
- Obscuration**, ôb-sê-kra-shûn, *s.* entreaty, supplication
- Obsequies**, ôb-sê-kwýs, *s.* funeral solemnities
- Obsequious**, ôb-sê-kwýs, *a.* obedient, compliant, funeral
- Observance**, ôb-zér-véns, *s.* attention, respect
- Observant**, ôb-zér-vént, *a.* diligent, watchful, attentive
- Observation**, ôb-sér-vâ-shûn, *s.* the act of observing, a remark
- Observer**, ôb-sér-vâ-tôr, *s.* one that observes or remarks
- Observatory**, ôb-sér-vâ-tôr-y, *s.* a place adapted for making astronomical observations
- Observe**, ôb-sér-v, *v. a.* to watch, to regard attentively, to note, to observe—*v. n.* to be attentive [out of one]
- Obscure**, ôb-sê-lâte, *a.* dimmed, green
- Obstacle**, ôb-sâk'l, *s.* hindrance, obstruction [midwife's office]
- Obstetric**, ôb-sât-rik, *a.* doing the
- Obstinacy**, ôb-sî-nâ-sý, *s.* stubbornness, contumacy
- Obstinate**, ôb-sî-nâ, *a.* stubborn, obstinate, inflexible
- Obstreperous**, ôb-sîr-ép-ér-ân, *a.* loud, clamorous, turbulent [lion, a horse]
- Obstruction**, ôb-sîr-ik-shûn, *s.* an obligation
- Obstruct**, ôb-sîr-ik, *v. a.* to hinder, to block up, to bar
- Obstruction**, ôb-sîr-ik-shûn, *s.* an hindrance, an obstacle
- Obstructive**, ôb-sîr-ik-tiv, *a.* hindering, impeding—*s.* impediment, obstacle
- Obtruent**, ôb-sîr-ik-ân, *a.* hindering, blocking up
- Obstupescence**, ôb-sîr-pê-ik-shûn, *s.* stoppage of the exercise of the mental powers
- Obtain**, ôb-tâ-ne, *v. a.* to gain, to acquire, to procure—*v. n.* to continue in use [pretend]
- Obtend**, ôb-tënd', *v. a.* to oppose, to
- Obtension**, ôb-tên-shûn, *s.* opposition, denial [supplicate]
- Obtest**, ôb-têst, *v. a.* to beseech, to
- Obtestation**, ôb-têst-â-shûn, *s.* supplication, entreaty [der, calumny]
- Obtreaction**, ôb-trêk-tâ-shûn, *s.* slander
- Obtrude**, ôb-trû-de, *v. a.* to thrust into any place or state by force or importunity [truding, forcing in or upon]
- Obtrusion**, ôb-trû-shûn, *s.* the act of ob-
- Obtrusive**, ôb-trû-siv, *a.* inclined to obtrude on others [dull, to deaden]
- Obtund**, ôb-tünd', *v. a.* to blunt, to
- Obtuse**, ôb-tû-se, *a.* not pointed, blunt, dull, obscure [ling]
- Obtusion**, ôb-tû-shûn, *s.* the act of dull-
- Obvention**, ôb-vên-shûn, *s.* an incidental advantage [spiritual food]
- Obventions**, ôb-vên-shûs, *s.* offerings
- Obvert**, ôb-vért, *v. a.* to turn towards &c.
- Obviate**, ôb-vý-âte, *v. a.* to prevent, to hinder, to oppose
- Obvious**, ôb-vý-us, *a.* open, plain, evident, easily discovered

shôt, nôte, lôse, actôr—hüt, pûsh, mâte, fûr—truly, rje—thus, thick.

dimbration, ôk-kim-brâ-shün, *s.* the act of darkening or clouding
occasion, ôk-kâ-zhün, *s.* opportunity,
 accidental cause, incidental need—
v. a. to cause, to influence
occasional, ôk-kâ-zhün-âl, *a.* incidental, casual

cecation, ôk-sê-kâ-shün, *s.* the act of blinding, or making blind
ecident, ôk-si-dënt, *s.* the west
occidental, ôk-si-dënt-tâl, *a.* western
ocipital, ôk-sip'it-âl, *a.* placed in the occiput [of the head
eciput, ôk-sy-püt, *s.* the hinder part
ocluse, ôk-klûse, *a.* shut up, closed
ocult, ôk-kült, *a.* secret, hidden, unknown

ecultation, ôk-kül-tâ-shün, *s.* the act of hiding; in astronomy, the time that a star or planet is hidden from our sight [possessing

ecupancy, ôk-kû-pânsy, *s.* act of occupying
ecupant, ôk-kû-pënt, *s.* he that takes possession

ecupate, ôk-kû-pâte, *v. a.* to take up, to possess, to hold
ecupation, ôk kû-pâ-shün, *s.* a taking
ecupation, employment, business, trade [cupies
ecupier, ôk-kû-pi-ér, *s.* one who occupy
ecuppy, ôk-kû-py, *v. a.* to possess, to take up, to employ, to follow as a business

ecur, ôk-kûr, *v. n.* to be remembered, to appear here and there
ecurrence, ôk-kûr-réns, *s.* incident, any thing that happens
ecursion, ôk-kûr-shün, *s.* a clash, a mutual blow

cean, ô-shân, *s.* the main, a great sea, any immense expanse

chre, ô kër, *s.* a kind of earth
chreous, ô-kry-ús, *a.* consisting of ochre [sides and angles

ctagon, ôk-tâ-gôn, *s.* a figure of eight
ctangular, ôk-tâng-û-lâr, *a.* having eight angles [part of a circle

ctant, ôk-tënt, *a.* distant an eighth
ctave, ôk-tâve, *s.* the eighth day after some festival, the interval of eight sounds

ctavo, ôk-tâ-vô, *a.* having each sheet folded into eight leaves

ctennial, ôk-tên-nyâl, *a.* done or happening every eighth year, lasting eight years [of the year

ober, ôk-tô-bér, *s.* the tenth month

Octogenary, ôk-tô-dzhê-nâ-ry, *a.* having the age of eighty years

Ocular, ôk-û-lâr, *a.* depending on the eye, known by the eye

Oculist, ôk-û-list, *s.* one who cures dis-tempered eyes [strange

Odd, ôd', *a.* not even, particular, uncouth, Odds, ôd'z, *s.* more than an even wager, superiority, dispute [music

Ode, ô'de, *s.* a poem to be sung to
Odious, ô-dyûs, *a.* hateful, exposed to hate invidious [tred, blame

Odium, ô-dyûm, *s.* invidiousness, ha-
Odoriferous, ô-dô-rîf-ér-ús, *a.* giving scent, fragrant [ed

Odorous, ô dôr-ús, *a.* fragrant, perfume-
Odour, ô-dôr, *s.* scent good or bad, fragrance

Öconomics, ê-kô-nôm'-yks, *s.* manage-ment of household affairs

Öconomist, ê-kôn'-ô-myst, *s.* a good manager [bandry

Öconomy, ê-kôn'-ô my, *s.* good hus-
Öcumenical, ê-kû-mên'-ik-âl, *a.* general, universal

O'er, ô're, contracted from Over
Oesophagus, ê-sôf'-â-gûs, *s.* the gullet

Of, ôf', *pr.* belonging to, among, concerning [not toward

Off, ôf', *ad.* signifying distance, from,
Offal, ôf'-fâl, *s.* waste meat, carrion, refuse

Offence, ôf-fëns', *s.* a crime, a trans-
 gression, injury, displeasure given or conceived

Offend, ôf-fënd', *v. a.* to make angry, to
 assail, to injure—*v. n.* to transgress the law, to cause anger

Offender, ôf-fënd'-ér, *s.* one who does
 an injury, a criminal

Offensive, ôf-fën'-siv, *a.* displeasing, in-
 jurious, hurtful

Offer, ôf'-fër, *v. a.* to present, to exhib-
 it, to sacrifice, to bid as a price, to attempt, to propose—*s.* a proposal, an endeavour, a price bidden

Offering, ôf'-fër-ing, *s.* a sacrifice
Offertory, ôf'-fër-tôr-y, *s.* a thing offer-
 ed, the act of offering

Office, ôf'-fis, *s.* public employment, agency

Officer, ôf'-fy-sér, *s.* one in office, a commander, one who apprehends criminals [commanders

Officered, ôf'-fy-sérd, *a.* supplied with
Official, ôf-fîsh'-âl, *a.* pertaining to office—*s.* an arch-deacon's deputy

Sounds.—hăt, hâte, hăl, liăr—mêt, dësist, mē, hēr—chîn, chine, field, shirt—

- Officiate**, ôf-fîsh'-yâte, *v. n.* to discharge an office, to perform duty for another [longing to a shop]
Official, ôf-fîs'-y-nkl, *a.* used in or belonging to a shop
Officious, ôf-fîsh'-ús, *a.* kind, too attentive
Offing, ôf-fîng, *s.* the act of steering to a distance from the land
Offset, ôf'-sêt, *s.* a sprout, the shoot of a plant
Offspring, ôf'-spring, *s.* any thing propagated or generated, children
Oft, ôft, or **Often**, ôft'n, *ad.* frequently, many times [moulding]
Ogee, ô dzhé, *s.* in architecture, a sort of
Ogle, ôgl, *v. a.* to view with side glances [sorrow, or surprise]
Oh, ô, *interj.* an exclamation of pain,
Oil, ôil, *s.* the expressed juice of olives, &c.
Oilcolour, ôil-ko.-ôr, *s.* colour made by grinding substances in oil
Oilman, ôil-mán, *s.* a dealer in oils, pickles, &c. [and pickles are sold]
Oilshop, ôil-shôp, *s.* a shop where oils
Oily, ôil-y, *a.* consisting of oil, fat, greasy [salve]
Ointment, ônt-mént, *s.* an unguent, a
Old, ôld, *a.* ancient, advanced in age, not new
Oldfashioned, ôld-fâsh-ônd, *a.* obsolete, out of fashion [unctuous]
Oleaginous, ô-lé-âdzh'-în-ús, *a.* oily
Olfactory, ôl-fák'-tôr-y, *a.* having the sense of smelling
Oligarchical, ôl-y-găr-ký-kál, *a.* pertaining to an oligarchy
Oligarchy, ôl-y-găr-ký, *s.* a form of government which places the supreme power in the hands of a few, an aristocracy [ley]
Olio, ô-lyü, *s.* a hotch-potch, a medley
Olive, ôl'-iv, *s.* a tree or its fruit, the emblem of peace [played by three]
Ombre, ô'm-bér, *s.* a game of cards
Omega, ô-mé-gá, *s.* the last letter of the Greek alphabet [made with eggs]
Omelet, ôm'-lèt, *s.* a kind of pancake
Omen, ô'-mén, *s.* a good or bad sign, a prognostic
Omentum, ô-mén-túm, *s.* the cawl
Omer, ô-mér, *s.* an Hebrew measure containing about three pints and a half English [inauspicious]
Ominous, ôm'-în-ús, *a.* foreshewing ill,
Omission, ô-mîsh'-ûn, *s.* a neglect of duty
- Omit**, ô-mît, *v. a.* to leave out, to neglect
Omnific, ôm-nîf'-yk, *a.* all-creating
Omniform, ôm-nî fôr-m, *a.* having every shape [power]
Omnipotence, ôm-nîp'-ô-téns, *s.* almighty
Omnipotent, ôm-nîp'-ô-tént, *a.* almighty, all-powerful
Omnipresent, ôm-nî-prés'-ént, *a.* present in every place [knowledge]
Omniscience, ôm-nîsh'-yéns, *s.* infinite
Omniscient, ôm-nîsh'-ént, *a.* infinite, knowing all [of]
On, ôn, *prep.* upon—*ad.* forward, not
Once, wóns, *ad.* one time, a single time, formerly [single person]
One, wón, *a.* one of two, single—*s.* a
One-eyed, wón'-ide, *a.* having only one eye [interpreter of dreams]
Oneirocritic, ô-nî-rô-krit'-yk, *s.* an interpreter of dreams
Onerate, ôn'-ér-âte, *v. a.* to load, to burden [pressive]
Onerous, ôn'-ér-ús, *a.* burdensome, oppressive
Onion, ôn'-yón, *s.* a common plant
Only, ô'n-ly, *a.* single, one and no more—*ad.* simply, barely [a storm]
Onset, ôn'-sêt, *s.* an attack, an assault
Ontology, ôn-tôl'-ô-dzhý, *s.* metaphysics, science of the affections of being in general [forward]
Onward, ôn'-wárd, *ad.* progressively
Onyx, ô-nýks, *s.* a clear valuable gem
Ooze, ô-ze, *s.* soft mud, slime, soft flow—*v. n.* to run gently, to flow by stealth
Oozy, ô-zý, *a.* miry, muddy, slimy
Opacity, ô-pá's-ýt-y, *s.* want of transparency, darkness
Opacous, ô-pá-kús, *a.* obscure, not transparent [various colours]
Opal, ô-pál, *s.* a precious stone reflecting
Opaque, ô-pá'ke, *a.* not transparent, dark, cloudy
Open, ôp'n, *v. a.* to unioose, to unlock, to divide, to begin—*a.* unclosed, not shut, plain, apparent, sincere, exposed to view [ful]
Openeyed, ôp'n-ide, *a.* vigilant, watchful
Openhanded, ôp'n-hân-déd, *a.* generous, liberal [candid]
Openhearted, ôp'n hâr-téd, *a.* generous
Opening, ôp-nîng, *s.* an aperture, a breach, the dawn
Openly, ôp'n-ly, *ad.* plainly, evidently, without disguise
Openmouthed, ôp'n móú'théd, *a.* greedy, ravenous

shōŷ, nōte, lōse, actōr—hūt, pūsh, mātē, fūr—trulŷ, rŷe—thus, thick.

Opera, ōp-ér-ā, *s.* a musical entertainment

Operant, ōp-ér-ént, *a.* active, able to produce [duce effects]

Operate, ōp-ér-āte, *v. n.* to act, to produce

Operatical, ōp-ér-ā'ŷk-āl, *a.* belonging to an operation [fluence, effect]

Operation, ōp-ér-ā-shūn, *s.* agency, in-

Operative, ōp-ér-ā-tīv, *a.* having the power of acting

Operator, ōp-ér-ā-tōr, *s.* one that performs any act of the hand, one who produces any effect

Operose, ōp-ér-ōse, *a.* laborious, full of trouble [the eye]

Ophthalmic, ōf-thāl'mŷk, *a.* relating to

Ophthalmia, ōf-thāl'mŷ, *s.* a disease of the eyes [sleep]

Opiate, ō-pŷēt, *s.* a medicine that causes

Opiniative, ō-pīn'ŷāt-īv, *a.* stubborn, imagined

Opinion, ō-pīn'ŷōn, *s.* persuasion of the mind without proof, sentiment, notion

Opinionative, ō-pīn'ŷōn'ā-tīv, *a.* fond of preconceived notions, stubborn

Opium, ō-pŷūm, *s.* the juice of Turkish poppies

Oppose, ōp-pō-ne, *v. a.* to oppose

Opponent, ōp-pō-nént, *a.* opposite, adverse—*s.* an antagonist, an adversary

Opportunity, ōp-pōr-tū-ne, *a.* seasonable, convenient [time, convenience]

Opposite, ōp-pō-zīt, *a.* placed in front, facing, adverse—*s.* an adversary, an opponent

Opposition, ōp-pō-zīsh'ūn, *s.* hostile resistance, contrariety of interest, conduct, or meaning

Oppress, ōp-prés, *v. a.* to crush by hardship, to subdue

Oppression, ōp-prés'h-ūn, *s.* the act of oppressing, cruelty, severity, dulness of spirits [justly severe, heavy]

Oppressive, ōp-prés-sŷv, *a.* cruel, un-

Oppressor, ōp-prés-sōr, *s.* one who harasses others

Opprobrious, ōp-prō-brŷ-ús, *a.* reproachful, disgraceful, vile

Opprobrium, ōp-prō-brŷ-ūm, *s.* disgrace, infamy [attack]

Oppugn, ōp-pū-ne, *v. a.* to oppose, to

Optable, ōp-téb'l, *a.* desirable, to be wished

Optative, ōp-tā-tīv, *a.* expressive of desire

Optic, ōp-tŷk, *a.* visual, relating to vision —*s.* an instrument or organ of sight

Optician, ōp-tŷh'ān, *s.* one skilled in optics

Optics, ōp-tŷks, *s.* the science of vision

Optimacy, ōp-tŷm-ās-ŷ, *s.* nobility, the body of nobles [choosing]

Option, ōp-shŷn, *s.* choice, power of

Opulence, ōp-ū-léns, *s.* wealth, affluence, riches [affluent]

Opulent, ōp-ū-lént, *a.* rich, wealthy, Or, ōr, *conj.* either

Oracle, ōr-ā'k'l, *s.* something delivered by supernatural wisdom, one famed for wisdom

Oracular, ō-rāk'ū-lār, *or* Oraculous, ō-rāk'ū-lūs, *a.* uttering oracles

Oraison, ōr'ā-zōn, *s.* a prayer

Oral, ō-rāl, *a.* delivered by mouth, not written [fruit]

Orange, ōr'éndzh, *s.* a well-known

Orangery, ō-rān-zhé-ŷ, *s.* a plantation of orange trees

Oration, ō-rā-shŷn, *s.* a discourse or speech pronounced in public

Orator, ōr-ā-tōr, *s.* an eloquent public speaker

Oratorical, ōr-ā-tōr'ŷk-āl, *a.* rhetorical, befitting an orator

Oratory, ōr-ā-tōr'ŷ, *s.* eloquence, rhetorical skill [a wheel, the eye]

Orb, ōrb, *s.* a sphere, a circular body,

Orbicular, ōr-bŷk'ū-lār, *a.* spherical, circular

Orbit, ōr-bŷt, *s.* the path of a planet

Orchard, ōr-tshárd, *s.* a garden of fruit trees

Orchestra, ōr-kés-trŷ, *or* Orchestre ōr-kés-tér, *s.* a gallery or place where musicians play in

Ordain, ōr-dā-ne, *v. a.* to appoint, to establish, to invest with ministerial function [water]

Ordeal, ōr-dŷál, *s.* a trial by fire or

Order, ōr-dér, *s.* a method, a mandate, a rule, a rank, a religious or military

fraternity—*v. a.* to regulate, to command, to ordain—*v. n.* to give command or direction

Orders, ōr-dér, *s.* state of the clergy

Ordinal, ōr-dŷn-āl, *a.* noting order—a ritual

Ordinance, ōr-dŷn-āns, *s.* a law, a rule, an appointment

Sounds.—hāt, hāc, hāl, hār—māt, dāist, mā, hār—chūn, chine, field, shirt—

- Ordinary**, őr-din-ār-y, *a.* established, regular, common, mean, ugly—*a.* an ecclesiastical judge, a settled establishment [eating at a certain price]
- Ordinary**, őr-din-ār-y, *s.* *a.* a place for
- Ordinate**, őr-dī-nāte, *v. a.* to appoint
- Ordinate**, őr-din-ēt, *a.* regular, methodical [of ordaining]
- Ordination**, őr-din-ā-ahūn, *s.* the act
- Ordnance**, őr-din-ās, *s.* cannon, heavy artillery
- Ordonnance**, őr-dō-nēns, *s.* the disposition of figures in a picture
- Ordure**, őr-dūre, *s.* animal dung, filth
- Ore**, őr, *s.* metal in its mineral state
- Orgal**, őr-gāl, *s.* lees of wine
- Organ**, őr-gān, *s.* a natural or musical instrument
- Organic**, őr-gān-yk, *a.* acting as instruments of nature or art, respecting organs [on the organ]
- Organist**, őr-gān-yst, *s.* one who plays
- Organization**, őr-gān-yā-ahūn, *s.* the act of organizing, a due construction of parts
- Organize**, őr-gā-nize, *v. a.* to construct so that one part co-operates with another [frantic revels]
- Orgies**, őr-dzhýz, *s.* rites of Bacchus
- Orient**, őr-ryent, *a.* rising as the sun, eastern, bright—*s.* the east
- Oriental**, őr-ryen-tāl, *a.* eastern, proceeding from the east—*s.* an inhabitant of the east [ration]
- Orifice**, őr-y-fýs, *s.* an opening or perforation
- Origin**, őr-ydzh-yin, *s.* beginning, source, descent
- Original**, őr-ydzh-yin-āl, *a.* primitive, pristine, first—*s.* the first copy
- Originate**, őr-ydzh-yin-āte, *v. a.* to bring into existence [cation]
- Orisons**, őr-y-zōns, *s.* a prayer, a supplication
- Orlop**, őr-lóp, *s.* the middle deck of a ship
- Ornament**, őr-nā-mēnt, *s.* embellishment, decoration—*v. a.* to embellish, to decorate [embellishment]
- Ornamental**, őr-nā-mēn-tāl, *a.* giving
- Ornate**, őr-nāte, *a.* bedecked, decorated
- Ornithology**, őr-ný-thōl-ō-dzhý, *s.* a discourse on birds
- Orphan**, őr-fān, *s.* a child who has lost father or mother or both—*a.* bereft of parents [an orphan]
- Orphanage**, őr-fān-ēdzh, *s.* the state of
- Orpiment**, őr-pý-mēnt, *s.* a kind of mineral, yellow arsenic
- Errory**, őr-ēr-y, *s.* an instrument which represents the revolutions of the heavenly bodies [plant]
- Orris**, őr-rýs, *s.* gold and silver lace, a
- Orthodox**, őr-thō-dōks, *a.* sound in opinion and doctrine
- Orthodoxy**, őr-thō-dōk-sý, *s.* soundness in doctrine, &c.
- Orthographer**, őr-thōg-ráf-ēr, *s.* one who spells rightly [rightly spelled]
- Orthographical**, őr-thō-gráf-yk-āl, *a.*
- Orthography**, őr-thōg-ráf-y, *s.* the part of grammar which teaches how words should be spelled, the elevation of a building delineated
- Ortive**, őr-tiv, *a.* relating to the rising of a planet or star [bird]
- Ortolan**, őr-tól-ān, *s.* a delicate small
- Orts**, őr-ts, *s.* refuse, fragments
- Oscillation**, ős-sýl-lā shūn, *s.* the act of moving backward and forward like a pendulum [like a pendulum]
- Oscillatory**, ős-sýl-lā tór-y, *a.* moving
- Oscitant**, ős-sý-tēnt, *a.* yawnish, sleepy, sluggish [kissing]
- Osculation**, ős-kū-lā-shūn, *s.* the act of
- Osier**, őr-zyér, *s.* a tree of the willow kind [of bone]
- Osseous**, ős-shyús, *a.* bony, consisting
- Ossicle**, ős-sýk-l, *s.* a small bone
- Ossific**, ős-sýf-yk, *a.* having the power of making or changing bones
- Ossification**, ős-sýf-yk-ā-shūn, *s.* a change into bony substance
- Ossify**, ős-sý-fý, *v. a.* to change to bone
- Ossensible**, ős-tēn-sýb-l, *a.* that may be shown, apparent [tokening]
- Ostensive**, ős-tēn-sýv, *a.* showing, be-
- Ostent**, ős-tēnt, *s.* air, manner, show, a prodigy [ward or vain show]
- Ostentation**, ős-tēn-lā-shūn, *s.* an out-
- Ostentatious**, ős-tēn-tā-shūn, *a.* vain, boasting, fond of show
- Osteology**, ős-tō-ōl-ō-dzhý, *s.* a description of the bones
- Ostuary**, ős-tyar-y, *s.* the opening at which a river disembogues itself
- Ostler**, ős-lér, *s.* one who takes care of horses
- Ostracism**, ős-trā-sýzm, *s.* a passing sentence by ballot, banishment, public censure by shells
- Ostrich**, ős-trítsh, *s.* a very large bird
- Other**, őr-ēr, *a.* not the same, different
- Otherwise**, őr-ēr-wize, *ad.* in a different manner
- Otter**, őr-tér, *s.* an amphibious animal

öt, nöte, löse, actor—hüt, pish, mäte, für—truly, rje—thus, thick.

o-väl, *a.* oblong, shape like an
-a what has the shape of an egg

ua, o-vä'-ryös, *a.* consisting of eggs

o-vär-y, *s.* the seat of eggs or
egnation

n, o vä'-shün, *s.* a lesser kind of
nph among the Romans

ö-v'n, *s.* a place to bake bread in
ö-vér, *prep.* and *ad.* above, a-

[than enough]

t, ö-vér-äkt, *v. a.* to act more
alance, ö-vér-bäl'-kns, *v. a.* to

h down [to keep in awe]

ar, ö-vér-hä're, *v. a.* to repress,
id, ö-vér-bid', *v. a.* to offer more

equivalent [of the ship]

oard, ö-vér-börd, *ad.* off or out
urden, ö-vér-bür'd'n, *v. a.* to load

too great a weight
arry, ö-vér-kär-rý, *v. a.* to carry

ar

ast, ö-vér-küst, *v. a.* to cloud

harge, ö-vér-tshä'dzh, *v. a.* to
ess, to fill too full, &c.

loud, ö-vér-klöüd', *v. a.* to cover
clouds

me, ö-vér-kóm', *v. a.* to subdue
ount, ö-vér-köünt', *v. a.* to rate

the true value [enough]

o, ö-vér-dö', *v. a.* to do more than
rive, ö-vér-drive, *v. a.* to drive

hard, or fast

ow, ö-vér-flö', *v. a.* to overrun

owing, ö-vér-flö'-ing, *s.* copious-

ond, ö-vér-fön'd, *a.* too fond
rowth, ö-vér-gröth, *s.* exuberant

rth [jut over]

ang, ö-vér-häng', *v. a.* to project,
aul, ö-vér-häl', *v. a.* to unfold

assemblage of tackle
ead, ö-vér-héd', *ad.* aloft

ear, ö-vér-hé're, *v. a.* to hear se-

ly [much]

eat, ö-vér-hé'te, *v. a.* to heat too
oy, ö-vér-dzhö'y, *v. a.* to affect

too much joy [den]

ade, ö-vér-lä'de, *v. a.* to overbur-

ay, ö-vér-lä', *v. a.* to cover, to
ress by too much weight or

er, to smother by lying upon
eap, ö-vér-lé'pe, *v. a.* to pass by,

mp [with too much]

oad, ö-vér-lö'de, *v. a.* to burden
ong, ö-vér-löng', *a.* too long

ok, ö-vér-lök', *v. a.* to neglect,
use, to pass by indulgently

Overmatch, ö-vér-mäts'h', *s.* one of su-
perior powers [great degrees]

Over-much, ö-vér-müts'h', *ad.* in too

Over-night, ö-vér-ni'te, *s.* the night before

Over-pass, ö-vér-päs, *v. a.* to omit

Over-pay, ö-vér-pä', *v. a.* to reward be-
yond the price

Overplus, ö-vér-plüs', *s.* surplus

Overpoise, ö-vér-pö'se, *v. a.* to outweigh

Over-power, ö-vér-pöw'ér, *v. a.* to op-
press by superiority

Over-press, ö-vér-prés', *v. a.* to crush

Over-prize, ö-vér-prize, *v. a.* to value
at too high a price

Over-rank, ö-vér-rä'nk, *a.* too rank

Over-rate, ö-vér-rä'te, *v. a.* to rate too
highly

Over-reach, ö-vér-rétsh', *v. a.* to deceive

Over-reckon, ö-vér-rék'h'n, *v. a.* to
reckon too much

Over-ride, ö-vér-ride, *v. a.* to ride a
horse beyond his strength

Over-ripen, ö-vér-ri'p'n, *v. a.* to make
too ripe [much]

Over-roast, ö-vér-rö'st', *v. a.* to roast too

Over-rule, ö-vér-rül', *v. a.* to superin-
tend, to dissuade, to supersede

Over-run, ö-vér-rün', *v. a.* to ravage, to
cover all over, to pester [to omit]

Oversee, ö-vér-sé', *v. a.* to superintend,

Overseer, ö-vér-sér', *s.* a parish officer
who has the care of the poor, a super-
intendant

Overset, ö-vér-sét', *v. a.* to overturn

Over-shade, ö-vér-shä'de, *v. a.* to cover
with darkness [shelter]

Overshadow, ö-vér-shäd'ö, *v. a.* to

Over-shoot, ö-vér-shöt'e, *v. a.* to fly be-
yond the mark

Oversight, ö-vér-si'te, *s.* a mistake, error

Over-size, ö-vér-size, *v. a.* to surpass in
bulk [long]

Over-sleep, ö-vér-slép', *v. a.* to sleep too

Overslip, ö-vér-slíp', *v. a.* to neglect

Over-spread, ö-vér-spréd', *v. a.* to cover

Over-stock, ö-vér-stök', *v. a.* to crowd

Over-strain, ö-vér-strä'ne, *v. a.* to stretch
too far [rule]

Over-sway, ö-vér-swä', *v. a.* to over-

Over-swell, ö-vér-swél', *v. a.* to rise
above [rent]

Overt, ö'-vért, *a.* open, public, open

Overtake, ö-vér-tä'ke, *v. a.* to come up
with in a pursuit

Overthrow, ö-vér-thrö', *v. a.* to over-
turn, to demolish, to defeat to ruin

Sounds—hât, hâte, hâll, liâr—mêt, dêsiat, mêt, hér—chîn, chîne, field, shirt.

- Overthwart, ô-vér-thârt, *a* opposite, crossing perpendicularly, perverse—*prep.* across Overtake
Overtook, ô-vér-tôk', *prep. and part. of*
Overtop, ô-vér-tôp', *v. a.* to rise above, to surpass, to excel [*ly over*]
Overtrip, ô-vér-trîp', *v. a.* to walk lightly
Overture, ô-vér-tûre, *s.* an opening, a discovery, a proposal
Overturn, ô-vér-tûrn', *v. a.* to throw down, to overpower, to ruin
Overvalue, ô-vér-vâl'-â, *v. a.* to rate at too high a price
Overveil, ô-vér-vâle, *v. a.* to cover over
Overween, ô-vér-wéne, *v. n.* to think too highly, to be proud
Overwhelm, ô-vér-whélm', *v. a.* to crush underneath, to fill too much
Ought, â't, *s.* any thing, something
Oviform, ô-vî-fôrm, *a.* having the shape of an egg [*eggs*]
Oviparous, ô-vîp'-ar-ús, *a.* bringing forth
Ounce, ôûns, *s.* a weight, a lynx, a panther
Our, ôûr, *a.* of or belonging to us
Ourselves, ôûr-sélvz, *s.* our very persons
Ousel, ô'z'l, *s.* a blackbird
Oust, ôûst', *v. a.* to vacate, to take away
Out, ôût', *ad.* not within, not at home, loudly, without restraint, at a loss, in a puzzle—*interj.* an expression of abhorrence or expulsion
Outact, ôût-âkt', *v. a.* to do beyond, to exceed
Outbalance, ôût-bâf'-âns, *v. a.* to preponderate, to outweigh [*price*]
Outbid, ôût-bîd', *v. n.* to bid a higher
Outbound, ôût-bôûnd, *a.* destined to a distant voyage
Outbrave, ôût-brâve, *v. a.* to bear down and disgrace by more insolent or splendid appearance
Outbrazen, ôût-brâ'z'n, *v. a.* to bear down by impudence
Outbreak, ôût-brêke, *s.* an eruption
Outcast, ôût-kâst, *s.* an exile. one expelled [*cunning*]
Outcraft, ôût-kraft', *v. a.* to excel in
Outcry, ôût-kry', *s.* a cry of distress, noise, clamour [*yond*]
Outdare, ôût dâ're, *v. a.* to venture beyond
Outdate, ôût-dâ'te, *v. a.* to put out of date, to antiquate
Outdo, ôût dô', *v. a.* to excel, to surpass
Outer, ôût-ér, *a.* that which is without, outward [*down*]
Outface, ôût fâ se, *v. a.* to brave, to
Outfawn, ôût-fân', *v. a.* to excel in fawning [*(ting out a ship*]
Outfit, ôût-fî't, *s.* act or expense of fit
Outfly, ôût-fly', *v. a.* to leave behind in flight
Outgate, ôût-gâte, *s.* an outlet
Outgeneral, ôût-dzhén-ér-âl, *v. a.* to beat by dint of skill [*giving*]
Outgive, ôût-giv', *v. a.* to surpass in
Outgo, ôût-gô', *v. a.* to surpass, to excel, to circumvent
Outgoing, ôût-gô'ing, *s.* the act or state of going out [*growth*]
Outgrow, ôût-grô', *v. a.* to surpass in
Outguard, ôût-gârd, *s.* the advanced guard
Outhouse, ôût-hôûse, *s.* a building detached from a dwelling, a hovel
Outknavery, ôût-nâ'v'e, *v. a.* to surpass in knavery [*native*]
Outlandish, ôût-lân'-dîsh, *a.* foreign, not
Outlaw, ôût-lâ, *s.* one excluded from the benefit of the law—*v. a.* to deprive of the benefits and protection of the law
Outlawry, ôût-lâ-rý, *s.* a decree by which one is cut off from the community
Outleap, ôût-lé'pe, *v. a.* to surpass leaping [*ter than another*]
Outlearn, ôût-lér'n, *v. a.* to learn fast
Outlet, ôût-lét, *s.* the passage or discharge outwards
Outline, ôût-lînc, *s.* the line by which any figure is defined, contour, extremity [*live beyond*]
Outlive, ôût-lîv, *v. a.* to survive, to
Outlook, ôût-lôk', *v. a.* to browbeat
Outlying, ôût-lý-îng, *part. a.* exceeding others in lying, not in the course of order [*ceed in measure*]
Outmeasure, ôût-mêzh-ûr, *v. a.* to exceed
Outmarch, ôût-mârtsh, *v. a.* to leave behind in the march
Outmost, ôût-môst, *a.* the remotest from the middle
Outnumber, ôût-nûm'-bér, *v. a.* to exceed in number [*leave behind*]
Outpace, ôût-pâse, *v. a.* to outgo, to
Outparish, ôût-pâr-îsh, *s.* a parish without the walls
Outprize, ôût-prîze, *v. a.* to exceed in the value set upon it
Outrage, ôût-rédzh, *s.* open violence, tumultuous mischief
Outrageous, ôût-râ-dzhîs, *a.* violent furious, excessive

shòt, nòte, lòse, aetór—hút, pùsh, mûte, fûr—truly, rye—thus, thick.

each, ðút-ré'tsh, *v. a.* to go beyond, clear
 ide, ðút-rí'de, *v. a.* to pass by right, ðút-rí'te, *ad.* without delay, completely
 ear, ðút-ró're, *v. a.* to exceed in ode, ðút-ró'de, *s.* an excursion
 ot, ðút-ró'te, *v. a.* to extirpate, to dicat
 in, ðút-rín', *v. a.* to leave behind
 il, ðút-sá'le, *v. a.* to leave behind sailing
 el, ðút-sél', *v. a.* to sell for a nine, ðút-shí'ne, *v. a.* to emit lustre, to excel in lustre
 oo, ðút-shò'te, *v. a.* to exceed in oting, to shoot beyond
 de, ðút-side, *s.* the external part, w, utmost
 eep, ðút-slé'pe, *v. a.* to sleep beyond read, ðút-spréd', *v. a.* to extend, diffuse
 anding, ðút-stán-díng, *a.* stand-beyond, not yet gotten in-are, ðút-stá're, *v. a.* to face down, row-beat
 [to spread out
 etch, ðút-strétsh', *v. a.* to extend, rip, ðút-stríp', *v. a.* to extend, to ve behind
 [by swearing
 ear, ðút-swá're, *v. a.* to overpower lk, ðút-tá'k, *v. a.* to overpower by
 angue, ðút-tóng', *v. a.* to bear vn by noise
 [in price
 alue, ðút-vál'-ú, *v. a.* to transcend ie, ðút-vý', *v. a.* to exceed, to surpass
 be, ðút-vó'te, *v. a.* to conquer by lurality of votes
 alk, ðút-wá'k, *v. a.* to leave be d in walking
 [of a building
 all, ðút-wá'l', *s.* the outward part ard, ðút-wá'rd, *a.* external, fo- m, apparent—*s.* external form—
 to foreign or outer parts

Outwards, ðút-wá'rdz, *ad.* towards the out-parts
 Outwear, ðút-wá're, *v. a.* to pass tedi- ously, to wear beyond
 Outweigh, ðút-wá'y', *v. a.* to exceed in weight or influence
 Outwit, ðút-wít', *v. a.* to overcome by stratagem
 Outwork, ðút-wó'rk, *v. a.* to do more work—*s.* external of a fortification
 Outworn, ðút-wó'rn, *part.* destroyed by use or age
 [for
 Owe, ð', *v. a.* to be indebted or obliged
 Owing, ð'-íng, *part. a.* consequential, imputable to as an agent
 Owl, ðw'l, or Owlet, ðw'-lét, *s.* a bird that flies by night
 Owler, ðw'-l-ér, *s.* one who carries cox- traband goods
 [avow
 Own, ð'ne, *v. a.* to acknowledge, to Owaer, ð'ne-ér, *s.* one to whom any thing belongs
 Ox, ðks', *s.* a general name for black cattle, a castrated bull
 Oxen, ðks'n, *plur.* of Ox
 Oxlip, ðks'-slíp, *s.* the Cowslip
 Oxycrate, ðk'-sý-krét, *s.* a mixture of water and vinegar
 Oxygen, ðks'-ý-dzhén, *s.* the principle that produces acids, the basis of that part of atmospheric air which sup- ports life and combustion
 Oxygenate, ðks-í-dahl-én-á'te, *v. a.* to im- pregnate with oxygen
 Oxygenous, ðks-ýdzh-én-ús, *a.* of the nature of oxygen
 [gar and honey
 Oxymel, ðk'-sý-mél, *s.* mixture of vine- Oyer, ð'-ýér, *s.* court of oyer and ter- miner is a judicature where causes are heard and determined
 Oyes, ð'-ýés, *s.* hear ye
 Oyster, ðýs-tér, *s.* a bivalve shell fish
 Oysterwoman, ðýs-tér-wúm-ín, *s.* one who sells oysters, a low noisy woman

P

BULAR; páb'-ú-lár, *a.* affording
 rovider
 ous, páb'-ú-lús, *a.* alimental
 lum, páb'-ú-lúm, *s.* food, support
 pā'se, *s.* step, gait, a measure of
 feet—*v. n.* to move slowly—
 to measure by steps

Pacific, pás-Yf'-ýk, *a.* mild, gentle, ap-
 peasing
 [of making peace
 Pacification, pás-Yf'-ýk-shén, *s.* the act
 Pacificator, pás-tíf-ýk-tór, *s.* a media-
 tor, a peace-maker
 [quiet
 Pacify, pás'-ý-fý, *v. a.* to appease, to

Sounds.—hăt, hâte, hăl, liăr—mêt, dêsist, mê, hér—ch'yn, chine, field, shirt—

- Pack**, pāk', *s.* a large bundle of any thing, a burden, a set of cards, a number of hounds, &c.—*v. a.* to bind up for carriage, to sort the cards
- Package**, pāk'-ēdz, *s.* what goods, &c. are packed in, duty or charge for packing [which goods are tied up]
- Packcloth**, pāk'-klōth, *s.* a cloth in
- Packer**, pāk'-ēr, *s.* one who binds up bales for carriage [of letters]
- Packet**, pāk'-ēt, *s.* a small pack, a mail
- Packhorse**, pāk'-hōrs, *s.* a horse employed in carrying goods
- Packsaddle**, pāk'-sād'l, *s.* a saddle on which burdens are carried
- Packthread**, pāk'-thred, *s.* a strong thread used in packing
- Pack**, pakt', or **Paction**, pāk'-shūn, *s.* a bargain, a covenant
- Pad**, pād', *s.* an easy paced horse, a foot robber—*v. n.* to travel gently, to rob on foot
- Paddle**, pād'l, *v. n.* to row, to play in the water—*s.* an oar used by a single rower
- Paddock**, pād'-dók, *s.* a great frog or toad, a small enclosure
- Padlock**, pād'-lōk, *s.* a pendant or hanging lock—*v. a.* to fasten with a padlock
- Pæan**, pē'-ān, *s.* a song of triumph
- Pædobaptism**, see **Pedobaptism**
- Pagan**, pā'-gān, *s.* a heathen—*a.* heathenish [state of a pagan]
- Paganism**, pā'-gā-n'z'm, *s.* heathenism
- Page**, pā'-dz, *s.* one side of the leaf of a book, a young boy attending on a great person
- Pageant**, pādzh'-ēnt, *s.* a statue in a show, any show, a spectacle of entertainment—*a.* showy, pompous
- Pageantry**, pādzh'-ēn-tr'y, *s.* pomp, ostentation, show
- Pagnal**, pādzh'-yn-āl, *a.* consisting of pages
- Pagod**, pā'-gōd, or **Pagoda**, pā'-gō'-dā, *s.* an Indian idol or its temple
- Paid**, pā'dē, *pret. and part of Pay*
- Pail**, pā'le, *s.* a wooden vessel for water, &c.
- Pain**, pā'ne, *s.* sensation of uneasiness, punishment—*v. a.* to afflict, to make uneasy, to strive with, to labour
- Painful**, pā'ne-fūl, *a.* uneasy, giving pain, industrious
- Painim**, pā'-nīm, *s.* an infidel
- Painstaker**, pā'ns-tā-kér, *s.* a laborious person [industrious]
- Painstaking**, pā'nz-tā-k'ng, *a.* laborious
- Paint**, pā'nt, *v. a.* to represent by delineation and colours, to describe, to colour—*v. n.* to lay colours on the face—*s.* colours for painting
- Painter**, pā'nt-ēr, *s.* one who paints
- Painting**, pā'nt-ŷng, *s.* the art of laying on colours, a picture
- Pair**, pā're, *s.* two things suiting one another, a couple—*v. a.* to join in couples, to suit, to unite
- Palace**, pāl'-ās, *s.* a splendid or royal house [ter or chair]
- Palanquin**, pāl'-ān-k'yn, *s.* an Indian lit-
- Palatable**, pāl'-ēt-ēb'l, *a.* pleasing to the taste
- Palate**, pāl'-ēt, *s.* the organ of taste, mental relish, the roof of the mouth
- Palatinate**, pāl'īt-yn-ēt, *s.* signiory possessed by a palatine, one of the electorates of the German empire
- Palatine**, pāl'-ā-tine, *s.* one invested with regal rights and prerogatives, the subject of a palatinate
- Pale**, pā'le, *a.* wan, whitish—*s.* a narrow piece of wood joined above and below to enclose ground, an enclosure, a jurisdiction—*v. a.* to enclose with pales, to encompass [wan, pale]
- Palefaced**, pā'le-fāst, *a.* having the face
- Paleness**, pā'le-nēs, *s.* want of freshness, whiteness of look
- Palette**, pāl'-ēt, *s.* a board on which a painter puts his colours
- Palfrey**, pāl'-fr'y, *s.* small horse fit for ladies
- Palfreyd**, pāl'-fr'y'd, *a.* riding on a palfrey
- Paling**, pā'-lŷng, *s.* the act of enclosing with pales, a fence of pales
- Palisade**, pāl'-sā'dē, or **Palisado**, pāl'-sā'-dō, *s.* pales set for enclosure of defence
- Palish**, pā'le-ŷsh, *a.* somewhat pale
- Pall**, pāl', *s.* a cloak or mantle of state, a covering thrown over the dead—*v. a.* to weaken, to cloy—*v. n.* to become insipid
- Pallet**, pāl'-lēt, *s.* a small mean bed
- Palliament**, pāl'-lyā-mēnt, *s.* a dress, a robe
- Palliate**, pāl'-lyāte, *v. a.* to excuse, to extenuate, to ease
- Palliation**, pāl'-lyā-shūn, *s.* extenuation, alleviation, an imperfect cure

shōt, nōte, lōse, actōr—hūt, pūsh, mūte, fūr,—truly, rye—thus, thick.

Palliative, pāl'lyā-tīv, *a.* extenuating, mitigating—*s.* something mitigating
 Pallid, pāl'lyd, *a.* pale, not high coloured [and a mallet
 Pallmall, pēl'mēl', *s.* a play with a ball
 Palm, pām, *s.* a sort of tree, victory, triumph, the inner part of the hand
 —*v. a.* to conceal in the palm of the hand, to impose, to cheat
 Palmer, pā'mēr, *s.* a pilgrim from the Holy Land, a deer's crown, a cheat
 Palmetto, pāl-mēt'tō, *s.* a species of the palm-tree [palms
 Palmiferous, pāl-myf'ér-ūs, *a.* bearing
 Palmistry, pāl-mis-trī, *s.* the cheat of foretelling fortunes by the lines of the palm
 Palmy, pā'my, *a.* bearing palms
 Palpability, pēl-pā-bil'yt-y, *s.* the quality of being perceivable to the touch
 Palpable, pāl'pēbl', *a.* perceptible by the touch, gross, plain
 Palpitate, pāl-pt-tāte, *v. a.* to beat at the heart, to flutter
 Palpitation, pāl-pt-tā-shūn, *s.* a beating or panting of the heart [count or earl
 Palsgrave, pāl-z-grāve, *s.* a German
 Palsical, pāl'sy-kāl, or Palsied, pāl-zyd, *a.* afflicted with the palsy
 Palsy, pāl'zy, *s.* a privation of motion or sense of feeling
 Palter, pāl'tēr, *v. n.* to shift, to dodge
 Paltry, pāl'try, *a.* sorry, despicable, mean
 Pam, pām', *s.* the knave of clubs
 Pamper, pām'pēr, *v. a.* to glut, to fill with food [book
 Pamphlet, pām-flēt, *s.* a small unbound pamphleteer, pām-flēt-ér, *s.* a scribbler of small books [any thing hollow
 Pan, pān', *s.* a vessel broad and shallow
 Panacea, pān-kā-sē-y, *s.* an universal medicīn, an herb
 Panada, pā-nā-dā, or Panada, pā-nā-dō, *s.* boiled bread and water
 Pancake, pān-kāke, *s.* thin batter fried in a pan
 Pancreas, pān-kre-ās, *s.* the sweet-bread [in the pancreas
 Pancreatic, pān-kre-āt-ik, *a.* contained
 Pandect, pān-dēkt, *s.* a complete treatise on any science
 Pandemic, pān-dēm'ik, *a.* incident to a whole people [bawd, a procurer
 Pander, pān-dēr, *s.* a pimp, a male
 Panderulation, pān-dyk-ā-ā-shūn, *s.* a gawling and stretching

Pane, pā'ne, *s.* a square of glass, wainscot, &c.

Panegyric, pān-ē-gāh'r'ik, *s.* eulogy, an encomium [taining praise

Panegyric, pān-ē-dzh'r'ik-āl, *a.* con-Panel, pān-él, *s.* a square of wainscot, &c. a schedule or roll of jurors

Pang, pāng', *s.* violent and sudden pain [fear

Panic, pān'ik, *s.* sudden groundless Pannage, pān-nēdzh, *s.* mast of oak or beech, duty on cloth [saddle

Pannel, pān-nél, *s.* a kind of rustic Pannier, pān'yér, *s.* a wicker vessel for carrying fruit or other things on a horse

Panoply, pān'ō-plī, *s.* complete armour Pansy, pān'sy, *s.* a kind of violet

Pant, pānt', *v. n.* to palpitate, to wish earnestly [ment, a buffoon

Pantaloon, pān-tā-lōn, *s.* a man's garment, a buffoon

Pantheon, pān-thē-ōn, *s.* the temple of all the gods [a lynx, a pard

Panther, pān-thér, *s.* a spotted wild beast, Pantile, pān-tīle, *s.* a gutter tile

Pantler, pānt'lér, *s.* an officer in a great family who keeps the bread

Pantomime, pān-tō-mīme, *s.* a tale exhibited only in gesture, dumb shew, buffoon [provisions

Pantry, pān'try, *s.* room or place for Pap, pāp', *s.* a nipple, food made for infants, the pulp of fruit

Papa, pā-pā', *s.* a fond name for father Papacy, pā-pā-sy, *s.* the popedom, the popish dignity [the pope

Papal, pā-pāl, *a.* popish, belonging to Papaverous, pā-pāv-ér-ūs, *a.* resembling poppies

Paper, pā-pér, *s.* the substance on which men write and print—*v. a.* to furnish with paper hangings

Papermaker, pā-pér-mā-kér, *s.* one who makes paper

Papermill, pā-pér-myl, *s.* a mill in which rags are ground for paper

Papilio, pā-pil'yō, *s.* a butterfly Papillary, pā-pil-lār-y, or Papillous, pā-pil-lūs, *a.* resembling paps

Papist, pā-pist, *s.* one that adheres to popery [herent to popery

Papistical, pā-pis-tik-āl, *a.* popish, Papistry, pā-pis-trī, *s.* popery, the doctrine of the Romish church

Pappy, pāp'y, *a.* soft, succulent, easily divided [tense

Par, pā'r, *s.* a state of equality, equi-

Sounds.—hât, hâte, hâll, liâr—mât, désist, mé, hér—cl'yn, chine, field, shirt.—

- Parable**, pâr'-éb'l, *s.* a similitude, a figurative speech [nic sections]
Parabola, pâr-râb'-ô-lâ, *s.* one of the co.
Parabolic, pâr-â-bôl'-yk, *a.* expressed by parable
Parachute, pâr-â-shûte, *s.* a machine to prevent a dangerous fall
Paraclete, pâr-â-klête, *s.* a comforter, an advocate
Parade, pâ-râ-de, *s.* show, military order, a place where troops are drawn up to do duty [gions, heaven]
Paradise, pâr-â-dise, *s.* the blissful re-
Paradiacal, pâr-â-dys-i'-â-kâl, *a.* suiting or making paradise
Paradox, pâr-â-dôks, *s.* a proposition seemingly wrong but not really so, an assertion contrary to appearance
Paradoxical, pâr-â-dôk-sy'-kâl, *a.* having the nature of a paradox, inclined to new tenets
Paragon, pâr-â-gôn, *s.* a model, a pattern, something supremely excellent [of a discourse]
Paragraph, pâr-â-grâf, *s.* a distinct part
Parallactic, pâr-âl-lâk'-tik, *a.* pertaining to a parallax
Parallax, pâr-âl-lâks, *s.* the distance between the true and apparent place of any star
Parallel, pâr-âl-lêl, *a.* in the same direction, equal—*s.* lines continuing their course and still remaining at the same distance from each other, line of latitude, resemblance, conformity
Pallelogram, pâr-âl-lêl'-ô-grâm, *s.* a right lined quadrilateral figure
Paralogize, pâr-âl-lô-dzhize, *v. n.* to reason sophistically [soning]
Paralogy, pâr-âl-lô-dzhÿ, *s.* false reasoning
Paralysis, pâr-âl-lÿ-sÿs, *s.* a palsy
Paralytic, pâr-âl-lÿt'-yk, *a.* palsied, inclined to palsy chief—*s.* the chief
Paramount, pâr-â-môunt, *a.* superior,
Paramour, pâr-â-môre, *s.* a lover, a mistress
Parapet, pâr-â-pêt, *s.* a wall breast high
Paraphernalia, pâr-â-fér-nâ'-lyâ, *s.* goods in a wife's disposal
Paraphrase, pâr-â-frâze, *s.* an explanation in many words—*v. a.* to translate loosely
Paraphrast, pâr-â-frâst, *s.* a lax interpreter, one who explains in many words [ral, not verbal]
Paraphrastic, pâr-â-frâs'-tik, *a.* not lit-
- Parasite**, pâr-â-sîte, *s.* one that frequents rich tables and earns his welcome by flattery [wheedling]
Parasitic, pâr-â-sit'-yk, *a.* flattering,
Parasol, pâr-â-sôle, *s.* a small sort of canopy to screen from the sun
Parboil, pâr-bôil, *v. a.* to half boil
Parcel, pâr-séi, *s.* a small bundle, lot, quantity—*v. a.* to divide into portions, to make up into a mass
Parcenar, pâr-s-nér, *s.* a coheirress, an equal sharer of inheritance
Parch, pâr'tsh, *v. a.* to burn slightly and superficially—*v. n.* to be scorched [ed for writing on]
Parchment, pâr'tsh-mént, *s.* a skin dress-
Pard, pâr'd, or **Pardale**, pâr'-dâle, *s.* a leopard, a spotted beast
Pardon, pâr'd'n, *v. a.* to excuse, to forgive, to remit—*s.* forgiveness, remission of penalty
Pare, pâ-re, *v. a.* to cut off extremities on the surface, to diminish
Paregoric, pâr-â-gôr'-yk, *s.* having power to comfort and assuage
Parent, pâ-rént, *s.* a father or mother
Parentage, pâr-én-tédah, *s.* extraction, birth, descent [parents]
Parental, pâ-rén-tâl, *a.* pertaining to
Parenthesis, pâ-rén-thé-sis, *s.* a sentence included in another sentence, the marks thus (.)
Parenthetical, pâ-rén-thét'-yk-âl, *a.* pertaining to a parenthesis
Parer, pâ-rér, *s.* a tool to cut away the surface [plaster]
Parget, pâr-dzhët, *s.* a plaster—*v. a.* to
Parhelion, pâr-hé-lyón, *s.* a mock sun
Parietal, pâ-rî-é-tâl, *a.* constituting sides or walls [off, the mind]
Paring, pâ-rîng, *s.* that which is pared
Parish, pâr'-ish, *s.* a particular district with a church and having its own officers and priest
Parishioner, pâ-rish'-ôn-ér, *s.* one that belongs to the parish
Parisyllabical, pâr-Y-sÿl-lâb'-yk-âl, *a.* having an equal number of syllables
Parity, pâ-rÿt'-ÿ, *s.* equality, resemblance [of chaos]
Park, pâr'rk, *s.* an enclosure for beasts
Parle, pâr'l, *s.* conversation, oral treaty
Parley, pâr-lÿ, *v. n.* to treat by word of mouth—*s.* oral treaty, conference
Parliament, pâr'-m-ént, *s.* the assembly of the king and two estates of the realm

abst, note, lise, actor—hüt, pash, mäte, für,—truly, thus, rye—hick.

Parliamentary, pãr-t-mën-tär-y, *a.* enacted by parliament, suiting or pertaining to Parliament

Parlour, pãr-lör, *s.* a lower room for entertainment [waggish, dangerous]

Parlous, pãr-lös, *a.* shrewd, subtle

Parochial, pãr-rö-kyäl, *a.* pertaining to a parish

Parody, pãr-ö-dy, *s.* a kind of writing in which the words are by a slight change adapted to some new purpose
—*v. a.* to copy by way of parody

Parole, pãr-röle, *s.* words given as an assurance [of parrot]

Paroquet, pãr-ö-kët, *s.* a small species

Parotid, pãr-röt-id, *a.* belonging to the glands under and behind the ear

Paroxysm, pãr-öks-yism, *s.* a periodical return of a fit, &c. [paricide]

Parricidal, pãr-ri-si-däl, *a.* relating to

Parricide, pãr-ri-side, *s.* the murderer or murder of a father

Parrot, pãr-röt, *s.* a well-known bird

Parry, pãr-ry, *v. n.* to put by or ward off thrusts

Parse, pãrs, *v. a.* to resolve a sentence into the elements or parts of speech

Parsonious, pãr-si-mö-nyüs, *a.* covetous, frugal [covetousness]

Parsimony, pãr-si-mön-y, *s.* frugality

Parsley, pãrs-ly, *s.* a well-known herb

Parson, pãrs-n, *s.* a priest of a parish, a clergyman [house or benefice]

Parsonage, pãrs-n-ädzh, *s.* a parson's

Part, pãrt, *s.* a portion, a share, a party, something less than the whole

Partage, pãr-tädzh, *s.* division, the act of sharing [have part in]

Partake, pãr-täke, *v. a.* to share, to

Parterre, pãr-tër, *s.* a level ground, a flower garden

Partial, pãr-shäl, *a.* inclined to favour one party more than the other, affecting only one part, not general

Partiality, pãr-shyäl-y-ty, *s.* an unequal judgment [partial]

Partialize, pãr-shyäl-ize, *v. a.* to make

Partible, pãr-tib'l, *a.* divisible, separable [share or part]

Participant, pãr-tis-y-pënt, *a.* having a

Participate, pãr-tis-y-päte, *v. a.* to have share or part—*v. a.* to partake, to share

Participation, pãr-tis-y-pä-shün, *s.* the act of partaking of something, a division into shares

Participial, pãr-ti-sy-p'yäl, *a.* of the nature of a participle

Participle, pãr-ti-sy-p'l, *s.* a word partaking at once of the qualities of a noun and verb [part]

Particle, pãr-tik'l, *s.* any small word or

Particular, pãr-tik-ö-lär, *a.* not general, individual, odd, singular—*s.* a single instance or point, a minute detail

Particularity, pãr-tik-ö-lär-y-ty, *s.* something particular [mention distinctly]

Particularize, pãr-tik-ö-lä-ize, *v. a.* to

Parting, pãrt-ing, *s.* a division, a ceremony in taking leave

Partisan, pãr-ti-zän, *s.* a kind of pike, an adherent to a party

Partition, pãr-tish-ün, *s.* the act of dividing, division—*v. a.* to divide into distinct parts

Partly, pãrt-ly, *ad.* in some measure or degree

Partner, pãrt-nér, *s.* one who has part in anything, or dances with another

Partnership, pãrt-nér-shyp, *s.* union of two or more in trade, joint interest

Partook, pãr-tök, *pret. of Partake*

Partridge, pãr-tridzh, *s.* a bird of game

Parturient, pãr-tü-ryënt, *a.* about to bring forth

Parturition, pãr-tü-rysh-ün, *s.* the state of being about to bring forth

Party, pãr-ty, *s.* a select assembly, one concerned in any affair, persons espousing the same cause, a detachment of soldiers

Party-coloured, pãr-ty-köl-örd, *a.* having different colours

Party-jury, pãr-ty-dzhü-ry, *s.* a jury composed of natives and foreigners

Partyman, pãr-ty-män, *s.* an adherent to a party right or wrong

Party-wall, pãr-ty-wäl, *s.* a wall between buildings [over]

Paschal, päs-käl, *a.* relating to the pass-

Pacage, päs-kä-ädzh, *s.* pasturage

Pasquin, päs-kwín, *or Pasquinade*, päs-kwín-ä-de, *s.* a lampoon

Pass, päs, *v. a.* and *n.* to go through, to enact a law, to allow, to omit, to proceed, to vanish—*s.* a narrow entrance or road, a licence to go or come

Passado, päs-sä-dö, *s.* a push

Passage, päs-sädzh, *s.* the act of travel, road, part of a book

Passant, päs-sänt, *a.* walking leisurely

Sounds -hāt, hāte, hāll, liār—mēt; dēsiat, mē, hēr—chīn; chīne, ffeid, shīrt. —

- Passenger, pās-sēn-dzhēr, *s.* a way-farer, one who hires a place in a carriage or vessel
- Passible, pās-sī-bīl' y-tŷ, *s.* the quality of receiving impressions from external agents [pressed]
- Passible, pās-sī-bīl', *a.* that may be imposed
- Passing, pās-sīng, *part. a.* supreme, eminent [bell]
- Passingbell, pās-sīng-bēl, *s.* the death-suffering [passion, soon angry]
- Passionate, pās'h-on-ēt, *a.* moved by
- Passive, pās-sīv, *a.* unresisting, suffering [sacrifice killed]
- Passover, pās-sō-vēr, *s.* a Jewish festivity
- Passport, pās-pōrt, *s.* a permission in writing to pass
- Past, pās't, *part. of* to pass, not present, gone through, beyond
- Paste, pās'te, *s.* any viscous tenacious mixture, cement [paper]
- Pasteboard, pās'te-bōrd, *s.* thick strong
- Pastern, pās-tēr'n, *s.* the knee of a horse the leg of any animal
- Pastime, pās'time, *s.* sport, recreation
- Pastor, pās-tōr, *s.* a shepherd, a minister of a congregation
- Pastoral, pās-tōr-āl, *a.* rural, like shepherds, relating to the care of souls
- Pasty, pās'tŷ, *s.* pies or baked paste
- Pasturable, pās-tūr-ēb'l, *a.* fit for pasture [grazed by cattle]
- Pasturage, pās-tūr-ēdzh, *s.* grounds
- Pasture, pās-tūrē, *s.* land for grazing food [without a dish]
- Pasty, pās'tŷ, *s.* a pie of crust raised
- Pat, pāt', *a.* fit, exact—*s.* a light blow—*v.* *a.* to strike lightly
- Patch, pātsh', *s.* a piece to cover a hole, a piece of black silk put on the face—*v.* *a.* to cover with or put on patches, to both
- Patchwork, pātsh'-wōrk, *s.* pieces of different colours sewed interchangeably together
- Pate, pā'te, *s.* the head
- Patefaction, pāt-ē-fāk-shūn, *s.* the act or state of opening
- Paten, pāt-ēn, *s.* a plate used for bread at the altar
- Patent, pāt-ēt, *a.* open, public—*s.* a grant of exclusive right, a charter
- Patente, pāt-ēn-tē, *s.* one who has a patent [ditary]
- Paternal, pāt-ēr-nāl, *a.* fatherly, here-
- Path, pāth, *s.* a way, a tract
- Pathetic, pā-thēt'ik, *v.* affecting the passions, passionate
- Pathological, pā-thō-lōdzh'fīk, *a.* relating to the tokens of a distemper
- Pathology, pā-thō-lō-dzhŷ, *s.* that part of medicine which relates to the distempers of the human body
- Pathos, pā-thūs, *s.* passion, warmth
- Pathway, pāth'-wā, *s.* a narrow way for foot passengers
- Patience, pā-shēns, *s.* calmness, submission to affliction
- Patient, pā-shēnt, *a.* not easily moved or provoked—*s.* a diseased person under the care of another
- Patine, pāt'īn, *s.* the cover of a chalice
- Patriarch, pā-trī-ārk, *s.* the head of a family, a superior bishop
- Patriarchal, pā-trī-ārk-kāl, *a.* pertaining to patriarchs
- Patriarchate, pā-trī-ārk-kēt, *s.* the dignity or office of a patriarch
- Patrician, pā-trīsh'-ān, *a.* senatorial, noble—*s.* a nobleman
- Patrimonial, pāt-rī-mō-nyāl, *a.* possessed by inheritance
- Patrimony, pāt-rī-mōn-ŷ, *s.* an estate by inheritance [country]
- Patriot, pā-trī-ōt, *s.* a real lover of his country
- Patriotic, pā-trī-ōt'ik, *a.* having patriotism [one's country]
- Patriotism, pā-trī-ō-tizm, *s.* love of country
- Patrol, pā-trōle, *s.* a guard to walk the streets [vocate]
- Patron, pāt-trōn, *s.* a benefactor, an ad-
- Patronage, pāt-rō-nēdzh, *s.* support, protection, right of giving
- Patronal, pāt-rō-nāl, *a.* protecting, supporting
- Patronize, pāt-rō-nize, *v. a.* to protect, to support, to countenance
- Patronymic, pāt-rō-nŷm'ik, *s.* a name expressing that of the father or ancestor [iron ring]
- Patten, pāt-tēn, *s.* a clog shod with an
- Pattepan, pāt-tē-pān, *s.* a pan to bake a tart or small pie in [like tał]
- Patter, pāt-tēr, *v. n.* to make a noise
- Pattern, pāt-tēr'n, *s.* a specimen, an example, a model [ber]
- Paucity, pā-sŷ-tŷ, *s.* smallness of number
- Pave, pā've, *v. a.* to lay with brick or stone, to make easy
- Pavement, pāve-mēt, *s.* stones or bricks laid on the ground
- Pavilion, pā-vīl'-yōn, *s.* a tent, a temporary house

shōt, mōte, *lōe*, actōr—hūt, pūsh, mōte, *lōe*—trul'y, r'yē—thus, thick.

Pavior, pā'-yēr, *s.* one who lays with stones
Paunch, pā'neh, *s.* the belly, the region of the abdomen—*v. a.* to take out the paunch of [receives alms]
Pauper, pā'-pēr, *s.* a poor person who
Pause, pā's, *s.* a stop, a break—*v. n.* to stop, to deliberate
Paw, pā', *s.* the foot of a beast of prey, the hand—*v. a.* to strike with the fore-foot, to handle roughly
Pawn, pā'n, *v. a.* to pledge, to give in pledge [lends money on pawns]
Pawnbroker, pā'n-brō-kēr, *s.* one who
Pay, pā', *v. a.* to discharge a debt, to beat, to reward—*s.* wages, hire, money for services
Payable, pā'-éb'l, *a.* proper to be paid, due [to pay]
Paymaster, pā'-mās-tēr, *s.* one who is
Payment, pā'-mēt, *s.* act of paying, discharge of a debt
Pea, pē, *s.* a well-known kind of pulse
Peace, pē's, *s.* respite from war, quiet, rest, silence—*interj.* silence
Peaceable, pē's-éb'l, *a.* free from war or tumult, not turbulent
Peacemaker, pē's-mā-kēr, *s.* one who reconciles differences
Peaceofficer, pē's-ōf-f-sēr, *s.* an officer to keep the peace, a constable
Peach, pē'tsh, *s.* a sort of tree or its fruit—*v. n.* to accuse of some crime
Peacock, pē'-kōk, *s.* a fowl of beautiful plumage [peacock]
Peahen, pē'-hēn, *s.* the female of the
Peak, pē'ke, *s.* the top of a hill, the forepart of a head-dress—*v. n.* to look sickly, to make a mean figure
Peal, pē'le, *s.* a succession of loud sounds, as of bells, &c.
Pear, pā're, *s.* a kind of tree or its fruit
Pearl, pēr'l, *s.* a gem from shell fish, a speck on the eye
Pearly, pēr'l'y, *a.* abounding with or resembling pearl [ple
Pearmain, pā're-mā'ne, *s.* a sort of ap-
Peasant, pē'-zēt, *s.* a rustic, one who lives by rural labour [people
Peasantry, pē'-zēn-tr'y, *s.* the country
Peasod, pēz-kōd, or **Peashell**, pē'-shēl, *s.* the shell or husk that contains peas
Pease, pē'ze, *plural of* Pea [fire
Peat, pē'te, *s.* a species of turf used for
Pebble, pēb'l, or **Pebblestone**, pēb'l-stōne, *s.* a sort of stone
Pebbly, pēb'-bl'y, *a.* full of pebbles

Pecceability, pēk-kū-bīl'-yē-y, *s.* a being subject to sin [ble to sin
Peccable, pēk'-kēb'l, *a.* incident or lia-
Peccadillo, pēk-kū-dī'l-lō, *s.* a petty fault, a slight crime
Pecceant, pēk'-kēnt, *a.* criminal, bad disposed
Peck, pēk', *s.* fourth part of a bushel—*v. a.* to strike or pick food with the beak
Pecker, pēk'-ēr, *s.* one that pecks, a bird
Peckled, pēk'l'd, *a.* spotted
Pectoral, pēk'-tōr-āl, *a.* pertaining to the breast—*s.* a breast-plate, a medicine to strengthen the stomach, &c.
Peculate, pēk'-ū-lāte, *v. a.* to defraud the public [public money
Peculation, pēk'-ū-lā-shūn, *s.* theft of
Peculator, pēk'-ū-lā-tōr, *s.* one who robs the public
Peculiar, pē-kū'-lyār, *a.* appropriate, particular—*s.* the exclusive property
Peculiarity, pē-kū'-lyār'-yē-y, *s.* particularity, oddness [money
Pecuniary, pē-kū'-nyār-y, *a.* relating to
Pedagogue, pēd'-ā-gōg, *s.* a schoolmaster, a pedant
Pedal, pē'-dāl, *a.* belonging to a foot
Pedals, pē'-dālz, *s.* the large pipes of an organ [knowledge
Pedant, pēd'-ēt, *s.* one vain of low
Pedantic, pē-dān'-tik, *a.* like a pedant, conceited
Pedantry, pēd'-ēn-tr'y, *s.* ostentation of showing needless learning
Peddle, pēd'l, *v. n.* to be busy about trifles
Pedestal, pēd'-ēs-tāl, *s.* the lower member of a pillar, the basis of a statue
Pedestrian, pē-dēs'-tr'y-ān, or **Pedestrian**, pē-dēs'-tr'y-ūs, *a.* going on foot
Pedicle, pēd'-ik'l, *s.* the footstalk of fruit, &c.
Pedicular, pē-dīk'-ū-lār, *a.* lousy
Pedigree, pēd'-y-grē, *s.* lineage, descent
Pediment, pēd'-y-mēt, *s.* an ornamental projection, &c.
Pedlar, pēd'-lēr, *s.* one who travels the country with small commodities
Pedlery, pēd'-lēr-y, *s.* wares sold by pedlars
Pedling, pēd'-līng, *a.* petty dealing
Pedobaptism, pēd'-dō-bāp'-tizm, *s.* infant baptism
Pedometer, pē-dōm'-ē-tēr, *s.* an instrument to measure the space walked over

Sounds.—hăt, hâte, hăl, liăr—mêt, dêalst, mâ, hér—chîn, chine, f'eld,

- Peel**, pêle, *v. a.* to pare, to take the rind of, to plunder—*s.* the rind, a board used by bakers
- Peep**, pépe, *v. n.* to make the first appearance, to look closely or curiously—*s.* first appearance, a sly look
- Peer**, pére, *s.* an equal, a nobleman—*v. n.* to come just in sight, to peep
- Peerage**, pé-rédah, *s.* dignity of a peer
- Peerdom**, pé-r-dóm, *s.* peerage
- Peerless**, pé-r-lès, *s.* unequalled
- Peevish**, pé-vîsh, *a.* easily offended, irritable [fasten with a peg]
- Peg**, pég, *s.* a wooden pin—*v. a.* to Pelf, pélf', *s.* money, riches
- Pelican**, pé-l'î-kân, *s.* a bird
- Pellet**, pé-l'êt, *s.* a little ball, a bullet
- Pellicle**, pé-l'î-k'l, *s.* a thin skin
- Pellmell**, pé-r-mel', *ad.* confusedly, tumultuously
- Pells**, pélz', *s.* an office in the exchequer
- Pellucid**, pé-l'î-sîd, *a.* clear, transparent, bright
- Pelt**, pélt', *s.* a skin, a raw hide—*v. a.* to throw at [stones, &c.]
- Pelting**, pé-l'îng, *a.* paltry, throwing
- Pelvis**, pé-l'vîs, *s.* the lower part of the belly
- Pen**, pén', *s.* an instrument to write with, a fold—*v. a.* to coop, to shut up, to write [punishment]
- Penal**, pén'-âl, *a.* enacting or inflicting
- Penalty**, pén'-âl-tî, *s.* a punishment, a forfeiture [mortification]
- Penance**, pén'-êns, *s.* an atonement, a Pénce, pén's, *s.* plural of Penny
- Pencil**, pén'-sîl, *s.* a tool for drawing or painting—*v. a.* to delineate, to paint
- Pendant**, pén'-dênt, *s.* a small flag in ships [over]
- Pendent**, pén'-dênt, *a.* hanging, jutting
- Pending**, pén'-dîng, *a.* depending, undecided [pending]
- Pendulous**, pén'-dû-lûs, *a.* hanging, suspended
- Pendulum**, pén'-dû-lûm, *s.* any weight hung to swing backwards and forwards [ceptibility of impression]
- Penetrability**, pén-ê-trâ-bîl'-î-tî, *s.* susceptibility
- Penetrate**, pén-ê-trâte, *v. a.* and *n.* to pierce, to enter, to reach the meaning [of entering a body, sagacity]
- Penetration**, pén-ê-trâ-shûn, *s.* the act
- Penetrative**, pén-ê-trâ-tîv, *a.* piercing, subtle, sagacious [fruit]
- Penguin**, pén'-gwîn, *s.* a sort of bird, a Peninsula, pén'-în-sû-lâ, *s.* land almost surrounded by water
- Penitence**, pén'-î-têns, *s.* contrition, an offence, repentance
- Penitent**, pén'-î-tênt, *a.* repentant, trite for sin [ing pe]
- Penitential**, pén'-î-tên-shyâl, *a.* penitentiary
- Penitentiary**, pén'-î-tên-shyâr-y, *s.* who does penance, a confessor
- Penknife**, pén'-nîfe, *s.* a knife make pens
- Penman**, pén'-mán, *s.* an author
- Penmanship**, pén'-mán-shîp, *s.* the pen
- Pennant**, pén'-nênt, *s.* a small tackle for hoisting things on
- Pennated**, pén'-nâ-têd, *a.* having
- Penon**, pén'-nôn, *s.* a small flag
- Penny**, pén'-ny, *s.* the 12th part of a shilling [troty]
- Pennyweight**, pén'-ny-wêite, *s.* 2
- Pennywise**, pén'-ny-wîze, *a.* ha much to save a little
- Pennyworth**, pén'-ny-wôth, *s.* may be bought for a penny, bargain
- Pension**, pén'-shûn, *s.* a settle-ance—*v. a.* to support by allowance
- Pensionary**, pén'-shûn-âr-y, *a.* m ed by a pension—*s.* a magis Dutch cities [ceives]
- Pensioner**, pén'-shûn-êr, *s.* one
- Pensive**, pén'-sîv, *a.* serious, sor thoughtful
- Pent**, pén', *part. of Pen*, shut
- Pentacapsular**, pén-tâ-kâp-sû-lâr, *s.* ing five cavities
- Pentachord**, pén-tâ-kôrd, *s.* an ment with five strings [â]
- Pentaealous**, pén-tâ-ê-drûs, *a.*
- Pentagon**, pén-tâ-gôn, *s.* a figu five angles [fivi]
- Pentagonal**, pén-tâ-gô-nâl, *a.*
- Pentagraph**, pén-tâ-graf, *s.* an ment for copying designs in s portion [verse of]
- Pentameter**, pén-tâm-ê-tér, *s.* 1
- Pentangular**, pén-tâng-â-lâr, *s.* cornered [ing fiv]
- Pentapetalous**, pén-tâ-pêt-â-lûs, *s.*
- Pentateuch**, pén-tâ-tôke, *s.* t books of Moses [Whit]
- Pentecost**, pén-tê-kôst, *s.* a Jewi
- Pentecostal**, pén-tê-kôs-tâl, *a.* ing to Whitsuntide
- Penthouse**, pén-tô-hôse, *s.* a slop or roof
- Pentile**, pén-tîle, *s.* a tile tr sloping part of the roof

shōt, note, lōse, actōr—hēt, pūsh, mātē, fūr—truly, rjē—thus, thick.

- Penultima**, pē-nūl'ŭ-mā, *s.* the last syllable but one [shadow]
- Penumbra**, pē-nūm'brā, *s.* an imperfect
- Penurious**, pē-nū'ryūs, *a.* sordidly mean, scant [gence]
- Penury**, pēn'ū-ry, *s.* poverty, indigence
- People**, pēp'l, *s.* a nation, the vulgar, persons in general—*v. a.* to stock with inhabitants
- Pepper**, pēp'pēr, *s.* an aromatic pungent spice—*v. a.* to sprinkle with pepper, to mangle with shot or blows
- Peppercorn**, pēp'pēr-kōrn, *s.* a grain of pepper, or any thing of trifling value
- Peppermint**, pēp'pēr-mīnt, *s.* very hot mint, drink made of it
- Peradventure**, pēr-ād-vēn'tūre, *ad.* perhaps, may be [over]
- Peragate**, pēr-ā-grāte, *v. a.* to wander
- Perambulate**, pēr-ām-bū-lāte, *v. a.* to walk through, to survey by passing through [wandering survey]
- Perambulation**, pēr-ām-bū-lā-shūn, *s.* a
- Perambulator**, pēr-ām-bū-lā-tōr, *s.* an instrument with a wheel to measure roads [know, to observe]
- Perceive**, pēr-sēve, *v. a.* to discover, to
- Perceptibility**, pēr-sēp-tī-bīl'it-y, *s.* the power of perceiving
- Perceptible**, pēr-sēp-tīb'l, *a.* that may be perceived
- Perception**, pēr-sēp-shūn, *s.* the power or act of perceiving, idea
- Perceptive**, pēr-sēp-tīv, *a.* having the power of perceiving
- Perch**, pērsh', *s.* a fish, a measure of five yards and a half, a bird's roost—*v. n.* to sit or roost as a bird—*v. a.* to place on a perch [ture]
- Perchance**, pēr-tsh'āns, *ad.* peradventure
- Perceptive**, pēr-sēp-tīv, *a.* perceiving
- Percolate**, pēr-kō-lāte, *v. a.* to strain through a sieve [of straining]
- Percolation**, pēr-kō-lā-shūn, *s.* the act
- Percuss**, pēr-kūs, *v. a.* to strike
- Percussion**, pēr-kūsh'ūn, *s.* the act of striking, a stroke
- Percutient**, pēr-kū-shēnt, *a.* striking, able to strike [ruin, death]
- Perdition**, pēr-dīsh'ūn, *s.* destruction,
- Perdue**, pēr-dū, *ad.* close, lying in ambush
- Perdurable**, pēr-dū-rēb'l, *a.* lasting
- Perdurance**, pēr-dū-rā-shūn, *s.* long continuance
- Pergrinate**, pēr'ē-grīn-āte, *v. n.* to travel into far countries
- Peregrine**, pēr'ē-grīn, *a.* foreign, not domestic [extinction]
- Peremption**, pēr'ēmp-shūn, *s.* crush,
- Peremptory**, pēr'ēmp-tōr-y, *a.* dogmatical, absolute
- Perennial**, pēr'ēn-nīāl, *a.* lasting a year, unceasing
- Perfect**, pēr-fēkt, *a.* complete, pure, immaculate—*v. a.* to finish, to complete, to make skilful
- Perfection**, pēr-fēk-shūn, *s.* the state of being perfect [perfection]
- Perfective**, pēr-fēk-tīv, *a.* conducting to
- Perfidious**, pēr-fīd-yūs, *a.* treacherous
- Perfidy**, pēr-fī-dy, *s.* treachery
- Perforate**, pēr-fō-rāte, *v. a.* to pierce through, to bore
- Perforation**, pēr-fō-rā-shūn, *s.* the act of piercing, a hole [ment for boring]
- Perforator**, pēr-fō-rā-tōr, *s.* an instrument
- Perforce**, pēr-fōrs, *a. d.* by force, violently
- Perform**, pēr-fōrm, *v. a.* to execute, to do, to accomplish—*v. n.* to succeed in an attempt
- Performance**, pēr-fōr-mēns, *s.* execution of something promised, composition, work, action
- Performer**, pēr-fōr-mēr, *s.* one that sings, plays, or acts in public
- Perfume**, pēr-fūme, *s.* sweet odour, fragrance
- Perfume**, pēr-fūme, *v. a.* to scent
- Perfunctory**, pēr-fūngk'-tōr-y, *a.* slight, careless, negligent [it may be]
- Perhaps**, pēr-hāps, *ad.* peradventure,
- Pericardium**, pēr-y-kā'r-dyūm, *s.* a thin membrane round the heart
- Pericranium**, pēr-y-kā'-nyūm, *s.* the membrane that covers the skull
- Perilous**, pēr-īl'ū-lūs, *a.* dangerous
- Perigee**, pēr-ī-dzhē', or **Perigeum**, pēr-ī-dzhē-ūm, *s.* that point of the heavens wherein the sun or any planet is nearest the earth
- Perihelium**, pēr-ī-hē-lī-ūm, *s.* that point of a planet's orbit wherein it is nearest the sun [pardy]
- Peril**, pēr-īl, *s.* danger, hazard, jeopardy
- Perilous**, pēr-īl'ūs, *a.* dangerous, hazardous [ference of a figure]
- Perimeter**, pēr-īm'ē-tēr, *s.* the circumference
- Period**, pēr-ryōd, *s.* a circuit, an epocha, a complete sentence, a full stop
- Periodic**, pēr-ryōd'īk, *a.* at stated times, regular, making a revolution

Sounds—hât, hâte, hâll, liâr—mêt, dêsiat, mâ, bér—chîn, chîne, fîeld,

- Periosteum, pè-rî-ô'stî-um, *s.* the membrane that covers the bones
 Peripatetic, pè-rî-pâ-tet'-ik, *s.* one used to dispute walking up and down
 Periphery, pè-rî-fî-er-y, *s.* circumference
 Periphrase, pè-rî-frâze, *v. a.* to express by circumlocution [cution
 Periphrasis, pè-rî-fî-er-yâs, *s.* circumlocution
 Periphrastic, pè-rî-fîs-tîk-âl, *a.* circumlocutory
 Peripneumony, pè-rî-pnû-môn-y, *s.* inflammation of the lungs
 Perish, pè-rîsh, *v. n.* to die, to decay, to be destroyed or lost [spiral
 Peristaltic, pè-rî-stîl-tîk, *a.* worm-like
 Peristyle, pè-rî-stîle, *s.* a circular range of pillars
 Peristole, pè-rî-ô's-tô-lê, *s.* the pause betwixt the two motions of the heart
 Perjure, pè-rî-dzhûr, *v. a.* to forswear
 Perjury, pè-rî-dzhûr-y, *s.* a false oath
 Perwig, pè-rî-wîg, *s.* a wig, a covering for the head [fish
 Periwinkle, pè-rî-wîngk'l, *s.* a small shell
 Perk, pèrk, *v.* to hold up the head affectedly
 Permanence, pèr-mâ-nêns, *s.* continuance in one state, duration
 Permanent, pèr-mâ-nênt, *a.* lasting, unchangeable [through
 Permeant, pèr-mê-ant, *a.* passing
 Permeate, pèr-mê-âte, *v. a.* to pass through [be mingled
 Permissible, pèr-mîs-sîb'l, *a.* that may be permitted
 Permissible, pèr-mîs-sîb'l, *a.* what may be permitted [leave or liberty
 Permission, pèr-mîshî-ûn, *s.* grant of
 Permissive, pèr-mîs-sîv, *a.* granting leave, allowed
 Permit, pèr-mît, *v. a.* to allow or suffer to be done
 Permit, pèr-mît, *s.* a sort of warrant
 Permutation, pèr-mû-tâ-shûn, *s.* an exchange of one for another, a barter
 Permute, pèr-mû-te, *v. a.* to exchange
 Pernicious, pèr-nîsh-ûs, *a.* destructive, very hurtful [lery
 Pernicity, pèr-nîs-yt-y, *s.* swiftness, ce
 Pernoculation, pèr-nôk-tâ-shûn, *s.* state of laying out all night
 Peroration, pèr-ô-râ-shûn, *s.* the conclusion of an oration, &c.
 Perpendicular, pèr-pên-dîk-û-lâr, *a.* crossing at right angles, cutting the horizon at right angles
 Perpendicularity, pèr-pên-dîk-û-lâr-yt-y, *s.* state of being perpendicular
- Perpetration, pèr-pèt-shûn, *s.* commission [mi
 Perpetrate, pèr-pê-trâte, *v. a.*
 Perpetration, pèr-pê-trâ-shûn, *s.* commission of a crime
 Perpetual, pèr-pêt-û-âl, *a.* continuing
 Perpetuate, pèr-pêt-û-âte, *v. a.* to perpetuate, to eternize
 Perpetuation, pèr-pêt-û-ât-shî, *s.* making perpetual
 Perpetuity, pèr-pê-tû-yt-y, *s.* duration all futurity [doubt
 Perplex, pèr-plêks, *v. a.* to distress
 Perplexity, pèr-plêks-yt-y, *s.* difficulty of mind, intricacy
 Perquisite, pèr-kwîzî-tî, *s.* something gained above the settled wage
 Perry, pèr-y, *s.* cider made of pears
 Persecute, pèr-sê-kû-te, *a. a. t.* to trouble with malignity, to harrass, to trouble [of per
 Persecution, pèr-sê-kû-shûn, *s.*
 Persecutor, pèr-sê-kû-tôr, *s.* one who persecutes [ness o
 Perseverance, pèr-sê-vê-rêns, *s.*
 Perseverant, pèr-sê-vê-rênt, *a.* continuing, steady in pursuits
 Persevere, pèr-sê-rêre, *v. n.* to continue in an attempt
 Persist, pèr-sîst, *v. n.* to persist, to continue firm or obstinate
 Person, pèr's-n, *s.* an individual man being, exterior appearance of the body
 Personable, pèr's-n-êb'l, *a.* handsome, graceful [abl
 Personage, pèr's-n-êdzh, *s.* a person
 Personal, pèr-sôn-âl, *a.* pertaining to a person
 Personality, pèr-sô-nâ-l-yt-y, *s.* existence or individuality of any person
 Personate, pèr-sôn-âte, *a. v.* to personate, to counterfeit
 Personification, pèr-sôn-yfî-yt-y, *s.* the change of things to personify, pèr-sôn-yfî-yt-y, *v. a.* to personify, to personate, to personify from a thing to a person, to personify
 Perspective, pèr-spêk-tîv, *s.* a glass, view, vista—a relation of science of vision, optical
 Perspicacious, pèr-spt-kâ-shyûs, *a.* sighted, sharp [sig
 Perspicacity, pèr-spt-kâ-shyûs, *s.* sight, sharpness
 Perspicuity, pèr-spt-kâ-shyûs, *s.* clearness, transparency
 Perspicuous, pèr-spt-kâ-shyûs, *a.* clear, easily seen

shút, nôte, lôse, actôr—hút, pûsh, môte, fûr,—truly, thus, rye—hick.

Perspiration, *pér-spi-rà-shùn*, *s.* excretion by the cuticular pores

Perspirative, *pér-spi-rà-tív*, *a.* performing the act of perspiration

Perspire, *pér-spî-re*, *v. n.* to sweat, to be excreted by the skin

Persuade, *pér-swà'de*, *v. a.* to bring to an opinion, to influence by argument [be persuaded

Persuasive, *pér-swà'stíbl*, *a.* that may persuade

Persuasion, *pér-swà'shùn*, *s.* the act of persuading

Persuasive, *pér-swà'stív*, or Persuatory, *pér-swà'sór-ý*, *a.* having power to persuade [tulant

Pert, *pért*, *a.* brisk, smart, saucy, pe-

Pertain, *pér-tà'ne*, *v. n.* to belong

Pertinacious, *pér-tí-nà'sh-yús*, *a.* obstinate, stubborn, wilful

Pertinacity, *pér-tí-nàs't-ý*, *a. s.* obstinacy, resolution

Pertinent, *pér-tí-nént*, *a.* fit, apt, to the purpose, apposite

Pertingent, *pér-tín-dzhént*, *a.* relating to, touching [smartness, sauciness

Pertness, *pért-nés*, *s.* trifling or low

Perturbate, *pér-túr-bát*, *v. a.* to disturb, to confuse

Perturbation, *pér-túr-bà'shùn*, *s.* disquiet of mind

Pervade, *pér-và'de*, *v. a.* to pass through

Pervasion, *pér-và'shùn*, *s.* the act of passing through [born, peevish

Perverse, *pér-vers*, *a.* obstinate, stubborn

Perverseness, *pér-vers-nés*, *s.* quality of being perverse

Perversion, *pér-vér'shùn*, *s.* a perverting or turning to a wrong sense

Pervert, *pér-vert*, *v. a.* to distort from the true end or purpose, to corrupt

Pervertible, *pér-vert'íbl*, *a.* that may be perverted [fully obstinate

Pervicacious, *pér-rí-kà'sh-yús*, *a.* spite-

Pervious, *pér-vyús*, *a.* admitting passage [false hair, a wig

Peruke, *pér-úke*, *s.* a head covering of

Perusal, *pér-rú-zál*, *s.* the act of reading over [observe

Peruse, *pér-rúze*, *v. a.* to read over, to

Pest, *pést*, *s.* a plague, any thing mischievous or destructive

Pester, *pés-tér*, *v. a.* to disturb, to harass, to encumber

Pestiferous, *pés-tíf-ér-ús*, *a.* deadly, destructive, infectious

Pestilence, *pés-tí-léns*, *s.* plague, a malignant fever

Pestilent, *pés-tí-lént*, *a.* producing plagues, malignant

Pestilential, *pés-tí-lén'shál*, *a.* infectious

Pestle, *pést'l*, *s.* an instrument to break things in a mortar

Pet, *pét*, *s.* a slight passion or anger, a young lamb brought up by hand, a favourite—*v. a.* to spoil by too much fondling

Petal, *pét-ál*, *s.* the leaves of flowers

Petalous, *pét-ál-ús*, *a.* having petals

Petech'ial, *pét-té'sh-yál*, *a.* pestilentially spotted

Petition, *pét'ish'ún*, *s.* a request, entreaty, prayer—*v. a.* to solicit, to supplicate

Petitionary, *pét'ish'ón-ár-ý*, *a.* containing petition or request

Petre, *pé-tér*, *s.* nitre, salt-petre

Petrescent, *pé-trés-sént*, *a.* growing or becoming stone, hardening

Petrification, *pét-rí-fík'shùn*, *s.* the act of turning to stone

Petrifactive, *pét-rí-fák'tív*, or Petrific, *pé tríf'ík*, *a.* having power, to change to stone

Petrify, *pét-rí-fy*, *v. a.* and *n.* to change to stone, to become stone

Petronel, *pét-ró-nél*, *s.* a pistol or small gun [lower vestment

Petticoat, *pét-tí-kôte*, *s.* a woman's

Pettifogger, *pét-tí-fóg-gér*, *s.* a petty, small-rate lawyer [mean

Pettyfogging, *pét-tí-fóg-gíng*, *a.* low,

Pettish, *pét'tish*, *a.* fretful, peevish

Pettitoes, *pét-tí-tôze*, *s.* the feet of a sucking pig [privacy

Petto, *pét-tô*, *s.* the breast figuratively

Petty, *pét'ty*, *a.* small, inconsiderable, little [peevish, perverse

Petulant, *pét-ú-lánt*, *a.* saucy, wanton

Pew, *pú*, *s.* a seat inclosed in a church

Pewet, *pé-wét*, *s.* a sort of wild fowl

Pewter, *pú-tér*, *s.* a sort of compound metal [in nature

Phænomena, *fè-nóm-ý ná*, *s.* appearances

Phænomenon, *fè-nóm-ý nón*, *s.* an appearance in nature [riage

Photon, *fá-tón*, *s.* a high open car-

Phalanx, *fá-lángks*, *s.* a troop of men closely embodied, the division of the fingers

Phantasm, *fán'tásm*, *s.* vain imagination

Phantom, *fán-tóm*, *s.* a spectre, a fancied vision [religious

Pharisaical, *fá-rí-sá-kál*, *a.* external

Sounds—hăt, hâte, hăl, liăr—măt, dăsiăt, mē, hēr—chŷn, chine, ffeld, shŷr.

- Pharisee, făr'Y-sé, *s.* a noted searist of the Jews
- Pharmaceutic, făr-mă-să-tŷk, *a.* relating to the knowledge or art of pharmacy [the knowledge of drugs]
- Pharmacology, făr-mă-kôl'ô-dzhŷ, *s.* Pharmacopœia, făr-mă-kô-pē-yă, *s.* a dispensatory [an apothecary]
- Pharmacopelist, făr-mă-kôp'ô-list, *s.* Pharmacy, făr-mă-sŷ, *s.* the act of preparing medicines, the trade of an apothecary [tower]
- Pharos, făr-rôs, *s.* a light-house, a watch
- Phasis, făr-sŷs, *s.* in the plural Phases, făr-séz, appearance of the moon, &c.
- Pheasant, fêš'ânt, *s.* a kind of wild cock or hen
- Phenix, fê-nŷks, *s.* a bird supposed to exist single, and to rise again from its own ashes
- Phenomenon, fê-nôm'ênôn, *s.* an extraordinary appearance in the works of nature
- Phial, fŷ-ăl, *s.* a small bottle
- Philanthropy, fŷl-ân-thŷr'pŷ, *s.* love of mankind [climation]
- Philippic, fŷl'p-pŷk, *s.* an invective, de-
- Philologer, fŷl'ôl'ô-dzhér, *s.* a grammarian, a critic [cal, grammatical]
- Philological, fŷl'ôl'dzh'ŷk-ăl, *a.* critical
- Philology, fŷl'ôl'ô-dzhŷ, *s.* criticism, grammatical learning
- Philomel, fŷl'ô-mêl, or Philomela, fŷl'ô-mê-lă, *s.* the nightingale
- Philosophaster, fŷl'ôs-ô-făs-tér, *s.* a smatterer in philosophy
- Philosopher, fŷl'ôs-ô-fér, *s.* a man deep in knowledge either moral or natural
- Philosophers-stone, fŷl'ôs-ô-férz-stô'ne, *s.* a stone dreamed of by alchemists, which, it is pretended, by its touch turns metal into gold
- Philosophic, fŷl'ô-sôf'ŷk, *a.* belonging to philosophy, rational, wise
- Philosophize, fŷl'ôs'ô-fŷze, *v. a.* to reason like a philosopher
- Philosophy, fŷl'ôs-ô-fŷ, *s.* knowledge natural or moral, hypothesis to explain natural effects
- Philter, fŷl'tér, *s.* something to cause love, to separate earth from water, &c.
- Phiz, fŷz, *s.* the face, the countenance
- Phlebotomize, flê-bôt'ô-mize, *v. a.* to let blood
- Phlebotomy, flê bôt'ô-mŷ, *s.* the art or practice of blood-letting
- Phlegm, flém', *s.* a watery humour in the body
- Phlegmatic, flê-mă-tŷk, *a.* abounding in phlegm, frigid, dull
- Phlegmon, flêg-môn, *s.* a tumour, an inflammation [bleed with]
- Phlebotomy, flême, *s.* an instrument
- Phlogisticate, flô-dzhŷt'ŷ-kâte, *v. a.* to impregnate with phlogiston
- Phlogistic, flô-dzhŷt'ŷk, *a.* inflammable
- Phlogiston, flô-dzhŷt'ŷ-tôn, *s.* a chymical liquor extremely inflammable
- Phonics, fôn'ŷks, *s.* doctrine of sounds
- Phenocamptic, fôn-ô-kkmp'ŷk, *a.* having the power to infect and alter sound
- Phosphorus, fôs'fô-rŷs, *s.* the morning star, a chymical substance which exposed to the air takes fire
- Phrase, fră'ze, *s.* an idiom or mode of speech, expression—*v. a.* to style, to call, to term
- Phraseology, frăz'ôl'ô-dzhŷ, *s.* style diction, phrase book
- Phrenetic, frê-nê'tŷk, *a.* mad, frantic
- Phrensy, frên'zŷ, *s.* madness, frantiness
- Phthisic, tŷz'ŷk, or Phthisis, fthŷ'sŷs, *a.* a consumption of the body [ease]
- Phthical, tŷz'ŷk-ăl, *a.* wasting by dis-
- Phylactery, fŷl-ăk'tér'ŷ, *s.* a bandage or scroll with some memorable sentence inscribed on it
- Physic, fŷz'ŷk, *s.* the science of healing, medicine—*v. a.* to purge
- Physical, fŷz'ŷk-ăl, *a.* relating to nature, not moral, medicinal
- Physician, fŷz'ŷsh'ân, *s.* one who professes the art of healing
- Physicotheology, fŷz'ŷ-kô-thê-ôl'ô-dzhŷ, *s.* divinity illustrated by natural philosophy
- Physics, fŷz'ŷks, *s.* natural philosophy
- Physiognomy, fŷz'ŷ-ôg'nô mŷ, *s.* the face, the cast of the look, the art of judging by the features of the face
- Physiological, fŷz'ŷ-ôlôdzŷ'ŷk-ăl, *a.* relating to physiology
- Physiology, fŷz'ŷ-ôl'ô-dzhŷ, *s.* the doctrine of nature, natural philosophy
- Piacular, pi-ăk'ă-lăr, or Piaculous, pi-ăk'ă-lŷs, *a.* expiatory, that requires expiation, criminal
- Pia-mater, pi-ă măt'tér, *s.* a thin membrane covering the brain
- Pianet, pi-ă-nê't, *s.* a magpie, a species of the woodpecker

shút, nôte, lôse, actôr—hüt, pûsh, mûte, fûr,—trulý, thus, rýe—hick.

Pianoforte, pí-k'ân ô-fô-r-tâ, *s.* a musical instrument [line about 5s.

Plaster, pí-k's ter, *s.* a foreign coin value—*s.* a walk under a roof supported by pillars

Pica, pí-kâ, *s.* a kind of printing letter

Picaron, pí-k-â-rê-ne, *s.* a robber, a plunderer

Pick, pí-k, *v.* *a.* to cull, to choose, to gather, to pierce, to peck, to open—*v.* *n.* to eat slowly or little—*s.* a sharp-pointed iron tool

Pickpack, pí-k'-pâk, *ad.* in manner of a pack [point

Pickaxe, pí-k-âks, *s.* an axe with a sharp

Pickback, pí-k'-bâk, *a.* on the back

Picked, pí-k'-êd, *a.* sharp, smart

Pickerei, pí-k'-êr-êl, *s.* a small pike

Pickle, pí-k'l, *s.* a salt liquor, thing pickled, state—*v.* *a.* to preserve in pickle [andrew

Pickleherring, pí-k'l-hêr-rîng, *s.* a merry

Picklock, pí-k-lôk, *s.* a tool to pick locks with, a person who picks locks

Pickpocket, pí-k'-pôk-êt, *s.* a thief who steals out of a pocket

Pickthank, pí-k'-thâng, *s.* an over officious fellow, a tale-bearer

Picktooth, pí-k'-tôth, *s.* an instrument to clean teeth

Pict, píkt', *s.* a painted person

Pictorial, pí-k-tô-ryâl, *a.* produced by a painter

Picture, pí-k'-tûre, *s.* resemblance of persons or things in colours—*v.* *a.* to paint, to represent

Picturesque, pí-k-tô-rêsk', *a.* suited to the pencil [to trifle

Piddle, pí-dl, *v.* *n.* to feed squeamishly

Pie, pí, *s.* a crust baked with something in it

Piebald, pí-p'-bâld, *a.* of various colours

Piece, pí-se, *s.* a patch, a fragment, a part, a performance, a gun, a coin—*v.* *a.* to enlarge by adding a piece, to join

Picmeal, pí-s-mêle, *ad.* in pieces or fragments—*a.* single, separate

Pied, pí-de, *a.* party-coloured, variegated

Piepowder-court, pí-pôw-dêr-kôrt, *s.* a court held in fairs for redress of disorders committed therein

Pier, pí-re, *s.* the columns on which the arch of a bridge is raised [to effect

Pierce, pí-rse, *v.* *a.* to bore, to penetrate

Piety, pí-ê-ty, *s.* discharge of duty to God

Pig, pí-g, *s.* a young sow or boar, an oblong mass of lead or unforged iron—*v.* *n.* to farrow, to bring forth pigs

Pigeon, pí-dzh'-ôn, *s.* a well-known bird

Pigeon-livered, pí-dzh'-ôn-liv-êrd, *a.* mild, gentle, timid

Piggin, pí-g'-g'in, *s.* a small wooden vessel

Pigment, pí-g-mênt, *s.* paint, colours for painting

Pigmy, pí-g'mý, *s.* a dwarf—*a.* small

Pignoration, pí-g-nô-râ-shûn, *s.* the act of pledging

Pignut, pí-g-nût, *s.* an earth nut

Pike, pí-ke, *s.* a fish of prey, a lance used by soldiers [point

Piked, pí-k'-êd, *a.* sharp, ending in a

Pilaster, pí-l'-âs-têr, *s.* a small square column [herring

Pilchard, pí-lsh'-ârd, *s.* a fish like a

Pile, pí-le, *s.* a piece of wood to make firm a foundation, heap, edifice, hair, nap—*v.* *a.* to heap or lay upon

Piles, pí-ls, *s.* the hemorrhoids

Pilfer, pí-l'-fer, *v.* *a.* to steal, to practise petty thefts

Pilfery, pí-l'-fêr-y, *s.* petty theft

Pilgrimage, pí-l'-grîm-ê-dzh, *s.* a journey on account of devotion [small ball

Pill, pí-l, *s.* a medicine made into a

Pillage, pí-l'-lêdzh, *s.* plunder

Pillar, pí-l'-lâr, *s.* a column, supporter

Pillion, pí-l'-yôn, *s.* a pad, a woman's saddle

Pillory, pí-l'-dôr-y, *s.* an instrument of punishment—*v.* *a.* to punish with the pillory

Pillow, pí-l'-lô, *s.* a sort of bag to lay the head on—*v.* *a.* to rest any thing on a pillow

Pillowbear, pí-l'-lô-bêrc, or Pillowcase, pí-l'-lô-kâse, *s.* the cover of a pillow

Pilosity, pí-lôs'-ty-y, *s.* hairiness, roughness

Pilot, pí-lôt, *s.* he who steers the ship—*v.* *a.* to steer, to direct in the course [rice of a pilot

Pilotage, pí-lôt-êdzh, *s.* the pay or of

Pimento, pí-mên'-tô, *s.* all-spice

Pimp, pí-mp', *s.* a procurer, a pander—*v.* *n.* to pander, to procure

Pimping, pí-mp'-ing, *a.* little, mean petty

Sounds.—hăt, hâte, hăl, liăr—măt, dəsist, mē, hē.—chŷn, chine field, shŷrt—

- Pimple**, pŷm'p'l, *s.* a small red pustule on the skin
- Pin**, pŷn', *s.* a short pointed wire with a round head, a peg, a bolt—*v. a.* to fasten with pins
- Pincers**, pŷn's-ŷŷr, *s.* an instrument for drawing nails with
- Pinch**, pŷnsh', *v. a.* to squeeze, to gripe, to distress—*v. n.* to bear hard upon, to be frugal—*s.* a painful squeeze, a small quantity contained between the finger and thumb
- Pinchbeck**, pŷnsh-bĕk, *s.* a compound metal resembling gold
- Pincushion**, pŷn'kŷsh-ŷn. *s.* a stuffed bag to stick pins in
- Pindaric**, pŷn-dăr'ŷk, *a.* in the manner of Pindar, lofty, sublime
- Pine**, pŷne, *s.* a tree—*v. n.* to languish—*v. a.* to bemoan in silence
- Pineal**, pŷn-yăl, *a.* resembling a pine-apple [beasts are confined]
- Pinfold**, pŷn-fold, *s.* a place in which
- Pinguid**, pŷng-gwid, *a.* fat, unctuous, greasy
- Pinion**, pŷn-yŷn, *s.* the wing of a fowl, setters for the hands—*v. a.* to bind the wings or elbows to the sides, to shackle
- Pink**, pŷngk', *s.* a flower, a colour, a narrow-sterned ship, the minnow—*v. a.* to work in eyelet holes—*v. n.* to wink with the eyes [money]
- Pinmoney**, pŷn-mŷn-y, *s.* a wife's pocket
- Pinnace**, pŷn-nĕs, *s.* a man of war's boat [spiring point]
- Pinnacle**, pŷn'ăk'l, *s.* a turret, a high
- Pinner**, pŷn-nĕr, *s.* part of a head dress
- Pint**, pŷnt, *s.* half a quart
- Pioneer**, pŷŷ-nĕre, *s.* a soldier to clear ways or sink mines
- Pious**, pŷ-us, *a.* devout, godly, religious
- Pip**, pŷp', *s.* a disease in fowls, a spot on cards—*v. a.* to chirp as a bird
- Pipe**, pŷpe, *s.* a tube, a musical instrument, the key of the voice, a measure of two hogsheds—*v. n.* to play on the pipe, to whine
- Piping**, pŷpe-ŷng, *a.* weak, feeble, hot
- Pipkin**, pŷp'kŷn, *s.* a small earthen boiler
- Pippin**, pŷp'pŷn, *s.* a small apple
- Piquant**, pŷ-kĕnt, *a.* stimulating, sharp, tart
- Pique**, pŷk, *s.* ill-will, petty malice, enmity—*v. a.* to touch with envy, to irritate
- Piquet**, pŷ-kĕt, *s.* a game at cards
- Piquet**, pŷk'ĕt, *s.* a punishment in which a soldier is made to stand bare foot on a sharp pointed stick—*v. a.* to punish with the piquet
- Piracy**, pŷ-ră-sŷ, *s.* robbery at sea
- Pirate**, pŷ-rĕt, *s.* a plagiarist, a sea-robber
- Piratical**, pŷ-ră-t'ă-kăl, *a.* predatory, thievish [ing]
- Piscary**, pŷs-kăr-y, *s.* privilege of fish-
- Piscatory**, pŷs-kă-tŷr-y, *a.* relating to fishes [fish pond]
- Pisces**, pŷs-sĕs, *s.* the fishes in the zodiac
- Piscina**, pŷs-i-nă, *s.* a basin-like lavatory near the altar in many old churches [fish pond]
- Piscinal**, pŷs-y-năl, *a.* belonging to a
- Piscivorous**, pŷs-sŷv'ŷ-rŷs, *a.* fish eating, living on fish [clamation]
- Pish**, pŷsh', *interj.* a contemptuous ex
- Pismire**, pŷs'mĕr, *s.* an ant or emmet
- Piss**, pŷs', *v. n.* to make water—*s.* urine
- Pissburnt**, pŷs-bŷrnt, *a.* stained with urine [nat]
- Pistachio**, pŷs-tă-shŷo, *s.* a fragrant Syrian
- Pistil**, pŷs-trŷl, *s.* the female organ of generation in plants
- Pistol**, pŷs-tŷl, *s.* a small hand gun
- Pistole**, pŷs-tŷle, *s.* a foreign coin of different value in different countries
- Piston**, pŷs-tŷn, *s.* that part of a pump whereby suction or attraction is caused
- Pit**, pŷt', *s.* a hole, an abyss, the grave, an area on which cocks fight—*v. a.* to sink in hollows, to set on an area to fight [pitiation]
- Pitapat**, pŷt'ă-păt, *s.* a flutter, a pal-
- Pitch**, pŷtsh', *s.* the resin of the pine, height, degree, rate—*v. a.* to fix, to plant, to throw headlong, to cast forward, to smear with pitch—*v. n.* to drop, to fall headlong, to fix choice
- Pitcher**, pŷtsh-ĕr, *s.* an earthen vessel, an iron bar [husbandry]
- Pitchfork**, pŷtsh'fŷrk, *s.* a fork used for
- Pitchy**, pŷtsh'y, *a.* smeared with or like pitch, dark, dismal
- Pitcoal**, pŷt'kŷle, *s.* fossile coal
- Piteous**, pŷt'yŷs, *a.* sorrowful, compassionate, tender, meek
- Pitfall**, pŷt-făl, *s.* a pit dug and covered over
- Pith**, pŷth', *s.* the soft part in the midst of the wood, marrow, strength, energy
- Pithy**, pŷth'y, *a.* consisting of pith, strong, energetic

shôt, nôte, lôse, actôr—hüt, pûsh, mâte, fûr—truly, rje—thus, thick.

Pitiful, pît'-y-fûl, *a.* compassionate, melancholy, palty [a pit

Pitman, pît'-mân, *s.* one who works in
Pittance, pît'-têns, *s.* an allowance of food, a small portion

Pitted, pît'-êd, *part.* sunk in hollows
Pituitous, pît'-û-it-ûs, *a.* consisting of phlegm

Pity, pît'-y, *s.* sympathy with misery or pain—*v. a.* to compassionate misery [thing turns

Pivot, pîv'-ôt, *s.* a pin on which any
Pix, pîks', *s.* the box for the consecrated host [be appeased

Macable, plâ'-kêb'l, *a.* that which may
Macability, plâ'-kâ-bîl'-y-t'y, *s.* willingness or possibility to be appeased

Macard, plâ'-kâ-rd, or Placart, plâ'-kâ-rt, *s.* an edict, a manifesto

Place, plâ'-se, *s.* a particular portion of space, or space in general, locality, existence, residence, rank, office, room—*v. a.* to put in any place or rank, to fix, to establish

Placid, plâs'-îd, *a.* gentle, quiet, mild
Placit, plâs'-ît, *s.* decree, determination [peticcoast

Placket, plâk'-êt, *s.* the open part of a
Plagiarism, plâ-dzî-â-rîzm, *s.* literary theft [rature, a literary theft

Plagiary, plâ-dzî-â-r'y, *s.* a thief in literature
Plague, plâ'-ge, *s.* a pestilence, trouble—*v. a.* to trouble, to tease, to afflict

Plaguy, plâ'-gy, *a.* vexatious, troublesome [fish

Plaice, plâ'-se, *s.* a common kind of flat
Plaid, plâd, *s.* a variegated cloth, a Scotch dress

Plain, plâ'-ne, *a.* smooth, level, simple, sincere, evident—*ad.* distinctly, simply, flatly—*s.* level ground, a flat, field of battle—*v. a.* to level, to make even

Plainealing, plâ'-ne dâ'-lîng, *a.* acting without art—*s.* management void of art

Plainly, plâ'-ne-l'y, *ad.* openly, clearly
Plainness, plâ'-ne-nêss, *s.* sincerity, openness, simplicity, [plaint

Plaint, plâ'-nt, *s.* a lamentation, a complaint
Plaintiff, plâ'-ntîf, *s.* he that commences a suit

Plaintive, plâ'-ntîv, *a.* expressive of sorrow [needle work

Painwork, plâ'-ne-wôrk, *v.* common
Fait, plâ'-te, *s.* a fold, a double—*v. a.* to fold

Plan, plân', *s.* a scheme, a form, a model—*v. a.* to scheme, to design

Plancher, plânsh'-er, *s.* a board, a plank
Planching, plân'-shîng, *s.* a layer of the floors in a building

Plane, plâ'-ne, *s.* a level surface, a tool for smoothing boards—*v. a.* to level, to smooth [tall tree

Plane-tree, plâ'-ne-trê, *s.* a sort of fine
Planet, plân'-êt, *s.* a celestial body which moves round and receives light from the sun [the planets

Planetary, plân'-ê-târ-y, *a.* pertaining to
Planetstruck, plân'-êt-strûk, *a.* blasted, amazed [tion of plane surfaces

Planimetry, plân'-îm'-ê-tr'y, *s.* mensuration

Planisphere, plân'-î-sfêre, *s.* a sphere projecting on a plane

Plank, plângk', *s.* a board—*v. a.* to cover or lay with planks

Planoconeave, plâ'-nô-kôn'-kâve, *a.* flat on one side and concave on the other
Planoconvex, plâ'-nô-kôn'-vêks, *a.* flat on one side and convex on the other

Plant, plânt', *s.* any vegetable production—*v. a.* to put into the ground, to set, to place, to settle

Plantain, plân'-tîn, *s.* an herb, a tree bearing an esculent fruit

Plantation, plân'-tâ-shûn, *s.* a place planted, a colony

Planted, plân'-têd, *a.* settled, established
Planter, plân'-têr, *s.* one who plants and cultivates

Plash, plâsh', *s.* a small puddle of water—*v. a.* to dash with water, to interweave branches

Plashy, plâsh'-y, *a.* filled with puddles

Plasin, plâzm', *s.* a mould, a matrix for metals

Plaster, plâs'-têr, *s.* lime prepared to cover walls, a salve—*v. a.* to cover with plaster

Plasterer, plâs'-têr-êr, *s.* one who overlays walls, &c. with a mortar [form

Plastic, plâs'-tîk, *a.* having power to give
Plat, plât', *v. a.* to weave—*s.* a small piece of ground

Plate, plâ'-te, *s.* wrought metal, a shallow vessel to eat on—*v. a.* to cover or arm with plates

Platform, plât'-fôr-m, *s.* an horizontal plain, a level [heavier than gold

Platina, plât'-î-nâ, *s.* a white metal

Platonic, plât'-tôn'-îk, *a.* pertaining to the doctrine of Plato, pure

Sounds—hăt, hâte, hăl, liăr—mêt, dêsiat, mē, hēr—chîn, chine, ffield,

Platoon, plā-tū'nc, *s.* a square body of musketeers [wooden dish]

Platter, plăt-tér, *s.* a large earthen or [wooden dish]

Plaudit, plăt-dît, *s.* applause

Plauditory, plăt-dît-ôr-y, *a.* praising

Plausibility, plăt-zî-bîl-yt-y, *s.* appearance of right [pleasing, specious]

Plausible, plăt-zîb'l, *a.* superficially

Plausive, plăt-sîv, *a.* applauding, plausible

Play, plā, *v. n.* to sport, to toy, to trifle, *a.* game—*v. a.* to put in action or motion, to use an instrument of music, to act or perform—*s.* amusement, sport, a drama, game

Playsome, plăt-sôm, *a.* sportive, full of levity [logy]

Plea, plé, *s.* a form of pleading, an apology

Plead, pléd, *v. n.* to argue before a court of justice—*v. a.* to defend, to discuss [any thing in a court]

Pleader, pléd-ér, *s.* one who argues

Pleading, pléd-ing, *s.* the act or form of pleading [lively, ludicrous]

Pleasant, plé-ânt, *a.* delightful, gay

Pleasantry, plé-ân-trý, *s.* gaiety, merriment, lively talk

Please, pléze, *v. a.* to delight, to humour, to content—*v. n.* to give pleasure [tion, choice]

Pleasure, plézh-úr, *s.* delight, gratification

Plebeian, plé bā-yân, *a.* popular, vulgar

Pledge, plédzh, *s.* a pawn, a surety—*v. a.* to pawn, to invite to drink first

Pledget, plédzh-ét, *s.* a small mass of lint

Pleiads, plā-yáds, *or* **Pleiades**, plā-yā-dê, *s.* a northern constellation

Plenary, plén-ér-y, *a.* full, complete

Plenilunary, plén-y-lū-nár-y, *a.* relating to the full moon

Plenipotent, plén-np-ô-tént, *a.* invested with full power

Plenipotentiary, plén-y-pô-tén-shár-y, *s.* a negotiator invested with full powers

Plenist, plén-nst, *s.* a philosopher who holds all space to be full of matter

Plenitude, plén-y-tùde, *s.* fulness

Plenteous, plén-týus, *a.* copious, fertile

Plentiful, plén-tí-fúl, *a.* abundant, copious

Plenty, plén-tý, *s.* abundance, fruitfulness

Plenasm, plé-ô-názsm, *s.* redundancy of words

Plethora, pléth-ô-râ, *or* **Plethory**, pléth-ô-rý, *s.* a fullness of habit

Plethoretic, pléth-ô-rét-yk, *or* **ric**, pléth-ôr-yk, *a.* having a full

Plevin, plév-y'n, *s.* in law a warranty

Pleura, plû-râ, *s.* the skin that covers the

Pleurisy, plû-rîs-y, *s.* an inflammation of the pleura

Pleuritic, plû-rît-yk, *a.* diseased

Pliable, plî-éb'l, *or* **Pliant**, plî

flexible, limber, easily persuaded

Pliers, plî-érz, *s.* a kind of small

Plight, plî-te, *v. a.* to pledge—*s.* a condition, good case, pledge [of]

Plinth, plînth, *s.* the lower part

Plod, plôd, *v. n.* to toil, to drudge

Plot, plôt, *s.* a small extent of land

conspiracy, intrigue, stratagem

Plover, plév-ér, *s.* a lapwing

Plough, plôw, *s.* an instrument

bandry—*v. a.* to turn up the earth

Ploughland, plôw-lând, *s.* a

land as one team could cultivate

Ploughman, plôw-mân, *s.* one who

the plough, a strong laborious

Plough-Monday, plôw-mûn-dý

Monday after Twelfth-day

Ploughshare, plôw-shâr, *s.* that

the plough which pierces the

Pluck, plûk, *v. a.* to snatch, to

draw, to strip of feathers—*s.* the

heart with liver and light

Plug, plûg, *s.* a stopple—*v. a.* to

with a plug [the sum of 1]

Plum, plûm, *s.* sort of fruit, dried

Plumage, plû-médzh, *s.* feather

Plumb, plûm, *s.* a plummet—

pendicular to the horizon—

sound, to regulate by the plumb

Plumber, plûm-ér, *s.* one who

upon lead

Plume, plûme, *s.* a feather, pri-

ering mein—*v. a.* to adjust

or place as a plume, to make

to strip [ing]

Plumigerous, plû-mîdzh-ér-us

Plummet, plûm-mét, *s.* a leaden

or pencil [ing]

Plumosity, plû-môs-yt-y, *s.* stat

Plumous, plû-mûs, *a.* feath-

feathers

Plump, plûmp, *a.* sleek, full

—v. a. to fatten, to swell

fall like a stone into the

swollen—*ad.* with a sud-

shót, nôte, lôse, actôr—hút, pûsh, mâte, fûr—trulý, rýe—thus, thîck.

- Plumper**, plûmp'-ér, *s.* a sudden stroke, what plumps out
Plumpy, plûmp'-ý, *a.* plump, fat
Plummy, plû-mý, *a.* feathered
Plunder, plûn'-dér, *v. a.* to pillage, to rob—*s.* spoils gotten in war or by robbery
Plunge, plûndzh', *v. a.* to put suddenly under water—*v. n.* to drive, to fall or rush into hazard or distress—*s.* putting or sinking into water
Plunket, plûnk'-ét, *s.* a kind of blue colour [one
Plural, plû-rál, *a.* implying more than
Pluralist, plû-rál'-íst, *s.* a clergyman who holds more benefices than one
Plurality, plû-rál'-ít-y, *s.* a number of two or more
Plush, plûsh', *s.* a kind of shaggy cloth
Pluvial, plû-vyál, or **Pluvius**, plû-výus, *a.* rainy, wet
Ply, plý' *v. a.* to work closely, to employ with diligence or set on work, to practise diligently, to solicit—*v. n.* to bend—*s.* a bent, a plait [wind
Pneumatic, nú-mát'-ýk, *a.* relating to Pneumatics, nú-mát'-ýks, *s.* the doctrine of the air
Pneumatology, nú-mát'-lôj-ô dzhý, *s.* the doctrine of spiritual existence
Pneumonic, nú-môn'-ýk, *a.* belonging to or good for the lungs—*s.* a medicine for the lungs
Poach, pô'tsh, *v. a.* to boil slightly, to steal game
Poacher, pôtsh'-ér, *s.* one who takes game secretly and unlawfully
Pock, pôk', *s.* a pustule of the small-pox
Pocket, pôk'-ét, *s.* a small bag inserted into clothes—*v. a.* to put into the pocket
Pocky, pôk' ý, *a.* infected with the pox
Poculent, pôk'-ù-lent, *a.* fit for drink, drinkable
Pod, pôd', *s.* the case of seeds
Podagrical, pô-dág'-rít-kál, *a.* gouty, relating to the gout [food
Podder, pôd' dér, *s.* a patherer of bease-
Podge, pôdz', *s.* a puddle, a plash, a watery place
Poem, pô-ém, *s.* a composition in verse
Poesy, pô-é-ý, *s.* the art of writing poems
Poet, pô-ét, *s.* a writer of poems
Poetaster, pô-ét'-ás-tér, *s.* a vile petty poet
Poetess, pô-ét-és, *s.* a female poet
Poetic, pô-ét'-ýk, *a.* expressed in poetry, pertaining to poetry [poet
Poetize, pô-ét'-íz, *v. n.* to write like a
Poetry, pô-ét'-ý, *s.* metrical composition, poems [satirical
Poignant, pôí-nént, *a.* sharp, keen
Point, pôí-at, *s.* a sharp end, sting of an epigram, indivisible part of time or space, nicety, a dot, the stop (.), aim, single position, single part of a question—*v. a.* to sharpen, to direct—*v. n.* to note with the finger, to show, to distinguish by dots or stops
Pointed, pôí-at-éd, *a.* sharp, keen
Poise, pôíz, *s.* balance, regulating power—*v. a.* to balance, to weigh
Poison, pôí-z'n, *s.* what destroys life, venom—*v. a.* to infect with poison to corrupt [taints
Poisonous, pôí-z'n-ús, *a.* venomous
Poke, pô'ke, *s.* a pocket, a small bag—*v. a.* to feel in the dark, to search out [stirring the fire
Poker, pôk'-ér, *s.* an instrument for
Polar, pô-lár, *a.* pertaining to the pole
Polarity, pô-lár'-ít-y, *s.* tendency to the pole
Polary, pô-lár'-ý, *a.* tending to the pole
Pole, pô'le, *s.* either extremity of the axis of the earth, a long staff or piece of timber erected, a measure of five yards and a half—*v. a.* to furnish with poles [animal
Polecat, pô'le-kát, *s.* a kind of stinking
Poledavey, pô'le-dá-vý, *s.* a kind of coarse cloth or canvas
Polemic, pô-lém'-ýk, *a.* controversial, disputative—*s.* a disputant, a controversialist
Polestar, pô'le-stár, *s.* a star near the pole, a guide or director
Police, pô-lís, *s.* the regulation and government of a city or country
Policy, pôl'-is-ý, *s.* art of government, prudence
Polish, pôl'ýsh, *v. a.* to smooth, to gloss—*v. n.* to receive a gloss—*s.* artificial gloss, elegance of manners
Poite, pô-líte, *a.* glossy, elegant of manners, genteel [affairs, cunning
Politie, pôl'-ýt-ýk, *a.* prudent, versed in
Politician, pôl'-ýtish'-án, *s.* one skilled in politics [government
Politics, pôl'-ýt-ýks, *s.* the science of
Politure, pôl'-ýt-ýre, *s.* the gloss given by polishing [civil constitution
Polity, pôl'-ít-ý, *s.* form of government

Sounds—hăt, hâte, hăl, liăr—mêt, dêsist, mē, hēr—chîn, chîne, fîeld, shîrt—

Poll, pŏ'le, *s.* the head, list of voters, register of heads—*v.* *n.* to lop the top of trees, to cut off hair, to clip short, to take a list or register of voters, to vote [bran]

Pollard, pŏl-lărd, *s.* a tree lopped, fine

Pollute, pŏl-lû'te, *v.* *a.* to defile, to corrupt

Polluted, pŏl-lû'têd, *a.* defiled

Pollution, pŏl-lû'shŭn, *s.* a defiling or being defiled

Poltroon, pŏl-trŏ'ne, *s.* a coward

Polyacoustic, pŏl-y-kŏŏ's-tîk, *s.* what multiplies sounds

Polyanthos, pŏl-y-ăn'thŏs, *s.* a sort of plant bearing many flowers

Polyedron, pŏl-y-ê-drŏn, *s.* a solid having many sides [of wives]

Polygamy, pŏl-yŏ'g-mŏ, *s.* a plurality

Polyglot, pŏl-y-glŏt, *a.* having many languages [angles]

Polygon, pŏl-y-gŏn, *s.* a figure of many

Polygonal, pŏl-y-gŏ-năl, *a.* having many angles

Polygraphy, pŏl-y-răf-y, *s.* the art of writing in several manners or cyphers

Polypody, pŏl-y-pŏ-dŏ, *s.* a species of moss [with many feet]

Polypus, pŏl-y-pŏs, *s.* a sea animal

Polysyllabical, pŏl-y-sŏl-lăb-t-kăl, *a.* having many syllables, pertaining to a polysyllable

Polysyllabic, pŏl-y-sŏl-lăb-l, *s.* a word of more than three syllables

Polytheism, pŏl-y-thê-izm, *s.* the doctrine of plurality of gods

Pomace, pŏm-ăs, *s.* the refuse of the apple after the cider is pressed out

Pomaceous, pŏm-ăs-shŏs, *a.* consisting of apples [ment]

Pomade, pŏm-mă'de, *s.* a fragment ointment

Pomatum, pŏm-mă-tŏm, *s.* a sort of ointment

Pomegranate, pŏm-găn'ê-t, *s.* a tree and its fruit [apple]

Pomeroy, pŏm-rŏy, *s.* a large kind of

Pomiferous, pŏm-mŏf'êr-ŏs, *a.* bearing apples

Pommel, pŏm-mêl, *s.* a knob on a sword or saddle—*v.* *a.* to bruise, to beat

Pomp, pŏmp', *s.* splendour, pride

Pompion, pŏm-pyŏn, *s.* a pumpkin

Pomposity, pŏm-pŏs-ŏt-y, *s.* affectation

Pompous, pŏm-pŏs, *a.* magnificent, show, or ostentatious [water]

Pond, pŏnd, *s.* a small pool or lake of

Ponder, pŏn-dér, *v.* *a.* to weigh mentally, to consider, to muse

Ponderal, pŏn-dér-ăl, *a.* estimated by weight

Ponderosity, pŏn-dér-ŏs'ŏ-tŏ, *s.* weight, gravity [important, forcible]

Ponderous, pŏn-dér-ŏs, *a.* weighty, important

Poniard, pŏn-yărd, *s.* a small pointed dagger—*v.* *a.* to stab with a poniard

Pontack, pŏn-tăk, *s.* the best sort of claret [tion of bridges]

Pontage, pŏn-têdz, *s.* duty for epars

Pontiff, pŏn-tŏf, *s.* a high priest, the Pope

Pontifical, pŏn-tŏf-t-kăl, *a.* belonging to a pontiff—*s.* a book of ecclesiastical rites and ceremonies

Pontificate, pŏn-tŏf-t-kêt, *s.* papacy, the popedom

Ponton, pŏn-tŏ'ne, *s.* a floating bridge

Pony, pŏ-nŏ, *s.* a small horse

Pool, pŏ'le, *s.* a lake of standing water

Poop, pŏ'pe, *s.* the hindmost part of the ship [dejected]

Poor, pŏ're, *a.* indigent, paltry, mean

Poorspirited, pŏ'r-spir'ŏt-êd, *a.* mean, cowardly

Pop, pŏp', *s.* a small smart sound—*v.* *a.* to move or enter quickly or silently

Pop, pŏp', *s.* a small smart sound—*v.* *a.* to put out or in suddenly or silently [fish]

Pope, pŏ'pe, *s.* the bishop of Rome, a Popedom, pŏ'pe-dŏm, *s.* jurisdiction of the Pope

Popery, pŏ-pêr-y, *s.* the popish religion

Popeseye, pŏ'ps-ŏ, *s.* a gland in the middle of the thigh

Popgun, pŏp-gŏn, *s.* a child's gun

Popinjay, pŏp'ŏn-dzâ, *a.* a parrot, a woodpecker, a trifling fop

Popish, pŏ-pŏsh, *a.* taught by the Pope, Romish

Poplar, pŏp-lăr, *s.* a sort of tree

Poppy, pŏp-pŏ, *s.* a sort of plant

Populace, pŏp'ŏ-lăs, *s.* the common people, the multitude

Popular, pŏp'ŏ-lăr, *a.* vulgar, pleasing to the people [of the people]

Popularity, pŏp'ŏ-lăr-ŏt-y, *s.* the favour

Populate, pŏp'ŏ-lâte, *v.* *n.* to breed people

Population, pŏp'ŏ-lă-shŭn, *s.* the number of people [well inhabited]

Populous, pŏp'ŏ-lŏs, *a.* full of people

Porcelain, pŏr-sêl-ên, *s.* china ware

Porch, pŏrsh, *s.* an entrance with a roof, a portico [large hedgehog]

Porcupine, pŏr-kŏ-pŏs, *s.* a kind of

shôt, nôte, lôce, actôr—hüt, pûah, mâte, fûr—truly, rje—thus, thick.

Pore, pō're, *s.* passage of perspiration—
v. n. to look with great intenseness
and care

Pork, pōrk, *s.* swine's flesh

Porker, pōrk-ér, *s.* a hog, a pig

Porket, pōrk-ét, or Porkling, pōrk-ŋing,
s. a young pig [ing pores]

Porosity, pō-rōs'-y-tý, *s.* quality of hav-

Porous, pō-rús, *a.* having pores, full of
pores [marble]

Porphyry, pōr-fir'-y, *s.* a kind of fine

Porpoise, or Porpus, pōr-pús, *s.* a sea-
hog

Porridge, pōr-rīdzh, *s.* broth

Porringer, pōr-rīn-dzēr, *s.* a vessel for
spoonmeat

Port, pōrt, *s.* a harbour, aperture at
which the gun is put out, air, mein,
a sort of Portugal wine

Portable, pōrt-éb'l, *a.* that may be car-
ried, supportable

Portage, pōrt-édzh, *s.* price of carriage,
a porthole [which the gate opens]

Portal, pōr-tál, *s.* a gate, the arch under

Portance, pōr-téns, *s.* air, mein, de-
meanor [bridge]

Portcullis, pōrt-kúl'-līs, *s.* a sort of draw-

Ported pōr-téd, *a.* born in a regula-
order [foretold]

Portend, pōr-ténd', *v. a.* to forebode, to

Portension, pōr-tén'-shún, *s.* the act of
foretelling [tokening of ill]

Portent, pōr-tént', *s.* omen or fore-

Portentious, pōr-tén'-tús, *a.* monstrous,
ominous

Porter, pōr-tér, *s.* one that has the
charge of a gate or waits at the door

Porterage, pōr-tér-édzh, *s.* the hire of

Portfire, pōr-t-fir, *s.* a kind of fire or
match for discharging cannon

Porthole, pōrt-hôle, *s.* a hole to point
cannon through [piazza]

Portico, pōr-tí-kō, *s.* a covered walk, a

Portion, pōr-shún, *s.* part, allotment—
v. a. to parcel, to endow with a for-
tune

Portly, pōrt-lý, *a.* grand of mein, bulky

Portmanteau, pōrt-mán'-tō, *s.* a bag for
carrying clothes [from life]

Portrait, pōr-tráte, *s.* a picture drawn

Portray, pōr-trá', *v. a.* to paint, to adorn

Pory, pō-rý, *a.* full of pores

Pose, pōze, *v. a.* to puzzle by questions,
to examine

Posited, pōs'-it-éd, *a.* placed, ranged

Position, pō-sísh'-ún, *s.* a situation,
principle laid down [position]

Positional, pō-sísh'-ón-ál, *v.* respecting

Positive, pōs'-ít-ív, *a.* real, absolute.

peremptory [large body]

Posse, pōs'-zē, *s.* an armed power, a

Possess, pōs-zēs', *v. a.* to be master of,
to enjoy, to obtain

Possession, pōs-zēs'-h'-ón, *s.* a having in
one's own power, property

Possessive, pōs-zēs'-ív, or Possessory,
pōs-zēs'-sór'-y, *a.* having possession

Possessor, pōs-zēs'-ór, *s.* a proprietor,
an owner [wine, &c.]

Posset, pōs-sét, *s.* milk curdled with

Possibility, pōs-sí-bí-lít-y, *s.* the power
of being or doing

Possible, pōs-sí-b'l, *a.* having the power
to be or to do, not absurd

Post, pōst, *s.* a nasty messenger, a
quick manner of travelling, situa-

tion, military station, employment, a
piece of timber—*v. n.* to travel with
speed—*v. a.* to fix opprobriously on

posts, to station, to register metho-
dically [letters]

Postage, pōst-édzh, *s.* money paid for

Postboy, pōst-bōy, *s.* boy that carries
letters [carriage]

Postchaise, pōst-shá'ze, *s.* a light body

Postdate, pōst-dá'te, *v. a.* to date later
than the real time

Posterior, pōs-tér'-yór, *a.* happening o-
placed after, backward

Posteriority, pōs-tér'-yór-ít-y, *a.* state
of being after [parts, the breech]

Posteriors, pōs-tér'-yór-z, *s.* the hinder

Posterity, pōs-tér'-ít-y, *s.* succeeding
generations [the door]

Postern, pōs-térn, *s.* a small gate, a lit-

Posthaste, pōst-há'ste, *ad.* very fast or
quick [in letters]

Posthouse, pōst-hōús, *s.* a house to take

Posthumous, pōst-hū-mús, *a.* done, mad,
or published after one's death

Postillion, pōs-tíl'-yón, *s.* one who rides
the first horse in a carriage

Postmaster, pōst-má's-tér, *s.* one who
has charge of a post-office

Postmeridian, pōst-mér-íd'-yán, *a.* be-
ing in the afternoon

Postoffice, pōst-ōf'-fís, *s.* a posthouse,
a place for letters

Postpone, pōst-pō-ne, *v. a.* to put off, to
delay, to undervalue

Postscript, pōst-skript, *s.* a paragraph
added to the end of a letter

Sounds.—hât, hâte, hâll, liâr—mêt, dêsiêt, mâ, hêr—chîn, chine, field, shirt—

- Postulate, pòs'-tù-lâte, *v. a.* to beg or assume without proof
 Postulate, pòs'-tù-lêtt, *s.* a position without proof
 Postulation, pòs'-tù-lâ-shùn, *s.* a supposing without proof
 Postulatory, pòs'-tù-lâ-tór-ý, *a.* assuming or assumed without proof
 Posture, pòs'-târe, *s.* position, state, disposition [nosegay
 Posy, pòs-ý, *s.* a motto on a ring, a
 Pot, pòt, *s.* a vessel for boiling or holding liquids—*v. a.* to preserve or season in pots
 Potable, pòt-éb'l, or Potulent, pòt-ù-lént, *a.* fit to drink [pickle
 Potargo, pòt-ârgò, *s.* a West Indian
 Potash, pòt-âsh, *s.* ashes made from vegetables [a draught
 Potation, pòt-â-shùn, *s.* a drinking-bout
 Potato, pòt-â-tò, *s.* an esculent root
 Potbelly, pòt'-bèl-ý, *s.* a swelling paunch
 Potch, pòtsh, *v. a.* to thrust, to brush, to boil slightly [fellow drinker
 Potcompanion, pòt'-kóm-pân-yón, *s.* a
 Potent, pò-tént, *a.* powerful, efficacious, mighty [prince
 Potentate, pò-tên-tèt, *s.* a monarch, a
 Potential, pò-tên-shâl, *a.* existing in possibility, not in act, efficacious
 Pothanger, pòt-hâng-ér, *s.* a hook to hang pots on
 Potheary, pòt'-ê-kâr-ý, *s.* apothecary
 Pother, pòth-ér, *s.* a bustle, a tumult—*v. n.* to make a blustering ineffectual effort—*v. a.* to turmoil, to puzzle
 Potion, pò-shùn, *s.* a draught
 Potsherd, pòt'-shêrd, *s.* fragment of a broken pot
 Pottage, pòt-têdz, *s.* any thing boiled or decocted for food
 Pottery, pòt-tér-ý, *s.* the work, &c. of a potter, the place where earthen ware is made
 Pottle, pòtl, *s.* a measure of four pints
 Potvaliant, pòt-vâl-yént, *a.* made courageous with drink
 Pouch, pòtsh, *s.* a small bag, a pocket, the paunch
 Poverty, pòv-ér-ý, *s.* indigence, necessity, meanness
 Poult, pòlt, *s.* a young chicken
 Poulterer, pòl-tér-ér, *s.* one who sells fowls ready picked
 Poultice, pòl-tis, *s.* a mollifying application—*v. a.* to apply a poultice
 Poultry, pòl-trý, *s.* domestic fowls
 Pounce, pòú'ns, *s.* the talon of a bird of prey, gum sandarach powder
 Pouncebox, pòú'ns-bòks, *s.* a small box for pounce
 Pound, pòú'nd, *s.* a weight of 12 ounces in Troy and 16 in Avoirdupois, 20 shillings, a pinfold—*v. a.* to beat with a pestle, to shut up
 Poundage, pòú'nd-kdzh, *s.* an allowance of so much in the pound, payment rated by the weight of the commodity
 Pounder, pòú'nd-ér, *s.* a pestle, a gun that carries a bullet of some pounds weight
 Pour, pò're, *v. a.* to empty liquids out of any vessel—*v. n.* to flow rapidly, to rush tumultuously
 Pout, pòút, *s.* a kind of bird or fish—*v. n.* to look sullen, to frown
 Powder, pòw-dér-ý, *s.* dust, gunpowder, dust for the hair—*v. a.* to reduce to dust, to sprinkle with dust
 Powdering-tub, pòw-dér-ýng-túb, *s.* a vessel for salting meat
 Powdery, pòw-dér-ý, *s.* dusty, friable
 Power, pòw-ér, *s.* might, authority, influence, ability, strength, force, military force
 Powerful, pòw-ér-fúl, *a.* having power, strength, or authority [ease
 Pox, pòks', *s.* pustules, the venereal disease
 Practicable, prák'-tí-kéb'l, *a.* that may be performed, feasible, assailable
 Practical, prák'-tí-kál, *a.* relating to action, not merely theoretical
 Practice, prák'-tis, *s.* habit, use, actual performance, method, art
 Practise, prák'-tis, *v. a.* to do habitually, to exercise—*v. n.* to have a habit of acting, to exercise any profession
 Practitioner, prák'-tish-ón-ér, *s.* one engaged in any art
 Præcognita, prê-kóg-ný-tá, *s.* things previously known [impertinent
 Pragmatic, prág-mát'-ýk, *a.* meddling
 Praise, prá'ze, *s.* renown, laud, commendation—*v. a.* to commend, to applaud to glorify in worship
 Prame, prá'me, *s.* a flat-bottomed boat
 France, prá'ns, *v. n.* to spring or bound
 Prank, prá'ngk', *s.* a frolic, a wild flight, a wicked act
 Prate, prá'te, *v. n.* to talk idly, to chatter—*s.* tattle, unmeaning loquacity
 Prattle, prá'tl, *v. n.* to talk lightly, to chatter—*s.* trifling talk

shôt, nôte, lôse, actôr—hüt, pûsh, mâte, fûr—truly, rje—thus, thick.

Pravity, prâv'-it-y, *s.* corruption, malignity [larger]

Prawn, prân, *s.* a fish like a shrimp but
Pray, prâ, *v. n.* to make petitions, to ask submissively—*v. a.* to supplicate, to implore [treaty]

Prayer, prâre, *s.* petition to heaven, entreaty
Preach, prê'tsh, *v. n.* to deliver a public discourse upon sacred subjects—*v. a.* to harangue tediously

Preacher, prê'tsh'-ér, *s.* one who inculcates earnestly

Preamble, prê-âm'b'l, *s.* an introduction
Preambular, prê-âm'-bâ-lâr-y, or Preambulous, prê-âm'-bô-lûs, *a.* previous

Preapprehension, prê-âp-prê-hên'-shûn, *s.* opinion formed before examination

Prebend, prêb'-ênd, *s.* a stipend in cathedral churches, a pretendary

Prebendal, prêb'-ên-dâl, *a.* belong to a prebend [diary of a cathedral]

Prebendary, prêb'-ên-dâr-y, *s.* a stipendary

Precarious, prê-kâ'-ryûs, *a.* dependant, uncertain

Precaution, prê-kâ'-shûn, *s.* preventive measures—*v. a.* to warn before hand

Precedaneous, prê-sê-dâ'-nyûs, *a.* previous, antecedent [rank or time]

Precede, prê-sê-dê, *v. a.* to go before in

Precedence, prê-sê-dêns, *s.* priority, going before in ceremony [before]

Precedent, prê-sê-dênt, *a.* former, going

Precedent, prê-sê-dênt, *s.* example, thing done before of the same kind

Precentor, prê-sên-tôr, *s.* he that leads the choir [rule, a mandate]

Precept, prê-sêpt, *s.* an authoritative

Preceptive, prê-sêp'-tîv, *a.* containing or giving precepts [tutor]

Preceptor, prê-sêp'-tôr, *s.* a teacher, a

Precession, prê-sêsh'-în, *s.* the act of going before

Precinct, prê-sîngkt, *s.* an outward limit, a boundary [worth]

Precious, prêsh'-ûs, *a.* valuable, of great

Precipice, prê-sîp'-îs, *s.* a perpendicular declivity [headlong, hasty, rash]

Precipitant, prê-sîp'-î-tênt, *a.* falling

Precipitate, prê-sîp'-î-tâte, *v. a.* to throw headlong, to hurry—*v. n.* to fall headlong, to hasten

Precipitate, prê-sîp'-î-tênt, *a.* headlong, hasty, violent—*s.* a corrosive mercurial medicine [blind haste]

Precipitation, prê-sîp'-î-tâ'-shûn, *s.* hurry, precipitation, prê-sîp'-î-tûs *a.* headlong, steep, hasty

Precise, prê-sîze, *a.* formal, exact, nice, finical [close, nicety]

Precision, prê-sîzh'-ûn, *s.* exact limits

Precisive, prê-sî'-sîv, *a.* exactly limiting

Preclude, prê-kliû'dê, *v. a.* to shut out or hinder by anticipation

Precogitate, prê-kôdzh'-î-tâte, *v. a.* to consider beforehand

Precogitation, prê-kôdzh'-î-tâ'-shûn, *s.* previous consideration

Precognition, prê-kôg-nîsh'-în, *s.* previous knowledge

Preconceit, prê-kôn-sê'te, *s.* opinion previously formed

Preconceive, prê-kôn-sî've, *v. a.* to form an opinion beforehand

Preconception, prê-kôn-sêp'-shûn, *s.* a previous opinion [over beforehand]

Preconsign, prê-kôn-sî'-ne, *v. a.* to make

Precontract, prê-kôn'-trâkt, *s.* a previous contract [contract beforehand]

Precontract, prê-kôn'-trâkt, *v. a.* to

Precurse, prê-kûrs', *s.* a forerunning

Precursive, prê-kûr'-sîv, *a.* forerunning

Precursor, prê-kûr'-sôr, *s.* a forerunner, a harbinger [prey]

Predacious, prê-dâ'-shûs, *a.* living by

Predal, prê-dâl, *a.* practising plunder, robbing [ravenous]

Predatory, prêd'-â-tôr-y, *a.* plundering,

Predecessor, prê-dê-sês'-sô'i, *s.* one going before, an ancestor

Predestinarian, prê-dê-tî-nâ'-ryân, *s.* one that holds the doctrine of predestination

Predestinate, prê-dê-tî-nâte, *v. a.* to decree irreversibly beforehand

Predestination, prê-dê-tî-nâ'-shûn, *s.* preordination [beforehand]

Predestine, prê-dê-tî'n, *v. a.* to decree

Predetermination, prê-dê-têr'-mî-nâ'-shûn, *s.* previous resolution

Predetermine, prê-dê-têr'-mîn, *v. a.* to doom by previous decree

Predial, prê-dyâl, *a.* consisting of farms

Predicament, prêd'-îk'-â-mênt, *s.* a class, arrangement, kind

Predicamental, prêd'-îk'-â-mên'-tâl, *a.* relating to predicaments

Predicant, prêd'-kênt, *s.* one that affirms any thing [declares]

Predicate, prêd'-î-kâte, *v. a.* to affirm or predicate, prêd'-î-kê't, *s.* what is affirmed of the subject

Predication, prêd'-î-kâ'-shûn, *s.* affirmation, declaration

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 Sounds—hât, hâte, hâll, liâr—mêt, dêsiat, môt, hér—chîn, chine, fâld, shîrt—

- Predict, prê-dîkt', *v. a.* to foretell  
 Prediction, prê-dîk'-shûn, *s.* a prophecy, a foretelling  
 Predictor, prê-dîk'-tôr, *s.* a foreteller  
 Predilection, prê-dîlêk'-shûn, *s.* a prepossession in favour of any thing  
 Predispose, prê-dîs-pô'ze, *v. a.* to dispose beforehand  
 Predisposition, prê-dîs-pô'sîsh'-ûn, *s.* previous adaptation [valent  
 Predominant, prê-dôm'-y-nênt, *a.* pro-  
 Predominate, prê-dôm'-y-nâte, *v. n.* to prevail, to be supreme in influence  
 Predoom, prê-dôme, *v. a.* to doom be-  
 fore hand [previous decree  
 Pre-elect, prê-êlêkt', *v. a.* to choose by  
 Pre-eminent, prê-ên'-y-nênt, *a.* excel-  
 lent above others  
 Pre-emption, prê-êmp'-shûn, *s.* right of  
 purchasing before another  
 Pre-engage, prê-ên-gâ'dzh, *v. a.* to en-  
 gage previously  
 Pre-establish, prê-ês-tâb'-lîsh, *v. a.* to  
 settle beforehand [forehand  
 Pre-exist, prê-eks-îst', *n. n.* to exist be-  
 Pre-existent, prê-eks-îst'-ênt, *a.* exist-  
 ent beforehand  
 Preface, prêf'-âs, *s.* an introduction to  
 a book, &c.—*v. a.* to say something  
 introductory  
 Prefatory, prêf'-y-tôr-y, *a.* introductory  
 Prefect, prê-fêkt, *s.* a governor, a com-  
 mander [government  
 Prefecture, prêf-êk-tûr, *s.* the office of  
 Prefer, prê-fêr', *v. a.* to regard more, to  
 advance, to exalt [fore others  
 Preferable, prêf'-êr-êbl', *a.* eligible, be-  
 Preference, prêf'-êr-êns, *s.* estimation  
 above another  
 Preferment, prê-fêr'-mênt, *s.* advance-  
 ment to honour or profit  
 Prefigure, prê-fîg'-û-râte, *v. n.* to show  
 by antecedent representation  
 Prefiguration, prê-fîg'-û-râ'-shûn, *s.* an-  
 tecedent representation  
 Prefigure, prê-fîg'-ûre, *v. a.* to pre-  
 figure  
 Prefix, prê-fîks', *v. a.* to appoint before-  
 hand, to settle, to place before  
 Prefix, prê-fîks, *s.* a particle placed be-  
 fore a word to vary its signification  
 Preform, prê-fô'rm, *v. a.* to form be-  
 forehand  
 Pregnancy, prêg'-nân-sý, *s.* fruitfulness,  
 state of being pregnant  
 Pregnant, prêg'-nênt, *a.* breeding, 'fr-  
 uitle, fruitful  
 Pregustation, prê-gûs-tâ-shûn, *s.* the  
 act of tasting first [beforehand  
 Prejudge, prê-dzhûdâ', *v. a.* to judge  
 Prejudicate, prê-dzhûd'-dî-kâte, *v. a.* to  
 determine without evidence  
 Prejudicate, prê-dzhûd'-dî-kêtt, *a.* formed  
 by prejudice [judging beforehand  
 Prejudication, prê-dzhûd-êf-kâ-shûn, *s.* a  
 Prejudice, prêdzhûd'-dîs, *s.* prepos-  
 session, injury—*v. a.* to fill with preju-  
 dice, to injure  
 Prejudicial, prêdzhûd'-dîsh'-âl, *a.* hurt-  
 ful, obstructive, injurious  
 Prelacy, prêl'-â-sý, *s.* order of bishops  
 Prelate, prêl'-êt, *s.* an ecclesiastic of the  
 highest order and dignity, a bishop  
 Prelatical, prêl'-â-y-kêl, *a.* relating to  
 prelates or prelacy  
 Prelature, prêl'-â-tûre, *s.* state or dignity  
 of a prelate [ture  
 Prelection, prê-lêk'-shûn, *s.* reading, lec-  
 Preliminary, prê-lîm'-în-âr-y, *a.* previ-  
 ous, introductory [ductory  
 Prelude, prê-lûdê, *s.* something intro-  
 Prelude, prê-lûdê, *v. a.* to serve as an  
 introduction [ductory  
 Prelusive, prê-lû'-sýv, *a.* previous, intro-  
 Premature, prê-mâ-tûrê, *a.* ripe too  
 soon, too hasty  
 Prematurity, prê-mâ-tû'-rî-tý, *s.* too  
 great haste, unseasonable earliness  
 Premeditate, prê-mêd'-y-tâte, *v. a.* to  
 think beforehand  
 Premeditation, prê-mêd'-y-tâ-shûn, *s.* a  
 meditating beforehand  
 Premerit, prê-mêr'-îtt, *v. a.* to deserve  
 before another [cipal  
 Premier, prêm'-yêr, *a.* first, chief, prin-  
 Premise, prê mîze, *v. a.* to explain pre-  
 viously  
 Premises, prêm'-îs-êz, *s.* houses or lands  
 Premises, prê-mîz'-êz, *s.* antecedent  
 matter  
 Premium, prê-myûm, *s.* something  
 given to invite a loan or a bargain  
 Premonish, prê-môn'-îsh, *v. a.* to ad-  
 monish beforehand [ous notice  
 Premonition, prê-mô-nîsh'-ûn, *s.* [revi-  
 Premonitory, prê-môn'-y-tôr-y, *a.* previ-  
 ously advising [show beforehand  
 Premonstrate, prê-môn'-strâte, *v. a.* to  
 Premunire, prêm'-û-nî-rê, *s.* a writ, a  
 penalty  
 Premonition, prê-mô-nîsh'-ûn, *s.* anti-  
 cipation of objection  
 Predominate prê-dôm'-y-nâte, *v. a.* to  
 foreman

shùt, nôte, lôse, wêtor—hüt, pûsh, mûte, fûr—trulý, rýe—thus, thick.

Prenomination, prë'nôm-yn-ä'-shün, *s.* a naming first [ledge  
 Prenotion, prë'nô-shün, *s.* foreknow  
 Prentice, prën'tis, *s.* one bound to a master for instruction  
 Prenunciation, prë'nün-shyá'-shün, *s.* act of telling before  
 Preoccupancy, prë-ök'-kû-pän-cý, *s.* a taking possession before another  
 Preoccupate, prë-ök'-kû-päte, *v. a.* to anticipate, to prepossess  
 Preoccupation, prë-ök'-kû-pä'-shün, *s.* anticipation, prepossession  
 Preoccupy, prë-ök'-kû-pý, *v. a.* to prepossess, to occupy by anticipation  
 Preopinion, prë-ö-pin'-yón, *s.* opinion antecedently formed  
 Preordain, prë-ör-dä'-ne, *v. a.* to ordain beforehand [dent decree  
 Preordination, prë-ör-din-ens, *s.* antecedent  
 Preordination, prë-pär-dý-nä'-shün, *s.* act of preordaining  
 Preparation, prëp'-är-ä'-shün, *s.* act of preparing, ceremonious introduction  
 Preparative, prë-pär-ä'-tív, *a.* serving to prepare  
 Preparatory, prë-pär-ä'-tör-ý, *a.* antecedent, introductory  
 Prepare, prë-päre, *v. a.* to make fit, or ready, to form, to qualify—*v. n.* to take previous measures  
 Prepense, prë-pëns, or Prepensèd, prë-pënst', *a.* preconceived, contrived beforehand  
 Preponder, prë-pôn-dér, or Preponderate, prë-pôn-dér-äte, *v. a.* to exceed in weight or overpower by influence  
 Preponderance, prë-pôn-dér-ens, *s.* excess of weight  
 Preponeration, prë-pôn-dér-ä'-shün, *s.* act or state of outweighing  
 Preposition, prëp-ö-zish'-hün, *s.* in grammar, a particle governing a case or prefixed to a word  
 Prepossess, prë-pöz-zës', *v. a.* to bias, to prejudice  
 Prepossession, prë-pöz-zësh'-hün, *s.* first possession, prejudice  
 Preposterous, prë-pös-tér-ús, *a.* wrong, absurd, perverted [glands  
 Prepuce, prëp'-üse, *s.* what covers the  
 Prerequisite, prë-rë-kwíre, *v. a.* to demand beforehand  
 Prerequisite, prë-rëk'-wíz-ýt, *a.* previously necessary  
 Prerogative, prë-rög'-ä'-tív, *s.* peculiar privilege or right

Prerogated, prë-rög'-ä'-tív'd. *a.* having an exclusive privilege, having prerogative  
 Presage, prës'-äzh, *s.* a prognostic  
 Presage, prë-sä-dzhe, *v. a.* to forebode  
 Presbyter, prës'-bý-ter, *s.* a priest, a presbyterian [ing of elders  
 Presbyterial, prës-bý-tä'-ryäl, *a.* consisting of elders—*s.* an abettor of presbytery, a follower of Calvin  
 Presbytery, prës-by-tér-ý, *s.* body of elders [future events  
 Prescience, prë-shýens, *s.* knowledge of  
 Prescient, prë-shënt, *a.* foreknowing, prophetic [abstract  
 Prescind, prë-sünd', *v. a.* to cut off, to Prescind, prë-sünd'-ent, *a.* abstracting  
 Prescious, prë-shyús, *a.* having foreknowledge  
 Prescribe, prë-skríbe, *v. a.* to order, to direct medically—*v. n.* to influence by long custom or arbitrarily, to write medical directions  
 Prescript, prë-skrípt, *a.* directed, ordered—*s.* directions, precept  
 Prescription, prë-skríp-shün, *s.* a custom continued till it has the force of law, a medical receipt  
 Presence, prëz-ens, *s.* a being present, mien, teadiness  
 Present, prëz-ént, *a.* face to face, at hand, neither past nor future—*s.* a gift, a mandate  
 Present, prë-zënt', *v. a.* to exhibit, to give, to offer openly, to lay before a court of judicature [be presented  
 Presentable, prë-zënt'-éb'l, *a.* fit to Presentaneous, prëz-én-tä'-nyús, *a.* ready, immediate  
 Presentation, prëz-én-tä'-shün, *s.* act of presenting, the gift of a benefice  
 Presentative, prë-zën'-tä'-tív, *a.* capable of being presented  
 Presentee, prëz-én-té', *s.* one presented to a benefice  
 Presential, prë-zën'-shyäl, *a.* supposing actual presence  
 Presentiality, prë-zën-shyäl'-ýt-ý, *s.* state of being present  
 Presentment, prë-zënt'-mënt, *s.* form or act of presenting to a court  
 Preservation, prëz-ér-vä'-shün, *s.* the act of preserving  
 Preservative, prë-zér'-vätív, *a.* having power to preserve

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Sounds.—hít, hâte, háll, liár—mít, déssat, má, hér—chya, chime, ffield, shírt—
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- Preserve, pré-sérv', *v. a.* to save, to defend, to keep, to season fruits, &c.—  
*s.* fruit preserved [authority over  
 Preside, pré-zíde, *v. n.* to be set or have  
 President, prés'-y-dént, *s.* one at the  
 head of a society, a governor  
 Press, prés, *v. a.* and *n.* to squeeze, to  
 urge, to distress, to force into service  
 —*s.* an instrument for pressing, a ma-  
 chine for printing, a throng, a case  
 for clothes, &c. the act of forcing  
 men into military service  
 Pressman, prés'-mân, *s.* one who works  
 a press in a printing office  
 Pressure, présh'-úr, *s.* act of pressing,  
 force, impression, affliction  
 Prestiges, pré-tídzh-és, *s.* illusions,  
 juggling tricks  
 Presto, prés'-tò, *s.* quick, at once  
 Presume, pré-súme, *v. n.* to suppose,  
 to affirm without immediate proof,  
 to venture  
 Presumption, pré-súmp'-shún, *s.* a sup-  
 position previously formed, argument  
 strong but not demonstrative, arro-  
 gance, confidence  
 Presumptive, pré-súmp'-tív, *a.* presumed,  
 supposed next in inheritance, ar-  
 rogant [haughty, irreverent  
 Presumptuous, pré-súmp'-tú-ús, *a.*  
 Presupposal, pré-súp-pò-zál, *s.* suppo-  
 sal, previously formed  
 Presuppose, pré-súp-pò-ze, *v. a.* to sup-  
 pose beforehand  
 Presupposition, pré-súp-pò-zýsh'-ún, *s.*  
 a supposition previously formed  
 Presurmise, pré-súr-mí-ze, *s.* a surmise  
 previously formed [sumption  
 Pretence, pré-téns', *s.* a pretext, an as-  
 Pretend, pré-ténd', *v. a.* and *n.* to al-  
 lege falsely, to show hypocritically,  
 to claim, to presume  
 Pretension, pré-tén'-shún, *s.* a claim, a  
 false appearance  
 Preterimperfect, pré-tér-ím-pér-fékt, *a.*  
 in grammar, denotes the tense not  
 perfectly past  
 Preterit, pré-tér-ét'-ýt, *a.* in grammar, the  
 past tense  
 Preterition, pré-tér-ýsh'-ún, *s.* the act of  
 going past, state of being past  
 Feterlapsed, pré-tér-láps', *a.* past and  
 gone  
 Preterlegal, pré-tér-lé-gál, *a.* not agree-  
 able to law  
 Pretermission, pré-tér-mýsh'-ún, *s.* the  
 act of omitting
- Pretermit, pré-tér-mít *v. a.* to pass by,  
 to omit  
 Pretarnatural, pré-tér-nú'-ú-rú, *a.* not  
 natural, irregular  
 Preterperfect, pré-tér-pér'-fékt, *a.* abso-  
 lutely past  
 Preterpluperfect, pré-tér-plé'-pér-fékt,  
*a.* time relatively past, or past before  
 some other past time [allegation  
 Pretext, pré-tékt', *s.* a pretence, a false  
 Pretor, prés'-tór, *s.* a Roman judge, a  
 mayor [arciseo. by a pretor  
 Pretorian, pré-tó'-ryân, *a.* judicial, ex-  
 Pretty, pré-tý, *a.* neat, pleasing, beau-  
 tiful without grandeur—*ad.* in some  
 degree  
 Prevail, pré-vále, *v. n.* to be in force,  
 to have effect or influence, to over-  
 come  
 Prevailing, pré-vále-ýng, *a.* predomi-  
 nant, having most influence  
 Prevalent, pré-vá-lént, *a.* powerful,  
 predominant [vil, to quibble  
 Prevaricate, pré-vár'-ý-káte, *v. n.* to ca-  
 Prevarication, pré-vár'-ý-ká-shún, *s.* a  
 shuffle, a cavil [viller, a shuffler  
 Prevaricator, pré-vár'-ý-ká-tór, *s.* a ca-  
 Prevenient, pré-vé-nyént, *a.* going be-  
 fore, preventive [obstruct, to guide  
 Prevent, pré-vént', *v. a.* to hinder, to  
 Prevention, pré-vén-shún, *s.* act of go-  
 ing before, anticipation, hindrance,  
 prejudice [preservative  
 Preventive, pré-vént'-ýv, *a.* hindering  
 Previous, pré-vyús, *a.* antecedent, prior  
 Prey, prá', *s.* something to be devoured  
 or seized, plunder—*v. n.* to plur-  
 der, to corrode  
 Price, príse, *s.* rate, value, reward  
 Prick, prík', *v. a.* to pierce, to spur, to  
 incite, to affect with remorse—*s.* any  
 thing by which a puncture is made,  
 a puncture [instrument  
 Pricker, prík'-ér, *s.* a sharp pointed  
 Pricket, prík'-ét, *s.* a buck in his second  
 year [thorn  
 Prickle, prík'l. *s.* a small sharp point, a  
 Prickly, prík'-lý, *a.* full of sharp points  
 Pride, príde, *s.* inordinate self-esteem,  
 insolence, ostentation, ornament—  
*v. a.* to make proud, to rate high  
 Priest, príst, *s.* one who officiates at  
 the altar  
 Priesthood, príst-húd, *s.* the office and  
 character of a priest—*s.* the order of  
 men for holy offices [by priests  
 Priestridden, príst-ríd'n, *a.* managed

shūt, note, lōse, actor—hūt, push, mūte, fūr,—truly, rye—thus, thick.

Prig, prīg, *s.* a pert conceited little fellow

Prim, prīm, *a.* formal, affectedly nice

Primacy, prī-mā-sy, *s.* highest state of an ecclesiastic [original, chief

Primary, prī-mār-y, *a.* first in order,

Primacy, prī-mēt, *s.* the chief ecclesiastic

Prime, prīme, *s.* the dawn of day, best part, the spring of life, height of perfection—*a.* principal, first, excellent

—*v.* *a.* to put powder in the pan of a gun, to lay the first colours on in painting [children

Primer, prīm-ēr, *s.* a small book for

Primero, prī-mē-rō, *s.* an ancient game at cards [at first, original

Primeval, prī-mē-vāl, *a.* such as was

Primitive, prīm-īt-iv, *a.* ancient, original, formal [born, primary

Primogenial, prī-mō-dzhē-nyāl, *a.* first-

Primogeniture, prī-mō-dzhē-īt-ūre, *s.* state of being first born

Primordial, prī-mōr-dyāl, or Primordiate, prī-mōr-dyēt, *a.* original, existing from the first [flower

Primrose, prīm-rōze, *s.* the name of a

Prince, prīns, *s.* a sovereign, a chief, son or kinsman of a sovereign

Princedom, prīns-dóm, *s.* the rank, estate, &c. of a prince

Princess, prīn-sēs, *s.* wife of a prince, daughter of a king [essential

Principal, prīn-sy-pāl, *a.* chief, capital,

Principality, prīn-sy-pāl-īt-y, *s.* a prince's domain, superiority

Principle, prīn-sip'l, *s.* constituent part, original or operative cause, fundamental truth, motive, tenet

Print, prīnt, *v.* *a.* to mark by impression—*v.* *n.* to publish a book—*s.* a mark made by impression, a picture, formal method

Printer, prīnt-ēr, *s.* one who prints books, or stains linen

Printing, prīnt-īng, *s.* the act or process of impressing letters or staining linen

Prior, prī-ōr, *a.* former, anterior—*s.* the head of a convent of monks

Priority, prī-ōr-īt-y, *s.* a being first

Priory, prī-ōr-y, *s.* a convent inferior to an abbey [upon lawful prize

Prize, prī-sy-dzh, *s.* a duty of a tenth

Prism, prīzā, *s.* a kind of mathematical glass [prism

Prismatic, prīz-māt-īk, *a.* formed as a

Prismatically, prīz-māt-īk-āl-īy, *ad.* in the form of a prism [like a prism

Prismoid, prīz-mōide, *s.* a solid body

Prison, prīz'n, *s.* a gaol, a place of confinement—*v.* *a.* to imprison, to confine [rival play

Prisonbase, prīz'n-bāse, *s.* a kind of

Prisoner, prīz-nér, *s.* a captive, one under an arrest [ginal

Pristine, prīs-tīn, *a.* first, ancient, ori-

Pri-hee, prīth-y, *abbreviation for* I pray thee [crecy

Privacy, prī-vā-sy, *s.* retirement, se-

Privado, prī-vā-dō, *s.* a secret friend

Private, prī-vēt, *a.* secret, alone, not public, not open, particular

Privateer, prī-vā-tēre, *s.* a ship fitted out by private men to plunder enemies [struction of any thing

Privation, prī-vā-shūn, *s.* loss or de-

Privative, prī-vā-tiv, *a.* causing privation, negative

Privilege, prīv-yl-ēdz, *s.* peculiar advantage, public right—*v.* *a.* to grant a privilege, to exempt [rency

Privy, prīv-īt-y, *s.* private concur-

Privy, prīv-y, *a.* private, secret, admitted to secrets, acquainted with

Prize, prīze, *s.* a reward gained, something taken from the enemy—*v.* *a.* to rate, to value highly, to esteem

Pro, prō, *prep.* for, in defence of

Probability, prōb-ā-bīl-īt-y, *s.* likelihood, appearance of truth [be

Probable, prōb-ēb'l, *a.* likely, or like to

Probat, prō-bāt, *s.* a proof of a will, &c.

Probation, prō-bā-shūn, *s.* proof, testimony, trial [ing for trial

Probationary, prō-bā-shūn-ār-y, *a.* serving for

Probationer, prō-bā-shūn-ēr, *s.* one upon trial, a novice [trial

Probatory, prō-bā tōr-y, *a.* serving for

Probatum Est, prō-bā-tūm-ēs-t, (*Latin*) tried and proved

Probe, prōve, *s.* a surgeon's instrument

—*v.* *a.* to search, to try with a probe

Probit, prōb-īt-y, *s.* uprightness, honesty, sincerity

Problem, prōb-lēm, *s.* question proposed

Problematical, prōb-lēm-āt-īk-āl, *a.* uncertain, disputable

Proboscis, prōb-ōs-īs, *s.* the snout, the trunk of an elephant [louse

Procacious, prō-kā-shūs, *a.* petulant

Procacity, prō-kās-īt-y, *s.* sauciness, petulance [proceeding, progress

Procedure, prō-sē-dūre, *s.* manner

*Sounds.*—hăt, hâte, hăl, sär—mêt, tsei, né, hér—căn, chine, field, shirt—

- Proceed, prô-sê'de, *v. n.* to go forward, to arise from, to come forth, to issue, to be carried on
- Proceeding, prô-sê'd'ing, *s.* progress, a transaction, a legal process
- Procerity, prô-sér-ýt-y, *s.* tallness, height of stature
- Process, prôs'ês, *s.* regular progress, method, course of law
- Procession, prô-sêsh'în, *s.* a train in ceremonious solemnity
- Processional, prô-sêsh'în-ál, *a.* relating to procession
- Processionary, prô-sêsh'în-ár-y, *a.* consisting in procession
- Proclaim, prô-klâ'me, *v. a.* to publish solemnly, to tell openly
- Proclamation, prô-klâ-mâ-shûn, *s.* a public notice given by authority, a declaration of the sovereign's will
- Proclivity, prô-kliv'ít-y, *s.* tendency, facility of attaining
- Proclivous, prô-kliv'ús, *a.* inclined downwards [governor]
- Proconsul, prô-kôn'sül, *s.* a Roman
- Procrastinate, prô-krás'tîn-âc, *v. a.* to defer, to delay—*v. n.* to be dilatory
- Procrastination, prô-krás'tîn-â-shûn, *s.* delay [dilatory person]
- Procrastinator, prô-krás'tîn-â-tór, *s.* a
- Procreant, prô-kre-ênt, *a.* productive, pregnant [to produce]
- Procreate, prô-kre-âc, *v. a.* to generate
- Procreation, prô-kre-â-shûn, *s.* generation, production
- Procreative, prô-kre-â-tív, *a.* generative, productive
- Procreator, prô-kre-â-tór, *s.* a generator, a begetter
- Proctor, prôk'tór, *s.* a manager of another man's affairs, an attorney in the spiritual court, the magistrate of the university
- Procumbent, prô-kûm'bênt, *a.* lying down, prone
- Procuracy, prôk'û-râ-sý, *s.* management of any thing [procuring]
- Procurator, prôk'û-râ-shûn, *s.* act of
- Procurator, prôk'û-râ-tór, *s.* a manager, an agent
- Procuratorial, prôk'û-râ-tór-yál, *a.* made by a proctor [ing to procurator]
- Procuratory, prô-kû-râ-tór-y, *a.* tending
- Procure, prô-kû're, *v. a.* to manage, to obtain
- Prodigal, prôd'í-gál, *a.* profuse, expensive, lavish
- Prodigality, prôd'í-gál-ít-y, *s.* extravagance, profusion
- Prodigious, prô-dídzh'ús, *a.* amazing, enormous, vast
- Prodigy, prôd'í-dzh-y, *s.* a supernatural thing, portent, a monster
- Prodition, prô-dish'în, *s.* treason, treachery
- Produce, prôd'úce, *v. a.* to exhibit, to bring forth, to cause, to generate
- Produce, prôd'úce, *s.* product, amount, gain [hibits or offers]
- Productent, prô-dú'sênt, *s.* one who exhibits or made
- Producible, prô-dú'sib'l, *a.* that may be exhibited or made
- Product, prôd'úkt, *s.* the thing produced, work, effect
- Production, prô-dúk'shûn, *s.* whatever is produced
- Productive, prô dúk'tív, *a.* having power to produce, fertile [duction]
- Proem, prô-êm, *s.* a preface, an introduction
- Profanation, prô fá-nâ-shûn, *s.* a violation of sacred things, irreverence to holy things or persons
- Profane, prô-fâne, *a.* irreverent, polluted—*v. a.* to violate, to pollute, to misapply
- Profess, prô-fê's, *v. n.* to declare openly, to practise or teach publicly
- Profession, prô-fêsh'în, *s.* calling or vocation, a declaration
- Professional, prô-fêsh'în-ál, *a.* relating to a particular profession
- Professor, prô-fê's-sór, *s.* a public teacher of some art
- Proffer, prôf'fêr, *v. a.* to purpose, to offer—*s.* an offer made
- Proficient, prô-fish'ênt, *s.* one who advances in study
- Profile, prô fîle, *s.* the side face
- Profit, prôf'ít, *s.* gain, advantage, improvement—*v. n.* to gain advantage, to be of use
- Profitable, prôf'ít-êb'l, *a.* lucrative, useful, advantageous
- Profligate, prôf'íl-gê't, *a.* abandoned, lost to virtue [ward]
- Profluent, prôf'íl-ênt, *a.* flowing forth
- Profound, prô-fôund, *a.* deep, learned, humble—*s.* a deep sea, abyss
- Profundity, prô-fund'ít-y, *s.* depth of place or knowledge
- Profuse, prô-fúse, *a.* lavish, prodigal, overabounding
- Profusion, prô-fúshûn, *s.* prodigality, exuberance, plenty

shōt, nōte, lōse, actor—hūt, pūsh, mūte, fūr—trulŷ, rŷe—thus, thick.

- Prog, prōg', *v. n.* to shift meanly for provisions—*s.* victuals, provision of any kind
- Progenitor, prō-dzhēn'-yt-ōr, *s.* an ancestor in a direct line
- Progeny, prōdzh-ēn' y, *s.* offspring, issue, race [ing]
- Prognostic, prōg-nōs' tŷk, *a.* foretold
- Prognosticate, prōg-nōs'-tŷ-kāte, *v. a.* to foretell, to foreshow
- Prognostication, prōg-nōs tŷ-kā'-shūn, *s.* the act of foretelling
- Prognosticator, prōg-nōs'-tŷ ká tór, *s.* one who foretells
- Progress, prōg'-rēs, *s.* a course
- Progression, prō-grēsh'-tŷn, *s.* regular and gradual advance, improvement
- Progressional, prō-grēsh'-ōn-āl, *a.* increasing or advancing
- Progressive, prō-grēs'-siv, *a.* going forward, advancing
- Prohibit, prō-hŷb'-it, *v. a.* to forbid, to debar, to hinder [diction]
- Prohibition, prō-hŷ-bŷsh'-tŷn, *s.* an inter-prohibitory, prō-hŷb'-tŷr-ŷ, *a.* implying prohibition
- Project, prō-dzhēkt', *v. a.* to throw out, to cast forward, to contrive—*v. n.* to jut out [trivance, design]
- Project, prōdzh'-ēkt, *s.* a scheme, contrivance
- Projectile, prō-dzhēkt'-tŷl, *a.* impelled forward
- Projection, prō-dzhēkt'-shūn, *s.* the act of shooting forwards, a plan
- Projector, prō dzhēkt'-tór, *s.* one who forms schemes, &c. [out]
- Proecture, prō-dzhēkt'-tŷr, *s.* a jutting out
- Prolapse, prō-lāps', *v. n.* to extend out too much
- Prolapsion, prō lāp-shūn, *s.* a protruding beyond the natural position
- Prolate, prō-lāte, *v. a.* to pronounce, to utter
- Prolate, prō-lēt, *a.* oblate, flat
- Prolation, prō-lā-shūn, *s.* a pronunciation, utterance, delay
- Prolepsis, prō-lēp-sŷs, *s.* an anticipation of objections [antecedent]
- Proleptical, prō-lēp'-tŷk-āl, *a.* previous
- Proletarian, prō-lē-tā'-ryān, *a.* vile, mean, vulgar
- Prolific, prō-lif'-ŷk, *a.* generative, productive [ration of children]
- Prolification, prō-lif'-ŷk-ā'-shūn, *s.* generation
- Prolix, prō-lŷks', *a.* tedious, not concise [want of brevity]
- Prolivity, prō-lŷks'-ŷt-ŷ, *s.* tediousness
- Prolocutor, prō-lō-kŷ-tór, *s.* the speaker of a convocation
- Prologue, prōl'-ōg - ŷ face, introduction to a discourse or performance
- Prolong, prō-lōng', *v. a.* to lengthen out, to put off
- Prolongation, prō-lōng-ā'-shūn, *s.* the act of lengthening, delay to a longer time [take the air]
- Promenade, prōm-ē-nā'd, *s.* a walk to
- Prominent, prōm'-ŷ-nēnt, *a.* protuberant, projecting [confused]
- Promiscuous, prō-mŷs-kŷ ūs, *a.* mingled
- Promise, prōm'-ŷs, *s.* declaration of something intended, expectation—*v. a.* and *n.* to declare or assure by a promise [ing a promise]
- Promissory, prōm'-ŷs-ōr-ŷ, *a.* containing
- Promontory, prōm'-ōn-tŷr-ŷ, *s.* a headland, a cape
- Promote, prō-mŷt'e, *v. a.* to forward, to elevate, to advance
- Promotion, prō-mŷ-shūn, *s.* advancement, encouragement
- Prompt, prōmpt', *a.* quick, ready, acute, petulant—*v. a.* to assist, to incite, to remind, to help a public speaker
- Prompter, prōmpt'-tér, *s.* one who puts another in remembrance
- Promptitude, prōmpt'-tŷ-tŷde, *s.* readiness, quickness
- Promulgate, prō-mŷl'-gāte, *v. a.* to publish, to teach openly
- Promulgation, prō-mŷl'-gā'-shūn, *s.* publication, open exhibition
- Promulgator, prō-mŷl'-gā'-tór, *s.* a publisher, an open teacher
- Promulge, prō-mŷldzh', *v. a.* to promulgate, to teach openly
- Prone, prōne, *a.* bending downwards, inclined
- Prong, prōng', *s.* a branch of a fork
- Pronominal, prō-nŷm'-ŷn-āl, *a.* belonging to a pronoun [a noun or name]
- Pronoun, prō-nŷn, *s.* a word used for Pronounce, prō-nŷns, *v. a.* to speak, to utter rhetorically or confidently
- Pronunciation, prō-nŷn-shŷā'-shūn, *s.* the act or mode of utterance
- Proof, prōf'e, *s.* evidence, test, impenetrability, a rough sheet of print to be corrected—*a.* impenetrable, able to resist [port]
- Prop, prōp', *v. a.* to support—*s.* a support
- Propagate, prōp'-gāte, *v. a.* to spread, to increase, to generate, to have offspring



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Sounds—hăt, hâte, hăll, liăr—mêt, dêsist, mâ hér—chîn, chine, field, shîrt—
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- Propagation**, prôp'-k-gă-shûn, *s.* diffusion by generation or production  
**Propagator**, prôp'-k-gă-tô, *s.* one who propagates  
**Propel**, prô-pél', *v. a.* to drive forward  
**Propend**, prô pënd', *v. n.* to incline to any part or side [ed, prone to]  
**Propense**, prô-pêns', *a.* inclined, disposed  
**Propensity**, prô-pêns'-it-y, *s.* inclination, tendency  
**Proper**, prôp'-er, *a.* peculiar, one's own, fit, exact  
**Property**, prôp'-ér t'y, *s.* quality, right of possession, thing possessed  
**Prophecy**, prôf'-ê-y, *s.* a prediction  
**Prophesy**, prôf'-ê-y, *v. a. and n.* to foretell, to utter predictions [events]  
**Prophet**, prôf'-êt, *s.* one who foretells  
**Prophetic**, prô-fêt'-ik, *a.* foretelling events [ventive, preservative]  
**Prophylactic**, prô-fy-lăk'-tik, *a.* preventive  
**Proximity**, prô ping-kwî-t'y, *s.* proximity, kindred  
**Propitiate**, prô-pish'-yâte, *v. a.* to induce to favour, to make propitious  
**Propitiation**, prô-pish-yă-shûn, *s.* a making propitious, an atonement for a crime [propitiates]  
**Propitiator**, prô pish-yă-tôr, *s.* one that propitiates  
**Propitiatory**, prô-pish-yă-tôr-y, *a.* having power to make propitious—*s.* mercy-seat, covering of the ark in the temple of the Jews [kind]  
**Propitious**, prô-pish'-ûs, *a.* favourable  
**Proponent**, prô-pô-nênt, *s.* one that makes a proposal  
**Proportion**, prô-pôr-shûn, *s.* ratio, equal or harmonic degree, symmetry, size—*v. a.* to adjust, to make fit, to form symmetrically  
**Proportional**, prô-pôr-shûn-ăl, *a.* having due proportion—*s.* in proportion to some other  
**Proportionality**, prô-pôr-shûn ăl'-it-y, *s.* quality of being proportional  
**Proportionate**, prô-pôr-shûn-êt, *a.* adjusted to something else that is according to a certain rule  
**Proportionate**, prô-pôr-shûn-âte, *v. a.* to adjust in a certain manner  
**Proposal**, prô-pô-zăl, *s.* an offer to the mind or consideration  
**Propose**, prô-pôze, *v. a.* to offer to the consideration  
**Proposition**, prôp-ô-zish'-ûn, *s.* a sentence in which any thing is affirmed or decreed, an offer of terms  
**Propositional**, prôp-ô-zish'-ûn-ăl, *a.* considered as a proposition  
**Propound**, prô-pôud', *v. a.* to propose, to offer  
**Proprietary**, prô-prî-ê-tăr-y, *s.* an owner in his own right—*a.* belonging to a certain owner [in his own right]  
**Proprietor**, prô-prî-ê-tôr, *s.* a possessor  
**Propriety**, prô-prî-ê-t'y, *s.* exclusive right, accuracy [vindicate]  
**Propugn**, prô-pû-ne, *v. a.* to defend, to  
**Propulsion**, prô-pûl'-shûn, *s.* the act driving forward [drive forward]  
**Propulsory**, prô-pûl'-sôr-y, *a.* serving to  
**Prorogation**, prô-rô-gă-shun, *s.* a continuance, a prolongation  
**Prorogue**, prô-rô-ge, *v. a.* to prolong, to put off [bursting out]  
**Prorupcion**, prô-rûp'-shûn, *s.* the act of  
**Prosaic**, prô-ză-yk, *a.* belonging to or resembling prose [capitally]  
**Proscribe**, prô-skri'-be, *v. a.* to censure  
**Proscription**, prô-skrip'-shûn, *s.* a door to death or confiscation  
**Prose**, prôze, *s.* language not restrained to number of syllables  
**Prosecute**, prôs'-ê kûte, *v. a.* to pursue, to continue, to sue  
**Prosecution**, prôs'-ê-kû-shûn, *s.* a pursuit, a criminal suit  
**Prosecutor**, prôs'-ê-kû-tôr, *s.* a pursuer of any purpose, or in a criminal cause  
**Proselyte**, prôs'-ê-lyte, *s.* a convert—*v. a.* to convert  
**Prosodian**, prô-sô-dyăn, *a.* skilled in or pertaining to prosody  
**Prosody**, prôs'-ô-dy, *s.* art of metrical composition [nification]  
**Prosopopœia**, prôs'-ô-pô-pé-yă, *s.* personification  
**Prospect**, prôs'-pekt, *s.* a place affording an extensive view, an object of view [a distance]  
**Prospective**, prôs'-pekt-iv, *a.* viewing at  
**Prosper**, prôs'-pér, *v. a.* to make happy, to favour—*v. n.* to thrive  
**Prosperity**, prôs-pér'-it-y, *s.* success, good fortune [successful]  
**Prosperous**, prôs-pér'-ûs, *a.* fortunate  
**Prostration**, prôs-tér-nă-shûn, *s.* depression  
**Prostitute**, prôs-tî-tûte, *v. a.* to sell to wickedness, to expose upon vile terms—*a.* vicious for hire  
**Prostitution**, prôs-tî-tû-shûn, *s.* the act of prostituting  
**Prostrate**, prôs-trêt, *a.* laying at length or in humblest adoration

shōt, nōte, lōse, a:tōr—hūt, pūsh, mūte, fūr,—trul'y, thus, rye—hick.

Prostrate, prōs'-trāte, *v. a.* to lay flat, to throw down

Prostration, prōs'-trā'-shūn, *s.* a falling down in adoration, dejection

Prosylogism, prō-syl'-lō dzh'izm, *s.* a connecting of two or more syllogisms

Protect, prō-tēk't', *v. a.* to defend, to shield [shelter from evil]

Protection, prō-tēk'-shūn, *s.* defence, Protective, prō-tēk'-tīv, *a.* defensive, sheltering [supporter, regent]

Protector, prō-tēk'-tōr, *s.* a defender, Protectorate, prō-tēk'-tōr-ēt, *s.* office or jurisdiction of a protector

Protend, prō-tēnd', *v. a.* to hold out, to stretch forth [petulance]

Protervity, prō tēr-vīt-y, *s.* peevishness, Protest, prō-tēst', *v. a.* to give a solemn declaration, to enter a caveat against a bill not accepted or paid in due time [tion against something]

Protest, prō-tēst, *s.* a solemn declaration, Protestant, prōt'-ēs-tēt, *s.* one who protests against popery—*a.* belonging to protestants

Protestantism, prōt'-ēs-tān-tiz'm, *s.* religion of protestants

Protestation, prōt'-ēs-tā'-shūn, *s.* solemn declaration, a vow

Prothonotary, prō-thōn'-ō-tār-y, *s.* a head register or notary

Protocol, prō-tō-lōl, *s.* the original copy of a writing [mafter]

Protomartyr, prō-tō mār-tir, *s.* the first Prototype, prō-tō-tīpe, *s.* the original of a copy [to delay, to lengthen]

Protact, prō-trākt', *v. a.* to draw out, Protraction, prō-trāk'-shūn, *s.* a delay, a lengthening out

Protractive, prō-trāk'-tīv, *a.* delaying, spinning to length [forward]

Protrude, prō-trū-de, *v. a.* to thrust Protrusion, prō-trū'-shūn, *s.* the act of thrusting forward [ward]

Protrusive, prō-trū'-sīv, *a.* thrusting forth

Protuberance, prō-tū-bér-éns, *s.* a tumour, a prominence

Protuberant, prō-tū-bér-ént, *a.* swelling, prominent [swell out]

Protuberate, prō-tū-bér-āte, *v. n.* to Proud, prōūd, *a.* elated, haughty, presumptuous, grand [ence, to try]

Prove, prōve, *v. a.* to evince, to experience, Provider, prō-vēd'-it-ōr, or Prove-dore, prōv-ē-dē're, *s.* one who undertakes to procure supplies for an Army

Provender, prōv'-ēn-dér, *s.* dry food for brutes [a maxim]

Proverb, prōv'-ərb, *s.* a common saying, Proverbial, prō-vərb'-yāl, *a.* mentioned in or suitable to a proverb

Provide, prō-vīde, *v. a.* to prepare, to supply, to stipulate

Providence, prōv'-y-déns, *s.* foresight, God's care, prudence

Provident, prōv'-i-dént, *a.* forecasting, cautious [fected by Providence]

Provisional, prōv'-i-dén-shyāl, *a.* of Province, prōv'-ins, *s.* a region, tract, office

Provincial, prō-vīnsh'-yāl, *a.* relating to a province, rude—*s.* a spiritual governor [to a province]

Provinciate, prō-vīn'-shyāte, *v. a.* to turn Provision, prō-vīzh'-ūn, *s.* a providing beforehand, measures taken, stores laid up, victuals, stipulation

Provisional, prō vīzh'-ūn-āl, *a.* temporarily established

Proviso, prō-vī-zō, *s.* a stipulation, a caution [of anger]

Provocation, prōv'-ō-kā-shūn, *s.* a cause Provocative, prō-vōk'-āt-iv, *s.* what revives appetite

Provoke, prō-vōke, *v. a.* to rouse, to enrage, to challenge

Provost, prōv'-st, *s.* the chief of any corporate body [a ship—*a.* valiant]

Prow, prōw', *s.* the head or forepart of Prowess, prōw'-ēs, *s.* bravery, valour

Prowl, prōw'l, *v. a.* to rove over, to wander for prey

Proximate, prōk's-ym-ēt, *a.* immediate, near in approach

Proximity, prōk's-ym'-it-y, *s.* nearness

Proxy, prōk's-y, *s.* a substitute or agent for another, a deputy

Prude, prūde, *s.* an affected scrupulous woman [to practice]

Prudence, prū-déns, *s.* wisdom applied

Prudent, prū-dént, *a.* practically wise, discreet [ples of prudence]

Prudential, prū-dén-shyāl, *a.* on principle

Prudentiality, prū dén-shyāl'-it-y, *s.* eligibility on principles of prudence

Prudentials, prū-dén-shyālz, *s.* maxims of prudence [in conduct]

Prudery, prū-dér-y, *s.* over-much nicety

Prudish, prū-d-ish, *a.* affectedly grave

Prune, prūnc, *v. a.* to lop or crop, to clear from superfluities—*s.* a dried plum [stuff, a pl.]

Prucello, prū-nēl'-lō, *s.* a kind of si

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Sounds.—hât, hâte, hâll, liâr—mêt, dôeist, mêt, hér—chîn, chinc field, shirt—
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- Pruniferous**, prû nîf'-ér-ús, *a.* plum-bearing [less branches]  
**Pruning**, prû-nîng, *a.* lopping off use-  
**Prurient**, prû-rý-ént, *a.* itching, having a great desire  
**Pry**, prý, *v. a.* to inspect officiously, &c.  
**Psalm**, sál'm, *s.* a holy song [songs]  
**Psalmist**, sál'-míst, *s.* a writer of holy  
**Psalmody**, sál'-mô-dý, *s.* singing of psalms  
**Psalter**, sál'-tér, *s.* a psalm book  
**Psalttery**, sál'-tér-y, *s.* a kind of harp beaten with sticks [tended]  
**Pseudo**, sú-dô, *a.* false, conceited, pre-  
**Pseudography**, sú-dôg'-ráf-y, *s.* false writing [speaks falsely]  
**Pseudologer**, sú-dôl'-ô-dzhér, *s.* one who  
**Pseudology**, sú-dôl'-ô-dzhý, *s.* false speaking, lying [counterfeit martyr]  
**Pseudo martyr**, sú-dô-már'-tér, *s.* a  
**Pshaw**, shá, *interj.* expressing contempt  
**Psychology**, sí-kôl'-ô-dzhý, *s.* the doctrine of the nature of the soul  
**Ptisan**, tís-án, *s.* a cooling medical drink [kind]  
**Puberty**, pû-bér-tý, *s.* ripe age in man-  
**Pubescent**, pû-bés'-sént, *a.* arriving at puberty  
**Public**, pûb'-lyk, *a.* common, notorious, open, not concealed, general—*s.* the body of a nation, the people  
**Publican**, pûb'-ly-kán, *s.* a toll-gatherer, a victualler  
**Publication**, pûb ly-ká-shûn, *s.* the act of publishing, edition  
**Publicity**, pûb-lyk-shý, *s.* notoriety  
**Publicspirited**, pûb'-lyk-spír'-ít-éd, *a.* having regard to the general advantage above private good  
**Publish**, pûb'-lish, *v. a.* to make generally known, to set forth  
**Fuck**, pûk', *s.* a sprite among the fairies  
**Fuckball**, pûk'-bál, *s.* mushroom full of dust [wrinkles or folds]  
**Fucker**, pûk'-ér, *v. a.* to gather into  
**Fudder**, pûd'-ér, *s.* tumult, bustle—*v.* to make a pudder, to perplex  
**Pudding**, pûd'-dîng, *s.* a kind of food, a gut  
**Puddle**, pûd'l, *s.* a dirty plash  
**Pudency**, pû-dên-sý, or **Pudicity**, pû-dýs'-ít-sý, *s.* modesty, chastity  
**Puerile**, pû-ér-yl, *a.* childish  
**Puerility**, pû-ér-ýl-ít-y, *s.* childishness  
**Puerperous**, pû-ér-pér-ús, *a.* bearing children  
**Puet**, pû-ét, *s.* a kind of water fow.
- Puff**, pûf', *s.* a quick blast of wind, any thing porous, a thing to sprinkle powder on the hair, undeserved praise—*v. a.* to swell with wind—*v. n.* to blow, to breathe thick and hard  
**Puffin**, pûf'-yn, *s.* a sort of water-fow or fish [mit]  
**Puffy**, pûf'-fý, *a.* windy, flatulent, tu-  
**Pug**, pûg', *s.* a small Dutch dog, a monkey  
**Pugh**, pûh', *interj.* a word of contempt  
**Pugil**, pû-dzil, *s.* a small handful  
**Pugnaceous**, pûg ná-shús, *a.* inclinable to fight, quarrelsome [fight]  
**Pugnacity**, pûg-nás'-ýt-y, *s.* inclination to  
**Puisne**, pû'-ín, *a.* young, younger, inconsiderable [hic]  
**Puissant**, pû'-ýs-sént, *a.* powerful, forc-  
**Puke**, pûke, *s.* a vomit, a medicine causing a vomit—*v. n.* to vomit  
**Pulchritude**, pûl'-kri túde, *s.* beauty, grace [a chicken]  
**Pule**, pûlc, *v. n.* to whine, to cry like  
**Pull**, pûl', *v. a.* to draw forcibly, to pluck—*s.* the act of pulling, a pluck  
**Pullet**, pûl' lét, *s.* a young hen  
**Pulley**, pûl-ý, *s.* a small wheel for running a cord  
**Pulmonary**, pûl'-mô-nár-y, *a.* belonging to the lungs [of fruit]  
**Pulp**, pûlp', *s.* any soft mass, soft part  
**Pulpit**, pûl'-pýt, *s.* an exalted place to speak in  
**Pulpy**, pûlp'-ý, *a.* soft, pappy  
**Pulsation**, pûl-sá-shûn, *s.* a beating or moving with quick strokes against any thing opposing  
**Pulse**, pûls', *s.* all sorts of grain contained in pods, the motion of any artery, vibration [ing forward]  
**Pulsion**, pûl'-shûn, *s.* a driving or forc-  
**Pulverable**, pûl'-vér-éb'l, *a.* that may be reduced to dust  
**Pulverization**, pûl'-vér-í-zá-shûn, *s.* reduction to dust [to powder or dust]  
**Pulverize**, pûl'-vér-íz-e, *v. n.* to reduce  
**Pulverulent**, pûl'-vér-ú-lént, *a.* dusty covered with dust [of pores]  
**Pumice**, pûm'-ýs, *s.* a spongy stone full  
**Pump**, pûmp', *s.* a water-engine, a sort of shoe—*v.* to work a pump, to throw out by a pump, to examine artfully [pûm'-kyn, *s.* a plant]  
**Pumpion**, pûmp'-yón, or **Pumpkin**,  
**Pun**, pûn', *s.* a quibble, a ludicrous repartee—*v. n.* to quibble, to play upon words

shôt, nôte, lôse, actor—hât, pûsh, mâte, fûr—truly, rje—thus, thick.

- Punch**, pûnsh', *s.* a pointed instrument, sort of mixed liquor, a buffoon, a short fellow—*v. a.* to bore a hole with a punch
- Puncheon**, pûnsh'-ôn, *s.* a tool, a cask of 84 gallons [haviour, exactness]
- Punctilio**, pûngk-tîl'-yô, *s.* nicety of behaviour
- Punctilious**, pûngk-tîl'-yûs, *a.* exact, nice, ceremonious
- Punctual**, pûngk-tû-âl, *a.* exact, nice, punctilious
- Punctuality**, pûngk-tû-âl-î-t-y, *s.* nicety, scrupulous exactness
- Punctuation**, pûngk-tû-â-shûn, *s.* the act or method of pointing
- Punctulate**, pûngk-tû-lâte, *v. n.* to mark with small spots
- Puncture**, pûngk-tûre, *s.* a hole made with a sharp point
- Pungency**, pûn-gên-sý, *s.* acrimonious quality, power to pierce the mind
- Pungent**, pûn-dzhênt, *a.* pricking, sharp, biting [correct, to afflict]
- Punish**, pûn'-îsh, *v. a.* to chastise, to Punishment, pûn'-îsh-mênt, *s.* penalty inflicted for a crime
- Punition**, pû-nîsh'-ûn, *s.* punishment
- Punitive**, pû-nî-tîv, *a.* awarding or inflicting punishment [tute]
- Punk**, pûngk', *s.* a strumpet, a prostitute
- Punning**, pûn'-îng, *a.* quibbling, dealing in puns [of puns]
- Punster**, pûns'-têr, *s.* one who is fond of puns
- Punt**, pûnt', *v. a.* to play at basset or ombre—*s.* who punts
- Puny**, pû-ný, *a.* young, inferior, petty
- Pup**, pûp', *v. n.* to bring forth puppies
- Pupil**, pû-pîl, *s.* the apple of the eye, a scholar [a scholar, wardship]
- Pupillage**, pû-pîl'-êdz, *s.* state of being
- Pupillary**, pû-pîl'-âr-y, *a.* pertaining to a pupil or ward [doll]
- Puppet**, pûp'-pêt, *s.* a wooden image or
- Puppy**, pûp'-py, *s.* a whelp, a saucy ignorant fellow
- Porblind**, pûr-blînd, *a.* shortsighted
- Purchase**, pûr-tzhê's, *v. a.* to buy, to obtain by labour or danger, to atone for—*s.* thing purchased
- Pure**, pû're, *a.* not sullied, clear, unmingled, chaste
- Pureness**, pûre-nê's, *s.* innocence, simplicity, unmixed state
- Purgation**, pûr-gâ-shûn, *s.* the act of cleansing, &c.
- Purgative**, pûr-gâ-tîv, *a.* having power to cause evacuations
- Purgatorial**, pûr-gâ-tô-ry-âl, *a.* cleansing, belonging to purgatory
- Purgatory**, pûr-gâ-tô-ry, *s.* a place for souls to be purified
- Purge**, pûrdzh', *v. a.* to cleanse, to clarify, to cause stools—*v. n.* to have frequent stools—*s.* a purging medicine
- Purification**, pû-rî-fî-kâ-shûn, *s.* the act of making pure or clean
- Purify**, pû-rî-fý, *v. a.* to make pure, to clarify—*v. n.* to grow pure
- Puritan**, pû-rî-tân, *s.* sectary pretending to eminent sanctity of religion
- Puritanical**, pû-rî-tân'-î-kâl, *a.* relating to puritans [chastity]
- Purity**, pû-rî-tý, *s.* clearness, innocence
- Purl**, pûrl', *s.* an embroidered and puckered border, a kind of malt liquor—*v. n.* to flow with gentle noise
- Purlieu**, pûr-lû, *s.* a district, a border, an enclosure
- Purlins**, pûr-lîns, *s.* pieces of timber, across the rafters on the inside
- Purloin**, pûr-lô'n, *v. a.* to steal, to pilfer, to filch [in division]
- Purparty**, pûr-pár-tý, *s.* a share, a part
- Purple**, pûrp'l, *a.* red tinged with blue [red, a purple fever]
- Purple**, pûr-pl's, *s.* spots of a livid
- Purplish**, pûrp'-îsh, *a.* somewhat purple
- Purport**, pûr-pôrt, *s.* design, tendency, meaning—*v. n.* to intend, to tend to show
- Purpose**, pûr-pôs, *s.* intention, design, effect—*v.* to intend, to design, to resolve
- Purr**, pûr', *v. a.* to murmur as a cat or leopard when pleased
- Purse**, pûrs', *s.* a small bag for money
- Purser**, pûr-sêr, *s.* the pay-master of a ship [breath]
- Pursiveness**, pûr-sýv-nê's, *s.* shortness of
- Purslain**, pûrs'-lên, *s.* an herb
- Pursuance**, pûr-sû-ên's, *s.* prosecution, process
- Pursuant**, pûr-sû-ênt, *a.* done in consequence of any thing
- Pursue**, pûr-sû', *v. a.* to chase, to prosecute, to endeavour to go on
- Pursuit**, pûr-sû'te, *s.* the act of pursuing [dant on heralds]
- Pursuivant**, pûr-sû-y-ênt, *s.* an attendant
- Pursey**, pûr-sý, *a.* short-breathed and fat [of an animal]
- Purtenance**, pûr-tên-âns, *s.* the plu

Sounde—hät, häte, häll, liär—mät, däist, mä, här—chün, chine, ffeld, shirt. —

Parvey, pār-vä', v. to provide with or procure, to buy in provisions

Parveyor, pār-vä'-ör, s. one that provides victuals, a pimp

Parview, pār-vü', s. a providing clause

Purulent, pār-rü'ent, a. consisting of or generating corrupt matter or pus

Pus, püs', s. corruption, thick matter issuing from a sore

Push, püsh', v. to thrust, to press forward, to urge—s. a thrust, impulse, assault, trial

Pusillanimity, pä-sil'-ä-nim'-yü-y, s. cowardice, timidity

Pusillanimous, pä-sil'-än'-im'-üs, a. mean-spirited, cowardly

Puss, püs', s. a cat or hare

Pustule, püs'-täl, s. a small swelling, a pimple [pimpily]

Pustulous, püs'-täl-üs, a. full of pustules

Put, püt', v. a. to lay or place, to urge, to propose, to state, to offer, to unite

Put, püt', s. a sort of game at cards

Putative, pä'-tä-tiv, a. supposed, reputed

Putid, pä' tid, a. mean, vile

Putrescous, pä-träd'-y-nüs, a. rotten, stinking [ruption, rottenness]

Putrefaction, pä-trä-fäk'-shün, s. corruption

Putrefactive, pä-trä-fäk'-tiv, a. making rotten

Putrefy, pä-trä-fy, v. to rot, to make rotten

Putrescent, pä-trä-s'ent, a. growing rotten

Putrid, pä'-trid, a. rotten, corrupt

Putridity, pä-trid'-y-tü, s. rottenness

Putty, püt-tü, s. a kind of cement used by glaziers [rass—s. perplexity]

Puzzle, püs'l, v. to perplex, to embarrass

Pybald, pü'-bald, a. spotted with white or some different colour

Pygmy, püg-my, s. a dwarf

Pylorus, pü-lö'-rüs, s. the lower orifice of the stomach [ending in a point]

Pyramidal, pü-räm'-y-däl, or Pyramideal, pü-räm'-y-käl, a. having the form of a pyramid [are burag]

Pyre, püre, s. a pile on which the dead

Pyrites, pü-rä'-täs, s. a firestone

Pyromancy, pü-rö-män-sü, s. a divination by fire

Pyrometer, pü-röm'-s-tér, s. an instrument for measuring the expansion of bodies by heat

Pyrotechnical, pü-rö-ték'-nē-käl, a. relating to fire-works

Pyrotechny, pü-rö-ték'-nü, s. the art of making fire-works

Pyx, püks', s. a box in which the papists keep the host

## Q

QUACK, kwäk', v. a. to cry like a duck, to brag—s. a tricking practitioner in physic

Quackery, kwäk'-ér-y, s. mean or bad acts in physic

Quadragesimal, kwäd-rä' dzhäs'-ym-käl, a. belonging to Lent

Quadrangle, kwä' dräng'l, s. a square

Quadrangular, kwä' dräng'-ü-lär, a. having four angles

Quadrant, kwä' drënt, s. fourth part, an instrument with which latitudes are taken [part of a circle]

Quadrantal, kwä' dränt'-käl, a. in the fourth

Quadrate, kwä' dräte, a. having four equal sides [a square]

Quadratic, kwä' drät'-yk, a. belonging to

Quadrature, kwä' drä-türe, s. the act of squaring, the first and last q arter of the month, a square

Quadrennial, kwä' drën'-nyäl, a. consisting of or happening once in four years [squared]

Quadrable, kwä' dräb'l, a. that may be

Quadrified, kwäd'-rē-fyd, a. cloven into four divisions

Quadrilateral, kwäd'-rē-lät'-ér-käl, a. having four sides

Quadrille, kät'-dril', s. a game at cards

Quadrupartite, kwä' drüp'-är-tite, a. having four parts [four feet]

Quadruped, kwäd'-rüp'-päd, a. having four feet

Quadruple, kwäd'-rüp'l, a. fourfold

Quadruplicate, kwä' drüp'-püt-käte, v. a. to double twice

Quaff, kwäf', v. a. to drink luxuriously

Quaggy, kwäg'-gü, a. boggy, soft

Quagmire, kwäg'-mire, s. a shaking marsh

Quail, kwä'-e, s. a bird of game

shút, móte, lóse, actór—hút, púsh, máte, fúr—truly, rýe—thus, thick.

- Quailpipe, kwá'le-pipe, *s.* a pipe to allure quails with [artful]
- Quaint, kwá'nt, *a.* exact, nice, affected,
- Quaintness, kwá'nt-nés, *s.* petty elegance, nicety [or fear]
- Quake, kwá'ke, *v. n.* to shake with cold
- Quaker, kwá'kér, *s.* one of a religious sect so called [of the quakers]
- Quakerism, kwá'kér-íam, *s.* principles
- Qualification, kwál-y-f-ká-shún, *s.* what qualifies
- Qualify, kwál-y-fy, *v. a.* to make fit, to abate, to regulate
- Quality, kwál-yt-y, *s.* nature relatively considered, property, disposition, qualification, rank
- Qualm, kwá'm, *s.* a sudden fit of sickness, a temporary rising of the conscience [sickly languor]
- Qualmish, kwám-ish, *a.* seized with
- Quandary, kwán-dá-rý, *s.* a doubt, a difficulty
- Quantity, kwán-tý-y, *s.* bulk, part, large portion, measure of time in pronouncing syllables
- Quantum, kwán-túm, *s.* the quantity, the amount
- Quarantine, kúr-ín-tí-ne, *s.* the space of forty days, during which a ship, suspected of infection, is obliged to forbear intercourse or commerce
- Quarrel, kwár-rél, *s.* a brawl, a scuffle, a contest—*v. n.* to squabble, to fall into variance, to fight, to find fault
- Quarrelsome, kwár-rél-sóm, *a.* choleric, petulant
- Quarry, kwár-rý, *s.* a square, a stone mine—*v. n.* to prey upon, to dig out stones [digs in a quarry]
- Quarryman, kwár-rý-mán, *s.* one who
- Quart, kwárt, *s.* the fourth part of a gallon
- Quartan, kwár-tán, *s.* the fourth day
- ague—*a.* returning every fourth day
- Quartation, kwár-tá-shún, *s.* a chymical operation
- Quarter, kwár-tér, *s.* a fourth part, three months, proper station, mercy, a measure of eight bushels—*v. a.* to divide into four parts, to station or lodge, to diet, to bear as an appendage [terly allowance]
- Quarterage, kwár-tér-édzh, *s.* a quarter
- Quarter Day, kwár-tér dá, *s.* the day to pay or receive rent or pension
- Quarterdeck, kwár-tér-dék, *s.* a short upper deck
- Quartermaster, kwár-tér-más-tér, *s.* one who regulates the quarters of soldiers [of a pint]
- Quatern, kwár-térn, *s.* the fourth part
- Quarters, kwár-térz, *s.* places where soldiers are billeted
- Quarterstaff, kwár-tér-stáf, *s.* an ancient staff of defence
- Quarto, kwár-tò, *s.* a book in which every sheet makes four leaves
- Quash, kwásh, *v. a.* to crush, to annul, to be shaken with a noise
- Quassation, kwás-sá-shún, *s.* act of shaking any thing to pieces
- Quatercousins, ká'tér-kóz'nz, *s.* friends
- Quaternion, kwá'tér-nyón, *s.* the number four
- Quatrain, kwá'trín, *s.* a stanza of four lines
- Quaver, kwá-vér, *v. n.* to shake the voice, to vibrate—*s.* a note equal in time to half a crotchet, a shake of the voice
- Quay, ké', *s.* a key for landing goods
- Quean, kwé'ne, *s.* a worthless woman
- Queasy, kwé-zy, *a.* fastidious, sick at the stomach [pain]
- Quack, kék', *v. n.* to shrink, to shew
- Queen, kwé'ne, *s.* the wife of a king
- Queer, kwé're, *a.* odd, strange, particular [to appease]
- Quell, kwél', *v. a.* to crush, to subdue
- Quench, kwénsh', *v. a.* to extinguish fire, to allay, to destroy—*v. n.* to grow cool
- Querent, kwé-rént, *s.* a plaintiff
- Querimonious, kwér-y-mó-nyús, *a.* complaining, querulous
- Querist, kwé-ríst, *s.* an asker of questions
- Quern, kwérín, *s.* a hand-mill, a churn
- Querpo, kwér-pò, *s.* a dress close to the body [complaining]
- Querulous, kwér-ú-lús, *a.* habitually
- Query, kwé-rý, *s.* a question—*v. a.* to ask questions
- Quest, kwést', *s.* a search, an impanelled jury—*v. n.* to go in search
- Question, kwésh-túm, *s.* interrogatory, inquiry, subject of debate, doubt—*v. a.* to inquire, to debate, to doubt
- Questionable, kwésh tón-éb'l, *a.* doubtful, suspicious, liable to question
- Questionary, kwésh-tón-ér-y, *a.* inquiring

*sounds*—hkt, hâ, hâ, hâ, hâ—mkt, dâist, mâ, hâ—chîn, chîne, field. skirt—

Questionless, kw'âh-sôn-lâ, *a.* without doubt, certainly [lawuits

Questman, kw'êt-mân, *s.* a starter of Questuary, kw'êt-tû-âr-y, *a.* studious of profit, greedy [pun—*s.* a pan

Quibble, kw'ib'l, *v. n.* to equivocate, to Quick, kw'ik, *a.* living, nimble, sharp, speedy, active—*ad.* nimbly, speedily, readily—*s.* living flesh, any sensible parts

Quicken, kw'ik'n, *v. a.* to make alive, to hasten, to excite—*v. n.* to become alive [ed

Quicklime, kw'ik-lîme, *s.* lime anquench-Quickness, kw'ik-nês, *s.* sharpness, sagacity, swiftness, activity

Quicksand, kw'ik-sând, *s.* a moving sand, unsolid ground

Quickset, kw'ik-sêt, *v. a.* to plant with living plants—*s.* living plants set to grow

Quicksilver, kw'ik-sîl-vér, *s.* mercury

Quid, kw'id, *s.* a morsel to be held in the mouth and chewed, a small quantity of tobacco held in the mouth

Quiddity, kw'id-î-t-y, *s.* essence, a trifling nicety, a cavil

Quiescent, kw'î-êt-sênt, *a.* resting, lying at repose

Quiet, kw'î-êt, *a.* still, peaceable, not ruffled—*s.* rest, repose, tranquillity—*v. a.* to calm, to pacify, to still

Quietly, kw'î-êt-î-y, *ad.* calmly, without offence, without violence

Quietness, kw'î-êt-nês, *s.* tranquillity, stillness, coolness of temper

Quietsome, kw'î-êt-sôm, *a.* calm, still

Quiétude, kw'î-êt-tâde, *s.* rest repose

Quill, kw'il, *s.* the hard and strong feather of the wing, a weaver's reed

Quillet, kw'il-î-êt, *s.* subtilty, nicety

Quilt, kw'il, *s.* the cover of a bed—*v. a.* to stitch one cloth upon another with something soft between them [five

Quinary, kw'î-nâr-y, *a.* consisting of Quince, kw'îns, *s.* a tree or its fruit

Quincunx, kw'în-khngks, *s.* plantation of five trees (one at each corner of a square and a fifth in the middle,) five twelfths of any thing

Quinquagesima, kw'în-kw'î-êz-hîs-y-mâ, *s.* the first Sunday in Lent

Quinquennial, kw'în-kw'în-nyîl, *a.* lasting or happening once in five years

Quinsy, kw'în-z-y, *s.* a tumid inflammation in the throat

Quint, kw'înt, *s.* a set or sequence of five

Quintal, kw'în-tîl, *s.* an hundred pound weight

Quintessence, kw'în-tê-sêns, *s.* a fifth being, the virtue of any thing extracted

Quintessential, kw'în-tê-sên-ah-yîl, *a.* consisting of or containing the quintessence [times told

Quintuple, kw'în-tûp'l, *s.* five-fold, five

Quip, kw'îp, *v. a.* to rally—*s.* a jest, a taunt

Quire, kw'îre, *s.* a body of singers, 24 sheets of paper—*v. n.* to sing in concert

Quirister, kw'îr-îs-tér, *s.* a chorister

Quirk, kw'îrk, *s.* a smart taunt, a turn, subtilty

Quit, kw'ît, *a.* free, clear—*v. a.* to discharge, to repay, to give up

Quite, kw'îte, *ad.* completely, perfectly

Quitrent, kw'ît-rênt, *s.* a small rent reserved

Quittance, kw'ît-têns, *s.* an acquittance, a receipt

Quiver, kw'îv-ér, *s.* case for arrows—*v. n.* to quake

Quoif, kw'îf, *s.* a cap

Quoin, kw'în, *s.* a corner, a wedge

Quoit, kw'ît, *s.* a sort of horse-shoe to play with

Quondam, kw'ôn-dâm, *a.* having been formerly

Quorum, kw'ô-rûm, *s.* a bench of justices, a special commission

Quota, kw'ô-tâ, *s.* a share, a rate

Quotation, kw'ô-tâ-shûn, *s.* a citation, passage quoted

Quote, kw'ô-te, *v. a.* to cite, to adduce the words of another

Quoth, kw'ô-th, *r. imperf.* say I or said I

Quotidian, kw'ô-tîd-yân, *a.* daily, happening every day

Quotient, kw'ô-shênt, *s.* in arithmetic, the number produced by division

shōt, nōte, lōse, actōr—hūt, pūsh, mūte, fūr—truly, rje—thus, thick

## R.

- RABATE**, rā-bā'te, *v. n.* to recover a hawk to the fist again
- Rabbet**, rāb-bēt, *s.* a joint in carpentry, a groove—*v. a.* to make a rabbet joint
- Rabbi**, rāb-bī, *or* **Rabbin**, rāb-bīn, *s.* a doctor among the Jews
- Rabbinical**, rāb-bīn'-y-kāl, *a.* relating to rabbies
- Rabbit**, rāb-bīt, *s.* a four-footed furry animal that burrows in the ground
- Rabble**, rāb'l, *s.* an assembly of mean people
- Rabid**, rāb'-yd, *a.* fierce, furious, mad
- Race**, rā'-se, *s.* a family, generation, particular breed, a running match, a course
- Racehorse**, rā'se-hōrs, *or* **Racer**, rā'-sér, *s.* a running horse, a horse bred to run for prizes
- Racing**, rā's'-yng, *p.* running in a race
- Rack**, rāk, *s.* an engine to torture, torture, a wooden frame for hay or bottles—*v. n.* to stream as clouds before the wind—*v. a.* to torture, to harass, to defecate
- Racket**, rāk'-ēt, *s.* a noise, an instrument to strike a tennis ball
- Racoon**, rāk'-ō-ne, *s.* an American animal like a badger
- Rack-rent**, rāk'-rēnt, *s.* rent raised to the utmost
- Racy**, rā'-sy, *a.* strong, retaining flavour
- Radiant**, rā'-dyēnt, *a.* shining, emitting rays [shine]
- Radiate**, rā'-dyāte, *v. n.* to emit rays, to Radiated, rā'-dyāt-ēd, *a.* adorned with rays [of rays]
- Radiation**, rā'-dyā'-shūn, *s.* an emission
- Radical**, rād'-y-kāl, *a.* primitive, original, implanted by nature
- Radicate**, rād'-y-kāte, *v. a.* to root, to plant deeply [fixing deep]
- Radication**, rād'-y-kā'-shūn, *s.* the act of Radicie, rād'-y-k'l, *s.* that part of the seed of a plant which becomes its root
- Radish**, rād'-y-sh, *s.* an esculent root
- Radius**, rā'-dyūs, *s.* the semi-diameter of a circle
- Radix**, rā'-dyks, *s.* root of a plant, any primitive word
- Raffle**, rāf'l, *v. n.* to cast dice for a prize—*s.* a lottery by casting dice
- Raft**, rāft, *s.* a frame or float of wood
- Rafter**, rāf-tér, *s.* the roof timbers of a house
- Raftered**, rāf-tér-d, *a.* built with rafters
- Rag**, rāg, *s.* any thing tattered or worn out [mean fellow]
- Ragamuffin**, rāg-ā-mūf'-f-yn, *s.* a paltry
- Rage**, rā'dzh, *s.* violent anger, fury passion [in rags, rugged]
- Ragged**, rāg-gēd, *a.* rent into or dressed
- Ragman**, rāg-mān, *s.* a dealer in rags
- Ragout**, rā-gō, *s.* a high-seasoned stewed meat
- Rail**, rā'le, *s.* a sort of wooden or iron fence—*v. n.* to enclose with rails—*v. a.* to insult [rical mirth]
- Raillery**, rā'l-ér-y, *s.* slight satire, sati-
- Raiment**, rā-mēnt, *s.* vesture, dress, clothes
- Rain**, rā'ne, *v. n.* to fall in drops from the clouds—*v. a.* to pour down as rain—*s.* moisture that falls from the clouds
- Rainbow**, rā'ne-bō, *s.* a various coloured arch in the clouds, formed by the refraction of the sunbeams
- Raindeer**, rā'ne-dē're, *s.* large northern deer
- Rainy**, rā'ne-y, *a.* showry, wet
- Raise**, rā'ze, *v. a.* to lift, to erect, to elevate, to advance, to collect or levy
- Raisin**, rā'z'n, *s.* a dried grape
- Rake**, rā'ke, *s.* an instrument with teeth, a loose thoughtless fellow—*v. a.* to gather or clear with a rake, to scour—*n. n.* to search
- Rakehell**, rā'ke-hēl, *s.* a wild, worthless, debauched fellow [lute]
- Rakish**, rā'ke-ysh, *a.* loose, lewd, dissol-
- Rally**, rāl'-ly, *v. a.* to reunite disordered troops, to treat with satirical merriment
- Ram**, rām', *s.* a male sheep, an engine to batter walls—*v. a.* to drive with violence
- Ramble**, rām'b'l, *v. n.* to rove loosely, to wander—*s.* an irregular excursion
- Rambler**, rām'-blér, *s.* one who rambles from one place to another
- Ramification**, rām-i-f-i-kā'-shūn, *s.* branching out



*Sounds*—hát, hâte, háll, liár—mêt, dêisist, mâ, hêr—chîn, chine, field, shírt.—

**Ramify**, râm'-y-fî, *v. a.* to separate into branches [ram with

**Hammer**, râm'-mêr, *s.* an instrument to

**Rammish**, râm'-mish, *a.* strong scented

**Ramous**, râm'-mús, *a.* consisting of branches

**Ramp**, râm'p, *v. n.* to leap about, to climb—*s.* a leap, a spring

**Rampant**, râm'p-ênt, *a.* exuberant, ready to attack an enemy, frisky, wanton

**Rampart**, râm'-párt, or **Rampire**, râm'-pîr, *s.* the wall round fortified places

**Ran**, rân', *pret. of Run* [stinking

**Rancid**, rân'-sîd, *a.* strong scented,

**Rancidity**, rân-sîd'-it-y, *s.* strong scent

**Rancorous**, rân'gk'-ôr-ús, *a.* malignant, malicious, direful [lignity

**Rancour**, rân'gk'-ôr, *s.* inveterate ma-

**Rand**, rân'd, *s.* a border, the seam of a shoe

**Random**, rân'-dóm, *s.* want of direction, chance—*a.* done by chance, without plan

**Rang**, rân'g, *pret. of Ring*

**Range**, rân'dzh, *v. a.* to place in order or rank, to rove over—*v. n.* to rove at large—*s.* a rank, an excursion, a kitchen grate

**Ranger**, rân'dzh-êr, *s.* a rover, an officer who attends the game of a forest

**Rank**, rân'g, *a.* luxuriant, fruitful, strong scented, high tasted, high grown—*s.* a line of men, class, order, degree—*v. a.* to place in a row, to arrange—*v. n.* to be ranged

**Rankle**, rân'gk'l, *v. n.* to fester, to be inflamed

**Rankness**, rân'gk'-nês, *s.* superfluity of growth, exuberance

**Ransack**, rân'-sák, *v. a.* to plunder, to search narrowly

**Ransom**, rân'-sóm, *s.* a price paid for liberty—*v. a.* to redeem

**Rant**, rân't, *v. a.* to rave in high-sounding language—*s.* high-sounding language [rakish

**Rantipole**, rân't'-y-pôle, *a.* wild, roving,

**Ranunculus**, rân'-nûnk'-û-lús, *s.* the flower crowfoot

**Rap**, râp', *v. a.* to strike smartly—*v. a.* to snatch, to strike with a quick, smart blow—*s.* a quick smart blow

**Rapacious**, râ-pâ'-shús, *a.* given to plunder, seizing by violence

**Rapacity**, râ-pâs'-yt-y, *s.* exercise of plunder, ravenousness

**Rape**, râ'pe, *s.* a violent defloration of chastity, a plant

**Rapid**, râp'-yd, *a.* quick, swift

**Rapidity**, râ pîd'-it-y, *s.* velocity, swiftness

**Rapier**, râ'-pyér, *s.* a small sword

**Rapine**, râp'-yn, *s.* the act of plundering, violence

**Rapt**, râpt, *s.* trance, ecstasy

**Rapture**, râp'-tûre, *s.* ecstasy, transport, rapidity

**Raptured**, râp'-tûrd, *a.* ravished, transported [porting

**Rapturous**, râp'-tû-rús, *a.* ecstatic, trans-

**Rare**, râ're, *a.* scarce, excellent, thin, raw [in a box

**Rareeshow**, râ'-ry-shô, *s.* a show carried

**Rarefaction**, râ-rê-fâk'-shûn, *s.* extension of the parts of any body

**Rarefactive**, râ-rê-fâk'-tív, *a.* tending to rarefy [v. n. to become thin

**Rarefy**, râ-rê-fâ-y, *v. a.* to make thin—

**Rarely**, râ-rê-ly, *ad.* seldom, not often

**Rareness**, râ-rê-nês, *s.* scarceness

**Rarity**, râ-rît'-y, *s.* uncommonness, thinness [scoundie

**Rascal**, râs'-kál, *s.* a mean fellow, a

**Rascalion**, râs-kál'-lyón, *s.* one of the lowest people

**Rascality**, râs-kál'-y-ty, *s.* the scum or the people [erase

**Rase**, râ'ze, *v. a.* to skim, to destroy, to

**Rash**, râsh', *a.* hasty, violent, precipitate—*s.* a breaking out

**Rasher**, râsh'-êr, *s.* a thin slice of bacon

**Rashness**, râsh'-nês, *s.* inconsiderateness, precipitation

**Rasp**, râsp', *s.* a raspberry, a rough file

*v. a.* to rub with a rasp

**Raspberry**, râs-bêr'-y, *s.* a berry of a pleasant flavour [writing

**Rasure**, râ-shûr, *s.* a scraping out of

**Rat**, râ't, *s.* an animal of the mouse kind

**Ratafia**, râ't-x-fî, *s.* a cordial liquor

**Ratan**, râ't-ân', *s.* a small Indian cane

**Rate**, râ'te, *s.* a price or quota, degree, manner of doing any thing, a parish tax—*v.* to value, to chide hastily

**Rather**, râth'-êr, *ad.* more willingly, preferably [firmation

**Ratification**, râ't-y-fî-kâ'-shûn, *s.* a confirmation, to confirm, to settle [price, scolding

**Rating**, râ't-îng, *part.* fixing at a certain

**Ratio**, râ'-shô, *s.* a proportion

**Raciocinate**, râ-shi-ô-sîn-â-te, *v. a.* to reason, to argue

shüt, nôte, lôse, actôr—hüt, pûsh, mâte, fûr—truly, rÿe—thus, thick

- Ratiocination, rā-shē-ōs-ŷn-ā'-shūn, *s.* a reasoning or arguing
- Ratiocinative, rā-shē-ōs-ŷn-ā'-tīv, *a.* argumentative, advancing by progress of discourse [to each man]
- Ration, rāsh-ōs, *s.* portion of forage, &c.
- Rational, rāsh-ōn-ā'l, *a.* having the power of reasoning, agreeable to reason, judicious
- Rationale, rā-shūn-ā'-lē, *s.* a detail with reasons [of reasoning]
- Rationality, rā-shūn-ā'l-ŷtē, *s.* the power
- Ratsbane, rāts-bāne, *s.* poison for rats, arsenic
- Rattle, rāt'l, *s.* quick noise nimbly repeated, empty talk, a child's plaything—*v.* to make a noise, to rail, to scold [steady]
- Rattleheaded, rāt'l-hēd-ēd, *a.* giddy, not
- Rattleskull, rāt'l-sk'ūl, *s.* a noisy empty fellow [with a rattle in the tail]
- Rattlesnake, rāt'l-snāke, *s.* a serpent
- Ravage, rāv-ēdz, *v.* to lay waste, to sack, to pillage—*s.* spoil, ruin, waste
- Raucity, rā-sŷt-ŷ, *s.* hoarseness, a loud rough noise
- Rave, rāv, *v.* to be delirious, to be very fond
- Ravel, rāv'l, *v.* to entangle, to unweave—*v. n.* to fall into perplexity or confusion [tification]
- Ravelin, rāv-līn, *s.* a half moon in fortification
- Raven, rāv'n, *s.* a large black carrion fowl [gry to rage]
- Ravenous, rāv'n-ūs, *a.* voracious, hungry
- Raven, rāv'n, *s.* prey, rapine
- Ravin, rāv-ŷn, *s.* dell or deep vale
- Raving, rāv-ŷng, *p.* talking as one delirious, exclaiming furiously
- Ravish, rāv-ŷsh, *v.* to deflower by force, to rapture, to delight
- Ravishment, rāv-ŷsh-mēnt, *s.* transport, rapture, a forcible violation of chastity [not skilled, chill]
- Raw, rā, *a.* not subdued by fire, sore,
- Rawness, rā-nēs, *s.* state of being raw, victuals not sufficiently dressed or even undressed [herb]
- Ray, rā, *s.* a beam of light, a fish, an
- Raze, rāze, *s.* a root of ginger
- Razor, rā-zōr, *s.* a tool for shaving
- Razure, rā-zhur, *s.* the act of erasing
- Reach, rē'sh, *v.* to touch with the hand extended, to arrive at, to fetch and give, to hold out—*s.* the act or power of reaching, power, contrivance, fetch, extant
- Reaction, rē-āk'-shūn, *s.* the reciprocation of an impulse
- Read, rēde, *v.* to peruse, to discover, to know fully—*v. n.* to perform the act of perusing writing, to be studious in books
- Read, rēd, *pret. and part. of Read*—*a.* skillful by reading
- Reader, rēd'-er, *s.* one who reads
- Readily, rēd'-ŷ-lē, *ad.* expeditely, with little hindrance or delay
- Reading, rēd'-ŷng, *s.* study, lecture, variation of copies
- Readiness, rēd'-ŷ-nēs, *s.* willingness, preparedness
- Readmission, rē-ād-mŷsh-ŷn, *s.* the act of admitting again
- Readmit, rē-ād-mŷt, *v.* to let in again
- Ready, rēd'-ŷ, *a.* prepared, willing
- Reaffirmance, rē-āf-fŷrm-ēns, *s.* a second confirmation
- Real, rē-ā'l, *a.* not fictitious, genuine
- Reality, rē-ā'l-ŷtē, *s.* truth, what is
- Realize, rē-ā-līze, *v.* to bring into being or act
- Ream, rēlm, *s.* a kingdom, a state
- Ream, rēme, *s.* twenty quires of paper
- Reanimate, rē-ān-ŷ-māte, *v.* to restore to life [again]
- Reannex, rē-ān-nēk's, *v.* to annex
- Reap, rēp, *v.* to cut down corn
- Reaper, rēp'-ēr, *s.* one who reaps
- Rear, rēre, hinder troop, last class—*v.* to raise up, to rouse—*a.* raw, half-roasted, half sodden
- Rear-admiral, rēre-ād-mi-rāl, *s.* the admiral of the third or last division
- Rearmouse, rēf-mōūs, *s.* a bat
- Reascend, rē-ās-sēnd, *v.* to climb again
- Reason, rēz'n, *s.* a cause, a principle, a motive—*v.* to argue rationally
- Reasonable, rēz'n-ēb'l, *a.* having the faculty of reason
- Reasoning, rēz'n-ŷng, *s.* argument
- Reassemble, rē-ās-sēm'b'l, *v.* to collect anew [again, to reassume]
- Reassume, rē-ās-sūme, *v.* to take
- Reassure, rē-ās-shūre, *v.* to renew a promise, to release from fear
- Reave, rēve, *v.* to take by stealth
- Rebaptize, rē-bāp-tīze, *v.* to baptize again
- Rebate, rē-bāte, *v.* to blunt
- Rebel, rēb'l, *s.* one who opposes law or authority

*Sounds*—hăt, hâte, hăl, liăr—măt, dəsist, mē, hēr—chŭn, chine, field, shirt.—

**Rebel**, rē-bél', *v. n.* to oppose lawful authority

**Rebellion**, rē-bél'-lyón, *s.* insurrection against lawful authority

**Rebellious**, rē-bél'-lyús, *a.* opponent to lawful authority [back

**Rebound**, rē-bóund', *v. n.* to spring

**Rebuff**, rē-búf', *s.* a quick and sudden resistance—*v. a.* to beat back

**Rebuild**, rē-býld', *v. a.* to build again

**Rebuke**, rē-búke, *v. a.* to chide

**Rebus**, rē-bús, *s.* a riddle, a picture

**Recall**, rē-kál', *s.* a calling over or back again [opinion or expression

**Recant**, rē-kánt', *v. a.* to retract an

**Recantation**, rē-kán-tá-shŭn, *s.* retracting an opinion

**Recapitulate**, rē-ká-pít-ú-láte, *v. a.* to repeat again distinctly

**Recapitulation**, rē-ká-pít-ú-lá'-shŭn, *s.* distinct repetition of the principal points

**Recede**, rē-séde', *v. n.* to fall back

**Receipt**, rē-séte', *s.* the act of receiving, a note by which money is acknowledged to have been received, prescription of ingredients for any composition

**Receivable**, rē-sé-vébl', *a.* capable of being received

**Receive**, rē-sé've, *v. a.* to take, admit

**Receiver**, rē-sé-vér, *s.* one who receives

**Recension**, rē-sén'-shŭn, *s.* review

**Recent**, rē-sént, *a.* new, late, fresh

**Receptacle**, rē-sép'-tákl', *s.* a place to receive things in

**Reception**, rē-sép'-shŭn, *s.* treatment, receiving

**Receptive**, rē-sép'-tív, *a.* capable of

**Recess**, rē-sés, *s.* retirement, secret part [retreating

**Recession**, rē-sés'h-ŭn, *s.* the act of

**Rechange**, rē-tshá'ndzh, *v. a.* to change again

**Recharge**, rē-tshhár'dzh, *v. a.* to accuse in return, to attack anew [tion

**Recipe**, rēs-sí-pý, *s.* a medical prescription

**Recipient**, rē-síp'-yént, *s.* a receiver, a vessel to receive

**Reciprocal**, rē-síp'-rō-kál, *a.* alternate

**Reciprocate**, rē-síp'-rō-káte, *v. n.* to act interchangeably

**Reciprocation**, rē-síp'-rō-ká'-shŭn, *s.* an action interchanged

**Recission**, rē-síz'-shŭn, *s.* a cutting off

**Recital**, rē-sí-tál, or **Recitation**, rēs-sí-tá-shŭn, *s.* repetition

**Recitative**, rēs-y-tá-tív, or **Recitativo**, rēs-y-tá-tív'-ó, *s.* a sort of singing that comes near to pronunciation, chaunt

**Recite**, rē-síte, *v. a.* to rehearse

**Reck**, rēk', *v. a.* to heed, to mind

**Reckless**, rēk'-lēs, *a.* careless

**Reckon**, rēk'n, *v. a.* to number, to lay stress or dependence upon

**Reckoning**, rēk'n-ŭng, *s.* estimation, calculation, money charged by a host for entertainment

**Reclaim**, rē-klám, *v. a.* to reform

**Recline**, rē-klíne, *v. n.* to lean sideways or back

**Reclose**, rē-klóze, *v. a.* to close again

**Reclude**, rē-klúde, *v. a.* to open

**Recluse**, rē-klú'se, *a.* shut up

**Recognisance**, rē-kón'-y-zéns, *s.* a bond of record, a badge

**Recognize**, rē-kóg-nize, *v. a.* to acknowledge, to review

**Recognition**, rē-kóg-nísh'-ŭn, *s.* review, acknowledgment

**Recognizance**, rē-kón'-y-zéns, *s.* an obligation under a penalty

**Recoil**, rē-kóil', *v. n.* to rush back, to shrink

**Recoinage**, rē-kóy'-nézh, *s.* the act of coining anew

**Recollect**, rē-kól'-lékt', *v. a.* to recover to memory, &c.

**Recollection**, rē-kól'-lék'-shŭn, *s.* recovery of notion, revival in the memory [begin anew

**Recompence**, rē-kóm-mén'se, *v. a.* to

**Recommend**, rēk-óm-ménd', *v. a.* to commend to another

**Recommendation**, rēk-óm-mén-dá'-shŭn, *s.* that which secures to one a kind reception from another

**Recommendatory**, rēk-óm-mén-dá-tór-y, *a.* recommending [mit anew

**Recommit**, rē-kóm-mít', *v. a.* to

**Recompence**, rē-kóm-pén's, *s.* compensation, reward, requital

**Recompence**, rēk-óm-pén'se, *s. v. a.* to repay, to requite—*s.* an equivalent

**Recompose**, rē-kóm-póze, *v. a.* to quick

**Reconcile**, rēk-ón-sile, *v. a.* to compose differences

**Reconcilable**, rēk-ón-sí-léb'l, *a.* capable of renewed kindness

**Reconciliation**, rēk-ón-sí-e-mént, *s.* reconciliation

**Reconciliation**, rēk-ón-sí-yá'-shŭn, *s.* renewal of friendship

**Recondite**, rē-kón-dít, *a.* secret

shōt, uōte, lōse, actōr—hūt, pūsh, mūte, fūr—truly, rye—thus, thick.

Reconduct, rē-kōn-dūkt', *v. a.* to conduct again [a view of

Reconvoite, rē-kōn-nōt'r, *v. a.* to take  
Reconvene, rē-kōn-vēne, *v. a.* to assemble anew

Record, rē-kōrd', *v. a.* to register

Record, rēk'ōrd, *s.* an authentic enrolment, register

Recorder, rē-kōrd'-ēr, *s.* a law officer

Recover, rē-kōv'-ēr, *v. a.* to restore from sickness or disorder, to regain—*v. n.* to grow well again

Recoverable, rē-kōv'-ēr-ēb'l, *a.* possible to be restored

Recovery, rē-kōv'-ēr-y, *s.* restoration from sickness

Recount rē-kōunt', *v. a.* to relate

Recourse, rē-kōrs, *s.* application as for help or protection [ate

Recreate, rēk'-rē-ēt, *a.* cowardly, apostate

Recreate, rēk'-rē-ate, *v. a.* to amuse, to refresh

Recreation, rēk'-rē-ā-shūn, *s.* amusement, refreshment, diversion

Recreative, rēk'-rē-ā-tiv, *a.* refreshing, amusing [less parts

Recrement, rēk'-rē-mēt, *s.* dross, use

Recremental, rēk'-rē-mēt-āl, or Recrementitious, rēk'-rē-mēt-tish'-ūs, *a.* drossy [accuse in return

Recriminate, rē-krim'-in-ate, *v. n.* to

Recrimination, rē-krim'-in-ā-shūn, *s.* an accusation retorted

Recriminator, rē-krim'-in-ā-tōr, *s.* he that recriminates

Recruit, rē-kro'ite, *v.* to repair or replace, to supply, to raise new soldiers—*s.* a new supply, a new raised soldier [angles of 90 degrees

Rectangle, rēk-tāng'l, *s.* a figure with

Rectangular, rēk-tāng-gù-lār, *a.* having rectangles

Rectification, rēk-ti-fi-kā-shūn, *s.* the act of setting right what is wrong, an improving by distillation

Rectify, rēk-ti-fy, *v. a.* to make right, to reform, to improve by repeated distillation

Rectilineal, rēk-ti-lin'-yāl, *s.* consisting of right lines [right lines

Rectilinear, rēk-ti-lin'-yār, *a.* having

Rectitude, rēk-ti-tūde, *s.* straightness, uprightness

Rector, rēk'tōr, *s.* a ruler, a governor, a parson of an unimpropriated parish

Rectory, rēk'tōr-y, *s.* a spiritual living or unimpropriated parish

Recubation, rēk-ū-bā-shūn, *s.* the act of lying or leaning

Recumbence, rē-kūm-bēns, *s.* repose, posture of lying [ing, resting

Recumbent, rē-kūm-bēnt, *a.* lying, lean-

Recuperation, rē-kū-pēr-ā-shūn, *s.* recovery of a thing lost

Recur, rē-kūr', *v. n.* to come back to the thought, to have recourse to

Recurrence, rē-kūr'-rēns, *s.* a return

Recurrent, rē-kūr'-rēt, *a.* returning from time to time

Recurvation, rē-kūr-vā-shūn, or Recurvity, rē-kūr-vit'y, *s.* flexure backwards

Recusant, rē-kū-zēnt, *s.* one that refuses any terms of communion or society [ject

Recuse, rē-kūze, *v. n.* to refuse, to

Red, rēd', *a.* of the colour of blood

Redden, rēd'n, *v. a.* to make red—*v. n.* to grow red

Reddish, rēd'-dīsh, *a.* somewhat red

Reddition, rēd-dish'-ūn, *s.* restitution

Redditive, rēd'-dīt-iv, *a.* answering to an interrogative

Reddle, rēd'l, *s.* soft heavy red marle

Rede, rēde, *s.* counsel, advice—*v. a.* to advise

Redeem, rē-dē-me, *v. a.* to ransom, to recover, to make amends or atone for

Redeemer, rē-dē-mēr, *s.* one who redeems, the Saviour

Redemption, rē-dēm-p-shūn, *s.* a ransom, a purchase of God's favour by the death of Christ

Redemptional, rē-dēm-p-shūn-āl, *a.* relating to redemption [ransom

Redemptory, rē-dēm-p-tōr-y, *a.* paid for

Redintegration, rē-din-tē-grā-shūn, *s.* renovation, restoration

Redlead, rēd'-lēd, *s.* minium

Redolence, rēd'-ō-lēns, or Redolency, rēd'-ō-lēn-sy, *s.* sweet scent

Redouble, rē-dūb'l, *v. a.* to repeat over and over [fortification

Redoubt, rē-dōūt', *s.* the outwork of a

Redoubtable, rē-dōūt'-ēb'l, *a.* terrible to foes, formidable

Redoubted, rē-dōūt'-ēd, *a.* dread, terrible [back by reaction

Redound, rē-dōūd, *v. n.* to be sent

Redress, rē-drēs', *v. a.* to set right, to amend, to relieve—*s.* amendment, relief, remedy

Redressive, rē-drēs'-ēv, *a.* affording remedy

*Sounds*—hät, häte, 'äll, liär—mät, dëist, më, hër—chün, chüne, feld, shirt—

- Redstreak**, rēd' strēke, *s.* a sort of apple and cider
- Reduce**, rē-dūce, *v. a.* to impair, to make less, to subdue
- Reducible**, rē-dū-sib'l, *a.* that may be reduced [reducing]
- Reduction**, rē-dūk'-shūn, *s.* the act of
- Reductive**, rē-dūk'-tīv, *a.* having the power of reducing
- Redundant**, rē-dūn-dēnt, *a.* superabundant, superfluous
- Reduplicate**, rē-dū' plī-kāte, *v. a.* to double over again
- Reduplication**, rē-dū' plīk-ā'shūn, *s.* the act of doubling [bling again]
- Reduplicative**, rē-dū' plī-kā-tīv, *a.* doubling
- Reed**, rē'de, *s.* a hollow knotted stalk, a small pipe, arrow
- Reedify**, rē-dū-y-fy, *v. a.* to rebuild, to build again
- Reedy**, rē-dy, *a.* abounding with reeds
- Reef**, rē'fe, *s.* a row of eyelet holes in a sail, a chain of rocks near the surface of the water—*v. a.* to lessen the surface of a sail by taking up a reef
- Reek**, rē'ke, *s.* smoke, vapour—*v. n.* to smoke, to steam
- Reeky**, rē'ky, *a.* smoky, tanned, black
- Reel**, rē'le, *s.* a frame to wind yarn, &c. upon—*v. a.* to gather yarn off the spindle—*v. n.* to stagger
- Re-election**, rē-ē-lek'-shūn, *s.* repeated election
- Re-embark**, rē-ēm-bārk, *v. a.* to go on board a ship a second time
- Re-enforce**, rē-ēn-fōrse, *v. a.* to strengthen with new assistance
- Re-enforcement**, rē-ēn-fōrse-mēnt, *s.* fresh assistance
- Re-engage**, rē-ēn-gādzh, *v. a.* to engage again
- Re-engagement**, rē-ēn-gādzh-mēnt, *s.* a renewed engagement
- Re-enjoy**, rē-ēn-dzhōy, *v. a.* to enjoy anew, or a second time [or anew]
- Re-enter**, rē-ēn-tēr, *v. a.* to enter again
- Re-establish**, rē-ēs-tab'l-ish, *v. a.* to establish anew
- Reeve**, rē've, *s.* a steward
- Re-examine**, rē-ēs-kām-in, *v. a.* to examine anew [hunger or fatigue]
- Refect**, rē-fēkt, *v. a.* to refresh after
- Refection**, rē-fēk'-shūn, *s.* refreshment after hunger or fatigue
- Refective**, rē-fēk'-tīv, *a.* refreshing
- Refectionary**, rē-fēk'-tōr-y, *s.* an eating room
- Refel**, rē-fēl, *v. a.* to refute, to repress
- Refer**, rē-fēr, *v. a.* to dismiss for information or judgment
- Referee**, rēf-ēr-ē, *s.* one to whom reference is made
- Reference**, rēf'-ēr-ēns, *s.* relation, respect, dismission to another tribunal
- Referrable**, rēf-ēr-Yb'l, *a.* that may be considered as in relation to something else
- Refine**, rē-fīne, *v.* to purify, to clear from dross, to make elegant
- Refinement**, rē-fīne-mēnt, *s.* improvement in elegance [again]
- Refit**, rē-fīt, *v. a.* to repair, to fit up
- Reflect**, rē-flekt', *v. a.* to throw back—*v. n.* to throw back light or reproach
- Reflection**, rē-flekt'-shūn, *s.* the act of throwing back, what is reflected, action of the mind upon itself, attentive consideration, censure
- Reflective**, rē-flekt'-tīv, *a.* throwing back images, considering things past
- Reflector**, rē-flekt'-tōr, *s.* one who or any thing that reflects
- Reflex**, rē-fleks, *a.* directed backward
- Reflex**, rē-fleks, *s.* reflection
- Reflexibility**, rē-fleks-y-bil'-y-ty, *s.* quality of being redexible
- Reflexible**, rē-fleks-yb'l, *a.* capable of being thrown back
- Reflexive**, rē-fleks'-tīv, *a.* having respect to something past
- Reflorescence**, rē-flō-rēs-ēns, *s.* a beginning to blossom again
- Refluent**, rēf'-lū-ēnt, *a.* reflowing, flowing back [water]
- Reflex**, rē-flū'ks, *s.* a backward course of
- Reform**, rē-fōrm, *v.* to change from worse to better, to mend, to grow better—*s.* a reformation
- Reformation**, rēf'-ōr-mā'shūn, *s.* change in morals or religion
- Reformer**, rē-fōrm-ēr, *s.* one who causes a change for the better
- Refract**, rē-frākt', *v. a.* to break the natural course of the rays of light
- Refraction**, rē-frākt'-shūn, *s.* variation of a ray of light
- Refractive**, rē-frākt'-tīv, *a.* having the power of refraction [perverse]
- Refractory**, rē-frākt'-tōr-y, *a.* obstinate
- Refragable**, rē-frā-gēbl, *a.* capable of confutation and conviction
- Refrain**, rē-frāne, *v. a.* to keep to action—*v. n.* to forbear

shöt, note, löse, actor—hüt, püsh, müte, für—truly, rye—thus, thick.

- Refrangibility**, *rē-frān'-dzhī-bīl-ī-t-y*, *s.* disposition to be refracted  
**Refrangible**, *rē-frān'-dzhī-b'l*, *a.* such as may be turned out of its course  
**Refresh**, *rē-frēsh'*, *v. a.* to recreate, to improve, to cool, to feed  
**Refreshment**, *rē-frēsh'-mēt*, *s.* food, rest, what gives relief  
**Refrigerant**, *rē-frīdzh'-ér-ēt*, *a.* cooling, refreshing [cool]  
**Refrigerate**, *rē-frīdzh'-ér-āte*, *v. a.* to  
**Refrigeration**, *rē-frīdzh'-ér-ā-shūn*, *s.* the act of cooling, a cool state  
**Refrigerative**, *rē-frīdzh'-ér-ā-tīv*, *a.* able to make cool  
**Refuge**, *rēf'-ūdah*, *s.* shelter from danger or distress, protection—*v. a.* to shelter, to protect [protection]  
**Refugee**, *rēf'-ūdzhē*, *s.* one who flies for  
**Refulgent**, *rē-fūl'-dzhēnt*, *a.* bright, glittering, splendid  
**Refund**, *rē-fūnd'*, *v. n.* to pour back, to repay, to restore  
**Refusal**, *rē-fū-zāl*, *s.* a denial, right of choice, option [not to accept]  
**Refuse**, *rē-fū-ze*, *v.* to deny, to reject,  
**Refuse**, *rēf'-ūze*, *a.* unworthy of reception—*s.* worthless remains, dross  
**Refutation**, *rēf'-ū-tā-shūn*, *s.* a refuting  
**Refute**, *rē-fū-te*, *v. a.* to prove false or erroneous [gain anew]  
**Regain**, *rē-gā'ne*, *v. a.* to recover, to  
**Regal**, *rē-gāl*, *a.* royal, kingly  
**Regale**, *rē-gā'le*, *v. a.* to refresh, to entertain, to gratify [royalty]  
**Regalia**, *rē-gā'-lyā*, *s.* the ensigns of  
**Regality**, *rē-gāl'-ī-t-y*, *s.* royalty, sovereignty  
**Regard**, *rē-gā'd*, *v. a.* to value, to observe, to pay attention to, to respect—*s.* attention, respect  
**Regardant**, *rē-gārd'-ānt*, *a.* looking behind [negligent, inattentive]  
**Regardless**, *rē-gārd'-lēss*, *a.* heedless,  
**Regatta**, *rē-gāt'-tā*, *s.* a grand rowing match [ed with government]  
**Regency**, *rē-jén-sy*, *s.* persons entrusted  
**Regenerate**, *rē-dzhén'-ér-āte*, *v. a.* to produce anew, to make, to be born anew  
**Regenerate**, *rē-dzhén'-ér-ēt*, *a.* reproduced, born anew by grace  
**Regeneration**, *rē-dzhén'-ér-ā-shūn*, *s.* a new birth by grace  
**Regent**, *rē-dzhēnt*, *a.* governing, ruling—*s.* a ruler, one invested with vicarious royalty  
**Regible**, *rēdzh'-īb'l*, *a.* that may be governed  
**Regicide**, *rēdzh'-ī-side*, *s.* the murderer or murder of a king [of sickness]  
**Regimen**, *rēdzh'-ī mēn*, *s.* a diet in time  
**Regiment**, *rēdzh'-ī-mēt*, *s.* polity, rule, body of soldiers  
**Regimental**, *rēdzh'-ī-mēt'-āl*, *a.* belonging to a regiment  
**Region**, *rē-dzhōn*, *s.* tract of land or space, part of the body, a country  
**Register**, *rēdzh'-ēs-tér*, *s.* an account or record—*v. a.* to record  
**Registry**, *rēdzh'-ēs-tr'y*, *s.* act of registering, place where the register is kept [minant]  
**Regnant**, *rēg'-nént*, *a.* reigning, predo-  
**Regorge**, *rē-gō'rdzh*, *v. a.* to vomit up, to swallow back  
**Regrate**, *rē-grā'te*, *v. a.* to shock, to engross, to forestall  
**Regreet**, *rē-grē'te*, *v. a.* to salute again—*s.* return or exchange of salutation. [to go back, to return]  
**Regress**, *rē-grēs*, *s.* passage back—*v. n.*  
**Regression**, *rē-grēs'h-ūn*, *s.* a returning or going back  
**Regressive**, *rē-grēs'-sīv*, *a.* going back  
**Regret**, *rē-grēt*, *s.* vexation at some thing past—*v. a.* to repent, to be sorry for [orderly]  
**Regular**, *rēg'-ū-lār*, *a.* agreeable to rule,  
**Regularity**, *rēg'-ū-lār'-ī-t-y*, *s.* a certain order, a method [rule, to direct]  
**Regulate**, *rēg'-ū-lāte*, *v. a.* to adjust by  
**Regulation**, *rēg'-ū-lā-shūn*, *s.* order, method, rule [lates]  
**Regulator**, *rēg'-ū-lā-tór*, *s.* what regulates  
**Regulus**, *rēg'-ū-lūs*, *s.* the purest part of metals  
**Regurgitate**, *rē-gūr'-dzhī-tāte*, *v. a.* to throw or pour back—*v. n.* to be poured back [previous recital]  
**Rehearsal**, *rē-hēr's-āl*, *s.* a repetition, a  
**Rehearse**, *rē-hēr's*, *v. a.* to repeat, to recite previously  
**Reject**, *rē-dzhēkt*, *v. a.* to cast off, to refuse, to throw aside  
**Rejection**, *rē-dzhēkt'-shūn*, *s.* the act of casting off or throwing aside  
**Reign**, *rā'ne*, *v. n.* to enjoy or exercise sovereign authority, to be predominant—*s.* the time of a king's government [again]  
**Reimbod**, *rē-īm bōd'-y*, *v. a.* to embody  
**Reimburse**, *rē-īm-būrs*, *v. a.* to repay to clear loss or expense

*Sounds.*—hât, hâte, hâll, liâr—mêt, dâsist, mē, hér—chîn, chine, field, shîrt—

- Reimpression, rē-îm-prêsh'îm, *s.* a re-  
peated impression  
Rein, râ'ne, *s.* part of a bridle—*v. a.*  
to curb, to restrain  
Reindeer, râ'n-dêr, *s.* a species of  
northern deer  
Reins, râ'nz, *s.* the kidneys, the lower  
part of the back [anew]  
Reinspire, rē-în-spîrē, *v. a.* to inspire  
Reinstal, rē-în-stâl, *v. a.* to put again  
in possession [to its former state]  
Reinstate, rē-în-stâ'tē, *v. a.* to restore  
Reinvest, rē-în-vêst, *v. a.* to invest anew  
Rejoice, rē-dzhô'is, *v. n.* to be glad, to  
exult, to gladden  
Rejoin, rē-dzhô'în, *v. a.* to join again, to  
meet again, to reply to an answer  
Rejoinder, rē-dzhô'în-dêr, *s.* reply to an  
answer [again and again]  
Reiterate, rē-î't-êr-â'tē, *v. a.* to repeat  
Reiteration, rē-î't-êr-â'shûn, *s.* repeti-  
tion [mine]  
Rejudge, rē-dahldzh', *v. a.* to re-exa-  
mine  
Rekindle, rē-kînd'l, *v. a.* to set on fire  
again  
Relapse, rē-lâp'sē, *v. n.* to fall back into  
vice and error—*s.* a fall back into  
vice or sickness  
Relate, rē-lâ'tē, *v. a.* to tell, to recite,  
—*v. n.* to have reference  
Relation, rē-lâ'shûn, *s.* reference, kin-  
dred, a narration  
Relative, rē-lâ'tîv, *a.* having relation,  
respecting—*s.* a relation, a kinsman  
Relax, rē-lâks', *v. a.* to slaken, to remit  
—*v. n.* to be mild or remiss  
Relaxation, rē-lâks-â'shûn, *s.* diminu-  
tion of tension or rigour, remission  
of attention or application  
Relay, rē-lâ', *s.* horses placed on the  
road to relieve others  
Release, rē-lê'sē, *v. a.* to set free, to  
let go—*s.* dismissal from confine-  
ment, &c. [exile]  
Relegate, rē-lê-gâ'tē, *v. a.* to banish, to  
relegation, rē-lê-gâ'shûn, *s.* judicial  
banishment, exile  
Relent, rē-lênt', *v. n.* to soften, to feel  
compassion, to slacken [ing]  
Relevant, rē-lê-vênt, *a.* relieving, aid-  
ing  
Reliance, rē-lê-êns, *s.* trust, dependance,  
confidence  
Relics, rē-lî'ks, *s.* remains of dead bodies  
Relict, rē-lî'kt, *s.* a widow  
Relief, rē-lî', *s.* relieve, help, succour  
Relieve, rē-lîv, *v. a.* to assist, to suc-  
cour, to ease, to change a guard  
Relievo, rē-lîv-ô, *s.* the prominence of  
a figure or picture  
Religion, rē-lîdzh-ôn, *s.* the system of  
faith and worship  
Religionist, rē-lîdzh-ô-nîst, *s.* a bigot  
to any religion [vout, exact, strict]  
Religious, rē-lîdzh-ûs, *a.* pious, de-  
vout  
Relinquish, rē-lîng'-kwîsh, *v. a.* to for-  
sake, to quit  
Relish, rē-lî'sh, *s.* a taste, liking, just  
enough to taste—*v. a.* to give taste  
to—*v. n.* to have a flavour [rent]  
Relucet, rē-lû-sênt, *a.* shining, transpa-  
rent  
Reluctant, rē-lûk'-tênt, *a.* unwilling,  
acting with repugnance  
Relume, rē-lû'mē, or Relumine, rē-  
lû'm-în, *v. a.* to light anew  
Rely, rē-lî', *v. n.* to put trust in, to de-  
pend upon  
Remain, rē-mâ'ne, *v. n.* to be left, to  
continue, to endure—*v. a.* to await,  
to be left to—*s.* pl. relics, a dead  
body [remains]  
Remainder, rē-mâ'ne dêr, *s.* what is left,  
Remand, rē-mâ'nd, *v. a.* to send or call  
back  
Remark, rē-mâ'rk, *s.* observation, note,  
notice taken—*v. a.* to note, to ob-  
serve, to point out  
Remediate, rē-mê-di-â'tē, *a.* medicinal,  
affording a remedy  
Remedy, rē-mê-dî, *s.* a medicine, a  
cure, what counteracts any evil, re-  
paration—*v. a.* to cure, to repair or  
remove mischief  
Remember, rē-mém'-ber, *v. a.* to bear  
in or call to mind, to recollect  
Remembrance, rē-mém'-brêns, *s.* reten-  
tion in memory, recollection  
Remembrancer, rē-mém'-brêns-êr, *s.* one  
that reminds [back again]  
Remigrate, rē-mî-g-râ'tē, *v. n.* to remove  
Remigration, rē-mî-grâ'shûn, *s.* a re-  
moval back again  
Remind, rē-mî'nd, *v. a.* to put in mind  
Reminiscence, rē-mî-nîs-êns, *s.* the  
power of recollecting, recovery of  
ideas [tense, negligent]  
Remiss, rē-mîs', *a.* slothful, not in-  
Remissible, rē-mîs'-stîbl, *a.* admitting  
forgiveness [release, pardon]  
Remission, rē-mîsh'-shûn, *s.* abatement,  
Remit, rē-mî't, *v.* to relax, to forgive, to  
send money to a distant place, to  
slacken  
Remittance, rē-mî't-êns, *s.* a sum sent  
to a distant place

abūt, nōte, lōse, actor—hūt, pūsh, māte, fūr,—truly, thus, rye—hich.

- Remnant**, rēm-nēnt, *a.* remaining, yet left [strong representation]  
**Remonstrance**, rē-mōn's-trāns, *s.* a Remonstrate, rē-mōn's-trāte, *v. n.* to show reasons against [a fish  
**Remorā**, rēm-ō-rā, *s.* a let or obstacle  
**Remorate**, rēm-ō-rāte, *v. a.* to hinder, to delay  
**Remorse**, rē-mō's, *s.* pain of guilt, anguish of a guilty conscience  
**Remote**, rē-mō'te, *a.* distant in time or place, foreign  
**Remotion**, rē-mō-shūn, *s.* the act of removing or being removed  
**Removal**, rē-mōv-āl, *s.* a dismissing or being dismissed from a post, &c.  
**Remove**, rē-mō've, *v. a.* to put from its place, to change place, to go from place to place  
**Removed**, rē-mō'vd, *part.* remote, separate from others  
**Remount**, rē-mōū't, *v. n.* to mount again [reward, to requite  
**Remunerate**, rē-mū-nér-āte, *v. a.* to Remuneration, rē-mū-nér-ā-shūn, *s.* reward, requital  
**Remunerative**, rē-mū-nér-ā-tiv, *a.* giving rewards, &c.  
**Renard**, rēn-ārd, *s.* the name of a fox  
**Renascent**, rē-nās'-ēnt, *a.* rising again into being [be produced again  
**Renascible**, rē-nās'-ib'l, *a.* possible to  
**Renounter**, rēn-kōū'n-tēr, *s.* a personal opposition, casual engagement, &c.—*v. n.* to clash, to fight hand to hand  
**Rend**, rēnd', *v. a.* to tear with violence  
**Render**, rēn-dēr, *v. a.* to restore, to repay, to translate  
**Rendezvous**, rān-dē-vō, *s.* a meeting or place appointed—*v. n.* to meet at a place appointed [yielding  
**Rendition**, rēn-dīsh'ēn, *s.* the act of  
**Renegade**, rēn-ē-gāde, or **Renegado**, rēn-ē-gā-dō, *s.* an apostate  
**Renew**, rē-nū, *v. a.* to make new, to repeat, to begin again  
**Renewal**, rē-nū-āl, *s.* act of renewing, renovation [posing  
**Renitent**, rē-nī-tēnt, *a.* resisting, opposing  
**Rennet**, rēn-nēt, *s.* an ingredient for coagulating milk, a kind of apple  
**Renovate**, rēn-ō-vāte, *v. a.* to renew, to restore  
**Renovation**, rēn-ō-vā-shūn, *s.* the act of renewing, renewal  
**Renounce**, rē-nōū'ns, *v. a.* to disown  
**Renown**, rē-nōw'n, *s.* fame, celebrity  
**Renowned**, rē-nōw'nd, *part. a.* famous, eminent  
**Rent**, rēnt', *pret. and part. of Read*—*s.* a laceration, money paid for house or land—*v. a.* to tear, to hold by paying rent [of rents  
**Rental**, rēnt'āl, *s.* schedule or account  
**Rentcharge**, rēnt'-tshārdsh, *s.* a charge on an estate [ing rent  
**Renter**, rēnt'-ēr, *s.* he that holds by pay  
**Rentroll**, rēnt-rōwl, *s.* a list of rents  
**Renumerate**, rē-nū-mér-āte, *v. a.* to pay back  
**Renunciation**, rē-nūn-shyā-shūn, *s.* the act of renouncing [again  
**Reordain**, rē-ōr-dā'ne, *v. a.* to ordain  
**Reordination**, rē-ōr-dī-nā-shūn, *s.* re petition of ordination  
**Repaid**, rē-pā'de, *part. of Repay*  
**Repair**, rē-pā're, *v. a.* to mend—*s.* reparation, supply of loss  
**Reparable**, rē-pār-ē'b'l, *a.* that may be repaired or amended  
**Reparation**, rē-pār-ā-shūn, *s.* the act of repairing, amends [amends  
**Reparative**, rē-pār-ā-tiv, *s.* what makes  
**Repartee**, rē-pār-tē, *s.* smart reply—*v. n.* to make sharp replies  
**Repass**, rē-pā's, *v.* to pass again or back  
**Repast**, rē-pāst, *s.* a meal, food  
**Repay**, rē-pā', *v. a.* to recompense, to requite, to pay back  
**Repayment**, rē-pā-mēnt, *s.* sum or thing repaid, act of repaying  
**Repeal**, rē-pē'le, *v. a.* to abrogate, to revoke—*s.* abrogation  
**Repeat**, rē-pē'te, *v. a.* to do or try again, to rehearse [over  
**Repeatedly**, rē-pē't-ēd-lī, *ad.* over and  
**Repeater**, rē-pē't-ēr, *s.* one that repeats, a watch that strikes the hours  
**Repel**, rē-pē'l, *v.* to drive back, to act with contrary force  
**Repellent**, rē-pē'l-lēnt, *s.* what has a repelling power  
**Repent**, rē-pēnt, *v.* to be sincerely sorry, remember with sorrow  
**Repentance**, rē-pēnt'ēns, *s.* sorrow for sin or for any past act  
**Repentant**, rē-pēnt'-ēnt, *a.* sorrowful, or expressing sorrow for the past  
**Repeople**, rē-pē'p'l, *v. a.* to people or stock anew [rebuilding  
**Repertative**, rē-pēr-tā-tiv, *a.* to  
**Repertory**, rē-pēr-tōr-ī, *s.* a treasury a book of records



*Sounds.*—hăt, hâte, hăl, liăr—mêt, dêsist, mê, hêr—chîn, chine, field, shirt—

- Repetition**, rē-pē-tīsh'k'n, *s.* a recital, rehearsing [contented]
- Repine**, rē-pī'ne, *v. n.* to fret, to be dissatisfied
- Replace**, rē-plā'se, *v. a.* to put again in place
- Replant**, rē-plānt', *v. a.* to plant anew
- Replead**, rē-plē'de, *v. a.* to plead a second time to the same thing
- Replenish**, rē-plēn'ish, *v.* to fill, to finish, to be stocked [filled]
- Replete**, rē-plē'te, *a.* full, completely
- Repletion**, rē-plē't-shūn, *s.* a being over full
- Replevin**, rē-plēv'īn, or **Replevy**, rē-plēv'ī, *v. a.* to release goods distrained [bound, a reply]
- Replication**, rē-pī-kā'shūn, *s.* a reply
- Reply**, rē-plī', *v. n.* to answer, to return for an answer—*s.* an answer
- Report**, rē-pōrt', *v. a.* to noise by rumour, to tell, to relate of—*s.* rumour, report, account returned
- Reporter**, rē-pōrt'ēt, *s.* one who reports
- Repose**, rē-pō'ze, *v.* to lay to rest, to place as in confidence or trust—*s.* sleep, rest, quiet, peace
- Reposit**, rē-pōz'īt, *v. a.* to lodge in a place of safety [replacing]
- Reposition**, rē-pō-zīsh'k'n, *s.* the act of repositing
- Repository**, rē-pōz'īt-ōrī, *s.* place where any thing is safely laid up, a warehouse [again]
- Repossess**, rē-pōz-zēs', *v. a.* to possess
- Reprehend**, rē-pē'hēnd', *v. a.* to reprove, to chide, to blame
- Reprehensible**, rē-pē'hēn'st'b'l, *a.* that may be blamed or censured
- Reprehension**, rē-pē'hēn'shūn, *s.* reproof, open blame [to reproof]
- Reprehensive**, rē-pē'hēn'shīv, *a.* given
- Represent**, rē-pē-zēnt', *v. a.* to exhibit, to show, to describe, to fill the place of another
- Representation**, rē-pē-zēnt-tā'shūn, *s.* an image, description
- Representative**, rē-pē-zēnt'ā-tīv, *a.* bearing the character or power of another [due]
- Repress**, rē-prēs', *v. a.* to crush, to subpress
- Repression**, rē-prēs'h'k'n, *s.* the act of repressing [ing to repress]
- Repressive**, rē-prēs'īv, *a.* able or tending to repress
- Reprieve**, rē-prī'v, *v. a.* to respite from punishment—*s.* a respite
- Reprimand**, rē-pī-mā'nd, *v. a.* to chide, to reprove [prehesion]
- Reprimand**, rē-pī-mā'nd, *s.* reproof, re-
- Reprint**, rē-prīnt', *v. a.* to print again
- Reprisal**, rē-prī-zāl, *s.* something seized by way of retaliation
- Reproach**, rē-prō'tsh, *v. a.* to censure, to upbraid—*s.* censure, infamy, shame
- Reprobate**, rē-p-rō-bēt, *a.* lost to virtue, abandoned—*s.* a wretch abandoned to wickedness [low, to reject]
- Reprobate**, rē-p-rō-bā'te, *v. a.* to disapprove
- Reprobation**, rē-p-rō-bā'shūn, *s.* the act of abandoning, or a being abandoned to destruction [rebuke]
- Reproof**, rē-prō'f, *s.* blame to one's face
- Reprove**, rē-prō've, *v. a.* to blame, to censure, to chide
- Reptile**, rē-p'tīl, *s.* an animal that creeps upon many feet, a mean person
- Republic**, rē-plīb'īc, *s.* a commonwealth, a government having several heads
- Republican**, rē-plīb-ī-k'n, *a.* placing the government in the people—*s.* one who thinks a commonwealth without monarchy the best government
- Repudiate**, rē-pā-dyā'te, *v. a.* to divorce, to put away [force, a rejection]
- Repudiation**, rē-pā-dyā'shūn, *s.* a disavowal
- Repugnant**, rē-pū-gnēt, *a.* disobedient, reluctant, contrary
- Repulse**, rē-puls', *s.* a being driven off or put aside—*v. a.* to beat back, to drive off [off from itself]
- Repulsion**, rē-pūl'shūn, *s.* act of driving off
- Repulsive**, rē-pūl'sīv, or **Repulsory**, rē-pūl'sōr-ī, *a.* having power to beat back [of good repute]
- Reputable**, rē-pū-tē'b'l, *a.* not infamous
- Reputation**, rē-pū-tā'shūn, *s.* credit, honour, merit
- Repute**, rē-pū'te, *v. a.* to hold, to account, to think—*s.* character, reputation, established opinion
- Request**, rē-kwēst', *s.* a petition, demand, credit—*v. a.* to solicit, to entreat, to petition
- Requiem**, rē-kwī-ēm, *s.* an hymn or prayer for the dead
- Require**, rē-kwī're, *v. a.* to demand, to make necessary, to need [needful]
- Requisite**, rē-kwīz'īt, *a.* necessary
- Requisition**, rē-kwī-zīsh'k'n, *s.* authoritative demand, claim, request
- Requit**, rē-kwīt'īt, *s.* a retaliation, a recompence
- Requite**, rē-kwī'te, *v. a.* to repay, to recompence

shôt, nôte, lôse, actôr—hüt, pûsh, mûte, fûr—truly, rje—thus, thick.

**Rereward**, rê-rê-wîrd, *s.* rear of an army, last troop

**Resale**, rê-sâ'le, *s.* sale at second hand

**Rescind**, rê-sînd', *v. a.* to cut off, to abrogate a law [an abrogation]

**Rescission**, rê-sîzh'-tîn, *s.* a cutting off,

**Rescribe**, rê-skri'be, *v. a.* to write back or over again [emperor]

**Rescript**, rê-skript, *s.* the edict of an emperor

**Rescue**, rê-sû, *v. a.* to set free from danger or confinement—*s.* deliverance from danger or confinement

**Research**, rê-sértsh', *s.* a strict enquiry, a search [ness, similitude]

**Resemblance**, rê-zém'bléns, *s.* a likeness

**Resemble**, rê-zém'b'l', *v. a.* to compare, to be like

**Resent**, rê-zént', *v. a.* to take as an affront, &c. [injury, anger]

**Resentment**, rê-zént-mént, *s.* sense of injury

**Reservation**, rê-zér-vâ-shûn, *s.* reserve, something kept back

**Reservatory**, rê-zér-vâ-tór-ý, *s.* place where any thing is reserved

**Reserve**, rê-zérv', *v. a.* to keep in store, to retain—*s.* something kept for exigence, an exception, modesty

**Reserved**, rê-zérvd', *a.* modest, sullen, not frank [tory of water, a store]

**Reservoir**, rê-zér-vô'r, *s.* a conservade

**Reside**, rê-zide, *v. n.* to live in a place, to subside [dwelling]

**Residence**, rê-zî-déns, *s.* place of abode,

**Resident**, rê-zî-dént, *a.* dwelling—*s.* an agent or public minister

**Residential**, rê-zî-dén-shâr-ý, *a.* holding residence

**Residual**, rê-sîd'-û-ál, or **Residuary**, rê-sîd'-û-âr-ý, *a.* relating to the residue

**Residue**, rê-sî-dû, *s.* remaining part, what is left

**Residuum**, rê-sîd'-û-ûm, *s.* what is left after distribution [to submit]

**Resign**, rê-zî-ne, *v.* to give or yield up,

**Resign**, rê-zî-ne, *v. a.* to sign again

**Resignation**, rê-zî-nâ-shûn, *s.* a resigning, a submission [springing back]

**Resilient**, rê-sîl'-yént, *a.* starting or

**Resin**, rê-zî-n, or **Rosin**, rôz'-î-n, *s.* the fat sulphureous part of some vegetables, &c. [containing resin]

**Resinous**, rê-zî-n-ûs, *a.* consisting of or

**Resist**, rê-zîst', *v.* to oppose, to act against [act of resisting]

**Resistance**, rê-zîst'-téns, *s.* opposition,

**Resistibility**, rê-zîst'-î-bîl'-î-t-ý, *s.* quality of resisting

**Resistible**, rê-zîst'-î-b'l', *a.* that which may be resisted

**Resistless**, rê-zîst'-lès, *a.* what cannot be resisted [be melted]

**Resoluble**, rê-sô-lûb'l', *a.* that which may

**Resolve**, rê-zôlv', *v.* to inform, to solve, to melt, to analyse, to determine—*s.* fixed determination, resolution

**Resolved**, rê-zôlv'-éd, *part. a.* firm, constant [to dissolve]

**Resolvent**, rê-zôlv'-ént, *s.* having power

**Resolute**, rê-sô-lûte, *a.* determined, firm, steady

**Resolution**, rê-sô-lû-shûn, *s.* the act of clearing difficulties, dissolution, fixed determination, firmness [echoing]

**Resonant**, rê-sô-nént, *a.* resounding,

**Resorb**, rê-sôrb', *v. a.* to suck back, to swallow up again [ing up again]

**Resorption**, rê-sôrp'-shûn, *s.* a swallow-

**Resort**, rê-zôrt', *v. n.* to have recourse to, to visit, to repair to—*s.* a meeting, assembly, concourse

**Resound**, rê-zôûnd, *v.* to echo, to celebrate, to return sounds [again]

**Resound**, rê-sôûnd, *v. a.* to sound

**Resource**, rê-sôrs, *s.* a resort, an expedient

**Respect**, rê-spêkt', *v. a.* to regard, to have relation to—*s.* regard, reverence, consideration

**Respective**, rê-spêk'-tîv, *a.* particular, relative

**Respersion**, rê-sépér'-shûn, *s.* the act of sprinkling

**Respiration**, rê-sî-râ-shûn, *s.* the act of breathing, relief from toil

**Respire**, rê-spîre, *v. n.* to breathe, to rest from toil

**Respite**, rê-spît', *s.* suspension of a capital sentence, interval—*v. a.* to suspend, to delay

**Resplendent**, rê-splén'-dént, *a.* bright, shining

**Respond**, rê-spônd', *v. n.* to answer, to correspond

**Respoudent**, rê-spônd'-ént, *a.* one who answers in a suit

**Response**, rê-spôns', *s.* an alternate answer, a reply

**Responsible**, rê-spôns'-îb'l', *a.* answerable, accountable

**Responsion**, rê-spôn'-shûn, *s.* the act of answering

**Responsive**, rê-spôn'-sîv, or **Responsory**, rê-spôn'-sô-r-ý, *a.* answering

*Sounds*—hât, hâte, hâll, liâr—mêt, dâsist, mê, hér—chîn, chine, field, shîrt—

- Rest**, rêst', *s.* sleep, repose, quiet, peace, support, what remains—*a.* others, those not included—*v. n.* to sleep, to die, to be still, to cease from labour, to lean, to remain—*v. a.* to lay to rest, to place as on a support
- Restagnant**, rê-stâg-nânt, *a.* remaining without flow, &c. [without flow]
- Restagnate**, rê-stâg-nâte, *v. n.* to stand
- Restagnation**, rê-stâg-nâ-shûn, *s.* state of standing without flow or motion
- Restoration**, rê-stâ-râ-shûn, *s.* the act of recovering to the former state
- Restem**, rê-stêm', *v. a.* to force against the current [of restoring]
- Restitution**, rê-ti-tû-shûn, *s.* the act
- Restive**, rê-tîf, *a.* unwilling to stir, stubborn [ing in a former state]
- Restoration**, rê-tô-râ-shûn, *s.* a replacement
- Restorative**, rê-stô-râ-tîv, *a.* able to recruit life, &c.
- Restore**, rê-s-tô're, *v. a.* to give or bring back, to retrieve, to recover
- Restrain**, rês-trâne, *v. a.* to withhold, to repress, to limit [liberty, &c.]
- Restraint**, rês-trânt, *s.* an abridgment of
- Restrict**, rês-trîkt', *v. a.* to limit, to confine [ment, limitation]
- Restriction**, rês-trîk'-shûn, *s.* confine-
- Restrictive**, rês-trîk'-tîv, *a.* expressing limitation [bind, confine]
- Restrictive**, rê-strîndzh, *v. a.* to limit, to
- Restrictive**, rê-strîndzh-ênt, *s.* having power to bind [still]
- Resty**, rês-tîy, *a.* obstinate in standing
- Result**, rê-zhîlt', *v. n.* to fly back, to rise—*s.* a flying back, consequence
- Resume**, rê-zûme, *v. a.* to take back, to begin again [of resuming]
- Resumption**, rê-zûmp'-shûn, *s.* the act
- Resumptive**, rê-zûmp'-tîv, *a.* taking back [from the dead]
- Resurrection**, rêz-ûr-rêk'-shûn, *s.* revival
- Resuscitate**, rê-sûs-sî-tâte, *v. a.* to rise up anew, to revive
- Resuscitation**, rê-sûs-sî-tâ'-shûn, *s.* a reviving or being revived
- Retail**, rê-tâ'le, *v. a.* to divide into or sell in small parcels or at second hand—*s.* sale by small quantities
- Retain**, rê-tâ'ne, *v. a.* to keep, to hire
- Retaliate**, rê-tâ'-yâte, *v. a.* to repay, to requite
- Retaliation**, rê-tâ'-yâ'-shûn, *s.* return of like for like
- Retard**, rê-tâ'rd, *v.* to abstract, to delay to stay back
- Retardation**, rê-tâ'-dâ'-shûn, *s.* abatement of delaying
- Retch**, rêtsh', *v. n.* to strain, to vomit
- Retention**, rê-tên'-shûn, *s.* act of retaining, memory, custody [to retain]
- Retentive**, rê-tên'-tîv, *a.* having power
- Reticular**, rê-tîk'-û-lâr, or **Reticiform**, rê-tî-fô'rm, *a.* having the form of a net [network]
- Reticulated**, rê-tîk'-û-lâ-téd, *a.* made of
- Retinue**, rêt'-yn-â, *s.* a train of attendants [draw]
- Retire**, rê-tî're, *v. n.* to retreat, to withdraw
- Retired**, rê-tî'rd, *part.* secret, solitary, private [private abode]
- Retirement**, rê-tî're-mênt, *s.* private life,
- Retort**, rê-tô'rt, *v. a.* to throw back, to return an argument or censure—*s.* a censure returned, a chymical glass vessel
- Retoss**, rê-tôs', *v. a.* to toss back
- Retouch**, rê-tûtsh', *v. a.* to improve by new touches
- Retrace**, rê-trâ'se, *v. a.* to trace back
- Retract**, rê-trâkt', *v.* to recall, to recant: to unsay [tation]
- Retraction**, rê-trâk'-tâ-shûn, *s.* a recant-
- Retraction**, rê-trâk'-shûn, *s.* a withdrawing a claim or something advanced
- Retreat**, rê-trê'te, *s.* a place of retirement or security, a retiring before a superior force—*v. n.* to take shelter, to retire
- Retrench**, rê-trêns'h', *v. n.* to cut off, to confine, to live more sparingly
- Retribute**, rê-trîb'-ûte, *v. a.* to pay back
- Retribution**, rêt'-rî-bû'-shûn, *s.* a repayment
- Retributive**, rê-trîb'-û-tîv, or **Retributory**, rê-trîb'-û-tôr'-y, *a.* repaying
- Retrieve**, rê-trî've, *v. a.* to recover, to repair, to regain [of going back]
- Retrocession**, rê-trô-sêsh'-ûn, *s.* the act
- Retroduction**, rê-trô-dûk'-shûn, *s.* act of leading or bringing back
- Retrograde**, rêt'-rô-grâde, *a.* going backward, opposite—*v. n.* to go backward
- Retrogression**, rê-trô-grêsh'-ûn, *s.* the act of going backwards
- Retrospect**, rê-trô-spêkt, *s.* a look thrown upon things behind or things past
- Retrospection**, rê-trô-spêk'-shûn, *s.* a looking backwards
- Retrospective**, rê-trô-spêk'-tîv, *a.* looking back

shôt, zâte, lôse, actor—hât, pûsh, mûte, fûr—truly, rfe—thus, thick.

**Return**, rē-tûrn', *v. n.* to come or go back, to revisit, to retort—*v. a.* to give or send back, to transmit—*s.* act of returning, profit, relapse

**Reveal**, rē-vêl', *v. a.* to disclose, to make known [loose and noisy feast

**Revel**, rē-vêl', *v. n.* to carouse—*s.* a Revel, rē-vêl'-shûn, *s.* a discovery, a communication of sacred truths

**Revering**, rē-vêl'-lîng, *s.* feasting with noisy mirth [tive mirth

**Revelry**, rē-vêl'-y, *s.* loose jollity, festivity

**Revenge**, rē-vêndsh', *v. a.* to return an injury or affront—*s.* a return of an injury or affront

**Revenue**, rē-vê-nû, or rē-vên'-û, *s.* an income, annual profits

**Reverb**, rē-vêrb', *v. a.* to rebound, to reverberate [ing, beating back

**Reverberant**, rē-vêr-bêr-ênt, *a.* resounding

**Reverberate**, rē-vêr-bêr-âtt', *v. a.* to beat back [returning, beating back

**Reverberatory**, rē-vêr'-bêr-â-tôr'y, *a.* reverberating

**Revere**, rē-vêrê, *v. a.* to reverence, to regard with awe

**Reverence**, rē-vêr-êns, *s.* veneration, respect, a bow or courtesy—*v. a.* to venerate

**Reverend**, rē-vêr-ênd, *a.* deserving reverence—*s.* the honorary title of the clergy [pressing veneration

**Reverent**, rē-vêr-ênt, *a.* humble, expressing reverence

**Reverential**, rē-vêr-ênt-shyâl, *a.* expressing reverence [tence

**Reversal**, rē-vêrs'-âl, *s.* change of sense

**Reverse**, rē-vêrs', *v. a.* to subvert, to repeal—*s.* change, vicissitude, the opposite side [may be reversed

**Reversible**, rē-vêrs'-ybl', *a.* that which is reversible

**Reversion**, rē-vêrsh'-ûn, *s.* right of succession [enjoyed in succession

**Reversionary**, rē-vêrsh'-ôn-âr-y, *a.* to be reverted, *v.* to change, to return

**Reversible**, rē-vêrsh'-ybl', *a.* that may be returned [causing to return

**Revertive**, rē-vêrt'-y, *a.* returning back, reverting

**Reverie**, rē-vêr-ê-y, *s.* loose musing, irregular thought [life

**Reviction**, rē-vêk'-shûn, *s.* a return to review, *v.* to see or examine again, to survey—*s.* a survey, re-examination [abuse, to vilify

**Reville**, rē-vêl', *v. a.* to reproach, to revile, *s.* a re-examination

**Revise**, rē-vîze, *v. a.* to review, overlook—*s.* a second proof of a sheet corrected

**Revision**, rē-vîzh'-ûn, *s.* review, re-examination

**Revisit**, rē-vîz'-y, *v. a.* to visit again

**Revival**, rē-vîv'-êl, *s.* a recall from obscurity, &c.

**Revive**, rē-vîv', *v. n.* to return to life or vigour—*v. a.* to bring to life again, to raise from languor or oblivion, to renew, to rouse

**Reunion**, rē-û-nî-ôn, *s.* return to a state of cohesion or concord

**Reunite**, rē-û-nîte, *v. a.* to join again

**Revocable**, rē-vô-keb'l, *a.* that may be recalled

**Revocation**, rē-vô-kâ-shûn, *s.* a recalling or being recalled, a repeal

**Revoke**, rē-vô-ke, *v. a.* to repeal, to reverse, to recall

**Revolt**, rē-vôlt', *v.* to change sides, to desert—*s.* desertion, change of sides

**Revolve**, rē-vôlv', *v. n.* to roll round, to perform a revolution, to devolve, to consider

**Revolution**, rē-vôlû-shûn, *s.* change in government or country, rotation, a turning motion

**Revolusion**, rē-vôlûsh'-ûn, *s.* the turning of a flux of humour from one part of the body to another

**Reward**, rē-wârd, *v. a.* to repay, to recompence—*s.* recompence, punishment

**Rhapsodical**, râp-sôd'-y-k-êl, *a.* composed after the manner of a rhapsody

**Rhapsodist**, râp-sôd'-ist, *s.* a writer of rhapsody

**Rhapsody**, râp-sô-d-y, *s.* irregular and unconnected writing

**Rheulsh**, rên'-ysh, *s.* wine from the banks of the Rhine

**Rhetoric**, rêt'-ôr-yk, *s.* art of persuasion, oratory, art of speaking with eloquence [rhetoric

**Rhetorical**, rêt'-ôr-yk-êl, *a.* pertaining to rhetoric

**Rhetoricate**, rêt'-ôr-yk-âte, *v. n.* to play the orator [from the mouth, &c.

**Rheum**, rû-me, *s.* thin watery matter

**Rheumatic**, rû-mât'-y-k, *a.* of the nature of or affected with the rheumatism

**Rheumatism**, rû-mât'-izm, *s.* a painful distemper supposed to proceed from acrid humours [ture

**Rheumy**, rû-m'y, *a.* full of sharp moisture

**Rhinoceros**, rî-nô-sê-rôs, *s.* a large beast armed in the East with a horn on his nose

*Sounds.*—hât, hâte, hâll, liâr—mêt, dêsisit, mê, hér—chîn, chine, field, shirt—

- Rhomb, róm'b, *s.* a quadrangular figure  
Rhombic, róm'-bík, *a.* shaped like a rhomb [proaching to a rhomb  
Rhomboid, róm'-bô'ide, *s.* a figure ap-  
Rhombus, róm-bûs, *s.* a square figure put out of its natural position  
Rhubarb, rû-bârb, *s.* a medicinal purgative root  
Rhyme, rýme, *s.* the consonance of verses, poetry—*v. n.* to agree in sound, to make verses  
Rythmical, rýth'-mýk-ál, *a.* harmonical, musical [of timber in ships  
Rib, ríb', *s.* a bone in the body, a piece  
Ribald, ríb'-áld, *s.* a loose mean wretch  
Ribaldry, ríb'-áld-rý, *s.* mean low language [fillet of silk  
Riband, ríb'-án, or Ribbon, ríb'-ón, *s.* a Rice, ríse, *s.* a kind of esculent grain  
Rich, rýsh', *a.* wealthy, precious, copious, fertile [possession  
Riches, rýsh'-éz, *s.* plenty of money or  
Rick, rík', *s.* a pile of corn or hay  
Rickets, rík'-ets, *s.* a distemper of the joints in children [rickets  
Rickety, rík'-et-y, *a.* diseased with the  
Rid, ríd', *pret. of Ride*—*v. a.* to set free, to clear, to drive away  
Riddance, ríd'-déns, *s.* freedom from a pressing incumbrance  
Ridden, *part. of Ride*  
Riddle, ríd'l, *s.* a puzzling question, a coarse open sieve—*v. a.* to solve, to unriddle, to sift by a coarse sieve  
Ride, ríde, *v. n.* to travel on horseback, &c.  
Ridge, rídzh', *s.* the upper part of a slope, &c. ground thrown up by the plough  
Ridgy, rýdzh'-ý, *a.* rising in a ridge  
Ridicule, ríd'-ý-kúle, *s.* wit that provokes laughter and contempt—*v. a.* to expose to laughter and contempt  
Ridiculous, ríd'-ýk-ú-lús, *a.* fit to be laughed at [an officer  
Riding, ríd'-ing, *s.* a district visited by  
Ridotto, rí-dô't-tò, *s.* entertainment of music, &c.  
Rife, ríf, *a.* prevalent, abounding  
Riffraff, ríf'-ráf, *s.* refuse of any thing  
Rile, rí'l, *v. a.* to rob, to plunder, to pillage [cleave, to split  
Rift, rýft', *s.* a cleft, a breath—*v.* to Rig, rýg', *v. a.* to dress, to fit with tackling  
Rigadoon, rýg'-dò'ne, *s.* particular step in a dance [ling of a ship  
Rigging, rýg'-ing, *s.* the ropes or tack-
- Riggish, rýg'-ýsh, *a.* wanton, lewd, whorish  
Riggle, rýgl, *v. a.* to wriggle  
Right, ríte, *a.* fit, suitable, true, just straight—*interj.* well, well done—*ad.* properly, justly, in truth, very—*s.* justice, just claim, privilege—*v. a.* to relieve from wrong [equitable  
Righteous, rí'-tyús, *a.* just, virtuous  
Rigid, rýdzh'-ýd, *a.* stiff, severe, inflexible, cruel [of easy elegance  
Rigidity, rýdzh'-ýd'ýt-ý, *s.* stiffness, want  
Rigorous, rýg'-ór-ús, *a.* severe, allowing no abatement [ness, hardness  
Rigour, rýg'-ór, *s.* cold, severity, strict  
Rill, ríl', or Rillet, ríl'-lét, *s.* a small brook or stream  
Rim, rím', *s.* a border, an edge  
Rime, ríme', *s.* a hoar frost a hole, a chink  
Rimple, rýmpl, *v. a.* to pucker  
Rimy, ríme'-ý, *a.* steamy, foggy, misty  
Rind, rínd, *s.* bark, husk—*v. n.* to husk, to bark  
Ring, rýng', *s.* a circle, a number of bells, sound—*v. a.* to strike and cause to sound, to fit with rings—*v. n.* to sound as sonorous metal, to make music with bells  
Ringdove, rýng'-dów, *s.* a kind of pigeon  
Ringleader, rýng'-léd-ér, *s.* the head of a mob or riot [cle, a curl  
Ringlet, rýng'-lét, *s.* a small ring, a circled  
Ringstreaked, rýng strékt', *a.* circularly streaked  
Ringtale, rýng'-tále, *s.* a kind of kite  
Ringworm, rýng'-wórm, *s.* a circular tetter  
Rinse, rýns', *v. a.* to cleanse by washing, to wash the soap out of the clothes  
Riot, rí'-ót, *s.* sedition, an uproar—*v. n.* to revel, to be tumultuous, to raise sedition or uproar [ent  
Riotous, rí'-ót-ús, *a.* licentious, turbulent  
Rip, rýp', *v. a.* to tear, to cut asunder, to disclose [the bank of a river  
Riparious, rí-pá'r-ýús, *a.* belonging to  
Ripe, rípe, *a.* mature, complete, finished—*v.* to ripen  
Ripen, ríp'n, *v.* to grow or make ripe  
Ripple, rýpl, *v. n.* to lave or wash lightly over the face  
Rise, ríze, *v. n.* to get up, to grow, to swell, to make insurrections, to increase in price—*s.* act of rising, ascent, increase of price, original  
Risen, ríz'n, *part. of Rise*

shôt, nôte, lôse, actôr—hút, pûsh, mâte, fûr—truly, rýe—thus, thick.

Risibility, ri-si-bil'-it-y, *s.* the quality of laughing [laughte

Risible, ri-sib'l, *a.* ridiculous; exciting

Rising, riz'-ing, *s.* an elevation, an advance of value, a tumultuous assembly—*prep.* elevating, getting above the horizon

Risk, risk', *s.* hazard, danger—*v. a.* to hazard, to put to chance

Rite, rî'te, *s.* a solemn act of religion

Ritual, rit'-u-ál, *a.* solemnly ceremonious—*s.* a book of religious ceremonies

Rival, ri-vál', *s.* a competitor—*a.* standing in competition, emulous—*v. a.* to stand in competition, to oppose, to emulate [lation

Rivalry, ri-vál'-rý, *s.* competition, emulation

Rive, rî've, *v. a.* to split, to cleave

Rivel, riv'l, *v. a.* to contract into wrinkles

Riven, riv'n, *part. of* Rive

River, riv'-ér, *s.* a land current of water larger than a brook [codile

River-dragon, riv'-ér-drág'-ón, *s.* a cro-

Rivet, riv'-ét, *s.* a fastening pin clenched at both ends—*v. a.* to fasten with rivets [brook

Rivulet, riv'-ú-lét, *s.* a small river, a Rixdollar, rîks' dól-lár, *s.* a German coin value 4s. 6d.

Roach, rô'tsh, *s.* a fish [ling, a path

Road, rô'de, *s.* a large way for travel

Roam, rô'me, *v.* to wander, to ramble, to rove [spotted

Roan, rô'ne, *a.* bay, sorrel, or black

Roar, rô're, *v. n.* to cry as a lion or other wild beast, to make a loud noise—*s.* the cry of a wild beast, &c.

Roast, rô'st, *v. a.* to dress meat before the fire, to banter—*a.* roasted

Rob, rô'b', *v. a.* to steal, to plunder

Robber, rô'b'-bér, *s.* a thief, a plunderer, one who robs [theft

Robbery, rô'b'-ér-y, *s.* violent or private

Robe, rô'be, *s.* a dress of dignity—*v. a.* to dress pompously, to invest

Robin, rô'b'-in, or Robin-red-breast, rô'b'-in-réd'-brést, *s.* a bird [ens

Roborant, rô'b'-é-ránt, *a.* what strength-

Robust, rô'búst', *a.* strong, vigorous, violent [wild garlic

Rocambole, rôk'-ám-bô'le, *s.* a sort of Rock-a-um, rô'tsh-ál-úm, *s.* a pure kind of aum

Rochet, rô'tshét, *s.* a surplice, name of a fish

Rock, rôk', *s.* a vast mass of stone, a defence—*v. a.* to shake, to move a cradle—*v. n.* to reel to and fro

Rock-salt, rôk'-sált, *s.* a mineral salt

Rocket, rôk'-ét, *s.* an artificial fire-work, a plant [bling a rock, hard

Rocky, rôk'-ý, *a.* full of rocks, resem-

Rod, rôd', *s.* a long twig, an instrument for measuring, instrument of correction

Rode, rô'de, *pret. of* Ride

Rodomontade, rôd-ô-môn'-tá'de, *s.* empty noise, bluster, rant

Roe, rô', *s.* a species of deer, the female of the hart, eggs of fish

Rogation, rô-gá'-shún, *s.* the litany, supplication

Rogation-week, rô-gá'-shún-wê'ke, *s.* the week preceding Whitsunday

Rogue, rô'ge, *s.* a vagabond, a knave; a wag [tricks, wagery

Roguary, rô'ge-ér-y, villainy, knavish

Roguish, rô'ge-ysh, *a.* fraudulent, knavish, waggish [to bluster

Roist, rô'ist, *v. n.* to act at discretion

Roll, rô'le, *v.* to move round or in a circle, or like waves, to enwrap—*s.* a rolling or being rolled, a mass made round, a writing rolled upon itself, a register, a chronicle

Roller, rô'le-ér, *s.* any thing turning on its own axis, a bandage

Rollingpin, rô'le-ing-pín, *s.* a round piece of wood to mould paste, &c.

Rolly-polly, rô'le-y-pô'le-y, *s.* a sort of childish game

Romage, rô'm'-édzh, *s.* a tumult, a bustle

Roman, rô'-mán, *a.* belonging to Rome

Romance, rô-mán's, *s.* a fable, a fiction, a lie—*v. n.* to lie, to forge

Romanist, rô-mán'-ist, *s.* a papist

Romanize, rô-mán'-ize, *v. a.* to latinize

Romantic, rô-mán'-tik, *a.* wild, improbable, fanciful

Romish, rô'me'-ish, *a.* popish

Romp, rô'mp', *s.* a rude awkward g'rl, a rude play—*v. a.* to play rudely or noisily

Rondeau, rô'n-dô, *s.* a kind of ancient poetry

Rood, rô'dé, *s.* the fourth part of an acre in square measure, a pole, the cross

Roof, rô'fe, *s.* the cover of a building, the palate—*v. a.* to cover with roof

*ounds*—hät, häte, häll, liär—mät, dëst, më, hër—chün, chine, field, slirt.—

**Rook**, rök, *s.* a bird like a crow, a piece at chess, a cheat—*v.* to rob, to cheat

**Rookery**, rök-ér-y, *s.* a nursery of rooks  
**Room**, rôme, *s.* space, chamber, stead, extent

**Roomage**, röm-ëdz, *s.* space, place

**Roomy**, rôm-y, *s.* spacious, wide, large  
**Roost**, rôste, *s.* a perch on which birds sit to sleep—*v.* to sleep as a bird, to lodge

**Root**, rôte, *s.* that part of a plant, &c. which rests in the ground, original, the first cause—*v.* to fix deep in the earth, to impress deeply, to dig up, to extirpate, to take root

**Rooted**, rô-tëd, *a.* fixed, deep, radical

**Rope**, rôpe, *s.* a thick hempen cord, a halter—*v.* to draw out in a line as viscous matter [glutinous]

**Ropy**, rô-py, *a.* viscous, tenacious,

**Roquelaure**, rôk-lôr, *s.* a man's cloak

**Rosary**, rô-zâr-y, *s.* a bunch of beads on which the Romanists number their prayers [with dew]

**Roscid**, rôs-yd, *a.* dewy, abounding

**Rose**, rôze, *s.* a fragrant flower—*prêt.* of kise [fragrant]

**Roseate**, rô-zyët, *a.* rosy, blooming,

**Rosemary**, rôze-mâr-y, *s.* a plant

**Roset**, rô-zët, *s.* a red colour used by painters

**Rosin**, see Resin

**Rostrum**, rôs-trüm, *s.* the beak of a bird or of a ship, a place to harangue in [charming]

**Rosy**, rô-zy, *a.* red, as or like a rose,

**Rot**, rô-t, *v.* to putrefy—*s.* a distemper among sheep, a putrefaction

**Rotary**, rô-târ-y, *a.* whirling as a wheel

**Rotated**, rô-tâ-tëd, *a.* whirled round

**Rotation**, rô-tâ-shün, *s.* a whirling round, a revolution

**Roté**, rôte, *s.* words uttered by mere memory—*v.* to fix in the memory

**Rotgut**, rô-t-güt, *s.* bad beer [sound]

**Rotten**, rô-t, *a.* putrid, not firm, not

**Rotund**, rô-tünd, *a.* round, circular

**Rotundity**, rô-tünd-ît-y, *s.* roundness, circularity

**Rotundo**, rô-tünd-ô, *s.* a round building, a Pantheon

**Rove**, rôve, *v.* to ramble, to wander over

**Rouge**, rôzh, *s.* red paint

**Rough**, ruf, *a.* rugged, harsh, rude, severe, stormy

**Roughcast**, ruf-käst, *v.* to mould without elegance, to plaster with rough mortar

**Roughcast**, ruf-käst, *s.* a rude model, a kind of rough plaster

**Roughdraw**, ruf-drä, *v.* to draw or trace coarsely [rough]

**Roughen**, ruf'n, *v.* to make or grow

**Rounceval**, rôün-së-väl, *s.* a species of pea

**Round**, rôünd, *a.* circular, large, plain, brisk, smooth—*s.* a circle, a bundle, time in which any thing has passed through all hands and comes back to the first, a revolution, a walk performed to survey a certain district

**Roundabout**, rôünd-ä-bôüt, *a.* ample, circuitous, indirect [cient poetry]

**Roundelay**, rôün-dë-lä, *s.* a kind of ant-

**Roundhead**, rôünd-hëd, *s.* a puritan in Cromwell's time [ble's prison]

**Roundhouse**, rôünd-hôüs, *s.* the constable's

**Roundish**, rôünd-ish, *a.* somewhat round

**Rouse**, rôüz, *v.* to awake from slumber, to excite or be excited to thought or action

**Rout**, rôüt, *s.* a clamorous multitude, the confusion of an army—*v.* to put into confusion by defeat

**Route**, rôüte, *s.* road, way

**Row**, rô, *s.* a rank of men or things—*v.* to impel or help forward a vessel by oars

**Rowel**, rôw-él, *s.* the point of a spur, a seton—*v.* to keep open by a seton

**Royal**, rôy-äl, *a.* belonging to or becoming a king, regal [a king]

**Royalty**, rôy-äl-ty, *s.* office or state of

**Rub**, rub, *v.* to clean or smooth, to scour, to move one body upon another—*v.* to ret, to get through difficulties—*s.* act of rubbing, obstruction, difficulties

**Rubber**, rub-bër, *s.* one that rubs, an instrument or cloth to rub with, a coarse file, two games out of three

**Rubbish**, rub-ysh, *s.* ruins of a building, refuse

**Rubicon**, rub-bý-kôn, *s.* a pillar so called, a limit of privilege

**Rubicund**, rub-bý-künd, *a.* inclined to redness

**Rubied**, rub-býd, *a.* red as a ruby

**Rubiform**, rub-bý-fôr-m, *a.* producing the appearance of red

**Rubify**, rub-bý-fy, *v.* to make red

shôt, nôte, lôse, actôr—hüt, pûsl, mûte, fûr—truly, rje—thus, thick.

**Rubric**, rû brîk, *s.* directions printed in books of law and prayer books—*a.* red, making red [a blotch—*a.* red  
**Ruby**, rû-by, *s.* a precious red stone.  
**Rudder**, rûd-dér, *s.* the part that steers a ship [mark with ruddle  
**Ruddle**, rûd'l, *s.* red oker—*v. a.* to  
**Ruddy**, rûd-dý, *s.* pale red, yellow  
**Rude**, rû-de, *a.* rough, harsh, ignorant, not elegant, not civil  
**Rudiment**, rû-dý-mént, *s.* the first principles or beginning, the first part of education [to first principles  
**Rudimental**, rû-dý-mént'-ál, *a.* relating  
**Rue**, rû, *v. a.* to grieve for, to lament—*s.* a sort of herb  
**Rueful**, rû-fûl, *a.* mournful, sorrowful  
**Ruelle**, rû-êl, *s.* a circle, an assembly at a private house  
**Ruff**, rûf, *a.* puckered linen ornament, a small river fish  
**Ruffian**, rûf-fýân, *s.* a brutal fellow, a robber, a murderer—*a.* brutal, savagely boisterous  
**Ruffle**, rûfl, *v. n.* to disorder, to discompose, to plait—*s.* an ornament for the wrists [coverlet  
**Rug**, rûg, *s.* a rough woollen cloth or  
**Rugged**, rûg-géd, *a.* rough, savage of temper, stormy, harsh, shaggy  
**Rugose**, rû-gô'se, *a.* full of wrinkles  
**Ruin**, rû-'în, *s.* overthrow, destruction, fall, remains of a building—*v. a.* to demolish, to destroy, to deprive of felicity or fortune—*v. n.* to run to ruin, to be brought to poverty or misery [bring to poverty, &c.  
**Ruinatè**, rû-'în-âte, *v. a.* to subvert, to  
**Ruination**, rû-'în-â-shûn, *s.* subversion, demolition [pernicious  
**Ruinous**, rû-'în-ús, *a.* falling to ruin.  
**Rule**, rû-le, *s.* government, sway, regularity—*v.* to govern, to manage, to settle [lasses  
**Rum**, rûm, *s.* spirit distilled from mo-  
**Rumble**, rûm'b'l, *v. a.* to make a hoarse low continued noise  
**Rumbling**, rûm-b'ling, *s.* hoarse low continued noise [cud  
**Ruminant**, rû-mí-nént, *a.* chewing the  
**Ruminate**, rû-mí-nâte, *v.* to chew the cud, to muse  
**Rumination**, rû-mí-nâ-shûn, *s.* a chewing the cud, meditation  
**Rummage**, rûm-médsh, *v.* to search places, to plunder—*s.* active search for things

**Rummer**, rûm'-mér, *s.* a large glass, a drinking cup  
**Rumour**, rû-múr, *s.* flying report—*v. a.* to report abroad [the buttock  
**Rump**, rûmp', *s.* end of the backbone.  
**Rumple**, rûmpl, *v. a.* to crush into puckers or creases—*s.* a pucker, a rough plait  
**Run**, rûn, *v. a.* to move swiftly, to flee, to flow, to melt, to have a course in any direction—*v. a.* to melt, to incur, to venture, to smuggle—*s.* act of running, course, flow, continued success  
**Runagate**, rûn'-â-gâte, *s.* a fugitive, a coward  
**Runaway**, rûn'-â-wâ, *s.* one who flies from danger, a fugitive [a round  
**Rundle**, rûn'd', *s.* the step of a ladder,  
**Rundlet**, rûn lêt, *s.* a small barrel  
**Rung**, rûng, *pret. and part. of* Ring  
**Runnel**, rûn-nél, *s.* a rivulet, a small brook [shooting sprig  
**Runner**, rûn'-nér, *s.* one that runs, a  
**Runnet**, rûn'-nét, *s.* liquor to coagulate milk [wound  
**Running**, rûn'-nyng, *s.* discharge of  
**Runnion**, rûn'-yón, *s.* a paltry, scurvy wretch [in the growth  
**Runt**, rûnt', *s.* a dwarf animal stunted  
**Rupèe**, rû-pé, *s.* an eastern coin worth 2s. 3d. [of continuity  
**Ruption**, rûp'-shûn, *s.* breach, solution  
**Rupture**, rûp'-tûre, *s.* act of breaking, breach of peace, burstness of the gut [country  
**Rural**, rû-rál, *a.* belonging to the  
**Rush**, rûsh', *v. n.* to enter or move with violence—*s.* a plant, a worthless thing [hisquit  
**Rusk**, rûsk', *a.* kind of hard bread or  
**Russet**, rûs-sét, *a.* reddish, coarse, rustic [of apple  
**Russeting**, rûs-sét-ýng, *s.* a rough kind  
**Rust**, rûst, *s.* red incrustation of iron, &c.  
**Rustic**, rûs'-tik, *s.* a clown, a country person—*a.* rural, rude, untaught  
**Rusticate**, rûs'-tý-kâte, *v.* to reside in or banish into the country  
**Rustication**, rûs'-tý-kâ-shûn, *s.* state of dwelling in the country  
**Rusticity**, rûs'-tý-tý-y, *s.* simplicity, rural appearance  
**Rustic**, rûs'-tik, *a.* rural, rough, rude, not elegant, honest and simple—*s.* a clown, an inhabitant of the woods



bounds—hät, häte, häll, liär—mät, désist, mò, hér—chyn, chine, field, shirt.—

Rustle, rù'l, *v. n.* to make a long continued rattling noise

Rusty, rù's-tý, *a.* covered with rust, impaired by inactivity

Rut, rù't, *s.* the copulation of deer, the track of a cart wheel

Ruth, rù'th, *s.* pity, mercy, tenderness, misery of others

Ruthful, rù'th-fùl, *a.* woeful

Ruttish, rù't-'ish, *a.* wanton, lecherous

Rye, rý, *s.* a coarse kind of bread corn

Ryegrass, rý-grá's, *s.* a kind of strong grass

## S

SABAOTII, sá-bá-òth, *s.* hosts or armies

Sabatarian, sá't-á-tár-yán, *s.* an observer of the Jewish sabbath

Sabbath, sá'b-báth, *s.* seventh day set apart from works, time of rest

Sabbatical, sá'b-bá't-'ik-ál, *a.* belonging to or resembling the sabbath

Sable, sá'b'l, *s.* a dark fur—*a.* black

Sabre, sá'-bér, *s.* a cimeter, a short sword [sandiness]

Sabulosity, sá'b-ù-lós-'yt-y, *s.* grittiness

Sabulous, sá'b-ù-lús, *a.* gritty, sandy

Saccharine, sá'k-ká-rine, *a.* having the taste, &c. of sugar

Sacerdotal, sá-ser-dó-tál, *a.* belonging to the priesthood

Sachel, sá'tsh-'él, *s.* a small sack or bag

Sack, sá'k, *s.* a bag, a measure of three bushels, a woman's loose robe, storm of a town, Canary wine—*v.* *a.* to put in bags, to take by storm and pillage

Sackbut, sá'k-bùt, *s.* a kind of pipe

sackcloth, sá'k-k.òth, *s.* a cloth for sacks

Sack or mourning

Sackposset, sá'k-pòs-'ét, *s.* a posset made of milk and sack [Lord's Supper]

Sacrament, sá'k-rá-mént, *s.* an oath, the

Sacramental, sá'k-rá-mént-ál, *a.* pertaining to or constituting a sacrament

Sacred, sá'-créd, *a.* holy, consecrated, inviolable

Sacrificial, sá'k-rí-físh-'ál, *a.* pertaining to sacrifice

Sacrilege, sá'k-rí-édzh, *s.* the robbery of the church

Sacrilegious, sá'k-r. é'-dizíús, *a.* violating things sacred

Sacrist, sá'-kríst, *s.* Sacristan, sá'k-rí-tán, *s.* he that has the care of the church or its utensils

Sacristy, sá'k-rí's-tý, *s.* the vestry-room of a church

Sad, sá'd, *a.* sorrowful, dull, dejected, calamitous, bad, dark coloured

Sadden, sá'd'n, *v.* *a.* to make sad or gloomy

Saddle, sá'd'l, *s.* a seat for the back of a horse—*v.* *a.* to cover with a saddle, to load [dealer in saddles]

Saddler, sá'd-lér, *s.* a maker of or

Sadness, sá'd-nés, *s.* dejection of mind, sorrowfulness

Saie, sá'fe, *a.* free from danger—*s.* a cool cupboard, a buttery

Safeconduct, sá'fe kón-dùkt, *s.* a convey, a guard, warrant to pass

Safeguard, sá'fe-gá'd, *s.* defence, convey, warrant to pass [custody]

Safety, sá'fe-tý, *s.* freedom from danger

Saffron, sá'f-rón, *s.* a plant—a yellow

Sag, sá'g, *v. n.* to hang heavy

Sagacious, sá-gá-shús, *a.* quick of scent or thought, acute in making discoveries [scent, acuteness, keenness]

Sagacity, sá-gás-'it-y, *s.* quickness of

Sage, sá'dzh, *s.* a plant, a man of wisdom—a wise, grave, prudent

Sagittary, sá'dzh-'it-ár-y, *s.* a centaur constellation [able grain]

Sago, sá'-gò, *s.* a kind of nourishing eat-

Saick, sá'-ík, *s.* a Turkish vessel for carriage of merchandize

Said, séd, *pret.* and *part. of* Say, aforesaid, declared

Sail sá'le, *s.* a canvass sheet for vessels, a ship—*v. n.* to be moved by sails, to pass smoothly along

Sailor, sá'-lór, *s.* a seaman

shôt, nôle, lôse, actôr—hüt, pûsh, môte, fûr,—truly, rye—thus, thick.

- Sailyard**, sâ'le-yârd, *s.* the pole on which the sail is extended [foil]
- Sainfoin**, sên-fôin, *s.* a kind of herb, tre-
- Saint**, sâ'nt, *s.* a person eminent for piety and virtue—*v. a.* to number among saints, to canonize—*v. n.* to act with a show of piety [ixed]
- Sainted**, sâ'nt-êd, *a.* holy, pious, canon-
- Sake**, sâ'ke, *s.* final cause, purpose, account [ordnance]
- Saker**, sâ'kêr, *s.* a hawk, a species of [ous, wanton]
- Salacious**, sâ-lâ-shûs, *a.* lustful, lecher-
- Salacity**, sâ-lâs'it-y, *s.* lust, lechery
- Salad**, sâl-lâd, *s.* food composed of raw herbs
- Salamander**, sâl-lâ-mân-dér, *s.* an animal supposed to live in the fire
- Salary**, sâl-âr-y, *s.* annual or periodical payment
- Sale**, sâ'le, *s.* act of selling, vent, market
- Saleable**, sâ'le-êb'l, *a.* vendible, fit for sale [clothes ready made]
- Salesman**, sâl-z-mân, *s.* one who sells
- Salient**, sâl-yênt, *a.* leaping, panting, springing
- Saline**, sâl-lîne, or **Salinous**, sâl-lî-nûs, *a.* consisting of or constituting salt
- Saliva**, sâl-lî-vâ, *s.* spittle separated by the glands [a. relating to spittle]
- Salival**, sâl-lî-vâl, or **Salivary**, sâl-lî-v-âr-y, *s.* relating to the salivary glands
- Salivate**, sâl-lî-v-âte, *v. a.* to purge by the salivary glands
- Salivation**, sâl-lî-v-â-shûn, *s.* a purging by spitting [yellow]
- Sallow**, sâl-lô, *s.* a willow—*a.* sickly,
- Sally**, sâl-lî-y, *s.* an issue from a place, excursion, flight, sprightly exertion—*v. n.* to issue out [sallies from]
- Sallyport**, sâl lî-y-pôrt, *s.* a post to make
- Salmagundi**, sâl-mâ-gûn-dî, *s.* a mixture of chopped meat and pickle herrings, oil, onions, &c. [fish]
- Salmon**, sâl-môn, *s.* a fine fresh-water
- Saloon**, sâl-lô-ne, *s.* a large lofty hall
- Salt**, sâl't, *s.* a well-known ingredient to season with—*a.* of the taste of salt, abounding with salt—*v. a.* to season with salt [ing, a palpitation]
- Saltation**, sâl-tâ-shûn, *s.* leaping, a land-
- Saltcellar**, sâl't-sêl-lâr, *s.* a cup or vessel to hold salt at table [is made]
- Saltern**, sâl'têrn, *s.* a place where salt
- Saltish**, sâl't-ish, *a.* somewhat salt
- Saltpan**, sâl't-pân, *s.* a pit where salt is made
- Saltpetre**, sâl't-pê-têr, *s.* nitre
- Salvability**, sâl-vâ-bîl'it-y, *s.* possibility of being received to everlasting life
- Salvable**, sâl-vêb'l, *a.* possible to be saved
- Salvage**, sâl-vêdah, *s.* reward for saving goods wrecked
- Salvation**, sâl-vâ-shûn, *s.* preservation from eternal death, reception to the happiness of Heaven
- Salvatory**, sâl-vâ-tôr-y, *s.* a place where any thing is preserved
- Salubrious**, sâl-lû-brî-ûs, *a.* wholesome, promoting health [healthfulness]
- Salubrity**, sâl-lû-brî-tî, *s.* wholesomeness,
- Salve**, sâl-v, *s.* an emplaster, a remedy—*v. a.* to cure with medicaments applied, to remedy [a foot]
- Salver**, sâl-vér, *s.* a piece of plate with
- Salvo**, sâl-vô, *s.* an exception, reservation, excuse
- Salutary**, sâl-lû-târ-y, *a.* wholesome, contributing to health or safety
- Salutation**, sâl-lû-tâ-shûn, *s.* act of saluting, greeting
- Salute**, sâl-lû'te, *v. a.* to greet, to hail, to kiss—*s.* salutation, greeting, a kiss
- Salutiferous**, sâl-lû-tîf'êr-ûs, *a.* healthy, bringing health [âc.]
- Same**, sâ'me, *a.* identical, of like kind,
- Samlet**, sâl'm-lêt, *s.* a small species of salmon [in pickle]
- Samphire**, sâl'm-fîr, *s.* a plant preserved
- Sample**, sâl'm-p'l, *s.* a specimen
- Sampler**, sâl'm-plér, *s.* a piece worked by young girls for improvement
- Sanable**, sâl'n-êb'l, *a.* curable, susceptible of remedy [healing]
- Sanative**, sâl'n-â-tîv, *a.* powerful to cure.
- Sanctification**, sângk'-tîf-i-kâ-shûn, *s.* the act of making holy
- Sanctify**, sângk'-tî-fî-y, *v. a.* to make holy or free from guilt
- Sanctimonious**, sângk'-tî-mô-nyûs, *a.* having the appearance of sanctity, saintly [devoutness]
- Sanctimony**, sângk'-tî-môn-y, *s.* holiness,
- Sanction**, sângk'-shûn, *s.* confirmation, ratification
- Sanctitude**, sângk'-tî-tûde, or **Sanctity**, sângk'-tî-tî, *s.* holiness, goodness
- Sanctuary**, sângk'-tû-âr-y, *s.* a holy place, a sacred asylum
- Sand**, sând, *s.* gravelly earth, a barren country covered with sands—*v. a.* to cover with sand [loose stone]
- Sandal**, sâl'n-dâl, *s.* a sort of slipper or
- Sanders**, sâl'n-dêrs, *s.* a precious kind of Indian wood

*Sounds.*—hkt, hâte, hâh, liâr—mêt, dêmist, mô, hêr—chîn, chine, fiêd, shîr—

- Sandy**, sând'ŷ, *a.* full of or consisting of sand, gritty, unsolid
- Sane**, sâ'ne, *a.* sound in mind, healthy
- Sang**, sâng, *pres. of Sing*
- Sanguiferous**, sâng-gwîf'ér-ûs, *a.* conveying blood
- Sanguification**, sâng-gwîf'ík-û-shûn, *s.* production of blood, conversion of the chyle into blood [blood]
- Sanguify**, sâng-gwîf'ŷ, *v. n.* to produce
- Sanguinary**, sâng-gwîf'âr ŷ, *a.* cruel, bloody, murderous
- Sanguine**, sâng-gwî'n, *a.* red, abounding with blood, ardent, confident
- Sanguinity**, sâng-gwî'n'it-ŷ, *s.* ardour, heat, confidence
- Sanhedrim**, sán'hé-drîm, *s.* the chief council among the Jews, consisting of seventy elders
- Sankle**, sán'k'l, *s.* a plant [cretion]
- Sanies**, sâ'nyez, *s.* a watery serous exsanguious, sâ-nyus, *a.* running with thin serous matter [or body]
- Sanity**, sán'tt'ŷ, *s.* soundness of mind
- Sark**, sângk', *pres. of Sink*
- Saus**, sâ'nz, *prep.* without, destitute of
- Sap**, sâp', *s.* the vital juice of plants—*v. a.* to undermine, to subvert—*v. n.* to proceed invisibly
- Sapid**, sâp'ŷd, *a.* tasteful, palatable
- Sapient**, sâ'pyent, *a.* wise, sage
- Sapless**, sâp'les, *a.* void of sap, dry, husky
- Sapling**, sâp'ling, *s.* a young tree
- Saponaceous**, sâ-pô-nâ-shûs, or **Sapona-**  
**nary**, sâp'ô-nâr'ŷ, *a.* soapy, like soap
- Saporitic**, sâ-pô-rî'ŷk, *a.* producing taste [of a blue colour]
- Sapphire**, sâf'fir, *s.* a precious stone
- Sapphirine**, sâf'ŷrîne, *a.* made of or resembling sapphire [juicy, young]
- Sappy**, sâp'pŷ, *a.* abounding in sap
- Saraband**, sâr'â bând, *s.* a Spanish dance
- Sarcasm**, sâr'kâzm, *s.* a keen reproach, taunt
- Sarcastic**, sâr'kâs'tik, *a.* keen, taunting
- Sarcenet**, sârs'nêt, *s.* fine thin woven silk
- Sarcophagus**, sâr-kôf'â-gûs, *s.* a tomb
- Sarcotic**, sâr-kôt'ŷk, *s.* medicines producing new flesh
- Sardine**, sâr'dine, or **Sardonyks**, sâr dô-nŷks, *s.* a precious stone
- Sarsaparilla**, sâr-sâ-pâ-rîl-lâ, *s.* a tree and plant
- Sash**, sâsh', *s.* a silk belt, a window that lets up and down by pulleys
- Sassafras**, sâs'â-frâs, *s.* a tree, the wood of which is medicinal
- Sat**, sât', *pres. of Sit* [devil]
- Satan**, sâ-tân, *s.* the prince of hell, the
- Satanic**, sâ-tân'ŷk, *a.* devilish, infernal
- Satchel**, sâtsh'el, *s.* a schoolboy's little bag
- Sate**, sâ'te, *v. a.* to satiate, to glut
- Satellite**, sât'el-lit, *s.* a small planet revolving round a larger, as the moon round the earth [ing of satellites]
- Satellitious**, sât'el-lîsh'ûs, *a.* consist-
- Satiate**, sâ-shyât, *v. a.* to satisfy, to glut, to gratify desire
- Satiate**, sâ-shêt, *a.* glutted, quite full
- Satiety**, sâ-shyê'tŷ, *s.* fullness, state of being palled [soft silk]
- Satin**, sât'in, *s.* a close and shining
- Satinet**, sât'ŷ-nêt, *s.* a kind of slight satin [fedness and folly, &c.]
- Satire**, sât'tîr, *s.* a poem censuring wicked-
- Satiric**, sât'tîr'ŷk, *a.* belonging to satire, severe in language
- Satirist**, sât'tîr'ŷst, *s.* a writer of satire
- Satirize**, sât'tîr-ize, *v. a.* to censure as in a satire
- Satisfaction**, sât'ŷs-fâk'ŷhûn, *s.* the state of being pleased to the full, content gratification, atonement, amends
- Satisfactive**, sât'ŷs-fâk'tîv, *a.* giving satisfaction [satisfaction, atoning]
- Satisfactory**, sât'ŷs-fâk'tôr'ŷ, *a.* giving
- Satisfy**, sât'ŷs'ŷ, *v.* to please, to feed to the full, to pay in full, to convince
- Saturant**, sât'û-rênt, *a.* impregnating to the full [nate to the full]
- Saturate**, sât'û-râ'te, *v. a.* to impreg-
- Saturday**, sât'ûr-dâ, *s.* the last day of the week
- Saturny**, sât tû-rî'ŷŷ, *s.* fulness, repletion
- Saturn**, sât'ûrn, *s.* a planet; in chymistry, lead
- Saturnian**, sât'ûr-nŷân, *a.* happy, golden
- Saturnine**, sât'ûr-nîne, *a.* melancholy, gloomy, severe of temper [mau]
- Satyr**, sât'tîr, *s.* a sylvan god, a lustful
- Savage**, sâv'êdz, *a.* wild, not cultivated, barbarous—*s.* barbarian, a man uncivilized [without wood]
- Savannah**, sâ-vân'nâ, *s.* an open meadow
- Sauce**, sâ's, *s.* something to improve the relish of food [fellow]
- Saucebox**, sâs'bôks, *s.* an impertinent
- Saucepan**, sâs'pân, *s.* a small skillet with a handle to boil sauce, &c.
- Saucer**, sâ'sér, *s.* a small piece or plate of china to set a tea-cup in

shôt, nôte, 'ôse, actôr—hût, push, mûte, fûr,—truly, rye—thus, thick.

Saucy, sk'-sý, *a.* pert, petulant, insolent  
Save, sâ'vê, *v. a.* to preserve from danger or ruin, to rescue, to lay by—*v. n.* to be cheap—*ad.* except  
Saveall, sâ'vê-âl, *s.* a pan to save the ends of candles on

Saving, sâ'-vîng, *a.* frugal, parsimonious—*ad.* excepting [who saves]  
Saviour, sâ'-vyôr, *s.* the Redeemer, he  
Sauter, sâ'n-têr, *v. n.* to wander about idly, to loiter

Savour, sâ'-vôr, *s.* a scent, odour, taste—*v. n.* to have any particular smell or taste, to be taken

Savoury, sâ'-vôr-y, *a.* pleasing to the smell or taste, relishing

Savoy, sk'-vôy, *s.* a sort of colewort

Sausage, sâ'-sêdz, *s.* a composition of minced meat and spice

Saw, sk', *prct. of See*—*s.* a dentated instrument for cutting boards or timber, a saying—*v. a.* to cut with a saw

Sawyer, sâ'-yêr, *s.* one who saws timber  
Saxifrage, sâk'-sî-frâdz, *s.* a plant good against the stone

Saxifragous, sâk'-sîf'-râ-gûs, *a.* dissolvent of the stone

Say, sâ', *v.* to speak, to tell, to utter

Saying, sâ'-îng, *s.* an expression, an opinion delivered

Scab, skâb, *s.* an incrustation over a sore, the itch or mange [sword]

Scabbard, skâb'-bârd, *s.* the sheath of a Scabby, skâb'-bý, *a.* diseased with scabs

Scaffold, skâf'-ôld, *s.* a stage raised either for shows or spectators, a gallery for execution of great malefactors, frames of timber erected on the side of a building [for workman]

Scaffolding, skâf'-ôl-dîng, *s.* a support

Scalade, skû-lâ-de, or Scalado, skû-lâ-dô, *s.* storming a place by raising ladders against the walls

Scald, skâld, *v. a.* to burn with hot liquor—*s.* a burn made with hot liquor

Scale, skâle, *s.* a balance, the sign Libra in the zodiac, a small shell or crust covering fishes, lamina, a ladder, the act of storming by ladders, regular gradation, line of distances, series of harmonic or musical proportions—*v. a.* to climb as by ladders, to scrape off scales

Scaled, skâld, *a.* having scales like a fish, squamous

Scaling, skâ'-îng, *prep.* storming a place by ladders, &c.

Scall, skâ'l, *s.* leprosy, morbid baldness

Scallion, skâ'-yôn, *s.* a kind of onion

Scallop, skâ'-ôp, *s.* a sort of shell-fish

—*v. a.* to indent the edge, to broil oysters

Scalp, skâlp', *s.* the scull, the integuments of the head—*v. a.* to deprive the scull of its integuments

Scaly, skâ'-y, *a.* covered with scales

Scamble, skâm'b'l, *v. n.* to scramble, to shift awkwardly [resinous drug]

Seamony, skâm'-mô-ný, *s.* a plant, a Scamper, skâm'-pêr, *v. n.* to flee with fear and speed

Scan, skân', *v. a.* to examine a verse by counting the feet, to examine nicely

Scandal, skân'-dal, *s.* a reproachful aspersions, infamy

Scandalize, skân'-dâ-lize, *v. a.* to offend by some action supposed criminal, to reproach, to disgrace

Scandalous, skân'-dâ-lûs, *a.* giving public offence, opprobrious, vile

Seadent, skân'-dênt, *a.* climbing as a vine by help of tendrils

Scanning, skân'-îng, *s.* examination of verses by counting the feet

Scansion, skân'-shûn, *s.* the act or practice of scanning a verse

Scant, skânt', *v. a.* to limit, to straiten—*a.* parsimonious, hardly enough, little [or piece]

Scantlet, skânt'-lêt, *s.* a small quantity

Scantling, skânt'-îng, *s.* timber cut into small size [ing]

Scanty, skân'-tý, *a.* narrow, small, sparse

Scape, skâ'pê, *v.* to escape, to shun—*s.* escape, evasion

Scapula, skâp'-û-lâ, *s.* the shoulder-blade

Scapular, skâp'-û-lâr, *a.* relating to the shoulders

Scar, skâr, *s.* the mark of a cut or burn

Scaramouch, skâr'-k-môôtah, *s.* a buffoon in motley dress

Scarce, skâr's, *a.* rare, uncommon—*ad.* hardly, scantily [plenty]

Scarcity, skâr's-ýt-y, *s.* the contrary of

Scarce, skâr'e, *v. a.* to frighten, to terrify

Scarecrow, skâr'-krô, *s.* an image or clapper, to fright birds

Scarf, skârf, *s.* a loose covering for the Scarfskin, skârf'-skin, *s.* the cuticle or outer skin of the body

Scarification, skâr'-tîk-k-shûn, *s.* an incision with a lancet

- Sounds.**—hât, hâte, hâll, liâr—mât, dêist, mât, hér—chyu, chine, fîeld, shîrt—
- Scrify,** skîr'-î-fy, *v. a.* to lance or cut the skin
- Scaring,** skîr'-îng, *prep.* terrifying, suddenly alarming with fear
- Scarlet,** skîr'-lèt, *s.* a beautiful bright red colour—*a.* of the colour of scarlet
- Scarp,** skîr'-, *s.* the slope on that side of a ditch next to a fortified place
- Scate,** skî'-te, *s.* an iron to slide with, a fish—*v. n.* to slide on scates
- Scatter,** skîr'-tér, *v.* to throw loosely about, to disperse
- Scavenger,** skîr'-ân-dâshér, *s.* a person who cleans the streets
- Scene,** sê-ne, *s.* appearance, part of a play, a hanging of the theatre adapted to the play [sentation
- Scenery,** sê-ne-ér-y, *s.* imagery, representation
- Scenic,** sên'-yk, *a.* dramatic, theatrical
- Sceneography,** sê-nô-grâf'-yk-âl, *a.* drawn in perspective [perspective
- Scenography,** sê-nôg'-râ-fy, *s.* the art of
- Scent,** sênt', *s.* smell, odour, chace by smell—*v. a.* to smell, to perfume
- Sceptic,** sêp'-tîk, *s.* one who doubts of all things
- Sceptre,** sêp'-tér, *s.* ensigns of royalty borne in the hand
- Sceptred,** sêp'-têrd, *a.* bearing a sceptre
- Schedule,** shêd'-ûle, *s.* a small scroll or inventory
- Schematist,** skê'-mâ-tîst, *s.* a projector
- Scheme,** skê-me, *s.* a plan, a design, a project, a contrivance—*v. a.* to plan, to project, to contrive
- Schism,** sîzm, *s.* a division in the church
- Schismatic,** sîz'-mâ-tîk, *s.* one who separates from the church
- Schismatical,** sîz'-mâ-tîk-âl, *a.* implying schism, divided [guilty of schism
- Schismatize,** sîz'-mâ-tîze, *v. n.* to be
- Scholar,** skôl'-âr, *s.* a disciple, a man of learning
- Scholastic,** skô-lâs'-tîk, *a.* pertaining to or practised in schools, pedantic
- Scholiast,** skô-lyâst, *s.* a commentator, a writer of explanatory notes
- Scholium,** skô-lyûm, *s.* an explanatory observation
- School,** skô-le, *s.* a place for education
- Schoolfellow,** skô-le-fêl-lô, *s.* one instructed at the same school
- Schoolman,** skô-le-mân, *s.* one versed in academical disputation or in the divinity of the school
- Schoolmaster,** skô-le-mâs-tér, *s.* one who teaches or presides in a school
- Schooner,** skô'-nér, *s.* a vessel with two masts and a boom-sail to each
- Sciatics,** si-â-tîk-â, *s.* the hip-gout
- Sciatical,** si-â-tîk-âl, *a.* troubled with the hip-gout
- Science,** si-ên-s, *s.* knowledge, certainty grounded on demonstration, art attained by precepts [to science
- Sciential,** si-ên-shâl, *a.* of or pertaining
- Scientific,** si-ên-tîf'-îk, *a.* producing certainty or demonstrative knowledge
- Scimitar,** sîm'-î-t-êr, *s.* a sword with a convex edge [to cut sparks
- Scintillate,** sîn-tîl-lâte, *v. n.* to sparkle
- Scintillation,** sîn-tîl-lâ-shûn, *s.* the act of sparkling [knowledge
- Sciolist,** si-ô-lyst, *s.* one of superficial
- Sciolous,** si-ô-lûs, *a.* superficially knowing [grated
- Scion,** si-ôn, *s.* a small twig to be en-
- Scirrhoty,** skîr'-ô-s-î-tý, *s.* an induration of the glands [rated gland
- Scirrhus,** skîr'-ûs, *a.* having an indurated gland
- Scissible,** sîs'-sîb'l, or **Scissile,** sîs'-sîl, *a.* that may be divided
- Scission,** sîzh'-ûn, *s.* the act of cutting
- Scissors,** sîz'-zôrz, *s.* a small pair of shears [assure
- Scissure,** sîsh'-ûr, *s.* a crack, a rent
- Sclerotic,** sklê-rô-tîk, *a.* hard, rough
- Scoff,** skôf', *v. n.* to ridicule, to laugh with scorn—*s.* an expression of scorn
- Scoffer,** skôf'-ér, *s.* one who scoffs
- Scold,** skôld, *v. n.* to quarrel clamorously—*s.* a rude foul-mouthed woman
- Scollop,** skôl'-ôp, *s.* a scallop
- Sconce,** skôns', *s.* a bulwark, a head, a hanging branched candlestick—*v. a.* to mulet, to fine
- Scoop,** skô-pe, *s.* a large ladle, a sweep—*v. a.* to lade out, to cut hollow or deep [aimed at, space
- Scope,** skô-pe, *s.* intention, drift, a thing
- Scopulous,** skôp'-û-lûs, *a.* full of rocks
- Scorbutic,** skôr-bû-tîk, *a.* diseased with the scurvy [up
- Scortch,** skôrtsh, *v.* to burn, to be dried
- Score,** skô-re, *s.* a notch or mark, a line drawn, an account, motive, twenty
- Scoria,** skê'-ryâ, *s.* dross
- Scorify,** skô-rî-fy, *v. a.* to reduce to scoria
- Scorious,** skô-ryûs, *a.* drossy, foul
- Scorn,** skô-rn, *v.* to despise, to scoff—contempt
- Scorner,** skô-rn-ér, *s.* one who scorua

shôt, nôte, lôse, actor—hût, pûsh, mâte, fûr—truly, rje—thus, thick.

raful, skôr'n-fûl, *a.* contemptuous, noient (the signs of the zodiac rpon, skôr-pyôz, *s.* a reptile, one of t. skôr', *s.* shot, payment, a Scotchman tch, skô'tsh', *v. a.* to cut slightly—*s.* light cut—*a.* of or belonging to cotland (ing his scot three, skôt-frê, *a.* excused from pay- ticism, skô't-ti-sizm, *s.* a Scottish liona tish, skôt'-ysh, *a.* Scotch undrel, skô't-n-drêl, *s.* a mean rascal, . pretty villain ur, skô't, *v. a.* to clean by rubbing ard, to purge, to pass swiftly over— . *n.* to clean, to scamper urge, skûrdzh', *s.* a whip, a lash, pu- ishment—*v. a.* to lash, to whip, to astise ut, skô't, *s.* one sent to observe the notion of an enemy—*v. n.* to go out s a scout rwi, skô'w, *v. n.* to frown, to look ugry—*s.* a look of discontent, gloom ag, skrâ'g, *s.* any thing thin or lean, he neck aggy, skrâ'g-y, *a.* lean, rough, rugged ramble, skrâm'b'l, *v. n.* to catch agerily, to climb—*s.* an eager contest or any thing (the teeth anch, skrâ'nsh, *v. a.* to grind between annel, skrân-él, *a.* vile, worthless, grating ap, skrâ'p, *s.* a small particle, a frag- gent, a bit ape, skrà'pe, *v. a.* to pare lightly, to ase, to gather by penurious dili- ence—*v. n.* to make a harsh noise— . difficulty, perplexity, distress atch, skrà'tsh', *v. a.* to mark with light incisions, to tear or rub with he nails, to write or draw badly—*s.* a slight wound with the nails atches, skrà'tsh'-éz, *s.* a disease in orses rawl, skrà'l, *v.* to draw or write in- elegantly—*s.* inelegant writing reak, skré'ke, *v. n.* to make a loud shrill noise eam, skré'me, *v. n.* to cry out shrilly as in terror, &c.—*s.* a shrill loud cry reech, skré'she, *v. n.* to cry as a night owl, to shriek—*s.* a cry of hor- or and anguish en, skré'ne, *s.* a sieve, what shelters conceals—*v. a.* to shelter, to con- u, to sift

Screw, skrû', *s.* one of the mechanical powers—*c. a.* to turn or fasten with a screw  
Scribble, skrî'b'l, *v.* to write without care or elegance.—*s.* worthless bad writing (tary  
Scribe, skrî'be, *s.* a writer, a public no-  
Scrine, skrî'ne, *s.* a repository for writ- ings (ing  
Scrip, skrî'p, *s.* a small bag, small writ-  
Scriptory, skrî'p-tôr-y, *a.* written  
Scriptural, skrî'p-tû-râ, *a.* contained in the bible (ings, the bible  
Scripture, skrî'p-tû-re, *s.* the sacred writ-  
Scrivener, skrî'v-nér, *s.* one who draws contracts for money  
Scrofula, skrôf'-û-lû, *s.* the king's evil  
Scrofulous, skrôf'-û-lûs, *a.* diseased with the scrofula  
Scroll, skrô'le, *s.* a writing wrapped up  
Scrub, skrûb, *v. a.* to rub hard—*s.* a mean fellow  
Scrubbed, skrûb'-éd, or Scrubby, skrûb'-y, *a.* mean, vile, sorry  
Scruple, skrû'p'l, *s.* doubt, perplexity, a weight of twenty grains—*v. n.* to doubt, to hesitate  
Scrupulosity, skrû-pû-lûs'-y-t-y, *s.* doubt, fear of acting (ful, cautious  
Scrupulous, skrû-pû-lûs, *a.* nicely doubt-  
Scrutable, skrû'téb'l, *a.* that may be searched (mination, enquiry  
Scrutation, skrû-tâ-shûn, *s.* search, exa-  
Scrutineer, skrû-ti-né're, *s.* an enquirer, an examiner (thoroughly  
Scrutinize, skrû-tîn-ize, *v. a.* to examine  
Scrutinous, skrû-tîn-ûs, *a.* captious, full of inquiries  
Scrutiny, skrû-tîn-y, *s.* an inquiry, a strict examination (for writings  
Scrutoire, skrû-tô're, *s.* a case or drawer  
Scud, skûd, *v. n.* to sail before a hard gale, &c.  
Scuffle, skûf'l, *s.* a confused quarrel  
Sulk, skûl'k, *v. n.* to lurk in hiding places, to lie close  
Skull, skûl', *s.* the arched bone of the head, a small oar (rows a cockboat  
Sculler, skûl'-ér, *s.* a cockboat, one that  
Scullery, skûl'-er-y, *s.* a place where ket- tles and dishes are cleaned and kept  
Scullion, skûl'-yôn, *s.* a kitchen drudge  
Sculp, skûlp, *v. a.* to carve, to engrave  
Sculptile, skûlp'-tîl, *a.* made by carving  
Sculptor, skûlp'-tôr, *s.* a carver in wood or stone

- Sounds*.—hât, hâte, hâll, liâr—mêt, dêsist, mâ, hér—chîn, chûne, f te, d, shrit—
- Sculpture**, skûlp'-tûre, *s.* the art of carving, carved work
- Scum**, skûm', *s.* what rises to the top of any liquor, dross—*v. a.* to clear off the scum
- Seupper**, skûp'-ér, *s.* a channel or hole to carry water from a ship's deck
- Scurf**, skûrf', *s.* a dry scab, a stain adherent, a scale [with scurf]
- Scurfy**, skûrf'-y, *a.* full or abounding
- Scurrility**, skûr-ril'-t-y, *s.* grossness of reproach, low abuse
- Scurrilous**, skûr-ril'-ûs, *a.* grossly opprobrious, mean, abusive
- Scurvy**, skûr'-v-y, *s.* a sort of distemper—*a.* scabbed, vile
- Scut**, skût', *s.* the tail of a hare, &c.
- Scutage**, skût'-êdzh, *s.* shield, money, tax for support of crusades
- Scutcheon**, skûtsh'-ôn, *s.* the field or ground on which a coat of arms is painted, pieces of brass placed over locks
- Scuttle**, skûtl', *s.* a wide shallow basket for coals, a small grate, a quick pace
- Scythe**, sîthe, *s.* instrument for mowing
- Sea**, sé, *s.* the ocean, a large lake
- Seabeat**, sé'-bê'te, *a.* dashed by the waves of the sea [shipboard]
- Seaboy**, sé'-bô'y, *s.* a boy employed on
- Seabreeze**, sé'-brê'ze, *s.* a wind from the sea
- Seacalf**, sé'-kâ'f, *s.* the sea
- Seacoal**, sé'-kô'le, *s.* coal brought by sea
- Seacompass**, sé'-kôm'-pâs, *s.* the mariner's compass [sea]
- Seafaring**, sé'-fâ'r-îng, *a.* travelling by
- Seahog**, sé'-hûg, *s.* the porpus
- Seal**, sé'le, *s.* the seacalf, a stamp, act of confirmation—*v. a.* to fasten with a seal, to confirm, to ratify
- Sealing-wax**, sé'l-îng-wâks, *s.* wax used to seal letters
- Seam**, sé'me, *s.* the suture where the two edges are sewed together, a scar, hog's lard—*v. a.* to join together, to scar
- Seamaid**, sé'-mâ'de, *s.* the mermaid
- Seaman**, sé'-mân, *s.* a sailor, a mariner, the male of the mermaid [at sea]
- Seamark**, sé'-mâ'rk, *s.* direction to ships
- Seamstress**, sé'ms'-trê's, *s.* a woman whose trade is to sew
- Seapiece**, sé'-pî'se, *s.* a picture representing any thing at sea
- Scar**, sé're, *a.* dry, not longer green—*s. a.* to burn
- Searse**, sé'rse, *v. a.* to sift finely—a fine sieve
- Search**, sértsh', *v.* to examine, to explore, to inquire, to probe—*s.* inquiry, quest, pursuit [ening plaster]
- Searloath**, sé're-klô'th, *s.* a large strength
- Searisque**, sé'-rîsk', *s.* hazard at sea
- Searoom**, sé'-rô'me, *s.* the open sea, far from the shore [sea]
- Seashore**, sé'-shô're, *s.* the coast of the
- Seasick**, sé'-sik, *a.* sick at sea
- Seaside**, sé'-sîde, *s.* the edge of the sea
- Season**, sé's'n, *s.* one of the four parts of the year, a fit time, a relish—*v. a.* to give a relish to [suited to time]
- Seasonable**, sé'sn-éb'l, *a.* opportune
- Seasoning**, sé'sn-îng, *s.* what gives a relish
- Seat**, sé'te, *s.* a chair, a bench a mansion, a situation—*v. a.* to place on a seat, to cause to sit down, to fix in a place or situation [seamen]
- Seaterm**, sé'-têrm', *s.* a word used by the
- Seaward**, sé'-wârd, *ad.* towards the sea
- Secant**, sé'-kênt, *s.* a right line cutting and meeting with another line
- Secede**, sé-sé'de, *v. n.* to withdraw from fellowship [ceding]
- Seccession**, sé-sêsh'-lîn, *s.* the act of se-
- Seclude**, sé-klû'de, *v. a.* to shut up apart, to exclude
- Seclusion**, sé-klû'-zhûn, *s.* a secluding a being excluded
- Second**, sék'-ônd, *a.* the next to the first, inferior—*s.* one who accompanies another in a duel, the sixtieth part of a minute—*v. a.* to support, to follow
- Secondary**, sék'-ôn-dâr-y, *a.* not primary—*s.* a delegate, a deputy
- Secondhand**, sék'-ônd-hând, *a.* not new not original
- Secrecy**, sé-kre'-s-y, *s.* privacy, retirement, close silence
- Secret**, sé-krê't, *a.* not revealed, private, faithful to a secret entrusted—*s.* a thing studiously hidden or not yet discovered, privacy
- Secretary**, sék'-rê-târ-y, *s.* one who writes for another [seal, to screen]
- Secrete**, sé-kre'te, *v. a.* to hide, to conceal
- Secretion**, sé-kre'-shûn, *s.* a separating of animal fluids, fluids secreted
- Secretitious**, sék-rê-tîsh'-ûs, *a.* parted by animal secretion
- Secretory**, sék'-rê-tôr-y, *a.* performing the office of secretion

shōt, nōte, lōse, actōr—hūt, pash, mātē, fūr—trufy, rye—thrus, thick.

- Sect, sēkt**, *s.* a certain body of men united in tenets [*a sect*]  
**Sectarian, sēk-tā-ryān**, *a.* pertaining to  
**Sectary, sēk-tā-ry**, *s.* a follower of a particular sect  
**Section, sēk-shūn**, *s.* the act of cutting, a part divided from the rest, a distinct part of a writing or book  
**Sector, sēk-tōr**, *s.* an instrument for laying down or measuring angles  
**Secular, sēk-ū-lār**, *a.* worldly, not bound by vows  
**Secularize, sēk-ū-lār-ize**, *v. a.* to convert to common use [*birth*]  
**Secundine, sēk-lūn-dine**, *s.* the after-  
**Secure, sē-kūre**, *a.* free from fear or danger, safe—*v. a.* to make certain or safe, to insure  
**Security, sē-kūr-ty**, *s.* confidence, protection, pledge  
**Sedan, sē-dān**, *s.* a kind of portable chair  
**Sedate, sē-dāte**, *a.* calm, serene  
**Sedative, sēd-ā-tiv**, *a.* composing, relieving [*inactive*]  
**Sedentary, sēd-ēn-tār-y**, *a.* sitting much,  
**Sedge, sēdzh**, *s.* the growth of narrow flags [*row flags*]  
**Sedgy, sēdzh-y**, *a.* overgrown with narrow  
**Sediment, sēd-lmēt**, *s.* what settles at bottom [*surrection*]  
**Sedition, sē-dysh-lūn**, *s.* a tumult, an insurrection  
**Seditious, sē-dysh-lūs**, *a.* factious, turbulent, tumultuous  
**Seduce, sē-dūse**, *v. a.* to corrupt, to deprave, to mislead, to tempt  
**Seducible, sē-dū-sib'l**, *a.* that may be seduced [*ducing*]  
**Seduction, sē-dhūk-shūn**, *s.* the act of seducing  
**Seductive, sē-dhūk-tiv**, *a.* apt to seduce  
**Sedulity, sē-dū-lty**, *s.* assiduity, industry, application [*dustrious*]  
**Sedulous, sēd-ū-lūs**, *a.* assiduous, industrious  
**See, sē**, *s.* the diocese of a bishop—*v. a.* to perceive by the eye, to observe, to converse with—*v. n.* to have the power of sight  
**Seed, sēde**, *s.* what produces plants and animals, original, offspring, race—*v. n.* to bring forth seed  
**Seedling, sēde-līng**, *s.* a plant just risen from seed [*pearl*]  
**Seedpearl, sēde-pērī**, *s.* small grains of seed  
**Seedman, sēd-mān**, *s.* one that sows or sells seeds [*sowing*]  
**Seedtime, sēde-tīme**, *s.* the season of  
**Seedy, sēd-y**, *a.* abounding with seed  
**Seeing, sē-lūg**, *s.* sight, vision
- Seek, sēke**, *v.* to look for, to search, to solicit  
**Seem, sēme**, *v. n.* to appear  
**Seeming, sēme-lūg**, *s.* appearance show, opinion—*a.* appearing, plausible  
**Seemly, sēme-ly**, *a.* decent, becoming, fit [*versed*]  
**Seen, sēne**, *part. of See*—*a.* skilled,  
**Seer, sēre**, *s.* one who foresees events, a prophet  
**Seesaw, sē-sā**, *s.* a reciprocating motion—*v. n.* to move up and down  
**Seeth, sēthe**, *v.* to decoct in hot liquor, to be hot  
**Segment, sēg-mēt**, *s.* a figure between a chord and an arch of the circle, a piece cut off [*to separate*]  
**Segregate, sēg-rē-gāte**, *v. a.* to set apart,  
**Segregation, sēg-rē-gā-shūn**, *s.* a separation from others [*large powers*]  
**Seigneurial, sēn-ū-ryēl**, *a.* invested with  
**Signior, sē-nyōr**, *s.* an Italian title for lord [*jurisdiction*]  
**Signiory, sē-nyōr-y**, *s.* a lordship, *s.* **Seine, sēne**, *s.* a large net for fishing  
**Seiner, sēne-ēr**, *s.* one who fishes with a seine  
**Seisin, sēz-yn**, *s.* possession  
**Seize, sēze**, *v.* to take possession of, to fasten on  
**Seizing, sēz-īng**, *s.* the act of taking possession  
**Seizure, sē-zhūr**, *s.* the act of seizing, the thing seized  
**Seldom, sēl-dōm**, *ad.* rarely, not often  
**Select, sē-lēkt**, *v. a.* to choose in preference—*a.* nicely chosen, culled out  
**Selection, sē-lēk-shūn**, *s.* the act of choosing  
**Selector, sē-lēk-tōr**, *s.* he who selects  
**Selenographic, sē-lē-nō-grāf-ik**, *a.* belonging to selenography  
**Selenography, sē-lē-nō-grāf-y**, *s.* a description of the moon  
**Self, sēlf**, *s.* person, identity  
**Selfish, sēlf-ysh**, *a.* void of regard for others  
**Sell, sēl**, *v. a.* to part with for a price  
*v. n.* to have commerce or traffic  
**Salvage, sēl-vēdzh**, *s.* the edge of cloth, &c.  
**Selves, sēlv's**, *s. plural of Self*  
**Semblant, sēm-blēt**, *a.* like, resembling  
**Semble, sēm-bl**, *v. n.* to represent, to make a likeness



*Sensé*—hât, hâte, hâll, liâr—mât, ôsist, mâ, hâr—chin, chine, field, shirt—

- Semi**, sêm'-y, *a.* a word which, used in composition, signifies *half*, and sometimes *imperfect* or *imperfectly*
- Semiannular**, sêm'-y-ân'-û-lâr, *a.* half round
- Semibrief**, sêm'-y-brêf, *a.* a note in music
- Semicircle**, sêm'-y-sîrk'-l, *a.* a half circle
- Semicircular**, sêm'-y-sîr'-kû-lâr, *a.* half round
- Semicolon**, sêm'-y-kô-lôn, *a.* half a colon, a point made thus ;
- Semidiameter**, sêm'-y-dî-âm'-ê-têr, *s.* half a diameter [fluid]
- Semifluid**, sêm'-y-flû'-yêd, *a.* imperfectly
- Semilunar**, sêm'-y-lû'-nâr, *a.* resembling in form a half moon
- Seminal**, sêm'-în-ûl, *a.* belonging to or contained in seed
- Seminality**, sêm'-în-ûl'-yê-t-y, *s.* the nature of seed, the power of being produced
- Seminary**, sêm'-în-âr'-y, *s.* a seed-plot, a breeding place, an original place
- Emination**, sêm'-în-â'-shûn, *s.* the act of sowing [clear]
- Semipellucid**, sêm'-y-pêl-lû'-sîd, *a.* half
- Semiperspicuous**, sêm'-y-pêr-spîk'-û-ûs, *a.* not quite plain
- Semiquaver**, sêm'-y-kwâ-vêr, *s.* in music, a note containing half the quantity of a quaver
- Semisextile**, sêm'-y-sêks'-tîl, *a.* twelfth part of the heavens or thirty degrees
- Semitone**, sêm'-y-tôn, *s.* half a tone
- Semivowel**, sêm'-y-vôw-êl, *s.* a consonant which has an imperfect sound of its own [lasting]
- Sempiternal**, sêm'-pî-têr-nâl, *a.* everlasting
- Sempiternity**, sêm'-pî-têr-nî-t-y, *s.* a duration without end
- Sempstress**, sêms'-strêss, *s.* woman employed in sewing
- Senary**, sên'-âr'-y, *a.* belonging to the number six, containing six
- Senate**, sên-êt, *s.* an assembly of counsellors, a parliament [senate]
- Senator**, sên-êt-ôr, *s.* a member of the
- Send**, sênd, *v. a.* to dispatch, to commission
- Seneschal**, sên-ê-shâl, *s.* a steward, a high bailiff [other]
- Senior**, sê'-nyôr, *s.* one older than another
- Seniority**, sê'-nyôr'-yê-t-y, *s.* priority of birth or service
- Senna**, sên'-y, *s.* a physical purge
- Seignigt**, sên'-yê, *s.* seven nights and days, a week [the senses]
- Sensation**, sên-sî'-shûn, *s.* perception by
- Sense**, sêss', *s.* the faculty of perceiving, perception, meaning
- Sensibility**, sên-sî-bîl'-î-t-y, *s.* quickness of sensation
- Sensible**, sên-sîb'-l, *a.* perceptible by the senses or mind, having sense or moral perception, being easily affected, convinced, judicious
- Sensitive**, sên-sî-tîv, *a.* having sense without reason
- Sensorium**, sên-sô'-ryûm, or **Sensory**, sên-sô'-ry, *s.* the seat of sense, the organ of sensation
- Sensual**, sên-shû'-âl, *a.* depending on or affecting sense, carnal, luxurious
- Sensualist**, sên-shû'-âl-îst, *s.* one given to sensuality
- Sensuality**, sên-shû'-âl'-yê-t-y, *s.* addiction to carnal pleasures
- Sensualize**, sên-shû'-âl-îze, *v. a.* to sink into sensual pleasures
- Sent**, sênt', *pret and part. of Send*
- Sentence**, sên-têns, *s.* a determination or decision, a period in writing—*v. a.* to pass judgment on, to condemn
- Sententious**, sên-tên'-shûs, *a.* abounding with sentences, short and energetic
- Sentient**, sên-shên't, *a.* perceiving, that has perception [tion, opinion]
- Sentiment**, sên-tî-mênt, *s.* thought, notion
- Sentimental**, sên-tî-mên'-tâl, *a.* reflecting, sensible
- Sentinel**, sên-tî-nêl, or **Sentry**, sên'-trî, *s.* a soldier on guard
- Separate**, sêp'-âr-âte, *v.* to divide to part, to disjoin [united]
- Separate**, sêp'-âr-êt, *a.* divided or dis-
- Separation**, sêp'-âr-â'-shûn, *s.* the act of separating, a disjunction, a divorce
- Sept**, sêpt', *s.* a clan, race, generation
- Septangular**, sêp-tâng'-û-lâr, *a.* having seven corners or sides
- September**, sêp-têm'-bêr, *s.* the seventh month from March, or ninth month of the year [seven]
- Septenary**, sêp-tên-âr'-y, *a.* consisting of Septennial, sêp-tên-nyâl, *a.* lasting seven years
- Septention**, sêp-tên'-trî-ôn, *s.* the north
- Septentrional**, sêp-tên'-trî-ô-nîl, *a.* relating to the north, towards the north
- Septentrionate**, sêp-tên'-trî-ô-nâte, *v. a.* to tend northerly
- Septic**, sêp'-tik, *a.* having power to produce putrefaction
- Septilateral**, sêp-têl'-lê-têl, *a.* having seven sides

shōt, nōte, lōse, actōr—hūt, pūsh, mātō, fūr—trulý, rýe —thus, thick.

Septuagenary, sēp-tū-dzh'én-ár-y, or  
Septuagesimal, sēp-tū-dzhēs'-ím-ál,  
a. consisting of seventy

Septuagint, sēp-tū-dzhint, s. the old  
Greek version of the Old Testament

Septuple, sēp-rúp'l, a. seven times as  
much [burial, &c.]

Sepulchral, sē-púl'-král, a. relating to  
Sepulchre, sēp'-úl-kér, s. a grave, a tomb

Sepulchre, sē-púl'-kér, v. a. to bury, to  
entomb [burial]

Sepulture, sēp'-úl-tūre, s. interment

Sequacious, sē-kwā'-shūs, a. following,  
ductil, pliant [consequence]

Sequel, sē-kwēl, s. the succeeding part,

Sequence, sē-kwéns, s. order of succe-  
sion [quential]

Sequent, sē-kwént, a. following, conse-  
Sequester, sē-kwēs-tér, or Sequesterate,  
sē-kwēs-träte, v. a. to separate, to  
put or set aside, to deprive of pos-  
session

Sequestration, sēk-wēs-trä-shün, s. sepa-  
ration, deprivation of profits

Sequesterator, sēk'-wēs-trä-tór, s. one  
who takes from the man the profit of  
his possessions

Seraglio, sē-räl'-yō, s. the house where  
the eastern concubines, &c. are kept

Seraph, sér'-áf, s. one of the orders of  
angels

Seraphic, sér-áf'-yk, a. angelic

Seraphim, sér'-áf-ím, s. plur. of Seraph

Serenade, sér-én-áde, s. music by lovers  
in the night—v. a. to entertain with  
nocturnal music

Serene, sér-rēne, a. calm, placid, quiet

Serenitude, sér-rén'-tūde, s. calmness,  
coolness of mind

Serenity, sér-rén'-t-ty, s. calmness, peace

Berge, sér-dzh, s. a kind of thin woollen  
cloth

Sergeant, sér-dzhént, s. a petty officer  
in the army, a lawyer of the highest  
rank under a judge

Series, sér-ryēs, s. sequence, order, course

Serious, sér-ryūs, a. grave, solemn, im-  
portant [of instruction]

Sermon, sér-món, s. a solemn discourse

Sermonize, sér-món-ize, v. n. to make  
or preach a sermon

Serosity, sér-rōs'-ty-y, s. the thin or wa-  
tery part of the blood [to serum]

Serous, sér-rūs, a. thin, watery, adapted

Serpent, sér-pént, s. a snake

Serpentine, ser-pén-tine, a. winding  
like a serpent

Serrate, sér-räte, or Serrated, sér-rä-täd  
a. jagged like a saw [other]

Servant, sér-vánt, s. one who serves an-  
other

Serve, sér-v, v. a. to attend at com-  
mand, to assist, to promote, to wor-  
ship the Supreme Being

Service, sér-vís, s. a menial office, fa-  
vour, the course or order of dishes

Serviceable, sér-vís-éb'l, a. active, dili-  
gent, beneficial [ing]

Servile, sér-vil, a. slavish, mean, cring-

Servility, sér-vil'-ty-y, s. slavishness,  
meanness

Servitor, sér-ví-tór, s. one of the lowest  
order in the university

Servitude, sér-ví-tūde, s. slavery, ap-  
prenticeship, dependance

Serum, sér-rúm, s. the watery part of  
the blood

Sesquialteral, sēs-kwý'-ál-tér-ál, a. con-  
taining once and a half as much more

Seas, sēs, s. a rate, a tax

Session, sēs'h-ün, s. the act of or space  
for sitting, an assembly of magis-  
trates or senators

Set, sēt, v. a. to place, to fix, to regu-  
late, to plant, to bring to a fine edge  
—v. n. to fall below the horizon, to  
fit music to words—a. regular, in a  
formal manner—s. a number of things  
or persons suited to each other

Setaceous, sē-tä'-shūs, a. bristly, set  
with strong hairs

Seton, sēt'n, s. an issue or rowel

Settee, sēt-tē, s. a large long seat with  
a back

Settle, sēt'l, s. a seat, a bench—v. a. to  
fix in any place or way of life, to  
establish, to determine—v. n. to sub-  
side, to fix one's self in a residence

Settlement, sēt'l-mént, s. state or ac-  
of being settled, a jointure to a wife,  
dregs

Seven, sēv'n, a. four and three

Sevenfold, sēv'n-fold, a. and ad. re-  
peated seven times

Sevenscore, sēv'n-skōre, a. twenty-seven  
times repeated

Seventeen, sēv'n-tēne, a. seven and ten

Seventh, sēv'nth, a. after the sixth

Seventy, sēv'n-ty, a. seven times ten

Sever, sēv'-ér, v. to force asunder, to  
divide, to make a separation

Severall, sēv'-ér-ál, a. distinct, diverse  
many

- Shards*.—hát, hate, háll, háar—mát, déist, má, háar—cháa, cháao, feld, shirt—
- Severally**, sév'-éi al-y, *s.* state of separation [a partition]
- Severance**, sév'-ér-éa, *s.* a separation,
- Severe**, sé-vé're, *a.* sharp, austere, cruel, afflictive
- Severity**, sé-vér'-it-y, *s.* cruel treatment, rigid accuracy, austerity
- Sew**, só, *v.* to join any thing with a needle and thread [run through]
- Sewer**, sú-ér, *s.* a passage for water to
- Sex**, séks, *s.* the distinction of male and female [sixty years]
- Sexagenary**, séks-á-dsh-én-ár-y, *a.* aged
- Sexagesima**, séks-á-dshé'-y-má, *s.* the second Sunday before Lent
- Sexagesimal**, séks-á-dshé'-y-mál, *a.* numbered by sixties [six angles]
- Sexangular**, séks-áng'-á-lár, *a.* having
- Sexennial**, séks'-én'-nyál, *a.* lasting six years [a circle]
- Sextant**, séks'-tánt, *s.* the sixth part of
- Sextile**, séks'-tíl, *a.* the distance of sixty degrees [a church]
- Sexton**, séks'-tón, *s.* an under officer in
- Sextuple**, séks'-táp'l, *a.* six times told
- Sexual**, séks'-sá-ál, *a.* belonging to the distinction of sexes
- Shabby**, sháb'-bý, *a.* mean, paltry
- Shackle**, shák'l, *v. a.* to fetter, to bind, to entangle [difficulties]
- Shackles**, shák'lz, *s. pl.* fetters, chains,
- Shade**, shá'de, *s.* an obscure or cool place, screen, shelter—*v. a.* to make obscure or cool, to shelter, to protect, to screen
- Shadow**, shá'l'-ó, *s.* a shade, a faint representation—*v. a.* to shade, to mark with gradations of colour or light, to represent [gloomy]
- Shadowy**, shá'd'-ó-y, *a.* full of shade,
- Shady**, shá'-dý, *a.* full of shade, secure from light or heat, cool
- Shaft**, sháf't, *s.* an arrow, a deep pit, a spire
- Shag**, shág, *s.* rough woolly hair, a kind of cloth
- Shagged**, shág'-géd, or **Shaggy**, shág'-gý, *a.* ruggedly hairy, rough
- Shagreen**, shá'-gré'ne, *s.* a skin of a kind of fish or skin made rough in imitation of it
- Shake**, shá'ke, *v. a.* to agitate, make to totter or tremble—*v. n.* to be agitated, to totter, to tremble, to be afraid—*r.* concussion, vibratory motion
- Shaken**, shák'n, *part. of* Shake
- Shall**, shál', *v. ought, must*
- Shalloon**, shál'-lón, *s.* a slight woollen stuff [boat with two masts]
- Shallop**, shál'-óp, *s.* a small vessel or
- Shallow**, shál'-ló, *a.* not deep, silly, empty—*s.* a sand, a flat, a snail
- Shallowbrained**, shál'-ló-bránd, *a.* foolish, trifling
- Shalot**, shá-lót, *s.* a small onion
- Shalt**, shált', *second person of shall after thou*
- Sham**, shám', *v. n.* to cheat, to counterfeit—*s.* false pretence, imposture—*a.* counterfeit, pretended
- Shambles**, shám'b'ls, *s.* a place to sell meat, a butchery
- Shambling**, shám'-blíng, *a.* moving awkwardly
- Shame**, shá'me, *s.* disgrace, ignominy, reproach—*v.* to make or be ashamed
- Shamefaced**, shám'-fást, *a.* modest, bashful, sheepish
- Shammy**, shám'-y, *s.* a kind of leather—*a.* made of shammy
- Shamois**, shám'-mý, *s.* a wild goat
- Shamrock**, shám'-rök, *s.* an Irish name for three-leaved grass
- Shank**, shánk', *s.* the middle joint or bone of the leg, the handle
- Shape**, shá'pe, *v. a.* to form, to mould, to conceive—*s.* form, external appearance [formed]
- Shapely**, shá'pe-ly, *a.* symmetrical, well
- Shard**, shá'rd, *s.* a fragment of earthen ware, a plant, a fish
- Share**, shá're, *v. a.* to divide—*v. n.* to have a part or dividend—*s.* a part, a dividend, a plow-blade
- Shark**, shá'rk, *s.* a voracious sea-fish, a greedy artful fellow [quick, sour]
- Sharp**, shá'rp, *a.* piercing, shrill, acute,
- Sharpen**, shá'rp'n, *v. a.* to make keen, to make quick [a cheat]
- Sharper**, shá'rp-ér, *s.* a tricking fellow,
- Sharpset**, shá'rp-sét, *a.* eager, vehemently desirous [to dissipate]
- Shatter**, shát'-tér, *v.* to break into pieces,
- Shatterbrained**, shát'-tér-bránd, *a.* inattentive, giddy [razor or scythe]
- Shave**, shá've, *v. a.* to pare off with a
- Shaving**, shá've-íng, *s.* a thin slice pared off any thing
- Shawl**, shál', *s.* a large loose neckerchief
- She**, shé, *pron.* the female before mentioned—*a.* female
- Sheaf**, shié'fe, *s.* a bundle of new-cut corn bound together [with sheen]
- Shear** shé're, *v. a.* to clip or cut

shôt, nôte, lôse, actor—hüt, pûsh, mâte, fûr,—truly, rye—thus, thick.

- Shears, shê'rz, *s.* an instrument to cut  
 Sheath, shê'th, *s.* a case or scabbard—  
*v. a.* to put into or fit with a sheath  
 Sheathy, shê'th-y, *a.* forming a sheath  
 Shed, shéd', *v. a.* to pour out, to spill—  
*s.* a slight temporary covering  
 Sheen, shê'ne, *s.* brightness, splendour  
*a.* bright, glittering  
 Sheep, shê'pe, *s.* a well known animal  
 Sheepish, shê'pe-ish, *a.* bashful, timorously and meanly diffident  
 Sheep's eye, shê'p-s-ī, *s.* a loving sly look [sheep  
 Sheepwalk, shê'pe-walk, *s.* a pasture for  
 Sheer, shê'te, *a.* pure, clear, unmingled  
 Sheet, shê'te, *s.* linen for a bed, a sail, paper, &c.  
 Sheet-anchor, shê'te-âng-kôr, *s.* the largest anchor  
 Shkel, shê'k'l, *s.* a Jewish coin value two shillings and sixpence  
 Shelf, shê'lf, *s.* a board to lay things on, a sand bank, a rock under shallow water  
 Shell, shê'ls, *s.* the hard covering or superficial part of any thing—*v. a.* to take out of the shell—*v. n.* to cast the shell  
 Shelly, shê'l'y, *a.* abounding with shells  
 Shelter, shê'l'ter, *s.* a cover from injury, refuge—*v.* to afford shelter, to betake to cover, to take shelter  
 Shelving, shê'l'v-îng, *a.* sloping, slanting  
 Shelly, shê'l'v-y, *a.* shallow, full of banks, rocky  
 Shepherd, shê'p-êrd, *s.* one who tends sheep  
 Sherbet, shê'r-bê't, *s.* the juice of lemons or oranges mixed with water and sugar  
 Sheriff, shê'r-rîf, *c.* a county officer entrusted with the execution of the laws  
 Sherifalty, shê'r-yî-tî, *s.* the office or jurisdiction of a sheriff  
 Sherry, shê'r-rî, *s.* a kind of sweet Spanish white wine  
 Shew, shô', *s.* appearance, a public sight  
 Shield, shî'ld, *s.* a buckler, a defence, a protection—*v. a.* to cover with a shield, to defend, to secure  
 Shift, shîft', *v.* to change, to alter, to practise indirect methods—*s.* an evasion, a woman's under linen garment  
 Shilling, shî'l-îng, *s.* a silver coin value twelve pence  
 Shin, shî'n', *s.* the forepart of the leg  
 Shine, shî'ne, *v. n.* to glitter, to be conspicuous or propitious, to enlighten—*s.* fair weather, brightness, lustre  
 Shingles, shîng'l'z, *s.* a kind of fetter that spreads itself round the loins  
 Shiny, shî'ne-y, *a.* bright, luminous, splendid  
 Ship, shîp', *s.* a large vessel to sail on the sea—*v. a.* to put into or transport in a ship [ship  
 Shipboard, shîp'-bôrd, *ad.* on board a  
 Shipman, shîp'-mân, *s.* a sailor  
 Shipping, shîp'-pîng, *s.* vessels of navigation  
 Shipwreck, shîp'-rêk, *s.* destruction of ships by rocks or shelves, destruction, miscarriage [ships  
 Shipwright, shîp'-rite, *s.* a builder of  
 Shire, shî're, *s.* the division of a kingdom, a county [of a man  
 Shirt, shîrt', *s.* the under linen garment  
 Shive, shî've, *s.* a slice of bread, a thick splinter  
 Shiver, shîv'-êr, *v. n.* to quake, to shudder—*v. a.* to break into many parts, to shatter—*s.* a fragment  
 Shoal, shô'le, *s.* a crowd, a sand bank  
 Shoaly, shô'le-y, *a.* full of shoals or shallows  
 Shock, shô'k, *s.* a conflict, a concussion, an offence—*v. a.* to shake by violence, to offend, to disgust—*v. n.* to be offensive  
 Shod, shô'd', *pret. and part. of* Shoe  
 Shoe, shô', *s.* the outer cover for the foot—*v. a.* to fit with a shoe, to cover at the bottom [shoes  
 Shoeboy, shô'-bô'y, *s.* a boy that cleans  
 Shoeing-horn, shô'-îng-hôrn, *s.* a horn to draw shoes on [suddenly  
 Shog, shô'g, *v. a.* to shake, to agitate  
 Shone, shôn', *pret. of* Shine  
 Shook, shû'k, *pret. of* Shake  
 Shoot, shô'te, *v. a.* to discharge or let off a gun, &c. to pass through with swiftness—*v. n.* to perform the act of shooting, to germinate, to jet out, to pass as an arrow, to feel a quick pain  
 Shop, shôp', *s.* a place for sale or for work [table to work on  
 Shopboard, shôp'-bôrd, *s.* a bench of  
 Shopkeeper, shôp'-kêp-êr, *s.* one who keeps a shop [goods in a shop  
 Shoplifter, shôp'-hîft-êr, *s.* one who steals  
 Shore, shô're, *s.* the coast of the sea, a drain, a buttress—*v. a.* to support to prop, to set on shore

*ounds*—hât, hâte, hâll, liâr—mât, dâist, mâ, bér—chîn, chîen, fiâid, shîr—

*Short, shôrt, a. not long, scanty, brittle* [to cut off, to lop]

*Shorten, shôrt'n, v. a. to make short, Shorthand, shôrt'hând, a. a short method of writing*

*Shot, shôt, pret. and part. of Shoot—s. balls for guns, &c. a reckoning*  
*Shotfree, shôt-frê, a. clear of the reckoning*

*Shove, shôv, v. to push forcibly, to drive forward—s. the act of shoving, a push*

*Shovel, shôv'l, s. an instrument with raised edges and a long handle—v. a. to throw or heap with a shovel*

*Shovelboard, shôv'l-bôrd, s. a long board for sliding metal pieces at a mark*

*Should, shôd, pret. of Shall*

*Shoulder, shôl-dér, s. the joint which connects the arm to the body, the upper joint of the fore-leg of a beast, a prominence—v. a. to jostle, to put upon the shoulder*

*Shouldershoten, shôl-dér-shô't'n, a. strained in the shoulder*

*Shoulderslip, shôl-dér-slîp, s. a dislocation of the shoulder*

*Shout, shôut, v. n. to cry in triumph, &c.—s. a loud cry of triumph, &c.*

*Show, shô, v. a. to exhibit to view, to prove, to explain—s. an exhibition, pomp, semblance, speciousness*

*Showbred, shô-bred, s. loaves set on the golden table in the sanctum before the Lord*

*Shower, shôw-ér, s. rain, a storm of any thing falling thick—v. a. to wet, to distribute with great liberality—v. n. to be rainy*

*Showery, shôw-ér-y, a. rainy*

*Shown, shô'ne, part. of Show, exhibited*  
*Showy, shô-y, a. splendid, gaudy, ostentatious*

*Shrank, shrângk pret. of Shrink*

*Shred, shréd, v. a. to cut into small pieces—s. a small piece, a fragment*

*Shrew, shrû, s. a peevish turbulent woman* [chievous]

*Shrewd, shrû'de, a. smart, cunning, mischievous, shrew, s. an articulate cry of anguish or horror—v. n. to scream*

*Shrift, shrîft, s. confession made to a priest* [ing and tumultuous sound]

*Shrill, shrîl, a. sounding with a piercing*

*Shrimp, shrîmp, s. a small sea fish, a dwarf* [&c. are repeated]

*Shrine, shrîne, s. a case in which relics,*

*Shrink, shrîngk, v. n. to contradict its self, to shrivel, to fall back as from danger* [then]

*Shrive, shrîve, v. a. to hear at confession*  
*Shrivel, shrîv'l, v. to contract into wrinkles*

*Shroud, shrû'd, s. a shelter, see any, burial clothes, the rope that supports the mast—v. to shalter, to cover, to dress for the grave*

*Shrove-tide, shrôv'e-tîde, or Shrove-Tuesday, shrô'v'e-tâz-dê, s. the Tuesday before Lent* [of time]

*Shrowd, shrû'd, v. a. to lop, to mow*

*Shrub, shrûb, s. a bush, a plant with acid and sugar mixed* [of shrubs]

*Shrubby, shrûb-by, a. like a shrub, full*

*Shrug, shrûg, v. to express horror or dissatisfaction by the motion of the shoulders, to contract or draw up—s. a motion of the shoulders from dislike or aversion* [shrunk]

*Shrank, shrûnk, pret. and part. of Shrunken, shrûngk'n, part. of Shrink*

*Shudder, shûd-dér, v. a. to quake with fear, &c.*

*Shuffle, shûfl, v. a. to remove with artifice or fraud, to mix cards—v. n. to throw the cards into a new order, to play mean tricks, to evade fair questions, to shift, to move with an irregular gait—s. the act of disconcerting things, an artifice* [money in a hat]

*Shufflecap, shûfl-kâp, s. a shaking of*

*Shun, shûn, v. a. to avoid, to endeavour to escape* [clude, to close itself]

*Shut, shût, v. to close, to bar, to ex-*

*Shutter, shût-tér, s. a cover for a window, &c.*

*Shuttle, shûtl, s. a weaver's instrument*

*Shuttlecock, shûtl-kôk, or Shittlecock, shûtl-kôk, s. a cork struck with feathers and beaten backward and forward* [cautious]

*Shy, shý, a. reserved, not familiar,*

*Sibilant, sib'y-lênt, a. hissing*

*Sibilation, sib'y-lâ-shûn, s. a hissing sound* [a spirit of prophecy]

*Sibyl, sib-yî, s. a woman endowed with*

*Sibylline, sib-yî-lîn, a. belonging to the sibyls*

*Sicamore, sîk'â-môre, s. a tree*

*Siccate, sîk'â-te, v. a. to dry*

*Siccation, sîk'â-shûn, s. the act of drying*

*Siccify, sîk'â-tý, s. dryness, want of moisture*

shöt, nôte, lôse, actör—hüt, pûsh, mûte, fûr—truly, rye—thus, thick.

- Sice**, sî'ze, *s.* the number six at dice  
**Sick**, sîk', *a.* not healthy, disgusted  
**Sicken**, sîk'n, *v. a.* to make sick—*v. n.* to grow sick, to be disgusted, to decay  
**Sickle**, sîk'l, *s.* a reaping hook  
**Sickness**, sîk-nēs, *s.* state of being sick  
**Side**, sî'de, *s.* the rib part of animals, the edge, party—*a.* oblique—*v. n.* to join with a party  
**Sideboard**, sî'de-bôrd, *s.* a side table on which conveniences are placed  
**Sidebox**, sî'de-bôks, *s.* a seat on the side of the theatre  
**Sideral**, sî'd-ér-âl, *a.* starry, astral  
**Siderated**, sî'd-ér-â-tîd, *a.* blasted, planet-struck  
**Sideration**, sî'd-ér-â-shûn, *s.* a sudden mortification, a blast  
**Sidesaddle**,—sî'de-sâd'l, *s.* a woman's seat on horseback  
**Sidesman**, sî'dz-mân, *s.* an assistant to the church-warden  
**Sidle**, sî'd'l, *v. n.* to go with the body, the narrowest way [place]  
**Siege**, sî'dzh, *s.* the besieging a fortified  
**Sieve**, sîv', *s.* hair or lawn strained on a hoop  
**Sift**, sîft', *v. a.* to separate by a sieve, to examine  
**Sigh**, sî', *s.* a mournful emission of breath, a sob—*v. n.* to utter a sigh  
**Sight**, sî'te, *s.* the sense of seeing, an open view, a show  
**Sightly**, sî'te-ly, *a.* pleasing to the eye, striking to the view  
**Sigil**, sî'dzh'-yl, *s.* a seal, a kind of charm  
**Sign**, sî'ne, *s.* a token, a picture hung for notice, a constellation in the zodiac, a symbol—*v. a.* to ratify by writing  
**Signal**, sîg-nâl, *s.* a sign that gives notice—*a.* eminent, remarkable  
**Signalize**, sîg-nâl-ize, *v. a.* to make eminent or remarkable  
**Signature**, sîg-nâ-tûre, *s.* a sign or mark, a signing, among printers a letter to distinguish sheets  
**Signet**, sîg-nēt, *s.* a seal commonly used for a king's seal manual  
**Significant**, sîg-nîf'-y-kēnt, *a.* expressive, important  
**Signification**, sîg-nîf'-y-kā-shûn, *s.* a meaning expressed by a sign or word  
**Significative**, sîg-nîf'-y-kā-tîv, *a.* strongly expressive  
**Signify**, sîg-nî-fy, *v. a.* to declare or make known, to mean, to import
- Signmanual**, sî'ne-mân'-û-âl, *s.* a king's signature, a name written with a person's own hand [sign hangs]  
**Signpost**, sî'ne-pôst, *s.* that on which a  
**Silence**, sî-lēns, *s.* taciturnity, secrecy, stillness—*interj.* hush—*v. a.* to still  
**Silent**, sî-lēnt, *a.* mute, still, not speaking [flinty]  
**Silicious**, sî-lîsh'-ûs, *a.* made of hair,  
**Siliqueous**, sîl'-y-kwûs, *a.* having a pod or capsule  
**Silk**, sîlk', *s.* the thread of worms, stuff made of the worm's thread  
**Silken**, sîlk'n, or **Silky**, sîlk'-y, *a.* made of silk, soft, pliant [foot of a door]  
**Sil**, sîl', *s.* the timber or stone at the  
**Sillabub**, sîl'-lā-bûb, *s.* a mixture of milk warm from the cow with wine and brandy and sugar and nutmeg  
**Silly**, sîl'-ly, *a.* harmless, foolish, simple  
**Silvan**, sîl'-vân, *a.* woody, full of woods  
**Silver**, sîl'-vēr, *s.* a white hard metal, money made of silver—*a.* made of or like silver—*v. a.* to cover superficially with silver  
**Silvery**, sîl'-vēr-y, *a.* besprinkled with or shining like silver  
**Similar**, sîm'-yl-âr, *a.* of a like form or quality, resembling  
**Similarity**, sîm-il-âr'-it-y, *s.* likeness  
**Simile**, sîm'-lî-ē, *s.* a comparison  
**Similitude**, sîm-il'-tûde, *s.* resemblance  
**Simile**  
**Simmer**, sîm'-mēr, *v. n.* to boil gently  
**Simnel**, sîm'-nēl, *s.* a kind of sweet cake  
**Simoniac**, sî mō'-nyāk, *s.* one who buys or sells church preferments  
**Simony**, sîm'-ôn-y, *s.* the crime of buying or selling church preferment  
**Simper**, sîmp'-ēr, *v. n.* to smile like a fool—*s.* a foolish smile  
**Simple**, sîmp'l, *a.* plain, harmless, silly—*s.* a simple ingredient, an herb—*v. n.* to gather simples  
**Simpleton**, sîmpl-tôn, *s.* a silly mortal  
**Simplicity**, sîm-plîs'-it-y, *s.* plainness, the state of being uncompounded  
**Silliness** [a single head or point]  
**Simplify**, sîm-plî-fy, *v. a.* to reduce to  
**Simular**, sîm'-û-lâr, *s.* one that counterfeits [counterfeit]  
**Simulate**, sîm'-û-lâte, *v. n.* to feign, to  
**Simulation**, sîm-û-lâ-shûn, *s.* hypocrisy, a dissembling [at the same time]  
**Simultaneous**, sî-mîl-tā-nîyus, *a.* acting  
**Sin**, sîn', *s.* a violation of the laws God—*v. a.* to violate God's laws

*Sounds*—hät, hate, häll, liär—mät, däsist, mē, hēr—chün, chine, field, shir—

- Since, s'as', *ad.* because that, before  
 thing ago [corrupt]  
 Sincere, s'ü-s'ère, *a.* pure, honest, un-  
 sincerity, s'ün s'er'-t-y, *s.* honesty of in-  
 tention, purity of mind  
 Siudon, s'ün-dön, *s.* a fold, a wrapper  
 Siue, s'ü'e, *s.* a kind of geometrical line  
 Sinecure, s'ü-e-küre, *s.* an office which  
 has revenue without employment  
 Sinew, s'ün-ü, *s.* a tendon, a muscle or  
 nerve [gorous]  
 Sinewy, s'ün-ü-y, *a.* strong, nervous, vi-  
 Sing, s'ing', *v.* to articulate musically, to  
 utter sweet sounds, to tell in poetry,  
 to celebrate [slightly]  
 Singe, s'ündzh', *v. a.* to scorch, to burn  
 Single, s'ing'l', *a.* one, alone, unmarried,  
 not compounded—*v. a.* to choose out  
 from among others  
 Singular, s'ing-ü-lär, *a.* single, only one,  
 particular [arity, a curiosity]  
 Singularity, s'ing-ü-lär'-t-y, *s.* peculi-  
 Sinister, s'ün'-t-er, *a.* bad, inauspicious,  
 unfair  
 Sink, s'ingk', *v. n.* to fall gradually, to  
 settle, to decline—*v. a.* to depress,  
 to make to fall—*s.* drain, jakes, a  
 place of filth [who has offended]  
 Sinner, s'ün'-er, *s.* a wicked person, one  
 Sinolering, s'ün'-of-ring, *s.* an expiation  
 for sin [earth]  
 Sinoper, s'ün'-o-per, *s.* a kind of red  
 Sinucus, s'ün'-ü-us, *a.* bending in and out  
 Sinus, s'ün'-üs, *s.* a bay of the sea, an  
 opening of the land  
 Sip, s'ip', *v.* to drink by small draughts  
 —*s.* a small draught  
 Siphon, s'if-fön, *s.* a pipe to convey li-  
 quors through, &c.  
 Sippet, s'ip'-et, *s.* a small sop  
 Sir, s'ir, *s.* a word of respect to men, a  
 title of a knight or baronet  
 Sire, s'ire, *s.* a father, a male  
 Siren, s'ir-en, *s.* a cruel sea goddess  
 famed for singing  
 Sirius, s'ir'-yüs, *s.* the dog-star  
 Sirloin, s'ir'-löin, *s.* a loin of beef  
 Sirname, s'ir'-näme, *s.* name of a family  
 Sirroco, s'ir-rök'-ko, *s.* the south-east wind  
 Sirrah, s'ir'-rā, *s.* a name of reproach and  
 insult [boiled with sugar]  
 Sirup, s'ir'-üp, *s.* the juice of vegetables  
 Sister, s'is'-ter, *s.* a woman born of the  
 same parents [the same order]  
 Sisterhood, s'is'-tér-hüd, *s.* women of  
 Sisterinlaw, s'is'-tér-in-lā, *s.* a husband's  
 wife's sister  
 Sit, s'it', *v. a.* to rest upon the buttocks,  
 to incubate  
 Site, s'ite, *s.* situation, local position  
 Sith, s'yth', *ad.* since, seeing that  
 Sicient, s'ish'-yént, *a.* thirsting  
 Sitting, s'it'-yng, *s.* the act or posture of  
 sitting, incubation  
 Situate, s'it'-ü-äte, *a.* placed, lying  
 Situation, s'it'-ü-ä-shün, *s.* local state,  
 position, condition  
 Six, s'iks', *s.* one more than five  
 Sixteen, s'iks'-tènc, *s.* six and ten  
 Sixth, s'iksth', *a.* first after the fifth  
 Sixthly, s'iksth'-ly, *ad.* in the sixth place  
 Sixtieth, s'iks'-tyth, *a.* the tenth six times  
 repeated  
 Sixty, s'iks'-ty, *a.* six times ten  
 Size, s'ize, *s.* bulk, a glutinous substance  
 —*v. a.* to smear with size  
 Sizeable, s'ize-éb'l', *a.* reasonably bulky  
 Sizer, s'ize-ér, *s.* the lowest rank of stu-  
 dents in the universities  
 Sizzy, s'iz'-y, *a.* viscous, glutinous  
 Skain, skāne, *s.* a knot of threads wound  
 and doubled  
 Skean, skēnc, *s.* a short sword, a knife  
 Skeleton, skél'-etön, *s.* the bones of a  
 body preserved together  
 Sketch, skétsh', *s.* an outline, a rough  
 draught—*v. n.* to draw roughly, to plan  
 Skewer, sküre, *s.* a sort of pin to truss  
 meat—*v. a.* to fasten with skewers  
 Skiff, skif', *s.* a small light boat  
 Skill, skil', *s.* knowledge, dexterity, abi-  
 lities [with]  
 Skilled, skýld', *a.* knowing, acquainted  
 Skillet, skýl'-et, *s.* a small kettle or boiler  
 Skim, ským', *v. a.* to take off the scum—  
*v. n.* to pass lightly, to glide along  
 Skimmer, ským'-er, *s.* a ladle to take off  
 the scum  
 Skimmilk, ským'-mýlk, *s.* the milk from  
 which the cream has been taken  
 Skýn, skýn', *s.* the natural covering of  
 the flesh, the hide—*v. a.* to flay, to  
 uncover, to heal [son]  
 Skinflint, skýn'-flint, *s.* a niggardly per-  
 skink, skýngk', *s.* drink, pottage—*v. n.*  
 to serve to drink  
 Skinner, skýn'-ner, *s.* a dealer in skins  
 Skinny, skýn'-y, *a.* wanting flesh, thin, lean  
 Skip, skíp', *v. n.* to leap quickly, to  
 pass without notice—*v. a.* to miss, to  
 pass—*s.* a light leap or bound  
 Skipjack, skíp'-dzák, *s.* an upstart  
 Skipper, skíp'-er, *s.* a shipmaster or ship-  
 boy

slăt, mäte, löse, actor—hüt, püsh, mäte, für—truly, rje—thus, thick.

- Skirmish**, skir'-mish, *s.* a slight fight, a contest—*v. n.* to fight loosely or in parties
- Skirt**, skirt', *s.* the edge, the border, the extreme part—*v. a.* to border, to run along the edge
- Skit**, skit', *s.* a whim, a kind of jest
- Skittish**, skit'-ish, *a.* easily frightened, shy, wanton
- Skue**, skü', *a.* oblique, sidelong
- Skuak**, sküak', *v. n.* to lurk in fear or malice [the head]
- Skull**, skül', *s.* the bone that encloses
- Sky**, ský', *s.* the heavens, the firmament
- Skylark**, ský-lark', *s.* a lark that mounts and sings [roof]
- Skylight**, ský-lite', *s.* a window in the
- Skyrocket**, ský-rök-ét, *s.* a kind of rising firework
- Slab**, sláb', *s.* a puddle, a plane of stone
- Slabber**, sláb-ér, *v. n.* to drivel, to shed *v. a.* to smear with spittle, to spill
- Slabby**, sláb-y, *a.* thick, viscous, wet
- Slack**, slák', *a.* loose, remiss, relaxed, weak—*v. n.* to be slack—*v. a.* to make slack—*s.* coal broken into small parts
- Slacken**, slák'n, *v. n.* and *a.* to slack
- Slade**, sláde, *s.* a long flat piece of ground lying low and wet
- Sag**, slág', *s.* the dross of metal
- Sain**, sláne, *part. of Slay* [guish]
- Slake**, sláke, *v. a.* to quench, to extin-
- Slam**, slám', *v. a.* to slaughter, to crush, to win all the tricks at whist—*s.* a winning of all the tricks at whist
- Slander**, slán-dér, *v. a.* to censure falsely—to belie—*s.* false invective, reproach [sive, calumnious]
- Slandorous**, slán-dér-ús, *a.* falsely abusive
- Slant**, slánt', or **Slanting**, slánt'-yog, *a.* oblique, sloping [direction]
- Slantwise**, slánt-wize, *ad.* in a sloping
- Slap**, sláp', *s.* a smart blow—*ad.* with a sudden violent blow—*v. a.* to strike with the open hand
- Slapdash**, sláp-dásh, *ad.* at once, suddenly
- Slash**, slásh', *v. a.* to cut with long cuts—*v. n.* to strike at random—*s.* a wound, a cut in cloth
- Slate**, sláte, *s.* a gray fossil stone—*v. a.* to cover the roof with slates
- Slattern**, slát'-érn, *s.* a nasty woman negligent in dress
- Slave**, sláve, *s.* one deprived of freedom *v. n.* to drudge, to toil
- Slaver**, sláv-ér, *s.* spittle, drivel—*v. a.* to emit or smear with spittle
- Slavery**, sláve-ér-y, *s.* the condition or offices of a slave
- Slaughter**, slá-tér, *s.* destruction by the sword—*v. a.* to slay, to kill with the sword [for killing beasts]
- Slaughterhouse**, slá-tér-höüs, *s.* a place
- Slaughterman**, slá-tér-mán, *s.* one employed in killing [dependant]
- Slavish**, sláve-ish, *a.* servile, mean, base
- Slay**, slá', *v. a.* to kill, to butcher
- Sleazy**, slé-zý, *a.* thin, weak, wanting substance
- Sled**, sléd', *s.* a carriage without wheels
- Sledge**, slédah', *s.* a smith's large hammer
- Sleek**, sléke, *a.* smooth, glossy—*v. a.* to comb smooth and even, to render smooth and glossy
- Sleep**, slépe, *v. n.* to repose, to rest, to slumber—*s.* repose, rest, slumber
- Sleepy**, slépe-y, *a.* drowsy, causing sleep, lazy
- Sleet**, sléte, *s.* a kind of small hail or snow—*v. n.* to snow in small particles
- Sleety**, sléte-y, *a.* bringing sleet
- Sleeve**, sléve, *s.* the dress covering the arm
- Sleeveless**, sléve-lés, *a.* wanting sleeves
- Sleight**, slíte, *s.* artifice, trick, dexterous practice [waist, sparing]
- Slender**, slén-dér, *a.* thin, small in
- Slept**, slépt', *pret. and part. of Sleep*
- Slew**, slú', *pret. of Slay*
- Slice**, slíse, *v. n.* to cut into thin pieces, to divide—*s.* a broad flat piece cut off
- Slide**, slíde, *v.* to pass smoothly or imperceptibly, to glide on ice—*s.* a frozen place to slide on
- Slight**, slíte, *a.* small, thin, weak—*s.* neglect, contempt, artifice—*v. a.* to neglect, to disregard
- Slim**, slím', *a.* slender, thin of shape
- Slime**, slíme, *s.* mire, any glutinous substance
- Slimy**, slíme-y, *a.* viscous, glutinous
- Sling**, slíng', *s.* a missive weapon for stones, a throw, a hanging bandage—*v. a.* to throw by a sling, to cast, to hang by a string [of the way]
- Slink**, slíngk', *v. n.* to sneak, steal out
- Slip**, slíp', *v. n.* to slide, to make a false step or mistake, to escape—*v. a.* to convey or leave silly, to lose by negligence, to let loose—*s.* a false step, a mistake, an escape, a twig, a narrow piece



*Sounds*—hxt, hâte, hâll, liár—mër, desist, mè, hér—chin, chine, field, shir—

**Slipboard**, slíp'-börd, *s.* a board sliding in grooves

**Slipknot**, slíp'-nót, *s.* a knot easily untied

**Slipper**, slíp'-ér, *s.* a shoe without leather behind

**Slippery**, slíp'-ér-ý, or Slippy, slíp'-ý, *a.* glib, hard to hold, uncertain

**Slipshod**, slíp'-shód, *a.* not having shoes pulled up at the heels

**Slipslop**, slíp'-slóp, *s.* bad or insipid liquor

**Slit**, slít, *v. a.* to cut longwise—*s.* a long cut, a narrow opening

**Sliver**, slí'-vër, *v. a.* to split, to divide or tear longwise—*s.* a branch torn off

**Sloats**, sló's, *s.* the under pieces which keep the bottom of a cart together

**Slobber**, slób'-bér, *s.* slaver—*v. a.* and *n.* to slaver, to wet with spittle

**Sloe**, sló, *s.* the fruit of the blackthorn

**Sloop**, slópe, *s.* a small ship

**Slop slóp**, *v. a.* to drink grossly and greedily

**Slope**, slópe, *a.* oblique, slanting—*s.* oblique direction, declivity—*v. a.* to form to obliquity, to direct obliquely

*v. n.* to take an oblique direction

**Slopeswise**, slópe-wíze, *ad.* slantwise

**Sloppy**, slóp-ý, *a.* miry and wet

**Sloth**, slóth, *s.* laziness, sluggishness, an animal of very slow motion

**Slouch**, slóuth, *s.* a downcast look, one who looks heavy and clownish

**Sloven**, slóv'n, *s.* a person indecently negligent of cleanliness, or dirtily dressed

**Slough**, slóú, *s.* a deep miry place

**Slough**, slúf', *s.* the skin which a serpent casts off

**Sloughy**, slób'-ý, *a.* miry, boggy, muddy

**Slow**, sló, *a.* not swift, tardy, dull

**Slow worm**, sló-wórm', *s.* a blind worm, a small viper

**Slubber**, slúb'-ér, *v. a.* to do any thing

**Sludge**, slúdzh', *s.* mire, muddy water

**Slug**, slúz', *s.* an idler, a drone, a kind of slow snail

**Sluggard**, slúg'-árd, *s.* an idle lazy

**Sluggish**, slúg'-ish, *a.* dull, drowsy, lazy, idle

**Sluice**, slúse, *s.* floodgate, a vent for water—*v. a.* to emit by floodgates

**Slumber**, slúm'-bér, *v. n.* to sleep lightly, to doze—*s.* light sleep, repose

**Slumberous**, slúm'-bér-ús, *a.* causing sleep, sleepy

*Slung*, slúng, *pret. and part. of Sling*

**Slunk**, slúngk', *pret. and part. of Sling*

**Slur**, slúr, *v. a.* to sully, to pass lightly—*s.* a slight disgrace

**Slut**, slút', *s.* a dirty woman

**Sluttish**, slút'-ish, *s.* nasty, dirty

**Sly**, slý, *a.* meanly artful, secretly insidious [but cunning fellow]

**Slyboots**, slý-bóts, *s.* a seemingly silly

**Smack**, srak', *s.* flavour, taste, a quick smart noise, a loud kiss, a small ship

**Small**, smál, *a.* little, slender, weak

**Smallcoal**, smál-kóle, *s.* small wood coals [than a ship]

**Smaller**, smál'-kráft, *s.* a vessel less

**Smallpox**, smál'-póks, *s.* an eruptive malignant distemper [stances]

**Smalt**, smét, *s.* a beautiful blue substance

**Smaragdine**, smár-úg'-dín, *a.* made of or like emerald

**Smart**, smárt, *s.* a quick pungent pain—*v. n.* to feel quick lively pain—*a.* pungent, quick, witty, brisk [bird]

**Smatch**, smátsh', *s.* a taste, a twang, a

**Smatter**, smát'-ér, *v. n.* to have a superficial knowledge—*s.* a superficial knowledge

**Smattering**, smát'-ér-íng, *s.* a slight knowledge

**Smear**, smé're, *v. a.* to daub, to soil, to defile

**Smeary**, smér-ý, *a.* daubey, adhesive

**Smeth**, sméth, *v. a.* to smoke to blacken with smoke

**Smell**, smél, *v. a.* to perceive by the nose—*s.* the power of smelling, scent

**Smelt**, smélt', *pret. and part. of Smell*

—*s.* a small sea fish—*v. a.* to melt ore

**Smerk**, smérk', *v. a.* to smile wantonly

**Smicket**, smýk'-ét, *s.* the body linen of a woman

**Smile**, smíle, *s.* a look of pleasure or kindness or slight contempt—*v. n.* to be propitious

**Smite**, smíte, *v.* to strike, to kill, to blast

**Smith**, smíth, *s.* one who works in metals

**Smithery**, smíth'-ér-ý, *s.* a smith's shop

**Smitten**, smít'n, or Smit, smít', *part. of Smite*

**Smock**, smók', *s.* a shift

**Smockfaced**, smók'-fást, *a.* beardless, palefaced, maidenly

**Smoke**, smóke, *s.* a sooty exhalation—*v. n.* to emit smoke, to smell or hang out, to use tobacco in a pipe—*v. a.* to sent by or dry in smoke, to smother a fire, to find out

shôt, nôte, lôse, actôr—hût, pûsh, mâte, fûr—truly, rye—thus, thick.

Smoky, smô'ke-y, *a.* emitting or like smoke, fumed

Smooth, smô'the, *a.* even on the surface, mild, calm—*v. a.* to make smooth

Smote, smô'te, *pret. of* Smite

Smother, smôth'-ér, *v. a.* to suffocate, to suppress—*v. n.* to smoke without vent—*s.* a state of suppression, smoke, thick dust

Smug, smûg', *a.* nice, spruce

Smuggle, smûgl', *v. a.* to import or export goods without payment of the customs

Smut, smût', *s.* a spot made with soot or coal, obscenity—*v.* to make or become smutty [smoke

Smutch, smûtsh', *v. a.* to blacken with Smutty, smût'-y, *a.* black with smoke, tainted with mildew, obscene

Snack, snâk', *s.* a share, a part taken by compact [the nose

Snaffle, snâf'l', *s.* a bridle which crosses

Snag, snâg', *s.* a jag, a sharp protuberance, a tooth standing out

Snagged, snâg'-éd, or Snaggy, snâg'-y, *a.* full of snags, shooting into sharp points [a drone

Snail, snâ'le, *s.* a slimy creeping animal,

'Snake, snâ'ke, *s.* a kind of harmless serpent [serpents

Snaky, snâ'ke-y, *a.* serpentine, having

Snap, snâp', *v.* to break at once, to bite or endeavour to bite, to treat with sharp language—*s.* a quick bite, a catch [kind of play

Snapdragon, snâp' drâg'-ôn, *s.* a plant, a

Snappish, snâp'-ish, *a.* eager to bite, peevish, tart [v. a. to entangle

Snare, snâ're, *s.* a gin, a net, a trap—

Snarl, snârl', *v. n.* to growl as a cur, to speak roughly [a hasty catch

Snatch, snâtsh', *v.* to seize hastily—*s.*

Sneak, snê'ke, *v. n.* to creep slyly, to crouch [covetous

Sneaking, snê'ke-îng, *a.* servile, mean,

Sneakup, snê'ke-ûp, *s.* a cowardly creeping scoundrel [check, to nip

Sneap, snê'pe, *v. a.* to reprimand, to sneer, snê're, *v. n.* to show contempt—

*s.* a look of contemptuous ridicule

Sneeze, snê'ze, *v. n.* to emit wind audibly by the nose—*s.* the act of sneezing

Snib, snîb', *v. a.* to check, to chide

Snick-and-snce, snîk'-ând-sné', *s.* a combat with knives

Sniff, snîf', *v. n.* to draw breath audibly by the nose

Sniggle, snîgl', *v. n.* to fish for eels with a bait

Snip, snîp', *v. a.* to cut at once with scissors, &c.—*s.* a single cut with scissors, a small shred

Snipe, snî'pe, *s.* a fowl with a long bill, a blockhead

Snippet, snîp'-ét, *s.* a small part, a share

Snipsnap, snîp'-snâp, *s.* a tart dialogue

Snivel, snîv'l, *s.* snout, a running at the nose—*v. a.* to run at the nose, to cry as a child

Snore, snô're, *v. n.* to breathe hard in sleep—*s.* the respiration of sleepers through the nose

Snort, snôrt', *v. n.* to blow through the nose as a high mettled horse

Snot, snôt', *s.* the mucus of the nose

Snotty, snôt'-y, *a.* full of snot

Snout, snôût', *s.* the nose of a beast, the nose in contempt, the end of a hollow pipe

Snow, snô', *s.* water frozen in flakes, a small ship—*v.* to fall in congealed flakes [snow

Snowball, snô'-bâ], *s.* a round lump of

Snowdrop, snô'-drôp, *s.* a small white spring flower [ing with snow

Snowy, snô'-y, *a.* white like or abundant

Snob, snûb', *v. a.* to check, to nip

Snuff, snûf', *s.* the burnt wick of a candle, a candle almost burnt out, powdered tobacco—*v. a.* to draw in with the breath, to scent, to crop the candle—*v. n.* to sniff [candles

Snuffers, snûf'-fêrz, *s.* an utensil to crop

Snuffle, snûf'l', *v. n.* to speak or breathe through the nose [sly

Snug, snûg', *a.* close, hidden, private,

Snuggle, snûgl', *v. n.* to lie close or warm [fore, provided that

So, sô', *ad.* in like manner, thus, there-

Soak, sô'ke, *v. n.* to lie steeped in moisture, to enter by degrees into pores—*v. a.* to drench, to drain [ing

Soap, sô'pe, *s.* a substance used in wash-

Soapboiler, sô'pe-bôîl'-ér, *s.* a maker of soap

Soar, sô're, *v. n.* to fly aloft, to tower, to rise high—*s.* a towering flight

Sob, sôb', *s.* a convulsive sigh or cry—*v. n.* to utter sobs

Soler, sô'-bér, *a.* temperate, sound in mind, serious—*v. a.* to make sober

Sobriety, sô-brî'-ê-t-y, *s.* temperance in drink, calmness

A a

Socinus, one who denies the pre-existence and divinity of Christ  
 Sock, sŏk', *s.* a theatrical shoe, a false stocking [something inserted]  
 Socket, sŏk'-ĕt, *s.* any hollow to receive  
 Sod, sŏd', *s.* a turf, a clod [ternity  
 Sodality, sŏ-dāl'-it-y, *s.* fellowship, fra-  
 Sudden, sŏd'n, *pret. of* Seeth  
 Soder, sŏd'-ēr, *v. a.* to cement with metallic matter—*s.* a metallic cement  
 Sofa, sŏ-fā, *s.* a splendid covered seat  
 Soft, sŏft, *a.* not hard or rough, tender, gentle, placid, simple—*interj.* hold, stop, not so fast [soft  
 Soften, sŏft'n, *a.* to make soft, to grow  
 Soho, sŏ-hŭ, *interj.* a form of calling to one far off  
 Soul, sŏl, *v. a.* to foul, to stain, to sully, to dung—*s.* dirt, dung, compost, earth  
 Souiness, sŏl'-y-nēs, *s.* stain, foulness  
 Sojourn, sŏ-dzhŏrn, *v. n.* to dwell for a time or as uot at home—*s.* a temporary residence  
 Solace, sŏl'-ēs, *v. a.* to comfort, to cheer, to amuse—*s.* comfort, pleasure, alleviation [pertaining to the sun  
 Solar, sŏ-lār, or Solary, sŏ-lār-y, *a.*  
 Sold, sŏld, *pret. and part. of* Sell  
 Soldan, sŏl'-dān, *s.* a Mahometan prince or sultan [warrior  
 Soldier. sŏl dzhér. *s.* a fighting man, a

sound, true, grave, protour  
 Solidity, sŏ-lid'-it-y, *s.* fulness, firmness, hardness, con truth  
 Solifidian, sŏ-l'y-fyd'-yān, *s.* one poses faith alone necessary cation [to  
 Soliloquy, sŏ-l'il'-ŏ-kwŭ, *s.* discourse  
 Solitaire, sŏl'-tā're, *s.* a hermit  
 Soliloquy, sŏ-l'il'-ŏ-kwŭ, *s.* discourse  
 Solitary, sŏl'-y-tār-y, *a.* retire  
 Solitude, sŏl'-y-tūde, *s.* a lone place, a desert  
 Solo, sŏ-lŏ, *s.* a tune played on  
 Solstice, sŏl'-stis, *s.* the tropic of the sun [ti  
 Solstitial, sŏl'-stish-āl, *a.* bel  
 Solvable, sŏlv'-ēb'l, *a.* capable solved or paid  
 Soluble, sŏl'-ūb'l, *a.* capable of solution [ness of s  
 Solubility, sŏl'-ū bil'-it-y, *s.* sol  
 Solve, sŏlv' *v. a.* to clear, to  
 Solvent, sŏl'-vēnt, *a.* dissolving pay debts [ex  
 Solution, sŏ-lū'-shŭn, *s.* a separation  
 Solutive, sŏl'-ū-tiv, *a.* laxative  
 Somatology, sŏ-mā-tŏl'-ŏ-dzhŭ doctrine of bodies  
 Some, sŏm', *a.* more or less persons, one or other  
 Somebody, sŏm'-bŏd-y, *s.* an

sbót, nôte, lôse, sctór—hüt, pûsh, mâte, fûr—truly, rýe—thus, thick.

Son-in-law, sôn'ín-là, *s.* one married to one's daughter [ments only]

Sonata, sô-nà-tà, *s.* a tune for instrument, sông, *s.* a ballad, a strain, notes of birds

Songster, sông'stér, *s.* a singer of songs

Sonnet, sôn-ét, *s.* a small poem of fourteen lines only [petty poet]

Sonnetteer, sôn-ét-té're, *s.* a small or

Soniferous, sô-níf-ér-ús, *a.* giving or bringing sound [sound]

Sonorific, sôn-ô-ríf-ík, *a.* producing

Sonorous, sô-nô-rús, *a.* giving a loud or shrill sound [readily]

Soon, sôon, *ad.* before long, early,

Soot, sût, *s.* condensed smoke

Sooterkin, sût-ter-kin, *s.* a kind of false birth fabled to be produced by Dutch women from sitting over their stoves

Sooth, sô'the, *s.* truth, reality—*a.* pleasing—*v.* *a.* to flutter, to calm, to pacify

Soothsay, sô'the-sâ, *v. n.* to predict

Soothsayer, sô'the-sâ-ér, *s.* a foreteller of events [black, dusky]

Sooty, sût'ý, *a.* smeared with soot,

Soop, sôp, *s.* any thing steeped to be eaten, a thing to pacify—*v. a.* to steep in liquor [years at the university]

Soph, sôf', *s.* one who has been two

Sophi, sô-fý, *s.* the emperor of Persia

Sophism, sôf'íz-m, *s.* fallacious argument

Sophist, sôf'íst, *s.* a subtle, cavilling disputer [ous logician]

Sophister, sôf'ýs-tér, *s.* an artful insidious

Sophistical, sô-fýs-tík-ál, *a.* fallaciously subtle [adulterate]

Sophisticate, sô-fýs-tík-âte, *v. a.* to

Sophistry, sôf'ýs-trý, *s.* fallacious reasoning

Soporiferous, sô-pô-ríf-ér-ús, or Soporific, sô-pô-ríf-ík, *a.* causing sleep

Sorcerer, sôf-sér-ér, *s.* a conjurer, a magician [ment]

Sorcery, sôf-sér-ý, *s.* magic, enchantment

Sord, sôrd, *s.* turf, grassy ground

Sordes, sôf-déz, *s.* foulness, dregs

Sordid, sôf-dýd, *a.* foul, filthy, base, covetous

Sore, sô're, *s.* a place painful and tender, an ulcer—*a.* tender to the touch, violent with pain

Sorel, sô-rei, *s.* a buck in the third year

Sorrel, sôf-él, *s.* an acid plant—*a.* reddish

Sorrow, sôf-rô, *s.* grief, sadness, inourning—*v. n.* to grieve, to be sad or dejected

Sorry, sôf'ý, *a.* grieved, vile, worthless

Sort, sôrt, *s.* a kind, a species, a rank—*v. a.* to separate, to cull, to select—*v. n.* to suit [ing, a parcel sorted]

Sortment, sôrt-mént, *s.* the act of sorting

Soss, sôs', *v. n.* to sit lazily, to fall plump into

Sot, sôt, *s.* a blockhead, a drunkard—*v. a.* to stupify—*v. n.* to tittle so as to stupify [dull, stupid]

Sottish, sôt'ýsh, *a.* addicted to liquor,

Souchong, sô-shông', *s.* a finer kind of Bohea tea [power]

Sovereign, sôv-ér-én, *a.* supreme in

Sovereignty, sôv-ér-én-tý, *s.* supremacy, the highest place

Sought, sà t, *pret. and part. of* Seek

Soul, sô'le, *s.* the immortal part of man, the vital principle, spirit, essence

Sound, sô'nd, *a.* healthy, right, stout, lusty, hearty—*ad.* soundly, heartily completely fast—*s.* a shallow sea. any thing audible—*v.* to try depth with a plummet or line, to examine, to make a noise, to celebrate by sound

Sounding, sô'nd-ing, *a.* sonorous

Soup, sô'pe, *s.* a decoction of flesh for the table

Sour, sô'f, *a.* acid, peevish, cross, affective—*v. a.* to make sour—*v. n.* to become sour [cause]

Source, sô'ise, *s.* spring, head, original

Sourish, sô'f-ýsh, *a.* somewhat sour

Sous, sô', *s.* a French penny

Souse, sô's, *s.* a pickle made of salt and water—*v. n.* to fall as a bird on its prey—*v. a.* to strike with sudden violence, to steep in pickle, to throw into water—*ad.* with sudden violence

South, sô'th, *s.* the part where the sun is at noon, the southern regions—*a.* southern—*ad.* towards or from the south [the south]

Southerly, sôth-ér-ly, *a.* from or toward

Southern, sôth-érn, *a.* belonging to or lying towards the south

Southernwood, sôth-érn-wôd, *s.* a plant

Southward, sôth-árd, *s.* regions towards the south [mass of lead]

Sow, sôw', *s.* a female pig, an oblong

Sow, sô, *v. n.* to scatter seed—*v. a.* to scatter in the ground, to stock with seed, to propagate, to sow

Sowings, sôw-inz, *s.* nursery, catenae

Soured

Sown, sô'nc, *part. of* Sow

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A a 2

*Sounds*—hăt, hâte, hăl, hăr—măt, dăist, mē, hēr—chŭn, chŭne, field,

- Space, spā'se, *a.* extension, quantity of time [roomy]  
 Spacious, spā'shūs, *a.* wide, extensive  
 Spade, spā'de, *s.* an instrument for digging, a suit of cards  
 Spadille, spā'dil', *s.* the ace of spades at ombre and quadrille  
 Spagyric, spā'dzhīr'ŷk, *a.* chymical  
 Spake, spā'ke, *pret. of* Speak  
 Span, spān', *s.* nine inches, any short duration—*v. a.* to measure with the hand extended  
 Spangle, spāng'l, *s.* a small plate of shining metal, any thing sparkling and shining—*v. a.* to besprinkle with spangles [sneaking fellow]  
 Spaniel, spān'yél, *s.* a dog for sport, a Spank, spā'nŭ, *v. a.* to strike with the open hand  
 Spanker, spāngk'ér, *s.* a small coin  
 Spar, spār', *s.* a kind of stone, a small beam, a bar—*v. n.* to fight like cocks—*v. a.* to shut, to close the bar  
 Sparable, spār'éb'l, *s.* a small nail for shoe-heels  
 Spare, spā're, *v. a.* to do without, to omit, to allow—*v. n.* to live frugally, to forbear, to forgive—*a.* scanty, superfluous, lean [little flesh]  
 Sparerib, spā're rib, *s.* ribs of pork with Spargeferib, spār-dzhēfāk-shŭn, *s.* act of sprinkling [nious]  
 Sparing, spā're-ŭng, *a.* scanty, parsimonious  
 Spark, spārk, *s.* a small particle of fire or light, a showy gay fellow—*v. n.* to emit sparks  
 Sparkle, spārk'l, *s.* a spark, a luminous particle—*v. n.* to emit sparks, to glitter  
 Sparrow, spār'ŭ, *s.* a small kind of bird  
 Sparrowhawk, spār'ŭ-hāk, *s.* a kind of small hawk  
 Sparry, spār'ŷ, *a.* consisting of spar  
 Spasm, spāzm, *s.* a convulsion, an involuntary contraction  
 Spasmodic, spāzmōd'ŷk, *a.* convulsive  
 Spat, spāt', *pret. of* Spit—*s.* the spawn of shell fish [ramble at large]  
 Spatiate, spā'shyāte, *v. n.* to rove, to Spatter, spāt'ér, *v. a.* to sprinkle with dirt, to defame—*v. n.* to spit, to sputter  
 Spatterdashes, spāt'ér-dāsh-éz, *s.* coverings for the legs  
 Spatula, spāt'ŭ-lā, *s.* a slice for spreading plasters or stirring medicines  
 Spavin, spāv'ŷn, *s.* a bony excrescence on the inside of the hough of horses  
 Spaw, spā', *s.* a place famous for mineral waters  
 Spawl, spāl', *s.* spittle, saliva  
 Spawn, spā'n, *s.* the eggs of fish spring—*v. n.* to shed spawn  
 Spay, spā', *v. a.* to castrate females  
 Speak, spē'ke, *v. n.* to utter any sounds, to harangue—*r. a.* to celebrate  
 Spear, spē're, *s.* a long pointed weapon  
 Spearmint, spē're-mīnt, *s.* a plant  
 Special, spēsh'āl, *a.* particular, liar, chief  
 Species, spē-shēz, *s.* a sort, a nature, circulating money (proper spē-shē)  
 Specific, spē-sif'ŷk, *s.* that which distinguishes one sort from another appropriated to the cure of some temper  
 Specification, spēs'ŷf'ŷk-ā-shŭn, *s.* particular mention, distinct notation  
 Specify, spēs'ŷf'ŷ, *v. a.* to note, to mention, to express in particular  
 Specimen, spēs'ŷ-mēn, *s.* a sample  
 Specious, spē'shūs, *a.* showy, plausible  
 Speck, spēk', *s.* a spot of dirt, a speckle  
 Speckle, spēk'l, *s.* a small speck—*v. a.* to mark with small spots  
 Spectacle, spēk'tāk'l, *s.* show, a stock, a glass for the sight  
 Spectator, spēk-tā-tŏr, *s.* a looker-on, beholder  
 Spectre, spēk'tér, *s.* an apparition  
 Specular, spēk'ŭ-lār, *a.* like a speculum, assisting sight [to content]  
 Speculate, spēk'ŭ-lāte, *v. n.* to meditate, to speculate  
 Speculation, spēk'ŭ-lā-shŭn, *s.* a view or scheme, thoughts for meditation [ive, theoretical]  
 Speculative, spēk'ŭ-lā-tīv, *a.* conjectural  
 Speculator, spēk'ŭ-lā-tŏr, *s.* one who forms theories [cising speculation]  
 Speculorary, spēk'ŭ-lā-tŏr'ŷ, *a.* looking-glass  
 Speculum, spēk'ŭ-lŭm, *s.* a mirror  
 Sped, spēd', *pret. and part. of* Speech, spēt'sh, *s.* articulate utterance, language, talk  
 Speed, spēde, *v. n.* to make haste, to succeed—*v. a.* to dispatch in haste—*s.* quickness, haste, speed  
 Speedy, spēd'ŷ, *a.* quick, nimble  
 Spell, spēl', *s.* a charm, a turn—*v. a.* to charm—*v. n.* to form of letters

shót, nôte, lôae, actôr—bûi, pûah, mâte, fûr—tsuly, rýc—thus, thick.

Spelling, spêl'-ing, *a* manner of writing a word—*part.* writing with proper letters, reading unskillfully  
 Spelter, spêl'-er, *s.* a kind of semi-metal  
 Spend, spénd', *v. a.* to consume, to expend, to waste [*a* lavish  
 Spendthrift, spénd-thrîft, *s.* a prodigal  
 Spent, spênt', *pret. and part. of* Spend  
 Sperm, spér'm, *s.* the seed of animals  
 Spermaceti, spér-mâ-sít' y, *s.* a fatty substance from a species of the whale  
 Spermatic, spér mât'-ik, *a* seminal  
 Spermatologist, spér-môl-ô dzhíst, *s.* one who gathers or treats of seeds  
 Sperse, spêrs', *v. a.* to disperse, to scatter  
 Spew, spû', *v.* to vomit, to eject  
 Sphere, sfêre, *s.* a globe, an orb, a province  
 Spheric, sfêr'-ik, *a* round, globular  
 Spheroid, sfê-rôide, *s.* an oblong body  
 Spheroidal, sfê-rôï-dýk-ál, *a* having the form of a spheroid [*Egypt*  
 Sphinx, sf'ingks', *s.* a fabled monster of  
 Spicated, spi-kâ't-éd, *a* formed like an ear of corn  
 Spice, spîse, *s.* an aromatic substance, as nutmegs, mace, pepper, &c.—*v. a.* to season with spice [*spices*  
 Spicery, spîse-ér'-y, *s.* a repository of  
 Spick and span new, spîk'-ând-spân-nû, *a* shining new from the warehouse  
 Spicose, spi-kôse, *a* full of ears like corn [*matic*  
 Spicy, spîse-y, *a* producing spice, aromatic  
 Spider, spi'-der, *s.* a well known spinning insect [*insect*  
 Spigot, spîg-ôt, *s.* a peg put into the  
 Spike, spi'-ke, *s.* an ear of corn, a long nail—*v. a.* to fasten or set with spikes  
 Spikenard, spîk'-nârd, *s.* name of a fragrant Indian plant  
 Spill, spîl', *s.* a shiver, a thin bar, a small quantity of money—*v. a.* to shed, to throw away—*v. n.* to waste  
 Spin, spín', *v.* to draw out into threads, to protract, to exercise spinning, to move round as a spindle  
 Spinach, or Spinage, spín'-édzh, *s.* a garden plant [*backbone*  
 Spinal, spîne-ál, *a* belonging to the  
 Spindle, spín'd'l, *s.* a pin to form thread, any long slender thing  
 Spine, spîne, *s.* the backbone  
 Spinnet, spín-ét', *s.* a small harpichord  
 Spiniferous, spi-níf'-ér-ús, *a* bearing thorns [*plexity, crabbedness*  
 Spinosity, spín-ús'-it'-y, *s.* thorny per-

spineous, spî-nús, *a* thorny  
 Spinstress, spîna-tér, *s.* a woman that spins, a maiden woman  
 Spiny, spîne-y, *a* thorny, perplexed  
 Spiracle, spi-rák'l, *s.* a breathing hole, vent [*wards*  
 Spiral, spi-rál, *a* curved, winding up-  
 Spire, spi're, *s.* a curve line, a wreath, a steeple—*v. n.* to shoot up pyrami-  
 cally  
 Spirit, spi'r-ít, *s.* the soul, a ghost, vi-  
 gour, courage, genius, distilled liquor  
 —*v. a.* to animate, to encourage  
 Spiritally, spi'r-ít-ál-lý, *adv.* by means of the breath  
 Spirited, spi'r-ít-éd, *a* lively, full of fire  
 Spiritual, spi'r-ít-ú-ál, *a* incorporeal, mental, not temporal  
 Spirituality, spi'r-ít-ú-ál-ít'-y, *s.* imma-  
 teriality, intellectual nature, pure act of the soul  
 Spiritualization, spi'r-ít-ú-ál-ít'-zâ-shún, *s.* the act of spiritualizing  
 Spiritualize, spi'r-ít-ú-ál-ít'-ze, *v. a.* to refine the intellect, to apply to a religious sense [*tical body*  
 Spirituality, spi'r-ít-ú-ál-ít'-y, *s.* ecclesias-  
 tical body  
 Spirituous, spi'r-ít-ú-ús, *a* having the quality of spirit, gay, vivid  
 Spirt, spi'r, *v.* to throw or stream out in a jet—*s.* a sudden ejection or effort  
 Spiry, spi're-y, *a* pyramidal, wratched, curled [*thickness*  
 Spissitude, spîs'-stít-úde, *s.* grossness,  
 Spit, spi't, *s.* an iron prong for roasting  
 —*v. a.* to put upon a spit, to thrust through, to eject from the mouth—  
*v. n.* to throw out spittle  
 Spitcheek, spîts'h-kûk, *v. a.* to cut an  
 eel in pieces and roast him  
 Spite, spi'te, *s.* malice, rancour, defiance—*v. a.* to thwart malignantly, to offend [*mouth*  
 Spittle, spîtl, *s.* the moisture of the  
 Splash, splâsh', *v. a.* to daub with dirty water [*water*  
 Splashy, splâsh'-y, *a* wet, full of dirty  
 Splayfoot, splâ'-fût, *a* having the foot turned inward  
 Spleen, splêne, *s.* the milt, anger, ill-  
 humour, melancholy  
 Spleeny, splêne-y, *a* angry, peevish  
 Splendid, splên'-dênt, *a* bright, glossy  
 Splendid, splên'-d'id, *a* showy, magni-  
 ficent, sumptuous [*scence, pomp*  
 Splendour, splên'-dôr, *s.* lustre, magni-

*Sounds.*—hăt, hâte, hălî, liăr—mêt, dêsist, mē, hēr—chîn, chîne, fiêld, shîrt—

Solenetic, splên-ê tîk, *n.* troubled with the spleen, peevish, fretful. [ate

Splenetic, splên-ê-tiv, *a.* fiery, passion-

Splice, splîse, *v. n.* to join the two ends of a rope without a knot—*s.* the junction of two ends of a rope without a knot [bone newly set

Splint, splînt', *s.* a thin wood to hold a

Splinter, splînt'-êr, *v. a.* to secure by

splints, to break in fragments—*v. n.* to be shivered—*s.* a thin piece of wood, bone, &c.

Split, splît', *v. a.* to cleave, to part—*v. n.* to crack, to be broken against rocks

Splutter, splût'-êr, *s.* bustle, tumult

Spoil, spôil', *v.* to rob, to corrupt, to make or grow useless—*s.* pillage, plunder, booty [pret. of Speak

Spoke, spô'ke, *s.* the bar of a wheel—

Spoken, spôk'n, *part. of Speak*

Spokesman, spô-ks-mán, *s.* one who speaks for another [der

Spliate, spô-lyâte, *v. a.* to rob, to plunder

Spoilation, spô-lyâ-shûn, *s.* act of robbery, privation [syllables

Synode, spôn-dê, *s.* a foot of two long

Sponge, spôndzh' or Spunge, spûndzh',

*s.* a soft porous substance—*v. a.* to wipe out

Spongy, or Spungy, spôndzh'-y, *a.* soft and full of small interstitial holes

Sponger, spûndzh'-êr, *s.* a hanger on for a maintenance

Spunk, spóngk', *s.* touchwood

Sponsal, spôn-sál, *a.* relating to marriage

Sponson, spôn-shûn, *s.* a becoming surety for another [father

Sponsor, spôn-sór, *s.* a surety, a god-

Spontaneous, spôn-tâ-nyus, *a.* voluntary, acting without compulsion

Spool, spô'le, *s.* a weaver's quill

Spoon, spô'me, *v. n.* to pass swiftly

Spoon, spô'ne, *s.* vessel with a handle for eating liquids

Spoonmeat, spô'ne-mête, *s.* liquid food

Sport, spôrt, *s.* diversion, merriment, mock fowling, hunting, fishing—*v.* to make merry, to frolic, to trifle [ful

Sportive, spôrt'-iv, *a.* gay, merry, play-

Sportsman, spôrts-mán, *s.* one who pursues the recreations of the field

Spot, spôt', *s.* a blot, a taint, a particular place—*v. a.* to stain, to disgrace, to corrupt, to taint

Spotty, spôt' tîy, *a.* full of spots

Sponsal, spôn-sál, *a.* nuptial, bridal, conjugal

Spouse, spô'z, *s.* a husband or wife

Spout, spôt't, *s.* the mouth of a pipe or vessel, a waterfall—*v.* to pour or issue out with force

Sprain, spi'ne, *v. a.* to stretch the ligaments of a joint—*s.* an extension of the ligaments

Sprang, sprîng', *pret. of Spring*

Sprat, sprât', *s.* a small sea fish

Sprawl, sprâl', *v. n.* to struggle, to tumble or creep [foam of the sea

Spray, sprâ', *s.* the extremity of a branch,

Spread, sprêd', *v.* to extend, to cover over, to propagate—*s.* extent, expansion

Sprent, sprênt', *a.* sprinkled

Sprig, sprîg, *s.* a small branch or spray

Spright, or Sprite, sprî'te, *s.* a spirit, a ghost, an apparition [goreous

Sprightful, sprî'te-fûi, *a.* brisk, gay, vi-

Sprightly, sprî'te-ly, *a.* gay, brisk, vigorous

Spring, sprîng', *v. n.* to begin to grow to issue forth, to arise, to leap, to fly with elastic power—*v. a.* to rouse, to discharge a mine—*s.* the season in which plants spring and vegetate

elastic body or force, a leap, a fountain, original

Springhalt, sprîng'-hâlt, *s.* a lameness by which a horse twitches up his legs

Springtide, sprîng'-tide, *s.* tide at the new and full moon [springs

Springy, sprîng'-y, *a.* elastic, full of

Sprinkle, sprîngk'l', *v.* to scatter in drops, to wet or dust by sprinkling

Sprit, sprît', *v.* to shoot, to sprout—*s.* a shoot, a sprout

Spritsail, sprît'-sâle, *s.* the sail which belongs to the boltsprit

Sprout, sprôût', *v. n.* to shoot by vegetation—*s.* a shoot of a vegetable

Spruce, sprû'se, *a.* trim, neat—*s.* a species of fir

Sprucebeer, sprû'se-bê're, *s.* beer tinted with branches of fir

Sprung, sprîng', *pret. and part. of Spring*

Spry, sprî', *s.* the foam of the sea

Spud, spûd', *s.* a short knife [foam

Spume, spû'me, *s.* foam, froth—*v. n.* to

Spuniferous, spû-nîf'-êr-ûs, *a.* producing froth

Spumous, spû'm-ûs, or Spumy, spû-m-y, *a.* frothy, foamy

Spun, spûn, *pret. and part. of Spin*

Spunginghouse, spûngîh'-hûs, *s.* a bailiff's house

shút, wôte, lôse, actór—hút, pûsh, mâte, fûr—thûs, thick.

**Spur**, spûr', *s.* a sharp point fixed in the heel, instigation, stimulous—*v. a.* to prick or drive with a spur, to urge forward [legitimate]  
**Spurious**, spû-ryûs, *a.* counterfeit, not  
**Spurling**, spûr'-lyng, *s.* a small sea fish  
**Spurn**, spûrn', *v. a.* to kick, to treat with contempt—*s. n.* a kick, insolent treatment [spûts]  
**Spurrier**, spûr'-ryér, *s.* one who makes  
**Sputation**, spû-tâ'-shûr, *s.* the act of spitting  
**Sputter**, spût'-tér, *v. n.* to emit moisture in small flying drops, to speak hastily—*v. a.* to throw out with noise  
**Spy**, spý', *s.* one who watches another's conduct or motions—*v. a.* to see at a distance—*v. n.* to try to discover  
**Spyboat**, spý'-bôte, *s.* a boat sent out for intelligence  
**Spyglass**, spý'-glâs, *s.* a short telescope  
**Squab**, skwâb', *a.* new hatched, awkwardly bulky—*s.* a kind of sofa or couch  
**Squabbish**, skwâb'-yish, *a.* heavy, fleshy  
**Squabble**, skwâb'l, *v. n.* to quarrel, to wrangle—*s.* a low brawl, a petty quarrel [or fleet]  
**Squadron**, skwâ'-drôn, *s.* part of an army  
**Squalid**, skwâl'-id, *a.* foul, nasty, filthy  
**Squall**, skwâl', *v. n.* to scream out—*s.* a loud scream, a sudden gust of wind  
**Squally**, skwâ'-y, *a.* windy, gusty  
**Squander**, skwân'-dér, *v. a.* to spend profusely, to dissipate  
**Square**, skwâre, *a.* having right angles, cornered, strong, exact—*s.* a figure with right angles and equal sides, a rule or instrument to measure or form angles with—*v. a.* to form with right angles, to adjust—*v. n.* to suit with  
**Squash**, skwâsh', *s.* any thing soft, a sudden fall—*v. a.* to crush into pulp  
**Squat**, skwât', *v. n.* to sit close to the ground—*a.* cowering down, short and thick  
**Squeak**, skwêke, *v. n.* to cry with a shrill tone, to betray a secret—*s.* a shrill quick cry [voice]  
**Squeal**, skwêle, *v. n.* to cry with a shrill  
**Squeamish**, skwême'-yish, *a.* nice, fastidious, delicate [crush, to oppress]  
**Squeeze**, skwêze, *v. a.* to press, to  
**Squelch**, skwêlsh', *s.* a heavy fall  
**Squib**, skwîb', *s.* a small pipe of paper filled with wild fire [insect]  
**Squill**, skwîl', *s.* a sea onion, a fish, an

**Squint**, skwînt', *a.* looking obliquely—*v. n.* to look obliquely or awry  
**Squire**, skwîre, *s.* a gentleman next in rank to a knight—*v. a.* to wait on  
**Squirrel**, skwîr'-él, *s.* a small active animal  
**Squirt**, skwîrt', *v. a.* to throw out in a quick stream—*s.* a pipe to eject liquor  
**Stab**, stâb', *v.* to wound mortally or mischievously—*s.* a wound with a sharp weapon, sly mischief [ness]  
**Stability**, stâ bil'-it-ýs, *s.* steadiness, fixed  
**Stable**, stâ'b'l, *a.* fixed, steady, strong—*s.* house for horses, &c.—*v. a.* to put into a stable  
**Stalish**, stâb'-lysh, *v. a.* to settle, to fix  
**Stack**, stâk', *s.* a large pile or rick, number of chimneys or funnels—*v. a.* to pile up in ricks  
**Stadle**, stâd'l, *s.* any thing which serves for support for another, a young tree  
**Stadtholder**, stât'-hól'-dér, *s.* a chief magistrate [fice]  
**Staff**, stâf', *s.* a stick, prop, ensign of of  
**Stag**, stâg', *s.* the male of the hind  
**Stage**, stâdz, *s.* a floor raised for exhibiting a show or for public transactions, a place in which rest is taken on a journey, single step of gradual process [stag]  
**Staggard**, stâg'-árd, *s.* a four years old  
**Stagger**, stâg'-ér, *v. n.* to reel, to begin to give way, to hesitate—*v. a.* to alarm [madness]  
**Staggers**, stâg'-érz, *s.* vertigo in horses,  
**Stagnant**, stâg'-nént, *a.* still, not flowing  
**Stagnate**, stâg'-nâte, *v. n.* to have no course or stream [course or motion]  
**Stagnation**, stâg-nâ'-shûn, *s.* a stop of  
**Staid**, stâ'de, *a.* sober, grave, regular  
**Stain**, stâ'ne, *v. a.* to blot, to spot, to disgrace—*s.* a blot, a stain of guilt, shame  
**Stair**, stâ're, *s.* a step to ascend by  
**Staircase**, stâ're-kâse, *s.* part that contains the stairs  
**Stake**, stâ'ke, *s.* a post, a pledge, a wager, hazard—*v. a.* to defend with stakes, to wager, to hazard  
**Stalactical**, stâ-lâk'-tik-âl, *a.* resembling an icicle [shape of icicles]  
**Stalactites**, stâl-âk-tî'-têz, *s.* spar in the  
**Stale**, stâ'le, *a.* old, long kept, corrupt—*v. n.* to make water  
**Stalk**, stâ'k, *v. n.* to walk stately—*s.* a proud step, a stem  
**Stall**, stâl', *s.* crib for a horse or an ox, a booth—*v. a.* to keep in a stall or stable



*Sounds.*—hăt, hâte, hăl, liăr—mêt, dêsist, mâ, her—chŭn, chine, fîeld, shirt—

Stallion, stăl'-yón, *s.* a horse kept for mares

Stamina, stăm'-ŷn-k', *s.* first principles of any thing, solids of the body, threads of plants [of threads]

Stamineous, stă-mŷn'-yús, *a.* consisting

Stammer, stăm'-ér, *v. n.* to falter in speaking

Stamp, stămp', *v. a.* to strike with the foot, to impress with a mark—*s.* an instrument to make an impression, a mark set on any thing, thing stamped, character of reputation

Stanch, stă'nsh, *v.* to stop, to hinder from running—*a.* sound, firm, determined, trusty [port]

Stanchion, stăn'-shón, *s.* a prop, a support, *stănd'*, *v. n.* to be upon the feet, to remain or become erect, to offer as a candidate, to be without motion, to persist, to abide—*v. a.* to endure—*s.* a station, post, stop, perplexity, a frame on which vessels are placed

Standard, stăn'-dărd, *s.* an ensign in war, undoubted authority, test, settled rate

Standing, stănd'-ŷng, *a.* settled, lasting, stagnant not transitory—*s.* continuance, station, rank [and iak]

Standish, stăn'-dish, *s.* a case for pen

Stang, stăng', *s.* a measure of five and a half yards, a perch

Stank, stăngk', *s. pret. of Stink*

Stannary, stăn'-ăr-ŷ, *a.* relating to the tin works—*s.* a tin mine

Stanza, stăn'-ză, *s.* a set of verses

Staple, stăp'-i, *s.* a settled mart, a loop of iron—*a.* established in commerce

Star, stăr', *s.* one of the luminous bodies in the heavens, mark of reference

Starboard, stăr'-bôrd, *s.* the right side of the ship, &c.

Starch, stărtsh, *s.* a kind of vi-cous matter to stiffen linen—*v. a.* to stiffen with starch

Starched, stărtshit, *a.* stiffened with starch, stiff, formal

Stare, stă're, *v. n.* to look with wonder or impudence—*s.* a fixed look

Stargazer, stăr'-găze-ér, *s.* an astronomer or astrologer

Stark, stăr'k, *a.* stiff, strong, full, plain

Starling, stăr'-lŷng, *s.* a bird, a defence to the piers of bridges in a river

Starred, stărd, *a.* decorated with stars

Starry, stăr'-ŷ, *a.* consisting of or resembling stars

Start, stărt', *v. n.* to rise or move suddenly, to wince, to propose—*v. a.* to alarm, to bring into motion—*s.* a motion of terror, a quick spring or motion

Startingpost, stărt'-ŷng-pôst, *s.* the barrier from which the race begins

Startle, stărt'l', *v. n.* to shrink, to be affrighted—*v. a.* to affright, to shock

Starve, stărv', *v. n.* to kill with hunger or cold [anima]

Starvling, srărv'-lŷng, *s.* a thin and weak

Statary, stă-tăr-ŷ, *a.* fixed, settled

State, stă'te, *s.* a condition, community, rank, grandeur—*v. a.* to settle, to represent

Stately, stă'te-lŷ, *a.* pompous, august, grand, lofty—*ad.* in a stately manner

Stateroom, stă'te-rôme, *s.* a magnificent room in a palace, the captain's bed-chamber in a ship

Statesman, stă'ts-măn, *s.* a politician, one employed in public affairs

Static, stăt'-ŷk, *a.* relating to weighing

Statics, stăt'-ŷks, *s.* the science of weighing bodies

Station, stă-shŭn, *s.* act of standing, post assigned, employment, rank—*v. a.* to place in or order into a certain post or place [progressive]

Stationary, stă-shŭn-ăr-ŷ, *a.* fixed, not

Stationer, stă-shŭn-ér, *s.* a dealer in paper, &c.

Statistical, stă-tŷs'-tŷ-kăl, *a.* relating to the internal state of a nation or district [images]

Statuary, stăt'-ŷ-ăr-ŷ, *s.* a carver of

Statue, stăt'-ŷ, *s.* an image of metal, stone, &c. [animal]

Stature, stăt'-ŷre, *s.* the height of any

Statutable, stăt'-ŷ-téb'l, *a.* acting according to statute [law, edict]

Statute, stăt'-ŷte, *s.* an act of parliament,

Stave, stă've, *v. a.* to break in pieces, to push off

Staves, stă'vz, *s. plural of Staff*

Stay, stă', *v. n.* to continue in a place to stop, to rest confidently—*v. a.* to stop, to repress, to prop—*s.* continuance in place, stop, prop

Stayed, stă'de, *a.* fixed, settled, composed, serious

Stays, stă'ze, *s. pl.* bodice for women, ropes in a ship to keep the mast from falling, support

Stead, stēd, *s.* room, place, use, frame

*v. a.* to help, to support, to assist

öt, nôte, löse, actör—hüt, pûsh, mûte, fûr—truly. rje—thus, thick.

ness, stéd'-y-nés, *s.* firmness, un-  
geableness

[vering

stéd'-y, *a.* firm, fixed, not wa-  
stá'ke, *s.* a slice of flesh broiled

and

té'le, *v.* to take clandestinely, to  
draw privily, to practise theft

, stélth', *s.* the act of stealing,  
tact

[of hot liquor

sté'me, *s.* the smoke or vapour  
t, stéd'-fást, *a.* fixed, firm, con-

sté'de, *s.* a horse

sté'le, *s.* iron refined and harden-  
fire, a weapon—*v. a.* to edge

steel, to make hard

sté'le-y, *a.* made of steel, hard

rd, sté'le-yárd, *s.* a kind of ba-

for weighing

sté'pe, *a.* rising or descending  
great inclination—*s.* precipice—

to soak in liquor

, sté'p'l, *s.* a turret of a church

, sté'pe-y, *a.* steep, precipitously

vous

[guide a ship

sté're, *s.* a young bullock—*v.* to

re, sté're-édzh, *s.* the act or prac-

ice of steering, the hinder

part of the ship

[a ship

nan, stér'zmán, *s.* he who steers

tic, stég nót'-yk, *a.* rendered cos-

binding

, stél'-ár, *a.* relating to the stars

e, stél'-áte, *a.* pointed as a star

rous, stél'-yf-ér-us, *a.* having stars

stém, *s.* a stalk, a family, a race,

to—*s. a.* to oppose a current, to stop

, sténsh', *s.* a stink

graphic, stén-ô-gúf'-yk, *a.* relating

to done in shorthand

raphy, sté nög'-rá fy, *s.* short-

ly writing

rian, stén-tö' rykn, *a.* very loud

roponic, stén-tö-rö-fön'-yk, *a.*

ly sounding

stép', *v. n.* to move with the feet,

take a short walk—*s.* round of a

ler, footstep, action

other, stép-múth-ér, *s.* a mother-

law

[longing to dung

raceous, stér-kö-rá'-shyús, *a.* be-

ration, stér-kö-rá'-shün, *s.* the act of

ging

[of describing solid bodies

graphy, stér-ry-ög'-rá fy, *s.* the art

metry, stér-ry-öm'-é-try, *s.* the act

measuring sound bodies

stér'-y, *a.* barren, not productive

Sterility, sté-ril'-y-y, *s.* barrenness, un-  
fruitfulness

Sterling, stér'-l'ng, *a.* genuine, naving  
past the test—*s.* English coin, stand-  
ard rate

Stern, stérn', *s.* severe of look or man-  
ner, harsh—*s.* the hindermost part of  
the ship

Sternon, stér-nón, *s.* the breastbone

Sternutation, stér-nú-tà'-shün, *s.* the act  
of sneezing

[cause sneezing

Sternutative, stér-nú-tá-tiv, *a.* apt to  
Stew, stú', *v. a.* to seeth slowly—*s.* a hot-

house, brothel [the affairs of another

Steward, stú'-árd, *s.* one who manages

Stibial, stib'yál, *a.* antimonial

Stick, stík', *s.* a small piece of wood, a

staff—*v. a.* to fasten on, to stab—

*v. n.* to adhere, to scruple

Stickle, stík'l, *v. n.* to contend with ob-  
stinacy, &c.

[tinuous

Sticky, stik'-y, *a.* viscous, adhesive, glu-

Stiff, stíf', *a.* rigid, stubborn, harsh,

formal

[stiff

Stiffen, stíf'n, *v.* to make stiff, to grow

Stifle, stífl, *v. a.* to suffocate, to extin-

guish, to suppress

[tumacious

Stiffnecked, stíf-nékt, *a.* stubborn, con-

Stigma, stíg'-má, *s.* a brand, a mark of

infamy

[with infamy

Stigmatize, stíg'-má-tize, *v. a.* to mark

Stile, stíle, *s.* steps in a field, pin of a

sun dial

Stiletto, stíl-ét-ò, *s.* a small dagger

Still, stíl', *v. a.* to silence, to appease,

to distil—*a.* silent, calm, motionless

—*s.* silence, a vessel for distillation

Stillatitious, stíl-lk-tish'ús, *a.* falling in

drops

[laboratory

Stillatory, stíl'-á-tór-y, *s.* an alembic

Stillborn, stíl'-börn, *a.* dead in the birth

Stilling, stíl'-ng, *s.* act of stilling, a

stand for casks

Stilts, stílt's, *s.* supports on which boys

raise themselves and walk

Stimulate, stím'-ù-láte, *v. a.* to excite, to

spur on

[citement, pungency

Stimulation, stým-ù-lá'-shün, *s.* an ex-

Sting, stíng', *v. a.* to pierce or wound

with a sting—*s.* a sharp point with

which some animals are armed, any

thing which gives pain, the point is

the last verse of an epigram

Stingo, stín'-gò, *s.* old beer

Stingy, stíndzh'-y, *a.* covetous

Stink, stíngk', *s.* an offensive smell—

*v. n.* to emit an offensive smell

*Sounds.*—hät, häte, häll, liär—mät, désist, mä, här—chün, chine, ffeld, skirt—

Stinkard, stíngl'-árd, *s.* a mean paltry fellow

Stint, stínt', *v. a.* to bound, to limit, to restrain—*s.* limit, proportion

Stipend, stí-pénd, *s.* wages, settled pay

Stipendiary, stí-pén'-dyár-y, *a.* receiving a stipend [to settle terms

stipulate, stíp'-ù-läte, *v. n.* to contract, stipulation, stíp'-ù-lä'-shün, *s.* a bargain, a contract

Stir, stír', *v. a.* to move, to agitate, to incite—*v. n.* to move one's self, to rise—*s.* bustle, commotion, agitation

Stirrup, stír'-úp, *s.* an iron hoop for a horseman's foot

Stitch, stítsh', *v. a.* to sew, to join—*v. n.* to practice needle work—*s.* a sharp pain in the side, &c.

Stive, stí've', *v. a.* to stuff up close

Stoccado, stók'-ä-dò, *s.* a thrust with a rapier

Stock, stók', *s.* a trunk, a log, linen for the neck, lineage, fund of money, quantity—*v. a.* to store

Stockdove, stók'-dòv, *a.* a pigeon in its wild state

Stockfish, stók'-físh, *s.* a dried cod

Stocking, stók'-íng, *s.* a covering of the leg [hays and sells in the funds

Stockjobber, stók'-dzhób-ér, *s.* one who

Stocklock, stók'-lòk, *s.* a lock fixed in wood

Stocks, stòks', *s.* a prison for the legs

Stockstill, stók'-stíl, *a.* motionless

Stoical, stò'-ík-ál, *a.* in the manner of the Stoics, void of passions

Stoicism, stò'-i-sízm, *s.* doctrine of the Stoics, a being superior to the passions

Stoic, stò'-ík, *s.* a philosopher of the sect of Zeno

Stole, stò'le, *s.* a long vest—*pret. of Steal*

Stolen, stò'l'n, *part. of Steal*

Stomach, stóm'-ák, *s.* the ventricle in which food is digested, appetite, inclination, anger, pride—*v.* to resent, to be angry [for the breast

Stomacher, stón'-átsh-ér, *s.* an ornament

Stomachic, stò mák'-ík, *a.* relating to the stomach—*s.* a medicine for the stomach

Stone, stò'ne, *s.* a hard substance of the earth and in fruit, a gem, a calculus

concretion in the kidneys or bladder, weight of 1lb. or 14lb. &c.—*a.* made of stone—*ad. in composit.* quite—*v. a.* to pelt or kill with stones

Stonefruit, stò'ne-frút, *s.* fruit of which the seed is covered with a hard shell

Stonepit, stò'ne-pít, *s.* a quarry

Sonepitch, stò'ne-pítsh, *s.* hard insipid pitch

Stony, stò'ne-y, *a.* full of stones, hard

Stood, stúd', *pret. and part. of Stand*

Stool, stò'le, *s.* a seat without a back, an evacuation

Stoolball, stò'le-bál, *s.* a kind of play

Stoop, stò'pe, *v. n.* to bend down, to yield, to submit—*s.* act of stooping, descent from dignity, a vessel of liquor

Stop, stóp', *v. a.* to hinder, to obstruct, to close up—*v. n.* to cease to go forward—*s.* cessation of motion, obstruction, prohibition, regulation in music, point in writing

Stopcock, stóp'-kòk, *s.* a pipe stopped by a turning cock [indifference

Stoppage, stóp'-édzh, *s.* an obstruction

Stopple, stóp'l, *s.* what stops the hole of a vessel

Storage, stò're-édzh, *s.* place for stores

Storax, stò'-ráks, *s.* an odoriferous resin

Store, stò're, *s.* plenty, abundance, a magazine—*v. a.* to furnish, to lay up, to hoard [the charge of stores

Storekeeper, stò're-kèp-ér, *s.* one who has

Stork, stò'rk, *s.* a bird of passage

Storm, stò'rm, *s.* a tempest, assault, tumult, violence—*v.* to attack by open force, to rage [lent

Stormy, stò'r-mý, *a.* tempestuous, violent

Story, stò'-ry, *s.* a narrative, a short tale, a floor—*v. a.* to relate

Stove, stò've, *s.* a hot-house, a place to make fire in—*v. a.* to keep warm by artificial heat [be stupified

Stound, stò'nd, *v. n.* to be in pain, to

Stout, stòút', *a.* strong, brave, obstinate, firm—*s.* strong beer

Stow, stò', *v. a.* to lay in order and close

Stowage, stò'-édzh, *s.* a place for stowing or laying up goods in, a being laid up [wide

Straddle, strád'l, *v. n.* to stand or walk

Straggle, strág'l, *v. n.* to rove, to ramble

Straight, strá'te, *a.* not crooked, right—*ad.* directly

Straighten, strá't'n, *v. a.* to make straight

Strain, strá'ne, *v. a.* to squeeze, to purify by filtration, to sprain, to put to its utmost strength, to push beyond the proper extent—*v. n.* to make violent efforts—*s.* injury by too much violence, race, style of speaking, song, rank, character

shōt, nōte, lōse, actor—hūt, pūsh, mātē, fur—truly, rye—thus, thick.

**Strait, strāte, a.** narrow, close, difficult

→ **a narrow pass, difficulty** [tight]

**Straiten, strā't'n, v. a.** to make narrow or

**Strake, strā'ke, s.** a plate of iron for binding a wheel, breadth of a ship's side plank

**Strand, strānd', s.** verge of the sea or of any water—**v. a.** to drive or force on the shallows

**Strange, strā'ndzh, a.** foreign, wonderful, odd—**interj.** an expression of wonder [unacquainted]

**Stranger, strā'ndzh-ēr, s.** a foreigner, one

**Strangle, strāng'l, v. a.** to choke, to suffocate, to suppress

**Strangles, strāng'lz, s.** swellings in a horse's throat [urine with pain]

**Strangury, strāng-ū-y, s.** difficulty of

**Strap, strāp', s.** a long slip of leather

**Strappado, strāp-ā-dō, s.** chastisement with a strap [grown, bulky]

**Strapping, strāp'ing, a.** large, well-

**Serata, strā'tā, s.** beds or layers

**Stratagem, strāt'-ā-dzhēm, s.** an artifice in war, a trick

**Stratification, strāt'-f-y-kā-shūn, s.** arrangement in beds or layers

**Stratum, strā'tūm, s.** a bed or layer of earth, &c.

**Straw, strā, s.** the stalk of corn

**Strawberry, strā'b-ēr-rē, s.** a fine summer fruit

**Stray, strā, v. n.** to wander, to err—**s.** any animal, &c. lost by wandering

**Strak, strē'ke, s.** a line of colour, stripe—**v. a.** to stripe, to dapple

**Streak, strē'ke-y, a.** striped, variegated

**Stream, strēm, s.** a running water, a current—**v. n.** to flow, to issue forth

with continuance—**v. a.** to streak

**Streamer, strēm-ēr, s.** an ensign, a flag

**Streamlet, strēm-lēt, s.** a small stream of water [houses]

**Street, strē'te, s.** a paved way between

**Streetwalker, strē'te-wāk-ēr, s.** a prostitute [lity, power]

**Strength, strēngth', s.** vigour, durability

**Strengthen, strēngth'n, v. a.** to make strong, to confirm—**v. n.** to grow strong [active, zealous]

**Strenuous, strēn'-ū-us, a.** bold, brave,

**Streperous, strēp'-ēr-us, a.** loud, noisy, jarring [force]

**Stress, strēs', s.** importance, violence,

**Stretch, strētsh', v.** to extend, to expand—**s.** extension, effort, reach

**Screw, strō, v. a.** to spread

**Striae, strī-ē, s.** channels in the shells of cockles, scollops, &c.

**Striate, strī-āte, or Striated, strī-ā-tēd, a.** formed in striae [channels]

**Striated, strī-āt-ēd, part.** formed in

**Striature, strī-ā-tūre, s.** disposition of striae

**Strick'n, strīk'n, part. of Strike**

**Strickle, strīk'l, s.** a thing to strike corn level [confined]

**Strict, strīkt', a.** exact, accurate, severe,

**Stricture, strīk'-tūre, s.** a contraction, a slight touch upon a subject

**Stride, strīde, s.** a long step—**v.** to pass or walk by strides [noise]

**Strident, strīd'-ēt, part.** making a small

**Strife, strīfe, s.** contention, contest, discord

**Strike, strīke, v. a.** to hit with a blow, to stamp, to lower, to make a bargain, to affect suddenly—**v. n.** to make a blow, to be stranded, to lower the sail or flag [prising]

**Striking, strike-ing, a.** affecting, surprising, string', s. a slender rope, a cord, a series or set of things—**v. a.** to furnish with strings, to file on a string

**Stringent, strīn'-dzhent, a.** binding, contracting

**Stringhalt, strīng-hālt, s.** a sudden twitching and snatching up of the hinder leg in horses [of threads]

**Stringy, string-y, a.** fibrous, consisting

**Strip, strīp', v. a.** to make naked, to divest, to rob—**s.** a narrow shred, a slip

**Stripe, strīpe, s.** a streak in silk, cloth, &c. a weal, a lash—**v. a.** to ornament with stripes [fully grown]

**Stripling, strīp'-lyng, s.** a youth, one not

**Strive, strīve, v. n.** to struggle, to endeavour, to contest, to vie

**Stroke, strō'ke, pret. for Struck—s.** a blow, a sudden disease or affliction, sound of the clock—**v. a.** to rub gently or tenderly

**Strokings, strōke-yngs, s.** milk last drawn

**Stroll, strō'le, v. n.** to wander, to ramble, to rove [potent, cogent, firm]

**Strong, strōng', a.** vigorous, fortified,

**Strop, strōp', s.** leather on a narrow board for setting a razor or pen-knife

**Strophe, strō'-fē, s.** the first stanza of a

**Strove, strō've, pret. of Strive** [poem]

**Struck, strīk', pret. of Strike**

**Structure, strīk'-tūre, s.** practice or way of building, edifice, form.

*Sounds.*—hât, hâte, hâll, liâr—mêt, dêist, mē, hēr—chîn, chine, fîeld, shîrt—

- Struggle, strûg'l, *v. a.* to labour, to strive—*s.* labour, effort, contention, agony
- Scrumous, strû-mûs, *a.* having swelling in the glands, relating to the king's evil
- Strumpet, strûm'-pêt, *s.* a prostitute
- Strung, strûng', *pret.* and *part. of* String
- Strut, strût', *v. n.* to walk affectedly, to swell—*s.* a proud affected walk
- Stub, stûb', *s.* a log, a block—*v. a.* to extirpate
- Stubbed, stûb'-êd, *a.* short and thick
- Stubble, stûb'l, *s.* stalks of corn left by the reaper [flexible, rough]
- Stubborn, stûb'-ôr'n, *a.* obstinate, in-
- Stubby, stûb'-y, *a.* short and thick
- Stubnail, stûb'-nâle, *s.* a nail broken off
- Stucco, stûk'-ô, *s.* a fine plaster for walls
- Stuck, stûk', *pret.* and *part. of* Stick
- Stud, stûd', *s.* a button with a large head, a breed of horses [scholar]
- Student, stû-dênt, *s.* a bookish man, a
- Studied, stûd' yd, *a.* learned, acquired by study [contemplative]
- Studious, stû-dyûs, *a.* bookish, diligent
- Study, stûd'-y, *s.* application to books, meditation, an apartment for books
- v. n.* to muse, to endeavour diligently
- v. a.* to apply the mind to, to consider attentively
- Stuff, stûf', *s.* materials, furniture, medicine
- cloth—*v. a.* to fill very full—
- v. n.* to feed gluttonously
- Stuffing, stûf'-ing, *s.* that by which any thing is filled, relishing ingredients
- Stumble, stûm'b'l, *v. n.* to trip in walking, to err, to slip—*s.* a trip in walking
- Stumbling-block, stûm'-blîng-blôk, *s.* cause of stumbling or offence
- Stump, stûmp', *s.* part left of a solid body [hard]
- Stumpy, stûmp'-y, *a.* full of stumps, stiff
- Stun, stûn', *v. a.* to render stupid by a blow or noise
- Stung, stûng', *pret.* and *part. of* Sting
- Stunk, stûngk', *pret.* and *part. of* Stink
- Stunt, stûnt', *v. a.* to hinder from growth
- Stupe, stû-pe, *s.* warm medicaments for a sore, &c.—*v. a.* to foment or dress with stupe [sibility, stupidity]
- Stupefaction, stû-pê-fâk'-shûn, *s.* insensibility [amazing, astonishing]
- Stupefactive, stû-pê-fâk'-tiv, *a.* causing insensibility
- Stupendous, stû-pên-dûs, *a.* wonderful
- Stupid, stû-pyd, *a.* dull, wanting sense, heavy, sluggish [ness of mind]
- Stupidity, stû-pyd'-it-y, *s.* dullness, heaviness
- Stupify, stû-pî-fy, *v. a.* to make stupid
- Stupor, stû-pôr, *s.* a suspension or diminution of sense [violence]
- Stuprate, stû-prâ'te, *v. a.* to ravish, to
- Sturdy, stûr-dy, *a.* hardy, stout, obstinate [sea flux]
- Sturgeon, stûr'-dzhôn, *s.* the name of a
- Sturk', stûrk', *s.* a young ox or heifer
- Stutter, stût'-ér, *v. n.* to stammer
- Sty, stý', *s.* a place for hogs
- Stygian, stýp'-zhyân, *a.* hellish, infernal
- Style, stýle, *s.* manner of writing or speaking, &c. title—*v. a.* to term, to name [stop blood]
- Styptic, stýd'-tik, *a.* astringent, able to
- Stypticity, stýp-tis'-it-y, *s.* power of stanching blood
- Styx, stýx', *s.* a river of hell [suaded]
- Suasive, swâ-swîb'l, *a.* easy to be persuaded
- Suasive, swâ-siv, *a.* having power to persuade [suade]
- Suasory, swâ-sôr-y, *a.* tending to persuade
- Suavity, swâv'-it-y, *s.* sweetness to the senses or mind [degrees]
- Subacid, súb-âs'-yd, *a.* acid in a small
- Subacid, súb-âk'-rd, *a.* pungent in a small degree [ducing to any state]
- Subaction, súb-âk'-shûn, *s.* the act of re-
- Subaltern, súb-âl-tern, *a.* and *s.* an inferior officer or judge [ing by turns]
- Subalternate, súb-âl-ter-nê't, *a.* succeeding
- Subdean, súb-dê-ne, *s.* a substitute of a dean
- Subdelegate, súb-dêl'-ê-gâte, *s.* one appointed to act under another
- Subdiversify, súb-dî-vér'-sî-fy, *v. a.* to diversify over again [again]
- Subdivide, súb-dî-vî'de, *v. a.* to divide
- Subdivision, súb-dî-vîzh'-tûn, *s.* act of subdividing
- Subduce, súb-dû-se, or Subduct, súb-dûkt', *v. a.* to take away, to subtract
- Subduction, súb-dûk'-shûn, *s.* the act of taking away
- Subdue, súb-dû', *v. a.* to crush, to conquer, to tame
- Subduple, súb-dûp'l, or Subduplicate, súb-dû-plî-kê't, *a.* containing one part of two
- Subjacent, súb-dzhâ'-sênt, *a.* lying under
- Subject, súb-dzhêkt', *v. a.* to put under, to reduce to submission, to enslave, to expose
- Subject, súb-dzhêkt, *a.* placed under exposed, liable—*s.* one who is under the dominion of another, the matter treated of

shút, nôte, lôse, actor—hút, pûsh, mûte, fûr,—truly, rye—thus, thick.

**Subjection**, súb-dzhék'-shûn, *s.* act of subduing, a being under government  
**Subjective**, súb-dzhék'-tív, *a.* relating to the subject [end, or after]  
**Subjoin**, súb-dzhôyn, *v. a.* to add at the  
**Subitaneous**, súb-y-î'-nyús, *a.* sudden, hasty [quer, to subdue]  
**Subjugate**, súb'-dzhû-gâte, *v. a.* to conquer  
**Subjunction**, súb-dzhûngk'-shûn, *s.* a being subjoined, a subjoining  
**Subjunctive**, súb-dzhûngk'-tív, *a.* subjoining to something else  
**Sublapsarian**, súb-lâp-sâ'-rykn, or **Sublapsary**, súb-lâp-sâr'-y, *a.* holding that Adam was free to sin or not before the fall  
**Sublimate**, súb'-ly-mêt, *a.* raised by chymical fire—*s.* quicksilver or any thing chymically raised [chymical fire]  
**Sublimate**, súb'-ly-mâte, *v. a.* to raise by  
**Sublimation**, súb'-ly-nâ'-shûn, *s.* a raising by chymical fire  
**Sublime**, súb'-lî-me, *a.* high in place or excellence, lofty—*s.* the grand or lofty style  
**Sublimity**, súb'-lîm'-yt-y, *s.* excellence, loftiness of style or sentiment  
**Sublingual**, súb'-lyng'-gwâ, *a.* placed under the tongue  
**Sublunar**, súb-lû-nâr, or **Sublunary**, súb-lû-nâr'-y, *a.* beneath the moon, terrestrial [the sea]  
**Submarine**, súb'-mâ-rîn, *a.* lying under  
**Submerge**, súb-mêrdzh', *v. a.* to drown, to put under water [drowning]  
**Submersion**, súb-mêrsh'-ûn, *s.* the act of  
**Submiss**, súb-mîs', *a.* submissive, humble  
**Submission**, súb-mîsh'-ûn, *s.* acknowledgment of inferiority or dependence, obedience  
**Submissive**, súb-mîs'-sív, *a.* humble  
**Submit**, súb-mît', *v. a.* to let down, to refer to judgment—*v. n.* to be subject, to yield  
**Suboctave**, súb-ôk'-tâve, or **Suboctuple**, súb-ôk'-tûp', *a.* containing one part of eight [ing subordinate]  
**Subordinacy**, súb-ôr-dî-nâ-sý, *s.* a being subordinate  
**Subordinate**, súb-ôr-dî-nêt, *a.* inferior in order, subject  
**Subordination**, súb-ôr-dî-nâ'-shûn, *s.* a state of being inferior  
**Suborn**, súb-ôrn, *v. a.* to procure by secret collusion, to seduce  
**Subornation**, súb-ôr-nâ'-shûn, *s.* a seducing to a bad action

**Subpoena**, súb-pé'-nâ, *s.* a writ commanding attendance—*v. a.* to serve with a subpoena [duently obtained]  
**Subreptitious**, súb-rép-tîsh'-ûs, *a.* fraudulent  
**Subscribe**, súb-skrîbe, *v.* to sign, to attest, to limit, to contribute to an undertaking  
**Subscription**, súb-skrîp'-shûn, *s.* an underwriting, consent or attestation, a contributing to an undertaking, submission [ing in train]  
**Subsecutive**, súb'-sêk'-û-tív, *a.* following  
**Subsequent**, súb-sê-kwênt, *a.* following  
**Subserve**, súb-sêrv', *v. a.* to promote, to help forward [mentally useful]  
**Subservient**, súb-sêr'-vyênt, *a.* instrumental  
**Subside**, súb-sîde, *v. n.* to sink or tend downwards [brought in aid]  
**Subsidiary**, súb-sîd'-yâr-y, *a.* assistant  
**Subsidy**, súb-sî-dý, *s.* an aid in money  
**Subsign**, súb-sîn'e, *v. a.* to sign under  
**Subsist**, súb-sîst', *v. n.* to continue, to have means of living, to have existence  
**Subsistence**, súb-sîst'-éns, *s.* competence, means of supporting life, allowance to live upon [being]  
**Subsistent**, súb-sîs-tênt, *a.* having reason  
**Substance**, súb-stêns, *s.* being, essential part, something real or solid, body, wealth [corporeal, strong]  
**Substantial**, súb-stân'-shâ, *a.* real, solid  
**Substantiality**, súb-stân'-shâ'-tív, *s.* real existence, materiality  
**Substantialize**, súb-stân'-shâ-lîze, *v. a.* to reduce to reality [make to exist]  
**Substantiate**, súb-stân'-shâte, *v. a.* to substantiate  
**Substantive**, súb-stân'-tív, *s.* a noun—a betokening existence  
**Substitute**, súb-stî-tûte, *v. a.* to put in place of another—*s.* one acting for another  
**Substitution**, súb-stî-tû'-shûn, *s.* a placing of any person or thing in the room of another  
**Substratum**, súb-strâ-tûm, *s.* what lies under something else  
**Substruction**, súb-strûk'-shûn, *s.* an under building  
**Subsultive**, súb-sûl'-tív, or **Subsultory**, súb-sûl-tôr'-y, *a.* moving by starts  
**Subtend**, súb-tênd', *v. a.* to be extended under [arch]  
**Subtense**, súb-têns', *s.* the chord of an instrument, súb-tê-tê-tê, *a.* running under

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 Sounds—hât, hate, hâll, liâr—mât, dâist, mâ, hâr—chin, chine, field, shîrt.—
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- Subterfuge sùb-tér-fùdz, *s.* an evasion, a trick  
 Subterranean, sùb-tér-rà-nyân, or Subterraneous, sùb-tér-rà-nyus, *a.* lying under the earth [under ground  
 Subterranean, sùb-tér-ràn-ty, *s.* a place  
 Subtle, sùb-tìl, *a.* thin, nice, piercing, cunning  
 Subtilization, sùb-tìl-i-zà-shùn, *s.* superfluous acuteness, a refinement  
 Subtilize, sùb-tìl-ize, *v.* to make thin, to refine [ment, cunning, slyness  
 Subtlety, sùb-tìl-ty, *s.* thinness, refinement, sly, artful, cunning  
 Subtlety, sùb-tìl-ty, *s.* cunning [part  
 Subtract, sùb-tràkt', *v.* to take away  
 Subtraction, sùb-tràkt-shùn, *s.* act of taking away  
 Subtrahend, sùb-trà-hên'd, *s.* less number to be taken from a greater  
 Subvert, sùb-vér's, *v.* to subvert  
 Subversion, sùb-vér-shùn, *s.* overthrow, ruin [overturn  
 Subversive, sùb-vér-sív, *a.* tending to subvert, sùb-vér't, *v.* to overthrow, to destroy  
 Suburb, sùh-úr'b, *s.* the out-part of a city [room of another  
 Succedaneous, sùk-sê-dà-nyus, *a.* in the Succedaneum, sùk-sê-dà-nyum, *s.* what is put to serve for something else  
 Succeed, sùk-sê'de, *v.* to follow in order, to prosper  
 Succentor, sùk-sên-tór, *s.* one who sings an under part, or the bass  
 Success, sùk-sès, *s.* happy termination of an affair, good luck  
 Succession, sùk-sêsh-shùn, *s.* a series, lineage, rightful inheritance  
 Successive, sùk-sès-sív, *a.* following in order [ceeds to another  
 Successor, sùk-sès-sór, *s.* one who succeeds  
 Succinct, sùk-singkt', *a.* girded up, concise, brief  
 Succory, sùk-ór-y, *s.* a plant  
 Succour, sùk-ór, *v.* to assist in distress, to relieve—*s.* assistance, relief, help  
 Succous, sùk-ús, *a.* full of juice  
 Succulent, sùk-ù lént, *a.* juicy, moist  
 Succumb, sùb-kùmb', *v.* to yield, to sink under any difficulty [shaking  
 Succussion, sùk-kù-h'-tùn, *s.* the act of Such, sùtsh', *a.* of that or the like kind  
 Suck, sùk', *v.* to draw in with the mouth—*v.* to draw the breast to imbibe  
 Sucker, sùk-ér, *s.* any thing that draws, part of a pump, a young shoot  
 Sucket, sùk-ét, *s.* a sweetmeat  
 Suckle, sùk'l, *v.* to nurse at the breast  
 Suckling, sùk'-lìng, *s.* one fed by the pap  
 Suction, sùk-shùn, *s.* act of sucking up  
 Sudation, sù-dà-shùn, *s.* sweating  
 Sudatory, sù-dà-tór-y, *a.* promoting sweat [violent  
 Sudden, sùd-dén, *a.* unexpected, hasty  
 Sudorific, sù-dò-rif'-ik, *a.* provoking or causing sweat  
 Suds, sùdz', *s.* a lixivium of soap and water [to entreat  
 Sue, sù', *v.* to prosecute by law, to beg  
 Suet, sù-ét, *s.* hard fat [suet  
 Suet, sù-ét-y, *a.* consisting of or like  
 Suffer, sùf'-fèr, *v.* to bear, to permit, to undergo pain or inconvenience  
 Suffrance, sùf'-fèr-éns, *s.* pain, patience, permission [scent  
 Suffice, sùf-fíze, *v.* to be enough or sufficient  
 Sufficient, sùf-físh-ént, *a.* enough, competent, qualified for [to stifle  
 Suffocate, sùf-fò-kàte, *v.* to choke  
 Suffocation, sùf-fò-kà-shùn, *s.* a choking or being choked  
 Suffragan, sùf'-frá-gán, *s.* a bishop under his metropolitan [tion  
 Suffrage, sùf'-frédzh, *s.* a vote, approval  
 Suffumigation, sùf-fù-mí-gà-shùn, *s.* fume raised by fire  
 Suffuse, sùf-fúze, *v.* to spread over with a tincture [over, a dimness  
 Suffusion, sùf-fù-zhùn, *s.* a spreading  
 Sugar, sùg'-ár, *s.* the salt of the sugar cane, any thing sweet—*v.* to sweeten with sugar  
 Sugarcandy, sùg-gár-kán-dý, *s.* crystallized sugar [sugar  
 Sugary, sùg'-ár-y, *a.* sweet, tasting of  
 Suggest, sùd-dzhèst', *v.* to hint, to inform secretly  
 Suggestion, sùd-dzhèsh'-tùn, *s.* a hint, intimation [black and blue  
 Sugillate, sùdzh'-lâte, *v.* to beat  
 Suicide, sù'-sídè, *s.* self-murder, a self-murderer  
 Suit, sùte, *s.* a set, clothes made one part to answer another, petition, courtship, series, retinue—*v.* to fit to agree, to accord [to  
 Suitable, sùt'-eb'l, *a.* fitting, agreeable  
 Suitor, sù-tór, *s.* one that sues, a wooer  
 Sulcated, sùl-kát-éd, *a.* furrowed  
 Sulky, sùl-ký, *a.* sullen [note  
 Sulley, sùl-lén, *a.* gloomy, angry, black

st, nôte, lôse, actôr—hüt, pûsh, mâte, fûr,—trulý, rýe,—thus, thick.

sûl'-y, *s.* soil, tarnish, spot—*v. a.*  
il, to spot  
r, sùl'fûr, *s.* brimstone  
reous, sùl fû-ryûs, *a.* containing  
sulphur [phur  
ry, sùl'fû-ry, *a.* partaking of sul-  
sùl'-tân, *s.* the Turkish emporor  
s, sùl'-tâ-nâ, *s.* the Turkish em-

sùl'-try, *a.* not and close  
im', *s.* a certain quantity of mo-  
the whole of any thing, abridg-  
completion—*v. a.* to compute,  
mprise  
s, sùm'-lës, *a.* not to be computed  
ry, sùm'-mâr-y, *a.* brief, concise  
r, sùm'-môr, *s.* the second sea-

(most height  
t, sùm'-yt, *s.* the top, the at-  
on, sùm'-ôn, *v. a.* to cite, to call  
authority [rity, citation  
ns, sùm'-ônz, *s.* a call of autho-  
r, sùmp'-tér, *s.* a horse of state,  
khorse

on, sùmp'-shûn, *s.* act of taking  
ary, sùmp'-tû-âr-y, *a.* relating to  
nce [siveness  
osity, sùmp'-tû-ôs'-yt-y, *s.* expen-  
osity, sùmp'-tû-ús, *a.* expensive,  
ridid

ia', the luminary of day  
nt, sùn'-bûrt, *a.* tanned by the  
(ance

d, sùn'-klâd, *a.* clothed in radi-  
's, sùn'-dâ, *s.* the Christian sabbath  
's, sùn'-dér, *v. a.* to part asunder,  
parate—*s.* two parts  
's, sùn'-dryz, *s.* several things  
's, sùn'-dry, *a.* several

lûng', *pret.* and *part.* of Sing  
lûngk', *pret.* and *part.* of Sink  
sùn'-y, *a.* bright, exposed to the  
(morning

s, sùn'-rize, *s.* the beginning of the  
's, sùn'-set, *s.* the close of the day,  
ing [of the sun  
se, sùn'-shine, *s.* the radiant light  
ny, sùn'-shine-y, *a.* bright with er  
the sun

ip', *s.* a small draught, a mouth-  
liquor—*v.* to drink by sups, to  
he evening meal [overcome  
ble, sù-pér'-bûl', *a.* that may be  
bound, sù-pér'-â-bû'nd, *v. n.* to  
more than enough

bundance, sù-pér'-â-bûn'-dânc, *s.*  
than abundance

Superabundant, sù-per-â-bûn'-dânc, *a.*  
being more than enough

Superadd, sù-pér'-âd', *v. n.* to add over  
and above [which is added

Superaddition, sù-pér'-âd'-dîsh'-tûn, *s.* that  
Superannuate, sù-pér'-ân'-nû-âte, *v. a.* to  
impair or disqualify by age, &c.

Superannuation, sù-pér'-ân'-nû-â-shûn,  
*s.* a being disqualified by years

Superb, sù-pér'b, *a.* grand, pompous  
Supercargo, sù-pér'-kâr'-gô, *s.* a sea-offi-  
cer to manage the trade

Supercelstial, sù-pér'-âc'-lës'-tyû, *a.*  
placed above the firmament

Supercilious, sù-pér'-sil'-yûs, *a.* haughty,  
arbitrary

Supereminence, sù-pér'-ém'-y-méns, *s.*  
uncommon degree of eminence

Supereminent, sù-pér'-ém'-y-nént, *a.* emi-  
nent in a high degree

Supererogate, sù-pér'-ér-ô-gâte, *v. n.* to  
do beyond duty

Supererogation, sù-pér'-ér-ô-gâ'-shûn, *s.*  
performance beyond duty

Supererogatory, sù-pér'-ér-ô-gâ'-tôr'-y, *a.*  
performed beyond duty

Superexcellent, sù-pér'-ék'-sêl'-ênt, *a.* un-  
commonly excellent [outside

Superfice, sù-pér'-fîs, *s.* the surface, the  
Superficial, sù-pér'-fîsh'-kl, *a.* on the  
surface, shallow [or surface

Superficies, sù-pér'-fîsh'-êz, *s.* the outside  
Superfine, sù-pér'-fînc, *a.* eminently  
fine [enough

Superfluity, sù-pér'flû'-yt-y, *s.* more than  
Superfluous, sù-pér'flû'-ús, *a.* exuberant,  
more than enough [than is wanted

Superflux, sù-pér'-flûks, *s.* what is more  
Superincumbent, sù-pér'-în-kûm'-bênt, *a.*  
lying or leaning on the top of some-  
thing else

Superinduce, sù-pér'-în-dû'se, *v. a.* to  
bring in as an addition

Superintend, sù-pér'-în-tênd', *v. a.* to  
oversee, to manage

Superintendent, sù-pér'-în-tênd'-ênt, *s.*  
one who overlooks

Superior, sù-pér'-yôr, *a.* higher, greater,  
preferable [greater or higher, &c.

Superiority, sù-pér'-yôr'-it-y, *s.* a being  
Superlative, sù-pér'-lâ'-shûn, *s.* an exalta-  
tion beyond truth, an exaggeration

Superlative, sù-pér'-lâ'-tîv, *a.* implying  
the highest degree

Superlunar, sù-pér'-lû'-nâr, *a.* placed  
above the moon



~~~~~ Sounds—hât, hâte, hâll, hâr—mât, dâint, mâ, hâr—chîn, chîne, field, shât—~~~~~

Supernal, sâ-pér-nâl, *a.* coming from above, celestial

Supernatant, sâ-pér-nâ-tânt, *a.* swimming above [nature, miraculous]

Supernatural, sâ-pér-nât'-â-nâl, *a.* above

Supernumerary, sâ-pér-nâ-mér-âr-y, *a.* above a stated number

Superscribe, sâ-pér-skrîbe, *v. a.* to write on the top or outside of a letter, deed, &c.

Superscription, sâ-pér-skrîp'-shûn, *s.* a writing on the top or outside

Supersede, sâ-pér-sêde, *v. a.* to make void, or set aside [votion or religion]

Superstition, sâ-pér-stîsh'-în, *s.* false de-

Superstitious, sâ-pér-stîsh'-ûs, *a.* addicted to superstition

Superstruct, sâ-pér-strûkt', *v. a.* to build upon any thing

Superstruction, sâ-pér-strûkt'-shûn, *s.* edifice raised on any thing

Superstructure, sâ-pér-strûkt'-tûre, *s.* what is built upon something else

Supervacaneous, sâ-pér-vî-jî-nyûs, *a.* superfluous, unnecessary

Supervene, sâ-pér-vêne, *v. n.* to come off unexpectedly [additional]

Supervenant, sâ-pér-vê-nênt, *a.* added, supervention, sâ-pér-vên-shûn, *s.* a coming on a sudden [to oversee]

Supervise, sâ-pér-vîze, *v. a.* to overlook, Supervisor, sâ-pér-vîze-ôr, *s.* an overseer, an inspector

Supervive, sâ-pér-vîve, *v. n.* to outlive

Supine, sâ-pîne, *a.* lying with the face upward, indolent—*s.* a verbal noun in grammar

Supper, sâp'-pér, *s.* evening repast

Supplant, sâp'-plânt', *v. a.* to displace by craft: [make or grow flexible]

Supple, sâp', *a.* flexible, fawning—*v.* to Supplement, sâp'-plé-mént, *s.* an addition to supply defects

Supplemental, sâp'-plé-mént'-âl, or Supplementary, sâp'-plé-mént'-âr-y, *a.* additional [soliciting, submissive]

Suppliant, sâp'-ply-ênt, *a.* entreating, besupplicant, sâp'-pî-ként, *s.* a submissive petitioner [to entreat]

Supplicate, sâp'-ply-kâte, *v. n.* to implore, Supplication, sâp'-ply-kâ-shûn, *s.* an humble petition

Supply, sâp'-ply, *v. a.* to relieve, to serve instead of—*s.* a relief of want, aid

Support, sâp'-pôrt, *v. a.* to prop, to endure, to maintain—*s.* a prop, maintenance, supply

Supporter, sâp'-pôrt-ér, *s.* a defender, a comforter, what bears up any thing, a figure in armorial bearings

Suppose, sâp'-pôze, *v. a.* to lay down without proof, to imagine

Supposition, sâp'-pô-stîsh'-în, *s.* a position laid down, an imagination yet un-

proved [surfeit]

Supposititious, sâp'-pô-tî-shî-ân, *a.* supposed

Suppositive, sâp'-pô-tî-tîv, *s.* what denotes a supposition [solid citizen]

Suppository, sâp'-pô-tî-târ-y, *s.* a kind of suppress, sâp'-prûs, *v. a.* to crush, to subdue, to conceal [suppressing]

Suppression, sâp'-prûsh'-în, *s.* the act of suppressor, sâp'-prûs-ôr, *s.* one that suppresses [pus or matter]

Suppurate, sâp'-pû-râte, *v.* to generate

Suppuration, sâp'-pû-râ-shûn, *s.* ripeness of matter

Suppurative, sâp'-pû-râ-tîv, *a.* digestive, generating pus or matter [latency]

Supputation, sâp'-pû-tî-shûn, *s.* a calculation

Suppute, sâp'-pû-te, *v. a.* to reckon, to calculate

Supralapsarian, sâ-prî-lîp-sâ-ryân, *s.* one who disregards the doctrine of the fall [above the world]

Supramundane, sâ-prâ-mûn'-dâne, *a.* Supremacy, sâ-prém'-â-sý, *s.* the height of authority, &c. [excellent]

Supreme, sâ-préme, *a.* highest, most

Surcease, sâr-sêse, *v.* to stop, to cease, to leave off

Surcharge, sâr-tshârdzh, *s.* more than can be well borne—*v. a.* to overburthen, &c.

Surcingle, sâr-sîng'l, *s.* a girth for binding on a horse, a girdle of a cassock

Surcle, sâr'l, *s.* a twig, a sucker

Surcoat, sâr-kôte, *s.* a short coat worn uppermost [measurable]

Surd, sârd', *a.* deaf, unheard, incom-

Surdity, sârd'-î-t-y, *s.* deafness, dullness

Sure, shûre, *a.* certain, firm, safe—*ad.* certainly, without doubt [firmly]

Surefooted, shûr-fûi'-êd, *a.* treading

Surety, shûr-t-y, *s.* certainty, security against loss, hostage, bail

Surface, sâr-fîs, *s.* the superficies, the outside

Surfeit, sâr-fî-t, *v.* to feed or be fed to satiety and sickness—*s.* sickness from overfulness [to rise high]

Surge, sârdzh', *s.* a swelling sea—*v. n.*

Surgeon, sâr-dzhôn, *s.* one who performs surgery

řt, nôte, lôse, actor—hüt, pûsh, mâte, fûr—trul'y, rye—thus, thick.

y, sŭr-dzhër'y, *s.* a curing by
ual operation

al, sŭr-dzhŭ-kâl, *a.* belonging to
jery [swelling

, sŭrdzh'y, *a.* rising in billows,
sŭr-l'y, *a.* morose, rough, sour

se, sŭr-mŭze, *v. a.* to suspect, to
gine—*s.* an imperfect notion, a

icion
unt, sŭr-môŭ'nt, *v. a.* to rise
ve, to conquer, to surpass

me, sŭr-nâm'e, *s.* a family name,
elation added to the original

ie [to go beyond
ss, sŭr-p'š, *v. a.* to excel, exceed,

ce, sŭr-plis, *s.* a priest's white
ment

as, sŭr-plŭs, *s.* overplus, remainder
ise, sŭr-pri'ze, *v. a.* to take un-

res, to confuse or perplex by some-
ing sudden—*s.* a sudden confusion

erplexity
ising, sŭr-pri'ze-ŭng, *a.* raising sud-

wonder, astonishing
nder, sŭr-rënd'ér, *v.* to yield, to

ver up—*s.* act of yielding
ption, sŭr-rép'-shŭn, *s.* a surprise,

den invasion
ptitious, sŭr-rép'-tŭsh-ŭs, *a.* done

stealth or fraud
gate, sŭr-rô-gét, *v. a.* to put in

place of another [legate
gate, sŭr-rô-gét, *s.* a deputy, a de-

und, sŭr-rôŭ'nd, *v. a.* to encom-
s, to enclose

lid, sŭr-sôl'-ŭd, *s.* the fourth multi-
ation of a number

ut, sŭr-tôt, *s.* a large upper coat
ne, sŭr-vě'ne, *v. a.* to come as an

ition, to be added
y, sŭr-vâ, *v. a.* to overlook, to

rsee, to view
y, sŭr-vâ, *s.* a view, a measure

yor, sŭr-vâ-ór, *s.* an overseer, a
asurer of land [remain alive

ver, sŭr-vŭe, *v.* to live after, to
vor, sŭr-vŭ-ór, *s.* the longest

or of two or many persons
ptibility, sŭs-sép'-tŭ-bil'-ŭt'y, *s.* ten-

acy to admit [admitting
pible, sŭs-sép'-tŭ-bil', *a.* capable of

option, sŭs-sép'-shŭn, *s.* act of tak-
or admitting [mit

ptive, sŭs-sép'-tŭv, *a.* capable to ad-
pient, sŭs-sŭp'-yěnt, *a.* that admits

receives [excite
tate, sŭs-sŭ-lâte, *v. n.* to rouse to

Suspect, sŭs-pěkt', *v.* to imagine guilty,
to fear, to mistrust

Suspend, sŭs-pěnd', *v. a.* to hang, to put
off, to delay, to deprive of office for

a time [delay, stop
Suspense, sŭs-pěns', *s.* an uncertainty,

Suspension, sŭs-pěn'-shŭn, *s.* a suspend-
ing or being suspended

Suspicion, sŭs-pŭsh'-ŭn, *s.* the act of
suspecting [liable to suspicion

Suspicious, sŭs-pŭsh'-ŭs, *a.* inclined or
Spiration, sŭs-pŭ-râ'-shŭn, *s.* a sigh, a

breathing deep
Sustpire, sŭs-pŭr'e, *v.* to sigh

Sustain, sŭs-tâ'ne, *v. a.* to bear, to sup-
port, to maintain, to help

Sustenance, sŭs-tě-něns, *s.* maintenance,
necessaries of life

Sutler, sŭt'-lér, *s.* one that sells provi-
sions, liquors, &c. [ing of wounds

Suture, sŭ-tŭre, *s.* a sewing or stitch.
Swab, swâ'b', *s.* a mop to clean floors—

v. a. to clean with a swab
Swaddle, swâd'l', *v. a.* to swathe, to

bind in clothes—*s.* clothes bound
round the body [weight

Swag, swâg', *v. n.* to sink down by its
Swage, swâdah, *v. a.* to ease, to miti-

gate [turbulent and proud, to brag
Swagger, swâg'-ér, *v. n.* to bully, to be

Swain, swâ'ne, *s.* a young man, a pas-
toral youth

Swale, swâ'le, or Sweat, swê'te, *v. a.* to
waste or blaze away, to melt

Swallow, swâl'-lô, *s.* a small bird, the
throat—*v. a.* to take down the throat

Swam, swâm', *pret. of Swim*
Swamp, swâmp', *s.* a marsh, a bog, a fen

Swampy, swâm'-p'y, *a.* boggy, fenney,
marshy

Swan, swân', *s.* a large water-fowl
Swanskin, swân'-skŭn, *s.* a kind of fine

soft flannel [v. a. to exchange
Swap, swâp', *ad.* with hasty violence—

Sward, swârd, *s.* the skin of bacon, a
green turf

Sware, swâ're, *pret. of Swear*
Swarm, swâ'rn, *s.* a great number of

bees, &c. a crowd—*v. n.* to rise as
bees in a body, to breed multitudes

Swarthy, swâ'r-thy, *a.* dark of com-
plexion, tawney

Swash, swâsh', *s.* impulse of water flow-
ing with violence—*v. n.* to make a

great clatter
Swath, swâth', *s.* a line of green cut down

Sweep, swē'pe, *v.* to clean as with a besom, to carry with pomp, to carry off with violence—*s.* act of sweeping, the compass of a violent or continued motion [away]

Sweepings, swē'p-ingz, *s.* what is swept

Sweepstake, swē'p-stake, *s.* what wins all

Sweet, swē'te, *a.* luscious to the taste, pleasing to any sense, mild, not stale

Sweetbread, swē't-brēd, *s.* the pancreas of a calf [sweet]

Sweeten, swē't'n, *v.* to make or grow

Sweetheart, swē't-hārt, *s.* a lover or mistress [dearment]

Sweetening, swē't-ing, *s.* a word of endearment

Sweetish, swē't-ish, *a.* somewhat sweet

Sweetmeat, swē't-mēt, *s.* fruit, &c. preserved with sugar [den flower]

Sweetwilliam, swē't-wīl'-yām, *s.* a garden flower

Sweetwillow, swē't-wīl'-lō, *s.* gale or Dutch myrtle

Swell, swē'l, *v.* to make or grow bigger, to be proud or angry—*s.* extension of bulk [a protuberance]

Swelling, swē'l-ing, *s.* a morbid tumour

Swelter, swē'l-tēr, *v.* to dry up or pain with heat [heat]

Sweltry, swē'l'-trī, *a.* suffocating with heat

Swept, swēpt, *part and pret. of Sweep*

Swerre, swēr', *v. n.* to wander, to deviate, to rove [Sweat]

Sweat, swēt, *irr. pret. and part. of Sweat*

Swoop, swō'pe, *v.* to fall down like a hawk on its prey, to catch to prey upon—*s.* the fall of upon his prey

Swop, swōp', *v. a.* to exchange

Sword, sō'rd, *s.* a well-known weapon

Swore, swō're, *pret. of Swear*

Sworn, swō'rn, *part. of Swear*

Swum, swūm', *pret. and part. of Swim*

Sycamore, sŷk'-ā-mō're, *s.* a tree

Sycophant, sŷk'-ō-fēnt, *s.* a flatterer [ing, pa]

Sycophantic, sŷk'-ō-fān'-tik, *a.* flattering

Sycophantise, sŷk'-ō-fān'-tize, *v.* to flatter

Syllabic, sŷl'-lāb'-ik, *a.* relating to syllables

Syllable, sŷl'-lēb'l, *s.* as much as is uttered by one articulation

Syllabus, sŷl'-lā-būs, *s.* the heading of a discourse [of three prop]

Syllogism, sŷl'-lō-dzhīz'm, *s.* an argument [by syl]

Syllogistic, sŷl'-lō-dzhīz'-tik, *a.* relating to a syllogism

Syllogize, sŷl'-lō-dzhīze, *v. n.* to argue [by syl]

Sylph, sŷlf', *s.* an aerial spirit

Sylvan, sŷl'-vān, *a.* woody, shaggy

Sylvan, sŷl'-vān, *a.* woody, shaggy

Symbol, sŷm'-bōl, *s.* an abstract representation

Symbolical, sŷm'-bōl'-ik, *a.* relating to a symbol

shét, nôte, lôse, actôr—hüt, pûsh, mâte, fûr,—truly, rye—thuz, tûick.

- Synagogue**, sÿn-â-gôg, *s.* Jewish place of worship
Synalepha, sÿn â-lé-fâ, *s.* a contraction of a syllable
Synchronism, sÿn'-krô-nÿzm, *s.* a concurrence of events
Synchronous, sÿn'-krô-nûs, *a.* happening at the same time
Syncope, sÿn-kô-pé, *s.* a fainting fit, a contraction of part of a word
Syndic, sÿn-dik, *s.* a deputy, a chief magistrate of a corporation
Syndicate, sÿn-dî-kâte, *v. n.* to judge, to pass sentence on
Synecdoche, sÿn-ék'-dô-ké, *s.* a figure in rhetoric by which part is taken for the whole or whole for part
Synod, sÿn-ôd, *s.* an ecclesiastical assembly
Synodal, sÿn'-ô-dâl, *a.* relating to or transacted in a synod
Synonymous, sÿn-ôn'-y-mûs, *a.* of the same meaning
- Synonymy**, sÿn-ôn'-y-mÿ, *s.* the quality of expressing by different words the same thing
Synopsis, sÿn-ôp-sÿs, *s.* a short view or epitome, a general view
Syntax, sÿn-tâks, *s.* a system, that part of grammar which teaches the construction of words
Synthesis, sÿn'-thê-sÿs, *s.* the act of joining [compounding]
Synthetic, sÿn-thêt'-ÿk, *a.* conjoining, Syphon, sÿ'-fôn, *s.* a tube, a pipe
Syringe, sir'-ÿndah, *s.* a pipe to squirt with
Syrtris, sir'-ÿts, *s.* a quick sand, a bog
Syrup, sir'-ûp, *s.* juice of fruit, &c. boiled with sugar
System, sÿs'-tém, *s.* a methodical scheme
Systematical, sÿs-tê-mât'-ÿk-âl, *a.* methodical
Systole, sÿs'-tô-le, *s.* the contraction of the heart, the shortening of a long syllable [two heavenly bodies]
Syzygy, sÿs'-ÿ-dzhÿ, *s.* conjunction of

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- TABBY**, tâb'-ÿ, *s.* a kind of waved silk—*a.* brinded
Tabefy, tâb'-é-fÿ, *v. n.* to waste
Taberd, tâb'-êrd, *s.* a herald's coat
Tabernacle, tâb'-er-nâk'l, *s.* a temporary habitation, a place of worship
Tabid, tâb'-id, *a.* consumptive, wasted by disease [walls or ceilings]
Tablature, tâb'-lâ-tûre, *s.* painting on
Table, tâbl', *s.* any flat surface, an index—*v.* to board, to set down in a catalogue
Tablet, tâb'-lê't, *s.* a small level surface, a surface written on or painted
Tabour, tâ'-bôr, *s.* a small drum beaten with one stick
Tabourine, tâb-ô-rî'ne, *s.* a small drum
Tabular, tâb'-û-lâr, *a.* formed in squares or plates
Tabulated, tâb'-û-lâ-têd, *a.* having a flat surface
Tache, tâsh', *s.* a catch, a loop, a button
Tachygraphy, t'ÿ-kÿ-grâ'-fÿ, *s.* the art of quick writing
Tacit, tâs'-ÿt, *a.* silent, implied or meant though not expressed by words
Taciturnity, tâs-ÿ-tûr'-nÿt-ÿ, *s.* habitual silence
- Tack**, tâk', *v.* to fasten, to join, to turn a ship—*s.* a small nail, the act of turning a ship
Tackle, tâk'l, *s.* an arrow, ropes of a ship
Tackling, tâk'-lÿng, *s.* the furniture or ships, implements
Tactic, tâk'-ÿk, *a.* relating to tactics
Tactics, tâk'-ÿks, *s.* the art of ranging men, &c. in the field of battle
Tactile, tâk'-ÿl, *a.* susceptible of touch
Tadpole, tãd'-pôle, *s.* a young shapeless frog or toad
Taffeta, tâf'-fé-tÿ, *s.* a sort of thin silk
Tag, tâg', *s.* metal at the end of a lace, &c.—*v. a.* to fit with a tag
Tail, tâ'le, *s.* the end or hinder part
Tailor, tâ'-lôr, *s.* one who makes men's clothes
Taint, tânt, *v. a.* to sully, to infect, to corrupt—*s.* a tincture, an infection, a blemish
Tainture, tân-tûre, *s.* tinge, taint
Take, tâ'ke, *v.* to receive, to lay hold of, to catch, to seize, to swallow as a medicine
Taken, tâ'k'n, the part. past. of Take
Taking, tâ'-kÿng, *s.* seizure, distress

Sounds—hât, hâte, hâll, liâr—mêt, dësiët, mô, hér—ch'yn, chine, f'ield, shîrt—

- Talbot, tâ-bôt, *s.* a kind of spotted hound [number reckoned]
 Tale, tâ'le, *s.* a story, a narrative, a
 Talent, tal'ênt, *s.* a certain weight of money, a faculty [racter]
 Talisman, tal'iz-mân, *s.* a magical charm
 Talk, tâ'k, *v. n.* to speak, to prattle, to reason—*s.* conversation, rumour
 Talkative, tâ'k-tiv, *a.* full of prate, loquacious
 Tall, tâ'l, *a.* high in stature, lofty
 Tallage, tal'êdzh, *s.* a tax, an impost
 Tallow, tal-lô, *s.* the fat of beasts melted, suet—*v. a.* to smear with tallow
 Tally, tâl'y, *s.* a stick notched like another, what fits—*v. a.* to fit, to suit, to conform [on weekly credit]
 Tallyman, tâl'y-mân, *s.* one who sells
 Talmud, tâl-müd, *s.* a book of Jewish traditions
 Talon, tâl'ôn, *s.* the claw of a bird of prey [or its fruit]
 Tamarind, tâm-â-rind, *s.* an Indian tree
 Tambarine, tâm-bâ-rine, *s.* a small drum
 Tambour, tâm-bôre, *s.* a drum, a kind of sieve or needlework—*v. a.* to ornament with a kind of needlework
 Tame, tâ'me, *a.* not wild, subdued, the subdued—*v. n.* to make tame, to subdue
 Tammy, tâm'y, *s.* a kind of woollen stuff
 Tamper, tam-pêr, *v. a.* to be busy, to physic, to meddle, to practise with
 Tampon, tâm-pyôn, *s.* piece of wood for the mouth of a cannon
 Tan, tan, *s.* the bark of the oak, ooze with which tanners prepare their leather—*v. a.* to imbue with tan, to imbrown [sound]
 Tang, tang, *v.* a strong taste left, relish
 Tangent, tan'dzhênt, *s.* a line perpendicular to a radius
 Tangibility, tan-dzhi bil'it-yê, *s.* a being perceived by the touch
 Tangible, tan'dzhib'l, *a.* perceptible by the touch
 Tangle, tang'l, *v.* to implicate, to ensnare, to be entangled
 Tank, tânk', *s.* a reservoir of water, a large cistern or basin
 Tankard, tâng-kêrd, *s.* a drinking vessel with a lid
 Tansy, tan-zy, *s.* a plant
 Tantalize, tân-tâ-lize, *v. a.* to torment with false hopes [lent]
 Tantomount, tânt'â-môunt, *a.* equivalent
 Tautiv, tân-tiv'y, *ad.* with full speed
- Tap, tâp', *v. a.* to touch lightly, to broach—*s.* a gentle blow, a small pipe for letting liquor out
 Tape, tâ'pe, *s.* a narrow fillet or band
 Taper, tâ-pêr, *s.* a wax candle, a light—*a.* sloping regularly—*v.* to make or grow regularly smaller [gures]
 Tapestry, tâps-tr'y, *s.* cloth woven in fapster, tâps-têr, *s.* one who draws beer
 Tar, tâ'r, *s.* the juice of pines or firs, a sailor—*v. a.* to smear with tar, to teaze [whose bite music cures]
 Tarantula, tâ-rân'tû-lû, *s.* an insect
 Tardy, tâ'r-dy, *a.* slow, sluggish, dilatory
 Tare, tâ're, *s.* a weed, an allowance in weight [shield]
 Target, tâ'r-gê't, *s.* a kind of buckler or
 Tariff, tâ'r-îf, *s.* a cartel of commerce
 Tarnish, tâ'r-nish, *v.* to sully, to lose brightness
 Tarpauling, târ-pâ'ling, *s.* canvass smeared with tar, a sailor
 Tarry, tâ'r-ry, *v. n.* to stay, to delay, to wait for [small pie of fruit]
 Tart, tâ'rt, *a.* sour, keen, severe—*s.* a Tartane, tâ'r-tân, *s.* a small vessel with one mast
 Tartar, tâ'r-târ, *s.* hell, a salt
 Tariaean, târ-tâ-ryân, *a.* hellish, inferna.
 Tartareous, târ-tâ-ryûs, *a.* consisting of tartar, hellish
 Tartarize, tâ'r-târ-ize, *v. a.* to impregnate with tartar
 Task, tâsk', *s.* employment, business imposed—*v. a.* to impose something to be done [silk, &c.]
 Tassel, tâs'l, *s.* an ornamental bunch of
 Taste, tâ'ste, *v.* to distinguish by the palate, to try by the mouth, to feel, to have a smack, to relish—*s.* the act or sense of tasting, savour, relish, intellectual discernment, trial
 Tasted, tâ'ste-êd, *a.* having a particular relish [s. a rag]
 Tatter, tât-êr, *v. a.* to tear, to rend—Tatterdemalion, tât-êr-dê-mâl-yôn, *s.* a ragged fellow
 Tattle, tât'l, *v. n.* to prate, to talk idly—*s.* prate, trifling talk [ters]
 Tatlo, tât-tô, *s.* a drum beating to quartern
 Tavern, tâv-êrn, *s.* a house where wine is sold
 Taught, tâ't, *pret. and part. of* Teach
 Taunt, tânt, *v. a.* to reproach, to revile, to ridicule—*s.* insult, reproach
 Tautological, tât-tô-lôgik'-k-âl, *a.* repeating the same thing

shét nôte, lôse, actor—hüt, pûsh, mâte, für,—truly, rye—thus, thick

Tautology, tã-tôl'-ô-dahy, *s.* a repetition of the same words

Taw, tã', *v. a.* to dress white leather—*s.* a marble

Tawdry, tã'-dry, *a.* meanly showy

Tawny, tã'-ny, *a.* yellow, like things tanned

Tax, tãks', *s.* an impost, tribute, censure—*v. a.* to lay a tax, to censure, to accuse [ing a tax

Taxation, tãks-ã'-shûn, *s.* the act of laying—*s.* a Chinese shrub or its infusion

Teach, tãtsh, *v.* to instruct, to inform
Teague, tãge, *s.* a name of contempt for an Irishman

Teal, tã'le, *s.* a wild fowl

Team, tã'me, *s.* a farmer's waggon

Tear, tã're, *s.* water from the eye

Tear, tã're, *s.* rent, fissure—*v.* to rend in pieces, to rave, to fume

Teaze, tã'ze, *v. a.* to comb wool, to vex, to torment [cloth

Teasel, tã'z'l, *s.* a plant used in dressing

Teat, tã'te, *s.* the dug of an animal

Technical, tãk'-nyk-ãl, *a.* belonging to arts and sciences

Tecky, tãtsh'-y, *a.* peevish, captious

Ted, tãd', *v. a.* to turn or spread abroad new mown grass [the liturgy

Te deum, tã-dẽ'-úm, *s.* an hymn used in

Tedious, tã'-dyús, *a.* wearisome, slow

Teem, tã'me, *v.* to bring forth young, to be prolific, to pour

Teen, tã're, *s.* sorrow, grief

Teens, tã'nz, *s.* the years between twelve and twenty [or form teeth

Teeth, tã'th, *s. pl. of* Tooth—*v.* to breed

Tegment, tãg'-ã-mẽnt, *s.* a cover, the outward part [of the pencil

Tint, tĩnt', *s.* colour, shade, the touch

Telescope, tãl'-ã-kõpe, *s.* a glass used for distant views [count

Tell, tãl', *v.* to utter, to inform, to

Temerarious, tẽm'-ẽr-ã-ryús, *a.* rash, careless [courage

Temerity, tẽm'-ẽr-ĩt-y, *s.* rashness, rash

Temper, tẽm'-pẽr, *v. a.* to mingle, to qualify, to make fit—*s.* due mixture, disposition or frame of mind

Temperamen-, tẽm'-vẽr-ã-mẽnt, *s.* constitution, a medicine

Temperance, tẽm'-pẽr-ãns, *s.* moderation, patience, the opposite of gluttony and drunkenness

Temperate, tẽm'-pẽr-ẽt, *a.* cool, calm

Temperature, tẽm'-pẽr-ẽ-tũr, *s.* a constitution of nature, moderation

Tempest, tẽm'-pẽst, *s.* a violent wind, a tumult [boisterous

Tempestuous, tẽm'-pẽst'-ũs, *a.* stormy

Templar, tẽm'-plãr, *s.* a student in the law

Temple, tẽm'-pl', *s.* a place of worship. the upper part of the sides of the head

Temporal, tẽm'-põ-rãl, *a.* measured by time, not eternal, secular, not spiritual [secular possessions

Temporality, tẽm'-põ-rãl-tỹ, *s.* the laity

Temporary, tẽm'-põ-rãr-y, *a.* lasting only for a limited time

Temporize, tẽm'-põ-rĩze, *v. n.* to delay, to comply with the times

Tempt, tẽmpt', *v. a.* to entice to ill, to provoke [tempting to ill

Temptation, tẽmp-tã'-shũn, *s.* the act of

Ten, tẽn', *a.* twice five

Tenable, tẽn'-ẽb'l, *a.* what may be maintained or holden

Tenacious, tẽn'-nã'-shyús, *a.* grasping hard cohesive, obstinate

Tenacity, tẽn'-nã'-ĩt-y, *s.* adhesion, a stiffness in opinion

Tenancy, tẽn'-ẽn-sỹ, *s.* any temporary possession of what belongs to another [another

Tenant, tẽn'-ẽnt, *s.* one who rents of

Tench, tẽnsh', *s.* a pond fish

Tend, tẽnd', *v. a.* to watch, to accompany, to incline, to wait upon

Tendency, tẽn'-dẽn-sỹ, *s.* direction, a course to some result

Tender, tẽn'-dẽr, *a.* soft, easily pained, delicate, kind, susceptible of soft passions—*v. a.* to offer, to regard—*s.* an offer, a proposal for acceptance

Tender-hearted, tẽn'-dẽr-hãrt-ẽd, *a.* compassionate [horns of a deer

Tenderling, tẽn'-dẽr-lĩng, *s.* the first

Tendinous, tẽn'-dĩn-ũs, *a.* sinewy

Tendon, tẽn'-dõn, *s.* a sinew

Tendril, tẽn'-drĩl, *s.* the clasp of a plant

Tenebrious, tẽn'-ẽ-brĩ-ũs, *a.* dark, gloomy

Tenebrosity, tẽn'-ẽ-brũs'-ĩt-y, *s.* gloom

Tenement, tẽn'-ẽ-mẽnt, *s.* any thing held by a tenant

Tenesmus, tẽn'-nẽs'-mũs, *s.* continual need to go to stool

Tenet, tẽn'-ẽt, *s.* a position, a principle, an opinion

Tenfold, tẽn'-fõld, *a.* ten times increased

| | | |
|---|-----------|--|
| <i>a. capable of extension</i> | ing | Tessellated, tēs'-sēl-lā-tēd, <i>a. var</i> |
| Tension, tēn'-shūn, <i>s. the act of stretch-</i> | | Test, tēs't, <i>s. a vessel to try</i> |
| Tensive, tēn'-siv, <i>a. giving a sensation</i> | | trial, means of trial |
| of stiffness | | Testaceous, tēs'-tā-shūs, <i>a. consi</i> |
| Tent, tēnt', <i>s. a moveable habitation, a</i> | | Testament, tēs'-tā-mēt, <i>s. a w</i> |
| roll of lint for a sore, a species of | | holy scripture |
| wine | tion | Testamentary, tēs'-tā-mēn'-tār-ŷ |
| Tentation, tēn-tā'-shūn, <i>s. trial, tempta-</i> | | Testate, tēs'-tāte, <i>a. having mad</i> |
| Tentative, tēn-tā'-tīv, <i>a. experimental,</i> | | Testator, tēs'-tā-tōr, <i>s. one whc</i> |
| trying | things on | a will |
| Tenter, tēn'-tēr, <i>s. an iron hook to stretch</i> | | Testatrix, tēs'-tā-trīks, <i>s. a wom</i> |
| Tenth, tēnth, <i>a. the first after the ninth</i> | | Tester, tēs'-tēr, <i>s. a sixpence, th</i> |
| — <i>s. ecclesiastical tithes</i> | | of a bed |
| Tenuate, tēn-ū-āte, <i>v. a. to make thin</i> | | Testicle, tēs'-tīkl', <i>s. a stone</i> |
| Tenuity, tē-nū-ŷ, <i>s. thinness, slen-</i> | | Testification, tēs'-tī-fī-kā-shūn, |
| derness, exility | | act of witnessing |
| Tenuous, tēn'-ū-ūs, <i>a. thin, small</i> | | [who w] |
| Tenure, tēn'-ūre, <i>s. the manner or con-</i> | | Testificator, tēs'-tī-fī-kā-tōr, |
| dition whereby tenements are holden | | Testify, tēs'-tī-fī, <i>v. to witness,</i> |
| Tepefaction, tēp'-ē-fāk'-shūn, <i>s. act of</i> | | tify, to prove |
| warming a little | | Testimonial, tēs'-tī-mō'-nyāl, <i>s. a</i> |
| Tepid, tēp'-yd, <i>a. lukewarm, warm in a</i> | | cate or attestation |
| small degree, not zealous | fold | Testimony, tēs'-tī-mōn-ŷ, <i>s. ev</i> |
| Tergeminous, ter-dzhēm'-in-ūs, <i>a. three-</i> | | proof, profession |
| Tergiversation, tēr-dzhī-vēr-sā'-shūn, <i>s.</i> | | [be |
| a subterfuge, a shift, a change | | Testy, tēs'-tī, <i>a. fretful, peevish</i> |
| Term, tērn', <i>s. a limit, a limited or set</i> | | Tete-a-tete, tā't-ā-tē'te, <i>s. face to</i> |
| space of time, a word, condition— | | private conversation between |
| <i>v. a. to name, call</i> | | Tether, tēth'-ēr, <i>v. a. to tie up—</i> |
| Termagant, tēr-mā-gēnt, <i>a. scolding,</i> | | strait for horses, &c. at past |
| quarrelsome— <i>s. a scold</i> | | Tetrarch, tē'-trārk, <i>s. the govern</i> |
| | | tetrarchate |
| | | [part of a p] |
| | | Tetrarchate, tē-trā'r-kāte, <i>s. a</i> |

shôt, nôte, lôse, setôr—hüt, pûsh, mûte, fûr—truly, rye—thus, thick.

Thanks, thangk's, *s.* acknowledgement paid for favour or kindness—*v. a.* to return thanks

That, thât', *a.* yon, not nearest but at a distance, precedently mentioned

Thatch, thâtsh, *v. a.* to cover as with straw—*s.* straw laid as a cover

Thaw, thâ', *v. n.* to dissolve or melt after congelation—*s.* the dissolution of a frost

The, thê, and thé', *art. or a.* that, those
Theatre, thê-â-tér, *s.* a place for exhibitions, a playhouse

Theatric, thê-â-rik, *a.* pertaining to or suiting a theatre [singular of Thou

Thee, thê', thy person, oblique case
Theft, thêft', *s.* the act of stealing, the thing stolen

Their, thêre, *a.* of or belonging to them
Theirs, thêrs, *s. a.* of or belonging to them

Theism, thê-izm, *s.* deism

Them, thém', those persons or things, oblique of They

Theme, thême, *s.* a subject, a short dissertation, talk [persons

Themselves, thém-sêlv's, *s.* those very
Then, thên', *ad.* at that time, in that case [that reason

Thence, théns', *s.* from that place, for
Theocracy, thê-ôk-râ-sý, *s.* divine government [ing to theocracy

Theocratical, thê-ô-kràt'ik-âl, *a.* relating to theocracy

Theodolite, thê-ô-dô-lit, *s.* a mathematical instrument for taking heights and distances [tion of the gods

Theogony, thê-ô-gô-ný, *s.* the genealogy of the gods

Theologian, thê-ô-lô-jhyan, *s.* a professor of divinity

Theological, thê-ô-lô-jh'ik-âl, *a.* relating to theology

Theologue, thê-ô-lô-g, *s.* a divine

Theology, thê-ô-lô-jhý, *s.* the science of divinity [by the Italians

Theorbo, thê-ô-r-bô, *s.* a large lute used

Theorem, thê-ô-rém, *s.* a position laid down as an acknowledged truth, a given principle

Theoretic, thê-ô-rét'ik, or Theoric, thê-ô-rik, *a.* speculative

Theory, thê-ô-ry, *s.* a speculation, a plan, a scheme

Therapeutic, thêr-â-pô-tik, *a.* curative

Therapeutics, thêr-â-pô-tiks, *s.* that part of physic which teaches the cure of diseases [time

There, thêre, *ad.* in that place at that

Thereabout, thêr-â-bôât, *ad.* near that place

Thereby, thêre-bý', *ad.* by that

Therefore, thêr-fôre, *ad.* for this reason

Therefrom, thêre-frôm', *ad.* from that

Therein, thêre-in', *ad.* in that, in this

Thereinto, thêre-in-tô, *ad.* into that

Thereof, thêre-ôf', *ad.* on that

Thereon, thêre-ôn', *ad.* on that

Thereto, thêre-tô', or Thereunto, thêre-ün-tô', *ad.* to that

Thereupon, thêre-up-ôn', *ad.* on that

Theriacal, thê-rî-â-kâl, *a.* medicinal

Thermal, thêr-mâl, *a.* of the nature of a hot bath

Thermometer, thêr-môm'-ê-tér, *s.* an instrument for measuring heat

These, thêse, *plural of This*

Thesis, thê-sis, *s.* a position, a subject

They, thâ', *pron.* those persons or things

Thick, thýk, *a.* dense, gross or coarse, muddy, close—*s.* the thickest part—*ad.* frequently, closely, deeply

Thicken, thýk'n, *v. a.* and *n.* to make or grow thick

Thicket, thýk-ét, *s.* a close wood

Thickskulled, thýk-skûl'd, *a.* dull, stupid

Thief, thýf, *s.* one who thieves, an excessiveness in the snuff of a candle

Thieve, thýv, *v. n.* to steal, to practise theft [stealing, theft

Thievery, thýv-ér-y, *s.* the practice of

Thievish, thýv-ish, *a.* given to stealing, secret, sly [tocks and the knee

Thigh, thý, *s.* the part between the buttock and the knee

Thill, thýl', *s.* the shafts of a waggon or cart [tween the shafts

Thill-horse, thýl'-hòrs, *s.* the horse between the shafts

Thimble, thým-b'l, *s.* a cap for the needle finger

Thin, thýn', *a.* not thick, small, slim, slender—*v. a.* to make thin [thee

Thine, thýne, *s. a.* of or belonging to

Thing, thýng, *s.* whatever is not a person

Think, thýngk', *v.* to have ideas, to fancy, to muse

Third, thýrd', *a.* the first after the second—*s.* a third part

Thirst, thýrst', *s.* pain for want of drink, vehement desire—*v. n.* to be thirsty

Thirsty, thýrst-tý, *a.* suffering want of drink

Thirteen, thýr-tèn, *a.* ten and three

Thirteenth, thýr-ténth, *a.* the third after the tenth

Thirtieth, thýr-týth, *a.* tenth times told

Thirtý, thýr-tý, *a.* thrice ten

Sounds—hăt, hâte, hăl, liăr—măt, dăisăt, nu, bér—chyn, chine, field, shir—

This, thîs', *v.* that which is present
 Tumble, thîs'l, *s.* a prickly weed
 Thistly, thîs'ly, *a.* overgrown with thistles [or point
 Thither, thîth'ér, *ad.* to that place, end
 Thong, thông, *s.* a strap of leather
 Thoracic, thô-răk'ik, *a.* belonging to the breast
 Thorax, thô-răk', *a.* relating to the chest
 Thorax, thô-răks, *s.* the inward part of the breast, the chest
 Thorn, thô-ră, *s.* a prickly tree, any thing troublesome [ing
 Thorny, thô-răny, *a.* prickly, perplex
 Thorough, thô-rô, *a.* complete, passing through [through a place
 Thoroughfare, thô-rô-făre, *s.* a passage
 Thoroughpaced, thô-rô-păst, *a.* perfect, complete [in principles
 Thoroughsped, thô-rô-spêd, *a.* finished
 Thoroughstitch, thô-rô-stîtsch, *ad.* completely, fully
 Those, thô-zê, *plural of That*
 Thou, thôu', *s.* thy person
 Though, thô', *conj.* although, however
 Thought, thăt, *pret. and part. of Think*—*s.* the act of thinking, idea, sentiment, reflection, solicitude, care
 Thoughtful, thăt'fûl, *a.* contemplative, anxious [careless
 Thoughtless, thăt'lêss, *a.* gay, airy
 Thousand, thôu-sănd, *a.* ten hundred, many [dredth ten times told
 Thousandth, thôu-săndth, *a.* the hundredth
 Thralldom, thră'l-dôm, *s.* slavery, servitude [to enslave
 Thrall, thră'l, *s.* a slave, bondage—*v. a.*
 Thrapple, thrăp'l, *s.* the windpipe of animals
 Thrash, thrăsh', *v.* to beat corn, to drub
 Thrasonical, thră-shô-năk'ăl, *a.* boastful, bragging
 Thread, thrêd', *s.* a small twist of flax, silk, &c. uniform tenor or course—*v. a.* to pass through with a thread
 Threadbare, thrêd-băre, *a.* worn to the naked threads, trite
 Threaden, thrêd'n, *a.* made of thread
 Threat, thrêt', *s.* a menace, a denunciation of ill
 Threaten, thrêtn, *v.* to menace
 Three, thrê', *a.* two and one
 Threefold, thrê-fold, *a.* thrice repeated, consisting of three [sixty
 Threescore, thrê-skôre, *a.* thrice twenty
 Threshold, thrêsh'ôld, *s.* the ground or step under the door, the entrance

Threw, thrô', *pret. of Throw*
 Thrice, thrî's, *ad.* three times, at three times [profit, a plant
 Thrift, thrîft', *s.* parsimony, frugality
 Thrifty, thrîft'ty, *a.* frugal, sparing
 Thrill, thrîl', *v.* to pierce, to penetrate, to tingle [rich
 Thrive, thrî've, *v. a.* to prosper, to grow
 Thriven, thrîv'n, *part. of Thrive*
 Throat, thrô'te, *s.* the fore part of the neck [tate—*s.* beat, palpitation
 Throb, thrôb', *v. n.* to heave, to palpitate
 Throe, thrô', *s.* the pain of travail, extreme agony [or bishop
 Throne, thrô-ne, *s.* the seat of a king
 Throng, thrông, *s.* a multitude, a crowd—*v.* to crowd
 Throttle, thrô'tl, *s.* the trachea
 Throttle, thrô'tl, *s.* the wind-pipe—*v. a.* to choke, to suffocate
 Throve, thrô've, *pret. of Thrive*
 Through, thrô', *prep.* from end to end
 Throughout, thrô-shô't, *ad.* quite through, in every part
 Throw, thrô', *v.* to fling, cast, to toss, to spread in haste
 Thrown, thrô-n, *part. of Throw*
 Throwster, thrô-stêr, *s.* one who twists or winds silk
 Thrum, thrîm', *s.* the ends of weavers threads—*v. a.* to play coarsely
 Thrush, thrîsh', *s.* a small singing bird, ulcerations in the mouth
 Thrust, thrîst', *v.* to push, to stab, to urge, to intrude—*s.* a hostile attack, an assault
 Thumb, thûm', *s.* the first finger of the hand—*v. a.* to handle awkwardly
 Thumb-screw, thûm'skrô', *s.* an instrument of torture [thumb
 Thumstail, thûm-stă'l, *s.* a case for the thumb
 Thump, thûmp', *s.* a hard heavy dull blow with something blunt—*v.* to beat or fall with dull heavy blows
 Thunder, thûn-dêr, *s.* a loud rumbling noise in the clouds—*v.* to make a rumbling noise, &c. to emit with noise
 Thunderstone, thûn-dêr-stône, *s.* a stone said to be emitted by thunder
 Thunderstrike, thûn-dêr-strike, *v. a.* to blast or hurt with lightning, to amaze
 Thuriferous, thû-rîf-êr-ûs, *a.* bearing frankincense
 Thurification, thû-rîf-êk'ă-shûn, *s.* the act of fuming with or burning incense

shôt, nôte, lôse, s'etôi —hût, pûsh, mâte, fûr—trulÿ, rÿe—thus, thick.

Thursday, thûrs' dâ, *s.* the fifth day of the week [deg. ee]

Thus, thûs, *ad.* in this manner, to this
Thwack, thwâk', *v. a.* to strike, to thrash, to bang—*s.* a heavy hard blow
Thwart, thâ't, *a.* transverse, perverse—*v. a.* to cross, to oppose—*v. n.* to be opposite

Thy, thÿ, *a.* belonging to thee
Thyme, tîme, *s.* a fragrant plant
Thyself, thÿ-self', *s.* thy very person
Tiar, ti-âr, or Tiara, ti-â-râ, *s.* a diadem, the mitre of the Pope

Tice, tîce, *v. a.* to draw, to allure
Tick, tîk', *s.* a dog-louse, a bed-case—*v. n.* to run on score, trust

Ticken, or Ticking, tîk'-in, *s.* a strong linen for bedding

Ticket, tîk'-et, *s.* a token of right on the delivery of which admission is granted or a claim acknowledged, a voucher [tion]

Tickle, tîk'l, *v.* to cause or feel titilla-
Ticklish, tîk'-lish, *a.* easily tickled, uncertain, nice

Tid, tîd', *a.* tender, soft, nice
Tide, tîde, *s.* season, the ebb and flow of the sea, flood

Tidings, tî-dingz, *s.* news, information
Tidy, tî-dÿ, *a.* neat, ready, spruce

Tie, tÿ', *v. a.* to bind, to fasten, to restrain—*s.* a knot, obligation

Tier, tîr', *s.* a row or rank, a set
Tierce, tîrs, *s.* a vessel holding one third of a pipe, a thrust

Tiff, tîf', *s.* liquor, drink, a pet—*v. n.* to be in a pet, to quarrel

Tiffany, tîf-ân-y, *s.* a very thin kind of silk

Tiger, tî-gér, *s.* a fierce beast of the feline kind [rags]

Tight, tîte, *a.* close, free from fluttering

Tighten, tît'm, *v. a.* to straighten, to make close [tiger]

Tigress, tî-grés, *s.* the female of the tige

Tike, tîke, *s.* a species of dog
Tile, tîle, *s.* baked clay to cover houses with—*v. a.* to cover with tiles [tiles]

Tiling, tî-ling, *s.* the roof covered with

Till, tîl', *s.* the money box of a shop—*conj.* to the time, to the degree that—*v. a.* to cultivate, to plough

Tillage, tîl'-êdzh, *s.* husbandry

Tilt, tîl', *s.* a covering over head, the cover of a boat, a military game—*v.* to cover, to turn or lift up, to fight, to fall on one side

Tilth, tîlth, *s.* husbandry

Timber, tîm'-bér, *s.* wood fit for building—*v. a.* to furnish with timber

Timbered, tîm'-bér'd, *a.* built, formed, contrived [instrument]

Timbrel, tîm'-brél, *s.* a kind of musical

Time, tîme, *s.* the measure of duration, season, age—*v. a.* to adapt to the time, to measure harmonically

Timid, tîm'-id, *a.* wanting courage, timorous [timorousness]

Timidity, tîm'-id-Yt-Yt, *s.* fearfulness, Timorous, tîm'-ôr-ús, *a.* fearful, bashful, nice

Tin, tîn', *s.* a sort of common white metal—*v. a.* to cover with tin

Tinct, tîngkt', *v. a.* to stain, to colour, to imbue with a taste—*s.* colour, stain, spot

Tincture, tîngkt'-tûre, *s.* a colour or taste superadded by something, an infusion—*v. a.* to imbue, to tinge, to colour [fire]

Tinder, tîn'-dér, *s.* what easily catches

Tine, tîne, *s.* the tooth of a harrow, trouble—*v. a.* to kindle, to shut, to rage [a colour]

Tinge, tîndzn, *v. a.* to impregnate with

Tingle, tîng'l, *v. n.* to feel a sharp pain, to tinkle [sound]

Tink, tîngk', *v. n.* to make a sharp

Tinker, tîngk'-er, *s.* a mender of kettles or pans [quick noise]

Tinkle, tîngk'l, *v. n.* to make a sharp

Tinman, tîn'-mán, *s.* a manufacturer of tin vessels, &c. [tin mines]

Tinner, tîn'-ér, *s.* one who works in

Tinny, tîn'-ÿ, *a.* abounding with tin

Tinsel, tîn'-sel, *s.* anything shining or showy and of little value

Tint, tînt', *s.* die, colour, stain, hue

Tiny, tî-nÿ, *a.* little, puny

Tip, tîp', *s.* the top, the end, the point, the extremity—*v. a.* to top, to cover on the end [the neck]

Tippet, tîp'-et, *s.* something worn about

Tipple, tîp'l, *v. a.* to drink in luxury or excess [of justice]

Tipstaff, tîp'-stâf, *s.* an officer, his staff

Tipsy, tîp'-sÿ, *a.* drunk, muddled

Tire, tîre, *s.* a rank, a row, head-dress, furniture—*v.* to make or be weary, to dress the head

Tiresome, tîre-sóm, *a.* wearisome, tedious
Firewoman, tîre-wûm-ân, *s.* a woman who makes head-dresses
C e

Sounds.—hât, hâte, hâll, liâr—mêt, dêisist, mâ, hér—chîn, chine, fîeld, shîrt—

- Tiringroom, tî-rîng-rôme, *s.* a room for players to dress in [gold, &c.]
 Tissue, tîsh'-û, *s.* cloth interwoven with
 Tit, tî't, *s.* a small horse, a woman, a bird
 Titbit, tî't-bît, *s.* a nice bit
 Tithe, tî'the, *s.* the tenth part—*v.* to levy the tenth part, to pay tithe
 Tithing, tî-thîng, *s.* a district, part of a parish [peace-officer]
 Tithingman, tî-thîng-mán, *s.* a petty Titillate, tî't-lî-lâ'te, *v.* *n.* to tickle
 Titillation, tî't-lî-lâ-shûn, *s.* the act of tickling, slight pleasure
 Title, tî't, *s.* the first page of a book, appellation, claim of right, name of honour—*v.* *a.* to entitle, to name
 Titmouse, tî't-môûs, *s.* a small bird
 Titter, tî't-ér, *v.* *n.* to laugh with restraint—*s.* a restrained laugh
 Tittle, tî't, *s.* a small particle, a dot
 Tittle-tattle, tî't-tâ'tl, *s.* idle talk—*v.* *a.* to prattle [stumbling]
 Titubation, tî't-û-bâ-shûn, *s.* the act of Titular, tî't-û-lâr, *a.* having only the title [or relating to a title]
 Titulary, tî't-û-lâr-y, *a.* consisting in To, tô', *prep.* noting motion towards, &c. [crawling]
 Toad, tô'de, *s.* an animal like a frog but
 Toadstool, tô'de-stôle, *s.* a plant like a mushroom
 Toast, tô'st, *v.* *a.* to dry or heat at the fire, to propose a health—*s.* bread toasted, a health drunk
 Tobacco, tô-bâk'-ô, *s.* an American plant used for smoking, &c.
 Tobaccoist, tô-bâk'-ô-nîst, *s.* a preparer and vender of tobacco
 Tod, tô'd, *s.* a bush, a weight of twenty-eight pounds of wool [the feet]
 Toes, tô'z, *s.* the divided extremities of
 Toft, tô'ft, *s.* a place where a messenger has stood [in concert]
 Together, tô-gê'th-ér, *ad.* in company,
 Toil, tô'yl, *v.* to labour, to weary—*s.* labour, fatigue, a net
 Toilet, tô'let, *s.* a dressing-table
 Toilsome, tô'yl-sóm, *a.* laborious, weary
 Token, tók'n, *s.* a sign, a mark, memorial
 Told, tô'ld, *pret. and part. of Tell*
 Tolerable, tól'-ér-êb'l, *a.* supportable, passable [suffering]
 Tolerant, tól'-ér-ênt, *a.* allowing, suffering
 Tolerate, tól'-ér-âte, *v.* *a.* to allow, to permit, to suffer
 Toleration, tól'-ér-â-shûn, *s.* permission, sufferance
 Toll, tôle, *s.* an excise of goods—*v.* to pay or take toll, to ring a bell, to annul
 Tolbooth, tól'-bôth, *s.* a prison
 Tolsey, tól'-sê, *s.* a kind of market, place where people meet to buy and sell [batticaze]
 Tomahawk, tòm'-â-hâk, *s.* an Indian
 Tomb, tôme, *s.* a sepulchre for the dead, a vault [wild girl]
 Tomboy, tòm'-bôy, *s.* a mean fellow, a
 Tome, tôme, *s.* a volume, a book
 Tomtit, tòm-tî't, *s.* a small bird
 Ton, tón', *s.* a tun
 Tone, tône, *s.* note, sound, accent, whine, elasticity
 Tong, tóng', *s.* the catch of a buckle
 Tonga, tóng', *s.* an utensil to take hold of fire, &c. [speech, language]
 Tongue, tóng', *s.* the organ of speech
 Tonic, tón'-ik, *a.* elastic, relating to tones—*s.* medicine which braces and strengthens [every ton]
 Tonnage, tón'-êdzh, *s.* an impost on
 Tonsil, tón-sîl, *s.* a round gland on either side of the basis of the tongue
 Tonsor, tón'-sór, *s.* a barber
 Tonsure, tón'-shûr, *s.* the act of clipping the hair
 Tontine, tón-tî'n, *s.* a fund to be divided among the survivors
 Too, tó', *ad.* over and above, likewise
 Took, tók', *pret. of Take*
 Tool, tôle, *s.* an instrument, a hireling
 Tooth, tóth, *s.* a bone on the jaw, taste, prong [pleasing to the taste]
 Toothsome, tóth-sóm, *a.* palatable
 Top, tóp', *s.* the highest part, the utmost degree, the surface, a plaything for boys—*v.* to rise aloft, to predominate, to surpass, to crop
 Topaz, tó'páz, *s.* a precious yellow gem
 Tope, tó'pe, *v.* *n.* to drink hard
 Topgallant, tóp-gál'-ênt, *s.* the highest mast and sail
 Topheavy, tóp-hêv'-y, *a.* too weighty at top
 Topic, tóp'-ik, *s.* a general head, something to which other things are referred [some place]
 Topical, tóp'-ik-ál, *a.* local, confined to
 Topographer, tó-pô-grá'-fêr, *s.* one who describes particular places
 Topography, tó-pô-grá'-fî, *s.* description of particular places

shôt, nôte, lôse, actôr—hüt, pûsh, mâte, fûr—truly, rfe—thus, thick.

Topping, tōp'-yng, *a.* fine, noble, gallant
 Toppie, tōp'l, *v. n.* to fall forward, to
 tumble down [bottom upwards
 Topsyturny, tōp'-sý-túr-vý, *ad.* with the
 Torch, tōr'ish, *s.* a large wax light
 Tore, tō're, *pret. of* Tear
 Torment, tōr-mént', *v. a.* to put to
 pain, to tease, to vex—*s.* pain, an-
 guish, torture
 Tormentor, tōr-mént'-ór, *s.* one who
 torments
 Torn, tōrn, *part of* Tear
 Tornado, tōr-ná-dō, *s.* a hurricane, a
 whirlwind [benumbs
 Torpedo, tōr-pé-dō, *s.* a fish whose touch
 Torpent, tōr-pént, or Torpid, tōr-píd, *a.*
 motionless, not active, benumbed
 Torpitude, tōr-pý-túde, *s.* the state of
 being motionless
 Torpor, tōr-pór, *s.* dulness, inactivity
 Torrefaction, tōr-ré-fák-shún, *s.* a dry-
 ing by the fire [fire, to scorch
 Torrefy, tōr-ré-fý, *v. a.* to dry by the
 Torrent, tōr-rént, *s.* a sudden or rapid
 stream
 Torrid, tōr'id, *a.* violently hot, parched
 Tortile, tōr-tíl, or Tortive, tōr-tív, *a.*
 wreathed, twisted [hard shell
 Tortoise, tōr-tís, *s.* an animal with a
 Tortuosity, tōr-tú-ós'-it-y, *s.* a wreath,
 a flexure [chievous
 Tortuous, tōr-tú-ús, *a.* wreathed, mis-
 Torture, tōr-túre, *s.* torments to extort
 confession, pain, anguish—*v. a.* to
 vex, to cruciate, to torment
 Tory, tō-rý, *s.* one of a party opposed
 to that of the Whigs
 Toss, tōs' *v. a.* to throw, to agitate, to
 fling, to wince
 Toss-pot, tōs-pót, *s.* a drunkard
 Total, tō-tál, *a.* whole, full, not divided
 Totter, tōt'-ér, *v. n.* to shake so as to
 threaten a fall
 Touch, tūtsh', *v.* to come or be close to,
 to try by the touchstone, to affect, to
 delineate, to infect—*s.* the act of
 touching, the sense of feeling, the
 single act of a pencil, &c.
 Touch-hole, tūtsh'-hóle, *s.* a small hole
 in fire-arms
 Touching, tūtsh'-yng, *a.* moving, pathe-
 tic, affecting—*p.* respecting, having
 respect to some particular thing or
 subject [metals, a test or criterion
 Touchstone, tūtsh'-stōne, *s.* stone to try
 Touchwood, tūtsh'-wúd, *s.* rotten wood
 that easily catches fire

Touchy, tūtsh'-ý, *a.* peevish, cross
 Tough, tūf', *a.* not brittle, stiff, ropy
 Toughen, tūf'n, *v.* to grow or make
 tough [turn
 Tour, tō're, *s.* a journey, a ramble, a
 Tournament, tōr-ná-mént, *s.* a tilt, a
 mock encounter
 Touse, tōús, *v. a.* to pull, to drag, to
 haul [to draw by a rope
 Tow, tō, *s.* flax or hemp dressed—*v. a.*
 Towage, tō-édzh, *s.* a towing, money
 paid for towing
 Toward, tō-árd, or Towards, tō-árdz,
prep. in a direction to, regarding—
a. docile, compliant [&c.
 Towel, tōw'-él, *s.* a cloth to dry hands,
 Tower, tōw'-ér, *s.* a high building, a
 citadel—*v. a.* to soar, to fly or rise
 high [ed with towers
 Towery, tōw'-ér-y, *a.* adorned or guard-
 Town, tōw'n, *s.* a collection of houses
 larger than a village [town
 Township, tōw'n-shíp, *s.* corporation of a
 Townsman, tōw'nz-mán, *s.* an inhabit-
 ant of a town, one of the same town
 Toy, tōy', *s.* a trifle, a plaything, fro-
 lic—*v. n.* to trifle, to dally amorously
 Toyish, tōy'-sh, *a.* trifling, wanton
 Toyman, tōy'-mán, *s.* a seller of toys
 Trace, trā'se, *s.* a mark left, harness—
v. a. to follow by the footsteps, to
 mark out [path
 Track, trák', *s.* a mark left, a beaten
 Tract, trák't, *s.* a region, course, treatise
 Tractable, trák-téb'l, *a.* manageable,
 docile [treatise
 Tractate, trák'-táte, *s.* a small book, a
 Tractile, trák'-tíl, *a.* that may be drawn
 out or extended
 Trade, trāde, *s.* traffic, commerce, oc-
 cupation, employment—*v. n.* to traf-
 fic, to deal, to act for money
 Tradesfolk, trādz-fók, *s.* people employ-
 ed in trades [shopkeeper
 Tradesman, trādz-mán, *s.* a dealer, a
 Tradewind, trāde-wínd, *s.* a wind blow-
 ing constantly one way
 Tradition, trā-dísh'-ún, *s.* oral account
 from age to age
 Traditional, trā-dísh'-ón-ál, or Tradi-
 tionary, trā-dísh'-ún-ár-y, *a.* delivered
 by tradition, unwritten
 Traduce, trā dū'se, *v. a.* to censure, to
 calumniate, to condemn
 Traducement, trā-dé-sént, *a.* censuring,
 slandering

Sounds—hât, hâts, hâll, liâr—mât, dâsist, mâ, hâr—chîn, chîas, field, shîrt—

Traducible, trâ-dâ's-ib'l, *a.* that may be derived [tradition]

Traduction, trâ-dûk'-shûn, *s.* derivation

Traffic, trâf'-ik, *s.* commerce, commodities, merchandizing—*v. n.* to practise commerce

Tragedian, trâ-dah'-dyân, *s.* writer of or actor of tragedy

Tragedy, trâdah'-d-y, *s.* a serious drama, a dreadful event

Tragic, trâdsh'-ik, *a.* relating to tragedy, calamitous

Tragicomedy, trâdsh'-ik-kôm'-s-d-y, *s.* a merry and serious drama

Tragicomical, trâdsh'-ik-kôm'-ik-ll, *a.* relating to tragicomedy

Traject, trâ-dshêkt', *v. a.* to cast through, to throw [darting through]

Trajection, trâ-dshêkt'-shûn, *s.* the act of Trail, trâl'e, *v.* to hunt by the track, to draw or be drawn along—*s.* track followed by the hunter, any thing drawn behind or along

Train, trâ'ne, *v. a.* to draw, to educate, to breed—*s.* an artifice, tail of a bird or of a long gown, a series, retinue, procession [militia]

Trainbands, trâ'ne-bûnds', *s.* a sort of Trainoil, trâ'ne-ôil', *s.* oil of whales

Trait, trât, *s.* a stroke, a touch

Traitor, trât'-ôr, *s.* one who betrays his trust [perfidious]

Traitorous, trât'-ôr-ûs, *a.* treacherous, Trammel, trâm'-êl', *s.* any kind of net, shackles for a horse—*v. a.* to catch, to intercept [etc.]

Trample, trâmpl', *v.* to tread under foot, Trance, or Transe, trâns, *s.* an ecstasy, a rapture

Tranquil, trâng'-kwîl, *a.* quiet, calm

Tranquillity, trâng'-kwîl'-y, *s.* quiet, peace of mind [make tranquil]

Tranquillize, trâng'-kwîl'-ize, *v. a.* to Transact, trâns-êkt' *v. a.* to manage, to perform

Transaction, trâns-êkt'-shûn, *s.* negotiation, dealing between man and man, management

Transcend, trân-sênd', *v.* to surpass, to rise above [flent, surpassing]

Transcendent, trân-sên'-dênt, *a.* excel-

Transcribe, trân skri'be, *v. a.* to copy

Transcript, trân-skript, *s.* a copy from an original

Transcursion, trâns-kûr'-shûn, *s.* a ramble [to convey, to remove]

Transfer, trâns-fêr', *v. a.* to make over,

Transfer, trâns-fêr', *s.* change of property [change of form]

Transfiguration, trâns-fîg-û-r'-shûn, *s.* Transfigure, trâns-fîg'-ûr, *v. a.* to transform [through]

Transfix, trâns-fîks', *v. a.* to pierce

Transform, trâns-fôr'm, *v.* to change with regard to external form, to metamorphose

Transformation, trâns-fôr-mâ'-shûn, *s.* a change of shape, etc.

Transfretation, trâns-fî-t'-shûn, *s.* a passage over the sea

Transfuse, trâns-fûz', *v. a.* to pour out of one into another [fusing]

Transfusion, trâns-fû'-shûn, *s.* a trans-

Transgress, trâns-grê's, *v.* to pass beyond, to violate, to offend

Transgression, trâns-grêsh'-ûn, *s.* a violation, crime, fault

Transgressive, trâns-grê's-iv, *a.* finally, apt to break laws

Transgressor, trâns-grê's-ôr, *s.* an offender, a law-breaker

Transient, trân-shênt, *a.* soon past or passing, momentary

Transilience, trâns-îl'-yéns, *s.* a leap from thing to thing [net, etc.]

Transit, trân-sît, *s.* the passing of a planet

Transition, trân-sîsh'-ûn, *s.* a passage, change [power of passing]

Transitive, trâns-iv-iv, *a.* having the

Transitory, trân-sî-tôr-y, *a.* passing away speedily

Translate, trân-slà'te, *v. n.* to remove, to transfer, to interpret

Translation, trân-slà'-shûn, *s.* a translating or being translated, version

Translator, trân-slà'te-ôr, *s.* one that translates

Translucent, trâns-lû'-sênt, or Translucid, trâns-lû'-sîd, *a.* transparent, diaphanous [beyond sea]

Transmarine, trâns-mâ-r'-n, *a.* lying

Transmigrant, trâns-mî-grênt, *a.* passing into another country

Transmigrate, trâns-mî-grâte, *v. n.* to pass into another place, to travel

Transmigration, trâns-mî-grâ'-shûn, *s.* a passage from one state, place, or body, into another [mitting]

Transmission, trâns-mîsh'-ûn, *s.* a trans-

Transmissive, trâns-mîs'-iv, *a.* derived from one to another

Transmit, trâns-mî't', *v. a.* to convey, to send from one person or place to another

shôt, nôte, lôse, actor—hût, push, mûte, fur,—truly, rye—thus, thick.

- Transmittal**, trãns-mít'-ál, *s.* the act of transmitting
- Transmutation**, trãns-mû-tã-shûn, *s.* the changing of metals, &c. into another nature or substance
- Transmuce**, trãns-mû'te, *v. n.* to change from one nature or substance to another [door or window]
- Transom**, trãn'-sóm, *s.* a beam over a
- Transparency**, trãns-pãr'-én-sý, *s.* clearness, power of transmitting light
- Transparent**, trãns-pã'-rënt, *a.* pervious to the light, clear
- Transpicious**, trãns-pík'-û-ús, *a.* transparent, pervious to the sight
- Transpire**, trãns-pî're, *v.* to emit or be emitted in vapour, to become known
- Transplace**, trãns-plã'se, *v. a.* to remove to another place
- Transplant**, trãns-plãnt, *v. a.* to plant in a new place
- Transport**, trãns-pôrt, *v. a.* to banish, to ravish with pleasure
- Transport**, trãns-pôrt, *s.* transportation, a ship to carry soldiers, a criminal banished, ecstasy
- Transportation**, trãns-pôr-tã-shûn, *s.* banishment for felony
- Transposal**, trãns-pô'-zál, *s.* the act of transposing, a misplacing
- Transpose**, trãns-pô'ze, *v. a.* to put in the place of another
- Transposition**, trãns-pô'-zish'-ûn, *s.* the act of misplacing
- Transubstantiate**, trãn-sûb-stãn-shyã'te, *v. a.* to change to another substance
- Transubstantiation**, trãn-sûb-stãn-shyã'-shûn, *s.* change of substance
- Transude**, trãn-sû'de, *v. n.* to pass through in vapour, &c.
- Transversal**, trãns-vér'-sál, *a.* running crosswise
- Transverse**, trãns-vér's, *a.* being in a cross direction
- Trap** 'trãp', *s.* ambush, snare—*v. a.* to ensnare, to adorn
- Trappings**, trãp'-ýngz, *s.* ornaments, dress, finery [dress]
- Trash**, trãsh', *s.* any worthless thing
- Travail**, trãv'-él, *v.* to labour, to be in labour, to harass—*s.* labour, fatigue, labour in childbirth
- Travel**, trãv'-él, *v.* to make a journey, to pass, to labour—*s.* journey, labour, toil
- Traveller**, trãv'-él-ér, *s.* one who goes a journey, a visitor of foreign countries
- Traverse**, trãv'-érs, *a.* crosswise, athwart *v. a.* to cross, to thwart
- Travesty**, trãv'-és-tý, *a.* dressed so as to be made ridiculous
- Tray**, trã', *s.* a shallow wooden vessel to carry meat or fish in
- Treachorous**, trétsh'-ér-ús, *a.* perfidious, false [breach of faith]
- Treachery**, trétsh'-ér-ý, *s.* perfidy, a
- Treacle**, tré'k'l, *s.* a sort of medicine, molasses
- Tread**, tréd', *v.* to set the foot, to trample, to walk on, to cover—*s.* step with the foot, a track, a speck in an egg
- Treadle**, tréd'l, *s.* part of an engine on which the feet act to put it in motion [for commonwealth, rebellion]
- Treason**, tré'z'n, *s.* offence against king
- Treasonable**, tré'z'n-éb'l, or **Treasonous**, tré'z'n-ús, *a.* having the nature of treason
- Treasure**, trézsh'-úr, *s.* wealth hoarded or laid up, riches—*v. a.* to hoard, to lay up [care of money]
- Treasurer**, trézsh'-úr-ér, *s.* one who has
- Treasuretrove**, trézsh'-úr-trôv, *s.* money found and not owned
- Treasury**, trézsh'-úr-ý, *s.* place for money
- Treat**, tré'te, *v.* to negotiate, to discourse on, to manage, to entertain—*s.* an entertainment given
- Treatise**, tré'-tis, *s.* a written discourse
- Treatment**, trét'-mënt, *s.* usage, mode of conduct [tract of parties]
- Treaty**, tré'-tý, *s.* a negotiation, con-
- Treble**, tréb'l, *a.* threefold—*s.* a sharp sound—*v.* to multiply three, to become threefold [table]
- Tree**, tré', *s.* a large, tall, branchy vegetable
- Trefoil**, trã'-fôil, *s.* a three-leaved grass, clover [tice]
- Trellis**, trél'-ýs, *s.* a structure like a lat-
- Tremble**, trém'b'l, *v. n.* to shake, to quake, to shudder [terrible]
- Tremendous**, tré-mén'-dús, *a.* awful
- Tremour**, tré-mór, *s.* a quivering motion [trembling, quivering]
- Tremulous**, trém'-ú-lós, *a.* fearful
- Trench**, trénsh', *s.* earth thrown up so as to leave a ditch on the side—*v.* to cut and make a trench [keen]
- Trenchant**, trén'-shënt, *a.* sharp, cutting
- Trencher**, trén'-shér, *s.* a wooden platter
- Trencherman**, trénsh'-ér-rãn, *s.* a man who eats much

Sounds.—hât, hâte, hâll, liâr—mât, dêsis, mê, hér—chîn, chine, f

- Trend**, trënd', *v.* to tend, to lie in any particular direction [the dead]
- Trentals**, trën-tälz, *s.* thirty masses for
- Trepan**, trë-pân', *s.* a surgeon's instrument, a snare—*v. a.* to cut with the trepan, to ensnare [of trembling]
- Trepidation**, trëp-ÿ dä-shün, *s.* the state
- Trespass**, trës-päs, *s.* a sin, offence, unlawful entry—*v.* to be guilty of a trespass [hair]
- Tresses**, trës-séz, *s. pl.* knots or curls of
- Trestle**, trës'l, *s.* a frame to support any thing on [waste]
- Tret**, trët', an allowance in weight for
- Trevet**, trëv-ët, *s.* an iron or any thing that stands on three legs
- Trey**, trä', *s.* the three at cards
- Triable**, tri-éb'l, *a.* capable of trial
- Triad**, tri-äd, *s.* three united
- Trial**, tri-äl, *s.* a test, examination
- Triangle**, tri-äng'l, *s.* a figure of three angles [three angles]
- Triangular**, tri-äng'-ü-lar, *a.* having
- Tribe**, tri-be, *s.* a distinct body of people
- Tribulation**, trib-ü lä-shün, *s.* vexation, distress [a court of justice]
- Tribunal**, tri-bü-näl, *s.* a seat of a judge,
- Tribune**, trib'-üne, *s.* a Roman officer
- Tributary**, trib'-ü-tär-y, *a.* paying tribute, subject unto
- Tribute**, trib'-üte, *s.* a payment in acknowledgement of subjection, tax
- Trice**, tri-se, *s.* a short time, instant
- Trick**, trîk', *s.* a sly fraud, a cheat, number of cards laid regularly up—*v.* to cheat, to deceive, to adorn
- Trickle**, trîk'l, *v. n.* to fall or run down in drops [dice]
- Tricktrack**, trîk'-trâk, *s.* a game with
- Trident**, tri-dënt, *a.* having three teeth—*s.* Neptune's sceptre [years]
- Triennial**, tri-ën-yäl, *a.* lasting three
- Trifle**, tri-f'l, *v. a.* to act with levity, to play the fool—*s.* a thing of no moment or value
- Trifling**, tri-f'ing, *a.* worthless, mean
- Triform**, tri-f'orm, *a.* having a triple form or shape [gun]
- Tigger**, trig'-ger, *s.* catch of a wheel or
- Trigon**, tri-gôn, *s.* a triangle
- Trigonometrical**, trig-ô-nô-mët-rîk-äl, *a.* pertaining to trigonometry
- Trigonometry**, trig-ô-nôm'-ë-trÿ, *s.* the art of measuring triangles [sides]
- Trilateral**, tri-lät'-ër-äl, *a.* having three
- Trill**, trîl', *s.* quaver—*v.* to quaver, to
- Trillion**, trîl'-yôn, *s.* a million of millions
- Trim**, trîm', *a.* nice, neat—to shave, to make neat, *s.* dress, condition, orna
- Trimmer**, trîm'-ér, *s.* a turn of wood
- Trimming**, trîm'-ing, *s.* 12
- Trinal**, tri-näl, *a.* threefold
- Trine**, trîne, *s.* an aspect of distant 120 degrees
- Trinitarian**, trîn-ÿ-tä-ryân, holds the doctrine of the
- Trinity**, trîn-ÿt-y, *s.* three one God
- Trinket**, trîng'-kët, *s.* a toy
- Trio**, tri-ô, *s.* musical piece.
- Trip**, trîp', *v.* to supplant, fail, to err, to stumble, to voyage
- Tripartite**, tri-pär-tite, *a.* parts, done in three part
- Tripe**, tri-pe, *s.* the intestine
- Triphthong**, trîf'-thöng, *s.* three vowels
- Triples**, trîpl, *a.* treble—*v.*
- Triplet**, trîp'-lët, *s.* three of
- Triplicate**, trîp'-lik-ët, *a.* m much
- Triplicity**, tri-plîs'-ÿt-y, *s.*
- Tripod**, tri-pöd, *s.* a seat w
- Tripoly**, trîp'-öly, *s.* sharp
- Tripping**, trîp'-ing, *a.* quic
- Triptote**, trîp'-töte, *s.* a not in three cases [three]
- Trisection**, tri-sëk'-shün, *s.* 1
- Trisyllable**, trîs'-ÿl-lëb'l, *s.* sisting of three syllables
- Trite**, tri-te, *a.* worn out, st
- Tritheism**, tri-thÿzm, *s.* doct distinct Gods
- Triturate**, trîf'-ü-râte, *v. a.* powder [in]
- Trituration**, trîf'-ü-rä-shün,
- Trivial**, trîv'-yäl, *a.* worthl light
- Triumph**, tri-ümf, *s.* pomp victory or success—*v. n.* for victory, to obtain vi sult upon advantage gain
- Triumphal**, tri-ümf'-äl, *a.* 1 brating victory
- Triumphant**, tri-ümf'-ënt, *a.*
- Triumvir**, tri-üm'-vîr, *s.* on equal authority
- Triumvirate**, tri-üm'-vîr-ët, wact by three me.

shôt, nôte, lôse, actôr—hût, push, mâte, fûr—truly, rye—thus, thick.

- Tiune**, trî-ûne, *a.* at once, three and one [of trochees]
Trÿchaicai, trô-kâ-yk-ai, *a.* consisting
Trochee, trô-kê, *s.* a foot in Latin poetry, consisting of a long and short syllable [Tread]
Trod, trôd', or **Trodden**, trôd'n, *part. of*
Troll, trô'le, *v.* to move circularly, to fish for a pike
Trollop, trôl'-ôp, *s.* a slattern
Troop, trô'pe, *s.* a company, a body of soldiers—*v. n.* to march in a body or in haste [only on horseback]
Trooper, trôp'-ér, *s.* a soldier who fights
Troops, trô'ps, *s.* horse or foot soldiers
Trope, trô'pe, *s.* a figure in speech, a change of a word from its original signification [phies]
Trophied, trô'fid, *a.* adorned with tro-
Trophy, trô'fy, *s.* something taken in battle [sun turns back]
Tropic, trôp'-yk, *s.* the line at which the
Tropical, trôp'-yk-ai, *a.* figurative, near the tropics
Trot, trôt', *s.* jolting high pace of a horse, an old woman—*v. n.* to ride in a trot, to walk fast
Troth, trô'th, *s.* truth, faith [espoused]
Trothplight, trô'th-plite, *a.* betrothed,
Trouble, trûbl', *v. a.* to afflict, to molest, to perplex—*s.* perplexity, affliction, molestation [tiresome]
Troublesome, trûbl'-sôm, *a.* vexatious,
Trover, trô'-vér, *s.* an action for goods found and not delivered on demand
Trough, trôw', *s.* a long hollow thing
Troul, trô'le, *v. n.* to move or utter quickly [beat, to sue]
Trounce, trôuns, *v. a.* to punish, to
Trousers, trôû-z-ers, *s.* breeches, hose
Trout, trôût' *s.* a delicate spotted fish, an honest silly fellow
Trow, trô', *v. n.* to think, to imagine
Trowel, trôw'-el, *s.* a tool to take up mortar with
Troy, trôy', *s.* 12 ounces to the pound
Truant, trû-ênt, *s.* an idler, an absentee from school—*a.* idle, lazy—*v. n.* to idle, to loiter [hostilities]
Truce, trû'se, *s.* a temporary cessation of
Trucidation, trû-si-dâ-shûn, *s.* the act of killing [exchange—*s.* exchange]
Truck, trûk', *v.* to traffic by exchange, to
Truckle, trûk'l', *v. n.* to be in subjection
Trucklebed, trûk'l-bêd, *s.* a bed that runs under another [ble of aspect]
Truculent, trô'-kâ-lênt, *a.* a savage, terri-
Trudge, trûdzh', *v. n.* to travel laboriously, to jog on
True, trû', *a.* exact, genuine, steady
Truebred, trû'-brêd, *a.* of a right breed
Truepenny, trû'-pên-ný, *s.* a worthy honest fellow [mushrooms]
Truffle, trûf'l', *s.* a kind of subterranean
Truism, trû'-izm, *s.* a truth
Trull, trûl', *s.* a vagrant strumpet
Truly, trû'-ly, *ad.* really, exactly, indeed
Trump, trûmp', *s.* a strumpet, a privileged card—*v. a.* to win with a trump, to devise [trifles]
Trumpery, trûmp'-ér-y, *s.* empty talk
Trumpet, trûm'-pêt, *s.* a kind of musical instrument—*v. a.* to publish by sound of trumpet, to proclaim
Trumpeter, trûm'-pêt-ér, *s.* one who sounds a trumpet or proclaims any thing [cut short]
Truncate, trûng'-kâte, *v. a.* to maim, to
Truncheon, trûnsh'-ôn, *s.* a short staff—*v. a.* to beat with a truncheon
Trundle, trûnd'l', *v. n.* to roll, to bowl along—*s.* a round rolling thing
Trunk, trûngk', *s.* the body of any thing, chest, proboscis of an elephant, &c.
Trunnions, trûn'-yóns, *s.* knobs on guns
Truss, trûs', *s.* a bandage for ruptures, a bundle—*v. a.* to pack close together
Trust, trûst', *s.* confidence, charge, credit—*v.* to confide in, to believe, to credit [any thing]
Trustee, trûs-tê', *s.* one intrusted with
Trusty, trûst'-ý, *a.* honest, true, fit to be trusted, stout
Truth, trû'th, *s.* fact, fidelity, reality
Try, trý', *v.* to examine, to assay, to attempt
Tub, tûb', *s.* a wooden vessel
Tube, tû'be, *s.* a pipe, a syphon
Tubercle, tû'-bérk'l', *s.* a small swelling, a pimple [rose]
Tuberoze, tû'b-râze, *s.* a sweet-smelling
Tuberous, tû'-bér-ús, *a.* full of knobs or swellings [like a pipe]
Tubular, tû'-bû-lâr, *a.* long and hollow
Tubulated, tû'-bû-lâ-têd, or **Tubulous**, tû'-bû-lús, *a.* fistular
Tuck, tûk', *s.* a long narrow sword, a net, a fold—*v. a.* to hinder from spreading [for the breast]
Tucker, tûk'-ér, *s.* a small piece of linen
Tuesday, tû's-dâ, *s.* the third day of the week
Tuft, tûft', *s.* a cluster, a clump
Tufts, tûf'-t, *a.* adorned with tufts

Sounds—hăt, hâte, hăil, liăr—mêt, desist, mē, hēr—chin, chinc, flied, shift—

- Tug**, tŭg', *v.* to pull, to draw, to contend—*s.* a forcible pull [instruction]
Tuition, tŭ-tŭi-tŭn, *v.* superintendence,
Tulip, tŭ-tŭp, *s.* a flower
Tumble, tŭm'b'l, *v.* to fall, to roll about, to play tricks by various librations of the body, to throw down—*s.* a fall
Tumbler, tŭm'blér, *s.* one who plays tricks by various librations of the body
Tumbrel, tŭm'blél, *s.* a dung-cart
Tumefaction, tŭ-mē-făk-shŭn, *s.* a swelling
Tumefy, tŭ-nē-fŷ, *v. a.* to swell
Tumid, tŭ-mŭd, *a.* swelled, pompous
Tumour, tŭ-mŭr, *s.* a morbid swelling, affected pomp [entomb]
Tumulate, tŭ-mŭ-lâte, *v.* to swell, to Tumulose, tŭ-mŭ-lŭse, *a.* full of swelling hills [motion]
Tumult, tŭ-mŭlt, *s.* riot, stir, wild commotion
Tumultuous, tŭ-mŭlt-tŭ ŭs, *s.* turbulent, full of tumult
Tun, tŭn', *s.* a cask of four hogheads
Tunable, tŭn'eb'l, *a.* harmonious, musical
Tune, tŭne, *s.* diversity of notes put together, harmony, fit temper—*v.* to put into a musical state [mont]
Tunic, tŭn'ik, *s.* a child's upper garment
Tunicle, tŭ-nŭk'l, *s.* a cover, integument
Tunnage, tŭn'édzh, *s.* contents of a vessel measured by the tun, the tax on a tun
Tunnel, tŭn'él, *s.* the shaft of a chimney, a funnel, a net—*v. a.* to form like a tunnel, to catch in a net
Tunny, tŭn'ŷ, *s.* a sea-fish
Tup, tŭp', *s.* a ram—*v. a.* to butt like a ram [of the Turks]
Turban, tŭr-bân, *s.* a head covering
Turbary, tŭr-bâr'ŷ, *s.* a right of digging turf
Turbid, tŭr'bŭd, *a.* thick, muddy
Turbinated, tŭr-bŭ-nătéd, *a.* twisted, spiral [an herb]
Turbith, tŭr-bŭth, *s.* yellow precipitate
Turbot, tŭr'bŭt, *s.* a sea fish
Turbulent, tŭr-bŭ-lént, *a.* tumultuous, violent
Turf, tŭrf', *s.* a clod covered with grass
Turfy, tŭrf'ŷ, *a.* full of turfs
Turgent, tŭr-dzhént, *a.* swelling, protuberant
Turgid, tŭr-dzhŭd, *a.* swelling, tumid
Turkey, tŭr'kŷ, *s.* a large well-known domestic fowl [cious stone]
Turkoi, tŭr'kŷe, *s.* a kind of blue pre-
- Turneric**, tŭr-mér'ŷk, *s.* an Indian root which makes a yellow dye
Turnmoil, tŭr'nŭil, *s.* trouble, disturbance—*v. a.* to harass, to toll, weary
Turn, tŭrn', *v.* to change, to shape, to transform, to put upside down—*a.* act of turning, winding, walk to and fro, change, shape
Turncoat, tŭrn-kŭte, *s.* an apostate
Turner, tŭr'n-ér, *s.* one who turns wood, &c. in a lathe [tag]
Turning, tŭrn'ŷng, *s.* a winding, bend
Turnip, tŭrn'ŷp, *s.* an esculent root
Turnpike, tŭrn-pike, *s.* a toll gate on a road
Turnstile, tŭr'n-stile, *s.* cross bar on a pin to admit foot passengers and prevent horses [the pine, &c.]
Turpentine, tŭr-pén-tŭne, *s.* a gum from Turpitude, tŭr-pŭ-tŭde, *s.* inherent villainess, badness [ance]
Turret, tŭr-rt, *s.* a small tower of emi-
Turtle, tŭr't'l, *s.* a species of pigeon, a sea tortoise [pression of contempt]
Tush, tŭsh, or **Tut**, tŭt', *interj.* an ex-
Tusk, tŭsk', *s.* a fang, a very large tooth
Tusky, tŭsk'ŷ, *a.* furnished with tusks
Tutanag, tŭ-tă-năg, *s.* a mixed metal
Tutelage, tŭt'él-édzh, *s.* guardianship, protection
Tutelar, tŭt'él-ăr, or **Tutelary**, tŭt'él-ăr'ŷ, *a.* protecting, guarding
Tutor, tŭtŭr, *s.* one who instructs—*v. a.* to instruct [tutor, education]
Tutorage, tŭtŭr-édzh, *s.* the office of a
Tutty, tŭt't, *s.* argillaceous ore of zinc
Tuz, tŭz', *s.* a lock or tuft of hair
Twain, twăne, *a.* two, both
Twang, twăng', *v.* to sound sharply—*s.* a sharp quick sound, an accent
Twattle, twăt'l, *v. n.* to prate, to gabble
Tweak, twêke, *v. a.* to pinch, to squeeze
Tweedle, twêd'l, *v. a.* to handle lightly
Tweezers, twê-zers, *s.* nippers, small pincers [tenth]
Twelfth, twêlfth', *a.* the second after the twelfth tide, twêlfth' tide, *s.* the twelfth day after Christmas
Twelve, twêlv', *a.* two and ten
Twelvemonth, twêl-mŭnth, *s.* a year
Twelvepenny, twêl-pén'ŷ, *a.* sold for a shilling
Twenty, twén'tŷ, *a.* twice ten
Twice, twŭse, *ad.* two times, doubly
Twiddle, twŭdl, *v. a.* to touch lightly

shôt, nôte, lôse, actôr—hût, pûsh, mâte, fûr—trulý, rýe—thus, thick.

- Twig, twíg, *s.* a small shoot or branch
 Twíglit, twí-líte, *s.* the faint light before sunrise and after sunset—*a.* obscure, deeply shaded, seen by twilight
 Twin, twín', *s.* one of two or more children produced at a birth
 Twine, twíne, *v.* to twist, to wrap about, to wind—*s.* a twisted thread, a twist, an embrace
 Twinge, twíndzh', *v. a.* to torment with sudden pain, to pinch—*s.* sharp sudden pain, a pinch
 Twinkle, twínkl', *v. n.* to sparkle, to open and shut the eye—*s.* sparkling intermittent light, motion of the eye, short space [brought at a birth]
 Twinling, twín'-línng, *s.* a lamb of two
 Twirl, twírl', *v. a.* to turn round quick—*s.* quick circular motion, twist
 Twist, twíst', *v.* to form by complication, to writhe—*s.* any thing made by winding together, a string, a writhe
 Twit, twít', *v. a.* to sneer, to flout
 Twitsh, twítsh', *v. a.* to pluck forcibly, to snatch—*s.* a quick pull, a twinge
 Twitter, twít'-ér, *v. n.* to make a noise like swallows—*s.* motion or disorder of passion
 I'wo, tò', *a.* one and one
 Twoedged, tò'-édzh'd, *a.* having an edge on either side [twice]
 Twofold, tò'-fôld, *a.* double—*ad.* doubly
 Twohanded, tò'-hand'-éd, *a.* big, bulky
 Twopence, tòp'-éns, *s.* a penny twice told, a small coin [drum]
 Tymbal, tým'-bál, *s.* a kind of kettle
 Tympanum, tým'-pá-nóm, *s.* a drum, part of the ear [dropsy]
 Tympany, tým'-pá-ný, *s.* a dry windy
 Type, tý'pe, *s.* an emblem, a stamp, printing letter—*v. a.* to prefigure
 Typic, týp'-ík, *a.* emblematic
 Typify, týp'-i-fý, *v. a.* to figure, to show in emblem
 Typographer, tý-pô-gráf'-fér, *s.* a printer
 Typographical, tý-pô-gráf'-ík-ál, *a.* figurative, belonging to printing
 Typography, tý-pô-gráf'-ý, *s.* figurative representation, the art of printing
 Tyrannic, tý-rán'-ík, *a.* like a tyrant, cruel, despotic [of killing a tyrant]
 Tyrannicide, tý-rán'-i-tye, *s.* the act
 Tyrannise, tír'-án-ize, *v. n.* to play the tyrant, to act with rigour
 Tyrannous, tír'-án-ús, *a.* tyrannic, cruel
 Tyranny, tír'-án-y, *s.* cruel government, severity [or master]
 Tyrant, tý-rént', *a.* a cruel despot ruler
 Tyro, tý'rô, *s.* a beginner, novice, student

V

- VACANT, vâ-ként, *a.* empty, free, disengaged [vacant]
 Vacate, vâ'-kâte, *v. x.* to annul, to make
 Vacation, vâ-ké'-shûn, *s.* intermission, recess, leisure [tying]
 Vacuation, vâk-û-â'-shûn, *s.* act of emptying
 Vacuity, vâ-kû-ít-y, *s.* empty space, inanity [by matter]
 Vacuum, vâk-û-úm, *s.* a space unoccupied
 Vade mecum, vâ-dé-mé'-kûm, *s.* a book in constant use [wanting a home]
 Vagabond, vâg'-â-bônd, *a.* wandering
 Vagary, vâg'-â-rý, *s.* a wild sudden frolic, a freak [dering]
 Vagrant, vâ-grént, *a.* vagabond, wandering, vague, *a.* vagabond, unsettled
 Vail, vâ'le, *s.* a veil, a perquisite—*v.* to veil, to let fall, to yield [proud]
 Vain, vâ'ne, *a.* fruitless, empty, meanly
 Vainglorious, vâ'ne-glô'-ryús, *a.* proud without merit
 Vainglory, vâ'ne-glô'-rý, *s.* empty pride, vanity
 Valance, vâl'-éns, *s.* drapery hanging round the tester and head of a bed
 Vale, vâ'le, *s.* a valley, a perquisite
 Valediction, vâl-é-dík'-shûn, *s.* a farewell
 Valentine, vâl'-én-tine, *s.* a choice on Valentine's day
 Valerian, vâl'-lé'-ryán, *s.* a plant
 Valet, vâl'-ét, *s.* a waiting servant, a footman [a weak, sickly person]
 Valetudinarian, vâl-é-tû-dín-á'-ryán, *s.* a weak, sickly person
 Valiant, vâl'-yént, *a.* stout, brave
 Valid, vâl'-íd, *a.* weighty, conclusive
 Validity, vâl-íd-ít-y, *s.* force to convince, value [hills]
 Valley, vâl'-ý, *s.* a low ground between
 Valorous, vâl'-ór-ús, *a.* brave, stout, heroic [prowess]
 Valour, vâl'-ór, *s.* personal bravery
 Valuable, vâl'-ú-á'-b'l, *a.* of value, worthy

Sounds.—hăt, hâte, hăl, liăr—mêt, dəsist, mē, hēr—chŭn, chine, field, shirt—

- Valuation**, vāl-ŭ ā-shŭn, *s.* an estimate of the value of a thing, appraisal
Value, vāl-ŭ, *s.* a price, worth, high rate
 —*v. a.* to appraise, to rate highly
Valve, vālŭ, *s.* a folding door, any thing that opens over the mouth of a tube, &c.
Vamp, vāmp', *s.* the upper leather of a shoe—*v. a.* to mend old things
Van, vān', *s.* first line or front of an army, a fan, a wing [with the wind]
 —*v. n.* *s.* plate on a pin to turn
vanguard, vān-gārd, *s.* front line of an army
Vanilla, vā-nīl-ā, *s.* a plant or its fruit
Vanish, vān-īsh, *v. n.* to disappear, to pass away [disappearance]
Vanity, vān-ī-tŭ, *s.* falsehood, emptiness
Vanquish, vāng-kwīsh, *v. a.* to conquer, to confute [convenience]
Vantage, vān-tēdz, *s.* gain, superiority
Vapid, vāp-īd, *a.* dead, flat, spiritless
Vaporation, vāp-ŭ ā-shŭn, *s.* act of passing in vapour [flatulent]
Vaporous, vā-pŭ-ŭs, *a.* full of vapours
Vapour, vā-pŭr, *s.* fume, steam, wind, spleen—*v.* to fly off or scatter in evaporation, to bully, to brag
Vapulation, vāp-ŭ ā-shŭn, *s.* act of beating, state of being beaten [able]
Variance, vā-ryēb', *a.* inconstant, mutability
Variance, vā-ryēns, *s.* disagreement, discord [ference, deviation]
Variation, vā-ryā-shŭn, *s.* a change, difference
Variegate, vā-ryē-gāte, *n. a.* to diversify, with colours [sity of colours]
Variation, vā-ryē-gā-shŭn, *s.* a diversity
Variety, vā-rī-ē-tŭ, *s.* change, an intermixture, difference [the small pox]
Variolous, vā-rī-ŭ-lŭs, *a.* belonging to
Various, vā-ryēs, *a.* different, changeable, uncertain
Varlet, vā-rĕs, *s.* a scoundrel
Varnish, vā-rīsh, *s.* a shining liquid substance—*v. a.* to set a gloss, to palliate
Vary, vā-ry, *v.* to change, to diversify, to deviate—*s.* a change, alteration
Vascular, vās-kŭ-lār, *a.* consisting of or full of vessels
Vase, vās', *s.* a vessel with a foot
Vassal, vās-āl, *s.* a subject or dependent
Vassalage, vās-āl-ēdz, *s.* state of a vassal, tenure at will
Vast, vās', *a.* very great, enormous—*s.* an empty waste
Vat, vāt', *s.* a brewer's working tub
Vaticide, vāt'-ī-side, *s.* a murderer of poets [phesy, to foetē]
Vaticinate, vāt-tis-ŭn-āte, *v. n.* to prophesy
Vavasour, vā-vā-sŭr, *s.* one who holding of a superior lord has others holding under him
Vault, vālt, *s.* an arch, a cellar, cave, a grave, a jump—*v.* to arch, to tumble
Vaultage, vāl-tēdz, *s.* an arched cellar
Vaunt, vānt, *v.* to boast, to brag—*s.* a brag, a boat [every where]
Ubiquitary, ŭ-bīk-wī-tār-ŭ, *a.* existing
Ubiquity, ŭ-bīk-wī-tŭ, *s.* omnipresence, being in all places
Udder, ŭd-dēr, *s.* the dugs of a cow
Veal, vēle, *s.* the flesh of a calf
Vecture, vēk-tŭre, *s.* carriage, removal
Veer, vēre, *v.* to turn about, to let out, to change
Vegetable, vēdzh-ē-tēb'l, *s.* a plant—*a.* belonging to or of the nature of plants
Vegetate, vēdzh-ē-tāte, *v. n.* to grow as plants [ing like plants]
Vegetation, vēdzh-ē-tā-shŭn, *s.* a growth
Vegetative, vēdzh-ē-tā-tiv, *a.* growing without action [cible, eager]
Vehement, vē-hē-mēnt, *a.* violent, for
Vehicle, vē-hīk'l, *s.* a carriage, a conveyance
Veil, vēle, *s.* a cover to conceal, a disguise—*v.* to cover, to conceal
Vein, vēne, *s.* a tube in the flesh, course of metal in mines, turn of mind, current
Veiny, vēn-ŭ, *a.* full of veins, streaked
Vellicate, vēl-ŭ-kāte, *v. a.* to twitch, to stimulate [ing or stimulating]
Vellication, vēl-ŭ-kā-shŭn, *s.* a twitch
Vellum, vēl-ŭn, *s.* a fine parchment
Velocity, vē-lŭs-ī-tŭ, *s.* speed, swiftness of motion
Velvet, vēl-vēt, *s.* a silk with a pile on it—*a.* made of velvet, soft [veins]
Venal, vē-nāl, *a.* mercenary, base, in the
Venality, vē-nāl-ī-tŭ, *s.* a being venal
Venatic, vē-nāl-īk, *a.* used in hunting
Vend, vēnd', *v. a.* to sell, to offer to sale
Vendee, vēn-dē, *s.* one to whom any thing is sold [may be sold]
Vendible, vēnd-ŭb'l, *a.* saleable, that
Vendition, vēn dīsh-ŭn, *s.* the sale, the act of selling [thing]
Vendor, vēn dŭr', *s.* one who sells any
Venere, vē-nēre, *v. a.* to cover with thin wood, &c. [betwitching]
Veneficial, vē-nē-ŭ-ŭsh' l, *a.* poisonous,

shōt, nōte, lōse, actōr—hūt, pūsh, mātē, fūr—trūly, rye—thus, thick.

Venerable, vēn'-ér-éb'l, *a.* worthy of regard with awe

Venerate, vēn'-ér-āte, *v. a.* to treat with veneration, to regard with awe

Veneration, vēn'-ér-ā'-shūn, *s.* a reverend regard, awful respect [&c.]

Venerable, vēn'-ér-ā'l, *a.* relating to love, venerary, vēn'-ér-ā'l, *a.* relating to love,

Venery, vēn'-ér-ī, *s.* sport of hunting, pleasures, debauchery

Venesection, vēn'-ē-sēk'-shūn, *s.* act of opening a vein

Venge, vēndah', *v. a.* to avenge.

Vengeance, vēndzh'-ēns, *s.* punishment, revenge [spiteful]

Vengeful, vēndzh'-fūl, *a.* vindictive,

Venial, vē'-nyéb'l, or **Venial**, vē'-nyā'l, *a.* allowed, that may be pardoned

Venison, vēn'-īs'n, *s.* beast of chase, flesh of deer

Venom, vēn'-óm, *s.* poison [malignant]

Venomous, vēn'-óm-ūs, *a.* poisonous,

Vent, vēnt', *s.* a hole, passage, discharge, sale—*v. a.* to let out, to open, to publish, to sell [the wind]

Ventiduct, vēn'-tī-dūkt, *s.* a passage for

Ventilate, vēn'-tī-lāte, *v. a.* to fan, to discuss [fanning or cooling, vent]

Ventilation, vēn'-tī-lā'-shūn, *s.* the act of

Ventilator, vēn'-tī-lā'-tōr, *s.* an instrument to supply air

Ventose, vēn'-tōze, *a.* windy, flatulent

Ventricle, vēn'-trīk'l, *s.* the stomach, any small cavity in the body

Ventriloque, vēn'-trīl'-ō-kwē, *s.* a speaking from the belly

Venture, vēn'-tūre, *s.* hazard, hap, chance—*v.* to dare, to put or send on a venture

Venturous, vēn'-tūr-ūs, *a.* daring, bold

Venue, vēn-ū', *s.* place of trial of a litigated matter [copper]

Venus, vēn-ūs, *s.* one of the planets,

Veracity, vē-rās'-ī-tē, *s.* truth, honesty of report

Verb, vērb', *s.* one of the parts of speech, which signifies doing, suffering, or being

Verbal, vērb'-āl, *a.* oral, consisting in mere words, literal, derived from a verb

Verbatim, vērb'-bā'-tīm, *ad.* word for word

Verberate, vēr'-ber-āte, *v. a.* to beat, to strike [beating]

Verberation, vēr'-ber-ā'-shūn, *s.* blows,

Verbosely, vēr-bōse, *a.* exuberant in words, tedious

Verdant, vēr'-dānt, *a.* green, flourishing

Verderer, vēr'-dér-ér, *s.* an officer in the forest [a jury, &c.]

Verdict, vēr'-dīkt, *s.* a determination by

Verdigrise, vēr'-dī-grīs, *s.* the green rust of brass [green pigment]

Verditer, vēr'-dī-tér, *s.* a sort of blue or

Verdure, vēr'-dūre, *s.* a kind of pale green colour [ed with green]

Verdurous, vēr'-dūr-ūs, *a.* green, cover.

Verge, vērdzh', *s.* a rod, a mace, a limit—*v. a.* to tend, to bend downward

Verger, vērdah'-ér, *s.* a mace-bearer in cathedrals, &c. [prove true]

Verify, vēr'-ī-fy, *v. n.* to confirm, to

Verily, vēr'-ī-lī, *ad.* in truth, certainly

Verisimilar, vēr'-ī-sīn'-ī-lār, *a.* probable

Veritable, vēr'-ī-tēb'l, *a.* agreeable to fact, true [tion]

Verity, vēr'-ī-tē, *s.* truth, a true asser-

Verjuice, vēr'-dzhu, *s.* the acid liquor of crab apples, grapes, &c.

Vermicelli, vēr-mī-sēl'-ī, *s.* a paste rolled in the form of worms

Vermicular, vēr-mīk'-ū-lār, *a.* acting like a worm [lay wood, &c.]

Vermiculate, vēr-mīk'-ū-lāte, *v. a.* to in-

Vermicule, vēr-mī-kūle, *s.* a little grub or worm [worms or grubs]

Vermiculous, vēr-mīk'-ū-lūs, *a.* full of

Vermiform, vēr-mī-fōrm, *a.* having the shape of a worm [fine red colour]

Vermilion, vēr-mīl'-yōn, *s.* cochineal, a

Vermin, vēr-mīn, *s.* any noxious animal

Vermine, vēr-mīn-āte, *v. n.* to breed vermin [ration of vermin]

Vermine, vēr-mīn-āte, *v. n.* to breed vermin [ration of vermin]

Vernacular, vēr-nāk'-ū-lār, *a.* native

Vernal, vēr-nāl, *a.* belonging to the spring [turned round, variable]

Versatile, vēr-sā-tīl, *a.* that may be

Versatility, vēr-sā-tīl'-ī-tē, *s.* the quality of being versatile [poetry]

Verse, vērs', *s.* a poetical line, paragraph,

Versed, vērs', *a.* skilled in, acquainted with [art or making verses]

Versification, vēr-sī-fī-kā'-shūn, *s.* the

Versificator, vēr-sī-fī-kā'-tōr, *s.* a maker of verses [in verse]

Versify, vēr-sī-fy, *v.* to make or relate

Version, vēr'-shūn, *s.* change, translation [dry]

Vert, vērt', *s.* green, a colour in her-

Vertebral, vēr-tē-brāl, *a.* relating to the back-bone [back-bone]

Vertebra, vēr-tē-bér, *s.* a joint of the

Vertex, tēr-tēks, *s.* the zenith, the point over head, the top of any thing

Sounds.—hít, hâte, háll, liár—mēt, dēsist, mē, hér—chín, chine, field, shírt—

- Vertical**, vér-tí-kál, *a.* in the zenith, perpendicular [ing, rotation]
Verticity, vér-tís'-tí-y, *s.* power of turn-
Vertiginous, vér-tídzh'-ín-ús, *a.* turning round, giddy
Vertigo, vér-tí-gō, *s.* a giddiness, a whirling motion in the head
Vervain, vér-vā'nc, *s.* a plant
Very, vér'-y, *a.* true, real—*ad.* in a great degree
Vesiculent, vés'-kú-lěnt, *a.* eatable
Vesicate, vés'-y-kate, *v. a.* to blister, to swell [medicine]
Vesicatory, vés'-yík'-á-tór-y, *s.* a blistering
Vesicle, vés'-ík'l, *s.* a small inflated cuticle
Vesicular, vés'-yík'-á-lár, *a.* hollow
Vesper, vés-pér, *s.* the evening star, the evening [prayers]
Vespers, vés'-pérz, *s.* evening service or
Vessel, vés'-él, *s.* any thing to hold liquids, a pipe for the blood or humours of an animal body, a boat or ship
Vest, vés't, *s.* an outer garment—*v. a.* to dress, to invent, to place in possession [noting pure virginity]
Vestal, vés'-tál, *s.* a pure virgin—*a.* devotee
Vestibule, vés'-tí-búle, *s.* the entrance of a house
Vestige, vés'-tídzh, *s.* a footstep, a trace
Vestment, vés't'-měnt, *s.* a garment
Vestry, vés'-trý, *s.* a room appendant to a church, parochial assembly
Vesture, vés'-túre, *s.* a garment, dress
Vetch, vétsh', *s.* a plant, a kind of pea
Veteran, vét'-ér-án, *a.* long practised in war, long experienced
Veterinarian, vét'-ér-ín-á'-ryán, *s.* one skilled in the diseases of cattle
Vex, veks', *v.* to tease, to torment, to disquiet
Vexation, vék-sá'-shún, *s.* the act of vexing or being vexed, what vexes
Vexatious, vék-sá'-shús, *a.* afflictive, troublesome [the sight]
Ugly, úg'-ly, *a.* deformed, offensive to
Vial, ví-ál, *s.* a small bottle
Viand, ví-ánd, *s.* food, meat dressed
Viatcum, ví-át'-y-kúm, *s.* provision for a journey [move to and fro]
Vibrate, ví-brate, *v.* to brandish, to vibration, ví-brá'-shún, *s.* a vibrating or being vibrated [rice, a substitute]
Vicar, vík'-ár, *s.* incumbent of a benefice
Vicariate, vík'-ár-édzh, *s.* the benefice of a vicar
Vicarial, ví-ká'-ryál, *a.* belonging to a vicar
Vice, vís, *s.* wickedness, the course of action contrary to virtue, a kind of small iron press used by workmen in metals
Vice-admiral, vís-ád'-mý-rál, *s.* the second commander of a fleet
Viceagent, vís-á'-dzhéut, *s.* one who acts for another
Vicechancellor, víse-tshán'-sél-ór, *s.* the second magistrate of the universities
Vicegerency, vís-dzhé'-rén-y, *s.* the office of a vicerent
Viceregent, vís-dzhé'-rěnt, *s.* a lieutenant, one who is intrusted with the power of the superior
Viceroy, vís-rý, *s.* he who governs in place of the king with regal authority
Vicinage, vís'-y-nédzh, *s.* neighbourhood [near, neighbouring]
Vicinal, vís-í-nál, or **Vicine**, vís-ín, *a.* Vicinity, vís-ín-ít-y, *s.* neighbourhood, nearness [wicked]
Vicious, vísh'-ús, *a.* addicted to vice,
Vicissitude, ví-sís'-y-túde, *s.* change, revolution [destroyed]
Victim, vík'-tým, *s.* a sacrifice, something
Victor, vík'-tór, *s.* a conqueror, a vanquisher [triumphant]
Victorious, vík-tó'-ryús, *a.* conquering,
Victory, vík'-tór-y, *a.* conquest, success, triumph
Victual, vít'l, *v. a.* to provide with food
Victualler, vít'l'-ér, *s.* one who provides victuals, or keeps an ale-house
Victuals, vít'lz, *s. pl.* provision of food, meat
Videlicet, ví-děl'-y-sět, *ad.* to wit, that is
Vie, ví, *v.* to contest, to contend
View, vú, *v. a.* to survey, to see, to examine—*s.* a prospect, sight, survey, design [day]
Vigil, vídzh'-yl, *s.* watch, eve of a holy
Vigilant, vídzh'-il-ěnt, *a.* forbearing to sleep, circumspect, diligent
Vignette, vín-ět', *s.* a picture or flourish of leaves and flowers [and life]
Vigorous, víg'-ór-ús, *a.* full of strength
Vigour, víg'-ór, *s.* force, strength, energy
Vile, víle, *a.* mean, sordid, wicked
Vilify, víl'-y-fy, *v. a.* to debase, to defame [seat, a village]
Vill, víl, or **Villa**, víl'-á, *s.* a country
Village, víl'-édzh, *s.* a small collection of houses [wretch]
Villain, víl'-én, *s.* a servant, a wicked

shōt, nōte, lōse, actō—hūt, pūsh, mōte, fūr,—truly, rje—thus, thick.

Villanize, vīl'-hān-ūs, *a.* to debase, to degrade
wicked, sorry
Villanous, vīl'-hān-ūs, *a.* base, vile
Villany, vīl'-hān-ūs, *s.* baseness, depravity, a wicked action
Villous, vīl'-ūs, *a.* shaggy, rough, hairy
Vimineous, vī-mīn'-yūs, *a.* made of twigs
Vincible, vīn'-sīb'l, *a.* that may be overcome, tameable [to clear, to revenge
Vindicate, vīn-dī-kāte, *v. a.* to justify, vindication, vīn-dī-kā-shūn, *s.* a defence, a justification
Vindicative, vīn-dīk'-k-tīv, *a.* given to revenge, malicious [vindicates
Vindicator, vīn-dīk'-ā-tōr, *s.* one who vindictive, vīn-dīk'-tīv, *a.* given to revenge
Vine, vīne, *s.* a plant bearing grapes
Vinegar, vīn'-ē-gār, *s.* any thing really or metaphorically sour [with vines
Vineyard, vīn'-yērd, *s.* a ground planted
Vinous, vī-nūs, *s.* having the quality of wine
Vintage, vīn'-tēdz, *s.* produce of the vine for the year, time for gathering grapes [thers the vintage
Vintager, vīn'-tēdz-ēr, *s.* he who gathers
Vintner, vīnt'-nēr, *s.* one who sells wine, &c. [is sold
Vintry, vīn'-trī, *s.* a place where wine
Viol, vī-ōl, *s.* a stringed musical instrument [fringe, to ravish
Violate, vī-ō-lāte, *v. a.* to hurt, to invade
Violation, vī-ō-lā-shūn, *s.* act of violating, a deflowering
Violator, vī-ō-lā-tōr, *s.* one who violates
Violent, vī-ō-lēnt, *a.* forcible, murderous, outrageous
Violet, vī-ō-lēt, *s.* a flower
Violin, vī-ō-līn, *s.* a fiddle
Violist, vī-ō-līst, *s.* a player on the viol
Violoncello, vī-ō-lōn-sēl'-ō, *s.* a stringed instrument of music
Viper, vī-pēr, *s.* a sort of serpent, a mischievous person [ties of a viper
Viperous, vī-pēr-ūs, *a.* having the quality of
Virago, vī-rā-gō, *s.* a bold resolute woman
Virant, vī-rēnt, *a.* green, unfaded
Virge, vīrdzh', *s.* a dean's mace
Virgin, vīr'-dzhīn, *s.* a woman not acquainted with man, a sign of the zodiac—*a.* maiden, pure
Virginal, vīr'-dzhīn'-kīl, *a.* maiden, pure—*s.* a stringed musical instrument
Virginitv, vīr-dzhīn'-tīv, *s.* maidenhood, purity [ly, bold
Virile vīr'-īle, *a.* belonging to man, man-

Virility, vīr'-īl'-tī-y, *s.* manhood, power of procreation [ful, prevalent
Virtual, vīr'-tū-āl, *a.* effectual, power
Virtuality, vīr'-tū-āl'-tī-y, *s.* efficacy
Virtue, vīr'-tū, *s.* moral goodness, efficacy, valour [music, painting, &c.
Virtuoso, vīr'-tū-ō'-sō, *s.* one skilled in
Virtuous, vīr'-tū-ūs, *a.* morally good, chaste, efficacious, of eminent properties [ter, malignant
Virulent, vīr'-ū-lēnt, *a.* venomous, bit
Virus, vī-rūs, *s.* malignant, stinking, discharge of ulcers [tenance
Visage, vīz'-ēdz, *s.* the face, look, countenance
Viscerate, vīs'-ē-rāte, *v. a.* to embowel
Viscid, vīs'-īd, *a.* glutinous, tenacious
Viscosity, vīs'-īd'-tī-y, *s.* tenacity, glutinous substance [in degree to an earl
Viscount, vī-kōūnt, *s.* a nobleman next
Viscous, vīs'-kūs, *a.* clammy, glutinous
Visibility, vīz'-ī-bīl'-tī-y, *s.* a being perceptible by the eye
Visible, vīs'-īb'l, *a.* perceptible by the eye, conspicuous, open
Vision, vīzh'-ōn, *s.* sight, a dream
Visionary, vīzh'-ōn-ār-y, *a.* imaginary, seen in a dream
Visit, vīs'-īt, *v.* to go to see, to punish—*s.* act of going to see another
Visitant, vīz'-ī-tēnt, *s.* one who visits another [from Heaven, a visiting
Visitation, vīz'-ī-tā-shūn, *s.* a judgment
Visor, vīz'-ōr, *s.* a mark to disfigure and disguise [through an avenue
Vista, vīs'-tā, *s.* a view, a prospect
Visual, vīs'-ū-āl, *a.* used in or exercising sight [tial
Vital, vī-tāl, *a.* necessary to life, essentiality, vī-tāl'-tī-y, *s.* the power of subsisting in life [life
Vitals, vī-tāls, *s. pl.* parts essential to
Vitiate, vīsh'-yāte, *v. a.* to deprave, to spoil [corruption
Vitiation, vīsh'-yā-shūn, *s.* depravation
Vitious, vīsh'-ūs, *a.* corrupt, wicked, depraved
Vitreous, vīr'-ryūs, *a.* glassy, like glass
Vitrify, vīr'-rī-fī, *v.* to change into or become glass [salt
Vitriol, vīr'-ryōl, *s.* a kind of mineral
Vitriolate, vīr'-ryō-lēt, *a.* impregnated with vitriol [containing vitriol
Vitriolic, vīr'-ryōl'-īk, *a.* resembling or vituperate, vī-tū-pēr-āte, *v. a.* to blame, to censure [active
Vivacious vī-vā-ōs, *a.* sprightly, lively

Sounds—hât, hâte, hâll, liâr—mût, dêsiat, mâ, hê.

Vivacity, vi-vîs-î-t-y, *a.* sprightliness, liveliness [porting life]

Vivency, vi-vên-sý, *s.* manner of sup.

Vivid, vi-vîd, *a.* quick, active, lively

Vivific, vi-vîf'-ik, *a.* giving life, making alive [animate]

Vivify, vi-vî-f-y, *v. a.* to make alive, to Viviparous, vi-vîp'-â-rûz, *a.* bringing the young alive

Vixen, vîks'n, *s.* a scolding woman

Vizard, viz'-âr-d, *s.* a visor [Turkey]

Vizier, viz'-yér, *s.* the prime minister in

Ulcer, ûl'-sér, *s.* a dangerous running sore [ulcer]

Ulcerate, ûl'-sér-â-te, *v.* to turn to an Ulceration, ûl'-sér-â-shûn, *s.* a breaking into ulcers [sores]

Ulcerous, ûl'-sér-ûs, *a.* afflicted with

Uliginous, û-lî-dzh'-î-n-ûs, *a.* slimy, muddy

Ullage, ûl'-edzh, *s.* the quantity which a cask wants of being full [side]

Ulterior, ûl'-tê-ryór, *a.* on the further

Ultimate, ûl'-tî-mêt, *a.* the very last, final [resolution]

Ultimatum, ûl'-tî-mâ-tóm, *s.* the final

Ultramarine, ûl'-trâ-mâ-rî-ne, *s.* a very fine blue—a. beyond the sea

Ultraneous, ûl'-trô-nyûs, *a.* spontaneous, voluntary

Umbelliferous, ûm-bêl'îf'-ér-ûs, *a.* bearing many flowers upon many foot-stalks [fish]

Umber, ûm'-bér, *s.* a yellow colour, a

Umbered, ûm'-bêrd, *a.* shaded, clouded

Umbilical, ûm-bîl'-îk-âl, *a.* belonging to the navel

Umbles, ûm'b'îz, *s.* a deer's entrails

Umbrage, ûmî-brêdzh, *s.* shadow, of- fence

Umbrageous, ûm-brê'-dahûs, *a.* shady

Umbrella, ûm-brêl'-â, *s.* a cover from the sun or rain [light]

Umbrosity, ûm-brôs'-î-t-y, *s.* exclusion of

Umpire, ûm'-pîr, *s.* an arbitrator, one who decides disputes

Unabashed, ûn-â-bâsh't, *a.* not ashamed

Unable, ûn-â'h'l, *a.* not able

Unabolished, ûn-â-bôl'-îsh't, *a.* not re- pealed, remaining in force [greeable]

Unacceptable, ûn-âk-sêp-têb'l, *a.* dis-

Unaccompanied, ûn-âk-kûm'-pâ-nýd, *a.* not attended [unfinished]

Unaccomplished, ûn-âk-kûm'-plîsh't, *a.*

Unaccountable, ûn-âk-kûm'-têb'l, *a.* not to be solved by reason

Unaccurate, ûn-âk-û-rêt, *a.* not exact

Unaccustomed, ûn-âk-kûs'-tóm-d, *a.* new

Unacquainted, ûn-âk-wî-têd, *a.* not known, unus^{ed}, *a.* not known

Unadmired, ûn-â-rîd, *a.* not regarded

Unadored, ûn-â-dôrd, *a.* not wa- shipped [indiscreet]

Unadvised, ûn-âd-vîs'd, *a.* imprudent

Unadulterated, ûn-â-dûl'-tér-â-têd, *a.* genuine [candid, sincere]

Unaffected, ûn-âf-fêk'-têd, *a.* real, open

Unaided, ûn-â-dêd, *a.* not assisted

Unalienable, ûn-â-lî-yên-êb'l, *a.* that can not be alienated or transferred

Unallied, ûn-â-lî-lêd, *a.* having no power- ful relation

Unalterable, ûn-â-lî-tér-êb'l, *a.* that can not or may not be altered

Unanimity, û-nâ-nîm'-î-t-y, *s.* agreement in mind [one mind]

Unanimous, û-nâ-nîm'-î-ús, *a.* being of

Unanswerable, ûn-ân-sêr-êb'l, *a.* not to be refuted

Unappalled, ûn-âp-pâld, *a.* not daunted

Unappassable, ûn-âp-pâ-s-êb'l, *a.* not to be pacified

Unapt, ûn-âpt, *a.* dull, unfit

Unargued, ûn-â-r-gûd, *a.* not disputed

Unarmed, ûn-ârm'd, *a.* having no ar- mour [or canning]

Unartful, ûn-ârt'-fûl, *a.* wanting skill

Unasked, ûn-âsk't, *a.* not asked

Unaspiring, ûn-â-spî-rîng, *a.* not am- bitious

Unassisted, ûn-âs-sîst'-êd, *a.* not helped

Unattainable, ûn-â-tâ-ne-êb'l, *a.* not to be gained or obtained [tried]

Unattempted, ûn-â-têmp't-êd, *a.* un-

Unattended, ûn-â-tênd-êd, *a.* alone

Unavailable, ûn-â-vâ-l-êb'l, or Unavail- ing, ûn-â-vâ-l-ing, *a.* useless, vain

Unavoidable, ûn-â-vôid'-êb'l, *a.* inevit- ab'l [ported by authority]

Unauthorised, ûn-â-thôr-îz'd, *a.* not sup-

Unaware, ûn-â-wâre, or Unawares, ûn-â-wârz, *ad.* suddenly

Unawed, ûn-âd', *ad.* having no fear or dread

Unbar, ûn-bâr', *v. a.* to unbol.

Unbarbed, ûn-bârb'd, *a.* unshaven

Unbeaten, ûn-bê-t'n, *a.* not trodden

Unbecoming, ûn-bê-kôm'-îng, *a.* indecent

Unbelittling, ûn-bê-lî-t'-îng, *a.* unsuitable

Unbegotten, ûn-bê-gôt'n, *a.* not gene- rated, not born

Unbelief, ûn-bê-lîf', *s.* infidelity

Unbeliever, ûn-bê-lîf'-ér, *s.* an infidel

Unbend, ûn-bênd', *v. a.* to relax, to re- mit, to ease

shôt, note, lée, actor—hüt, push, mäte, für,—truly, ye—thus, thick.

| | |
|---|--|
| Unbeneficed, ün-bén'-é-fist, <i>a. not preferred to a benefice</i> | Uncharitable, ün-tshär'-f-téb'l, <i>a. having no mercy</i> |
| Unbenevolent, ün-bé-név'-ô-lént, <i>a. not kind</i> | Uncharitableness, ün-tshär'-y-téb'l-nés, <i>s. want of charity</i> |
| Unbeniga, ün-bé-nine, <i>a. malevolent</i> | Unchaste, ün-tshä'ste, <i>a. lewd</i> |
| Unbent, ün-bent, <i>a. unsubdued</i> | Unchastity, ün-tshäs'-ti-ty, <i>s. lewdness</i> |
| Unbesmearing, ün-bé-sém'-ing, <i>a. unfit</i> | Unchewed, ün-tshüde, <i>a. not masticated</i> |
| Unbewailed, ün-bé-wä'ld, <i>a. not lamented</i> | Unchristian, ün-kris'-tyän, <i>a. destitute of Christianity</i> |
| Unbidden, ün-bý'd'n, <i>a. uninvited</i> | Uncircumcised, ün-sir-küm-sizd, <i>a. not</i> |
| Unbigoted, ün-big-ót-éd, <i>a. free from bigotry</i> | Uncircumcision, ün-sir-küm-sizh'-ü, <i>a. omission of circumcision</i> |
| Unbind, ün-bý'nd, <i>v. a. to loose</i> [ble | Un-circumscribed, ün-sir-küm-skrýb'd, <i>a. not limited</i> [cautions |
| Unblameable, ün-blám'-é-b'l, <i>a. not culpable</i> | Uncircumspect, ün-sir-küm-spékt', <i>a. not</i> |
| Unblemished, ün-blém'-isht, <i>a. free from reproach</i> | Uncircumstantial, ün-sir-küm-stän-shäl', <i>a. unimportant</i> |
| Unblest, ün-blést, <i>a. wretched</i> | Uncivil, ün-sýv'-yl, <i>a. unpolite</i> |
| Unbleudy, ün-blü'd'y, <i>a. not cruel, not stained with blood</i> | Uncivilized, ün-sýv'-yl-izd, <i>a. barbarous</i> |
| Unblown, ün-blö'ne, <i>a. unopened</i> | Unclassified, ün-kläs'-y-fide, <i>a. not purified</i> |
| Unbodied, ün-bód'-ýd, <i>a. incorporeal</i> | Unclassic, ün-kläs'-yk, <i>a. not classical</i> |
| Unbolt, ün-bölt, <i>v. a. to unbar</i> | Uncle, üngkl', <i>s. the father or mother's brother</i> |
| Unbolted, ün-bölt'-éd, <i>a. unbarred</i> | Unclean, ün-klé'ne, <i>a. not clean</i> |
| Unborn, ün-börn', <i>a. not yet born into life</i> | Uncleanliness, ün-klén'-h-nés, <i>a. want of cleanliness</i> |
| Unborrowed, ün-bör'-ród, <i>a. genuine</i> | Uncleanly, ün-klén'-ly, <i>a. filthy</i> |
| Unbosom, ün-büz'-üm, <i>v. a. to reveal in confidence, to open</i> [money | Uncleansed, ün-klén'-zéd, <i>a. not cleansed</i> |
| Unbought, ün-bát', <i>a. obtained without</i> | Uncleugh, ün-klén'-sh, <i>v. a. to open the closed hand</i> |
| Unbound, ün-bö'nd, <i>a. loose</i> | Unclog, ün-klög', <i>v. a. to disencumber</i> |
| Unbounded, ün-bö'ünd-éd, <i>a. unlimited</i> | Unclosed, ün-klöz'e, <i>v. a. to open</i> |
| Unbrace, ün-brä'se, <i>v. a. to loose</i> | Unclothe, ün-klóthe, <i>v. a. to strip</i> |
| Unbred, ün-bréd', <i>a. not taught</i> | Uncloved, ün-klöz'-éd, <i>a. free from clouds</i> |
| Unbridled, ün-brýd'-ld, <i>a. licentious</i> | Unclutch, ün-klütsh', <i>v. a. to open</i> |
| Unbroke, ün-brö'ke, <i>a. not tamed</i> | Uncoil, ün-köyl', <i>v. a. to unfold</i> |
| Unbrotherly, ün-bröth'-ér-ly, <i>a. not like a brother</i> [buckles | Uncollected, ün-köl-lett'-éd, <i>a. not collected</i> [with a comb |
| Unbuckle, ün-bük'l, <i>v. a. to loose from</i> | Uncombed, ün-kóm'd, <i>a. not parted</i> |
| Unbuild, ün-býl'd, <i>v. a. to raze</i> | Uncomely, ün-kóm'-ly, <i>a. not comely</i> |
| Unbuilt, ün-býlt, <i>a. not yet erected</i> | Uncomfortable, ün-kóm'-fór-téb'l, <i>a. dismal, gloomy, miserable</i> |
| Unburden, ün-búr'd'n, <i>v. a. to rid of a load</i> | Uncommon, ün-kóm'-ón, <i>a. not frequent</i> |
| Unburied, ün-bér'-ýd, <i>a. not interred</i> | Uncompact, ün-kóm-pákt', <i>a. not compact</i> [a. not communicated |
| Unburnt, ün-bürnt', <i>a. not consumed by fire</i> [tons | Uncommunicated, ün-kóm-ü-ný-kä-téd, <i>a. not communicated</i> |
| Unbutton, ün-büt'n, <i>v. a. to loose button</i> | Uncompelled, ün-kóm-péld', <i>a. free from compulsion</i> [simple |
| Uncancelled, ün-kán'-éld, <i>part. not cancelled</i> [agreeable to the canons | Uncompounded, ün-kóm-póund'-éd, <i>a. uncompounded</i> |
| Uncanonical, ün-kä-nén'-ý-käl, <i>a. not uncase, ün-kä'se, v. a. to uncover</i> | Uncompressed, ün-kóm-prést', <i>a. free from compression</i> [sighs |
| Uncaught, ün-kä't, <i>a. not yet caught</i> | Unconcealed, ün-kón-sévd, <i>a. not hidden</i> |
| Uncertain, ün-sér'-ten, <i>a. doubtful</i> | Unconcern, ün-kög'-ern, <i>a. negligence</i> |
| Uncertainty, ün-sér'-ten-ty, <i>s. dubiousness</i> [chains | Unconcerned, ün-kón-sérnd, <i>a. careless</i> |
| Unchain, ün-tshä'ne, <i>v. a. to free from</i> | |
| Unchangeable, ün-tshändsh'-é-b'l, <i>a. immutable</i> | |

unds—hät, häte, häll, liär—mät, desist, inä, liär—chün, chine, field, shirt—

Unconditional, ün-kön-dish'-ün-äl, *a.* without stipulation [out connection]

Unconnected, ün-kön-nek'-t-äd, *p.* with-

Unconquerable, ün-köng-kwer'-éb'l, *a.* invincible, not to be subdued

Unconscionable, ün-kön-shün'-éb'l, *a.* unreasonable, beyond the bounds of right

Uncontroverted, ün-kön-trö-vért'-äd, *a.* not disputed or gainsaid

Uncover, ün-kör'-er, *v. a.* to divest of covering, to unroof

Uncouple, ün-küp'l, *v. a.* to separate

Uncourteous, ün-kör'-tyüs, *a.* uncivil

Uncourtlly, ün-kört'-ly, *a.* unpolished

Uncouth, ün-kö'th, *s.* strange

Uncreated, ün-kre'-ä-t-äd, *a.* not yet created

Uncropped, ün-krop't, *a.* not cropped

Uncrowded, ün-krowd'-äd, *a.* not crowded [a crown]

Uncrown, ün-krown', *v. a.* to deprive of unction, ün-g-shün, *s.* an ointment

Unctuous, ün-g'-tü-us, *a.* fat, oily

Unculled, ün-kül'd, *a.* not gathered

Unculpable, ün-kül'-péb'l, *a.* not blameable [cultivated]

Uncultivated, ün-kül'-ty-vä-t-äd, *a.* not

Uncurbed, ün-kürb'd, *a.* licentious

Uncurl, ün-kür'l, *v. a.* to loose from ringlets

Uncut, ün-küt', *a.* not cut

Undaunted, ün-dän'-t-äd, *a.* unsubdued by fear

Undazzled, ün-däz'ld, *a.* not dimmed

Undebauched, ün-dé-bä'sht, *a.* pure

Undecagon, ün-dék'-ä-gön, *s.* a figure of eleven angles or sides

Undecayed, ün-dé'-kä-de, *a.* not decayed

Undeceivable, ün-dé-sé'-véb'l, *a.* not liable to deceit [justly]

Undeceive, ün-dé-sé'-ve, *v.* to inform

Undeceived, ün-dé-sé'-vd, *a.* not cheated

Undecided, ün-dé-si'-déd, *a.* not determined

Underk, ün-dék', *v. a.* to strip

Undefensible, ün-dé-fé'-zib'l, *a.* not defensible, true

Undefined, ün-dé-find, *n.* not polluted

Undefined, ün-dé-find, *a.* not defined

Undefinable, ün-dé-fin'-éb'l, *a.* not to be marked out

Undeliberated, ün-dé-lyb'-ér-ä-t-äd, *a.* not carefully considered

Undelighted, ün-dé-li'-t-äd, *a.* not pleased

Undeniable, ün-dé-ni'-éb'l, *a.* such as cannot be gainsaid

Undeplored, ün-dé-plörd, *a.* not lamented

Undepraved, ün-dé-prä'-vd, *a.* innocent

Under, ün-dér, *ad.* and *prep.* beneath below [less than the world]

Underbid, ün-dér-bid', *v. a.* to offer

Underdo, ün-dér-dö', *v. n.* to do less than is requisite

Undergo, ün-dér-gö', *v. a.* to suffer

Underground, ün-dér-gröünd, *s.* subterraneous space [uing]

Underhand, ün-dér-händ, *ad.* sly, cunning

Underived, ün-dér-riv'd, *a.* not borrowed

Underlay, ün-dér-lä', *v. a.* to lay under

Underline, ün-dér-līne, *v. a.* to draw a line under [agent]

Underling, ün-dér-lyng, *s.* an inferior

Undermine, ün-dér-mīne, *v. a.* to sap

Undermost, ün-dér-mōst, *a.* lowest

Underneath, ün-dér-nēth, *a.* below

Underogatory, ün-dér-rög'-ä-tör-y, *u.* not derogatory

Underpart, ün-dér-pärt, *s.* subordinate

Underplot, ün-dér-plōt, *s.* a series of events proceeding collaterally with the main story of a play, and subservient to it; a clandestine scheme

Underrate, ün-dér-räte, *v. a.* to rate too low [then is usual]

Underrate, ün-dér-räte, *s.* a price less

Undersell, ün-dér-sél', *v. a.* to sell cheaper than another

Undersong, ün-dér-söng, *s.* chorus

Understand, ün-dér-ständ', *v. a.* to comprehend fully

Understanding, ün-dér-ständ'-yng, *s.* intellectual powers, skill—a knowing, skilful [to Understand]

Understood, ün-dér-stūd', *part.* from

Understrapper, ün-dér-sträp'-er, *s.* an inferior agent [in]

Undertake, ün-dér-tä-ke, *v. a.* to engage

Undertaker, ün-dér-tä-kér, *s.* one who undertakes, a manager, one who manages funerals [for prize]

Undertaking, ün-dér-tä-kīng, *s.* an undertaking

Undertenant, ün-dér-tēn-ént, *s.* a secondary tenant [Undertake]

Undertook, ün-dér-tök, *part. pass. of Undertake*

Undervalue, ün-dér-väl'ü, *v. a.* to rate too low [dergo]

Underwent, ün-dér-wēnt', *pret. of Undertake*

Underwood, ün-dér-wüd, *s.* bushes under timber trees [fürs]

Underwork, ün-dér-wörk, *s.* petty work

Underwrite, ün-dér-rīte, *v. a.* to write under another

shōt, nōte, lōse, actōr—hūt, pūsh, vāte, fūr,—truly, rye—thus, thick.

Underwriter, ün-dér-wr'tér, *s.* an insurer

Undescribed, ün-dē-skrib'd, *a.* not described

Undescried, ün-dē-skride, *a.* unseen

Undeserved, ün-dē-zér'v-éd, *a.* not merited [having merit]

Undeserving, ün-dē-zér'v-ing, *a.* not

Undesigned, ün-dē-zin'd, *a.* not intended

Undesigning, ün-dē-sin'ing, *a.* sincere

Undestroyed, ün-dē-strōid', *a.* not destroyed [not settled]

Undeterminate, ün-dē-tér'myn-ét, *a.*

Undetermined, ün-dē-tér'mynd, *a.* unsettled

Undevoted, ün-dē-vō'téd, *a.* not devoted

Undigested, ün-dī-dzhést-éd, *a.* not concocted [impaired]

Undiminished, ün-dī-myn'yaht, *a.* not

Undirected, ün-dī-rék'téd, *a.* not directed

Undiscerned, ün-dīs-érn'd, *a.* unseen

Undiscernible, ün-dīs-érn'ib'l, *a.* invisible

Undiscerning, ün-dīs-érn'ing, *a.* silly

Undisciplined, ün-dīs'ip-lind, *a.* uninstruced [not to be found out]

Undiscoverable, ün-dīs-kōv'ér-éb'l, *a.*

Undiscovered, ün-dīs-kōv'ér-d, *a.* not found out

Undisguised, ün-dīs-gīzd, *a.* open

Undisturbed, ün-dīs-tū'ib-éd, *p.* not molested [loosen, to ruin]

Undo, ün-dō', *v. a.* to take to pieces, to

Undone, ün-dōn, *a.* not yet begun, destroyed, ruined

Undress, ün' drēs, *s.* a negligent dress —*v. a.* to strip off the clothes

Undulate, ün-dū-lāte, *v. a.* to roll as a wave [motion]

Undulation, ün-dū-lā'shūn, *s.* waving

Undutiful, ün-dū'tī-fūl, *a.* disobedient, irreverent

Uneasiness, ün-ē'ā-nēs, *s.* trouble

Uneasy, ün-ē'zī, *a.* painful, not at ease

Uneaten, ün-ē'tn, *a.* not devoured

Unedifying, ün-éd'ī-fī-ing, *a.* not improving in good life

Unelected, ün-ē-lēk'téd, *a.* not chosen

Uneligible, ün-ē'l'ī-dish'ib'l, *a.* not worthy to be chosen

Unemployed, ün-ēm-plōid', *a.* idle

Unendowed, ün-ēn-dōwd', *a.* not invested [tained, not enjoyed]

Unenjoyed, ün-ēn-dzīd'id', *a.* not ob-

Unentertaining, ün-ēn-tér-tān'ing, *a.* giving no entertainment [envy]

Unenvied, ün-ēn'vīd, *a.* exempt from

Unequal, ün-ē-kwīl, *a.* not even

Unequitable, ün-ēk'wī-tēb'l, *a.* not just

Unequivocal, ün-ēkwīv'ō-zāl, *a.* plain

Unerring, ün-ēr-rīng, *a.* certain

Unessential, ün-ēs-ēs'n-shāl, *a.* not essential [established]

Unestablished, ün-ēs-tāb'lish, *a.* not

Uneven, ün-ēv'n, *a.* not level

Unevenness, ün-ēv'n-nēs, *s.* face not level, inequality

Unexacted, ün-ēks-ēk'téd, *a.* not forced

Unexamined, ün-ēks-km'ind, *a.* not tried [out example]

Unexampled, ün-ēks-km'p'ld, *a.* with-

Unexceptionable, ün-ēk-ēkp-shūn-ēb'l, *a.* not liable to objection [formed]

Unexecuted, ün-ēk-sē-kū-téd, *a.* not per-

Unexercised, ün-ēk-sēr-sīzd, *a.* not practised [peculiar privilege]

Unexempt, ün-ēks-ēmp't, *a.* not free by

Unexhausted, ün-ēks-hās'téd, *a.* not spent [spread out]

Unexpanded, ün-ēks-pān-déd, *a.* not

Unexpected, ün-ēk-spēk'téd, *a.* sudden

Unexpedient, ün-ēks-pē-dyēt, *a.* not fit [acquainted by practice]

Unexperienced, ün-ēks-pē-ryēnst, *a.* not

Unexpert, ün-ēks-pért', *a.* awkward

Unexplored, ün-ēks-plōrd', *a.* not tried

Unexpressible, ün-ēks-prēs'ib'l, *a.* ineffable [no dimensions]

Unextended, ün-ēks-tēn-déd, *a.* having

Unextinguishable, ün-ēk-stīng'gwīsh-ēb'l, *a.* not to be put out

Unextinguished, ün-ēk-stīng'gwīsh, *a.* not put out

Unfaded, ün-fā-dēd, *a.* not withered

Unfading, ün-fā-dīng, *a.* not liable to wither

Unfair, ün-fā're, *a.* disingenuous

Unfaithful, ün-fāth'fūl, *a.* perfidious

Unfollowed, ün-fāl'fōde, *a.* not followed [modish]

Unfashionable, ün-fāsh'ūn-ēb'l, *a.* not

Unfasten, ün-fāsh'n, *v. a.* to loose

Unfathomable, ün-fāth'ōm-ēb'l, *a.* not to be sounded by a line

Unfathomed, ün-fāth'ōmd, *a.* not sounded [unpropitious]

Unfavourable, ün-fā-vōr-ēb'l, *a.* unkind,

Unfeared, ün-fērd, *a.* not to be feared

Unfeasible, ün-fē-zīb'l, *a.* impracticable

Unfeathered, ün-fēth-ērd, *a.* naked of feathers [food]

Unfed, ün-fēd', *a.* not supplied with

Unfeeling, ün-fēl'ing, *a.* insensible

Sounds—hăt, hâte, hăl, liăr—mêt, dêsist, mê, hêr—chîn, chine, field, shirt.—

- Unfeigned, ün-fa'u'd, *a. sincere*
 Unfelt, ün-fê't', *a. not felt*
 Unfertile, ün-fêr'-tîl, *a. not fruitful*
 Unfetter, ün-fê't'-êr, *v. a. to unchain*
 Unfilled, ün-fîl'd, *a. not filled*
 Unfilial, ün-fîl'-yâl, *a. disobedient*
 Unfinished, ün-fî'n'-isht, *a. incomplete*
 Unfit, ün-fî't', *a. improper*
 Unfix, ün-fîks', *v. a. to loosen*
 Unfixed, ün-fîk'st, *a. wandering*
 Unfledged, ün-flêdz'h'd, *a. that has not yet the full furniture of feathers*
 Unfoiled, ün-fôl'd, *a. unsubdued*
 Unfold, ün-fôld, *v. a. to expand*
 Unforbidden, ün-fôr-bîd'n, *a. not prohibited*
 Unforced, ün-fôr'st, *a. not compelled*
 Unforeboding, ün-fôre-bô-dîng, *a. giving no omens [before it happened]*
 Unforeseen, ün-fôre-sên', *a. not known*
 Unforfeited, ün-fôr'-fî't-êd, *a. not forfeited [cable]*
 Unforgiving, ün-fôr-gîv'-îng, *a. implacable*
 Unformed, ün-fôr'm'd, *a. not modified*
 Unforsaken, ün-fôr-sâk'n, *a. not deserted [tified]*
 Unfortified, ün-fôr'-tîf-îd, *a. not fortified*
 Unfortunate, ün-fôr-tû-nê't, *a. unlucky*
 Unfought, ün-fâ't', *a. not fought*
 Unfound, ün-fôund', *a. not found*
 Unframed, ün-frâm'd, *a. not formed*
 Unfrequent, ün-frê-kwênt, *a. uncommon [ly visited]*
 Unfrequented, ün-frê-kwênt'-êd, *a. rare*
 Unfriended, ün-frênd'-êd, *a. wanting friends*
 Unfriendly, ün-frênd-lî, *a. not kind*
 Unfrozen, ün-frôz'n, *a. not frozen*
 Unfrugal, ün-frû-gâ'l, *a. not careful*
 Unfruitful, ün-frût'-fûl, *a. not fertile*
 Unfurl, ün-fûrl', *v. a. to expand*
 Unfurnish, ün-fûr-nîsh, *v. a. to strip*
 Unfurnished, ün-fûr-nîsh't, *a. without furniture*
 Ungain, ün-gâ'ne, or Ungainly, ün-gâ'ne-lî, *a. awkwardly*
 Ungartered, ün-gâr'têrd, *a. without garters*
 Ungathered, ün-gâth'-êrd, *a. not picked*
 Ungenerous, ün-dzhên'-êr-ûs, *a. mean*
 Ungenial, ün-dzhê-nyâl, *a. not favourable to nature*
 Ungentle, ün-dzhên't'l, *a. harsh, rude*
 Ungentleness, ün-dzhên't'l-nês, *s. harshness, rudeness, incivility*
 Ungilded, ün-gîl'-dêd, *a. not overlaid with gold*
 Ungird, ün-gîrd', *v. a. to loose a girdle or girth*
 Ungirt, ün-gîrt', *a. loosely dressed*
 Unglorified, ün-glô-rîf-îd, *a. not honoared*
 Ungodliness, ün-gôd'-lî-nês, *s. impiety*
 Ungodly, ün-gôd'-lî, *a. wicked*
 Ungorged, ün-gôrdzhd, *a. not filled*
 Ungovernable, ün-gôv-êr-nêb'l, *a. not to be ruled [licentious]*
 Ungoverned, ün-gôv'-êrnd, *a. unbridled*
 Ungraceful, ün-grâse-fûl, *a. wanting elegance*
 Ungracious, ün-grâ-shûs, *a. offensive*
 Ungrammatical, ün-grâm-mât-îk-âl, *a. not according to grammar rules*
 Ungrateful, ün-grâ'te-fûl, *a. unthankful*
 Ungrounded, ün-grôûn'-dêd, *a. having no foundation*
 Unguarded, ün-gûr'-dêd, *a. careless*
 Unguent, ün-gwênt, *s. ointment*
 Unhandsome, ün-hân-sôm, *a. ungraceful, illiberal*
 Unhandy, ün-hând'-î, *a. awkward*
 Unhappy, ün-hâp'-î, *a. miserable*
 Unharméd, ün-hârm'd, *a. unhurt*
 Unharmonious, ün-hâr-mô-nyûs, *a. unmusical, harsh*
 Unharness, ün-hâr'-nês, *v. a. to untrace*
 Unhatched, ün-hât'sht, *a. not brought to light*
 Unhealthful, ün-hêlth'-fûl, or Unhealthy, ün-hêlth'-î, *a. sickly*
 Unheard, ün-hêrd', *a. not heard*
 Unheeded, ün-hêd'-êd, *a. disregarded*
 Unhewn, ün-hû'ne, *part. a. not hewn*
 Unhinge, ün-hîndzh, *v. a. to throw from the hinges, to confuse*
 Unholiness, ün-hô-lî-nês, *s. impiety*
 Unholy, ün-hô-lî, *a. profane*
 Unhonoured, ün-ôn'-ôrd, *a. not treated with respect*
 Unhoop, ün-hôp', *v. a. to divest of hoops*
 Unhopeful, ün-hôp'e-fûl, *a. having no room to hope*
 Unhorse, ün-hôr'se, *v. a. to throw from the saddle*
 Unhospitable, ün-hôs'-pî-têb'l, *a. not kind to strangers*
 Unhouse, ün-hôûz'e, *v. a. to drive out of the habitation*
 Unhoused, ün-hôûz'd, *a. homeless*
 Unhumbled, ün-hûm'b'ld, *a. haughty*
 Unhurt, ün-hûrt', *a. not hurt*
 Unicorn, ün-nî-kôrn, *s. a beast that has only one horn, a bird*
 Uniform, ün-ûn'-fôrm, *a. similar to itself*

shút, nôte, lôse, actór—hút, pûsh, mûte, fûr—trulý, rýe —thus, thick.

Uniformity, ù-ný-f òr-mý-tý, *s.* conformity, resemblance of one to another
 Unimitable, ù-ným'-ít-éb'l, *a.* not to be imitated [ble to be impaired
 Unimpairable, ù-ným-pàr-éb'l, *a.* not liable
 Unimportant, ù-ným-pòr-tént, *a.* assuming no airs of dignity, of no importance [solicited
 Unimportuned, ù-ným-pòr-tù'nd, *a.* not
 Unimproved, ù-ným-prò-vd, *a.* not taught
 Uninflamed, ù-ným-flá'md, *a.* not set on fire
 Uninformed, ù-ným-f òrm'd, *a.* ignorant
 Uningenuous, ù-ným-dzhén'-ú-ús, *a.* illiberal [fit to be inhabited
 Uninhabitable, ù-ným-háb'-ít-éb'l, *a.* uninhabited, ù-ným-háb'-ít-éd, *a.* empty
 Uninjured, ù-ným-dzhúrd, *a.* unhurt
 Uninspired, ù-ným-spírd, *a.* not canonical [taught
 Uninstructed, ù-ným-strúkt'-éd, *a.* not
 Unintelligent, ù-ným-tél'-ít-dzhént, *a.* not skilful [to be understood
 Unintelligible, ù-ným-tél'-ít-dzhít'-l, *a.* not
 Unintentional, ù-ným-tén'-shún-ál, *a.* not designed [having interest
 Uninterested, ù-ným-tér-ést-éd, *a.* not
 Uninterrupted, ù-ným-tér-mít'-éd, *a.* continued [mingled
 Unintermixed, ù-ným-tér-mý'kt, *a.* not
 Uninterrupted, ù-ným-tér-rúp'-éd, *a.* not broken
 Untintrenched, ù-ným-trén'sht, *a.* not intrenched
 Uninvited, ù-ným-vít'-éd, *a.* not asked
 Unjointed, ù-ným-dzhóyn'-éd, *a.* disjointed
 Union, ú-nyón, *s.* the act of joining
 Unison, ú-ný-són, *a.* sounding alike—*s.* a string of the same sound
 Unit, ú-nýt, *s.* first, or one
 Unite, ú-níte, *v.* *a.* to join, to agree
 Unity, ú-nýtý, *s.* concord
 Unjudged, ù-ným-dzhú'jd, *a.* not judicially determined
 Universal, ú-ný-vér'-sál, *a.* general
 Universality, ú-ný-vér'-sál'-ítý, *s.* not particularity
 Universe, ú-ný-vér'se, *s.* the general system of things
 University, ú-ný-vér'-sítý, *s.* a general school for the liberal arts
 Univocal, ú-ný-vó-kál, *a.* having one meaning, certain, regular, pursuing always one tenor
 Unjust, ù-ným-dzhúst, *a.* iniquitous
 Unjustifiable, ù-ným-dzhúst'-ít-éb'l, *a.* not to be justified

Unkennel, ù-ným-kén'-ít, *v.* *a.* to drive from a kennel
 Unkept, ù-ným-képt', *a.* not kept
 Unkind, ù-ným-kí'nd, *a.* not favourable
 Unknit, ù-ným-knít', *v.* *a.* to unweave
 Unknowing, ù-ným-knó'ýng, *a.* ignorant
 Unknown, ù-ným-knó'ne, *a.* not known
 Unlaboured, ù-ným-lá-bórd, *a.* voluntary
 Unlace, ù-ným-lá'se, *v.* *a.* to loose a thing laced up
 Unlade, ù-ným-lá'de, *v.* *a.* to unload
 Unlamented, ù-ným-lá-mént'-éd, *a.* not deplored
 Unlatch, ù-ným-lá'tsh', *v.* *a.* to open a latch
 Unlawful, ù-ným-lá'fúl, *a.* unjust
 Unlearned, ù-ným-lér'néd, *a.* ignorant
 Uneavened, ù-ným-lév'n'd, *a.* not fermented
 Unless, ù-ným-lés', *conj.* except
 Unlettered, ù-ným-lét'-éd, *a.* unlearned
 Unlevelled, ù-ným-lév'-éd, *a.* not cut even
 Unlicensed, ù-ným-lí'sénts, *a.* having no regular permission
 Unlicked, ù-ným-líkt', *a.* shapeless
 Unlike, ù-ným-líke, *a.* dissimilar
 Unlikelihood, ù-ným-lí'ke-lý-húd, *s.* improbability
 Unlikely, ù-ným-lí'ke-lý, *a.* improbable
 Unlimited, ù-ným-lím'-ít-éd, *a.* having no bounds
 Unlink, ù-ným-lýnk', *v.* *a.* to untwist
 Unload, ù-ným-ló'de, *v.* *a.* to disburden
 Unlock, ù-ným-lók', *v.* *a.* to open what is shut with a lock, to solve [ed
 Unlooked-for, ù-ným-lók't fòr, *a.* unexpected
 Unloose, ù-ným-ló'se, *v.* *a.* to loose
 Unlovely, ù-ným-lúv'-lý, *a.* that cannot excite love
 Unlucky, ù-ným-lúk'ý, *a.* unfortunate
 Unmade, ù-ným-má'de, *a.* not created
 Unmained, ù-ným-má'md, *a.* complete
 Unmake, ù-ným-má'ke, *v.* *a.* to deprive of qualities
 Unman, ù-ným-mán', *v.* *a.* to deject
 Unmanageable, ù-ným-mán'-ý-dzhéb'l, *a.* not manageable [a man
 Unmanly, ù-ným-mán'-lý, *a.* unbecoming
 Unmannered, ù-ným-mán'-éd, *a.* rude
 Unmannerly, ù-ným-mán'-ér-lý, *a.* ill-bred
 Unmanured, ù-ným-mán'-úrd, *a.* not cultivated
 Unmarked, ù-ným-már'kt, *a.* not regarded
 Unmarried, ù-ným-már'-ýd, *a.* single
 Unmask, ù-ným-másk', *v.* *a.* to strip off any disguise
 Unmasked, ù-ným-másk't, *a.* naked
 Unmastered, ù-ným-más't-éd, *a.* not subdued

ounds—hüt, hüt, häll, hür—müt, dölut, mät, hür—chün, chün, fteid, stür—

Unmatched, ün-mätch't, *a.* matchless
Unmeaning, ün-mä'ing, *a.* expressing
no meaning [bounded]

Unmeasurable, ün-mäh'-äb'l, *a.* un-
measured, ün-mäh'-ärd, *a.* immense

Unmeet, ün-mät', *a.* not proper

Unmelted, ün-mält'-äd, *a.* not melted

Unmerciful, ün-mär'-ä-fül, *a.* cruel

Unmerited, ün-mär'-it-äd, *a.* not de-
served [no merit]

Unmeritable, ün-mär'-it-äb'l, *a.* having

unmindful, ün-mind'-fül, *a.* not heedful

Unmindful, ün-mind'-fül, *a.* negligent

Unmingled, ün-ming'-ld, *a.* pure

Unmixed, ün-mix't, *a.* pure, entire

Unmourned, ün-mö'nd, *a.* not lamented

Unmolested, ün-mö-läst'-äd, *a.* free from
disturbance [anchor]

Unmoor, ün-mör', *v. a.* to heave up an

Unmortgaged, ün-mör'-gädh'd, *a.* not
mortgaged

Unmoveable, ün-mör'-äb'l, *a.* fixed

Unmoved, ün-mövd, *a.* not affected

Unmourned, ün-mö'nd, *a.* not la-
mented [covering from the face]

Unmuffle, ün-müf'l, *v. a.* to put off a

Unmusical, ün-mü'-zä-kül, *a.* harsh, not
harmonious, not pleasing by sound

Unmuzzle, ün-müz'l, *v. a.* to loose from
a muzzle

Unnamed, ün-nä'md, *a.* not mentioned

Unnatural, ün-nät'-ü-räl, *a.* forced

Unnavigable, ün-näv'-y-géb'l, *a.* not to
be navigated [less]

Unnecessary, ün-näs'-äs-nä-rä, *a.* need-
less

Unneighbourly, ün-nä'-bör-lä, *a.* not kind

Unnerve, ün-när'-vüt, *a.* weak

Unnerve, ün-när'-v, *v. a.* to weaken

Unnumbered, ün-nüm'-bärd, *a.* innum-
erable

Unobeyed, ün-ö-bä'de, *a.* not obeyed

Unobservable, ün-öb zér'-véb'l, *a.* not
to be observed [tentive]

Unobservant, ün-öb zér'-vënt, *a.* inat-

Unobserved, ün-öb zér'-v'd, *a.* not re-
garded, not attended to

Unobserving, ün-öb zér'-v'ing, *a.* inat-
tentive, not heedful [hindered]

Unobstructed, ün-öb-strük'-täd, *a.* not

Unobtained, ün-öb-tä'nd, *a.* not gained

Unoccupied, ün-ök'-k-ä-pide, *a.* unpos-
sessed

Unoffending, ün-öf-fend'-ing, *a.* harm-
less

Unoperative, ün-öp'-ér-ä-tiv, *a.* produc-
ing no effects

Unopposed, ün-öp-pö'zd, *a.* not opposed

Unorganized, ün-ör'-gädh'd, *a.* having
no parts instrumental to the accom-
plishment of the rest

Unorthodox, ün-ör'-thö-dök, *a.* not
holding pure doctrines

Unpack, ün-päk', *v. a.* to disburden

Unpacked, ün-päkt', *a.* not packed

Unpaid, ün-pä'de, *a.* not discharged

Unpainful, ün-pä'no-ül, *a.* giving no
pain

Unpalatable, ün-päl'-äb'l, *a.* unwholesome

Unparagoned, ün-pär'-ä-gönd, *a.* un-
equalled [no equal]

Unparalleled, ün-pär'-ä-läb'l, *a.* having

unpardonable, ün-pär'-d-n-äb'l, *a.* irre-
missible [given, not discharged]

Unpardoned, ün-pär'-d'nd, *a.* not dis-
charged

Unparliamentary, ün-pär'-li-mänt'-erä, *a.* contrary to the rules of parliament

Unpassable, ün-päs'-äb'l, *a.* admitting no
passage [no way]

Unpeaceable, ün-pä'-äb'l, *a.* quarrel-
some

Unpeg, ün-päg', *v. a.* to pull or let out
a peg [suppression]

Unperished, ün-pär'-shä'd, *a.* without

Unpeople, ün-pöp'l, *v. a.* to depopulate

Unperceived, ün-pär'-säv'd, *a.* not ob-
served [conjury]

Unperjured, ün-pär'-däht'd, *a.* free from

Unperplexed, ün-pär'-pläkt', *a.* easy

Unpetrified, ün-pät'-rät'-ide, *a.* not turn-
ed to stone

Unphilosophical, ün-fil-ö-söf'-y-käl, *a.* un-
suitable to the rules of philosophy
or right reason

Unpierced, ün-pérs't, *a.* not pierced

Unpillowed, ün-pil'-löde, *a.* wanting a
pillow [pinched]

Unpin, ün-pin', *v. a.* to open what is

Unpinked, ün-pink't, *a.* not pinked

Unpitied, ün-pit'-id, *a.* not pitied

Unpitying, ün-pit'-t'ing, *a.* having no
compassion

Unpleasant, ün-pläz'-änt, *a.* uneasy

Unpleased, ün-pläz'd, *a.* not pleased

Unpleasing, ün-pläz'-ing, *a.* offensive

Unpliant, ün-pli'-änt, *a.* not easily bent

Unpoetical, ün-pö'-ät'-y-käl, *a.* not such
as becomes a poet

Unpolished, ün-pöl'-isht, *a.* uncivilised

Unpolite, ün-pöl'-ite, *a.* not civil

Unpolluted, ün-pöl'-lüt'-äd, *a.* not cor-
rupted, not defiled

Unpopular, ün-pöp'-ü-lär, *a.* not fitted
to please the people

Unpractised, ün-präkt'-ist, *a.* not skilled
by use

shöt, nôte, lôse, ætór—hüt, pûsh, mâte, fûr—truly, rje—thus, thick.

Unpraised, ün-prä's'd, *a.* not praised
 Unprecedented, ün-präs'-ë-dén-téd, *a.*
 not justifiable by any example
 Unprejudiced, ün-prêdsh'-û-dist, *a.* free
 from prejudice
 Unprelatical, ün-prê-lät'-y-käl, *a.* un-
 suitable to a prelate
 Unpremeditated, ün-prê-mêd'-y-tä-téd, *a.*
 not studied beforehand
 Unprepared, ün-prê-pär'd, *a.* not fitted
 by previous measures [a prince
 Unprincely, ün-prins'-ly, *a.* unsuitable to
 Unprincipled, ün-prin'-süpl'd, *a.* not in-
 structed, having no principle
 Unprinted, ün-print'-éd, *a.* not printed
 Unprofaned, ün-prô-fän'd, *a.* not vio-
 lated
 Unprofitable, ün-prôf'-y-téb'l, *a.* useless
 Unprolific, ün-prô-lif'-yk, *a.* barren
 Unpromising, ün-prôm'-iz-îng, *a.* giving
 no promise of excellence or success
 Unpropitious, ün-prô-pish'-ûs, *a.* not fa-
 vourable
 Unproportioned, ün-prô-pôr'-shünd, *a.*
 not suited to something else
 Unproppt, ün-proppt', *a.* not supported
 Unprosperous, ün-prôs'-pér-ûs, *a.* unfor-
 tunate [protected
 Unprotected, ün-prô-têk'-téd, *a.* not
 Unprovided, ün-prô-vi'-déd, *a.* not se-
 cured [voked
 Unprovoked, ün-prô-vôkt', *a.* not pro-
 Unpublished, ün-püb'-lysh't, *a.* secret
 Unpunished, ün-pün'-lysh't, *a.* not pu-
 nished [ed from sin
 Unpurified, ün-pû'-rî-fide, *a.* not cleans-
 Unpursued, ün-pûr-sû'de, *a.* not pur-
 sued
 Unqualified, ün-kwäl'-y-fide, *a.* not fit
 Unqualify, ün-kwäl'-y-fy, *v. a.* to divest
 of qualification [extinguishable
 Unquenchable, ün-kwênsh'-éb'l, *a.* un-
 Unquenched, ün-kwênsh't, *a.* not extin-
 guished [not to be doubted
 Unquestionable, ün-kwêsh'-tîn-éb'l, *a.*
 Unquestioned, ün-kwêsh'-tünd, *a.* not
 doubted
 Unquiet, ün-kwî'-êt, *a.* undisturbed
 Unracked, ün-räkt', *a.* not poured from
 the lees [together
 Unraked, ün-räkt', *a.* not thrown to-
 Unransacked, ün-rän'-säkt, *a.* not pil-
 laged
 Unravel, ün-räv'-l, *v. a.* to clear
 Unrazored, ün-rä-zôr'd, *a.* unshaven
 Unreached, ün-rêsh't, *a.* not attained
 Unread, ün-rêd', *a.* not read, untaught

Unready, ün-rêd'-y, *a.* awkward
 Unreal, ün-rê'l, *a.* unsubstantial [tant
 Unreasonable, ün-rê's'n-éb'l, *a.* exorbi-
 Unrebated, ün-rê-bä'-téd, *a.* not blunted
 Unrebukeable, ün-rê-bû'-kéb'l, *a.* ob-
 noxious to no censure
 Unreceived, ün-rê-sê'vd, *a.* not received
 Unreclaimed, ün-rê-klä'md, *a.* not re-
 formed [conciled
 Unreconciled, ün-rêk'-ôn-sild, *a.* not re-
 Unrecorded, ün-rê-kôr'-déd, *a.* not re-
 corded or registered [told
 Unrecounted, ün-rê-kôunt'-éd, *a.* not
 Unrecruitable, ün-rê-krüt'-éb'l, *a.* not
 to be recruited
 Unreduced, ün-rê-dûst, *a.* not reduced
 Unrefracted, ün-rê-fräkt'-téd, *a.* not re-
 fracted
 Unrefreshed, ün-rê-frêsh't, *a.* not cheered
 Unregarded, ün-rê-gär'-déd, *a.* not
 heeded [regenerate, wicked
 Unregenerate, ün-rê-dzhén'-ér-äte, *a.* not
 Unreined, ün-rä'nd, *a.* not restrained
 by the bridle
 Unrelenting, ün-rê-lênt'-îng, *a.* hard,
 cruel, feeling no pity [coured
 Unrelieved, ün-rê-lêvd, *a.* not suc-
 Unremediable, ün-rê-mê-dyéb'l, *a.* ad-
 mitting no remedy [pented of
 Unrepented, ün-rê-pênt'-éd, *a.* not re-
 Unrepenting, ün-rê-pênt'-îng, *a.* not pe-
 nitent [filled
 Unreplenished, ün-rê plên'-lysh't, *a.* not
 Unreproached, ün-rê-prô'sht, *a.* not
 censured [sured
 Unreproved, ün-rê-prô'vd, *a.* not cen-
 Unrequested, ün-rê-kwêst'-éd, *a.* not
 asked [be retaliated
 Unrequitable, ün-rê-kwî'-téb'l, *a.* not to
 Unresented, ün-rê-zênt'-éd, *a.* not re-
 garded with anger
 Unreserved, ün-rê-zêrv'd, *a.* open
 Unresisted, ün-rê-zis'-téd, *a.* resistless,
 not opposed [posing
 Unresisting, ün-rê-zis'-îng, *a.* not op-
 Unresolved, ün-rê-zôlv'd, *a.* not solved,
 not determined [tentive
 Unrespective, ün-rê-spêk'-tîv, *a.* inat-
 Unrestored, ün-rê-stô'rd, *a.* not restored
 Unrestrained, ün-rê-strä'nd, *a.* not con-
 fined, loose
 Unrevealed, ün-rê-vê'l'd, *a.* not told
 Unrevenged, ün-rê-vëndzh'd, *a.* not re-
 venged
 Unreverend, ün-rêv'-ér-ênd, *a.* irrever-
 ent
 Unreversed, ün-rê-vênt', *a.* not reversed

Sounds.—hät, häte, häll, liär—mät, däsist, më, hër—chün, chine, fie

Unrevoked, ün-rö-vökt', *a.* not recalled
Unrewarded, ün-ré-wärd'ed, *a.* unpaid
Unriddle, ün-rídl', *v. a.* to solve an
enigma

Unrig, ün-ríg', *v. a.* to strip off the
Unrighteous, ün-rít-yüs, *a.* unjust

Unrightful, ün-ríte-fül, *a.* not just

Unrip, ün-ríp', *v. a.* to cut open

Unripe, ün-rípe, *a.* too early

Unrivalled, ün-rí-väll'd, *a.* having no
rival or equal

Unrivet, ün-rív-ét, *v. a.* to disengage

Unroll, ün-röl'e, *v. a.* to open what is
rolled or convolved

Unroof, ün-röf', *v. a.* to uncover a house

Unroot, ün-röc', *v. a.* to tear from the
roots

Unrounded, ün-röünd'ed, *a.* uneven

Unruffle, ün-rúfl', *v. a.* to cease from
commotion

Unruly, ün-rú-ly, *a.* turbulent

Unsaddle, ün-sädl', *v. a.* to free from
the saddle

Unsafe, ün-sä'fe, *a.* not secure

Unsaid, ün-séd', *a.* not uttered

Unsaleable, ün-säl'eb'l, *a.* not fit for sale

Unsalted, ün-sält'ed, *a.* not pickled

Unsanctified, ün-sänk'tí-fide, *a.* unholy

Unsatisfiable, ün-sä'sheb'l, *a.* not to be
satisfied

Unsatisfactory, ün-sät'is-fäk'tör-y, *a.* not
satisfying

Unsatisfied, ün-sät'is-fide, *a.* not con-
tented, not filled

Unsavoury, ün-sä'vör-y, *a.* tasteless

Unsay, ün-sä, *v. a.* to retract

Unscholastic, ün-skö-läs'tík, *a.* not bred
to literature

Unschool'd, ün-skö'ld, *a.* uneducated

Unscientific, ün-si-én'tíf'ík, not
conforming to rules of science

Unscorched, ün-skört'sht, *a.* not touched

Unscreened, ün-skré'nd, *a.* not pro-
tected

Unscrew, ün-skrüh, *v. a.* to loosen what
was fastened by a screw

Unscriptural, ün-skríp'túr-äl, *a.* not
agreeable to scripture

Unseal, ün-sé'le, to open any thing

Unsealed, ün-sé'ld, *a.* wanting seal

Unseam, ün-sé'me, *v. a.* to rip

Unsearchable, ün-sér'ish'éb'l, *a.* what
cannot be found out

Unseasonable, ün-séz'u-éb'l, *a.* unfit, un-
timely, ill-timed

Unseasoned, ün-séz'n'd, *a.* ill-timed

Unseconded, ün-sék'önd'ed, *a.* not sup-
ported

Unsecure, ün-sö-küre, *a.* not

Unseemly, ün-sém-ly, *a.* in

Unseen, ün-sén', *a.* not seen

Unserviceable, ün-sér-vis-é't
advantage

Unsettle, ün-sét'l', *v. a.* to n

Unsettled, ün-sét'ld, *a.* not s

Unsevered, ün-sév'erd, *a.* s

Unsew, ün-söw, *v. a.* to und
been sewed

Unshackle, ün-shä'kl', *v. a.* to

Unshaken, ün-shä'k'n, *a.* not

Unshapen, ün-shä'p'n, *a.* de

Unsheath, ün-shé'th, *v. a.* to

Unsheltered, ün-shél'tér'd,

Unship, ün-shíp', *v. a.* to tal
ship

Unshocked, ün-shökt', *a.* not

Unshod, ün-shöd', *a.* having

Unshorn, ün-shörn, *a.* not cl

Unshowered, ün-shöw'erd,
tered by showers

Unshifted, ün-sift'ed, *a.* not

Unsignificance, ün-síte-lí-nés
mity, disagreeableness to

Unsignificantly, ün-síte-ly, *a.* d
to the sight

Unsinew, ün-sín'ü, *v. a.* to

Unsinning, ün-sín'ing, *a.* in

Unskillful, ün-skül'fúl, *a.* wa

Unskilled, ün-ský'd, *a.* want

Unskillfulness, ün-skül'fúl-né
of art

Unslacked, ün-släkt', not c

Unsociable, ün-sö'sheb'l, *a.*

Unsoiled, ün-söyl'd, not p

Unsold, ün-söld, not sold

Unsoldierlike, ün-söf'dzhér-l
becoming a lder

Unsophisticated, ün-sö-fýs'í-t
not adu erated

Unsorted, ün-sört'ed, *a.* not
by proper separation

Unought, ün-sä't, *a.* not s

Unsound, ün-söü'nd, *a.* not

Unsoured, ün-söür'd, *a.* not

Unsovn, ün-sö'ne, *a.* not so

Unspeakable, ün-spék'eb'l, *a.*
expressed

Unsped, ün-spéd', *a.* not disj

Unspent, ün-spént', *a.* not v

Unspilt, ün-spýlt', *a.* not she

Unspoiled, ün-spöýl'd, *a.* not

Unspotted, ün-spöt'ed, *a.* r
with any stain, immaculat

Unstable, ün-üstébl', *a.* not

shôt, nôte, lôce, astôr—hât, pûsh, mâte, fûr—truly, rye—thus, thick.

Unstaid, ün-stä'de, *a.* not steady
 Unstained, ün-stän'd, *a.* not stained
 Unstanch'd, ün-stän'sht, *a.* not stop-
 ped, not stayed
 Unsteady, ün-stéd'y, *a.* irresolute
 Unstodfast, ün-stéd-fäst, *a.* not fast
 Unstated, ün-stät'-éd, *a.* not limited
 Unstirred, ün-stírd', *a.* not stirred
 Unstring, ün-stríng', *v. a.* to untie
 Unstudied, ün-stüé'-yd, *a.* not studied:
 or laboured
 Unstuffed, ün-stüft', *a.* unfilled
 Unsubstantial, ün-süb-stän'-shál, *a.* not
 solid [having the wished event
 Unsuccessful, ün-sük-sés'-fúl, *a.* not
 Unsugared, ün-shüg'-árd, *a.* not sweet-
 ened with sugar
 Unsuitable, ün-sä-téb'l, *a.* not fit
 Unsuited, ün-sé-tíng, *a.* not fitting
 Unsullied, ün-sül'-yd, *a.* not fouled
 Unsung, ün-súng', *a.* not celebrated in
 verse or song [the sun
 Unsunned, ün-sún'd, *a.* not exposed to
 Unsupported, ün-súp-pört'-éd, *a.* not
 sustained [pable
 Unsusceptible, ün-süs-sép'-tíbl, *a.* inca-
 Unsuspected, ün-süs-pék'-téd, *a.* not
 considered as likely to do ill
 Unsuspecting, ün-süs-pék'-tíng, *a.* not
 suspecting [no suspicion
 Unsuspicious, ün-süs-plsh'-ús, *a.* having
 Unsustained, ün-süs-tänd', *a.* not sup-
 ported, not held up
 Unswayed, ün-swä'de, *a.* not wielded
 Unsworn, ün-swörn', *a.* not bound by
 oath
 Untainted, ün-tä't-éd, *a.* not sullied
 Untamed, ün-tä'md, *a.* not subdued
 Untangle, ün-täng'l, *v. n.* to loose from
 intricacy
 Untaught, ün-tä't', *a.* uninstructed
 Untempered, ün-tém-pér'd, *a.* not tem-
 pered [of defence
 Untenable, ün-tén'-éb'l, *a.* not capable
 Untenanted, ün-tén'-ánt-éd, *a.* having
 no tenant [any attendance
 Untended, ün-ténd'-éd, *a.* not having
 Unterrified, ün-tér-rí-fíde, *a.* not af-
 frighted
 Unthankful, ün-thänk'-fúl, *a.* ungrateful
 Unthawed, ün-thä'd, *a.* not thawed
 Unthinking, ün-thínk'-íng, *a.* thought-
 less [ed by prickles
 Unthorny, ün-thörn'-ny, *a.* not obstruct-
 Unthreatened, ün-thrét'-nd, *a.* not me-
 naced
 Unthrifty, ün-thríft'-y, *a.* prodigal

Unthriving, ün-thrív'-íng, *a.* not thriv-
 ing
 Untie, ün-tý, *v. a.* to unbind
 Untied, ün-tíde, *a.* not bound
 Until, ün-tíl', *ad.* to the time that
 Untilled, ün-tíld', *a.* not cultivated
 Untimely, ün-tíme'-ly, *a.* happening be-
 fore the natural time
 Untinged, ün-tín'-dzhd', *a.* not stained
 Untitled, ün-tít'l'd, *a.* having no title
 Unto, ün-tó, *prep.* the old word for to
 Untold, ün-töld', *a.* not related
 Untouched, ün-tút'sht, *a.* not touched
 Untoward, ün-tó-wárd, *a.* froward
 Untrained, ün-trän'd, *a.* not educated
 Untransparent, ün tráns-pá-rént, *a.* not
 diaphanous, opaque
 Untried, ün-tríde, *a.* not yet attempted
 Untried, ün-tród', *a.* not passed
 Untroubled, ün-trúbld', *a.* not disturb-
 ed, clear
 Untrue, ün-trú', *a.* false, not true
 Untruth, ün-trúth', *s.* falsehood
 Untunable, ün-tú-néb'l, *a.* not musical
 Unturned, ün-túrn'd, *a.* not turned
 Untutored, ün-tút'-tór'd, *a.* untaught
 Untwined, ün twíne', or Untwist, ün-
 twíst', *v. a.* to separate things involv-
 ed, to open what is wrapped
 Unvail, ün-vä'le, *v. a.* to uncover
 Unvanquished, ün-ván'-kwísh't, *a.* not
 conquered
 Unvaried, ün-vä'-rí'd, *a.* not changed
 Unvarnished, ün-vár'-nísh't, *a.* not over-
 laid with varnish
 Unveil, ün-vä'le, *v. a.* to disclose
 Unveritable, ün-vér'-í téb'l, *a.* not true
 Unversed, ün-vérs't, *a.* unskilled
 Unviolated, ün-ví'-ó-lí-téd, *a.* not in-
 jured
 Unused, ün-úz'd, *a.* not to put to use
 Unuseful, ün-úse-fúl, *a.* useless
 Unusual, ün-ú-zhú-él, *a.* rare
 Unutterable, ün-út'-tér-éb'l, *a.* ineffable
 Unwalled, ün-wál'd, *a.* having no walls
 Unwarlike, ün-wár'-líke, *a.* not fit for
 war
 Unwarned, ün-wárn'd, *a.* not warned
 Unwarrantable, ün-wár'-rén-téb'l, *a.* not
 defensible
 Unwarranted, ün-wár'-rén-téd, *a.* un-
 certain
 Unwary, ün-wä'-ry, *a.* wanting caution
 Unwashed, ün-wísh't', *a.* not washed
 Unwasted, ün-wäst'-éd, *a.* not dimi-
 nished
 Unwearied, ün-wé'-rí'd, *a.* not tired

Sounds.—hát, háte, háll, liár—mēt, dēsist, mē, hēr—chín, chíne, field, shírt—

Unweary, ün-wē'ry, *v. a.* to refresh after weariness [by the balance

Unweighed, ün-wē'y'de, *a.* not examined

Unwelcome, ün-wēl'-kóm, *a.* not pleasing

Unwept, ün-wēpt', *a.* not lamented

Unwhipt, ün-hwípt', *a.* not punished

Unwholesome, ün-hō'le sóm, *a.* not salubrious

Unweildy, ün-wí'ldy, *a.* bulky

Unwilling, ün-wí'l'-ing, *a.* loath

Unwind, ün-wínd, *v. a.* to untwist

Unwise, ün-wí'ze, *a.* weak, defective in wisdom [derstanding

Unwit, ün-wít', *v. a.* to deprive of un-

Unwittingly, ün-wí't'-ing-lý, *ad.* without knowledge

Unwonted, ün-wónt'-ēd, *a.* rare

Unworthy, ün-wór'-thy, *a.* not deserving, mean, vile

Unwreath, ün-ré'the, *v. a.* to untwine

Unwritten, ün-rít'n, *a.* not written

Unwrought, ün-rá't, *a.* not laboured, not manufactured

Unwrung, ün-rúng', *a.* not pinched

Unyielded, ün-yéld'-ēd, *a.* not given up

Unyoke, ün-yó'ke, *v. a.* to loose from the yoke

Vocabulary, vō-kā'b'-ū-lār-y, *s.* a dictionary, a lexicon, a word book [voice

Vocal, vō'-kāl, *a.* of or belonging to the

Vocality, vō-kāl'-it-y, *s.* power of utterance [employment

Vocation, vō-kā'-shūn, *s.* a summons,

Vocative, vōk'-ā-tiv, *s.* a grammatical case used in calling or speaking to

Vociferation, vō-sí'f-er-ā'-shūn, *s.* clamour, outcry [noisy

Vociferous, vō-sí'f-ér-ús, *a.* clamorous,

Vogue, vō'ge, *s.* fashion, mode

Voice, vō's, *s.* sound from the mouth, a vote, opinion

Void, vō'id, *a.* empty, vain, null, unoccupied—*s.* empty space—*v.* to evacuate, to emit, to annul [tive

Volant, vō-lēnt, *a.* flying, nimble, ac-

Volatile, vōl'-ā-tíl, *a.* flying, evaporating, lively, fickle

Volatility, vōl'-ā-tíl'-it-y, *s.* a flying off by evaporation, mutability of mind

Volcano, vōl'-kā'-nō, *s.* a burning mountain

Vole, vō'le, *s.* a deal of cards that draws all the tricks to one party

Volitation, vōl'-tā'-shūn, *s.* the act or power of flying

Volition, vōl'-it'-shūn, *s.* the act of willing, power of choice exerted

Volley, vōl'-ly, *s.* a slight of shot, ban—*v. n.* to throw out

Volubility, vōl'-ū-bíl'-it-y, *s.* fluency of speech, mutability [word

Voluble, vōl'-ūb'l, *a.* active, fluent:

Volume, vōl'-ūm, *s.* a book, any compact matter

Voluminous, vō-lū-mín'-ús, *a.* consisting of many volumes, copious

Voluntary, vōl'-ūn-tár-y, *a.* acting by choice, willing

Voultour, vōl'-ūn-t'ére, *s.* a soldier from his own accord—*v. n.* to go for a soldier [to pleasure and luxury

Voluptuary, vō-lúp'-tū-ár-y, *s.* one given to pleasure and luxury

Voluptuous, vō-lúp'-tū-ús, *a.* given to pleasure, luxurious, extravagant

Vomit, vóm'-it, *v.* to throw up from the stomach—*s.* an emetic medicine

Voracious, vō rā'-shús, *a.* greedy to eat ravenous [or ravenous

Voracity, vō-rās'-it-y, *s.* a being greedy

Vortex, vō'r-téks, *s.* any thing whirling round [ing motion

Vortical, vō'r-tík-ál, *a.* having a whirl

Votaress, vō-tár-ēs, *s.* a female devoted to any worship or state

Vote, vō'tár-y, *s.* one devoted to any service or worship, or state of life

Vote, vō'te, *s.* suffrage—*v. a.* to choose or give by vote [vowel

Votive, vō-tív, *a.* giving or done by vote

Vouch, vōú'tsh, *v.* to attest, to bear witness—*s.* a warrant, attestation

Vouchsafe, vōútsh-sáf'e, *v. a.* to condescend, to grant

Vow, vōw', *s.* a solemn and religious promise—*v.* to consecrate, to make a vow [uttered by itself

Vowel, vōw'-ēi, *s.* a letter which can be

Voyage, vōy'-ēdz, *s.* travel by sea—*v.* to travel by sea, to pass over

Up, úp', *ad.* aloft, out of bed, above—*prep.* from a lower to a higher part

Upbraid, úp-brá'de, *v. n.* to chide

Upheld, úp-héld', *part.* maintained

Uphill, úp-híl, *a.* difficult

Uphold, úp-húld, *v. a.* to support

Upholder, úp-húld-ér, *s.* a supporter, an undertaker

Upholsterer, úp-hóls-tér-ér, *s.* one who furnishes houses

Upland, úp-lánd, *s.* higher ground

Uplay, úp-lá, *v. a.* to hoard

Uplift, úp-lít', *v. a.* to raise aloft

Upmost, úp-múst, *v.* highest, topmost

Upon, úp-ún, *prep.* not under

it, note, löse, actor—hüt, push, müte, für,—truly, rye—thus, thick.

üp-pér, *a.* superior in place
lost, üp-pér-möst, *a.* highest in

ü, üp-rä'ze, *v. a.* to exalt
ü, üp'rite, *a.* straight up
üp-rize, *v. a.* to rise from a seat
üp-róre, *s.* tumult, bustle
üp-shöt, *s.* conclusion, end
üp-stärt, *s.* one suddenly raised
alth, power, &c.
ü, üp-wärd, *a.* directed higher
y, ür-ban'-it-y, *s.* civility, polite-
elegance
ür-tshün, *s.* a hedge-hog, a child
ü, ü-ré-thrá, *s.* a passage of the
from the bladder [to press
rdzh', *v. a.* to incite, to provoke,
ür-dzhént, *a.* pressing, earnest,
tunate [for inspection
ü-rin-ál, *s.* a bottle to keep urine
ü, ü-rin-ár-y, *a.* relating to the

ü-rín, *s.* animal water
n', *s.* a vessel used for the ashes
e dead [of urine
py, ü-rös'-kō py, *s.* an inspection
oblique case of We
ü-sédzh, *s.* treatment, custom,
ice [ney
ü-séns, *s.* use, interest of mo-
e, *s.* advantage, habit, custom—
enjoy, to treat, to practise, to
re, to be accustomed
üsh-ér, *s.* one who introduces
gers, an under teacher—*v. a.* to
duce, to bring in
ough, üs-kwē-bä', *s.* a sort of
ounded spirit [burned
üsh-tün, *s.* a burning or being

Usual, ü-zhü-ál, *a.* common, frequent,
customary [greedy of profit
Usurious, ü-sü-ryús, *a.* given to usury
Usurp, ü-súr-p, *v. a.* to seize or possess
without right
Usurpation, ü-súr-pä'-shün, *s.* forcible
and unjust possession
Usury, ü'-zhúr-y, *s.* money paid for the
use of money [tool
Utensil, ü-tén-síl, *s.* an instrument, a
Uterine, ü-tér-inc, *a.* belonging to the
womb
Uterus, ü' tér-ús, *s.* the womb
Utility, ü-tíl'-it-y, *s.* advantage, profit,
convenience [highest degree
Utmost, ür-möst, *a.* extreme, in the
Utopian, ü-tö'-pyán, *a.* chimerical, ima-
ginary
Uter, ür'tér, *a.* remote from the ce-
tre, extreme, complete—*v. a.* to
speak, to pronounce, to publish, to
sell
Vulgar, vül'-gár, *a.* common, mean, low,
ordinary—*s.* the common people
Vulgarism, vül'-gá-rizm, or Vulgarity,
vül'-gár'-it-y, *s.* state of the lowest
people, meanness, instance of mean-
ness
Vulgate, vül'-gét, *s.* a Latin version of
the Old and New Testament autho-
rised by the church of Rome
Vulnery, vül'-nér-ár-y, *a.* useful in
curing wounds
Vulpine, vül'-pine, *a.* belonging to a
fox, crafty
Vulture, vül'-tûre, *s.* a bird of prey
Uxorious, üks-ö-ryús, *a.* submissively
fond of a wife, infected with con-
ubial dotage

W

BBLE, wábl, *v. n.* to shake, to
move from side to side
wád', *s.* paper or tow to stop a
charge, a bundle, black lead
wád'-yng, *s.* a coarse woollen
what is rammed into a gun
wád'l, *v. n.* to walk like a duck
wá'de, *v. n.* to walk through
r, &c.
wá-fér, *s.* thin dried paste to
letters, &c.

Waft, wá'ft, *v.* to carry through the air
or on the water, to beckon, to float
Waftage, wá'f-tédzh, *s.* carriage by water
or air [floating
Wafture, wá'f-tûre, *s.* act of waving or
Wag, wág', *v.* to move or shake lightly
—*s.* a merry droll fellow
Wage, wá'dzh, *v. a.* to engage in
Wager, wá'-dzhér, *v.* bet, pledge upon
chance—*v. a.* to lay, to pledge
k e

Waggon, wā'g-on, *s.* a heavy carriage for
 Waggoner, wā'g-on-ér, *s.* one who drives
 a waggon
 Wagtail, wā'g-tāle, *s.* a small bird
 Waif, wā'f, *s.* goods found and not
 claimed [moan
 Wail, wā'le, *v.* to lament, to grieve, to
 Wailing, wā'le-ying, *s.* lamentation, au-
 dible sorrow
 Wain, wā'ne, *s.* a sort of cart or waggon
 Wainscot, wā'n-skót, *s.* a wooden cov-
 ering of a wall, oak
 Waist, wā'st, *s.* part of the body below
 the ribs, middle of the upper deck of
 a ship [to attend
 Wait, wā'te, *v.* to expect, to stay for,
 Waiter, wā-tér, *s.* an attendant, a sal-
 ver
 Waites, wā'ts, *s.* nightly music, musi-
 cians who play about the streets by
 night
 Wake wā'ke, *v.* to watch, to be roused
 from sleep, to stir up—*s.* watch,
 nightly merriment
 Waken, wā'k'n, *v.* to wake
 Wale, wā'le, *s.* a rising part in cloth,
 thick planks that surround the sides
 of a ship
 Walk, wā'k, *v.* to go on foot, to move
 by leisure steps, to appear as a spec-
 tre—*s.* act of walking, path to walk
 in. *pair*

Wanton, wā'n-tón, *a.* licentious
 tive, loose—*s.* a lascivious p
 strumpet—*v. n.* to play lasci
 to revel
 Wapentake, wā'p-én-tāke, *s.* a d
 of a county
 War, wā'r, *s.* state of hostility
 sion of arms, forces—*v. n.* t
 war
 Warble, wā'r-b'l, *v.* to quaver a
 Ward, wā'rd, *v. n.* to keep guard
 on the defensive—*v. a.* to pr
 watch, to guard—*s.* watch,
 strong hold, custody, one
 guardian, guardianship, &c.
 Warden, wā'rd'n, *s.* a guardian,
 officer
 Wardmote, wā'rd-môte, *s.* a co
 in each ward [clothes
 Wardrobe, wā'rd-rôbe, *s.* a room
 Ware, wā're, *s.* goods. merchan
 Warfare, wā'rfare, *s.* military se
 Warlike, wā'r-like, *a.* fit for war,
 Warm, wā'rm, *a.* a little hot, i
 furious—*v.* to heat gently, t
 less cold [for warm
 Warmingpan, wā'r-ming-pān, *s.*
 Warmth, wā'rmth, *s.* gentle he
 enthusiasm
 Warn, wā'r'n, *v. a.* to caution,
 previous notice, to admonish
 Warning, wā'r-nīng, *s.* caution. r

shôt, nôte, lôse, actôr—hüt, pûsh, mâte, fûr—traly, rye—thus, thick.

Wash, wîsh', v. to cleanse with water—
—s. any thing to wash with, lincn
washed at once, feed of hogs, a bog

Washball, wîsh'-bál, s. a ball made of
soap, &c.

Washy, wîsh'-y, a. watery, damp, weak

Wasp, wâsp, s. a brisk stinging insect
like a bee

Waspish, wâs'-pîsh, a. peevish, cross

Wassail, wâs'-sál, s. a sort of liquor, a
drunken bout

Wassailer, wâs'-él-ér, s. a drunkard

Wast, wâst', second person sing. of
Was, after thou

Waste, wâst', v. to diminish, to des-
troy, to dwindle—s. ruined, deso-
late, uncultivated—s. wanton des-
truction, ground desolate or not oc-
cupied

Watch, wâtsh', s. night guard, a pocket
clock—v. not to sleep, to be vigilant
or attentive, to guard, to observe

Watchet, wâtsh'-ét, a. pale blue

Water, wâ'tér, s. one of the four ele-
ments, sea, urine, lustre of a diamond
—v. to give water, to take in water,
to diversify with water

Waterfal, wâ'tér-fál, s. a cascade

Waterman, wâ'tér-mán, s. a ferryman,
a boatman

Watermark, wâ'tér-mârk, s. the limit
of the flood, semitransparent mark in
paper [lic performance]

Waterwork, wâ'tér-wôrk, s. an hydrau-
lic

Watery, wâ'tér-y, a. like water, insipid,
thin

Wattle, wât'l, s. a cock's gill, a hurdle
—v. a. to bind with twigs

Wave, wâ've, s. a billow, an inequality
—v. to play loosely, to waft, to

beckon, to put off [be unsettled]

Waver, wâ'-vêr, v. n. to move loosely, to

Wavy, wâ'-vy, v. rising in waves, undu-
lating

Wax, wâks', s. tenacious matter from
the bees, substance from the ear,
composition to seal with, &c.—v. to
smear with wax, to grow

Waxen, wâks'n, part. of Wax—a. made
of wax [means, method]

Way, wâ', s. a road, a track, a passage,

Wayfarer, wâ'-fâre-ér, s. a passenger, a
traveller [journeying]

Wayfaring, wâ'-fâre-îng, a. travelling,

Waylay, wâ'-lá, v. a. to beset by ambush

Wayward, wâ'-wârd, a. fioward. unruly.
peevish

Waygoose, or Waygoose, wâ'-gôs, s. a
stubble goose, entertainment to jour-
ney men at the beginning of winter

We, wê', pro. plural of I

Weak, wê'ke, a. feeble, infirm, not strong

Weaken, wê'k'n, v. a. to make weak, to
enfeeble

Weakside, wê'ke-side, s. foible, infirmity

Weal, wê'le, s. property, state, public
interest, mark of a stripe

Wealth, wê'lh, s. riches, money

Wealthy, wê'lh-y, a. rich, opulent,
abundant [breast, &c.]

Wean, wé'ne, v. a. to deprive of the

Weapon, wê'p'n, s. an instrument of of-
fence

Wear, wâ're, v. to waste with use or
time, to have on, to exhibit in appear-
ance—s. act of wearing

Wear, wê're, s. a dam of water

Wearing, wâ're-îng, s. clothes

Wearisome, wâ'-rí-sóm, a. troublesome,
tedious, tiresome

Weary, wâ'-ry, v. a. to tire, to harass,
to make impatient—a. subdued by
fatigue, tired

Weasand, wê'z'n, s. the windpipe

Weasel, wê's'l, s. a small animal

Weather, wê'lh-ér, s. state of the air, a
tempest—v. a. to expose to the air,
to pass with difficulty

Weatherbeaten, wê'lh-ér-bêt'n, a. sea-
soned by hard weather

Weathercock, wê'lh-ér-kôk, s. a vane, a
fickle person

Weathergage, wê'lh-ér-gâdz, s. part
from which the wind blows [meter]

Weatherglass, wê'lh-ér-glâs, s. a baro-

Weave, wê've, v. to form by texture, to
work with a loom [on the sight]

Web, wêb', s. any thing woven, a film

Webfooted, wêb'-fût-éd, a. films between
the toes [for life]

Wed, wêd', v. to marry, to unite or take

Wedding, wêd'-îng, s. the marriage cere-
mony, nuptials

Wedge, wêdzh', s. body used to cleave
timber, a mass of metal—v. a. to
fasten with wedges [matrimony]

Wedlock, wêd'-lôk, s. the married state,

Wednesday, wêd'nêz-dâ, s. the fourth
day of the week

Wee, wê', a. little, small

Weed, wê'dê, s. an herb noxious or use-
less, a mourning garment—v. a. to
rid of weeds, to root out vice

W e e

Sounds.—hăt, hâte, hăl, liăr—măt, dăsiăt, măt, hăr—chîn, chine, f teld, shir—

Woody, wêd-y, *a.* full of weeds

Week, wê'ke, *s.* the space of seven days

Weekday, wê'ke-dă, *s.* any day except Sunday

Ween, wê'ne, *v. a.* to imagine, to fancy
Weep, wê'pe, *v.* to shed tears, to lament, to bewail

Weeper, wê'p-ér, *s.* one who sheds tears, a white border on the sleeve of a mourning coat

Weeping, wê'p-îng, *s.* lamentation, act of shedding tears—*p.* bemoaning

Weet, wê'te, *v. n.* to know

Weevil, wê'v'l, *s.* a grub

West, wê'st, *old pret. and part. of*
Weave—*s.* woof of cloth, waif

Westage, wê'st-êdzh, *s.* a texture

Weigh, wê'y, *v.* to try the weight of, to balance, to examine nicely, to heave up

Weight, wê'y't, *s.* quantity measured by the balance, mass to weigh with, heaviness, pressure, importance [gorous

Weighty, wê'y-t'y, *a.* heavy, important, ri-
Weird, wê'rd, *s.* a witch

Welcome, wê'l-kôm, *a.* received with gladness—*s.* kind reception—*v. a.* to receive with kindness

Weld, wê'ld, *s.* a dyer's weed for yellow—*v. a.* to beat one mass of metal into another [prosperity

Welfare, wê'l-fă're, *s.* happiness, success,

Welkin, wê'l-kîn, *s.* the visible regions of the air

Well, wê'l, *s.* a spring, a source, a cavity—*v. n.* to spring—*a.* not sick, convenient, happy—*ad.* not ill, rightly, properly

Welladay, wê'l'-ă-dă, *interj.* alas!

Wellbeing, wê'l-bê-îng, *s.* prosperity, happiness [scended

Wellborn, wê'l-bôrn, *a.* not meanly de-
Wellbred, wê'l-brêd', *a.* elegant of manners, polite [pleasing to the eye

Wellfavoured, wê'l-fă-vôrd, *a.* beautiful,

Wellnigh, wê'l-nî, *ad.* almost [well

Wellwiller, wê'l-wîl-ér, *s.* one who means

Wellwish, wê'l-wîsh', *s.* wish of happiness, &c. [to sew with a border

Welt, wê'lt, *s.* border, an edging—*v. a.*

Welter, wê'lt-ér, *v. n.* to roll or wallow in blood, mire, &c. [scence

Wen, wên', *s.* a fleshy or callous excres-

Wench, wênsh', *s.* a young woman, a strumpet

Wend, wênd', *v. n.* to go, to turn round

Wenny, wên-y, *a.* having the nature of a wen

Went, wênt', *pret. of* to Wend or Go

Wept, wêpt', *pret. and part. of* Weep

Were, wâr, *plural of* Was, or for should be [after thou

Wert, wêrt', *2d. person sing. of* Were

West, wêst', *s.* region where the sun sets—*a.* and *ad.* towards or from the west

Westering, wêst-ér-îng, *s.* tending toward the west [west

Westerly, wêst-ér-ly, *a.* towards the

Western, wêst-érn, *a.* in or toward the west [west

Westward, wêst-wârd, *ad.* toward the

Wet, wê't, *a.* moist, rainy—*s.* water, moisture—*v. a.* to moisten, to drench with drink

Wether, wêth-ér, *s.* a castrated ram

Wetshod, wê't-shôd, *a.* having the feet wet from bad shoes

Wettish, wê't-îsh, *a.* somewhat wet

Wex, wêks', *v. a.* to grow, to increase

Wey, wâ'y, *s.* half a last, or five quarters

Whale, hwâ'le, *s.* the largest of all fish

Whaly, hwâ'-ly, *a.* marked in streaks

Wharf, hwâ'rf, *s.* a place to land goods at [ing at a wharf

Wharfage, hwâ'rf-êdzh, *s.* dues for land-

Wharfinger, hwâ'rf-îng-dzhér, *s.* one who attends a wharf [part or thing

What, hwâ't', *pron.* that which, whîch

Wheal, hwê'le, *s.* a pustule

Wheat, hwê'te, *s.* grain of which bread is chiefly made

Wheaten, hwê't-n, *a.* made of wheat

Wheat ear, hwê't-ér, *s.* a delicate small bird [words, to flatter

Wheel, hwê'd'l, *v. a.* to entice by soft

Wheel, hwê'le, *s.* a circular body that turns round upon an axis, revolution—*v.* to move on wheels, to revolve, to whirl round

Wheelbarrow, hwê'l-bâr-rô, *s.* a small carriage with one wheel driven forward by hand [wheel carriages

Wheelright, hwê'l-rîte, *s.* a maker of wheeze, hwê'ze, *v. n.* to breathe with noise

Weld, hwê'k', *s.* a protuberance, a pustule

Whelm, hwê'lm, *v. n.* to cover, to bury

Whelp, hwê'lp', *s.* a puppy, the young of any beast of prey—*v. n.* to bring young

When, hwên', *ad.* at the time that, &c.

Whence, hwên's, *ad.* from what place, &c.

Whencesoever, hwên'sô-êv-ér, *ad.* from what place soever

Whenever, hwên'sêv-ér, *ad.* at whatsoever time [what place

Where, hwê're, *ad.* at or in which or

shôt, nôte, lôse, vctôr—hüt, pûsh, mâte, fûr—truly, rye—thus, thick.

Whereabout, hwâre-â-lûôt, *ad.* near what place

Whereas, hwâre-âs, *ad.* when on the contrary, at which place

Whereat, hwâre-ât, *ad.* at which

Whereby, hwâre-bý, *ad.* by which

Wherever, hwâre-êv-êr, *ad.* at wherever place [reason, for what reason]

Wherefore, hwâre-fôre, *ad.* for which

Wherein, hwâre-in, *ad.* in which

Whereinto, hwâre-in-tô, *ad.* into which

Whereof, hwâre-ôf, *ad.* of which

Wheresoever, hwâre-sô-êv-êr, *ad.* in what place soever

Whereunto, hwâre-in-tô, *ad.* to which

Whereupon, hwâre-ûp-ôn, *ad.* upon which [which]

Wherewithal, hwâre-with-âl, *ad.* with

Wherret, hwâr-êr, *v. a.* to hurry, to tease

Wherry, hwâr-y, *s.* a light river boat

Whet, hwêt, *v. a.* to sharpen, to edge—*s.* the act of sharpening [two]

Whetler, hwêt-êr, *pron.* which of the

Whetstone, hwêt-stôn, *s.* a stone to sharpen with

Whey, hwâ, *s.* the serous part of milk

Wheyey, hwâ-y, or Wheyish, hwâ-yish, *a.* like whey

Which, hwîsh, *pron.* and *a.* that, what

Whiff, hwîf, *s.* a puff of wind

Whiffle, hwîfl, *v. n.* to move as by a whiff, to shuffle

Whig, hwîg, *s.* a party man, not a Tory

Whiggish, hwîg-yish, *a.* inclined to the principles of the Whigs

While, hwîlc, *s.* time, a space of time

Whilom, hwîlôm, *ad.* formerly, once, of old [caprice]

Whim, hwîm, *s.* a freak, an odd fancy,

Whimper, hwîm-pêr, *v. n.* to cry without a loud noise [crying]

Whimpled, hwîm-pîd, *a.* distorted with

Whimsy, hwîm-zý, *s.* a whim

Whimsical, hwîm-zîk-âl, *a.* capricious, freakish

Whin, hwîn, *s.* a prickly bush, a furze

Whine, hwîne, *v. n.* to moan meanly—*s.* mean affected complaint

Whinny, hwîn-y, *v. n.* to make a noise like a horse

Whinyard, hwîn-yârd, *s.* a large crooked sword in contempt

Whip, hwîp, *v.* to drive or correct with lashes—*s.* an instrument of correction [which whip-lashes are made]

Whipcord, hwîp-kôrd, *s.* a cord of

Whipland, hwîp-hând, *s.* an advantage over another [end of a whip]

Whiplash, hwîp-lâsh, *s.* the lash or small

Whippingpost, hwîp-îng-post, *s.* a pillar for lashing criminals to

Whipster, hwîp-stêr, *s.* a nimble fellow

Whipt, hwîpt, *for* Whipped

Whirl, hwîrl, *v.* to turn or run round rapidly—*s.* rapid circumvolution

Whirligig, hwîrl-îg-gig, *s.* a top which children spin round

Whirlpool, hwîrl-pôl, *s.* a water moving circularly, a vortex

Whirlwind, hwîrl-wînd, *s.* a stormy wind moving circularly

Whirring, hwîrl-îng, *s.* the noise of the pheasant's wings

Whisk, hwîsk, *s.* a small besom or brush—*v. a.* to sweep with whisks, to move nimbly

Whisker, hwîs-kêr, *s.* hair on the lips

Whisper, hwîs-pêr, *v.* to speak with a low voice—*s.* a low soft voice

Whist, hwîst, *v. n.* to be silent—*s.* a game at cards

Whistle, hwîsl, *s.* sound made by the modulation of the breath in the

mouth, a small wind instrument—*v.* to form that sound called whistle, to call by or blow a whistle

Whit, hwît, *s.* a point, a jot

White, hwîte, *a.* of a snowy colour, pale, pure—*s.* white colour

Whitelead, hwîte-lêd, *s.* ceruse

Whitelivered, hwîte-lîv-êrd, *a.* envious, malicious [white]

Whiten, hwît'n, *v.* to make or grow

Whiteness, hwît-te-nês, *s.* quality of being white, paleness, purity

Whitewash, hwîte-wâsh, *s.* a wash to make the skin fair or to whiten walls—*v. a.* to make white by a wash on the surface, to clear [or degree]

Whither, hwîth-êr, *ad.* to what place

Whiting, hwîte-îng, *s.* a small sea-fish, soft chalk

Whitish, hwîte-yish, *a.* somewhat white

Whiteth, hwît-lêth-êr, *s.* a leather dressed with alum

Whitlow, hwîl-lô, *s.* a sort of swelling at the finger ends

Whitster, hwîts-têr, *s.* one that whitens

Whitsuntide, hwît-sun-tîde, *s.* the feast of Pentecost

Whittle, hwîtl, *s.* a white dress for a woman, a knife

E e 2

Sounds—hăt, hâte, hăl, liăr—mêt, dêsist, mē, hēr—chūn, chine, field, shîrt—

Whiz, hwîs', v. a. to make a loud humming noise

Who, hō', *pron.* that, which person

Whole, hō'le, a. all, not impaired, not divided—s. totality

Wholesale, hō'le-sā'le, s. sale in the gross

Wholesome, hō'le-sôm, a. sound, salubrious [parts, perfectly]

Wholly, hō'le-ly, *ad.* completely, in all

Whom, hō'me, *accusative or oblique case of Who* [hard]

Whoop, hō'pe, s. a shout of pursuit, a

Whore, hō're, s. a harlot, a prostitute

Whoredom, hō're-dôm, s. playing the whore, fornication

Whoremaster, hō're-mās-tēr, or Whoremonger, hō're-móng-ēr, s. one who keeps whores

Whoreson, hō're-sôn, s. a bastard

Whorish, hō're-îsh, a. unchaste, incontinent

Whortleberry, hōrt'l-bēr-rî, s. a bilberry

Whose, hō'ze, *pron. poss. case of Who or Which* [pr. any one, any person]

Whoso, hō'sō, or Whosoever, hō'sō-ēv-ēr,

Whurr, hwûr', v. n. to make a noise as the wings of a bird in rising

Why, hwî', *ad.* for what reason or cause

Wick, wîk', s. the cotton of a candle or lamp [rally bad, cursed]

Wicked, wîk'-êd, a. given to vice, mo-

Wickedness, wîk'-êd-nēs, s. state of being wicked [lows or sticks]

Wicker, wîk'-ēr, a. made of small wil-

Wicket, wîk'-êt, s. a small gate

Wide, wî'de, a. broad, remote—*ad.* at

a distance, with great extent

Widen, wî'd'n, v. to make or grow wide

Widgeon, wîdzh'-ôn, s. a water-fowl

Widow, wîd'-ô, s. a woman whose husband is dead [lost his wife]

Widower, wîd'-ô-ēr, s. a man who has

Widowhood, wîd'-ô-hûd, s. the state of a widow

Width, wîd'th, s. breadth or wideness

Wield, wîld, v. a. to use with full power

Wieldy, wîld'-y, a. that may be managed

Wiery, wî-rî, a. made or drawn into wire

Wife, wîfe, s. a married woman

Wig, wîg, s. false hair worn on the head, a sort of light cake

Wight, wîte, s. a person, a being

Wild, wîld, a. not tame, not cultivated,

desert, savage, turbulent, strange—s. a desert, an uncultivated tract

Wilder, wîl'-dēr, v. a. to lose or puzzle

in an unknown track

Wilderness, wîl'-dēr-nēs, s. a wild uninhabited tract of country, a desert

Wildfire, wîld fire, s. a composition of inflammable materials

Wildgoosechase, wîld-gōse tshā'se, s. a foolish pursuit

Wilding, wîl'-ding, s. a wild sour apple

Wile, wîle, s. a deceit, fraud, trick, stratagem [design]

Wilful, wîl'-fûl, a. stubborn, done by

Williness, wîl'-î-nēs, s. cunning, subtlety, fraud

Will, wîl', s. a choice, inclination, desire, a testament—v. a. to desire, to be inclined [ignis fatuus]

Will-with-a-wisp, wîl'-with-î-wisp, s. an

Willing, wîl'-îng, a. inclined to, any thing, desirous

Willow, wîl'-ô, s. a tree

Willworship, wîl'-wôr-shîp, s. voluntary worship, what is not commanded

Wily, wî-ly, a. cunning, sly

Wimble, wîm'b'l, s. a tool for boring

Wimple, wîm'p'l, s. a hood, a veil

Win, wîn', v. to gain by conquest or play

Wince, wîns', or Winch, wînsh', s. a

windlass—v. n. to shrink from pain

Wind, wînd', or wînd, s. a flowing wave of air, breath, flatulence

Wind, wînd, v. to blow, to turn round to follow by scent

Windbound, wînd'-bôund, a. confined by contrary winds [pregnated]

Windegg, wînd'-êg, s. an egg not im-

Windfall, wînd'-fal, s. fruit blown down by the wind, an advantage coming unexpectedly [mone]

Windflower, wînd'flôw-ēr, s. the ane-

Windgall, wînd'-gâl, s. a distemper incident to horses

Windgun, wînd'-gûn, s. a gun which

discharges by compressed air

Winding, wînd'-îng, s. a turning about, a following [to wrap the dead in]

Windingsheet, wînd'-îng-shet, s. a sheet

Windlass, wînd'-lîs, s. a machine to

raise large weights

Windmill, wînd'-mîl, s. mill for grind-

ing corn, &c. turned by wind

Window, wîn'-dô, s. an aperture for air

and light, the frame that covers the aperture [the breath]

Windpipe, wînd'-pîpe, s. the passage of

Windward, wînd'-wârd, *ad.* towards the wind [tempestuous, flatulent]

Winda. wînd'-île a. breeding wind

shôt, nôte, lôse, actôr—hût, pûsh, mûte, fûr—trulý, rýe—thus, thick.

Wine, wîne, *s.* the fermented juice of grapes

Wing, wîng', *s.* that part of a bird by which it flies, a fan to winnow, a side—*v.* to furnish with wings, to fly

Winged, wîng'd, *a.* furnished with wings, swift, hurt in the wing

Wink, wînk', *v. n.* to shut the eyes, to connive—*s.* act of closing the eye, hint by motion of the eye

Winning, wîn'-ing, *a.* attractive, charming—*s.* the sum won

Winnow, wîn'-ô, *v.* to part from chaff, to fan, to sift

Winter, wîn'-tér, *s.* the cold season of the year—*v.* to pass the winter, to feed in the winter

Wintry, wîn'-trý, *a.* belonging to winter

Winy, wîne-y, *a.* having the taste or qualities of wine

Wipe, wîpe, *v. a.* to cleanse by rubbing, to clear away—*s.* a blow, a sarcasm, a rub, a bird

Wire, wîre, *s.* metal drawn into threads

Wiredraw, wîre-drá, *v. a.* to spin into wire, to draw by art

Wisdom, wîz'-dóm, *s.* sapience, power of judging rightly

Wise, wîze, *a.* judicious, having practical knowledge, skilled, grave—*s.* manner, way of being or acting

Wiseacre, wîze-ák'r, *s.* a dunce, a simpleton

Wish, wîsh', *v.* to desire, to long—*s.* a longing desire, a thing desired

Wisp, wîsp', *s.* a small bundle of hay or straw

Wistful, wîst'-ful, *a.* attentive [nestly

Wistly, wîst'-ly, *ad.* attentively, ear-

Wit, wît', *s.* imagination, quickness of fancy, a man of genius, judgment, sound mind [gic arts

Witch, wýtsh', *s.* a woman given to magic arts

Witchcraft, wýtsh'-kráft, *s.* the practice of witches [vention

Witcraft, wît'-kráft, *s.* contrivance, in-

With, wíth, *pr. by, for, on the side of, in company, amongst*

Withal, wíth'-ál, *ad.* along with the rest, besides [back, to return

Withdraw, wíth-drá', *v.* to draw or take

Withdrawingroom, wíth-drá'-ing-róme, *s.* a room for retirement [of twigs

Withé, wíth', *s.* a willow twig, a band

Withér, wíth'-ér, *v.* to fade or shrink

Withers, wíth'-ers, *s.* the joining of the shoulder-bones of a horse

Withhold, wíth'-hóld, *v. a.* to keep back, to refuse [part, inwardly

Within, wíth'-ín, *prep.* in the inner

Without, wíth'-út, *prep.* not within compass of [pose, to resist

Withstand, wíth-stánd', *v. a.* to op-

Withy, wíth'-y, *s.* a willow

Witless, wít'-lés, *a.* void of wit or understanding [to wit

Witling, wít'-ling, *s.* a petty pretender

Witness, wít'-nēs, *s.* testimony, an evidence—*v.* to attest, to bear testimony

Witticism, wít'-tíz-izm, *s.* a mean attempt at wit [hy design

Wittingly, wít'-ting-ly, *ad.* knowingly

Wittol, wít'-töl, *s.* a contented cuckold

Wittolly, wít'-töl-y, *a.* having the qualities of a contented cuckold

Witty, wít'-ty, *a.* ingenious, sarcastic, smart [a wife

Wive, wíve, *v.* to marry, to take for

Wives, wívz, *s. plural of Wife*

Wizard, wíz'-árd, *s.* a conjurer, a cunning man [blue

Woad, wóde, *s.* a plant used in dying

Woe, wó, *s.* grief, sorrow, misery

Woebegone, wó-bé-gón. *a.* lost in woe

Woful, wó'-ful, *a.* sorrowful, calamitous, wretched

Wold, wóld, *s.* a plain open country

Wolf, wólf', *s.* a wild beast, an eating ulcer [guard sheep

Wolfdog, wólf'-dóg, *s.* a large dog to

Wolfish, wólf'-ysh, *a.* like a wolf

Wolfsbane, wólf's-báne, *s.* a poisonous plant [human race

Woman, wúm'-án, *s.* the female of the

Womanhater, wúm'-án-há-tér, *s.* one that hates women

Womanhood, wúm'-án-hüd, *s.* the qualities of a woman [a woman

Womanish, wúm'-án-ysh, *a.* suitable to

Womankind, wúm'-án-kínd, *s.* female sex, race of woman

Womb, wóme, *s.* place of the fetus in the mother—*v. a.* to enclose, to breed in secret

Wumen, wúm'-én, *plural of Woman*

Won, wón', *pret. and part. of Win*

Wonder, wón'-der, *s.* admiration, amazement—*v.* to be struck with wonder

Wondrous, wón'-drus, *a.* marvellous, strange, surprising

Wont, wont, *a.* accustomed—*v. n.* to be accustomed

Wonted, wón'-éd, *a.* accustomed, usual

Woo, wó, *v.* to court, to make love

Sounds—hät, häte, häll, liär—mēt, dēsist, mē, hēr—chīn, chīne, fiēld, shīrt—

Wood, wūd', *s.* a large and thick plan-
tation of trees, timber [suckle]

Woodbine, wūd'-bīne, *s.* the honey-

Woodcock, wūk'-kōk, *s.* a bird of passage

Wooded, wūd'-ēd, *a.* supplied or thick
with wood [clumsy]

Wooden, wūd'n, *a.* made of wood.

Woodland, wūd'-lānd, *s.* land covered
with wood in the fence rows, &c.

Woodlouse, wūd'-lōūs, *s.* the millipede

Woodman, wūd'-mān, *s.* a sportsman, a
seller of wood

Woodnote, wūd'-nōte, *s.* wild music

Woodoffering, wūd'-ōf-fer-īng, *s.* wood
burnt on an altar

Woodpecker, wūd'-pēk-ēr, *s.* a bird

Woodpigeon, wūd'-pīdzh-ōn, *s.* a wild
pigeon [woods, ligneous]

Woody, wūd'y, *a.* abounding with

Wool, wōfe, *s.* the set of threads cross-
ing the warp, texture [thick hair]

Wool, wūl', *s.* the fleece of sheep, short

Woolfel, wūl'-fel, *s.* a skin not stripped
of the wool [cloth made of wool]

Woollen, wūl'-ēn, *a.* made of wool,

Woolly, wūl'y, *a.* consisting of or
clothed with wool, like wool

Woolpack, wūl'-pāk, or Woolsack, wūl'-
sāk, *s.* a bag or pack of wool, seat of
the judges in the house of lords

Woolstapler, wūl'-stāp-ler, *s.* one who
deals in wool

Word, wōrd', *s.* a single part of speech,
a promise—*v.* *a.* to express in words

Wore, wōre, *pret. of Wear*

Work, wōrk', *v.* to labour, to ferment,
to embroider—*s.* labour, toil, deed,
structure, fabric

Workhouse, wōrk'-hōūs, *s.* a receptacle
for parish poor

Workman, wōrk'-mān, *s.* an artificer, a
skilled person

Workmanship, wōrk'-mān-shīp, *s.* skill
of a workman, work done with skill

World, wōrld', *s.* all bodies whatever,
system of beings, the earth, mankind,
manners of men [upon profit]

Worldling, wōrld'-līng, *s.* a person set

Worldly, wōrld'-lī, *a.* human, bent upon
this world

Worm, wōrm', *s.* an insect without legs,
a grub, any thing spiral [worms]

Wormeaten, wōrm'-ēt'n, *a.* gnawed by

Wormwood, wōrm'-wūd, *s.* a bitter herb

Wormy, wōrm'y, *a.* full of worms

Worn, wōrn, *part. of Wear*

Worry, wōr'y, *v.* *a.* to tear to harass

Worse, wōrs', *a.* and *ad.* less good, less
well

Worship, wōr'-shīp, *s.* dignity, a term
of honour, adoration—*v.* to adore, to
revere, to perform acts of adoration

Worst, wōrst', *a.* most bad, most ill—*s.*
most calamitous or wicked state—
v. *a.* to defeat, to overthrow

Worsted, wūs'-tēd, *s.* woollen yarn,
wool spun [beer]

Wort, wōrt', *s.* an herb or plant, new

Worth, wōrth', *s.* price, value, impor-
tance—*a.* equal in value to, deserv-
ing of [or excellence]

Worthless, wōrth'-lēś, *a.* having no value

Worthy, wōr'-thī, *a.* deserving, valua-
ble, noble, suitable to any thing
good or bad—*s.* a man deserving
praise or honour

Wot, wōt', *v.* *n.* to know, to be aware of

Wove, wōve, *pret. of Weave*

Would, wūd', *pret. of Will*

Wound, wōūnd', *s.* a hurt—*v.* *a.* to hurt
by violence—*pret and part. of Wind*

Wrack, rāk', *s.* ruin, destruction—*v.* *a.*
to destroy, to wreck, to torture

Wrangle, rāngg'l, *v.* *n.* to dispute or
quarrel in a peevish manner—*s.* a
quarrel, a perverse dispute

Wrap, rāp', *v.* *a.* to roll together, to
comprise

Wrath, rāth, *s.* extreme anger, rage

Wreak, rēke, *v.* *a.* to revenge, to exe-
cute—*s.* revenge, passion, fury

Wreath, rēthe, any thing curled or
twisted, a garland—*v.* to curl, to twist

Wreathy, rēth'y, *a.* spiral, curled, twist-
ed [tion, ruin]

Wreck, rēk', *s.* a shipwreck, destruc-

Wren, iēn' *s.* a small bird

Wrench, rēnsh', *v.* *a.* to pull by vio-
lence, to force, to sprain—*s.* a vio-
lent pull or twist, a sprain

Wrest, rēst', *v.* *a.* to twist or extort by
violence, to writhe—*s.* a distortion,
a violence

Wrestle, rēs'l, *v.* *n.* to struggle for a fall

Wretch, rētsh', *s.* a miserable mortal, a
sorry creature [temptible]

Wretched, rētch'-ēd, *a.* miserable, con-

Wriggle, rīgl', *v.* to move with short
motions to and fro

Wright, rīte, *s.* a workman, an artificer
in wood

Wring, rīng', *v.* to twist, to squeeze, to
press, to writhe, to extort, to torture,
to distort

abūt, nōte, lōse, actōr—hūt, pūsh, unūte, fūr,—truly, rye—thus, thick.

Wrinkle, rīngk'l, *s.* a crease in cloth, &c.—*v. a.* to cause creases or wrinkles [the arm]

Wrist, rīat', *s.* the joint of the hand to Wristband, rīs'-bānd, *s.* the fastening of the shirt at the hand

Writ, rīt', *s.* scripture, a judicial process, a legal instrument—*pret. of* Write [indite]

Write, rīte, *v.* to express in writing, to Writhe, rīthe, *v.* to distort, to twist, to wrest

Writing, rī'-tīng, *s.* the art or act of writing, a written paper of any kind

Written, rīt'n, *part. of* Write

Wrong, rōng', *s.* injury, detriment, error—*a.* not right, not true—*ad.* amiss—*v. a.* to injure

Wronghead, rōng'-hēd, *s.* one of wrong notions, perverseness of judging

Wrote, rō'te, *pret. of* Write

Wroth, rō'th, *a.* angry, enraged

Wrought, rāt', *part.* performed, manufactured

Wrung, rūng', *pret. and part. of* Wring

Wry, rī', *a.* crooked, distorted, wrested

Wyche, or Wich, wītsh, *s.* a salt spring

X

XANGTI, sāng-tē, *s.* name of God among the Chinese

Xanthippe, xān'-thīp, *s.* wife of Socrates

Xebec, sē-bēk', *s.* a small three masted vessel

Xenophon, xēn'-ō-fōn, *s.* a man's name

Xerxes, zērks ēz, *s.* a Persian king

Xesta, zēs'-tā, *s.* a liquid measure of 29 ounces

Xestes, zēs'-tēs, *s.* a measure above pint [festival]

Xynecia, zī-nē-shyā, *s.* an Athenian

Y

YACHT, yākt', *s.* a small ship with one deck for passengers

Yam, yām', *s.* an esculent American root

Yap, yāp', *s.* a little dog

Yard, yārd', *s.* ground enclosed adjoining to a house, a measure of three feet, support of the sails

Yardarm, yārd'-ārm, *s.* half the yard on either side of a mast

Yardland, yārd'-lānd, *s.* quantity of land from 15 to 40 acres [thread]

Yarn, yārn', *s.* spun wool, woollen

Yanhose, yārn'-hōze, *s.* hose made of yarn [tion]

Yaw, yā', *s.* a zig-zag in a ship's motion, a ship's boat

awn, yā'n, *v. n.* to gape, to open wide awning, yā'-nīng, *a.* sleepy, slumbering

Yclad, y-kīād', *a.* clad, clothed

Cycleped, y-kīēpt', *a.* called, named

Ye, yē', *pron.* your persons in the nominative

Yea, yā', *ad.* yes, surely [sheep]

Yean, yē'n, *v. n.* to bring young, as

Yeening, yēn'-īng, *part.* from Yean

Yeanling, yē'nē-īng, *s.* the young of sheep

Year, yē're, *s.* twelve months

Yearling, yē'r-īng, *a.* being a year old

Yearn, yērn', *v.* to feel great uneasiness, to grieve [in fermentation]

Yeast, yēst', *s.* spume or flower of beer

Yeasty, yēs'-ty, *a.* spumy, frothy

Yelk, yēlk, or Yolk, yō'ke, *s.* the yellow part of an egg

Yell, yēl', *v. n.* to make a howling noise —*s.* a cry of horror [agony]

Yelling, yēl'-īng, *a.* crying out with

Yellow, yēl'-ō, *a.* of a gold colour

Yellowhammer, yēl'-ō-hām-ēr, *s.* a bird

Yellowish, yēl'-ō-īsh, *a.* approaching to yellow

Yellows, yēl'-ōze, *s.* a disease in horses

Yelp, yēlp', *v. n.* to bark as a hound, &c.

Yeoman, yō'-mān, *s.* a freeholder, a gentleman farmer

Yeomanry, yō'-mān-rī, *s.* a collective body of yeomen

Yerk, yērk', *v. a.* to throw out or move with a spring

of beasts, a mark of servitude, a chain, a pair—*v. a.* to couple together, to enslave
 Yokefellow, yō'ke-fel-lō, *s.* companion, a mate
 Yolk, yō'lk, *s. see* Yelk
 Yon, yōn', *a.* that within view
 Yonder, yōn'-dér, *a.* yon
 Yonker, yōn'-kér, *s.* a young person

Yourself, yōr-sel'f, *s.* your
 Youth, yō'th, *s.* tender age, man, young men
 Youthful, yō'th-ful, *a.* young
 Yule, yō'le, *s.* the Christmas
 Yuleblock, yō'le-blōk, *s.* a log placed behind the fire at Christmas
 Yulegame, yō'le-gāme, *s.* a Christmas

Z

ZANY, zā-nŷ, *s.* a silly fellow, merry Andrew, buffoon
 Zeal, zē'le, *s.* passionate ardour, warmth
 Zealot, zē'l-ōt, *s.* one passionately ardent in any cause
 Zealous, zē'l-ūs, *a.* ardently passionate in a cause [mal]
 Zebra, zē'-brā, *s.* a beautiful wild animal
 Zechin, tshē-kē'ne, *s.* a Venetian gold coin worth about nine shillings
 Zenith, zē'-nŷth, *s.* that point in the heavens directly over head
 Zephyr, zēf'-ŷr, or Zephyrus, zēf'-ŷr-ūs, *s.* the west wind; a calm soft wind
 Zest, zēst, *s.* an orange peel cut thin, a relish—*a.* to brighten by adding

Zinc, zīngk, *s.* a semimetal
 Zodiac, zō'-dyāk, *s.* the track through the twelve sign circle of the sphere containing twelve signs
 Zone, zō'ne, *s.* a girdle, a div
 Zoographer, zō-ōg'-rā-fēr, *s.* describes the nature, properties of animals
 Zoography, zō-ōg'-rā-fŷ, *s.* a of animals
 Zoology, zō-ōl'-ō-dzhŷ, *s.* a animals
 Zoophoric, zō-ō-fŷr'-ŷk, *a.* bearing or supporting the animal

ON THE CONSTITUTION OF THE BRITISH ISLES.

ENGLAND

part of Great Britain, which is contiguous to the southern and eastern parts of the island, it is a triangular form, with some irregularities, between the 50th and 55th of north latitude, and between the 2d degree of east and the 6th degree of longitude; and is about 400 miles in length from north to south, and extends towards the south about 350 in breadth, but in the north part, it joins to Scotland, is scarcely 80 miles, and even that is gradually diminished almost to an angular point at Berwick upon Tweed. The German sea to the east, the English channel on the south, and the Irish Sea to the west. On the north-west Solway frith, is the mouth of the Irish sea below Carlisle, separates it from Scotland; and the mouth of the rivers Liddel and Tweed in a north-east direction to Berwick, is the boundary of the two kingdoms now united under the name of Great

Britain. The ancient inhabitants our accounts are very imperfect, before the arrival of the Romans; but the southern parts were then full of people, and, from the names of the different tribes, it seems highly probable, that they had emigrated from various parts of Gaul, and that each colony, as it settled into some form of government, preserved the memory of their origin by this

Comparing the description of Gaul by Cæsar, with the names of these various parts, we can have little doubt in concluding, that the ancient Britons came from Gaul.

The climate of England is more variable than almost any other on the face of the globe. Surrounded almost by the ocean, clouds are continually passing over the land in the vicinity from exhalations of vapours; and no place being distant from the sea more than 130 miles, the greatest uncertainty of weather naturally attends the sea coasts, from fogs and damps, are subject to agues and fevers; whilst the inland parts, which are more elevated, especially the mountainous districts, are not only more fully exposed to the extremes of heat and cold, but to sudden and heavy rains, which produce, rheumatism, &c. The natural attraction of those elevated parts causes the clouds to acquire a great weight: and when, from their agitated state, though by this time highly condensed, the enveloped properties are disturbed by interruption, the mountains, the rains descend with more or less violence as the air has been excited, or as the quantity of moist particles collected in the clouds. And as the soil of these districts is usually of a lighter texture, it is more easily dried up, and in itself less fertile, this natural disadvantage is in a great degree compensated by the more frequent returns of these genial rains, than in the level plains where they have less need of them, from the nature of a deeper soil. Hence, probably, no country in the world, of so small an extent, produces so much essential sustenance for man and beast; and has so justly to boast of continual verdure. The extent of England has been estimated at about 80,870 square miles, and 10 statute acres; and the population of England alone has been lately

estimated at 5,731,424, less than four acres to each individual; and the city of London and county of Middlesex are more than one ten As a manufacturing country also, the produce is beyond all calculation

England is divided into 40 counties or shires; and, since the Norman conquest, for the distribution of justice, into six circuits, to each of which judges are appointed twice a year, except in the northern circuit; the northern counties are only visited in the summer. Local districts also, peculiar jurisdiction by grant or charter from the crown, have power of ministering justice in various cases. The religion of the kingdom is episcopal and the established church is governed by two archbishops and twenty in England, and four in Wales, besides the bishop of Sodor and Man; last does not sit in the house of peers. About sixty archdeacons are appointed to certain districts, to aid the bishops in the government of the church; and in some dioceses rural deans continue to be appointed as to superintend and report the state of the ecclesiastical fabrics, &c. their respective deaneries.

WALES

IS situate on the western side of England, on the Irish sea, being separated from England by irregular county boundaries, nearly from north to south, from near Chester to Cardiff on the Bristol channel, having part of Cheshire, Shropshire, Herefordshire, and Monmouthshire contiguous on the east side, which is longest, it may be about 130 miles; and in breadth east to west, from 40 to 100 miles. The inhabitants anciently were the remains of those Britons who escaped the destruction of the Roman invasion, and, from their mountainous situation, long held an independent position. In climate, it is nearly similar to the mountainous parts of England, and it has a proportionably greater quantity, and consequently is less productive of the necessary sustenance of its people. Its extent has been estimated at 8,125 square miles; and its statute acres at 5,200,000. Its recent population was 41,546, nearly ten acres to each individual. It is divided into North Wales, each having six counties; and, for administration of justice, including Cheshire, is divided into four Grand Sessions, to which some leading counsel of England are appointed, and preside as judges twice in ecclesiastical concerns, it is the same as England, and has four bishops.

SCOTLAND

IS situate, as we have stated, to the north of England, and is on a narrow peninsula washed by the sea, except from Carlisle to Berwick, where it is separated by two rivers, for about 70 miles, or very little more. Generally estimated about 280 miles from north to south, independent of the Orkney islands northward, but is scarcely 200 in breadth any where, without including large islands west of it, and in many places not 100. It is usually divided into the northern and southern inhabitants, of which the river Tay is the dividing line, making the former part much the largest. The northern part has only 10 counties, and is larger; the other twenty-one counties, which are smaller. It is often divided into Highlands and Lowlands; the latter of which affect a different dialect, language and habit, but the former, being more rude and barbarous, gradually conforming to English manners, still retain much of the Irish. The Scottish parliament is now incorporated with the British; but they still retain their Courts of Session and Justiciary, and other establishments for administering justice, according to their former laws. — We meet with but few con-

James, as emigrating colonies, before the time of the Romans. The Picts inhabited the northern part of the island of Britain, consisting of two nations principally; but, after the Scots obtained possession, it was divided into seven parts.

The air is more temperate, even in Scotland, than in similar latitudes on the continent. The sea-breezes contribute highly to this; and the constant winds prevent stagnation, so that epidemic diseases are seldom known, and vegetation is more luxuriant than might have been expected. Yet it is mountainous, as it recedes from the ocean; and the produce of cattle is more attended to than that of tillage, for which the soil is less genial than in England. Yet a spirit of improvement has more recently been diffused among the inhabitants; which abundantly manifest on the richer soils contiguous to the friths.

From the extreme irregularity of this part of Britain, it may be difficult to ascertain its extent; but, including its numerous islands on its north and west, it may be taken at 30,000 square miles, and 19 200,000 statute acres. The population was estimated recently at 1,052,370; but perhaps it may be nearer 1,700,000.

Though the episcopal religion long flourished here, their established kirk is now presbyterian.

IRELAND

Is a detached island, separated from the south-west parts of Scotland, England, and Wales, by the Irish sea, and projects farther west into the Atlantic ocean than any other part of Europe. From the north-east to the south-west, which is the longest direction, it exceeds 300 miles; and from east to west the breadth is generally 180 miles, and in some places less. As an island it partakes so much of the genial nature of England, that it needs only common industry to render it extremely productive in all the comforts of life; and, having fewer mountains, and possessing a rich soil, where industry and science are certain of reward. We may estimate its extent therefore at about 40,000 square miles, and 26,280,000 statute acres. The population has been estimated at 4,000,000, being nearly 6 acres and 3 quarters to each individual. Hence, by cultivation, Ireland, as having fewer barren tracks than the other British possessions, is capable of affording abundant supplies to England.—It is divided into four provinces, each of which contains several counties. The established religion is that of the church of England; and it is governed by 4 archbishops and 12 bishops. The parliament is now incorporated with the British; but they retain all their law courts, and other establishments for the distribution of justice.

The government of all these united kingdoms is a mixture of monarchy, aristocracy, and democracy. Though the executive power is vested solely in the king, who appoints the great officers of state, and many inferior magistrates in the kingdom; the legislative power resides jointly in the king, the lords, and commons, assembled in parliament.

CORRECT LIST

OF

CITIES, BOROUGHS, AND MARKET TOWNS,

IN

England and Wales,

With the Days on which their Markets are held, and their Distance from London in measured miles.

N. B. The figure before a town denotes the number of Members it sends to Parliament.

| | | | |
|-------------------------------------|-----|--|-----|
| Aberconway, Carn. F. | 236 | Banbury, Oxf. Th. | 7 |
| Aberford, Yorksh. W. | 186 | Bangor, Caernar. W. | 25 |
| Abergavenny, Monm. T. | 145 | Barking, Essex, S. | 7 |
| Aberistwith, Card. M. | 210 | Barnardcastle, Durh. W. | 26 |
| Abingdon, Berks. M. F. | 56 | Barnet, Herts. M. | 11 |
| St. Albans, Hertf. W. S. | 41 | Barnesley, Yorksh. S. | 177 |
| Aldborough, Yorksh. | 208 | Barustaple, Devonsh. F. | 192 |
| Aldborough, Suff. W. S. | 94 | Barton, Linc. M. | 164 |
| Alford, Linc. T. | 137 | Basingstoke, Herts. W. | 4 |
| Alfreton, Derbysh. M. | 142 | Battle, Sussex, Th. | 5 |
| Alnwick, Northumb. S. | 311 | Bath, Somers. W. S. | 108 |
| Alresford, Hants. Th. | 57 | Bawtry, Yorksh. S. | 146 |
| Alston Moor, Cumb. S. | 303 | Beaconsfield, Bucks. Th. | 23 |
| Alton, Hants. S. | 47 | Beaumaris, Angles. W. | 246 |
| Altringham, Ches. T. | 180 | Beccles, Suffolk, S. | 105 |
| Ambresbury, Wiltsh. F. | 78 | Bedal, Yorksh. T. | 223 |
| Ambleside, Westmorel. W. | 275 | Bedford, Bedf. T. S. | 48 |
| Amersham, Bucks. T. | 26 | Bedwin, Wilts. | 70 |
| Amphill, Bedf. Th. | 45 | Belford, Northumb. Th. | 232 |
| Andover, Hants. S. | 64 | Bere Regis, Dorsetsh. W. | 111 |
| Appleby, Westmorel. S. | 270 | Bere Alston, Devonsh. | 211 |
| Arundel, Sussex, W. S. | 57 | Berkhamstead, Herts. S. | 2 |
| St. Asaph, Flintsh. S. | 218 | Berkeley, Glouc. W. | 113 |
| Ashbourn, Derbysh. S. | 140 | Berwick, Northumb. S. | 344 |
| Ashburton, Devonsh. T. | 191 | Betley, Staff. T. | 151 |
| Ashby de la Zouch, Leic. S. | 115 | Beverley, Yorksh. W. S. | 184 |
| Ashford, Kent, T. | 53 | Bewdley, Worc. S. | 125 |
| Askrig, Yorksh. Th. | 247 | Bicester, Oxt. F. | 52 |
| Atherstone, Warw. T. | 109 | Biddeford, Dev. T. | 204 |
| Attleborough, Norf. Th. | 94 | Biggleswade, Bedf. T. | 42 |
| Auckland Bish. Durh. Th. | 257 | Bildeston, Suffolk, W. | 67 |
| St. Austle, Corn. S. | 254 | Billerica, Essex, T. | 23 |
| Axbridge, Somers. Th. | 130 | Billingham, Northumb. T. S. | 298 |
| Axminster, Devonsh. S. | 147 | Bingham, Nottingham, Th. | 124 |
| Aylesbury, Bucks. S. | 41 | Bingley, Yorksh. T. | 207 |
| Aylsham, Norf. S. | 121 | Birmingham, Warw. Th. | 116 |
| Bakewell, Derbysh. M. | 152 | Bishop's Castle, Salop. F. | 160 |
| Bala, Merion. S. | 202 | Bishop's Stortford, Essex, Th. | 30 |
| Baldock, Herts. Th. | 37 | Blackburn, Lanc. M. | 210 |
| Bampton, Oxf. W. | 70 | Blandford, Dorsetsh. S. | 103 |
| Bampton, Devonsh. S. | 164 | Bletchingly, Surry | 20 |

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| Bodmin, Cornw. S. | 234 | Cambridge, Camb. T. S. | 51 |
| Bolingbroke, Linc. T. | 129 | Camelford, Cornw. F. | 228 |
| Bolsover, Derbysh. F. | 146 | Canterbury, Kent, W. S. | 55 |
| Bolton, Lanc. M. | 197 | Cardiff, Glam. W. S. | 160 |
| Bourn, Linc. S. | 94 | Cardigan, Card. T. S. | 233 |
| Boroughbridge, Yorksh. S. | 206 | Carlisle, Cumb. S. | 302 |
| Bossiney, Cornw. Th. | 222 | Cartmel, Lanc. M. | 253 |
| Boston, Linc. W. S. | 113 | Castle Carey, Som. T. | 115 |
| Bosworth, Leic. W. | 107 | Castle Rising, Norf. | 109 |
| Bow, Devonsh. Th. | 188 | Castor, Linc. M. | 160 |
| Brackley, Northamp. W. | 64 | Caxton, Camb. T. | 49 |
| Bradfield, Essex, Th. | 63 | Cerne, Dorsetsh. | 120 |
| Bradford, Wiltsh. M. | 100 | Chapel in Frith, Derbysh. Th. | 157 |
| Bradford, Yorksh. Th. | 196 | Chard, Somer. M. | 140 |
| Bradnich, Devonsh. S. | 170 | Chatham, Kent, S. | 30 |
| Braintree, Essex, W. | 40 | Cheadle, Staff. F. | 146 |
| Bramber, Sussex | 52 | Chelmsford, Essex, F. | 29 |
| Brampton, Cumb. T. | 315 | Cheltenham, Glouc. Th. | 95 |
| Brecknock, Breconsh. . F. | 168 | Chepstow, Monm. S. | 131 |
| Brentford, Midd. S. | 7 | Chertsey, Surry, W. | 20 |
| Brewood, Staff. T. | 130 | Chester, Chesh. W. S. | 181 |
| Bridgend, Glam. S. | 179 | Chesterfield, Derbysh. T. | 151 |
| Bridgenorth, Salop. S. | 140 | Chichester, Sussex, W. S. | 63 |
| Bridge water, Som. Th. S. | 139 | Chumleigh, Devonsh. Th. | 194 |
| Bridlington, Yorksh. S. | 205 | Chippenhams, Wiltsh. S. | 93 |
| Bridport, Dorsetsh. S. | 134 | Chipping-norton, Oxf. W. | 74 |
| Brigg, or Glandford-bridge, Lin-
colnshire, Th. | 153 | Chipping-Wycomb, Bucks. F. | 29 |
| Brightelmston, Sussex, Th. | 57 | Christ-church, Hants. M. | 100 |
| Bristol, Somers. W. S. | 113 | Chorley, Lanc. T. | 205 |
| Bromley, Kent, Th. | 10 | Chudleigh, Devonsh. S. | 182 |
| Bromley, Staff. F. | 129 | Church Stretton, Salop. Th. | 169 |
| Bromyard, Heref. T. | 125 | Cirencester, Glouc. M. F. | 88 |
| Bromsgrove, Worcest. T. | 116 | Clare, Suffolk, F. | 56 |
| Brough, Westm. T. | 262 | Clay, Norfolk, S. | 125 |
| Bruton, Somers. S. | 110 | Clebury, Salop. Th. | 137 |
| Buckenham, Norf. S. | 95 | Cliithero, Lanc. S. | 216 |
| Buckingham, Bucks. S. | 56 | Cockermouth, Cumb. M. | 303 |
| Buddesdale, Suffolk, Th. | 86 | Coggeshall, Essex, S. | 44 |
| Bulth, Breck. M. | 173 | Colchester, Essex, S. | 51 |
| Bungay, Suffolk, Th. | 107 | Coleshill, Warw. W. | 104 |
| Buntingford, Heris. M. | 31 | Colford, Glouc. T. | 124 |
| Burford, Oxf. S. | 73 | Colne, Lanc. W. | 217 |
| Burgh, Linc. Th. | 131 | Columb, St. Coraw. Th. | 221 |
| Burnham, Norf. M. S. | 124 | Columpton, Devonsh. S. | 165 |
| Burnley, Lanc. S. | 211 | Congleton, Chesh. S. | 162 |
| Burton Stather, Linc. T. | 161 | Corby, Linc. Th. | 103 |
| Burton on Trent, Staff. Th. | 124 | Corfe castle, Dorsets. Th. | 120 |
| Burton, Westm. Th. | 250 | Coventry, Warw. F. | 92 |
| Bury, Lanc. Th. | 195 | Cowbridge, Glam. T. | 172 |
| Bury St. Edmund's, Suffolk, | 71 | Cranbourn, Dorsetsh. Th. | 92 |
| Caerfili, Glam. Th. | 160 | Cranbrook, Kent, Th. | 48 |
| Caerleon, Monm. Th. | 151 | Cray (St. Mary) Kent, W. | 14 |
| Caernarthen, Caern. W. S. | 217 | Credition, Devonsh. S. | 180 |
| Caernarvon, Carn. S. | 250 | Crewkerne, Som. S. | 132 |
| Caerweis, Flintsh. T. | 120 | Crickhowel, Breck. Th. | 154 |
| Cale, Wilt. T. | 87 | Cricklade, Wiltsh. S. | 83 |
| | | Cromer, Norf. S. | 128 |

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|-------------------------------------|-----|-------------------------------------|-----|
| Crowland, Linc. S. | 89 | Exeter, Devonsh. W. F. | 17 |
| Crowle, Linc. M. | 165 | Eye, Suff. S. | 9 |
| Croydon, Surry. S. | 10 | Fairford, Glouc. Th. | 7 |
| Cuckfield, Sussex, T. | 39 | Fakenham, Norf. Th. | 10 |
| Culliton, Devonsh. Th. | 150 | Falmouth, Corw. Th. | 26 |
| Dalton, Lanc. S. | 266 | Fareham, Hants. W. | 7 |
| Darling, Surry, Th. | 23 | Farnham, Surry, Th. | 3 |
| Darlington, Durh. M. | 243 | Faringdon, Berks. T. | 6 |
| Dartford, Kent, S. | 15 | Fenny Stratford, Bucks, M. | 4 |
| Dartmouth, Devonsh. F. | 203 | Feversham, Kent. W. S. | 4 |
| Daventry, Northamp. W. | 73 | Fishgard, Pembrokesh. F. | 23 |
| Deal, Kent, Th. | 73 | Flint, Flintshire | 20 |
| Dean, Mitchel, Glouc. M. | 116 | Folkington, Lin. Th. | 10 |
| Debenham, Suff. F. | 83 | Folkstone, Kent, Th. | 7 |
| Deddington, Oxf. S. | 70 | Fording-bridge, Hants. S. | 9 |
| Deeping, Market, Linc. Th. | 86 | Fowey, or Foy, Cornw. S. | 23 |
| Derham, Norf. F. | 101 | Framlingham, Suff. S. | 8 |
| Denbigh, Denbysh. W. | 218 | Frodsham, Chesh. | 19 |
| Derby, Derbysh. F. | 126 | Frome, Som. W. | 10 |
| Devizes, Wiltsh. Th. | 88 | Gainsborough, Linc. T. | 14 |
| Dinasmouthy, Merion. F. | 202 | Garstang, Lanc. Th. | 22 |
| Diss, Norf. F. | 90 | Gatton, Surry | 1 |
| Dodbrooke, Devonsh. | 219 | German's, St. Corw. F. | 22 |
| Dolgelly, Merion. T. | 211 | Gisborough, Yorksh. M. | 24 |
| Doncaster, Yorksh. S. | 160 | Glanford-briggs, Linc. Th. | 13 |
| Donnington, Linc. S. | 136 | Glastonbury, Somer. T. | 13 |
| Dorchester, Dorsets. S. | 120 | Gloucester, Gl. W. S. | 10 |
| Dover, Kent, W. S. | 71 | Godalmin, Surry, S. | 34 |
| Downham, Norf. S. | 84 | Gosport, Hants, S. | 71 |
| Downton, Wiltsh. | 87 | Grampound, Cornw. S. | 26 |
| Drayton, Salop. | 160 | Grantham, Linc. S. | 107 |
| Driffield, Yorksh. Th. | 193 | Gravesend, Kent, W. S. | 25 |
| Droitwich, Worc. F. | 118 | Grays, Essex, Th. | 2 |
| Dudley, Worc. S. | 127 | Greenwich, Kent, W. S. | 1 |
| Dulverton, Somers. S. | 166 | Grimsbay, Great, Linc. | 164 |
| Dunmow, Essex, S. | 38 | Grimstead, East, Suss. Th. | 2 |
| Dunton, Linc. S. | 106 | Guildford, Surry, S. | 3 |
| Dunsable, Bedf. W. | 34 | Hadley, Suff. M. | 6 |
| Dunster, Somer. F. | 160 | Halesworth, Suff. T. | 104 |
| Dunwich, Suff. S. | 100 | Halifax, Yorsh. S. | 194 |
| Durham, Durh. S. | 260 | Hallaton, Leicestersh. Th. | 9 |
| Dursley, Glouc. Th. | 108 | Halstead, Essex, F. | 4 |
| East Grinstead, Sussex, Th. | 28 | Harborough, Leicestersh. T. | 8 |
| East Ilsley, Berks. | 54 | Harleigh, Merion. S. | 23 |
| East Loos, Cornw. S. | 231 | Harieston, Norf. T. | 100 |
| Eccleshall, Staff. F. | 149 | Harling, Norf. T. | 9 |
| Edgeware, Midd. Th. | 8 | Harlow, Essex, S. | 24 |
| Edinburgh, Edin. Daily | 398 | Hartland, Devon. S. | 217 |
| Egremont, Cumb. S. | 280 | Hartlepoole, Durham, S. | 261 |
| Eleham, Kent, M. | 65 | Harwich, Essex, T. | 71 |
| Ellesmere, Salop, T. | 176 | Haslemere, Surry, T. | 4 |
| Eltham, Kent, M. | 8 | Haslingden, Lanc. W. | 20 |
| Ely, Camb. S. | 67 | Hastings, Sussex, W. S. | 6 |
| Epping, Essex, F. | 17 | Hatfield, Essex, S. | 3 |
| Easingwold, Yorksh. F. | 208 | Hatfield, Herts. Th. | 1 |
| Evesham, Worc. M. | 96 | Hatherly, Devonsh. F. | 204 |
| Exwell, Surry, Th. | 13 | Havant, Hants. S. | 6 |

| | | | |
|--------------------------------------|-----|---|-----|
| Haverfordwest, Pem. T. S. | 266 | Kimbolton, Hunt. F. | 64 |
| Haverhill, Suff. W. | 59 | Kineton, Warw. T. | 83 |
| Hawkeshead, Lanc. M. | 274 | Kingston, Surry, S. | 10 |
| Haysham, Sussex, S. | 50 | Kirby Lonsdale, Westm. Th. | 231 |
| Hay, Brecknocksh. S. | 157 | Kirby Moorside, Yorksh. W. | 224 |
| Haywood Great, Staff. S. | 131 | Kirby Stephen, Westm. M. | 263 |
| Heydon, Yorksh. Th. | 180 | Kirkham, Lanc. T. | 226 |
| Helmsley, Yorksh. S. | 218 | Kirk-owald, Cumb. Th. | 292 |
| Helston, Cornw. M. | 276 | Kirton-Lindsey, Linc. S. | 147 |
| Hemel Hemsted, Herts. Th. | 23 | Knaresborough, Yorksh. W. | 206 |
| Henley, Ox. W. F. S. | 35 | Knighton, Radn. Th. | 156 |
| Henly, Warw. T. | 261 | Knutsford, Chesh. S. | 173 |
| Hewreford, Heref. S. | 136 | Kyneton, or Kington, Heref. W. | 166 |
| Hertford, Herts. S. | 21 | Lancaster, Lanc. S. | 239 |
| Hexham, Northumb. T. | 233 | Launceston, Cornw. S. | 213 |
| Heytesbury, Wilts. | 23 | Langport, Somers. S. | 130 |
| Higham Ferrers, Northamp. S. | 65 | Lavinton, Wilts. W. | 90 |
| Highworth, Wilts. W. | 76 | Lechlade, Glouc. T. | 73 |
| High Wycomb, Bucks. F. | 29 | Ledbury, Herefordsh. T. | 121 |
| Hindon, Wilts. Th. | 96 | Leeds, Yorks. T. S. | 192 |
| Hingham, Norf. S. | 98 | Leek, Staff. W. | 155 |
| Hinckley, Leic. M. | 109 | Leicester, Leicestersh. S. | 92 |
| Hitchin, Herts. T. | 34 | Leighton Buzzard, Bedf. T. | 44 |
| Hoddesdon, Herts. Th. | 17 | Lenham, Kent, T. | 46 |
| Holbeach, Linc. Th. | 165 | Leominster, Heref. F. | 137 |
| Holme, Westm. S. | 252 | Leskard, Cornw. S. | 222 |
| Holt, Norf. S. | 120 | Leostoff, Suffolk, W. | 114 |
| Holywell, Flintsh. F. | 209 | Lestwithiel, Cornw. F. | 246 |
| Honiton, Devonsh. S. | 156 | Lewes, Sussex, S. | 49 |
| Hornby, Lanc. M. | 249 | Lincoln, Linc. F. | 132 |
| Horncastle, Linc. S. | 134 | Linton, Camb. Th. | 48 |
| Hornsey, Yorksh. M. | 193 | Litchfield, Staff. T. F. | 119 |
| Horsham, Sussex, S. | 36 | Liverpool, Lanc. S. | 206 |
| Houlsworthy, Devonsh. S.] | 214 | Llanbeder, Card. T. | 204 |
| Hounslow, Midd. Th. | 9 | Llanelli, Caerm. Th. | 221 |
| Howden, Yorksh. S. | 176 | Llangollen, Denb. S. | 192 |
| Hull, Yorksh. T. S. | 171 | Llangadock, Caerm. Th. | 189 |
| Hungerford, Berks. W. | 64 | Llangharn, Caerm. W. S. | 233 |
| Huntingdon, Hunt. S. | 59 | Llanydlos, Montg. S. | 190 |
| Huddersfield, Yorksh. T. | 188 | Llanrwst, Denb. T. | 226 |
| Hythe, Kent, S. | 65 | Llantrissant, Glam. F. | 171 |
| Icheater, Som. W. | 192 | Llanvelling, Montg. T. | 186 |
| Ilfracombe, Devonsh. S. | 265 | Lloddon, Norf. F. | 113 |
| Ilminster, Somers. S. | 136 | Longtown, Cumb. Th. | 311 |
| Ilstley, Berksh. W. | 54 | Loughborough, Leic. Th. | 110 |
| Ipswich, Suff. W. F. S. | 69 | Louth, Linc. W. S. | 144 |
| Ireky, Cumb. Th. | 303 | Ludlow, Salop. M. | 143 |
| Ives, St. Cornw. S. | 277 | Luggershal, Wilts. | 71 |
| Ives, St. Huntingd. M. | 59 | Luton, Bedf. M. | 31 |
| Ixworth, Suffolk, F. | 77 | Lutterworth, Leic. Th. | 90 |
| Keighly Yorksh. W. | 210 | Lydd, Kent, Th. | 78 |
| Kellington, Cornw. W. | 214 | Lymington, Hanst. S. | 96 |
| Kendal, Westm. S. | 263 | Lynn Regis, or King's Lynn,
Norfolk, T. S. | 95 |
| Keswick, Cumb. S. | 291 | Macclesfield, Cheshire, M. | 162 |
| Kettering, Northamp. S. | 75 | Machynleth, Montg. M. | 206 |
| Kidderminster, Worc. Th. | 126 | Maidenhead, Berks. W. | 22 |
| Kidwelly, Caerm. T. | 227 | | |

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|---|-----|---|-----|
| Maldstone, Kent, Th. | 35 | Newport, Pemb. S. | 140 |
| Malden, Essex, S. | 38 | Newport, Salop. S. | 140 |
| Malling, Kent, S. | 29 | Newport Pagnel, Bucks. S. | 51 |
| Malmsbury, Wilts. S. | 95 | Newton Bushel, Devon. W. | 107 |
| Malpas, Chesh. M. | 166 | Newton, Lanc. S. | 105 |
| Malton, Yorksh. S. | 213 | Newton, Hants. | 94 |
| Manchester, Lanc. S. | 186 | Newtown, Montg. S. | 174 |
| Manningtree, Essex, Th. | 60 | Neyland, Essex, F. | 57 |
| Mausfield, Nottingh. Th. | 139 | Northallerton, Yorksh. W. | 236 |
| March, Camb. F. | 81 | Northampton, Northamp. S. | 65 |
| Margate, Kent, W. S. | 72 | North Curry, Somers. T. S. | 130 |
| Market Rasen, Linc. T. | 151 | Northlech, Glouc. W. | 80 |
| Marlborough, Wilts. S. | 74 | Northwich, Chesh. F. | 170 |
| Mariow, Bucks, S. | 31 | Norwich, Norfolk, W. F. S. | 113 |
| Marshfield, Glouc. T. | 102 | Nottingham, Nottingh. W. S. | 125 |
| Masham, Yorksh. T. | 224 | Nuneaton, Warw. S. | 106 |
| Mawes, St. Cornw. | 272 | Oakingham, or Workingham, Berks. T. | 32 |
| Melcomb Regis, Dorset. T. F. | 127 | Odiham, Hants. S. | 46 |
| Melton Mowbray, Lec. T. | 104 | Oakham, Rutl. S. | 95 |
| Melford Long, Suffolk, T. | 58 | Oakhampton, Devon. S. | 125 |
| Mendlesham, Suffolk, T. | 80 | Ongar, Essex, S. | 21 |
| Mere, Wilts. T. | 101 | Orford, Suffolk, M. | 80 |
| Methwold, Norfolk, T. | 84 | Ormskirk, Lanc. T. | 230 |
| Michael, St. Cornw. | 250 | Orton, Westm. W. | 57 |
| Middleham, Yorksh. M. | 232 | Oswestry, Salop, W. | 120 |
| Middlewich, Chesh. T. | 167 | Otley, Yorksh. T. | 202 |
| Midhurst, Sussex, Th. | 51 | Ottery, St. Mary, Devon. T. | 164 |
| Milbourn Port, Somers. | 114 | Oulney, Bucks. M. | 26 |
| Mildenhall, Suffolk, F. | 79 | Oundle, Northamp. S. | 77 |
| Milton, Kent, S. | 40 | Oxford, Oxf. W. F. S. | 55 |
| Minching Hampton, Glouc. T. | 98 | Padstow, Cornw. S. | 243 |
| Minehead, Somers. W. | 162 | Painswick, Glouc. T. | 100 |
| Mitchel Dean, Glouc. M. | 116 | Pattingham, Yorksh. S. | 120 |
| Modbury, Devon. Th. | 207 | Pembroke, Heref. T. | 150 |
| Monmouth, Monm. S. | 129 | Pembroke, Pemb. S. | 230 |
| Montgomery, Montg. T. | 168 | Penkridge, Staff. T. | 130 |
| Mount Sorrel, Leic. M. | 105 | Penrith, Cumb. T. | 283 |
| Moreton Haun, Devon. S. | 184 | Penrice, Glam. Th. | 218 |
| Morpeth, Northumb. W. | 292 | Penryn, Cornw. W. F. S. | 265 |
| Namptwich, Chesh. S. | 165 | Penzance, Corn. T. | 290 |
| Narbeth, Pemb. W. | 254 | Pershore, Worc. T. | 166 |
| Neath, Glam. S. | 197 | Peterborough, Northampton. S. | 77 |
| Needham, Norfolk, W. | 174 | Petersfield, Hants. S. | 55 |
| Neot's, St. Hunt. Th. | 56 | Petherton, S. Somers. T. | 129 |
| Netherstow, Somers. T. | 147 | Petworth, Sussex, S. | 50 |
| ewark, Nottingh. W. | 124 | Pickering, Yorksh. M. | 221 |
| Newburgh, Anglesea. T. | 257 | Plymouth, Devon. M. Th. S. | 215 |
| Newbury, Berks. Th. | 56 | Plympton, Devon. S. | 211 |
| Newcastle, Northumb. T. S. | 276 | Pocklington, Yorksh. S. | 192 |
| Newcastle-under-Line, Staff. M. | 150 | Pontefract, Yorksh. S. | 177 |
| Newcastle, Caerm. M. | 223 | Ponty Pool, Monm. S. | 150 |
| New Inn, Caerm. S. | 249 | Poole, Dorset. M. | 206 |
| Newmarket, Camb. Th. | 61 | Portsmouth, Hants. Th. S. | 73 |
| Newnham, Glouc. F. | 116 | Potton, Bedf. S. | 46 |
| Newport, Hants. W. S. | 97 | Poulton, Lanc. M. | 225 |
| Newport, Cornw. S. | 214 | Prescott, Lanc. T. | 20 |
| ewport, Monm. S. | 147 | | |

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|--------------------------------|-----|---|-----|
| sign, Radn. S. | 152 | Sidmouth, Devon. S. | 159 |
| on. Lanc. W. F. S. | 217 | Skipton, Yorkshire, S. | 217 |
| ord, Salop, Th. | 138 | Sleaford, Linc. M. | 111 |
| borough, Kent, M. Th. | 45 | Smarden, Kent, F. | 37 |
| or, New, Radn. Th. | 159 | Snaith, Yorkshire, F. | 171 |
| ey, Huntingd. S. | 68 | Snettisham, Norfolk, F. | 117 |
| gate, Kent, W. S. | 74 | Sodbury, Gloucestershire, Th. | 108 |
| glass, Cumb. S. | 277 | Soham, Camb. S. | 69 |
| gh, Essex, S. | 34 | Somerton, Somers. T. | 126 |
| ing, Berks, S. | 39 | Southam, Warw. M. | 83 |
| ith, Cornw. T. F. | 203 | Southampton, Hants. T. Th. S. | 77 |
| am, Norfolk, S. | 112 | South Molton, Devons. S. | 179 |
| rd, East, Nottingh. S. | 145 | South Petherton, Somers. T. | 136 |
| adergowry, Rad. W. | 178 | Southwell, Nottinghamsh. S. | 129 |
| nond, Yorksh. S. | 233 | Southwold, Suffolk, Th. | 106 |
| nansworth, Hertf. S. | 18 | Spalding, Linc. T. | 97 |
| ood, Hants. W. | 91 | Spilsby, Linc. M. | 130 |
| y, Yorksh. F. | 206 | Speen, Berks, M. | 37 |
| on, Yorksh. Th. | 224 | Stafford, Staff. S. | 142 |
| rough, Bucks, S. | 37 | Staines, Middlesex, F. | 16 |
| iale, Lanc. T. | 198 | Stalbridge, Dorset. T. | 113 |
| ster, Kent, F. | 29 | Stamford, Linc. M. F. | 86 |
| ford, Essex, Th. | 40 | Standon, Hertf. F. | 27 |
| ingham, Northamp. Th. | 84 | Stanhope, Durham, T. | 266 |
| Heref. Th. | 121 | Stanley, Glouc. S. | 104 |
| raham, Yorksh. M. | 159 | Stevenage, Hertfordshire, W. | 31 |
| well, Northamp. M. | 78 | Steyning, Sussex, W. | 51 |
| on, Hertf. W. | 38 | Stockbridge, Hants. Th. | 66 |
| y, Warw. S. | 85 | Stockport, Cheshire, F. | 180 |
| ly, Staff. T. | 127 | Stockton, Durham, W. | 248 |
| ford, Essex, T. W. | 12 | Stokesley, Yorkshire, S. | 236 |
| ey, New, Kent, Th. | 71 | Stone, Staffordshire, T. | 141 |
| ey, Hants. S. | 73 | Stoney Stratford, Bucks. F. | 53 |
| in, Denb. S. | 211 | Stow, Gloucestershire, Th. | 82 |
| Sussex, W. S. | 63 | Stowmarket, Suffolk, Th. | 73 |
| ate, Surry, T. | 21 | Stowey, Somersetshire, T. | 147 |
| n, Walden, Essex, S. | 42 | Stratford-upon-Avon, Warw. Th. | 94 |
| ury, Wilts. T. S. | 81 | Stratton, Cornw. T. | 221 |
| th, Cornw. S. | 220 | Stretton Church, Salop. Th. | 159 |
| ret, Linc. S. | 160 | Stroud, Gloucestershire, F. | 101 |
| ach, Chesh. Th. | 162 | Stroud, Kent, F. | 98 |
| rich, Kent, W. S. | 68 | Stourbridge, Worcestershire, F. | 125 |
| n, Old, Wilts. | 83 | Sturminster, Dorsetshire, Th. | 111 |
| undham, Suffolk, Th. | 90 | Sudbury, Suffolk, S. | 55 |
| orough, Yorksh. Th. | 235 | Sunderland, Durham, F. | 275 |
| rd, Sussex | 63 | Sutton Coldfield, Warw. M. | 112 |
| , Yorksh. M. | 178 | Swaffham, Norfolk, S. | 93 |
| , Yorksh. T. | 233 | Swansea, Glam. W. S. | 206 |
| oaks, Kent, S. | 24 | Swindon, Wilts. M. | 82 |
| sbury, Dorset. S. | 101 | Tadcaster, Yorkshire, Th. | 185 |
| eld, Yorkshire, T. | 167 | Tamworth, Staffordshire, S. | 117 |
| on Mallet, Somers. F. | 115 | Tattershall, Linc. F. | 125 |
| orne, Dorset. Th. S. | 117 | Tavistock, Devonshire, S. | 205 |
| urn, Yorksh. S. | 179 | Taunton, Somersetshire, W. S. | 144 |
| on, Worc. F. | 83 | Tenbury, Worcestershire, T. | 124 |
| ham, Sussex, S. | 56 | Tenby, Pembrokehire, W. S. | 204 |
| rsbury, Salop. | 155 | Tenterden, Kent, F. | 204 |

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| Tetbury, Gloucestershire, W. | 98 | Wells, Somersetshire | |
| Tewkesbury, Gloucestershire, W. S. | 104 | Wells, Norfolk, S. | |
| Thame, Oxford, T. | 43 | Wem, Salop. Th. | |
| Thaxted, Essex, F. | 46 | Wendover, Bucks. I | |
| Thetford, Norfolk, S. | 80 | Wenlock, Salop. M. | |
| Thorne, Yorkshire, W. | 163 | Weobly, Herefordshire | |
| Thornbury, Gloucestershire, S. | 124 | Westbury, Wilts. | |
| Thrapston, Northamp. T. | 75 | West Looe, Cornwall | |
| Thirsk, Yorkshire, M. | 236 | Westerham, Kent, V | |
| Tickhill, Yorkshire, F. | 152 | Wetherby, Yorkshire | |
| Tideswell, Derbyshire, W. | 160 | Weymouth, Dorset | |
| Tiverton, Devonshire, T. | 165 | Whitby, Yorkshire, | |
| Topsham, Devonshire, S. | 170 | Whitchurch, Hants. | |
| Torrington, Devonshire, S. | 194 | Whitchurch, Salop. | |
| Totness, Devonshire, S. | 195 | Whitehaven, Cumbe | |
| Towcester, Northamp. T. | 61 | Wickware, Gloucester | |
| Tregarron, Card. Th. | 204 | Wigan, Lanc. M. F. | |
| Tregony, Cornwall, S. | 202 | Wigton, Cumberland | |
| Tring, Hertf. F. | 32 | Wilton, Wiltshire, | |
| Trowbridge, Wilts. S. | 98 | Wimbourn, Dorsets | |
| Truro, Cornwall, W. S. | 257 | Wincanton, Somerset | |
| Tunbridge, Kent, F. | 30 | Winchcomb, Gloucester | |
| Tutbury, Staffordshire, T. | 122 | Winchelsea, Sussex | |
| Tuxford, Nottingham, M. | 134 | Winchester, Hants. | |
| Ulverston, Lanc. M. | 260 | Wymondham, Norfolk | |
| Uppingham, Rutlandshire, W. | 80 | Windsor, Berks, S. | |
| Upton, Worcestershire, Th. | 169 | Winslow, Bucks, T. | |
| Uske, Monmouthshire, M. | 144 | Winstar, Derbyshire | |
| Uttoxeter, Staffordshire, W. | 137 | Wirksworth, Derby | |
| Uxbridge, Middlesex, Th. | 15 | Wisbeach, Cambs. S. | |
| Wainfleet, Linc. S. | 123 | Wiston, Camb. S. | |
| Wakefield, Yorkshire, Th. F. | 182 | Witham, Essex, T. | |
| Walden Saffron, Essex, S. | 42 | Witney, Oxfordshire | |
| Wallingford, Berks. T. F. | 45 | Wivelscomb, Somerset | |
| Walsall, Staffordshire, T. | 117 | Woburn, Bedfordshire | |
| Walsham, Norfolk, Th. | 124 | Woodbridge, Suffolk | |
| Walsingham, Norfolk, F. | 113 | Woodstock, Oxford | |
| Waltham-abbey, Essex, T. | 12 | Wooler, Northumbria | |
| Waltham, Leicestershire, Th. | 109 | Woolhampton, Berks | |
| Ware, Hertfordshire, T. | 21 | Woolwich, Kent, F. | |
| Wareham, Dorsetshire, S. | 115 | Worcester, Worcester | |
| Warminster, Wilts. | 97 | Worsop, Nottingham | |
| Warrington, Lanc. W. | 185 | Wotton under Edge | |
| Warwick, Warwick, S. | 92 | Wotton Bassett, Wilts | |
| Watchet, Somersetshire, S. | 156 | Wrexham, Denb. M | |
| Watford, Herts. T. | 15 | Wrotham, Kent | |
| Watlington, Oxfordshire, S. | 46 | Wycomb, Bucks, F. | |
| Watton, Norfolk, W. | 91 | Wye, Kent, Th. | |
| Weighton, Yorkshire, W. | 188 | Yarmouth, Hants. I | |
| Welsh-pool, Montg. M. | 177 | Yarmouth, Norfolk | |
| Weldon, Northamp. W. | 84 | Yaxley, Hunt. T. | |
| Wellingborough, Northamp. W. | 68 | Yeovil, Somersetshire | |
| Wellington, Somersetshire, Th. | 147 | York, Yorkshire, T. | |

N. B. These distances are reckoned from the Surrey side of or of Westminster Bridge, from Hyde Park Corner, from Holborn Bars and St. Giles's Pound, from Ficks's Hall Church, and from Whitechapel Church, on the respective

CHRONOLOGICAL TABLE:

*giving the most interesting Events in the History of the World,
from the Creation to the present time.*

| | B.C. | | A.C. |
|---|------|--|------|
| ation | 4008 | Jerusalem taken and utterly destroyed | |
| ge, or Noah's flood | 2352 | by Vespasian and Titus | 70 |
| new monarchy founded, according to some historians | 2207 | Pompeii and Herculaneum overwhelmed by an eruption of Vesuvius. Pliny the elder dies | 79 |
| ing of Abraham | 1985 | Agriicola builds his wall between the Forth and the Clyde | 85 |
| orn | 1571 | Adrian builds a wall between Newcastle and Carlisle | 121 |
| found the kingdom of Athens | 1556 | Silk first brought from India | 276 |
| carries Phœnician letters into | 1493 | Wines first made in Britain | 276 |
| ilt | 1252 | The Franks, a German nation, settle in Gaul, which from thence was called France | 277 |
| ounded by the Tyrians | 1223 | Observation of Sunday enjoined under Constantine, the first Christian emperor of Rome | 321 |
| ion of Troy | 1184 | Constantine removes the seat of empire from Rome to Byzantium, thence called Constantinople | 328 |
| on of Solomon's Temple at | 1008 | Roman empire divided into eastern and western | 364 |
| dom of Israel divided | 979 | Europe overrun by the Goths under Alaric | 401 |
| ie Olympiads began | 776 | France formed into a kingdom under Pharamond | 420 |
| ie building of Rome | 753 | City of Venice founded | 452 |
| the proud, the last king of expelled | 502 | The Mahometan era of the Hegira or flight of Mahomet from Mecca begins | 622 |
| expedition against Greece | 481 | England invaded by the Danes | 653 |
| stores Jerusalem, seventy years, or 490 years before the birth of our Saviour | 458 | Glass first brought to England | 663 |
| ory of the Old Testament about | 430 | The Britons subdued by the Saxons | 685 |
| er the Great born | 356 | Computations from the birth of Christ used in history | 743 |
| first erected in Rome | 293 | Charlemagne founds the western empire | 800 |
| s of Alexandria began his era, he first who ascertained the year to consist of 365 days, 5 and 49 minutes | 285 | Juries instituted in England | 979 |
| Punic war began | 264 | Arithmetical cyphers brought into Europe by Saracens; letters of the alphabet had hitherto been used | 991 |
| l invades Italy over the Alps | 210 | Paper made of cotton rags in use | 1000 |
| vented in China | 173 | Danes finally driven out of Scotland | 1040 |
| Library formed in Rome | 168 | The conquest of England by William Duke of Normandy | 1066 |
| and Carthage destroyed by | 146 | The Tower of London built by him | 1080 |
| of the Apocrypha ends | 135 | First crusade for the recovery of the Holy Land | 1096 |
| ear's first descent in Britain | 55 | Henry II. of England gains possession of Ireland | 1172 |
| feats Pompey at Pharsalia | 48 | Glass windows in private houses in England | 1180 |
| ordered by Brutus and other | 44 | A conjunction of all the planets at sunrise, 16th September | 1186 |
| our of the World born | 5 | Magna Charta signed by King John | 1215 |
| mon Christian era, as settled | | Astronomy and geography revived by the Moors of Spain | 1220 |
| nyasia, began on the 1st of | | Commons of England first summoned to parliament | 1265 |
| y, Christ being then 4 years | | | |
| idied at Nola, August 19, and | | | |
| ceeded by Tiberius. A cen- | | | |
| ome, 4,037,000 | | | |
| at baptized by John | | | |
| s at Jerusalem in the 38th | | | |
| his age | | | |
| Cæsar's expedition to Britain | | | |
| became a Roman station | | | |
| ity said to be introduced into | | | |

| | | |
|--|------|---|
| Parliament regularly held from this year, being the 22nd of Edward I. | 1293 | Union of Kingdoms of Scotland |
| Turkish empire founded by Ottoman | 1298 | New style introduced into |
| Mariner's compass improved by Giotto of Assisi | 1302 | Society for encouragement of manufactures, &c., estd London |
| Gunpowder made by a monk at Cologne | 1320 | Cook returns from his 1 round the world |
| Gold first coined in England by Edward III. | 1344 | United States of North declare themselves independent |
| Edward III. had four pieces of cannon at Cressy | 1345 | Dr. Herschel discovers called by his name |
| Cook first brought to London | 1357 | Dr. Herschel discovers Satellites |
| Wickliffe the English reformer flourished | 1369 | Revolution in France begins |
| Bills of Exchange first used in England | 1381 | King of France deposed |
| The Papal power and authority abolished in England, by act of Parliament | 1391 | United Parliament of Great Britain met for the 1st time on the 22nd of January |
| Canary Islands discovered by a Norman | 1405 | Restoration of Louis 18th between France and |
| Painting in oil invented at Bruges by John Van Eyck | 1410 | Wars , 1st of May |
| Algebra introduced into Europe | 1412 | Peace proclaimed in London |
| Printing invented by Lawrence of Harlem, who died in | 1440 | Battle of Waterloo , June |
| Constantinople taken by the Turks; Greek empire ends | 1453 | The Princess Charlotte died |
| Glass manufactured in England | 1477 | King George the 3rd died |
| Engraving and etching on copper about | 1477 | January 29th |
| Printing brought to England by Caxton | 1471 | George the 4th Crowned in Westminster Abbey, July 19th |
| The Cape of Good Hope discovered by Vasco da Gama | 1488 | George the 4th visits Scotland |
| America discovered by Colon or Columbus | 1492 | The first stone of the New Bridge laid, June 15th |
| Portuguese sail to India round the Cape of Good Hope | 1492 | His Royal Highness Frederick of York, died January 5 |
| Shillings first coined in England | 1497 | Foundation Stone of London City laid, April 30th |
| Martin Luther began the Reformation | 1517 | Catholic Emancipation |
| First voyage round the world by Magellan's ships | 1519 | George the 4th died, June |
| Reformation introduced into England | 1531 | William the 1st proclaimed |
| Reformation completed in Scotland by John Knox | 1560 | Revolution in France , July |
| Pope Gregory reforms the calendar | 1562 | Return Bill received the sanction |
| Tobacco first brought to England from Virginia | 1583 | Cholera |
| Mary Queen of Scotland beheaded by Elizabeth | 1587 | Sir Walter Scott died 21st |
| Telescopes invented in Germany | 1590 | First reformed Parliament |
| Decimal Arithmetic invented at Bruges | 1602 | West India Slave Emancipation passed |
| Union of the crowns of England and Scotland | 1603 | Poor Laws Amendment |
| Galileo of Florence discovers Jupiter's satellites | 1610 | the House of Commons |
| Circulation of the blood , established by Harvey: this had been suggested in France in 1553 | 1619 | Both Houses of Parliament by fire |
| Barbadoes the first British settlement | 1625 | Municipal Corporation Bill |
| Restoration of Charles II. on the 29th of May | 1660 | Dreadful Earthquake at (Russia) |
| Tea first used in England | 1666 | Victoria comes of age, May |
| Newtonian philosophy published | 1686 | William the 4th dies |
| Revolution began on the 5th November | 1688 | Victoria proclaimed |
| Land-tax enacted in England | 1689 | American Banks suspended |
| Bayonet first used by the French | 1793 | June |
| Bank of England established | 1693 | Victoria crowned in Westminster Abbey, June 28th |
| | | Total Abolition of Slavery in British Colonies, August |
| | | Insurrection in Canada |
| | | Aden in Arabia taken by force, January 1840 |

| A.C. | | | |
|------|---|------|--|
| 1839 | British, under Major-General Sir Charles Napier | 1843 | |
| 1839 | The Thames Tunnel opened | 1843 | |
| 1839 | Disruption of the Church of Scotland | 1843 | |
| 1840 | Treaty with China ratified | 1843 | |
| 1840 | Queen Victoria and Prince Albert visit the King of the French, and the King of the Belgians | 1843 | |
| 1840 | The Emperor of Russia visits London | 1844 | |
| 1840 | Death of Thomas Campbell, the Poet, at Boulogne-sur-Mer | 1846 | |
| 1840 | The King of the French visits Queen Victoria | 1844 | |
| 1840 | Annexation of Texas with the United States | 1845 | |
| 1841 | The Sikh army destroyed by the British, under Sir Hugh Gough | 1840 | |
| 1841 | Repeal of the Corn Law passed both Houses and becomes Law | 1847 | |
| 1841 | French Revolution | 1848 | |
| 1841 | Dethronement of the King of the French | 1848 | |
| 1841 | French Republic formed | 1848 | |
| 1842 | Louis Napoleon, 1st President of France | 1849 | |
| 1842 | Chartist Agitation in England | 1848 | |
| 1842 | Troubled State of the German Empire | 1849 | |
| 1843 | Insurrection of the Sikhs, their entire defeat and subjugation | 1849 | |
| 1843 | Capture of Mooltan | 1849 | |
| | Repeal of the Navigation Laws | 1849 | |

DIRECTIONS FOR ADDRESSING PERSONS OF RANK,

8c., 8c.

1. In Letters or Conversation. 2 The Directions of Letters.

THE ROYAL FAMILY.

TO THE KING—
 Sir, or Sir; Most Gracious Sovereign;
 May it please your Majesty.
 To the King's Most Excellent Majesty.
TO THE QUEEN—
 Madam; Most Gracious Sovereign;
 May it please your Majesty.
 To the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty.
 To Her Majesty's Sons and Daughters, Brothers and Sisters of Sovereigns—
 Sir, or Madam, May it please your Royal Highness.
 To His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales.
 To Her Royal Highness the Duchess of Gloucester.
Other Branches of the Royal Family.
 Sir, or Madam, May it please your Royal Highness.
 To His Highness the Duke of Cambridge;
 To Her Highness the Princess Sophia of Gloucester.

THE NOBILITY.

A Duke, or Duchess—
 1. My Lord, or My Lady, May it please your Grace.
 2. To His Grace the Duke of Beaufort; or, to her Grace the Duchess of Beaufort.
A Marquis, or Marchioness—
 1. My Lord, or My Lady, May it please your Lordship, or May it please your Ladyship.
 2. To the Most Noble the Marquess of Cornwall.
An Earl or Countess—the same.
To the Right Honourable the Earl or Countess of Carlisle.
A Viscount or Viscountess—
 1. My Lord, or My Lady, May it please your Lordship, or, May it please your Ladyship.
To the Right Honourable Viscount or Viscountess of Hood.
A Baron or Baroness—the same.
To the Right Honourable the Baron or Baroness of Cathcart

OFFICIAL MEMBERS OF THE STATE.

A Member of Her Majesty's Most Hon. Privy Council:—

1. Sir, or My Lord, Right Honourable Sir, or My Lord; as the case may require.
2. To the Right Honourable George Canning, Her Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs.

AMBASSADORS AND GOVERNORS UNDER HER MAJESTY.

1. Sir, or My Lord, as the case may be; May it please your Excellency.
 2. To his Excellency the American (or Russian) or other Ambassador.
- To his Excellency Marquis Wellesley, Lieutenant General, and General Governor, of that part of the United Kingdom called Ireland.

JUDGES.

1. My Lord, May it please your Lordship.
 2. To the Right Honourable Sir Charles Abbott, Lord Chief Justice of England.
- The Lord Mayor of London, York, or Dublin, and the Lord Provost of Edinburgh, during office—the same.
1. My Lord, May it please your Lordship.
 2. To the Right Honourable Robt. Waithman, Lord Mayor of London. To the Right Honourable Sir William Arbuthnot, Lord Provost of Edinburgh.
- The Lord Provost of every other town in Scotland is styled Honourable.

sembled.

House of Commons—

1. May it please your Honour
2. To the Honourable the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland.

The Speaker of Ditto—

1. Sir, or Mr. Speaker.
2. To the Right Honourable Henry Bouverie, Speaker of Commons.

A Member of the House of Commons—

1. Sir.
2. To Joseph Hume, Esq., M

THE CLERGY

An Archbishop—

1. My Lord, May it please your Lordship
2. To his Grace the Archbishop of Canterbury; or, To the Most Reverend in God, Charles, Lord of Canterbury.

A Bishop—

1. My Lord, May it please your Lordship
2. To the Right Reverend Samuel, Lord Bishop of Oxford.

A Dean—

1. My Lord, May it please your Lordship
2. To the Rev. Dr. Hinde, Dean of Exeter, and Chancellor of the Exchequer.

The rest of the Clergy—

1. Sir, Reverend Sir.
2. To the Rev. Dr. Lockhart, To the Rev. Josiah Pratt, London; or to the Rev. M





**This book is under no circumstances to be
taken from the Building**

[illegible]



